

ENTUSIASTICAS MANIFESTAÇÕES AO CANDIDATO TEIXEIRA LOTT

Aracaju, 17 (De F. M. M. Filho, enviado especial da A TARDE)

Sob vibrante animação popular, o marechal Lott desembarcou nesta cidade, sendo recebido pelo representante do governador, Luis Garcia (UDN) e convidado para ser hóspede oficial do governo, o que, naturalmente, recusou. Carros, lambretas, batutas e trio elétrico levaram o candidato situacionista à prefeitura onde o prefeito José Conrado de Azevedo (PTB) prestou, em nome dos seus governados, as suas homenagens. Em seguida, o marechal e sua comitiva seguiram para casa do deputado Leite Neto, acompanhado de grande massa popular. Logo após as homenagens dos seus correligionários o marechal Lott foi recebido pelo arcebispo local, D. José Vicente Favaro.

Em seguida, às 20 horas realizou o comitê na principal praça da cidade, tendo a ele acorrido cerca de 25 mil pessoas. Realizando os seus propósitos de defesa das liberdades individuais e da preservação do regime democrático, o candidato Lott concluiu o seu discurso com entusiasmo "viva a liberdade" e "viva os militares". A grande massa popular que se comprimiu na praça aplaudiu demonstrando as palavras do marechal Lott. Falaram ainda os sr. Waldemar Pires (deputado federal), Batista Lins (deputado estadual), Otonio Goulart (líder estadual) e o radicalista Nelson Souza. Encerrando o comício a sociedade seguiu para oferecer um banquete à comitiva no Vale Clube local, fazendo uso da palavra o sr. José Francisco de Souza Lima representante dos Trabalhadores nas Indústrias.

GOVERNO IMPEDIU COMÍCIO DA UDN

Nun gesto elogiado pelo componente da comitiva do marechal Lott, o governador do Estado sr. Luis Garcia (UDN), impediu que fosse realizado o comício da União Democrática Nacionalista para hoje. Segundo afirmaram a atitude do governador Luis Garcia impediu a realização de comícios para hoje. Segundo afirmaram a atitude do governador Luis Garcia impediu a realização de comícios para hoje. Segundo afirmaram a atitude do governador Luis Garcia impediu a realização de comícios para hoje.

LOTT E JANGO NA BAHIA

Itapetinga, julho (do enviado especial) — Apesar de se tratar de um dia útil, cerca de 25 mil pessoas compareceram, hoje, nesta cidade, ao comício de apresentação do candidato situacionista, Lott e Jango, que chegaram a esta cidade às 11 horas, para iniciar uma curta estadia pela Bahia. Logo após a chegada ao centro da cidade foi realizado um grande comício, durante o qual discursaram, além dos candidatos, vários representantes de deputados. Os candidatos falaram sobre problemas nacionais, defendendo a integridade da Pátria e a soberania do Brasil. Após o comício houve um jantar no serviço de recepção da Exposição.

A SORTE DO POVO ESTÁ NAS MÃOS DO PROPRIO POVO

Falando de comício, realizado na tarde de hoje, esta cidade o marechal Teixeira Lott afirmou que não, jamais, fazer qualquer promessa mirabolante. A sorte do povo está nas mãos do próprio povo, que escolherá o melhor caminho a seguir, no processo da cabine indestrutível da escolha eleitoral. O candidato situacionista, seu acompanhante de chapa, sr. João Goulart e demais membros de sua comitiva chegaram a esta cidade às 15 horas, onde foram recebidos por grande massa popular e mais o vice-governador Orlando Ribeiro e os deputados Elio Mendes (PRB), Murilo Cavalcante e Clodoaldo Campos. Uma banda de música também se encontrava no aeroporto. No comício situacionista e presidente da Câmara Municipal ve-

reder Alencastro da Carvalho e o deputado Clodoaldo Campos ambos comemorando o "11 de Novembro" e a participação de Lott neste episódio histórico. A seguir discursou o sr. João Goulart abordando temas nacionalistas e política sindical.

RETROBRAS INTOCAVEL

O marechal Lott disse que "na situação do Brasil não para os brasileiros e para mais ninguém". Abordando o problema da Petrobrás, que disse ser intocável, garantindo todo apoio a empresa estatal do petróleo, no seu discurso. Referiu-se depois à reforma da Previdência Social, encerrando o comício do sr. João Goulart junto ao Congresso Nacional para sua votação, justificando a luta de classes que se encerra e hoje não se revertem em benefício para as gerações futuras, comutando depois que a sr. Jânio Quadros não critica a inflação para condenar a programa desvalorizante da presidente Juscelino Kubitschek.

Dando maior ênfase às suas palavras e avaliando uma indelével emoção o "Caminhando da Guerra" repórter se "11 de Novembro" para afirmar que assumiu aquela atitude "em defesa da legalidade e manutenção da ordem pública" já que as golpistas e procuraram para que aderissem ao movimento e insistisse a ditadura, sob sua presidência, no Brasil. Apoiando o movimento de sr. Jânio Quadros, o governador paulista de então.

EM ILHEUS

Ilhéus, julho (do enviado especial) — Encerrando a primeira etapa de sua segunda política em novo Estado, o marechal Lott, falando perante uma multidão de mais de dez mil pessoas, resumiu o seu programa de governo em cinco pontos: 1 — extender a legislação social ao trabalhador do campo, para que o trabalhador rural possa receber salários condizentes de seu trabalho, e não de seu status de escravidão; 2 — incentivar a educação e o ensino, estimulando a escola pública, "sem que isto signifique que as crianças sejam particularizadas"; 3 — aprimorar a educação, dando ao brasileiro "para que o ensino não fique em casa isolada e sorte de sua pais, sem tomar conhecimento do que acontece e sem participar das suas decisões"; 4 — fortalecimento dos partidos políticos, tornando-os ativos e atuantes no povo, para o fortalecimento da democracia. O povo precisa sentir nos partidos de



O vice-presidente João Goulart discursando na cidade de Ilhéus.

mesma maneira que o trabalhador entra nos sindicatos". 4 — assegurar a liberdade de crença, de opinião e de voto; 5 — incentivar as pesquisas científicas para que o país acompanhe o progresso mundial no terreno das ciências. "Para isso é preciso que os técnicos e cientistas sejam bem pagos e as pesquisas facilitadas, não que desajudem a cidade".

No comício realizado na praça Municipal, nesta cidade, o marechal Teixeira Lott se fez acompanhar pelo vice-presidente da República, o sr. João Goulart, o governador do Estado do Rio, Roberto Silveira, o embaixador Balista Lins, o governador da Bahia, Orlando Mourão e os deputados estaduais Elio Mendes e Cló Eulálio. Após o comício a comitiva dirigiu-se para casa do governador da Bahia, onde realizou um banquete. Nesta cidade a comitiva dirigiu-se para Aracaju.

PORTO AEROPORTO VIERA PRIORIDADE

ILHEUS (da Securist) — Confirmando todos os programas o marechal Teixeira Lott fez magnífica recepção nesta cidade e deverá vencer aqui, que sempre foi tradicional reduto do

PSD/PTB, partidos que apoiam a candidatura do sr. ministro da Guerra. Discursando no comício realizado na praça do Goleiro, o candidato governador, Teixeira Lott, fez tratamento prioritário bem como as obras de reurbanização e modernização de nosso aeroporto. O avião que trouxe a comitiva do marechal Lott decolou com grande ritual. Lott desceu com grande ritual. Lott desceu com grande ritual. Lott desceu com grande ritual.

VENOZA EM ILHEUS

Numa homenagem de respeito, seu filho a figura de representação política e repórter sentiu que o marechal Lott terá vitória quando em Ilhéus tendo a sua eleição de privilégio também em outros municípios do sul do Estado, notadamente Ilhéus e Uruçuca. Alguns observadores acreditam a vitória do marechal com frente de 60 por cento.

APOIO DE EUGENIO LAVINHA

O sociólogo e ex-advogado de Ilhéus Eugênio Lavinha em mensagem transmitida para o candidato manifestou apoio à candidatura do marechal Lott "visto que a sua constante luta pelo fortalecimento do novo porta de Ilhéus" o que assegurou ao candidato a vitória de sua primeira visita a Salvador, ainda como ministro da Guerra.

O sr. Eugênio Lavinha, por intermédio do jornalista Juracy Cardoso dirigiu-se ao seu comício com a seguinte mensagem: "Preço a quem uniu os olhos das manifestações e se rendeu prestadas ao candidato nacionalista, marechal Lott, no dia 15 de julho não compareceram por motivo de força maior".

JANGO DESABILITADO

Valido nesta cidade durante a última campanha eleitoral, quando aqui esteve para recomendar o candidato do PSD ao governo da Bahia, o sr. João Goulart

reabilitou-se na sexta-feira passada, quando recebeu uma verdadeira consagração por parte dos baianos locais. Tive de interromper seu discurso por três vezes em face das orações populares. O sr. João Goulart ficou muito satisfeito com os aplausos recebidos e reafirmou sua proposta de lutar pela causa trabalhista levando a legislação social no trabalhador do campo.

JORNAL 11/11/54
 DATA 11/11/54
 PAGINA 1

LOTT: SE ELEITO GARANTIREI AS LIBERDADES INDIVIDUAIS E DEFENDEREI A DEMOCRACIA

Amazônia, 11. (De Paulo Mendes, enviado especial de A TARDE)

Político, natural de uma vila do Mato de 25 mil pessoas, o marechal Lott declarou, em preta pública, que defende as liberdades individuais e assegurará a vigência da democracia. Este pronunciamento do candidato almeja despertar o apoio dos milhares de correligionários que, contra a vontade do governador Lott, que não permite a livre manifestação de pensamento de seu governo. O marechal Lott saiu no dia seguinte do vice-governador João Goulart, que de Ilheus regressou para o Estado da Guanabara. A comissão do candidato da coligação PSD-FPS foi recebida no aeroporto de São Paulo por grande multidão que a recepcionou até o local do destino. Após a chegada o marechal Teixeira Lott visitou o arcebispo desta cidade, D. José Vicente Torres, participando de um banquete em sua homenagem e logo à noite, às 9,30 horas. Em seguida o candidato rumou para Paulo Afonso, onde realizou comício, seguindo daí para Macaé e posteriormente para o Estado da Guanabara. (Na página 2 continuação sobre a primeira etapa da campanha do marechal Lott nos Estados da Bahia e Sergipe)

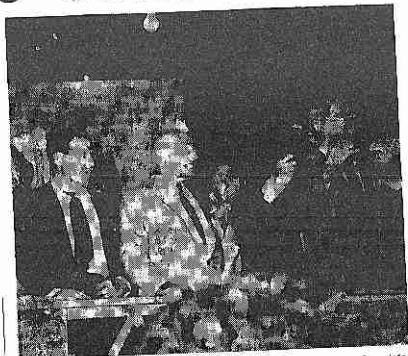


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JORNAL DA MANHÃ
DATA: 11/11/64
PÁGINA: 1

Para o Candidato do PSD-PTB Seu Opositor Implantaria Ditadura

Lott Insiste: a Eleição de Jânio Seria a Guerra Civil



No sentido da direita, o chefe do grupo de 18 mil pessoas, o marechal Lott (foto), presidente eleito Jânio e o vice-presidente (Menezes) repetem: Jânio no poder é a guerra civil no País.

Marechal Acha Imensa Receptividade de Seu Nome em Todo o País

LITRETS, 16 de Janeiro Castro, enviado especial — Após o anúncio de sua candidatura, o marechal Lott, eleito Jânio, repetiu a afirmação de que, se o Brasil não for governado por Jânio, haverá guerra civil.

— Repetir o nome de Jânio Quadros é demonstrar a grande receptividade de seu nome em todo o País.

O 11 de Novembro

Tudo o que se tem ouvido do País — prossegue o marechal, analisando os resultados do dia 11 de novembro de 1964. Tudo o que se tem ouvido do povo e da imprensa, por via direta ou indireta, é o que diz a minha consciência. Eu difiro dos políticos e dos políticos difiram de mim. Eu não quero a guerra civil, mas quero a guerra civil. Quero a guerra civil.

Jovens, acima de tudo, impõem a sua vontade.

Carta da Vitória

Deu o Marechal votar certo. Deu o voto certo. Deu o voto certo. Deu o voto certo. Deu o voto certo.

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Governo Nacionalista

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JORNAL *Jornal da Bahia*
 DATA *26/1/50*
 PAGINA *1*

D 6
 Salvador
 Brasil
 Uma

DISCRIMINAÇÃO

A "LATIN American Henson's Letter" é uma publicação mensal, destinada a informar os homens de negócios norte-americanos sobre os problemas da América Latina. É editada pela McGraw-Hill, uma das organizações mais importantes do mundo econômico-financeiro dos Estados Unidos.

Depois desta ficha, o leitor compreenderá a isenção, da "Henson's Letter" quando critica a política de Washington em relação à América Latina. Pois bem. Numa de suas últimas edições, citando opinião de Sir John Storch de que o Brasil é "uma das grandes potências em potencial", lembra a publicação americana que o Governo de Washington tem realizado, contra o nosso País, uma política de mesquinha e inconcebível discriminação. E cita, como prova, que cerca de 80 por cento da ajuda americana (incluindo empréstimos e financiamentos) se dirigem para a Argentina, desde que o governo possa executar um plano econômico-financeiro ditado pelo FMI. E o Brasil, que se recusou a esta tutela, quase nada obteve, no mesmo período, dos institutos financeiros norte-americanos.

Por isso, pergunta a "Henson's Letter" se os Estados Unidos estão em condições de desprezar a aliança com uma grande nação deste continente, como é o Brasil — pois esta política de discriminação só pode ter, como consequência, a aproximação do governo brasileiro de outras potências que desejem tratá-lo com justiça.

Reproduzimos uma insuspeita opinião norte-americana que, por si mesma, explica perfeitamente fenômenos como o de Cuba e outros que se estão verificando por toda o continente, fenômenos que nada têm a ver com infiltrações soviéticas ou influências comunistas — na verdade, mínimas, em todas as repúblicas latinoamericanas — mas com a estranha concepção de Washington de considerar, apenas, amigos e aliados, os que se submetem aos seus pontos-de-visa.

Carne Verde

Há algum tempo foi solicitada, na Assembleia Legislativa, a constituição de uma Comissão Parlamentar de Inquérito para apurar as denúncias sobre um monopólio de carne verde que se está formando na Bahia. A C.P.I. deveria ouvir o Secretário da Agricultura, abatedores, criadores, responsáveis pelo Matadouro-Frigorífico já em operação, etc., com possibilidades de estender seu campo de ação, abrangendo os problemas gerais do abastecimento e preços da carne verde.

se assunto interessa, diretamente, a toda a população. A antecipa de formação de um monopólio de carne verde, as repetidas crises do abastecimento, os preços cada vez mais inflacionados, são questões que afetam diretamente a bolsa popular.

Onde está, portanto, esta Comissão Parlamentar de Inquérito? Que faz ela até agora? Até que salvamos, nada. Ficou na estaca zero. Por motivos que desconhecemos, suas atividades não foram sequer iniciadas.

O fato é lamentável, inclusive porque desprestigia perante a opinião pública os comissários parlamentares de inquérito. E mais lamentável, estarão os nossos deputados estaduais em condições de efetivamente apurar, em todos os seus aspectos mais importantes, a verdade sobre o problema da carne verde. Vale a advertência, porque o problema continua na ordem-dia.

JORNAL DA BAHIA

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 1 ano — Cr\$ 1.000,00
 6 meses — Cr\$ 600,00
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Propriedade do
 Editores Jornal da Bahia S.A.
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Os originais que lhe forem dirigidos espontaneamente não serão devolvidos.

Não Intervenção

REFORMOU-SE, ainda extraordinariamente, que o Senado decidiu apoiar a iniciativa do Peru, convocando uma Reunião de Consulta dos chanceleres americanos para examinar a crise surgida nas relações entre Cuba e Estados Unidos. Já anteriormente, a Venezuela convocara os chanceleres do Continente, acusando a República Dominicana de agressão. O Brasil estaria disposto não somente a apoiar a iniciativa do Peru, mas também a solicitar a inclusão da crise Cuba-Estados Unidos na reunião da OEA solicitada pela Venezuela.

Essa, aliás, seria a única posição condizente com a letra e o espírito da nova oficial recentemente divulgada pela Presidência da República. A nota do governo brasileiro estende, assim, o conceito da não-intervenção inclusive aos próprios países americanos: as nações do continente são soberanas, devem elas próprias resolver os seus problemas internos.

Com esta posição, inclusive face à possibilidade de atuar como principal mediador entre Cuba e Estados Unidos, dentro do princípio da não-intervenção e do respeito mútuo, o Brasil credenciou-se ainda mais perante os países limítrofes do continente.

0919

JORNAL *Amor ao Brasil*
DATA *10 de maio de 1936*
PÁGINA *10*

D 6
Salvador
Brasil
Uma

Lott Frega no Sul do Estado Reforma Agrária

ILHÉUS, 15 (Por Juracy Costa, enviado especial de JB) — Em entrevista concedida à reportagem política de JB, o marechal Teixeira Lott, que ontem fez comício nesta cidade, manifestou-se favorável a uma "justa reforma agrária", que está disposto a pôr em prática, se eleito.

O candidato peedista aqui chegou acompanhado do sr. João Goulart, almirante Amador Peixoto, governador Roberto Silveira, vice-governador Orlando Nogueira, deputados Valdir Pires e Regis Pacheco.

Defesa do Território Nacional

Abordando frontalmente a sua plataforma eleitoral, disse o marechal Teixeira Lott:

— Minha posição política face a vários problemas nacionais é a seguinte: defender e ampliar as liberdades democráticas contidas na Constituição, ação contínua na luta pela liberdade econômica e social do país. Combaterei sem tregua a alienação de qualquer parte do território brasileiro, fortalecerei a escola pública e, mais ainda, a tornarei obrigatória e de graça para todos os brasileiros.

Voto Aos Analfabetos

Sobre a projetada reforma agrária, disse o marechal que facilitaria a posse das terras aqueles que de fato desistiram cultivá-las, proporcionando-lhes facilidades de crédito e uma legislação social adequada.

— Creio que esta medida fará com que o mercado interno se amplie e o povo tenha melhores condições de vida. Reformarei a lei eleitoral possibilitando aos analfabetos, aos cabos e soldados das forças armadas o direito de voto. Em relação à luta em defesa da economia nacional, só creio nela em bases nacionalistas e é por isso que defendo que tudo permaneça o monopólio estatal do petróleo, pugno pela nacionalização da venda dos seus produtos. Tenho um pensamento definido sobre a política de electricidade que deverá adotar o país, advogando a criação de Eletrobrás, e tomarei medidas severas contra as forças econômicas e políticas que quiserem impedir tal propósito.

Controle do Capital

Estrangeiro

E acrescentou o marechal Teixeira Lott:

— Outra questão que será de minha preocupação é a consolidação da economia das empresas de aviação e marítimas, ampliando as construções de caráter naval, ferroviário e rodoviário. Penso que no setor de comunicações, o Estado deve exercer um controle efetivo das empresas radio-gráficas, telegráficas e radio-telefônicas. Desejo, por outro lado, disciplinar a aplicação dos capitais estrangeiros no país, regulando a remessa de lucros e restringindo aos cidadãos brasileiros a direção e a propriedade dos bancos em depósitos. Desejo ampliar as relações com todos os países do mundo, desde que convenham aos supremos interesses da Nação.

Combate Aos Sonegadores

No que diz respeito à economia popular, disse:

— Tomarei as mais drásticas e energéticas medidas contra os acambradores e sonegadores dos gêneros de primeira necessidade e ampararei no mercado da carne o pecuarista nacional e os interesses do povo, que é o consumidor. Não haverá à escala movel de salários a fim de que esta medida tenha como resultado a contenção de uma ação anti-social dos manipulistas de mercados dos gêneros de primeira necessidade e reduza o dissídio entre empregados e patrões. Sou plenamente favorável ao direito de greve, pois é uma arma que o operário possui para fazer valer os seus direitos e enriquecer a direção dos Institutos aos contribuintes — concluiu o marechal.

Delegações de Comal, Ibicaraí, Ilabura, Una, Itajubá e dezesseis de chefes políticos aqui se encontraram para homenagear Lott. Cerca de duzentas faixas foram colocadas nas ruas e o PR local está com Lott.

Comício

No comício de Ilhéus (onde o sr. João Goulart foi o orador mais aplaudido) destacou o marechal Lott que é necessário "já completada a obra do Presidente Kubitschek, prosseguir a obra de desenvolvimento econômico para que o Brasil possa ter melhores condições econômicas de para o futuro".

— É necessário — afirmou — mais esmifinação, mais petróleo, mais refinados, mais usinas elétricas, mais fábricas. É preciso atacar de perto o problema da pecuária, dar combate às moléstias que dizimam rebanhos.

Um dos problemas mais prementes que se apresentam ao Governo — disse, referindo-se a problemas de Ilhéus e a saúde para o transporte dos produtos agrícolas, como é o caso do transporte do cacau. A ausência de um porto em Ilhéus entrava o desenvolvimento da economia regional.

— Um porto — disse o marechal — é o que Ilhéus precisa, a um direito deste município, que temos de atender. Adianto que são necessários 400 milhões de cruzeiros para a construção do porto de Ilhéus, do segundo informaram no Departamento de Fortes, Rios e Canais.

O marechal prometeu, ainda, a construção de ponte de Puntal, que custará 110 milhões de cruzeiros. Forte e ponte serão as duas reivindicações de Ilhéus que ele, se eleito, atenderá com urgência e sentido de absoluta prioridade.

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dark one. So the Diario de Noticias and the Estado da Bahia crassly misquoted Professor Snowden and the other papers reported from a partial text. A letter from Snowden to the Diario brought a promise of retraction but somehow the corrected version got "lost" and no correction has yet appeared. Ambassador Cabot's rebuttal to Governor Brizzola's charges of bribery also was only partially quoted in Salvador papers, the reason here being probably that it was too good a story to kill off abruptly.

The press in Salvador is the handiest and most obvious thermometer of American prestige, but in reading it it is best to add or subtract a few degrees here and there for climatic peculiarities.

James M. Flanagan
James M. Flanagan
American Consul

cc: Amembassy, Rio de Janeiro
Counselor of Embassy for Consular Affairs.

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5. Problems of the Press.

A curious document published by the leading newspaper A Tarde provided the capital with a three-day sensation. It was a long public letter to the editor of the Jornal da Bahia written by one Padre Brasil. The letter must be seen to be believed. (Copy is attached). It charges the Jornal with Communist actions, violations of public decency and sins against the Church. The attack was purely a clerical one, but by no means did it represent the sentiments of the local clergy. In fact the good Padre was injudicious for the Cardinal had already signed up for the ten-year subscription scheme described below.

During the last few months the Jornal has been putting on a high pressure promotion in which all the major personages in the capital were signed up for ten-year subscriptions. Each was interviewed personally and his opinions on life, letters and politics appeared in the next issue of the Jornal along with a two-column photograph and helpful details as to his profession or business. The drive has been remarkably successful and the business managers of A Tarde could not have liked it. It seems obvious that the printing of Padre Brasil's letter by A Tarde was an attempt to halt the promotion scheme. The Jornal was hurt by the attack and would have been damaged much more seriously had the Padre's reasoning been more sophisticated. There was truth in the charges. The Consulate has long labelled the Jornal as "left-trending" but not quite communist. It has been on very good behavior recently, however, and seems to be anxious to be "correct" and "legal", the general policy adopted by the Communists in this election.

In general the Salvador press has been cooperative and reasonably fair in handling local news on American affairs. There have been lapses, but usually these have had their origins in amused malice rather than enmity. Sometimes the motivation goes deeper and the resulting treatment can be rough. A case in point was the lecture on integration given by visiting Professor Snowden of Howard University ~~gives~~ in mid-July. For any foreigner, even a Negro, to lecture in Bahia on the Negro is a risky business. The official attitude of any Brazilian is that this country does not have any racial problems. Professor Nelson Sampaio (See Despatch No. 31, April 8, 1960) could write: "Fortunately we don't have the problem of racial integration. Since we learned very early how to mix all kinds of blood and how to live in peace with all races, in perhaps the most remarkable race democracy in the world". The reality in Bahia is something else again. The discrimination is there but it is so bound up in social customs and covered over with fatalism that not even the Negroes seem to know it exists. And no one talks about it. It is the most sacred of sacred cows and by contrast any picture of integration in the United States must be a

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ing has happened and the latest report is that the Bahian PR will wait for a national party convention before taking the final step.

PR's action, though unorthodox, is not surprising. The Bahian unit has been uneasy and divided ever since the national PR swung to Jânio last spring. Vice-Governor Orlando Moscoso and two State Deputies remained loyal to Lott and refused to shift. The remaining eight State Deputies did line themselves up with the UDN, thus giving Governor Magalhães a majority in the Assembly. This majority has proved more theoretical than realistic. On several minor issues the Governor failed to get the required votes. What will happen now with the PR deputies on the fence is anybody's guess. One casualty may be continued delay in securing funds for PLANDEB (Plano de Desenvolvimento da Bahia), the brand new look for the state economy.

4. Baleeiro Resigns Again; To Run for Office in Guanabara.

Aliomar Baleeiro, Secretary of Finance, returned in June from his trip to the United States full of enthusiasm and new ideas. He had toured, at his own request, what he called the "backward" areas of the United States and had taken notes on many parallels profitable to Bahia. He was especially struck by the irrigation schemes in Arizona and had arranged for technical details on them and other likely projects to be sent to both the University of Bahia and to Rômulo Almeida of the CPE. This action was significant in healing the breach between himself and Almeida (see Despatch No. 31, April 8, 1960) and in making a conversion to the type of state economic planning that has made Almeida famous.

Baleeiro had resigned his position as Secretary before he went to the States and was uncertain as to what would happen to him when he returned to Bahia. He was reinstated in his old job, however, and without fuss. Now he has resigned again, and for a career outside of Bahia. He has entered the elections of the new State of Guanabara to compete for the position of Federal Deputy.

Governor Magalhães has been evasive about naming Baleeiro's successor. He says that he is thinking of reorganization that area of his cabinet and wishes to give the subject further thought. Actually, he may have real trouble finding a competent substitute. Before he went on his trip to the States Baleeiro told the Consulate confidentially that in his opinion the position, under present circumstances, was impossible for anyone but a hack, what with archaic methods, inadequate facilities, undisciplined planning and divided authority. It is likely that he also spoke his mind to Juracy before he left for Guanabara.

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would create conditions leading to civil war, still sounded like a threat to some ears. His five platform points, also announced at Ilhéus, tasted like thin gruel to Salvador's economic planners -- cooperatives for rural workers, incentives to public education, syndicalization of the political party system, protection of public opinion and the belief in the vote, keeping abreast of world science and technology. The acid comment of an opposition paper that "O que houve, foi a sedimentação dos diversos problemas nacionais na cabeça do Marechal" was echoed among some of the faithful. Nevertheless, there was a new life and vigor previously lacking in Lott's public appearances. His description of Jânio as "idiotic, crazy, irresponsible, a witch with a broom, without experience in governing" certainly did not lack punch and color.

In mid-July there was sharp rebellion by one faction in the Bahian PSD over the way the national party headquarters was handing out promises of patronage. Federal Deputy Oswaldo Ribeiro carried to Brasília a protest signed by himself and Federal Deputies Aloísio de Castro, Antônio Vieira de Mello, Régis Pacheco and Edgar Pereira. The letter demanded an immediate understanding with President Kubitschek. If this were not forthcoming, a convention would be called in Bahia and, with the undoubted approval of the majority, the dissidents would march over to Jânio's camp. This was strong medicine, but apparently it worked. Mário Gonçalves was named as chief of Fomento Agrícola in Bahia, a PTB post which Vice-President Goulart agreed to transfer to PSD. Oswaldo Rios was named as Director of Works in the Commission of the San Francisco Valley, despite his previous rejection by Federal Deputies Oliveira Britto and Waldir Pires. Other demands waiting approval, and likely to get it, were: a measure of control of the social welfare institutions, especially the IAPETC (Instituto de Aposentadoria e Pensões de Transporte e Cargas); the right to name the Bahian who would be Director of Petrobras and to replace the present director; and finally, the right to positions on the directories of the Federal institutions in Bahia.

With this example before them, the opposing faction in Bahia's PSD, headed by Pires and Britto, will be certain to demand an equivalent share of the spoils. Britto is ex-Governor Balbino's representative in the Bahian PSD.

3. PR on the Fence

Bahia's PR (Partido Republicano) held a convention in Salvador on July 16th at which fifty-two prefeitos presented their credentials. Under the leadership of Federal Deputy Manoel Novais, the decision was reached to bargain with the two leading candidates for the presidency. Novais was given a vote of confidence and "carta branca" to dicker as he saw fit. He was to put his cards on the table before Jânio and Lott and take the best offer. To date noth-

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not continue his fight and the motion was passed unchanged. The speakers favoring Castro were Deputies Juracy Filho, (who made a brief report on his visit to Cuba) Orlando Spinola, Raimundo Reis, Hermenito Dourado, João Borges, Ciro Fialho, Murilo Cavalcanti and the leader of the Government, Aloisio Short. Resedá did not even stand up for the roll call, nevertheless, a point had been made. It is possible, of course, that some of the unfavorable attitude toward Castro may be coming from those who are dreaming of new markets in the United States for Bahian sugar and cigar (leaf) tobacco. The tobacco people have been especially active and are pressuring for changes in the GATT agreements.

The student strike at the University of Bahia, which began with the invasion and illegal occupation of a residence hall reserved for American students, (see USIS coverage) had the curious result of increasing pro-American feeling, with both Brazilian students and University officials making belated apologies and protestations of affection. This new cordiality was demonstrated in the unusually full official attendance and warm press handling of the Consulate's Fourth of July reception. The Municipal Camara for its part passed and sent to the Consulate an official motion congratulating the United States on its Day of Independence. American visitors -- Pianist Joel Rosen, a Fulbright group of 15 American teachers, Professor Snowden of Howard University, among others -- were very well received. Two very recent setbacks may have been the press handling of Professor Snowden's lecture on integration and the Ambassador's denial of Governor Brizzola's charge of bribery.

2. Lott's Campaign

Teixeira Lott made a campaign swing of southern Bahia during the middle of July, with his major stop at Ilhéus on July 15th. From there he jumped over Salvador to make an appearance, and from all reports a rather successful one, in Aracaju, capital of Sergipe, also included in this Consulate area. He has thus on several occasions operated around the rim of Salvador, but his first campaign appearance in this capital is scheduled for next month, August, with a tentative date set for the sixth. There is divided opinion on how he will make out. President Kubitschek's visit has set the stage for his entrance and the well-oiled state machine of the PSD will be in operation, though with some concealed misgivings. But what will Lott have to offer that President Kubitschek has not already given to Bahia? And why should Governor Magalhães extend even as much as the cold courtesy he gave to Jânio?

The themes Lott sounded in Ilhéus on July 15th were not especially liked here in the capital. His warning of civil war if Jânio were elected backfired to some extent. It was too vaguely stated, too close to the dangerous themes of "continuismo" and a military coup. His subsequent "clarification" that Jânio's irrationality

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REF :	BUREAU OF INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS				
25		ACTION		AUG 10 1960	
For Dept.		IN		RC-790-4	
Use Only		OFFICE		USIA-10 Navy-3 NSA-2	
SUBJECT: POLITICAL: SUMMARY FOR JUNE-JULY, 1960. Army-4					

1. The Mood of the Capital

President Kubitschek's whirlwind visit to Bahia earlier this month seems to have quickened local interest in the national elections. The impact of the President's personality -- plus the gifts he brought -- seems to have done wonders in bringing home the possible importance of Bahia's role. There is lively speculation as to whether the popularity of Kubitschek will rub off on Lott who is due to make his major campaign bid here on August 6. There is a general feeling of change in the air. The state PR, for example, has decided on an independent course and is calmly soliciting bids from the two major parties. A group of PSD Federal Deputies, dissatisfied with the way the national PSD was handing out favors, issued an ultimatum, threatening to call a State convention and go over, if need be, to Jânio. All this is in contrast to the lull that followed the campaign visit of Jânio Quadros in early June. In the let-down after that event the capital was chiefly concerned over State and city affairs, with Rômulo Almeida's redevelopment plan (See Despatch No. 1, July 1, 1960) getting a major play.

A series of developments has given the popularity of the United States an up-and-down ride during the period. Probably there has been a favorable balance. American prestige hit something of a low during the climax of the Chessman case and again during the U-2 incident. Then came the sessions held in Salvador by the United States Trade Mission to Brazil. These were well-attended and very well received, due in no small measure to the vigorous support given by Governor Magalhães. Sentiment regarding Cuba has changed from a preliminary amusement at the awkward position of the United States to moderately strong, but rarely expressed, indignation over Castro's methods and his open bid for Soviet penetration. In the State Assembly, for example, the smooth procedure for issuing a motion congratulating the Cuban Government on the anniversary of the revolution was interrupted by an amendment offered by Deputy Rabi Resedá for including the phrase "diavowal of the despotism and dictatorial acts of Fidel Castro." In the resulting flurry of speeches Resedá did

JMFlanagan:ym
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FROM	Amconsulate, RECIFE, BRAZIL.			DESP. NO.	81x
TO	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.			DATE	August 29, 1960.
REF	Consulate Despatch No. 5, July 31, 1960.				
20 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION FOR-4 REC'D 9-12-60	DEPT. IN OTHER CIA-10	Rm/R-2 INR-7 451A-10 NSA-2 NAVY-3		
SUBJECT: ERRATUM - THE PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN IN PERNAMBUCO.					

In item III. C. of the Despatch regarding the "Presidential Campaign in Pernambuco," it is requested that the following correction be made:

The name Abelardo Jurema should be changed to read Aderbal Jurema. Actually there are two men who are brothers. Abelardo is a Federal Deputy from neighboring Paraiba and is the leader of the Government forces in the legislature. Aderbal is, similarly, a PSD Deputy from Pernambuco and the organizer, with his brother Abelardo's assistance, of the inter-party coalition for the support of Lott's candidacy.

Edward T. Walters
Edward T. Walters
American Vice Consul

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From Recife

D. Francisco Julião, PSB State Deputy, is the prime organizer and leader of the Ligas Camponesas, communist indoctrinated and led land reform group. Julião and his Ligas are becoming ominously increasingly powerful in the Recife environs despite counter-measures by the State administration. Julião is one of Governor Sampaio's bitter political opponents who accompanied Janio Quadros to Cuba. He returned from Cuba as an admirer of Janio but still a supporter of Lott. He also returned with a suitcase-full of Castro propaganda and a brain-full of new projects for student and other pressure groups.

E. Edgar Bezerra Leite, powerful PTB Federal ~~MEMBER~~ Deputy, who almost became the ~~Minister~~ Minister of Agriculture, is one of the quieter but effective members of the team.

F. Artur Lima Cavalcanti, PTB/PSD Vice Mayor of Recife, young (30's), glib, and popular politician, acts as the liaison between the Recife administration and the Federal Government and the Lott campaign headquarters.

G. Antonio Neves, PTB State Deputy, embarrassed Cid Sampaio by winning the presidency of the State Legislature with the votes of Cid's partisans. He is now attempting to defeat Cid again by assisting the Marechal.

IV. The ADHEMAR de BARROS Campaign

In Recife, there is more political propaganda - signs, placards, radio jingles - for Adhemar than the other two candidates combined. In addition, a large home at a very strategic location in Recife has been rented and decorated as a magnificent campaign headquarters. Behind all the noise and display though, it is hard to discover anyone - aside from the small PSP organization - who is supporting the São Paulo Mayor for the Presidency. Adhemar's last visit to Recife was made in March; he was received with polite curiosity.

V. The FERNANDO FERRARI Vice Presidential Campaign

In May, the independent PTB Vice Presidential candidate Fernando Ferrari made a swing through the Northeast. His campaigning, although relatively quiet, appeared to be effective. He proved to be a popular man on the scap-box as he popped into the various locales, without previous warning, and just started talking. As could be expected, his support cuts across party lines. His backers include some of the leading journalists and intellectuals of the area.

Edward T. Walters
Edward T. Walters
American Vice Consul

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From Recife

III. The LOTT Campaign

~~XXXX~~ Four of the five leading political organizations in Pernambuco have pledged their full support to the Marechal's campaign. The local PSD, PTB, PSB, and PCB (quite openly) have joined hands in an inter-party pact to battle Cid and Janio. From all appearances, the pact, despite its natural advantages, has not yet begun to roll in the manner that it should. It is quite probable that there are too many stars on the team, each of whom is sparkling individually to the detriment of the teamplay. Some of the "stars":

A. Miguel Arraes, who became Mayor of Recife with the aid of Governor Sampaio, is probably a Communist. A cracker-jack politician, he is being groomed by the Left to be the next Governor of Pernambuco. As Mayor, with his communist controlled city council, he misses few chances to enhance his reputation as the emancipator of the illiterate masses and the leader for better living conditions. The local journalists (of whom, as one of their members stated, 90% are pro-communist) give him strong support. He appears to be the hardest working of Lott's backers and generally, acts as the spokesman for the Marechal's campaign. Arraes utilized the visit of Edna Lott to the fullest extent possible with the Recife masses after a rather unimpressive earlier appearance by the Marechal himself.

B. Pelopidas Silveira, former Mayor of Recife and present Vice Governor of the State, is also, probably, a member of the Communist Party and is a strong candidate for the 1962 gubernatorial race. He has recently joined the PSB, formally, following a city council inquiry into the finances of his city regime by his former PTB colleagues. Pelopidas is presently being courted by the Governor, who hopes to split the communist support between Arraes and Pelopidas. While campaigning for Lott, Pelopidas and his cohorts have abstained from attacking Cid Sampaio.

C. Abelardo Jurema, PSD Federal Deputy and leader of the Government forces in the ~~Legislature~~ Legislature, loudly liberal and nationalistic, is another man with an eye on the Governor's job. Returning from Brasilia, he organized the inter-party coalition in early June. He has had to be the defender of the Federal Government against the charges of Governor Sampaio. On the counter-attack he has publicly been the most critical of the Sampaio official conduct as well as his campaigning for Janio. Jurema receives collaboration in this task from another Federal Deputy, Etelvino Lima.

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From Recife

II. The JANIO QUADROS Campaign

A. Cid Sampaio:

Until June, the campaign for Janio Quadros was a one man affair. Janio's principal backer was (and is) the UEN Governor of the State - Cid Sampaio. Despite Janio's choice of several of Governor Sampaio's political opponents to accompany him on his Cuban safari, the Governor has devoted much time and considerable skill to conduct a very effective campaign for the ex-Paulista governor, a person who would be naturally suspect in the Northeast. Actually, single-handedly, he has out-manuevered the ponderous coalition of the PSD-PTB-PCB-PSB that looks, ~~gms~~ ala football style, unbeatable on paper. A visit by Quadros in May was personally escorted by Sampaio, starting in the interior, and working up to a successful climax in populous Recife. Sampaio has also taken it upon himself to use his limited influence in other Northeastern states (Paraiba and Ceara) to plug for Janio. Should Janio win, Governor Sampaio should reap a splendid reward - particularly if his own state, primarily because of his efforts, gives Janio a plurality. Governor Sampaio, already being mentioned as a potential presidential prospect in 1965, will need such help in the future ~~at~~ for his struggle with his ~~own~~ brother-in-law, Miguel Arraes, the present Mayor of Recife, who presents the greatest threat at this moment to the Sampaio success story. During July, while awaiting another visit by Quadros in August, The Governor with 90% of his State cabinet has been touring the interior of Pernambuco, discussing "mutual" problems with the people and popularizing his administration.

Janio and Cid have one important convert on their team. State deputy Murilo Costa Rego, PTB leader, is actively supporting a Janio - Jango (Goulart) platform. Costa Rego now acts as the leader of the Sampaio forces in the State Assembly. Having accompanied Janio on his Cuban trip, ~~EN~~ Costa Rego is now reported to be one of Janio's primary advisers and may be in line for a presidential appointment should Janio win. He is presently working out the arrangements for Janio's next visit to the Northeast.

B. Movimento Popular Pro-Janio Quadros

In June, with the visit of General Oswaldo Cordeiro de Farias, former PSD Governor of Pernambuco (Cid's predecessor) and now president of the Joint Brazil-U.S. Military Commission, a second, independent movement in support of Quadros was launched by a dissident conservative PSD element. Some of Cordeiro's former cabinet members have become the ~~main~~ nucleus of the Movimento Popular Pro-Janio (Popular Movement for Janio) which includes such persons as Gilberto Freyre, world-renowned sociologist; Jorge Abrantes, head of the local journalists' association; and Aristoteles Alves, chief of the "Consultative Council of Workers." Cordeiro's support of Janio emanates from his animosity to his former colleague, Marechal Teixeira Lott. This "Movimento" while backing Janio is not pro-Cid Sampaio.

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 ACTION: **ARA-4** DEPT. **RM/R-2** **IPC 7**
 REC'D: **8-4-60** **CIR-10** **USIA-10** **NSA-2** **NAVY-3** **Res de Januay-2**

SUBJECT: THE PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN IN PERNAMBUCO - JULY 1960

See attached Sup. Rep. # 6

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 - C. ~~Abelardo~~ Jurema
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 - E. Edgar Bezerra Leite
 - F. Arthur Lima Cavalcanti
 - G. Antonio Neves
- IV. The Ademar de Barros Campaign
- V. The Fernando Ferrari Vice-Presidential Campaign

Adarbal



I. SUMMARY

There are no important state or municipal elections in Pernambuco this year. The next gubernatorial race will not be held until 1962. Despite this, there is no lack of political activity in the most populous (4 million) state of the Northeast, and the interest in the presidential elections is deadly keen. Local political figures have placed high stakes on the table, banking on their choice's victory to further enhance their political power and prestige.

NOTE: Party abbreviations: PSD - The Social Democrat Party; PTB - The Brazilian Labor Party; UDN - The National Democratic Union; PSB - The Brazilian Socialist Party; PCB - The Brazilian Communist Party; and the PSP - The Social Progressive Party.

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Document Ser.#: _____

DESP 23

FR SAO PAULO

TO STATE

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X Security-Classified Information

NND: 949515

WITHDRAWN: 02/24/95 by: JAS

FOIA RETRIEVAL #: 949515 01574 00020

0900

801 West Morgan, JAMES HED
Gallup, New Mexico
July 28, 1960

ACTION
is assigned to
ARA

1960 AUG 10 PM 8 13

ACTION: *ref. diff.*
INFO: *photo*
RM/R FILES: *File in*

Mr. Alexander Schnee
Special Assistant
Inter-American Affairs,
Department of State
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Schnee:

Earlier this month I wrote a letter to the Honorable Joseph M. Montoya asking him if he could give me some information about Brazilia, the new capital of Brazil. In his reply he referred me to you.

All the literature which I have read concerning Brazilia tells of the many wonderful opportunities offered to young men with an education. After much consideration I decided to go there along with two of my friends.

What I would like to do is go there and finish my college. I do not have enough money to start school immediately and would like to work in Brazilia for at least a year.

The thing that tends to hold me back is that I would like to have some assurance that there are ample jobs, as it would be risky to go there without at least a fair chance of finding work.

To give you some idea of what my friends and I can do, I will give you some of our qualifications. We are all high school graduates. I also have completed satisfactory work in one year of college and can type better than fifty words per minute. One of my friends is considered an expert in microfilm and has worked in a bank. The other has completed two years of college and has over a years experience in hotel desk work.

Besides information concerning jobs, I would also like to know about housing, transportation (getting there and Brazil itself) and general information such as climate, weather etc.

I will be very grateful to you for any help you give

Thank you,

Gil Jaramillo
Gil Jaramillo

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to the RM/R Control File

732.00/7-2860

CS/E

732.00/7-2860

FILED
JUL 27 1960

0899

August 4 1960

RM/R - Log

ARA - Draft
reply over your
signature.

GW-H"

0898

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
DIVISION OF RECORDS MANAGEMENT

8-9'60

TO: ARA

FROM: RM/R

Please mark this paper "File" (with the date, office symbol and initials) if action has been completed, and return to RM/R. This is required under Section 183.24, Manual of Regulations and Procedures, December 7, 1956.

Thank you.

M 14
RM/R

M-189
12-11-56

0897

August 12, 1960

In reply refer to
ARA:EST/8

Dear Mr. Jewell:

Reference is made to your letter of July 28, 1960, which was addressed to Mr. Alexander Schum, and which requested information about job opportunities in the new capital of Hawaii, Honolulu.

There is an extremely limited number of jobs with the Department of State in that city, and, as is the case with all of these jobs, application for employment should be made to the Department's Office of Personnel, Washington 25, D. C. However, people are not hired by the Department for any specific post overseas, but are, rather, eligible for assignment anywhere in the world. Therefore, you cannot be hired by the Department of State specifically for a position in Honolulu. If you wish a job with private industry, you should contact companies operating in Hawaii. However, the Department of Commerce has informed us that they know of no American firms that have yet opened offices in Honolulu.

The greatest number of jobs in Honolulu are with the Honolulu Government, and I suggest that you write the Honolulu Mayor, 1001 Kalia Road, Honolulu, D. C., for information about them. However, the number of these jobs for which people who are not citizens of Hawaii are eligible is necessarily limited.

I am glad to supply this information.

Sincerely yours,

Allen W. Sachs
Officer in Charge of Hawaiian Affairs

Mr. Bill Jewell,
c/o Post Office,
Honolulu,
Hawaii.

ARA:EST/8:KJL:gle, Jms: 8/12/60

AUG 12 1960 P.M.

F.M. 732.00/7-2860

0896

INCOMING AIRGRAM

Department of State

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#33

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Action

ARA

FROM: Amembassy RIO DE JANEIRO

Date Sent: July 27, 1960

Rec'd: 1960 JUL 29 PM 4 21

Info

TO: Secretary of State

EUR

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USIA

MOP

OCB

DCL

NSA

IRC

CIA

RMR

NO: G-16

ACTION

INFO

RM/R FILES

Jenio Quadros in statement to Jornal do Brasil published today said if elected he would--in interest expanding Brazilian foreign trade--visit before year's end "Nasser, Sukarno, Fidel [Castro] and Soviet Union itself, for Communists represent less harm for Brazil than bad Brazilians." He said he also would visit South Central North America in behalf "Operation Pan America."

CABOT

732.00/7-2760 HBS

RHS m
RHSfields:gm

July 26, 1960

SEP 26 1960

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0095

INCOMING AIRGRAM

Department of State

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Action

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CIA

RMR

FROM: Amembassy RIO DE JANEIRO

TO: Secretary of State

NO: G-16

Date Sent: July 27, 1960

Rec'd: 1960 JUL 29 PM 4 21

ACTION:

INFO:

RM/R FILES

Janio Quadros in statement to Jornal do Brasil published today said if elected he would--in interest expanding Brazilian foreign trade--visit before year's end "Nasser, Sukarno, Fidel Castro and Soviet Union itself, for Communists represent less harm for Brazil than bad Brazilians." He said he also would visit South Central North America in behalf "Operation Pan America."

CABOT

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RHS Shields:gm

July 26, 1960

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SEP 26 1960
FILED

0095

WITHDRAWAL NOTICE

RG: 059

TAB #: 19

ENTRY: CDF60-63

1 / 18 / C /
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BOX: 1574

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Folder Title: 732.00/7-2560
Document Date: 25/07/60
Document Ser.#: _____

DESP 58

FR RIO DE JANEIRO

TO STATE

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WITHDRAWN: 02/24/95 by: JAS

FOIA RETRIEVAL #: 949515 01574 00019

0893

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Page 2
Despatch 64
Rio de Janeiro

electrical energy. After quieting the outburst, Lott affirmed that the task of the government was to create its own system of electrical energy, instead of taking over foreign concerns. Only after establishing a national distribution network should the government move gradually, and through indemnities, to take over private concerns. He sharply admonished the students: "Students need to understand that the State is strong only within its legal framework."

When Lott arrived at foreign policy, he was the subject of several offensive attacks. Communists and other pro-Fidel Castro elements in the crowd tried to get him to support, in public, Castro's policies. This was his answer: "Fidel Castro erred when he tried to combat violence with violence. He who sows blood can only reap blood. I myself affirmed this to him when he visited the Ministry of War that all actions cause an equal reaction in the opposite vein. . . . Fidel Castro, in order to escape from a domination, should not seek another." Lott added that Cuba should solve its own problems.

This brought forth violent protests from the Fidelistas present, and the cry of "your Excellency is giving an erroneous interpretation to the facts!" Upon hearing this, the Marshal reportedly turned red, but without losing his composure, responded: "This is a grossness to which I will not admit! You will speak after I have concluded my thoughts. Now let a voice speak that is older and more experienced than yours. I do not defend the points of view of the United States. I do not agree, absolutely, with an American intervention in Cuba; however, I reiterate what I said about Fidel Castro." The Marshal further added that like it or not Brazil, as part of the American continent, had its destiny linked to America's, and that Brazilian foreign policy must seek to strengthen American unity, though without placing Brazil in the service of any other nation.

Comment: Which explains the cold silence as he left.

For the Ambassador:

Thomas M. Tonkin
Thomas M. Tonkin

Third Secretary of Embassy

APPROVED:

Philip Raine
Philip Raine
Counselor of Embassy
for Political Affairs

DISTRIBUTION: All consulates in Brazil, Service Attaches, USIS, Pol. II, Econ (2), Brasilia (2), Pol (2), CF (3)

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0092

AIR POUCH		OFFICIAL USE ONLY (Security Classification)		DO NOT TYPE IN THIS SPACE 732-007-2660	
FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH					
FROM	Ambassy RIO DE JANEIRO			64	
TO	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.				
REF					
5-5 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION REC'D	DEPT. OTHER	JULY 26, 1960 DEPARTMENT OF STATE BUREAU OF INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS AUG 3 1960		
7/30		CIA-10		USIA-10	
7/30		CIA-10		USIA-10	
7/30		CIA-10		USIA-10	
SUBJECT: MARSHAL LOTT TANGLES WITH THE STUDENTS army 4 air					

On July 13, in the Brazilian Press Association (ABI), Marshal Lott held a conference with the National Student Committee for Lott-Jango (Comitê Nacionalista Estudantil Pro-Lott-Jango). While the meeting was ostensibly designed to give the Marshal a chance to meet his student supporters and present them with his views on the issues of the campaign, it was in fact utilized by Communist agitators who apparently hoped to draw from the Marshal some declarations of a leftist nature. Whatever their designs, Lott was not stampeded and many in the audience were reportedly coldly silent as he concluded his remarks and left the meeting.

Lott began his speech with his views on how to improve the educational system, a topic he felt sure would "most interest students." During these preliminary remarks he was interrupted several times by loaded questions and shouted "asides." The Marshal next turned to the subject of private investment, which, he felt, should be welcomed to Brazil and granted the right to remove some one or two percent (a "risk payment") over and above the amount of dividends normal to the country of origin. The rest should be invested in Brazil without serving as a basis for further remittance of profits in subsequent years.

Students then shouted: "And the Light, Marshal?", referring to the large private power company, a basically Canadian corporation, and to an earlier student recommendation for a government monopoly.

The meeting received good press coverage, but was handled by each paper according to the individual politics it espoused. O Globo afforded it what appears to be the most objective coverage, and it is principally on this source that the present account of the meeting is based.

TMTonkin:gm

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ACTION ASSIGNED TO	ACTION TAKEN	DATE OF ACTION	DIRECTIONS TO RM/R
NAME OF OFFICER			
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0091

CONFIDENTIAL

mediate between two disputants; held Brazil should not sell sugar US; condemned Cuba's appeal UN; stressed radical change in US Latin policy necessary and termed proposed US economic aid program "not merely palliative but even more an aggravation" since Communists would picture the \$500 million as "price for continental sympathy in the struggle against Cuba."

In Senate speech same day Majority leader Moura Andrade (PSD-São Paulo), after condemning Cuba for by-passing OAS and thereby risking "involvement sister peoples in cold war," expatiated on OPA's merits and US neglect Latin America. US had "ranged throughout world to catechize remote peoples who will never have American soul" and had forsaken "American peoples who have democratic soul." He compared alleged US lack of interest in its friends with Moscow's economic collaboration with satellites; expressed hope President Eisenhower's declarations regarding increased aid Latin America will mean "return United States to American hemisphere"; and affirmed "US comprehension OPA's basic points will bring peace again to continent."

GASOT
PRRMB
RHS:clan/jhm

July 21, 1960

CONFIDENTIAL

0090

INCOMING AIRGRAM

Department of State

ACTION COPY

34

CONFIDENTIAL
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Action

ARA

FROM: Amembassy, Rio de Janeiro

Date Sent: July 25, 1960
Rec'd: 1960 JUL 29 PM 3 18

Info

TO: Secretary of State

SS

NO: G-12

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RPTD: Amembassy HAVANA G-1

Cuba Series.

Embtel 163, July 20.

In television interview July 19, influential Carlos Lacerda prominent opposition leader supporter Janio Quadros and gubernatorial candidate State Guanabara said Brazilian people though might not agree some Fidel Castro's actions and policies (he himself considered Castro traitor to Revolution) would nevertheless not tolerate that US "touch one whisker his beard." In bitter diatribe against both US and Brazilian administrations he inter alia accused US of having done nothing for Latin America during Pres. Eisenhower's two terms; called President's visit Brazil purposeless and unproductive; accused President Eisenhower of attempting influence Braz presidential elections through exchange friendly expressions with Rubitschek and proposals economic aid which are meaningless since he on way out; and deplored Braz Govt's "begging" for share US sugar market to detriment Cuba while it simultaneously extolls OPA and Pan American solidarity. He concluded that in view foregoing Quadros more than justified in having perhaps exceeded himself in lauding Castro (Embtel 111, July 14). These observations were substantially repetition what Lacerda earlier had told New York Times stringer response question how Janio Quadros' pro-Castro attitude might affect presidential campaign.

Another prominent Opposition figure Federal Deputy Paulo de Tarso (PDC-SEo Paulo) urged in Congress July 18 Brazil's neutrality Cuban issue order able eventually

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JUL 29 1960

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WITHDRAWAL NOTICE

RG: 059

TAB #: 18

ENTRY: CDF60-63

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Folder Title: 732.00/7-1960
Document Date: 19/07/60
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DESP 18

FR SAO PAULO

TO STATE

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NND: 949515

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FOIA RETRIEVAL #: 949515 01574 00018

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Department of State

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Control:

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Rec'd:

July 21, 1960

6:00 PM AM 6 47

ARA

Info

FROM: Rio de Janeiro

SS

TO: Secretary of State

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NO: 163, July 20, 6 p.m.

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NAVY

On television last night influential opposition leader Carlos Lacerda repeated statements earlier made to NEW YORK TIMES stringer response question how Quadros pro-Castro statements (EMBTEL 111) might influence Presidential campaign. Lacerda said Brazilian people, while disapproving many Fidel Castro's actions will not tolerate that US "touch one whisker his beard." Lacerda also sharply attacked President Eisenhower for inter alia "eight years neglect Latin America" and all his efforts influence Brazilian presidential elections by honeyed words to Kubitschek and recent announcement LA economic aid program. He concluded with statement Janio Quadros justified in "perhaps having exceeded himself" in lauding Castro.

Further details by airgram.

CABOT

RMR

MRJ/9

732.00/7-2060

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OCT 6 1960

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failure, his campaign is at a virtual standstill, and that he cannot win an honest election.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

The people of Santos have been following closely the day-to-day developments in the threatened general strike (see Labor item 1) and are fearful that a 48-hour work stoppage could bring disorders and result in some sort of armed intervention, which might produce national repercussions.

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On July 1 the Consulate's USIS unit took on the services of Paulo Roberto Sfair as a part-time contract messenger.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Mr. Sfair is the 15-year-old son of Luiz Elias Sfair, who, effective COB June 30, resigned as FSL-10/3, Repix Operator. The Consulate has been able to place the elder Sfair, a USIS/Santos employee for many years, in a comparable job in the Santos City Hall.

VI PSYCHO LOGICAL

1. New Format for Santos Newspaper (UNCLASSIFIED)

At the end of last week the Santos daily newspaper O Diario began to appear in a new format with clearer, neater type; better cuts and a more attractive make-up. O Diario is a member of the Diarios Associados chain.

Comment: (LIMITED OFFICIAL USE)

On July 11 Oduvaldo Baptista showed the reporting officer his letter of resignation as labor reporter for O Diario. Baptista is the editor of the Santos labor weekly O Expresso and a 13-year employee of O Diario. Baptista stated that his resignation was prompted by (1) the need to devote more time to O Expresso whose sales, he said, are steadily increasing and (2) more importantly, his inability to work longer with Antonio Nunes and Luiz Rodrigues Corvo, respectively the paper's Secretary and chefe de reportagem. Baptista declared that Corvo was an out-and-out communist, was slanting O Diario's reporting to heel to the communist line, and that he, Baptista, could no longer bear to be associated with a communist-influenced organization. Baptista added that Nunes is a doctrinaire Marxist and allowed Corvo to do as he liked. Baptista stated that O Diario's new format was a gambit to stimulate lagging circulation; that on 20 newsstands in Santos the paper sells not a single copy in the course of a day; and that O Diario is steadily losing money. (See Weekly Comment of May 27, 1960.)

2. Santos Uneasy at Lott Campaign (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

For what it is worth, the reporting officer has heard from a number of responsible sources, reflecting all shades of political opinion and sophistication, that many persons here share the opinion that the Kubitschek administration is looking for a pretext to declare martial law, cancel or postpone the elections, and thus prevent Janio Quadros from being elected President. This line of thinking seems to assume that the candidacy of Marshal Lott is a failure

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0005

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unions, much of which has been directed towards whipping up anti-American feeling.

2. Russian Ship in Santos (UNCLASSIFIED)

On July 14, the 9,501 ton Russian freighter "Tiksi" arrived in Santos direct from Leningrad with a cargo of 10,028 tons of wheat in bulk. The vessel, which was built in Denmark and is now registered in Vladivostok, is under the command of Ivan Neshenadinov and carries a crew of 50, including 4 women (1 doctor, 2 stewardesses and a cabin-girl). The ship carries passenger accommodations for 12.

The ship will load 8,000 tons of coffee here. It is the first Soviet vessel to touch Santos since the signing of the commercial accord between Russia and Brazil last year, and its cargoes form part of the agreement.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

According to the press, the crewmembers professed to speak only Russian and displayed a marked reluctance to say anything at all, which hampered communication between the port authorities and the ship's officers. However, the press also stated that the port authorities commented "they were making out that they were not understood for their own convenience. They understood questions in English and answered them in monosyllables or in fluent English. Strange, for at times they acted as if they did not understand what the authorities desired."

IV CONSULAR

1. Dominican Republic's Consul in Santos Resigns (UNCLASSIFIED)

The reporting officer has just learned of the resignation of Peter Muranyi as Honorary Consul of the Dominican Republic in Santos. Muranyi, a Brazilian citizen whose date of exequatur was August 1, 1950, resigned out of protest of the recent invasion of the grounds of the Brazilian Embassy in Ciudad Trujillo, and has made public his letter of protest and resignation.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Muranyi had no office in Santos, but maintained an apartment in the nearby beach resort of Guarujá. He never attended any of the luncheons of the local Consular Society, and apparently spent most of his time in Sao Paulo.

V ADMINISTRATIVE

1. New Employee for Consulate's USIS Unit (UNCLASSIFIED)

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from him a ruling on the matter. The City Council justified its apparent retreat on the grounds that adequate preparations for a general strike to begin within the next two or three days could not be made on such short notice.

At the same time the Conselho Sindical of the State of Sao Paulo sent a delegation to Santos to investigate the whole matter and also recommended to all unions in the State to take steps to prepare for a possible state-wide general strike in behalf of the Moimno strikers.

On July 14, a large deputation of local union Presidents waited upon Mayor Fernandes Lopes to formulate the demands which the wheat workers union, backed by the City Central, are making of the Moimno: (1) full indemnities to the workers which were to be transferred to Curitiba (2) full indemnities to the widow of the worker who died of shock upon learning of his transfer (3) payment of $\frac{1}{2}$ full salaries to the workers to be transferred from the date they were notified of their transfer until the dispute shall have been settled (4) no punitive action against any striker and (5) full salaries to be paid to all strikers for the period they have been out on strike.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The reporting officer understands that Mayor Fernandes Lopes spoke with President Kubitschek about the matter in Sao Paulo on July 13, but will shortly travel to Brasilia together with a group of City Councilmen and possibly local labor leaders in an effort to obtain the President's views on the situation.

The reporting officer still feels that some way will be found to prevent a 48-hour general strike in Santos, which could only injure business in the city of Santos and the whole State of Sao Paulo and bring hardship to the populace as a whole. It is obvious that the only group standing to profit from such a strike are the communists who, as long as the Moimno dispute persists, are in a position to excite nationalistic and xenophobic emotions in general, and anti-U.S. and British feeling in particular.

III ECONOMIC

1. Santos Stevedores Opposed to Sugar Shipments to U.S. (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

On July 14 the reporting officer received an unconfirmed report that the Santos stevedores, out of sympathy for Fidel Castro's Cuba, have voted not to handle any shipments of Brazilian sugar to the United States.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The Santos port and stevedore unions are under considerable communist influence. If true, the report is further demonstration of the recently-increased communist activity within the Santos labor unions

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The crowd's response to all this was dull and perfunctory. The last time Prestes spoke in Santos he drew 15,000 persons.

In an interview with the communist-influenced *O Diario* the next day Prestes was quoted as admitting that "Lott faced an uphill campaign in the State of Sao Paulo where 'Janio Quadros and Carvalho Pinto exercise influence over the electorate....' But Prestes added that the communists would deliver 600,000 votes to Lott and to Joao Goulart in October. Prestes also was quoted as saying that he did not believe in the idea of a coup d'etat to decide which candidate would succeed Kubitschek, but "only normal and constitutional solutions". He also averred that "since November 11, 1955, the Department of State has been attempting golpes and dictatorship over Brazil, but has not and will not succeed in them, since the absolute majority of our army is composed of democratic and patriotic men."

II LABOR

1. General Strike Again Threatens Santos (UNCLASSIFIED)

The strike of the Sindicato dos Trabalhadores na Industria de Trigo, milho e mandioca de Santos against the British-controlled Moinho Paulista continues (see Weekly Comment of July 7). The Consulate understands that the milling company on July 9 promised verbally to indemnify the 30 workers which the company, acting in accordance with its appeal to the Sao Paulo Regional Labor Court, desires to transfer to Curitiba. But on July 10 the Moinho in writing refused to come to any terms with the strikers. On July 12 the head office of the Moinho Paulista in Rio de Janeiro had published in *A Tribuna* a notice stating that the Moinho chose to stand by the Labor Court's decision and would go ahead with its plans to transfer the workers, and would not negotiate further with the union. The Labor Court also had an advertisement published in the same newspaper explaining the legal grounds for the decision and rejecting the imputation that the ruling had been taken through collusion with the milling company. As a result, on July 12 the Forum Sindical de Debates (Santos City Central) met to consider the situation. Present was Santos Mayor Silvio Fernandes Lopes, making his first public statement on the issue, who expressed his sympathy and support for the transferred employees and urged the assembled union representatives to defer setting a date for the strike until he could confer with President Kubitschek with a view toward reaching an acceptable solution. But the City Central refused the Mayor's request and voted to declare a 48-hour general strike, giving the Moinho until midnight of July 13 to accept the union's demands. If the mill refused, the City Central resolved that it would immediately set the date for the new general strike.

But in a meeting in the early hours of July 14 the City Central decided to postpone the general strike for 8 days until the Mayor of Santos could discuss the affair with President Kubitschek and obtain /from him

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Santos

OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM

TO: American Consulate General, Sao Paulo Date: July 14, 1960
FROM: American Consulate, SANTOS, Brazil VPR
SUBJECT: Weekly Comment on Events in Santos ARA
REF: (with y/c)

1. POLITICAL

1. Lott Political Rally Taken Over by Communists (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The visit to Santos July 8 scheduled by Marshal Henrique Teixeira Lott in company with daughter Sana and deputies Hoge Ferreira and Ivette Vargas did not take place. Instead, an openly communist rally was substituted for the Marshal's much-heralded appearance, which would have been his first in Santos since his campaign got underway.

At 8 p.m. on July 8 between 1500 and 2000 persons gathered in the main city square to hear Benedito Neves Goes, former Santos City Councillor, local PTB chief and a non-communist; Dr. Jose Toledo Moronha, a Lott supporter otherwise unknown to the Consulate; Waldemar Neves Guerra, President of the 2200-member Sindicato dos Empregados na Administracao dos Servicos Portuarios, a PTB member and reliably identified as a card-carrying communist; Oswaldo Lourenco, Secretary of the same union and a known communist; Arlindo Alves Lucena, a member of the same union and a reputed communist; Luiz Rodrigues Corvo, a 22-year-old student at the Catholic Law Faculty here, chefe de reportagem of the daily O Diario and notorious communist (see Psychological item 1 below); Santos PSD City Councillman Orlando de Almeida Mattos, a principal local supporter of Marshal Lott and a non-communist; Professor Dalton Boechat; and Luiz Carlos Prestes, Secretary General of the Communist Party of Brazil.

Corvo and Lucena violently attacked U.S. investment in Brazil and urged the Brazilian Government to follow Cuba's lead in expropriating U.S. properties in Brazil. Prestes, taking up the same theme, lauded Fidel Castro and declared that if war were to break out between the United States and Cuba, Brazil should come to the latter's aid. Prestes also praised the workers of Santos for their July 1 general strike in support of the striking workers of the British-controlled Moimho Paulista in Santos. Prestes also belabored British and U.S. interests for allegedly exploiting Brazilian workers. Professor Boechat closed the rally by showing a series of slides purporting to document U.S. business exploitation of Brazil.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

/The crowd
CONSULATE GENERAL OF
THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

VPRan dolph, lll/vpr

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U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1957-000000

JUL 15 1960

SAO PAULO, BRAZIL

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July 20, 1960

ATR POUCH
PRIORITY

FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

FROM : Amcongen, SHO Paulo

TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.

REF :

25 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION REC'D 5-2	DEPT. IN OTHER 0	RMA-2 Rep-1 IRC-7 ICA-11 E-3 Cia-10 Lab-6 Ag-8 Navy-3 NS-2
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SUBJECT: Santos Weekly Report USIA-10 TR-3

Transmitted herewith for the information of the Embassy and the Department is the weekly report from the American Consulate at Santos, dated July 14, 1960.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

Enclosures: *2*

Santos Weekly Report
dated July 14, 1960
cc: Amembassy, Rio



1960 AUG 5 5 21

File: lfw

REPORTER

ACTION ASSIGNED TO: NAME OF OFFICER & OFFICE SYMBOL	ACTION TAKEN DATE OF ACTION	DIRECTIONS TO RM/R
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732.00/7-2060

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AUG 24 1960

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WITHDRAWAL NOTICE

RG: 059

TAB #: 17

ENTRY: CDF60-63

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DESP 38

FR RIO DE JANEIRO

TO STATE

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NND: 949515

WITHDRAWN: 02/24/95 by: JAS

FOIA RETRIEVAL #: 949515 01574 00017

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Encl. No.
Disp. No. 7
From PORTO ALEGRE

cause him to hesitate in accepting Iron Curtain telephone aid in the form of equipment and technicians if the price were right from his standpoint.

Percy Warner
Percy Warner
American Consul

cc. Amembassy RIO

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 End. No. _____
 Desp. No. 7
 From PORTO ALEGRE

third budgeted expenditures and that some of the principal accountable expenditures thus far have been in the form of public vehicles, student scholarships and similar "pork barrel" items.

Comment: The Governor has thus far been overtly less active on behalf of the Lott-Jango ticket than, say, Mayor Loureiro da Silva of Porto Alegre on behalf of the Janio-Ferrari slate. However, still rivers run deep especially when they have slush funds to swirl with of the proportions mentioned above.

b. Negative on Point IV public safety - As the month ended the Governor personally decided not to proceed with a Point IV public security project despite the favorable recommendations of his present Secretary of Public Safety, Col. Aquistapace, and Police Chief Henrique Henkin. Brizola ascribed his decision to "political" considerations in this electoral period.

Comment: The Governor gave this matter little attention until the last moment before the June 30 deadline and then was swayed, in the opinion of the reporting officer, by close political advisers including Francisco Brochado da Rocha, now Secretary of Interior and Justice and formerly for a brief period Secretary of Public Safety preceding Col. Aquistapace. During his service in the latter capacity, Brochado da Rocha appeared to have some misgivings about the advisability of the Point IV project for police improvement here.

c. Iron Curtain telephone penetration? - After demonstrating some interest in an IT&T proposal for the improvement of service by CTN, the IT&T company here, and appointing a 30 day working group to, in his own words, "exhaust" the possibilities of the IT&T proposal, Brizola appeared to have decided in favor of a "mixed" company solution. CTN is invited to join the new company, which would be controlled by the State of Rio Grande do Sul; if they do not accept this invitation new operational elements will be brought in to establish another telephone net work. It is said that no expropriation or other forcing measures will be employed against the CTN but it is plainly expected that CTN will simply wither away. The new operational elements are apparently expected from Italy or Germany--both sides of the Curtain. At the same time five East Germans, including Messrs. Reinheimer and Möller (ref. item 6 Desp. No. 29, Feb. 12), slipped quietly into town for a telephone study from the office of CEEE (RGS State Power and Communications Commission) (Ref. Desp. No. 4, July 6, 1960). This development was accompanied by reports that Hungary is offering to install a telephone system in a small city in the interior of Rio Grande do Sul.

Comment: As a PTBista, the Governor believes in a statist approach to public utility and he is encumbered by no ideologies which would

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Encl. No.

Desp. No. 7

From PORTO ALEGRE

b. Janio gains strength - Local observers, who assert their impartiality, report evidences of growing Janio strength in various parts of the State following his swing at the end of May. Janio was received in Porto Alegre with demonstrations of enthusiasm when he first came here as a seeker for the presidential nomination, at the end of last year (item 3, Desp. No. 22, Jan. 13). His first April appearance, as an official candidate, however, seemed not to summon evidences of popular support commensurate with his brief December success (item 2b Desp. No. 52 of June 13). However, the electorate may now be beginning to respond to the support consistently given him by Ferrari and his MTR movement and the PSD dissidents. Also, Janio may be responding to coaching from Ferrari and other advisers so that in his more recent appearances here he has developed greater appeal for the independent "gaúcho" voter.

Comment: It is still not to be expected that Janio can carry this State but his prospects for an increasing share of the RGS vote improve as a result of the PSD split (see above) and as the well organized Ferrari movement, coupled now with an impressive PSD-dissident pro-Janio force, toils in his behalf.

c. Ferrari-Loureiro efforts - As June ended Ferrari made another well planned tour through the interior of Rio Grande do Sul. Also during the month Mayor Loureiro da Silva for a second time left his municipal office to stump on behalf of Ferrari. After a strenuous speaking tour through the western and northern parts of the state, Loureiro estimated that Ferrari would carry Rio Grande do Sul by a margin of 150-200,000 votes in his campaign for the vice presidency. At the same time Loureiro declared as premature speculation that he himself might run for governor in a campaign the beginnings of which are at least two years away.

d. Prestes' visit - The commie leader, Luiz Carlos Prestes, came to Rio Grande do Sul for about a week, visiting Bagé, Livramento, Uruguaians, and Rio Grande for the publicized purpose of attending various meetings on behalf of the Lott-Jango ticket.

3. Gubernatorial activities:

a. Politico-economic - Governor Brizola released Wilson Vargas, his secretary of Power and Communications for political campaigning purposes and spoke of glittering goals in the form of a steel mill for Rio Grande do Sul, a more than doubled electrical power capacity by the end of his administration (from 190,000 kw to 500,00 kw), and better key highways. Meanwhile critics in the State Assembly inquired about the uses of credits totaling over 4 billion cruzeiros opened by the Governor under the extraordinary plan of Public Works authorized for up to a total of 6 billion cruzeiros by law 3601 of December 1, 1958. They pointed to the fact that this authorization totals a third of estimated tax revenues and a little less than one

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Air Pouch		OFFICIAL USE ONLY (Security Classification)		DO NOT TYPE IN THIS SPACE 732.00/7-1960	
FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH					
FROM :	Amconsulate PORTO ALEGRE		7	DESP. NO.	
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		July 19, 1960		DATE
REF :			JUL 19 1960		5
55	ACTION	DEPT.			
For Dept.	AAA4	IN	RMA-2 IRC-7 NEPI E-7 ICA-11		
Use Only	REC'D	OTHER	7/27 CIA-10 USEA-16 Navy-3 NSA-2 COM-10		
SUBJECT: RIO GRANDE DO SUL POLITICAL SUMMARY - No. 10 June 1960					

1. General
2. Presidential campaign developments
 - a. The RGS-PSD splits
 - b. Janio gains strength
 - c. Ferrari-Loureiro efforts
 - d. Prestes' visit
3. Gubernatorial activities
 - a. Politico-economic
 - b. Negative on Point IV public safety
 - c. Iron Curtain telephone penetration?

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
BUREAU OF
INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS
JUL 29 1960

1. General: The Rio Grande do Sul Department of Statistics published an estimate of the number of eligible voters in the State as of January 1, 1960. The figure came to 1,562,610, about 30% of the population. This compared with a similar estimate for the end of 1958 of 1,274,000, about 25% of the population at that time. There was no explanation for the percentage difference of about 5%.

2. Presidential campaign developments:

a. RGS-PSD splits - Differences within the State PSD, which have been coming to a head over the past several months (ref. Desp. No. 52, June 13; item 3 Desp. No. 47, May 17; item 2b Desp. No. 40, April 18), finally proved irreconcilable after the PSD dissidents threw down the gauntlet in their meeting of PSD Municipal leaders held here on April 23. The PSD national headquarters ordered a reconstruction of the state party organization which would exclude the dissidents from party positions during the present campaign but hopefully left a way open for their return thereafter; the dissidents promptly marshalled their numerous adherents in an "Independent Pro-Janio movement".

Comment: This development and its background, which bodes no good for the Lott-Jango ticket here, is analyzed in the Consulate's despatch No. 6 of July 13, 1960.

FWarner/zms
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732.00/7-1960 HBS

LED
JUL 29 1960

0075

OUTGOING
AIRGRAM

Department of State

CONFIDENTIAL
Classification

NO. G-14

SENT TO: Ambassador, RIO DE JANEIRO

Reference Rio Airgram G-5 of July 18, check shows
that Despatch 1019 was received. The Department regrets
that this excellent review was inadvertently overlooked
during preparation of evaluation.

Herter

HERTER

RM/8

Serial 57

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AUG 2 1960 A.M.

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Classification

Approved by: [Signature] 7-23-60

Dissem. controlled and
classification reviewed by: [Signature]

RM - Mr. [Signature]

RM - Mr. [Signature]

BTB AUG

0074

INCOMING AIRGRAM

Department of State

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B 01371
PAGE 1 OF 1 PAGE

IRC

FROM: Amembassy, Rio de Janeiro

Date Sent: July 18, 1960

Info

TO: Secretary of State

Rec'd:

RMR

NO: G-5

JUL 21 9 35 AM '60

Reference Evaluation Report sent by ICD/RS with Transmittal Slip dated July 8, concerning comment on Quarterly Political Review in first paragraph, Embassy submitted quarterly review first quarter 1960 in Despatch 1019 of April 20. Review second quarter now in preparation. Please report if not received.

CABOT

ICD/K-S

Airgram sent indicating report received in Dept.

7/29/60

PRaine/jhm

July 14, 1960

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SEP 10 1960

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DESP 2

FR RECIFE

TO STATE

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RG: 059

TAB #: 15

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DESP 37

FR BRASILIA OFFICE

TO STATE

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Encl. No.
Desp. No. 6
From AmConsulate, Curitiba

Howard University Choir in Curitiba caused considerable disappointment. Because of the well developed University of Parana Chorus, there is unusually high local interest in this type of presentation. SOURCES: Personal conversation, local press.
(UNCLASSIFIED)


Edward M. Rowell
American Consul

cc: Counselor for Consular Affairs
American Embassy, Rio de Janeiro

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Disp. No. 6
From AmConsulate, Curitiba

President Eisenhower came to Brasília. It pays better to give more help to your traditional friends (meaning Brazil)". Diário do Paraná, June 22)... The intensification of the U.S.-Cuban conflict preoccupies Brazilians. Local observers are firm in their desire to keep the Soviet Union or Communist China out of what should be a strictly American problem, but there is some doubt about who (the U.S. or Cuba) is "right" or "wrong" in the present conflict. Many of these doubts come from an ingrown mistrust of "U.S. economic domination". Cuban news releases often seem to hit the local press with more frequency, and sometimes better timeliness than U.S. releases on the same subjects. SOURCES: All local press, personal observations and conversations.

(OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

COMMENT: In an attempt to create better balance between U.S. and Cuban news efforts in Paraná, the consulate has generated local press and radio publicity, clarifying especially the following: that (1) so far as the U.S. is concerned there is no basic, irremediable conflict; (2) Cuba is creating most of the fuss, and especially all the fuss at the political and diplomatic level; (3) the U.S. seeks only a promise of just compensation for expropriated property and does not question Cuba's right to order its economy in any way it sees fit; (4) the Cuban Sugar Quota was a kind of subsidy to Cuba, not a debt; (5) since Cuba has made sugar commitments which make its ability to supply the U.S.'s needs doubtful, and in addition absolutely refuses to try to solve outstanding economic differences amicably, there is no reason why the U.S. should not buy the sugar it needs from friends, and cease subsidizing a government which wants to be hostile; and (6) therefore cancellation of the remainder of the Cuban Sugar Quota is not "economic intervention".

(OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

CULTURAL AFFAIRS

7. Miscellaneous Events

Excellent publicity and coverage has been given to the new "Frank and Maria" radio program for teaching English. The program being sponsored locally by binational centers. The only difficulty in placing the program was that the consulate had to give assurances to the radio stations that all tapes for the entire series would be delivered in time for regularly scheduled airing. ... A Seminar for Teachers of English sponsored by the Curitiba binational center has received good press publicity and been enthusiastically received. ... Cancellation of the appearance of the

Howard University

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From AmConsulate, Curitiba

COMMENT: A hidden element behind the attacks is the fact that many local labor leaders, inspired by some of the views brought back by former exchange visitors, are interested in completely independent, self-sustaining labor unions which would have their own strike funds and administer their own pension systems. These ideas, very different from the present concept of federally administered labor in Brazil, is especially repugnant to the leftist press.

(OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The attacks in question may be an unconsciously sincere compliment to the U.S. labor program in Brazil.

(OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

PSYCHOLOGICAL EVENTS

5. Local Reaction to U.S. Presidential Election

Although most people seem indifferent to the U.S. presidential election this year, many local newspapers are discussing it in detail. One writer for the *Diários Associados*, Theophilus de Andrade, has started an extensive series on the election, discussing the nature of American parties, the main candidates, and the possible effects on U.S. foreign policy, especially in regard to Latin America. SOURCES: Personal observations and conversations, all local newspapers.

(UNCLASSIFIED)

COMMENT: An important local attitude on U.S. domestic politics is that "the Democratic Party is traditionally more attentive to Latin American problems and freer with the purse strings, while the Republicans pay attention to other parts of the world". Regardless of any real change in U.S. Latin American policies which a change in presidents might engender, the election of a Democrat to the presidency would cause many people in this consular district to expect new and more liberal aid programs for Latin America.

An advantage of the Theophilus de Andrade series is that it humanizes domestic U.S. politics and their connection with foreign relations so that the various foreign policy actions and reactions of the electoral campaign are viewed more tolerantly. (UNCLASSIFIED)

6. Reactions to Recent Events in Japan and Cuba

The rioting in Tokyo and the consequent cancellation of the President's visit to Japan caused general shock and surprise. The local population does not understand how a government which is not subject to revolution can allow mobs to go uncontrolled for days unless it wishes this to happen. One of the kinder comments was "well, the U.S. has helped Japan its former enemy, and see what happened. Nothing like this happened when

President Eisenhower

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From: AmConsulate, Curitiba

is so even that no safe prognosis can be made. Only if the internal split in the PTB is greater than appears on the surface will the UDN have a clear superiority.
(OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Although only one candidate for vice governor has been named, the lines between the various parties are already so clearly drawn that it is doubtful that the vice gubernatorial nominations will have much effect on the voting.
(OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Voting for presidential candidates will probably follow the same trends as that for gubernatorial candidates. One important influence difficult to assess is the fact that people in Santa Catarina apparently will vote for president partly on the basis of whether they are for or against Janio Quadros. There seems to be no feeling at all regarding Marshal Lott. SOURCES: SEE; Curitiba D-2 (7/12/60) and D-3 (7/12/60).
(OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

LABOR DEVELOPMENTS

3. Conferences and Objectives of Organized Labor

After the May meeting of Metallurgical Workers in Curitiba, the Railroad Workers (not organized in southeastern Santa Catarina, but receiving help for their meeting from other unions and the Labor Ministry) are holding a conference in late July, and rural workers in northern Parana will hold a "First Congress of Parana Rural Workers" in Londrina from August 5 to 7. The agenda for all the meetings is concerned mostly with salaries, working conditions, hours of work, and the high cost of living. However, all the agendas also include a section on "national problems" which amounts mostly to an endorsement of Petrobras, support for "Eletronas" (a national electric company to furnish all power in Brazil), control of the remittance of profits abroad, and control over foreign investments in Brazil. The Londrina meeting also has a section on "agrarian reform". SOURCES: Diario do Parana, June 25; O Estado do Parana, June 26; O Dia, June 19; Curitiba D-56, May 26. (UNCLASSIFIED)

COMMENT: Most of the workers who attend these conferences are really interested in the "working-conditions-and-salaries" part of the agenda. But the well-placed leaders who beat the drums on the "national problems" do make a definite and probably lasting impression in the absence of any contrary leadership on these subjects. (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

4. Attack Against Former Labor Exchange Visitors

On June 29 an "O Dia" staff writer named "doutor angelicus" published a personal attack against Francisco dos Anjos because he was a former labor exchange visitor to the United States. Since then "doutor angelicus" has published other articles attacking some of the ideas brought back by exchange visitors. See: Curitiba D-5, 7/19/60. (UNCLASSIFIED)

COMMENT: A hidden element

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PRIORITY		FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH		732.00/7-1960					
FROM : American Consulate, Curitiba		DESP. NO. 6		JUL 19 1960					
TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		DATE		JUL 19 1960					
REF		8-1 OEE-5 P-3		CU-5					
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20%;">25- For Dept. Use Only</td> <td style="width: 20%;">ACTION REC-4 7-28</td> <td style="width: 20%;">DEPT. IN OTHER</td> <td style="width: 40%;">RMR-2 IRC-7 S/S-3 20-4 Cia-10 USA-10</td> </tr> </table>		25- For Dept. Use Only	ACTION REC-4 7-28	DEPT. IN OTHER	RMR-2 IRC-7 S/S-3 20-4 Cia-10 USA-10	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;">DEPARTMENT OF STATE BUREAU OF INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS JUL 29 1960</td> <td style="width: 50%;">7-28</td> </tr> </table>		DEPARTMENT OF STATE BUREAU OF INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS JUL 29 1960	7-28
25- For Dept. Use Only	ACTION REC-4 7-28	DEPT. IN OTHER	RMR-2 IRC-7 S/S-3 20-4 Cia-10 USA-10						
DEPARTMENT OF STATE BUREAU OF INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS JUL 29 1960	7-28								
SUBJECT: NEWS SUMMARY (NON-ECONOMIC) FOR JUNE, 1960.									
CONTENTS									
1. Paraná Gubernatorial Campaign 2. Santa Catarina Election Politics 3. Conferences and Objectives of Organized Labor 4. Attack Against Former Labor Exchange Visitor 5. Local Reaction to U.S. Presidential Election 6. Reactions to Recent Events in Japan and Cuba 7. Miscellaneous Cultural Events									
POLITICAL EVENTS									
<u>1. Paraná Gubernatorial Campaign</u> There is little change in the relative standing of the Paraná gubernatorial candidates. The race is so close that no reliable predictions can be made about the outcome. However, the political forces supporting each candidate have crystallized sufficiently so that the October election results should provide a definite measure of the nature and importance of modern Paraná party politics. SOURCES: See: Curitiba D-59, 6/25/60. OFFICIAL USE ONLY									
<u>2. Santa Catarina Election Politics</u> The main elements of the Santa Catarina campaign are (1) an emphasis on traditionalism, and (2) a seemingly general voter apathy. The Santa Catarina contest seems to be strictly between party organizations. Since the PTB has joined the PSD, the balance between the two contenders, Celso RAMOS (PTB-PSD) and Irineu BORNHAUSEN (UDN and small parties), is so even. is so even									
REPORTER RMRwell:bb		<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">OFFICIAL USE ONLY RECEIVED</td> </tr> </table>				OFFICIAL USE ONLY RECEIVED			
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Despatch 33
Rio de Janeiro

to frequent questions by the press, has repeatedly defended his passive acceptance of Communist support as perfectly compatible with his Catholic and anti-Communist convictions. Public debate of the issue is continuing along lines of strictly partisan politics, with the church as an institution remaining silent in the background.

For the Ambassador:

Thomas M. Tonkin

Thomas M. Tonkin
Third Secretary of Embassy

APPROVED

Philip Raine
Philip Raine
Counselor of Embassy
for Political Affairs

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CF(3); All Consulates in Brazil.

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Despatch 33
Rio de Janeiro

having been considered suspect as such, were considered exonerated or of questionable guilt by the Department of Justice. Besides this, the exemplary comportment of these officials and the fulfillment of their duties was periodically attested to by their superior officers, some having been distinguished in the exercise of commands before the administration of Marshal Lott. None of them, however, was called to occupy any "key post" in the military organization or in the cabinet of the Ministry by very reason of their rank [all were of a rank inferior to colonels].

The committee went on to accuse Janio Quadros of being the candidate with Commie tendencies. They pointed out that he (1) courted Communist support; (2) accepted Castro's invitation to Cuba and there made statements "of major gravity from the point of view of pure democratic doctrine"; and (3) promised, if elected, the immediate legality of the PCB and the re-establishment of diplomatic relations with the USSR.

On June 30, pro-Lott Diario Carioca interviewed Lott in Belo Horizonte where he declared that "I never asked electoral support of the Communists; I never maintained nor tried to maintain any contact with Luiz Carlos Prestes." Lott said such charges were the work of his enemies to confuse the voters. The story showed Lott at a rally which he personally stopped to allow the passage of a procession of Our Lady of Piety, stating that the arguments of Our Lady were more important than those of a simple candidate for the presidency of the Republic.

While one friendly paper was establishing Lott's piety, left-wing Ultima Hora's Octavio Malta was painting Janio a pretty pink. "Janio was in Russia and asked Juscelino to restore commercial relations with Russia," he cried, perhaps forgetting that Ultima Hora has always favored this. Malta points out that PSD clerical deputy, Padre Medeiros Neto, supports Lott and asks why the Church, "which is not national but Roman," is meddling in a problem that is for the Brazilian people to decide.

Padre Negromonte several times has reiterated to the press (the last time in a release issued by the Quadros campaign press committee) his initial position on Lott, who, in turn, in response

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Disp. No. 6
From PORTO ALEGRE

The lack of enthusiasm, moreover, was not confined to Janio Quadros but extended also to the other major candidate. The fact is that neither of the two major parties in the State is happy with its assignment--the PSD for having to support for the Vice Presidency a much disliked candidate from its arch rival, the PTB, which for much the same reason cannot work up much enthusiasm with respect to the Presidential candidate.

In sharp contrast, the PSD dissidents form a politically homogeneous group with their allies, having an immediate common goal and seeing eye to eye as to the means for achieving that objective. This homogeneity lends support to the view that they will play an increasingly important role in the electoral campaign. Within the Independent Movement pro Janio Quadros they are now in the process of installing the necessary machinery to keep Janio's image before the public eye. The core of this machinery is a central committee with Peracchi Barcellos as head and Ariosto Jaeger as secretary-general. Its other members include all PSD State deputies and PSD Federal deputies from Rio Grande do Sul who favor Janio. The principal task of the central committee is the establishment throughout the State of a network of local campaign committees. This work has already started.

The fact that the dissidents have gone too far to turn back and the extent of the political rewards in sight are the best indication that they will leave no stone unturned to promote the election of their candidate. That he may despite all efforts lose the State will not ruin the dissidents' chances provided he wins the Presidency. In the course of his last visit to the State, Janio specifically stated that those of the PSD who actively support him will be rewarded politically.

Percy Warner
Percy Warner
American Consul

cc. Embassy, RIO
Consul da Silveira, Belo Horizonte

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Disp. No.
From PORTO ALEGRE

from its ties with Janio Quadros than Janio has from dissident efforts in his behalf.

The following assessment of Janio's possibilities in this State as a Presidential candidate is based in part on personal contacts in the Porto Alegre area and in part on two trips the reporting officer made through the northern half of the State. The first of these trips was made in early December, before Janio's first campaign visit to the State during April 8-12; the second trip was made in the third week of May, immediately prior to Janio's second visit which ended on May 29. The people with whom the reporting officer talked included officials of municipal governments, newspaper men, managers of radio stations, businessmen, and members of the liberal professions and the white-collar working class.

With some notable exceptions, such as the populous municipality of Santa Maria in the geographic center of the State, the municipal governments in the areas visited are for the most part in the hands of PTB men. Despite all the vicissitudes that the PTB has suffered, its influence seems predominant in these areas. Also, its leaders retain a great deal of respect for the views of Jango and the Governor and have accepted in general the national Party directives to support the PSD Presidential candidate, whether because of a more developed sense of Party discipline than the PSD has shown, or as is more likely because they have no candidate of their own.

On the basis of political leaders in power, therefore, Lott has an advantage over Janio. Even in the case of Santa Maria, a city of 60,000 inhabitants, whose mayor is a PSD dissident, authoritative sources said that Lott has an advantage there. The main reason they gave was that the 6,000 military people and 8,000 railway workers in the area were factors in favor of the Lott-Jango ticket. Big business in general also felt that the odds favored the PSD-PTB ticket. A few samplings of opinion among elements of the white-collar working class, the liberal professions, small businessmen, self-employed, and semi-skilled workers pointed to an inclination toward Janio and Ferrari.

The overall impression was that while Janio Quadros is generally considered a strong candidate, his political image was not enhanced in the State as a result of his campaign visit. This failure cannot be attributed to any significant extent to non-domestic issues, such as his recent visit to Cuba, which in this State is largely a matter of indifference. The failure may stem from nothing more than a personality trait. Some newspaper reports have intimated that Janio is at times disinclined to stop along his campaign route at inconvenient hours if there are only a few people waiting to see him. It may be that incidents of this kind, rather than events of substantive importance, account for the lack of popular enthusiasm toward Janio Quadros.

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There is also an underlying current of individualism and separatism in the State's history which taken together with the absence of a tradition in political party discipline facilitates ignoring national party directives.

For many years now there has been a growing deterioration in the State's economy, a deterioration that has accelerated under the present Labor Administration. In the eyes of many people this situation stems from neglect toward the State on the part of Getúlio Vargas' political heirs and from the incompetence of the present State Administration. There is, therefore, a desire, particularly strong among elements of the professional and business classes and among many skilled and white-collar workers, to break away from the Vargas political heritage.

The influence that these factors have had is measurable at this time only insofar as the Party hierarchy and its various committees are concerned. Over one-fourth of the recently dissolved 90-member State committee was listed on the side of the dissidents. Among the 147 municipal committees some 64 are classified as dissident, and a number of them have been dissolved and reorganized. Of the 14 State deputies, at least 10 are known to be opposed to the PSD-PTB alliance and are actively supporting Janio's candidacy. One-third of the State PSD representation in the Federal Legislature is active in the dissident movement. There are many others who, while they are willing to support Lott and wish to preserve Party unity, will not condone the PSD-PTB alliance nor Janio's candidacy.

An incident revealing of the strength the dissidents enjoy in a particular aspect of the local political scene revolved around the reelection in April 1960 of Ariosto Jaeger for leader of the PSD bench in the State Legislative Assembly and consequent reelection by an overwhelming majority as PSD leading representative in the Assembly's steering committee. According to PSD State deputy Nair de Almeida, who apparently had cast the only vote against Jaeger and who has long advocated sanctions against the dissidents, the head of the State PSD, Federal deputy Hermes Pereira de Souza, had failed to live up to a promise that he would send to the president of the Legislative Assembly a list of the loyal PSD deputies as an indication that only they could represent the Party in the Assembly's steering committee. Evidently, deputy Hermes de Souza had not thought it politically advisable to force the issue of loyalty in an instance in which the overwhelming majority was dissident and defeat was virtually certain.

2. The Importance of Janio Quadros in the Dissension. Given the dissidents' inability to gain control of the Party, and also their unwillingness to sever ties with it, their political fortunes will rise or fall with the fate of their Presidential candidate at the polls. In this respect the dissident faction has more to profit

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dissenters' realization that their forces were not strong enough either to get control of the Party machinery or to break away from the Party without serious results to their effectiveness. The resolution, therefore, made no mention of the State committee's composition, choosing instead to emphasize the issue of Jango's candidacy for Vice President. This issue, the dissenting leaders felt, had the best chance of getting popular support for their cause, what with Jango's loss of prestige in recent months and Fernando Ferrari's increasing popularity throughout the State as a Vice Presidential candidate. Accordingly, the resolution emphasized that the convention had proclaimed by unanimous vote that "political ethics prevented the State section of the PSD from backing Joao Belchior Marques Goulart's candidacy to the Vice Presidency of the Republic". With regard to the Presidential candidacy, the resolution merely stated that the convention, with only one vote against, had recognized the right of Party members to choose freely any one of the Presidential candidates.

III. Strengths and Weaknesses of Dissident Faction

In assessing the elements of strength and weakness in the dissident movement and what influence they may have in the forthcoming elections, they should be viewed from two different perspectives, both of which are essential to the analysis. One is the cause of dissidence itself, that is, the national PSD-PTB alliance. The other is the popularity of the Presidential candidate, Janio Quadros, on whom the political fate of the dissenters largely rests.

1. Factors of Dissension Stemming from the PSD-PTB Alliance. The factors that relate to the PSD-PTB alliance are many, and they run wide and deep in the political fabric of the State. The traditional opposition between the PSD and the PTB in the State is one factor on which many of the present political leaders have come to power. To turn around and work for an alliance between the two Parties is tantamount to a psychological trauma that many a political leader cannot easily face.

In fact, the inner conflict engendered by this bitter rivalry makes doubtful the success of any alliance that may be worked out in the State between the PSD and the PTB. A case in point was former PSD State Governor Ildo Meneghetti's negative reply, published in the press of June 24, 1960, to Amaral Peixoto's invitation to form part of the reorganized PSD State committee. In his refusal to participate in the new committee, Meneghetti gave as his principal reason that he would "feel in an obviously awkward position if he were to take part in the campaign side by side with the traditional and implacable adversaries of our party, the actions of their top leaders in the State Government amounting to a perennial torrent of abuse against my past Administration".

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convention for the nomination of a Presidential candidate. According to reliable information, a public fight over the question of a Presidential nominee was averted at the Santa Maria meeting largely because of pressure exerted by national Party leaders to preserve a semblance of Party unity. The proposal passed at the Santa Maria meeting stated that the delegates chosen by the State committee would be present at the national convention but would abstain from voting. The significant victory for the dissident point of view lay in the terms of the considerations that preceded the proposal, stating in part that "in particular the possible and announced alliance with the PTB... would encounter in Rio Grande do Sul extremely unfavorable conditions for its implementation in view of the acts of reiterated hostility that the Labor Government has practiced..."

The efforts of the dissidents to hold a State convention continued throughout the summer months. Having failed to get the State committee to call the convention, they worked steadily at obtaining the statutorily required one-third of the 147 municipal committees to convoke the convention. They succeeded in getting the necessary number by March 29, 1960, when Ariosto Jaeger--State secretary-general of the Party, PSD bench leader in the State's Legislative Assembly, and one of the prime movers in the PSD dissension--announced that 56 municipal committees had called for a State convention. Alleging that he had been unsuccessful in his efforts to have the State PSD president announce the convocation, he transmitted the announcement himself in his role as secretary-general. The convention was called for April 23 in Porto Alegre and took place as scheduled with the attendance of approximately 64 dissident municipal committees.

Of the items in the order of business for the State convention the most important were: 1) filling existing vacancies in the State committee or reducing the number of its members; and 2) deciding on directives for the local Party committees in the matter of the Presidential succession, "including the selection of a candidate to the Vice Presidency of the Republic." The first item was ostensibly aimed at gaining control of the Party's highest organ. Actually, however, the dissident leaders did not expect to get the kind of representation that would enable them to modify the composition of the State committee. One of the top leaders in the dissident faction told the reporting officer four or five days before the convention that the factor of inertia was very much against a broad attendance at the convention. The second item of business--that dealing with the Presidential succession--was more pertinent and timely for purposes of mobilizing public opinion, particularly since the PSD national convention put the final seal of approval on the PSD-PTB alliance with the nomination of Jango for Vice President just a few days before the State PSD convention took place.

The resolution that the convention passed reflected the

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from the national PSD, he should appoint a man who would abide by the national Party directives even when they might not be to the liking of local elements. Accordingly, he appointed Federal deputy Hermes Pereira de Souza, apparently bypassing Walter Peracchi Barcellos, the defeated candidate for Governor in the last State elections, leader of the dissident group, and the exponent since 1954 of the opposition to the PSD-PTB alliance.

Despite official denials, the evidence is strong that the appointment of a president friendly to a PSD-PTB alliance was purposely made. Otherwise it would be hard to explain that the job was offered only to the two of the four vice presidents who favored the alliance--State deputy Halio Carlomagno and Federal deputy Hermes Pereira de Souza. The official explanation of the choice was that Carlomagno and Hermes de Souza had received a larger vote for the Party's State executive board than the other two vice presidents--Peracchi Barcellos and Federal deputy Tarso Dutra. Equally valid, however, is the reasoning that Peracchi as head of the PSD ticket in the last elections for governor was the indicated first choice and that Tarso Dutra as head of the State's PSD bench in Congress had priority over Hermes de Souza. A former high official of the Meneghetti Administration told the reporting officer that the difficulties Meneghetti had experienced, while he was Governor, in getting financial assistance from the Federal Government for the State were an important factor in his decision.

2. The Dissident PSD Convention. The setback suffered by the dissidents with the appointment of Federal deputy Hermes de Souza as head of the State PSD was aggravated by the overwhelming defeat of Peracchi Barcellos' candidate for mayor in the Porto Alegre municipal elections of November 1959. These setbacks, however, did not in the least subdue the dissident faction. It immediately regained its position as a respectable contender by demanding a State convention of the Party to elect a new State committee on the grounds that top Party officials in control no longer reflected the thinking of the rank and file. That there was considerable truth in this assertion seems probable in view of the reluctance the PSD loyal faction demonstrated in agreeing to a State convention, particularly prior to the national convention of the Party which was held during December 10-12, 1959 for the purpose of nominating a Presidential candidate.

The result of the dissident factions' demands was a compromise, but a compromise that constituted a partial victory for its views and pointed to the dissidents' underlying strength. It was finally agreed that a meeting of the State committee with the presidents of the municipal committees throughout the State would take place in Santa Maria during December 5-7, 1959 to define the position that the State PSD would take at the Party's national

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It is clear that the PSD dissidents, in alliance with a number of minor parties in the State, such as the Christian Democratic Party (PDC), will play an increasingly important role in the Presidential campaign. Having decided to support the candidacy of Janio Quadros, the dissident faction of the PSD and its allies constitute now an organization capable of waging an effective electoral campaign.

In view of the influence that the PSD dissension may have in the outcome of the elections in the State of Rio Grande do Sul, the Consulate has deemed it appropriate to review the most significant developments in the dissident movement and analyse the extent of its power.

II. Developments in the Dissension Movement

The present division on Party policy started as soon as it became evident that the national committee of the PSD and the Kubitschek Administration were thinking seriously of continuing the PSD-PTB alliance for the current Presidential campaign. The alliance was never liked by the PSD in this State, where the two Parties have always been on opposing sides. It is specifically the continuation of the alliance as embodied in the nomination by the PSD national convention of PTB Joao Goulart for second place on the PSD ticket that gives the dissenting group its justification.

Realizing their inability to influence directly the making of Party policy in the matter of the Presidential succession, the dissidents have attempted to bring out and mobilize supporting views, which they feel are not lacking among the Party's rank and file throughout the State, and also to fashion the machinery through which these views may be brought to bear on the electorate. The struggle, first to free the State PSD from the national Party line and then to attract and mobilize popular support, has unfolded in two separate phases: 1) the appointment of a State PSD president; and 2) the convocation of a State convention.

1. The Appointment of a State PSD President. The first phase, which resulted in defeat for the dissident faction, opened with former Governor Ildo Meneghetti's October 1959 decision to resign for personal reasons as head of the State PSD. Although only the State committee can elect a president, the elected head of the Party can appoint a substitute from among the four vice presidents until such time as a convention is called for the specified purpose of electing a new State committee, which will then select the president from among its members.

While Meneghetti was never fond of the PSD-PTB alliance, he is essentially a person of moderate temperament and was persuaded that, in order to prevent the total isolation of the State organization

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732.00/7-1360

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6
DESP. NO.

TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.

July 13, 1960

JUL 15 1960

REF :

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	7-25		dia -12 USIA-10 Nam-3

SUBJECT: DEVELOPMENTS IN THE SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY'S SPLIT OVER CHOICE OF PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATES IN THE STATE OF RIO GRANDE DO SUL

I. Introduction

The rise in tempo of the electoral contest between the two major Presidential candidates has been accompanied by a progressive hardening of the dissension within the Social Democratic Party (PSD) in the State of Rio Grande do Sul. This dissension has as its cause the national alliance between the PSD and the Brazilian Labor Party (PTB) and as its immediate objective the election of Janio Quadros, the dissidents having staked their fate on his victory at the polls in the forthcoming elections.

The inner-Party struggle has been marked by a series of developments culminating on June 3, 1960 with the dissolution and subsequent reorganization of the PSD State committee by the national committee, an action that had as its main purpose the removal of a relatively large number of dissidents from positions of power in the Party machinery. Although this action served to underline the dissidents' inability to influence Party policy, it is, in conjunction with events leading to it, revealing of a substantial degree of strength on the part of the dissenting faction.

This strength is evident in the fact that the dissidents, irrespective of their isolation from the Party inner circles, have kept their cause very much alive and in the public eye. An idea of their potential strength may be gathered not only from the relatively sizable number of members of the State PSD hierarchy who have registered their opposition to the official Party line but also from the seriousness with which the loyal Party leaders regard the dissension. The extent of their concern is shown by their efforts to avoid drastic sanctions such as outright expulsion from the Party which many of them feel would only create an irreparable breach. Considering that politicians have a highly developed sense of self-preservation, the very fact that a large segment of the State PSD hierarchy has chosen to oppose so openly the official Party line points to the possibility that its views may be shared to a considerable extent by lower echelons and the rank and file.

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REPORTER

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SOURCES OF INFORMATION FOR CURITIBA D-2, JULY 12, 1960

Except for a few routine news notices clipped from newspapers, all of the information presented in this despatch was collected through personal observations and conversations of the two consular officers assigned to Curitiba. Each of them has now made one tour through Santa Catarina. In Santa Catarina they consulted the following important persons:

The MAYORS of: Mafra, Lajes, Joinville, Blumenau, Brusque, Florianopolis, Itajaí, and Tubarão.

JOURNALISTS (either newspaper owner-editors or senior reporters) from: Lajes, Blumenau, Florianopolis.

Senior BUSINESSMEN, BANKERS, and/or INDUSTRIALISTS from: Blumenau, Joinville, Lajes, Mafra, Blumenau, Florianopolis, Tubarão, and Brusque.

Senior STATE GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS in Florianopolis and Brusque.

Reliable personal contacts who are sophisticated old residents of: Florianopolis, Crisiuma, Blumenau and Joinville, and Itajaí.

Casual contacts from Caçador, Rio Negro and São Bento do Sul.

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VI CONCLUSIONS

No prediction at this time can be very reliable. However, regardless of who wins the governorship, little fundamental change in state policies is expected. Certainly, as far as U.S. interests are concerned (either private or public), either a RAMOS or a BORNHAUSEN government would probably be friendly. L.O.U.

Only one election result is likely to produce substantial changes in Santa Catarina. If the new president of Brazil and the new governor of Santa Catarina should be of the same party, then there might be a new era of state-federal cooperation which has been lacking so far. In that case Santa Catarina might have a sudden spurt in the development of communications, power and schools. The state might also get an electric reduction process iron and steel mill, a long-standing goal. Under the impetus of the expansion of industrialization, and the breach of isolationism (akin to Perry's opening of Japan in 1860), profound changes in the political as well as economic and social make-up of Santa Catarina could easily occur. UNCL.


Edward M. Rewell
American Consul

Contributer:

George M. Scanlan, Vice Consul

cc: Counselor of Embassy for Consular Affairs, Rio de Janeiro

Enclosure:

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because they like him, or because they like his administration of São Paulo, or because the federal government needs a change. People say they will vote for Lott because they don't like Janio. O.U.O.

Janio definitely appears to have the support of most conservative people, in spite of his erraticisms. Part of this may be because people in Santa Catarina (these who think about the federal government, which is a relatively small number) are dubious about many of the present government's inflationary policies. The UDN and allies fully support Quadres. O. U. O.

B. Henrique Teixeira LOTT - Nonentity

Unlike the PTB in Paraná, the Santa Catarina PSD-PTB are fully supporting the national party candidates. Lott, therefore, can be expected to receive a vote proportionate to the whole PSD vote (maybe PSD-PTB vote, if the PTB split is not too big). Lott must face two Santa Catarina "bugaboos", which are that he is (a) a military man and (b) the direct heir of the wartime Vargas regime. If there were not too much voter apathy, these could be serious drawbacks. L. O. U.

C. Pregnosis

Again, with the emphasis on voting the party line, it appears that the presidential candidates will receive votes in the same proportion as their party candidates for state governor. On this basis Janio should win, but by a narrow margin. Both PSD and UDN politicians in the Central, Northeast and Southeast parts of Santa Catarina agree that if elections were held now that Janio would win, but probably would not take more than 55% of the popular vote. L.O.U.

W With margins so close, no prediction is worth betting on. Further, there are still three months until election day, and any dramatic revelation in the campaign could completely reverse present trends. Such a "bombshell" is always possible, especially in the last two or three weeks of the race. O.U.O.

V VICE PRESIDENTIAL VOTING

There is such complete disinterest in the vice presidential candidates that it is almost impossible to evoke a statement from anyone on this matter. However, two factors make it appear that João Goulart is ahead in Santa Catarina. First, he has the support of the combined PSD-PTB. Second, the other parties are spreading vice presidential candidates in every direction, so that while the UDN-PRP-PR-PL alliance may vote en masse for president, they are not likely to do so for vice president. L.O.U.

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After much hemming and hawing on the part of its president, the Santa Catarina PTB has declared for Ramez. There are a few unreconstructed members of the PTB who may support the UDN. Hence, the Santa Catarina party picture consists prima rily of the UDN and very minor parties versus the PSD-PTB. (See Curitiba Despatches D-44 (4/5/60), D-49 (4/19/60 and D-58 (6/14/60)). O.U.O.

B. Vice Gubernatorial Candidates

No candidates for Vice Governor have been named yet. It is so late in the season that it seems unlikely that vice gubernatorial nominations could make much difference in the final results. Most party line-ups are already declared, and whoever the nominees eventually may be, the nominations are likely to be pay-offs for arrangements already made. O. U. U.

C. Possible Outcome of Vote

The consensus in Santa Catarina is that regardless of who wins, the vote for governor will be very close. UDN politicians say that they will win, but in a tight vote. PSD politicians also claim they will win but only by a very close margin. PSD politicians in the UDN dominated Northeast and in the West are less optimistic and predict a loss by a hair. L. O. U.

If the strength of party machinery is the main determinant, then the UDN and Bornhausen should win, since, on the basis of population distribution among the various regions, the UDN is stronger in areas containing a majority of the population. If the PTB split is more serious than it appears on the surface (and there are many indications that this may be true), then the UDN would win more easily. However, when total strengths are as close as they are between the UDN and the PSD-PTB, it would be foolhardy to depend on any prediction. L.O.U.

D. Probable Course of Government of the Two Candidates if Elected.

This is reported in a separate despatch for classification reasons. Regardless of who wins, no startling changes are expected. See Curitiba D-3 of July 12, 1960. UNCL

IV THE PRESIDENTIAL RACE

A. Janie QUADROS - Center of Attention

The only presidential candidate who is discussed with any interest is Janie Quadros. People say they will vote for Janie

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Thus, no party is expected to get more than 55% to 60% of the vote in any part of the state. L.O.U.

The geographic distribution of this bare-majority party strength is fairly clear-cut. The UDN has a majority in the Northeast, and about half the West. The PSD has the Center and about half the West. The PTB has the Southeast. L. O. U.

III THE STATE ELECTION

A. Gubernatorial Candidates 2/

(1) Irineu BORNHAUSEN - UDN

BORNHAUSEN comes from a traditional conservative North-eastern Santa Catarina family of Germanic origin. His wife, nee KONDOR, is from another traditional family. Although Irineu suffers a little from his former neighbors' "over-familiarity" with his boyhood (in his home town of Itajaí he seems never to receive a majority), on the whole he is esteemed for his capabilities as an administrator, and is well liked. BORNHAUSEN belongs to and is sponsored by the UDN. He is supported by the PR, PL, PRP and some PTB splinter groups. Financing for his campaign comes from the party coffers, the state government, and his privately-owned bank. L. O. U.

(2) Celso RAMOS - PSD

The RAMOS' are a traditional PSD family, and hail from Lajes where they are ranch owners. Unlike Bornhausen who is independently wealthy, Celso RAMOS must support himself from current occupations (politics), which could conceivably affect the character of his administration. Although Celso has the undivided support of the UDN, he is hampered somewhat in South Central Santa Catarina (traditional PSD stronghold - Lajes), by the fact that a cousin (also named Ramos) who is now mayor of Lajes has had a very poor government and is on the verge of losing his job to opposition candidate Welny Della Rêcha. L. O. U.

Financing for the Ramos campaign comes from the family property and industrial holdings, the Santa Catarina Federation of ~~Manufacturers~~ Industry (of which Ramos is president) and PSD and PTB coffers. L. O. U.

2/ Biographic reports have been submitted.

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One phenomenon of present day Santa Catarina is that when people discuss politics they speak in terms of family and traditions, both with regard to themselves and with regard to the candidates. Thus, in Blumenau the UDN claims members from owner, manager and worker classes, and so does the PSD. UNCL.

The big exception to this rule is the Crisciuma Coal Basin of Southeast Santa Catarina. There the PTB has taken strong hold in recent years, and the great bulk of its strength is among coal miners. The fact that consolidated PTB strength is a recent thing (See Curitiba D-44, April 5, 1960), indicates that if the present stable social and economic patterns of Santa Catarina are ever upset, a greater amount of political division by class can be expected. UNCL.

The geographic distribution of party strength (outlined below) also results partly from tradition. Thus, the Germans of the Northeast are traditionally conservative and different from the rest of Brazil. The populace of the Center take their roots from Rio Grande do Sul and Parana, which in modern times have strong PSD or PTB influences. UNCL.

(3) Voter Apathy Strengthens Party Machines

Another feature of public reaction to the 1960 electoral campaign is voter apathy. In contrast to Parana where the slightest mention of elections brings animated discussion from almost anyone, a great deal of digging and pushing is required to initiate a political discussion in Santa Catarina. People are not just trying to be reserved, they simply don't care. When they do talk they intimate that they will vote as they have always voted. This implies that at least part of the indifference is the result of the tradition and provincialism already discussed. UNCL.

If this voter apathy is as strong as it appears, then the 1960 election should turn into a demonstration of party strengths and the power of existing machines. O.U.O.

(4) Geographic Distribution of Party Strengths

The PSD and the UDN are the two biggest parties. The PTB is an important third because its strength is concentrated in one area. The other parties (PL, PR, PRP) are very small and carry no significant weight. O. U. O.

Except for the PTB and the PRP all parties have active, healthy organizations throughout Santa Catarina. Although one party may be able to command a majority vote in any given region, the opposing principal party will have a very substantial minority vote.

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Only two important Santa Catarina industries, mate and lumber (but not finished wood products), are touched at all by federal institutions, and the institutes which theoretically govern the production and marketing of these goods are among the weaker and newer of the federal autarkies. Further, the directors of the mate and lumber institutes are from other states, so that Institute policies tend to benefit others before they benefit Santa Catarina. UNCL.

(e) Whether because of physical isolation, self-sufficiency, or small population (therefore, political unimportance), the federal government has traditionally paid little attention to Santa Catarina. This has reinforced the provincial tendencies already existing. UNCL.

(f) Finally, since 1950 the state government has been controlled by the opposite party from that in control in the federal government. The natural political estrangement between the two groups (state UDN, federal PSD-PTB) has intensified the general federal neglect of the state. UNCL.

B. Political Background

(1) Hangovers from the Vargas Regime

The Vargas dictatorship intensified Santa Catarina dislike for the then existing federal government (the present federal government is the direct descendant of Vargas), and in doing so strengthened the state's psychological isolation. In addition to generally ignoring Santa Catarina when it came to federal handouts during World War II the Vargas government treated the important German population as harshly as German groups in the United States were treated during World War I. Undoubtedly there were many dangerous Nazi sympathizers, but the memories of suppression linger. L.O.U.

A by-product of the dislike for Vargas is a general distrust of military personages in government. Apparently, people in Santa Catarina associate the military with Vargas. Obviously, this does not help Marshal Lett's candidacy. L.O.U.

Santa Catarina political history since 1945 demonstrates the dominance of groups in opposition to those in power in the federal government. Although Nereu RAMOS (PSD) was elected governor in 1945 when the elections were conducted by the federal intervenors who followed the military coup of October, 1945, since the 1950 elections the UDN has remained in power. UNCL.

(2) Family and Tradition Generally More Important than Socio-Economic Status in Determining Voter Attitudes

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population. UNCL.

Central Santa Catarina (covers the center of the state from its northern border to its southern border immediately to the west of the Northeast and the Southeast) has an agricultural economy. In its northern parts the main products are lumber, wood products, and mate. In the south center cattle raising is the main industry. The region is self-sufficient when need be. The population is composed of people who came in from the plains of Rio Grande do Sul, and from the plains and forests of Parana. The Center is astride the only good land communications route between Rio Grande do Sul and Parana-Sao Paulo. It has about 20% of the people in the state. UNCL.

Western Santa Catarina (covers the whole state west of the Center) is a sparsely populated pioneer region. It produces cattle, hogs, corn, beans, some wheat, some forest products. It is completely self-sufficient, and one of the most isolated parts of southern Brazil. It has about 20% of the state population. UNCL.

(3) Sources of Isolationism

Provincialism and an isolated outlook on life are key elements in Santa Catarina political thinking. The main reasons for this "isolationism" are: UNCL.

(a) Physical communications with the rest of Brazil are practically non-existent. Even within the state inter-regional communications are almost completely lacking. The only good land link in the state is a paved highway running down the traditional north-south corridor of the Central region from Curitiba to Lajes. UNCL.

(b) In spite of its industrial base, the Northeast has remained isolated because of linguistic barriers (school instruction was in German until early World War II), because of the homogeneity of its population and the very different cultural background of the Northeasterners from that of most other Brazilians, and because of the near absence of land communications into the area. UNCL.

(c) The internal balance and solvency of the state economy have made Santa Catarina fairly independent of the federal government. Whenever bad times hit one part of the state, the rest of the state generally is able to take up the slack so that the government has a steady income and is able to tend to relief problems when it wants to. UNCL.

(d) The Santa Catarina economy does not depend on products which are so vital to the national economy (e.g., coffee and sugar) that they are controlled by special federal institutions.

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Janio and Marshal Lott mainly on the basis of being either for or against Janio. Lott is a non-entity. O.U.O.

Regardless of who becomes governor of Santa Catarina, no major changes in state policy are expected. Both candidates are friendly to the United States and most of its foreign policy objectives. L.O.U.

If the new federal government should be of the same party as the new state government, a new era of federal-state cooperation could be created. The result might be a tremendous economic boom and the opening of a psychological breach in Santa Catarina provincialism equal to Perry's penetration of Japan in 1860. The dynamism of new social, economic and psychological forces thus generated could easily remake the political map of Santa Catarina in the next few years. O.U.O.

II BACKGROUND

A. Resumé of Significant Socio-Economic Factors

(1) General

The principal socio-economic characteristics of Santa Catarina which affect the political scene are: (1) the state's relative psychological and economic isolation from the rest of Brazil; (2) the balance and solvency of the state economy; (3) the overwhelming influence of tradition, family, and conservatism; and (4) the current stability of the state's economic and social institutions. UNCL.

(2) Regionalisms

There are four main regions in the state, and each region differs from the others politically, as well as socially and economically. UNCL.

The Northeast (area on the coast east of main north-south mountains, bordered by Florianopolis on south and Parana on north) is predominantly German in population and aspect. It is the industrial center of the state (textiles, crystalware, china, other light manufactures). It contains about 40% of the total population. UNCL.

The Southeast (coastal area south of the Northeast), known also as the Griscuma Coal Basin, is a coal mining area suffering a depression. Most of the inhabitants either descended from early colonists in the area, or immigrated from Rio Grande do Sul (where there is also coal mining) and other points south. The Southeast is the only part of Santa Catarina which has a one-product economy and is not self-sufficient. It contains about 20% of the state population.

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I SUMMARY 2/

The dominant facts of Santa Catarina political life are: (1) the state's economic and psychological isolation from the rest of Brazil; (2) the importance of tradition, family and conservatism; (3) the general neglect of Santa Catarina by the federal government during the last decade; (4) mistrust of the military and any other heirs of the Vargas regime because of the harsh treatment of persons of German extraction during World War II; and (5) a general political apathy. O.U.O.

The consequence of this is that Santa Catarina is expected to vote strictly according to party lines next October. The UDN is allied with the PR, PL and PRP. The PSD is allied with the PTB, although it appears that the PTB may have suffered serious internal conflict when the alliance was made. The PR, PL and PRP vote is considered unimportant in the outcome. O.U.O.

In all parts of the state the vote between the major contenders (UDN and PSD, or UDN and PTB), is expected to be very close, with the winning party taking not more than 53% to 57% of the vote in any given region. The UDN should win in Northeast Santa Catarina and split the western part of the state evenly with the PSD. The PSD should win in the center of the state. And the PTB will probably have a plurality in the southeast. On the basis of population distribution between these regions, the UDN could be expected to win, Irineu BORNHAUSEN defeating Celso RAMOS for governor. However, the margin is so close, and the chance of some spectacular campaign revelation just before election is so good, that no really reliable prognosis can be made. L.O.U.

The presidential vote is expected to follow the pattern of the gubernatorial vote. This favors Janio Quadros. An interesting aspect of the presidential race is that most persons discuss the chances of

Janio

1/ The parties are: National Democratic Union (UDN), Republican Party (PR), Liberator Party (PL), and Popular Republican Progressives (PRP - "Integralista"), all fairly conservative; and the Social Democratic Party (PSD), and the Brazilian Labor Party (PTB), Vargas heirs and theoretically less conservative. UNCL.

2/ Sources are listed in Enclosure 1.

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FROM :	Amconsulate, Curitiba		2	DESP. NO.	
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		July 12, 1960		
REF :	Curitiba D-44 (4/5/60), D-49 (4/19/60) and D-58 (6/14/60)				
ACTION For Dept. REC'D Use Only 8-4		DEPT. RM/R 2 IRE-7 OTHER CLO 10 USIA 10 NAY 3			
SUBJECT: 1960 TRENDS IN SANTA CATARINA POLITICS					
C O N T E N T S					
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DEPARTMENT OF STATE
 BUREAU OF
 INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS
 AUG 8 1960
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SUMMARY
 AUG 22 1960
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EMRowell/jtbb
 REPORTER

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Celso RAMOS

Ramos is from a traditional PSD family, was raised in a cattle growing district in south central Santa Catarina. His family has been in politics since the days of the Vargas dictatorship, and his brother Nereu was governor immediately after Vargas' fall (1946-1950). Celso has tried his hand at running one of the family businesses (a ranch) and did not do too well. As a consequence he may be trying to get back into politics partly to help support himself. Celso is believed to have had no formal education past high school and it is believed that any foreign travels he may have had were fairly restricted. CONFIDENTIAL

Although personally very conservative (almost feudal in some of his outlooks), Celso has had a long relationship with a party (PSD) whose supposed objective is to promote social welfare through government action. In spite of this he is in favor of private enterprise, has no prejudices regarding foreign private enterprise (in fact he welcomes it), and is friendly to and sympathetic with the United States. CONFIDENTIAL

If elected, Celso's long PSD training plus his personal dependence on his political position for an income are likely to make him more open-handed with the state purse strings. They also make him more vulnerable to post-election claims for favors from politicians. The result is that a Ramos government would probably run a deficit budget, be easier prey for corruption, indulge any popular request for additional expenditures that came along, and drift with present currents of national PSD-PTB policy. CONFIDENTIAL


Edward M. Rowell
American Consul

cc: Counselor of Embassy for Consular Affairs, Rio de Janeiro

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FROM : Amconsulate, Curitiba 3

TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON. July 12, 1960 JUL 31 1960

REF : Curitiba D-2, July 12, 1960. (Trends in SC politics)

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SUBJECT: POSSIBLE COURSES OF NEW SANTA CATARINA GOVERNMENT AFTER OCTOBER 3 ELECTION

The estimate contained in this report is based on personal conversations of the reporting officer and the Vice Consul over a period of months with residents of Santa Catarina. The information collected includes that obtained on two field trips to Santa Catarina. Information available in the post's biographic files also has been used. UNCL.

Irineu BORNHAUSEN.

Bornhausen is a self-made, self-educated man. Although he never had any formal education past high school, he is quite erudite, and has travelled abroad extensively. He is owner of the Industrial and Commercial Bank of Santa Catarina (INCO). He is independently wealthy and first entered Santa Catarina politics shortly after World War II as an "intellectual" diversion. His wife is from a very old German family (Kender) in Santa Catarina, which helped him.

Bornhausen is very conservative and an able, experienced administrator. He is very friendly to the United States, to private enterprise and to foreign private enterprise. O.U.O.

If elected Bornhausen probably would carry on present state policies which are to promote the development of the state within the government's capacity to pay for such development. He is against the general precreation of social service institutions. He is for the expansion of schools, power development and roads. He would welcome help from the federal government if it should be offered. Because of his own financial independence and his considerable successful administrative experience, a Bornhausen administration would probably be reasonably honest and relatively immune to constant political pressures for handouts or unwarranted or unwise state expenditures.

EMR:wall/jtb

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From Santos, Brazil

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From

communists would deliver some 600,000 votes to Lott and to Joao GOULART. Prestes also was quoted as declaring that he did not believe in the idea of a coup d'etat to decide which candidate would succeed KUBITZCHAK, but "only in normal and constitutional elections". He went on to say that "since November 11, 1955, the Department of State has been attempting golpes and dictatorship over Brazil, but has not and will not succeed in them since the absolute majority of our army is composed of democratic and patriotic men".

COMMENT:

Despite the lack of popular response to the rally, it was interesting for at least two reasons. First, it demonstrated the manner in which the communists are exploiting the nationalistic basis of the Lott campaign to make anti-American propaganda. Second, it gave proof of the recently-increased activity of the communists in Santos. The fact that several of the speakers were leaders in the July 1 general strike in Santos and the approving references by Prestes to the solidarity of the Santos workers in the general strike would tend to confirm the guiding role the communists played in promoting and leading the strike.

The reporting officer anticipates that during the next three months of the electoral campaign communist agitation in Santos, particularly among the communist-infiltrated maritime unions, will increase to a marked degree. But Prestes & Company's lackluster reception in Santos July 8 gives some grounds to suspect that although the communists are well organized and influential within a number of local labor unions and through them are able to manipulate an important segment of the working classes, their appeal to the general populace here is not nearly as strong as the communist party might otherwise expect or desire.

Virgil P. Randolph III
Virgil P. Randolph, III
American Vice Consul

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Neves GUERRA, President of the Sindicato dos Empregados na Administração dos Serviços Portuarios and a member of the PTB. Guerra has been reliably identified to the reporting officer as a card-carrying communist. Guerra was followed by Luiz Rodrigues CORVO, a 22-year-old active communist who is a student at the Catholic Law Faculty of Santos and works as chefe de reportagem for the newspaper O Diario. Corvo spoke violently against U.S. investment in Brazil and urged that the Brazilian Government should follow Cuba's lead in expropriating American firms in Brazil. Corvo's venom was taken up and amplified by Arlindo Alves LUCENA, also a member of the Sindicato Portuario and a reputed communist.

Next on the rostrum was PSD City Councilman Orlando de Almeida MATTOS, who has just begun a leave of absence from the Council in order to campaign for Marshal Lott. Mattos is not regarded as a communist.

The evening's principal speaker was Luiz Carlos Prestes. He bitterly attacked the United States. Praising Fidel CASTRO, he declared that if there should be war between the U.S. and Cuba, Brazil should come to the aid of Cuba. Prestes drew cheers when he lauded the workers of Santos for their solidarity with the workers of the British-controlled Moimno Paulista here and their participation in the July 1 general strike in support of the milling company's employees' demands. (See the Consulate's Despatch No. 2 of July 7, 1960, which describes this strike in detail.) Prestes expatiated on the theme of alleged exploitation of workers by both British and U.S. businesses in Brazil.

The last speaker was Professor Dalton BOMCHAT, who projected a series of slides purporting to document American business exploitation of Brazil and the injustice of remitting profits to the United States by American firms.

Not quite 2,000 persons were in attendance at this gathering, as compared with the 15,000 persons who turned out to hear Prestes the last time he spoke in Santos. On July 9 O Diario, through the hand of Luis R. Corvo, reported that 5,000 people had enthusiastically applauded the speakers, when in fact the response was dull and perfunctory.

Immediately after the rally Prestes returned to Sao Paulo. While in Santos he had taken the opportunity to pay his respects to Mayor Roberto AMORIM of Sao Vicente, but apparently he did not call upon the municipal officials of Santos.

On July 9 O Diario published an interview with Prestes in which he admitted that Lott faced an uphill campaign in the State of Sao Paulo, where "Messrs. Janio Quadros and CARVALHO PINTO exercise influence over the electorate...." But Prestes averred that the

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July 12, 1960

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DEPT. OF STATE
BUREAU OF INT. AFFAIRS

7-26-60

SUBJECT: Communists Take Over Scheduled Lott Political Rally

During the 10 days preceeding July 8, considerable local publicity was given via radio, press and sound truck to a visit which Marshal Henrique Teixeira LOTT was to make to Santos July 8 for the purpose of delivering two addresses here in support of his Presidential campaign. This first visit of the Marshal to Santos was to be sponsored by the Nationalist Port Committee, the Nationalist Front and the Lott-Jango Central Coordinating Committee. The advance publicity indicated that Lott was to be accompanied by his daughter Edna LOTT, Deputies Roge F. RIBEIRA and Ivete VARGAS, Dr. Dalton BORCHERT, Sr. Prota NORONHA and ex-Senator Luiz Carlos PRESTES, leader of the Communist Party of Brazil.

On July 7 the communist-influenced daily O Diario carried a large advertisement which announced that "the communists of Santos invite the authorities, workers and the people in general to a great Lott-Jango meeting to be held July 8, at which Luiz Carlos Prestes, Edna Lott and other nationalists will speak".

On July 8 the strongly pro-Jango quadros daily A Tribuna, which had ignored the scheduled Lott visit, on its first page carried the large but cryptic notice "Remember 35". It was later confirmed to the consulate by a leading local quadros supporter that this announcement referred to the abortive revolt by the communists against President Getulio VARGAS in November 1935, and was calculated to remind Santos that the communists stood not for nationalism, but for subversion.

At 8 p.m. on July 8 the rally was held in the principal city square in front of the Santos city hall. Marshal Lott was not present, nor were his daughter Edna, Ivete Vargas or Roge Rerreira, none of which had travelled to Santos.

The speakers were introduced by Oswaldo LORONHA, Secretary of the 2,200-member Sindicato dos Empregados na Administracao dos Servicos Portuarios de Santos and a well-known communist. He was followed by Benedito NEVES, a local chief of the PEB, a former City Councilor and a non-communist. He, in turn, was followed by Dr. Jose Toledo NORONHA, a Lott supporter unknown to the Consulate.

Noronha was succeeded on the speakers' platform by Waldemar VPRandolph, III/vpr

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in seeking a solution to the dispute, but has remained entirely behind the scenes, as he has been reluctant to take a public stand in the affair for fear of antagonizing the pro-Lott labor groups ostensibly leading the strike.

III ECONOMIC

1. Shipping Congested in Port of Santos (UNCLASSIFIED)

Shipping is once more congested in the port of Santos. On July 7 at least seven vessels were anchored in the roads outside the estuary awaiting berthing space.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

A number of ship sailings were delayed last week when the change in the rate of the coffee dollar was announced, in order to take advantage of loadings after July 1. Owing to the general strike on that day in Santos their sailings were again delayed, and since that time a number of other ships have arrived.

In June the port of Santos handled 902,114 tons of incoming cargo and 251,732 tons of outgoing cargo, or a total of 1,153,846 tons, slightly less than May's 1,230,107 tons.

IV CONSULAR

1. Fourth of July Reception Held by Principal Officer (UNCLASSIFIED)

The Principal Officer and Mrs. Randolph observed the Fourth of July by offering an evening reception for the entire American community of Santos and Sao Vicente, the civil, ecclesiastical and military authorities of those cities, the Consular Corps and Brazilian friends and families. The buffet-dansant, attended by upwards of 250 persons including over 60 Americans, was held at the Casino on the Ilha Porchat in Sao Vicente.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

A good time was had by all.

V ADMINISTRATIVE - Negative.

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good their threat to stop work in sympathy with the striking employees of the British-controlled Moimho Paulista here. Virtually all banking, coffee, shipping, port and other commercial enterprises in Santos and Sao Vicente were shut down owing both to union pressure and the lack of public transportation, for streetcar, bus and taxicab operators joined in the walkout. No local newspapers appeared July 2.

Alerted for possible violence, in the early hours of July 1 the main downtown streets of Santos were patrolled by armed soldiers and police, including mounted patrolmen. The Santos Dock Company, which acquiesced in the strike, was guarded by armed sailors and airmen. Groups of communist-inspired bank employees roamed the financial district attempting to prevent office workers from entering their buildings until prevented from so doing by police. At least one bar was invaded by strikers and forced to close (nearly all others already had), and an open-air market was broken up by striking toughs. By mid-afternoon practically all business activity in the city was at a standstill, including the port. On July 2 business resumed normal activity, but the strike at the Moimho Paulista continued, although peaceably.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The violence to be directed against local U.S. and British firms which had been reported as being planned by communist elements in the Santos City Central which were among the leaders of the strike did not materialize, nor were there any disorders at the Moimho Paulista. This week rumors have been circulating that unless an agreement were reached between the Moimho and its 30 employees who are to be transferred to Curitiba another general strike would be called, this time for 48 hours. However, negotiations between the strikers, the City Central and the Moimho are in progress, and the outlook for some sort of settlement appears much improved. On July 3 it was announced that the Santos City Council's special commission (see weekly comment of June 23, 1960) and union leaders from the Santos City Central had agreed with the Federal Department of Labor to a cooling-off period of 8 days in which the Brazilian Government might intervene to reach a solution to the strike.

The Santos municipal authorities have been active in attempting to compose the dispute, and President of the Santos City Council José Afialo Filho this week told the reporting officer that the Council had "sent more than 30 telegrams" to various interested parties in an effort to conciliate the dispute. Afialo, a Lott supporter, added that the Janistas were to blame for the general strike.

Santos Mayor Silvio Fernandes Lopes has also played an active role in seeking a

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*Encl to Reg H 11
from Sao Paulo
7-11-60*

OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM

TO: American Consulate General, Sao Paulo Date: July 7, 1960
FROM: American Consulate, Santos *VPR*
SUBJECT: Weekly Comment on events in Santos
REF:

I POLITICAL

1. Presidential Candidates Campaign in Santos (UNCLASSIFIED)

On July 5 PDC Vice Presidential Candidate Fernando Ferrari was campaigning in and about Santos, attending rallies on the Island of Santo Amaro (Guarujá) and in Santos, accompanied by an entourage of supporters including deputies from São Paulo and other states.

On July 8 Marshal Lott, sponsored by the Nationalist Front Committee, the Nationalist Front and the Lott-Jango Central Coordinating Committee, is scheduled to make two addresses in Santos. He is to be accompanied by Edna Lott, Deputies Roge Ferreira and Ivette Vargas, Mrs. Dalton Boechat and Prota Moreira and ex-Senator Luiz Carlos Prestes. On July 7 there appeared in the communist-influenced O Dia a prominent advertisement stating in part "the communists of Santos invite the authorities, workers and the people in general to a great Lott-Jango meeting to be held July 8, at which Luiz Carlos Prestes, Edna Lott, Roge Ferreira and other nationalists will speak". Considerable publicity has been given the Lott visit over the radio, in the press, and by sound truck.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Very few persons turned out to hear Ferrari, and little publicity was given his visit.

This week PSD Vereador Orlando de Almeida Matos began 30 days' leave of absence from the City Council in order to campaign actively for Marshal Lott. He is being replaced on the City Council by the PSD first alternate Renato Ferreira de Rocha.

II LABOR

1. General Strike Paralyzes Santos (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The threatened general strike (see Weekly Comment of June 30) paralyzed Santos for 24 hours on July 1 when all local unions made /good

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DESP. NO.

July 11, 1960

TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.

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SUBJECT: Santos Weekly Report

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
BUREAU OF
INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS
RECEIVED
JUL 19 1960

Transmitted herewith for the information of the Embassy and the Department is the weekly report from the American Consulate at Santos, dated July 7, 1960.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

732.00/7-1160 HBS

Enclosures: *one m.*

Santos Weekly Report
dated July 7, 1960

cc: Amembassy, Rio

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For the past ten days the Consulate has been assisting in the repatriation to the United States of William J. Gillick, Jr., an American seaman crewmember of the Norwegian vessel "Per Jacobsen" who missed the ship when it sailed from Santos June 15. Gillick has been in a local hospital recuperating from an infected leg and the effects of alcoholism while his return to the U.S. was being arranged. He is scheduled to leave Sao Paulo for the U.S. on July 1.

2. Summary of Consular Services Rendered by the Consulate in Second Quarter (UNCLASSIFIED)

During the second quarter of 1960 the Consulate issued or revalidated 44 non-immigrant visas, as compared with 34 during the previous quarter. During the Fiscal Year 1960 the Consulate issued or revalidated 123 non-immigrant visas versus 74 in the previous Fiscal Year, or an increase of nearly 66 2/3%. During April-June 68 U. S. vessels cleared the port of Santos.

V ADMINISTRATIVE - Negative.

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"falsifying" the truth about Madeira and its labor reporter of bias against the union leader. O Diario also ran a large paid advertisement signed by the Presidents of 13 unions expressing their "unconditional solidarity" with Madeira. And on June 25 O Diario editorially stated that "it is alleged, notwithstanding, that the campaign launched against the President of the commerce employees has a political basis: it is probably an attack by the Janistas against a lad whom everybody knows is supporting Marshal Lott."

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Most of the union presidents who lent their names in support of Madeira, who is widely reputed to be a communist, are communists or communist sympathizers themselves. O Diario is also reported to be under communist influence (see Weekly Comment of May 27, 1960).

Madeira, who was voted out of office in March after charges of corruption had been lodged against him, has been fighting desperately to regain office, and has appealed to the Federal Labor Ministry to overturn the union's decision. Considerable pressure has been put on the Labor Ministry to reverse the union's ouster of Madeira, and it has several times delayed a final decision in the case. On June 24 an anti-Madeira delegation from Santos (including City Councilman Joao de Moraes Chaves) waited on Labor Minister Batista Ramos in Rio de Janeiro to urge speedy action in the case.

Several local anticommunist labor leaders have recently expressed to the reporting officer their opinion that eventually the Labor Ministry will be forced to recognize the legality of the union's actions in removing Madeira and uphold the ouster. (See Weekly Comments of May 27 and June 9, 1960.)

III ECONOMIC

1. IBC President's Resignation No Surprise in Santos (UNCLASSIFIED)

The announcement June 29 of the resignation of Renato Costa Lima as President of the Instituto Brasileiro de Cafe (IBC) caused no surprise in coffee circles here, as his departure had been reported for the past two weeks.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Many coffee men in Santos believe Costa Lima has ambitions to be Governor of the State of Sao Paulo, and that his resignation may be in line with his political plans.

IV CONSULAR

1. Consulate Assisting in Repatriation of American Seaman (UNCLASSIFIED)

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The reporting officer is also reliably informed that communists in the City Central are actually the prime movers in the planned strike and are playing upon the workers' fears to whip up enthusiasm for the strike which would then be turned into an outburst of xenophobic nationalism accompanied by violence, which would be exploited to bolster the lagging Lott campaign in Santos. In this connection, the reporting officer has noted the names of Antonio Guarnieri, Orlando Sposito, Laerte Carneiro da Silva, Valdesmar Neves Guerra and others, all communists and/or fellow travellers, as figuring prominently in the published appeals for the general strike.

Reportedly the Moimno Paulista is in financial doldrums, is trying to cut down overhead, and in fact hopes that by transferring the 31 employees it will force them to resign and thus avoid paying substantial severance indemnities. Reportedly also the Moimno has offered the 31 employees some sort of indemnity and a 25% wage increase to the rest of its employees, but both gestures have been refused. On June 30 the Moimno was under heavy pressure through the Commercial Association to make a last-minute accommodation with the 31 employees to head off the strike.

2. New Portuguese Consul Arrives in Santos (UNCLASSIFIED)

On June 27 the new Portuguese Consul in Santos, Diamantino Real, arrived here to assume his functions.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Real, who comes from the Portuguese Foreign Office, replaces Manuel Emgido da Silva, transferred at the end of last year to Montevideo as First Secretary and Charge d'Affaires a.i. of the Portuguese Legation there. Oddly enough, Silva was present in Santos when Real arrived in order to deliver an oration at the tomb of Santos poet Martins Fontes on the anniversary of his death. Reportedly Silva also has business interests in Santos, and will settle here when he retires from the diplomatic service.

11 LABOR

1. Commerce Employees Versus Ousted President (UNCLASSIFIED)

Last week A Tribuna prominently featured an unsympathetic article describing the efforts of Bernardo de Abreu Madeira, ousted and discredited President of the Commerce Employees Union, to hold a meeting of the union on June 22 with himself presiding in the chair. According to A Tribuna, the gathering was attended by a number of Madeira's supporters who were not members of the union, and the meeting ended in a tumult, with Madeira and others being injured and the Police having to intervene to halt the brawl. On June 24 the rival O Diario ran an article accusing A Tribuna of "falsifying"

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ARRA

OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM

TO: American Consulate General, Sao Paulo

Date: June 30, 1960

FROM: American Consulate, SANTOS *VPRN*

SUBJECT: Weekly Comment on Events in Santos

CONSULATE GENERAL OF
THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

REF:

JUN 30 1960

SÃO PAULO, BRAZIL

I. POLITICAL

1. General Strike Threatened in Santos (LIMITED OFFICIAL USE)

The strike against the British-controlled Moinho Paulista in Santos by the Sindicato dos Trabalhadores na Industria de Trigo, Milho e Mandioca de Santos over the milling company's decision to transfer 31 long-time employees away from Santos continues (see Weekly Comment of June 23). On June 24, under the sponsorship of the Forum Sindical de Debates (Santos City Central), several hundred workers representing most of the larger local unions and a few out-of-town labor unions and organizations staged a monster parade through the Santos business district ending at the City Hall. The marchers carried banners indicating their support of the wheat industry workers, and on the City Hall steps the parade's leaders, including Dante Pelacani, representing the Conselho Sindical of the Workers of the State of Sao Paulo, took turns denouncing the Moinho Paulista and pledging support.

On June 27 the City Central voted for a general strike to be held in Santos for 24 hours on July 1, in order to demonstrate the solidarity of the other Santos unions with the wheat industry workers.

On June 29 the reporting officer was reliably informed that left-supporting communist elements in the City Central had secretly decided to take advantage of the strike to commit acts of violence against British and U.S. firms in Santos.

On June 30 signs were up all over Santos proclaiming the general strike and, despite some wavering among the non-communist-infiltrated unions, it appeared that the one-day general strike would take place.

Comment: (LIMITED OFFICIAL USE)

The reporting officer is informed by local labor leaders that the general concern of the Santos unions over the Moinho workers proceeds from their fears that if the Moinho is able to transfer their employees no worker in Santos will be safe from the possibility of arbitrary transfer, which could then be used as a weapon to get rid of unwanted employees.

/The reporting

VPRN:dolph, 111/vpr

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TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.

July 7, 1960

DATE

REF : and forwarded in AM/PA 7-14-60.

SCS-2

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SUBJECT: Santos Weekly Report

DEPARTMENT OF
BUREAU OF
INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS
JUL 15 1960
file

Transmitted herewith for the information of the Embassy
and the Department is the weekly report from the American
Consulate at Santos, dated June 30, 1960.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

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Enclosure:

Santos Weekly Report
dated June 30, 1960.

cc: Amembassy, Rio 12 VW 8 21

Carlyle:lfw
REPORTER

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INCOMING TELEGRAM

Department of State

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FROM: Porto Alegre
TO: Secretary of State
NO: 2, July 6, 11 a.m.

SENT RIO DE JANEIRO 3, DEPARTMENT 2

Reference Consulate despatch 52, paragraph 4, June 13
Well disciplined general strike began midnight July 6 order
prevails. despatch follows.

WARNER

LSA/14

NOTE: Message delayed in transmission

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Desp. No. 3

From São Paulo

Comment: (Confidential) Although this post's Labor Officer reports that labor leaders are generally predicting that Goulart will win in São Paulo, it seems hard to believe at this point that Goulart's reputation, methods and support in São Paulo, as contrasted with the effectiveness and popularity of the other two candidates, can lead to Goulart's being other than a poor third in São Paulo in the vice-presidential contest.

William P. Cochran, Jr.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

cc: Amembassy Rio de Janeiro

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From São Paulo

Not only a large number of individual businessmen but also officers of major local business organizations have entered the fund raising effort, according to Mr. Magalhães. The officers of the São Paulo Commercial Association are all active. In the Federation of Industries, although its president Anthony Devisate is strongly pro-Lott, vice-president Oscar Comargo is working hard for the Quadros fund raisers. There is some thought of selling high-priced books of tickets (like raffle tickets) among the business community as was done in 1958. Although the fund raising is in an early stage, one can already note that within a period of recent weeks, two regular weekly pro-Janio TV programs have been started in addition to a periodic personal appearance Quadros performance for television in neighborhood theaters of the São Paulo capital.

Mr. Magalhães says that Quintanilha Ribeiro is Janio's personal campaign treasurer. For example, the large contributions from José Ermirio de Moraes and the Matarazzo family, recently reported by this post, went to Quintanilha Ribeiro at a time when Janio's campaign travels were allegedly about to slow down for want of funds. Mr. Magalhães observes that Quintanilha Ribeiro is an able man of great integrity who enjoys Janio's special confidence. One might add that Quintanilha Ribeiro is not a political power in his own right, has no political strength of his own which might encourage him toward separatism, independence or betrayal of Janio.

6. The Vice-Presidency (Official Use Only)

Neither of the two pro-Quadros candidates for vice-president has been doing any campaigning in São Paulo lately. UDN leadership, especially federal deputy Herbert Levy, have been working hard for their new candidate, Milton Campos. Much of this effort has been concentrated on organizing committees and other campaign machinery. From biased reports emanating from UDN spokesmen one could get the impression that most of the local pro-Quadros committees in the state of São Paulo have rushed to climb aboard the Campos bandwagon.

On the other hand PDC candidate Fernando Ferrari will be in São Paulo at the beginning of next week for a stay of perhaps ten days. He will meet with PDC leaders, campaign in various parts of the state, and confer with a pro-Ferrari group of 35 state deputies (this is better than a third of the state assembly and, in contrast with the 48 deputies on a pro-Quadros Committee, is very impressive considering the relative background and support patterns of each.

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4. PTB Shenanigans (Official Use Only)

By the end of the past week it appeared that national PTB president João Goulart was lending more than moral support to a very strong dissident movement in the São Paulo PTB while at the same time "refusing to interfere" officially on the ground that it was a purely local matter. Regional PTB president Ivete Vargas reportedly tried unsuccessfully by phone and in person to contact Goulart to have certain of the dissidents disengaged from their present lush patronage posts. These same dissidents met with Goulart during the past week and upon return to São Paulo reported that Goulart had approved their setting up a Lott-Goulart campaign in the interior of the state separate from the program of the local party executive.

Comment: As previously reported, many of the dissidents are tied in with the J-J movement in one way or another. From reports of pro-Lott political rallies, it appears that the Ivete Vargas forces and the dissident leaders do not attend at the same time. Apart from this, there are the separate weekly maneuverings of PTB Minister of Labor João Batista Ramos, who spends long weekends politicking in São Paulo. According to one rather plausible account, Ramos is doling out some 10 million cruzeiros of Fundo Sindical (labor union fund) monies to communist labor leader Luis Tenoria, as treasurer of the recently formed local Workers' Front Pro-Lott-Jango.

(Begin Confidential) Goulart wants the vice-presidency. Ramos reportedly hopes to run for São Paulo Governor in 1962. Ivete Vargas wants to continue as local party boss. Paulo Marzagão has had his eye on the Ministry of Labor. And so it goes. Each apparently seeks personal advantage without concern for the strength or effective functioning of the party.

5. Funds for Janio (Confidential)

In a conversation this past week with the Deputy Principal Officer of this post, Paulo Reis Magalhães discussed his activities as one of three treasurers of a group of Paulista businessmen who are raising funds for candidate Janio Quadros. The operation is being conducted in the same manner as a similar operation in support of Carvalho Pinto for São Paulo Governor, as reported by this post in 1958. A strict accounting would be maintained by the group. It would pay directly for specific campaign costs rather than donating to any campaign chest of Janio. The money would go for television, radio, newspaper advertising and like forms of propaganda in the state of São Paulo, and elsewhere if funds permitted. Paulo Reis Magalhães claims that these forms of propaganda, especially television time, are the major cost elements in a political campaign.

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provides true social security and minimum prices, offers free education through the university level, etc.--a government which liberates us from vexations and humiliations such as the importation from a certain American nation of spoiled beans unfit for consumption.

Comment: Pro-Quadros sources acknowledge that they are probably weakest in the Paraíba Valley. The Governor's "Administration Express" will doubtless become more evidently a pro-Quadros campaign tool. The image which has been built of Carvalho Pinto as the man of virtue and achievement, above the chicanery of the political market place, should not last. While the Governor may lose little of the tremendous political popularity he now enjoys, it is reasonable to expect that he will not be as immune to political attack as he has been thusfar through most of his term as Governor. It would seem that his longer term political future is now even more strongly dependent upon a victory for Janio Quadros in October.

3. More J-J Deals (Official Use Only)

According to O Estado de São Paulo, vice-president João Goulart has instructed his henchmen to continue the J-J movement but cautiously. According to the same story, Goulart supporters and Quadros representatives met during the past week and agreed to intensify activity in the labor area in August, installing more than thirty additional J-J committees under labor leadership. The story continues that the local head of the J-J committee, labor leader Dante Pellacani, rented office space for the committee and gave a phone number and name which, when checked by the owner after failing to receive rental payment, turned out to be the state department of labor and an assistant to State Secretary of Labor Paulo Marzagão named Nelson Rustici.

Comment: Some time ago O Estado reported that a group of São Paulo labor leaders had been encouraged toward J-J maneuvers by Goulart and his aides, that state Secretary of Labor Paulo Marzagão then advised that they first endorse Janio Quadros and later launch a J-J movement. O Estado proved to be right in these anticipations. Latest developments in the local PTB (see item 4 below) indicate that Goulart is still playing along with the J-J manipulators, apart from playing it lukewarm in his support of Lott in São Paulo (see item 1 above). More than a year ago Paulo Marzagão told this post's Deputy Principal Officer that he had turned down an offer from Goulart to take over and reorganize the local PTB only because Marzagão was afraid that PTB leadership might conflict with his intention to support Quadros for president. Events in August or sooner may further substantiate these latest J-J deals as reported by O Estado.

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From Sao Paulo

Comment: (Confidential) Most noteworthy has been the absence of running mate Goulart, overshadowing in significance the more active support being evidenced by the leftist forces. After appearing a week ago Saturday at a São Paulo labor front demonstration of support organized by his chosen Minister of Labor, and after protesting allegiance to Lott on that occasion, Goulart then went his own separate way, leaving Lott to campaign alone in São Paulo the next day and not returning with Lott this past weekend. With the PTB in São Paulo badly disorganized and partially conniving in the linking of the candidacies of Quadros and Goulart, with PSD support weak and coming largely from a few of the party's federal and state deputies, Lott has good reason to accept the efforts of nationalists and leftists who can give him a feeling of being welcome in São Paulo. One can speculate whether Lott's biggest vote getter in São Paulo may not be anti-Janismo (resentment of Janio's demagoguery, instability, and flights of temper) rather than the positive efforts of Lott or any of his supporters.

A major reason for the resignation this past week of Renato Costa Lima from the Brazilian Coffee Institute presidency is reported to be his desire to campaign for Lott. The efforts of this aggressive popular president of the Brazilian Rural Society could help Lott's cause significantly.

2. The Quadros Campaign (Official Use Only)

While presidential candidate Janio Quadros spoke only once in São Paulo in the past week, there was increasing evidence of an intensified pro-Quadros campaign in the state. Regular TV programs entitled "The March of Succession" are now scheduled every Wednesday and Saturday. Senator Lino de Mattos, PTN national president Emilio Carlos and PTN regional president Chaves Amarante all moved from neighborhood to neighborhood holding improvised lamplight political meetings to exhort votes for Quadros. This approach, it was announced, would henceforth be used extensively. Also preparations continued for another of Governor Carvalho Pinto's variants of the Quadros victory train. Pro-Quadros sources report that coordinators of the Quadros campaign are organizing political rallies in the municipalities along the route of the newly christened "Administration Express" which will traverse the Paraíba Valley on July 3 so that the Governor can "receive local officials and resolve their administrative problems."

In a local theater in the poor working class neighborhood of Lapa, Janio during the week assured an over-capacity audience that he could promise no miracles in the "battle for a popular and democratic revolution"--only an honest and just government, the democratic government thusfar denied the people, which gives dignity to the poor,

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TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		DATE	July 5, 1960	
REF :					
25 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION REC'D	DEPT. IN OTHER	RMR-2 IRC-7		
			7-12 CIA-10 USA-10 Sub-6		
SUBJECT: Presidential Campaign Highlights, Week Ending July 2, 1960					

Navy-3 NSA-2

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1. The Lott Campaign
2. The Quadros Campaign
3. More J-J Deals
4. FFB Shenanigans
5. Funds for Janio
6. The Vice-Presidency

1. The Lott Campaign (Official Use Only)

Presidential candidate Teixeira Lott appears about to become a regular weekend visitor to the state of São Paulo. On the previous Sunday, June 26, Lott appeared in Guarulhos and Mogi das Cruzes, industrial centers on the road to Rio de Janeiro (and both pro-Adhemar de Barros strongholds even in Adhemar's defeat for the governorship in 1958). The following Saturday (this past weekend) Lott returned for political rallies in Mogi Mirim and Amparo. While PSD politicians from São Paulo were much in evidence at these rallies, leftist and nationalist front orators also participated. In Mogi Mirim Lott reportedly belabored his favorite theme, education; spoke of the need to expand domestic industry and markets; and referred to the moving of the nation's capital as symbolizing the new mentality of the Brazilian people. Pro-Quadros O Estado de São Paulo noted that not one word was said against Janio Quadros. However state deputy Rogé Ferreira, nationalist front leader in the state of São Paulo, spoke vigorously against Janio in Mogi Mirim. A demonstration has been scheduled for July 3 when the leftist infiltrated Metropolitan Interparty Committee plays host to a Lott rally in the state capital.

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VI PSYCHOLOGICAL (UNCLASSIFIED)

During the second quarter the two events of prime psychological interest in Santos were the May 2 execution of Garyl CHESMAN and the U-2 incident made public shortly afterwards. Chessman's death brought an outburst of deep emotion in Santos, and press reaction to the execution was unanimously and vehemently adverse. Most Santistas stubbornly clung to the opinion that the case, rather than demonstrating the patient and almost inexhaustible recourses of American due process of law, was actually a horrible prolongation of the judicial agonies of a gifted and misunderstood individual vainly battling for human dignity.

Most Santistas appeared genuinely shocked at the revelation that the United States was collecting covert intelligence over Russia, but this initially unfavorable publicity was later at least counterbalanced by Khrushchev's truculence and personal attacks on President EISENHOWER. Widespread disappointment was evinced here at the failure of the summit conference, and most Santistas now seem resigned to the prospect of an indefinite prolongation of the cold war.

Virgil P. Randolph, III
Virgil P. Randolph, III
American Vice Consul

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"Cabo Orange" ran hard aground at the entrance of the Santos estuary in fog. After repeated efforts to tow the ship off at high tide, she floated free on June 21. The incident pointed up the difficulty of the channel into the Santos estuary from the roads outside.

IV CONSULAR (BEAN UNCLASSIFIED)

Consular operations continued normally during the quarter with the usual services being rendered by the Consulate. During April-June the Consulate issued or revalidated 44 non-immigrant visas, and during the Fiscal Year 1960 issued or revalidated 123 non-immigrant visas, compared to 74 in the previous Fiscal Year, or an increase of 66 2/3%. During April-June 68 U.S. vessels cleared the port of Santos. At the end of June the Consulate assisted in the repatriation to the United States by air of William J. GILLICK, Jr., an American seaman crewmember of a Norwegian vessel who missed the ship and was hospitalized in Santos to recuperate from an infected leg and alcoholism.

V ADMINISTRATIVE (UNCLASSIFIED)

On April 27 the Department informed the Consulate that it had been reclassified upwards for quarters allowance, and that henceforth under the new schedule the Principal Officer would receive \$2,000 per annum instead of \$1,600. In June the Consulate took delivery of a 1960 4-door Chevrolet sedan as its official vehicle to replace its 1957 Ford sedan. The latter automobile, somewhat the worse for wear, was sold by the Consulate General in Sao Paulo for Cr\$ 875,000.00.

By far of greater importance was the Consulate's move into brand-new airconditioned quarters on May 1 after 33 years occupancy of dirty and unrepresentative office space in a decaying building whose landlord for years had been at odds with a succession of Principal Officers and had even refused to allow them a key to enter the premises after working hours. As authorized by the Department in its Instruction No. CA-7403 of March 11, the Consulate now pays Cr\$35,000.00 monthly rent for 232 square meters, as compared to Cr\$7,352.50 for 220 square meters in the old building. The new quarters are located on the third floor of a newly-constructed office building facing on the principal commercial artery of the city and represent a vast enhancement in the efficiency and prestige of the American Consulate in Santos and its USIS unit. The entire move, including the total costs of partitioning the new offices, constructing a new counter, the venetian blinds, haulage and other miscellaneous items amounted to about US\$1,060, or about \$25.00 less than the reporting officer had estimated the transfer would cost, and was effected over a weekend without interruption of the Consulate's regular office hours.

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the city. On July 2 Santos was back to normal, but the strike against the Moimno Paulista continues.

III ECONOMIC (BEGIN LIMITED OFFICIAL USE)

During the quarter two new supertankers arrived in Santos to join the Frota Nacional de Petroleiros (FRONAPE): the 33,000 ton "Presidente Washington Luiz" on April 8; and the 34,000 ton "Presidente Deodoro". The one vessel was built in Holland, the other in Japan. Their addition to FRONAPE according to the press gives it 472,119 DW tons of shipping.

The big coffee news of the quarter was the announcement in May that the General Foods Corporation had contracted from the Instituto Brasileiro de Cafe (IBC) to purchase 750,000 bags of soluble coffee for US\$0.26.30 per pound, well under the market price, and an additional 750,000 bags of regular blend on the open market at a minimum price of US\$0.17.75. Most local brokers and exporters did not question the propriety of the deal, but expressed alarm that this sort of transaction represented a trend toward bigger and bigger purchases by large combines below prevailing market prices through the intermediary of the Brazilian Government which, if continued, would tend to freeze out of business many of the smaller independent coffee exporters and buyers.

During the month of May coffee shipments through Santos were impeded somewhat by the congestion of shipping in the port, largely caused by the April disruption of the loading and unloading of ships in the dispute between warehousemen and truckers, described in Part II above. During May as many as a score of vessels at any one time were awaiting berthing space, although the situation had eased by the end of June. During January the port handled 895,470 tons of cargo; in February, 890,039 tons; in March, 766,781 tons; in April, 964,525 tons; in May, 1,230,187 tons; and in June 1,153,846 tons.

In May the reporting officer was reliably informed that the Sociedade Algodoeira do Nordeste Brasileira (SANBRA) shipped 75 tons of Rio-type coffee to Durazzo, Albania, via Gdynia, and 100 tons of Santos-type to Shanghai. The buyer in each case was the Kwangtung Branch of the China National Tea Corporation in Canton, and payment in both transactions was effected in sterling via the Bank of China. In June SANBRA offered to sell the China National Tea Corporation 1,250 bags, but was refused because the price quoted was too high. SANBRA, according to the source, suspects that its previous shipments of coffee to Red China were processed there for reexport to other countries, presumably in Southeast Asia. The reporting officer is also given to understand that the Santos firm of Synval MELLO & Co. Ltda. has also been active recently in shipping coffee to Poland.

On June 17 the 5,800 ton Lloyd Brasileiro coastwise freighter

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Labor Minister was repeatedly postponing a decision in the case. Meanwhile Madeira continued to style himself President of the union and attempted June 22 to preside at a meeting, which ended in tumult. Although it seemed likely that the Labor Ministry eventually would have to recognize the legality of the union's purge of Madeira, it was clear that Madeira enjoyed the backing of the communist elements in labor circles here, despite the odium with which he is otherwise regarded.

On May 20 Professor Roland CORBISIER, Director of the Instituto Superior de Estudos Brasileiros (ISEB) was rebuffed in Santos when he was to deliver a speech on "Nationalism and Development" sponsored by the Santos City Central. When Corbisier arrived, he found that no advance publicity had been given to his speech, no one was on hand to meet him and he had no place to stay. Corbisier left Santos in a huff at once declaring, however, that he would return if it developed that there were any interest in his ideas here.

Corbisier had spoken in Santos on April 28 on the same general topic under the sponsorship of the Mayor of Santos before a distinguished audience at the Catholic Law School. But he was coldly received when it became apparent that he was using the theme of nationalism to disguise his advocacy of communist ideas.

At the end of May Joao de Moraes CHAVES, President of the Urban Industries Workers Union announced that he had won a 38% salary increase for the employees of the Cidade de Santos - Servicos de Eletricidade e Gas, S.A., an affiliate of the Canadian-controlled Light Group. But CHAVES' announcement was premature in that the raise was conditional upon the Group's securing approval for a general rate increase to cover the higher wages, which was granted only some weeks later. CHAVES, a City Councilman who has withdrawn from the PSB to support Janio Quadros, at the end of June was preparing to visit Cuba, reportedly at the Cuban Government's expense, despite the fact that CHAVES is a vociferous critic of communism and a staunch opponent of the communists within the Santos labor unions.

Towards the end of June a strike was declared by the Wheat Industry Workers against the British-controlled Moinho Paulista in Santos over the milling company's decision to transfer 31 of its long-time employees to Curitiba. This strike had the support of the Santos labor unions, which on June 24 staged a parade through the city to demonstrate their sympathies with the strikers. On June 27 the Santos City Central, under considerable communist pressure, voted to hold a 24-hour general strike on July 1. Although the reporting officer was informed June 29 that communists in the City Central would exploit the strike to commit acts of violence against British and U.S. firms, on July 1 downtown Santos was heavily patrolled by police, and no such violence materialized, although the general strike did take place as scheduled and completely paralyzed

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the warehousemen from interfering with their work in Santos, but on April 1 violence flared on the docks when the warehousemen, led by Ivanildo Henrique MOURA, protested the right of the truckers to handle their cargoes in the dock area. The Captain of the Port of Santos was obliged to order a reinforced detachment of marines onto the docks to restore order, where they remained stationed for several weeks. By April 8 nearly 100 trucks from the interior of Sao Paulo and other States were tied up here, as the warehousemen insisted upon unloading them. On April 11 violence broke out again when the warehousemen attacked and damaged several trucks. The next day 40 Santos and Sao Paulo trucking firms suspended operations in the port pending recognition of the rights which 26 of their number had secured under the injunction. The warehousemen also faced the united hostility of the powerful Santos Dock Company, the Captaincy of the Port, shipping agents and freight dispatchers, for the jurisdictional disputes between the truckers and the warehousemen caused much delay in the handling of cargo through the port and later resulted in a heavy congestion of shipping awaiting berthing space during May and June when port operations began to return to normal after the dispute was settled April 22 after much negotiation. On that day a temporary settlement was arranged whereby the 26 trucking companies protected by injunction were guaranteed protection from local police and military authorities and could lease their vehicles to other truckers serving Santos. The warehousemen were, of course, dissatisfied with this arrangement, and for some days afterwards often forced individual truckers to appeal to the police if they wished to load or unload their trucks.

At no time during this dispute did the reporting officer detect any communist influences at work.

On April 21 the First Santos Labor Conference, held in preparation for the Second Sao Paulo Labor Congress, ended its week's session by approving a number of resolutions, mostly highly nationalistic in tone and content. The Santos Conference, organized largely through the Forum Sindical de Debates, or Santos City Central, was strongly influenced by a well-disciplined communist and fellow-traveling minority active during its sessions.

In May the dispute between the Commerce Employees Union and its President Bernardo de Azevedo MADEIRA, removed from office in March by a vote of 61 to 3 on charges of corruption, once more burst into public as the union began to experience serious difficulty in ridding itself of its discredited leader. Madeira, widely regarded as a communist, before the Federal Labor Ministry contested the legality of the union's proceedings and fought to retain office. The local labor weekly O Expresso charged that Madeira had resorted to falsifying the record of his acts as President before the Labor Ministry and intimidating his fellow union members. By June it was obvious that strong pressures were being brought to bear upon the Labor Ministry to reverse the union's vote for removal, for the

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that he was personally opposed to Janio Quadros, could not support his candidacy, and was committed to support Azenar de Barros, whom he believed before the election would swing his support to Marshal Lott. The Mayor of Santos added that he admired and worked well with Sao Paulo State Governor Carlos Alberto A. de CARVALHO PINTO, but that both he and Quadros had been pressuring him to desert Barros in favor of Janio. In fact, he stated that he had just been offered by Janio Quadros, in writing, a portfolio in the Sao Paulo State Cabinet in return for supporting Janio's Presidential candidacy; but the Mayor indicated he would have to refuse out of loyalty to Barros and the PSP.

About this time rumors were current that Fernandes Lopes would take an extended leave of absence from the City Hall, reportedly in order not to have to declare himself publicly, at least until Barros should withdraw from the Presidential race and leave Fernandes Lopes free to support Marshal Lott in the open.

In June maneuvering for a successor to Fernandes Lopes as Mayor of Santos became more intense when a group of opposition City Councilmen put forward the names of several possible candidates in an effort to thwart the Mayor's intentions for Luiz La Scala, Jr. to be nominated on the PSP ticket. As one or two of these new contenders are well-known local politicians, La Scala in all eventuality will have to fight hard for the PSP nomination, and will probably be faced at the polls by strong opposition from the Partido Democrata Cristao (PDC) and Partido Social Democratico (PSD) slates.

On June 15 the Mayor informed the reporting officer that Sao Paulo Governor Carvalho Pinto had offered him, for next spring, the post of Secretary or Under Secretary of Transport and Public Works for the State of Sao Paulo, in place of Jose Vicente de FARIAS LIMA, but only if Quadros wins the election. This time, however, no mention was made of the prerequisite that Fernandes Lopes come out for Quadros, and the impression was conveyed that Carvalho Pinto was acting on his own initiative. Thus it would appear that as of this time the Santos Mayor calculates to profit whoever wins the Presidency in October. As a Lott-through-Barros supporter, he can expect preferment if the Marshal gains the election; if Janio wins, he might go on to an important post in the State Cabinet, all without having to commit himself in public between Lott or Quadros, at least until toward the end of the election campaign.

II LABOR (BEGIN OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The principal labor development during the month of April was the struggle between the Sindicato dos Arrumadores de Santos (warehousemen) and local and out-of-town trucking companies as to which group had exclusive rights to the lucrative business of loading and unloading trucks in the warehouse area of the Santos Dock Company. A number of the trucking companies secured an injunction restraining

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH		Last 30	732.00/7-560
FROM :	Amconsul, SANTOS, Brazil	DESP. NO. 1	X R 122.8452
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.	DATE	JUL 7 1960
REF :	Consulate's Despatches Nos. 23 and 28 of March 19 and May 20 1960		JUL 5 1960
ACTION: 25 Use Only: 7-19		DEPT. OF STATE RMR-2 LAC-7 SCS-2 FBO-1 CIA-10 USIA-10 Lch-6	
SUBJECT: Summary of Events Occurring in the Santos Consular District from March 15, June 30, 1960			

The following is a summary of the chief events occurring in the Santos consular district from March 15 through June 30, 1960, and is based largely upon the "Weekly Comment on Events in Santos" submitted by the reporting officer to the Consulate General in Sao Paulo by Operations Memoranda.

(BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL)

I POLITICAL

Although during the second quarter of 1960 the only major candidate in the national elections to visit Santos was Fernando FERRARI on March 30, interest in the national political campaign has gradually gained momentum locally. The supporters of Janio QUADROS in particular have been active in Santos, and in early April two of the four Partido Social Democratico (PSD) City Councilmen declared for Janio, followed in May by a third. These three defectors, all important and influential local political figures, were joined at the end of May by all three of the representatives of the Partido Socialista Brasileiro (PSB) on the City Council, who are also personalities of some consequence here. This repudiation of Marshal Henrique Teixeira LOTT has proved a major setback to his local campaign, which as of this writing has yet to be "dynamized" as promised, although a number of committees, especially among labor groups, have been formed in Santos and Sao Vicente to promote his candidacy. As of the beginning of July, Janio Quadros could probably carry the Santos consular district with ease.

Up to this time the question of the Santos mayoralty succession has provoked a more lively interest here than national politics. Incumbent Mayor Silvio FERNANDES LOPES, a supporter and ally of Adhemar de BARROS' Partido Social Progressista (PSP), over the past few months has been maneuvering to have his protégé Luiz LA SCALA, Jr. nominated on the PSP ticket for the March 1961 election for a new Mayor.

On May 18 Mayor Fernandes Lopes informed the reporting officer

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He stated that several of the older leaders of the Party have recently been replaced by inexperienced, younger men. He criticized Plinio for not supporting Ferrari who, he stated, is the hope of the future and is having great success with his campaign for the Vice Presidency. In response to a question, he stated that Ferrari's campaign is being financed by several São Paulo industrialists, but added that it is not an expensive campaign.

The Attaché asked about Minister Penna Marinho's recent public criticism of ICEM (Intergovernmental Committee for European Migration) and the need of the latter to provide more skilled workers for Brazil. Mr. Cechella reported that this is solely related to the fact that in 1959 of the 11,000-odd immigrants transported to Brazil by ICEM, only 2,500 to 3,000 were workers, while the rest were family members, including some friends. The problem is the cost to Brazil of receiving four persons for every worker. (This is a much better ratio than mentioned informally by Penna Marinho to the author, when the former cited a ratio of 10 or 11 to 1.)

In response to a reference to the soil around Brasilia, Mr. Cechella repeated a comment of some weeks earlier, that there is no humous in the soil of that area and that fertilizer alone will not suffice to build it up, since the living organisms which live on the humous are missing.

The Attaché asked Mr. Cechella whether he thought that Brazil could eventually become self-sufficient in the raising of wheat. Mr. Cechella replied that wheat is not a suitable crop for Brazil, that conditions are so uncertain that despite all government help those who have tried growing it in Rio Grande do Sul have generally felt the effort to have been a mistake. The cooperative credit institutions of his state will not lend money to grow it because they regard it as too vulnerable, he stated. In contrast, he said that corn is an appropriate crop, its cultivation could be greatly increased and its human consumption expanded.

Mr. Cechella was asked about recent press accounts of a Supreme Court decision awarding title to a huge tract of land, including a developed city, to a single family which has been claiming it for many years. He said that he had tried to solve these issues by having the Federal Government buy such tracts of which he says there are many and clear the titles for the present occupants. However, he said that the President has not approved, for political reasons.

He referred to numerous land deals which high Government officials are arranging for themselves and which will lead to further trouble in the future.

Approved by:

Philip Raine
Philip Raine
Political Counselor

For the Chargé d'Affaires a.i.:

John T. Fishburn
John T. Fishburn
Labor Attaché

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AIR PRIORITY		OFFICIAL USE ONLY (Security Classification)		DO NOT TYPE IN THIS SPACE	
FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH					
FROM : AmEmbassy RIO DE JANEIRO		1256		732.00/6-2860	
TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		JUL 1 1960		JUL 1 1960	
REF : SCA-3 IU-4 EUR-5					
ACTION		DEPT.		732.00/6-2860	
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SUBJECT: Conversation with Mr. Walter Cechella					

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MEMORANDUM OF CONVERSATION

PARTICIPANTS: Mr. Walter Cechella, ex-President of INIC (National Institute of Immigration and Colonization)
Mr. John T. Fishburn, Labor Attaché

This was a luncheon conversation arranged by the Labor Attaché.

The host complimented Mr. Cechella upon his honest and efficient administration of INIC and indicated that it had been a personal pleasure to work with him and to observe his actions as President.

Mr. Cechella spent nearly half an hour detailing the steps which led him to resign. Unfortunately interfering noises and lack of familiarity with some of the background prevented a thorough understanding of all his comments. However, the essence of his remarks was that he resigned in order not to be involved in transforming INIC into a political patronage institution at the expense of his trusted, able and loyal assistants. He apparently believed that he had won his point at various moments during a weeks-long struggle to infiltrate INIC with political appointments, but in the end lost. He lost, not to the President of Brazil or the administration, but to the decision of Plinio Salgado as President of the Popular Representation Party (ex-Integralista Party). From his account, Plinio has acted as if the INIC was the property of his party to use as he saw fit. When asked if Plinio will support Lott and Jango, Mr. Cechella responded that this decision will be made soon (it may be related to his own problems).

Mr. Cechella stated that Plinio is going to be surprised in a few days when he receives Cechella's resignation from the Party. This, he stated, will cost the Party, since Cechella and his brothers provide a good deal of the financial support of the Party. Also, as head of the cooperative credit institutions of Rio Grande do Sul, his resignation may influence some of the votes of the 45,000 members. He also referred to his influence in university circles in Rio Grande do Sul and Santa Maria in particular.

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REPORTER

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stated his loyalty to Marshall Lott and lauded the great progress Brazil has allegedly made under the administration of Juscelino Kubitschek. He went on to say that Marshall Lott was the only candidate qualified to continue the work of President Kubitschek. Goulart, of course, made his usual "pie in the sky" statements promising he would do all in his power to have legislation passed liberalizing the right to strike, revising the existing social security system, immediately increasing the minimum wage, etc.

Marshall Lott was the feature speaker. After receiving a standing ovation, he lauded the Kubitschek administration. However, he put somewhat of a wet blanket on the evening by making statements about the need for cooperation between employers and employees for social peace, and the prejudice caused to the workers themselves by strikes. Strikes, according to the Marshall, should be avoided as they are detrimental to the nation's progress. Therefore, he promised to instill new life into the labor courts in order to head off strikes.

Comment: Darcy Gatto, president of the State Federation of Clothing Workers, who is generally regarded as one of the most honest and reliable of São Paulo trade union leaders, told the Consulate General's Labor Officer that vice-president Goulart recently gave Dante Pellacani, secretary-general of the São Paulo Trade Union Council Cr\$200.000 to open the headquarters of the Janio-Jango Committee. Gatto also said that Luiz Carlos Prestes, secretary-general of the Brazilian Communist Party was scheduled to attend the meeting; but at the last minute the Communists decided that this would be too bold a move and might shock Lott into making an anti-Communist statement. (A despatch on the manifesto and the new labor front pro-Lott-Jango will follow).

For the Consul General:

Ralph J. Burton

Ralph J. Burton
American Consul

cc: Amembassy Rio de Janeiro

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Comment (Confidential) While there are no final figures, registration in São Paulo should total around 3.4 or 3.5 millions and actual voting should total at least 3.2 millions. Given the some 500,000 hard core pro-Adhemar votes in São Paulo, 800,000 votes for Lott would leave a balance of almost 60 percent, or 1.9 million votes, for Quadros. Quadros supporters estimate that at least 60 percent of the total vote will go to their candidate in São Paulo (which is not unreasonable the way the campaign is presently going). If Adhemar should withdraw and swing most of his support to Lott (the ability to do this in São Paulo has been covered in prior reports), then by the foregoing calculations Janio's victory margin could drop in São Paulo from 1.1 million to 600,000. At one time, some of the local pro-Lott politicians were saying that a one million vote margin for Janio in São Paulo could mark the general area of decision between victory or defeat--much less would mean defeat, much more, victory, for Janio. If the recent optimism of local Quadros supporters about Janio's inroads in other states is at all warranted, then this key figure could be reduced accordingly.

10. Labor Support of Lott-Goulart (Confidential)

Presidential candidate Marshall Lott and vice-presidential candidate Jango Goulart received a demonstration of solid support from Communist Party and fellow traveling labor leaders in São Paulo on June 25. This came in the form of a manifesto pledging allegiance to the Lott-Jango ticket, accompanied by the formation of an executive committee which will be known as the Electoral Front of São Paulo Workers, Pro-Lott-Jango.

The manifesto which was signed by some 400 alleged labor leaders was presented to Marshall Lott and vice-president Goulart at a public meeting in the Oberdan Movie House in the industrial sector of Brás. According to the local press, some 1,200 workers jammed the theater. Almost every well known São Paulo Communist Party and fellow traveler trade union leader signed the manifesto and attended the meeting.

Ramiro Luchesi a member of the Brazilian Communist Party's Presidium, was in attendance. Floriano Francisco Dezem, president of the São Paulo State Federation of Commercial Workers and a known Communist, chaired the meeting and his photograph with the Marshall, the vice-president, and Minister of Labor Batista Ramos, was prominently featured in leading São Paulo newspapers. A number of Communists and fellow travelers spoke during the meeting. Luiz Tenorio de Lima, a Communist Party member and president of the local union of dairy employees, bitterly criticized São Paulo labor leaders who were instrumental in the formation of Janio-Jango committees. Vice-president Goulart was included by implication in de Lima's criticism.

Vice-president Goulart delivered his usual demagogic address. Taking note of the criticism of the J-J Committees, he vehemently

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8. Kubitschek and Lott (Official Use Only)

Despite a statement during the week from Cunha Bueno (PSD federal deputy from São Paulo) that president Kubitschek would campaign for Lott in the final month before elections, all local evidence during the week was to the contrary. The President's Chief of Civil Staff, Oswaldo Penido, in town during the week with a group of top pro-Lott legislators for a TV appearance, told the press that Kubitschek will not participate openly in political meetings, but desires in every way Lott's election. Penido pointed to his own presence in São Paulo as proof of Kubitschek's interest in supporting Lott. When asked if agents of Quadros had come to Brasília to negotiate a "non-aggression" pact (alleged in newspaper in recent weeks), Penido limited himself to saying that such pacts don't function because no one can police the political declarations of associates. Lott later in the week told São Paulo reporters that he was sufficiently confident of victory that he judged the participation of President Kubitschek unnecessary.

Meanwhile, in Santos, PSD state deputy Conceição da Costa Neves inaugurated the first JK Committee Pro-Lott-Jango, supposed to be the forerunner of thousands to be established throughout the country to propagandize Kubitschek's achievements and to identify those achievements with Lott's candidacy.

Comment: (Confidential) It turns out that the JK Committee is the brain child of local PSD deputy Conceição da Costa Neves. While endorsed at "the meeting" in Brasília to plot Lott strategy, there is as yet no indication that the proposal is being supported by the large organizing effort required.

While Kubitschek stays on the sidelines, Janio continues to belabor the failings and deficiencies of the present administration (see item 1 above). That plus the statement on non-aggression pacts by Kubitschek's Chief of Civil Staff lend some substance to the rumored and apparently unsuccessful attempt by Quadros emissaries to obtain a "non-aggression" pact. One might speculate whether (a) Janio anticipates a last minute campaign participation by Kubitschek and is trying to draw him out earlier, (b) Janio is provoked because his agents couldn't make a deal, or (c) Janio is merely following the tested method of the "outs who want in"--i.e., charging that things are in a very bad state, and "I'm the one to straighten them out."

9. Goulart's Victory Calculation (Official Use Only)

According to one news account, Goulart, while awaiting Lott's arrival at the local airport this past week, estimated that the Lott-Goulart slate needed 890,000 votes in São Paulo to win nationally.

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eminent Brazilian and public figure Janio Quadros". Brazil, said Carvalho Pinto, is at the crossroads. "Or she moves with assurance in the spirit of conquest and consolidation of her progress...to a position of a great power in a few years, or she loses her unique opportunity if she is conquered by political manipulation or by those who can't think above purely partisan or political interests..." The Governor declared that his was a politics "against no one, but a politics in favor of the people and in favor of our higher interests". He also appealed to Paulista pride and spoke of the "definitive reconquest" by São Paulo "of her position in....the Brazilian federation".

Comment: Governor Carvalho Pinto at the moment enjoys tremendous prestige, not only in São Paulo, but throughout the nation. Major public figures, including President Kubitschek, speak his praise. Many little people will doubtless say (but in simpler words) that, if a "good man, an honest man, an able man" like Carvalho Pinto says so, then Janio must be the one to lead Brazil to a better way of life, to cure Brazil of all her ills, to achieve a new morality and spirit of achievement in public life. Carvalho Pinto's statement was widely publicized. He will doubtless speak more in this vein in the weeks ahead (see also São Paulo despatch 477, June 28, 1960, item 1).

7. Paulista Legislators Endorse Janio (Official Use Only)

The Carvalho Pinto Committee pro-Janio Quadros was finally inaugurated this past week. The committee supposedly mobilizes municipal, state and federal legislators of São Paulo in support of Janio. A manifesto signed by these legislators advocates moral and administrative renovation, financial restoration, the reformulation of foreign policy, etc. (closer scrutiny would doubtless disclose unequivocal endorsement of motherhood, God and country). It was signed by 48 state deputies (São Paulo has 91), 15 federal deputies (São Paulo has 44), the two pro-Quadros senators (Father Calasans and Lino de Mattos), and 15 of the 45 São Paulo city councilmen. Governor Carvalho Pinto, honorary president, could not attend and sent his regrets and congratulations. Janio was in Rio at the time. Politicians and state cabinet officers attended.

Comment: (Confidential) One can suspect that the several weeks delay in launching the committee was intended to give time for more legislators to sign. In view of the political power and influence of the state government, it is surprising to note the considerable number who did not sign. In part this may and probably does reflect a lack of enthusiasm amongst local legislators for Janio; but in part it doubtless reflects an irritation with Carvalho Pinto and his exercise of executive power, by which he has gained the ascendancy and dispenses public works, jobs and other largesse by executive action, while at the same time vetoing any attempts to do the same via the legislative route.

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the party label in last year's aldermanic elections for a million cruzelros, and general political opportunism. State deputy Mario Telles, São Paulo Alderman Silva Ribeiro, PL regional second vice-president Henrique Maurer and 14 others signed the manifesto identifying themselves as the true supporters of Janio Quadros. PL regional president Rodrigues Alves Filho, who had vigorously denounced Janio Quadros at the party's national convention, announced that this dissidence is minor, that the 17 dissidents had been expelled from the party.

Comment: Given the recent split in the PSB of São Paulo over presidential candidates, the current difficulties of the PTB (see item 2 above), and the troubles Adhemar de Barros is having in holding the PSP together in support of his presidential candidacy (see item 5 below), it would appear that major elections in Brazil, or at least this one, do not strengthen the party system. This would be especially evident if one took a count of the local officials in São Paulo who have ignored party label to support Quadros either in appreciation of favors, past or future, or due to the "influence" of the state administration of Carvalho Pinto.

5. PSP Support for Adhemar (Official Use Only)

During the past week PSP state deputies and city aldermen of São Paulo met to discuss the presidential campaign of national PSP president Adhemar de Barros. A far from unanimous decision was reached to develop and sign a manifesto in support of Adhemar's candidacy. As a result, PSP state deputy Onofre Gusuen announced that he was breaking with the party and declared himself for candidate Lott. Later in the week, PSP federal deputy Carvalho Sobrinho, long loyal to Adhemar, accused Adhemar of being stubborn. At the local airport to see off the PSP Minister of Health, Mario Pinotti, Sobrinho told a reporter that Adhemar was stubborn, had lost his political acuteness, and did not realize that the presidential campaign must be essentially anti-Janista.

Comment: The surprising thing is not the defections, but the degree of loyalty to Adhemar, in PSP ranks. There should be more defections as the campaign progresses. This will be especially true if the pressure of party discipline is applied to force active support of Adhemar's presidential campaign.

6. Governor Lends Janio Shining Armor (Official Use Only)

Governor Carvalho Pinto, during an audience granted to a number of Paulista mayors this past week, "pulled out all stops" and in effect hinged the future well-being of Brazil on the election of Janio Quadros to the presidency. All his public life, said the Governor, had been devoted to the movement which has as its banner "moral and administrative renovation, brought to realization by that

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At the local airport at the end of the week, while awaiting candidate Lott's arrival, one reporter credits Goulart with telling Ulysses Guimarães that there was need for a little more "gearing together" of the PTB in the campaign, thus reiterating the complaint of Ivete Vargas and her communist and ultra-nationalist supporters. At the end of the week it was announced that next week the São Paulo Metropolitan Inter-Party Committee pro-Lott will sponsor a rally in the capital city to be attended by Lott.

Comment (Confidential) From remarks attributed to Lott, it appears that, before coming to São Paulo last weekend, he may have intended to restructure the campaign command in the state.

This post has previously reported the strong leftist coloration of the São Paulo metropolitan committee, even to the extent of having equal representation on the committee for the Communist Party along with other legal political parties. As indicated last week, it thus appears that the Communists and leftists are "muscling in". As some local observers might say, these Communists and leftists can provide the "political band"--the music, the crowds, the fireworks, the organized applause. They will frequently be able to give Lott the feeling that he has great popular support. From past experience, however, the preponderance of the people of São Paulo reject this extremism and the net result can be fewer votes for Lott.

4. Other Political Party Strains (Official Use Only)

Both the UDN and the PL in São Paulo were having difficulties this past week due in part at least to the presidential campaign. Vicente de Paula Lima, acting regional president of the UDN, asked to be relieved of this office which he had assumed a good many months ago. Paulo Lima had taken over when UDN federal deputy Ernesto Pereira Lopes withdrew from the UDN regional presidency because of a dispute with the UDN São Paulo metropolitan directorate over the latter's endorsement of Janio Quadros for president. As this post reported, acting regional president Paula Lima was recently irritated when Janio failed to attend the official launching in São Paulo of the vice-presidential candidacy of Milton Campos. Efforts to get Pereira Lopes to resume the party regional presidency are reportedly being made by Quadros supporters. In addition, Paula Lima has suggested that a committee be organized in São Paulo to superintend the party's efforts in support of Janio Quadros and Milton Campos. Minister Paula Lima says that he has for some time asked to be relieved of party office because his duties as a member of the Tribunal of Accounts prevent his giving proper attention to the presidential campaign.

Also during the past week a dissident manifesto was issued by PL members on the same day that the PL regional command convened an "extraordinary" state convention to consider ways and means to dynamize their efforts in support of Quadros. The manifesto charged persecution of party members on account of race prejudice, the sale of

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Ivete was charged with promoting selfish ends, with violating party statutes, with weakening the party in various ways, etc. It was alleged that present local PTB leadership is sustained by only a minority of the regional directorate. A petition to dissolve the regional directorate is now pending with the Regional Electoral Tribunal.

Meanwhile Ivete Vargas struck back, at her attackers, calling the manifesto "insignificant as are its signatories". Failings charged to her, she said, were theirs as members of the regional directorate. They had a voracious appetite for patronage and Ivete had letters and notes, she said, to prove it. Election defeats were their fault, not hers. The manifesto's signatories, said Ivete, are carrying out pro-Quadros maneuvers.

Returning to São Paulo at the end of the week after conferring with Goulart in Rio, Gusmão told a reporter that the PTB national president viewed these developments as a local problem.

Comment (Confidential) The signatories of the dissident manifesto, all enjoying high office by Goulart's beneficence, many implicated in the previously reported J-J movement, by their identity and by their action help round out the story in São Paulo--first, maneuvers under Goulart's sponsorship to generate support for Goulart from Quadros quarters at the expense of Lott; second, an attempt by Ivete to exploit this situation and regain the local party command from which she had been temporarily evicted "for reasons of health" by the party national command; third, a hasty retreat from J-J maneuvering and a redeclaration of allegiance to Lott by Goulart and henchmen; fourth, a move by the latter to evict Ivete, with Goulart covertly sympathetic but overtly everybody's friend--and perhaps, too, afraid to attack Ivete who appears at the moment as the self-appointed defender of Lott against those in the party who would betray him. (See earlier weekly reports on Presidential Campaign for further details on PTB conflict and J-J movement).

3. PTB vs PSD (Official Use Only)

Ulysses Guimarães, PSD federal deputy and head of the State Committee pro-Lott-Goulart, apparently found it necessary during the past week to give a public defense of his record as commander-in-chief of the Lott campaign in São Paulo. He cited the numerous rallies attended, the large number of TV shows and the leading political figures who appeared on them. He had, said Ulysses, received from Lott and from committee associates proper reassurances after having served notice that he would refuse to continue in office unless he enjoyed their full confidence. Guimarães also alluded to adverse comments made in connection with understandings he had worked out with PTB leader Ivete Vargas during Lott's presence in São Carlos the week previous.

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Asked about his alleged lack of faith in Brazil, Janio recalled that he, early in his career as São Paulo Governor, presiding at a meeting of the Parana-Uruguay Basin Commission, had proposed transfer of the nation's capital to Goiás. Janio cited various hydroelectric plants fathered by him. The ex-São Paulo Governor took credit for the activity in Brazil of Mercedes Benz, Volkswagen, and other industry; for having invited Japanese industry; for Cosipa, the steel plant being built in Santos. These things, said Janio, proved his faith in Brazil's future. He was only against inflation; a devaluated currency; the destruction of agriculture and fishing; the corruption of social security; the burdening of the many for the enrichment of the few, etc. At the airport, before taking off for Ceara later in the week, Janio proclaimed that he would make his contribution to the perfection of democracy by debating only national problems. "I'll pay no attention to my opponents. Neither their provocations nor their injuries."

Comment (Confidential) Thus Janio, on a "high plane" accuses the government in power of corruption, exploitation, neglect (infant mortality, illiteracy), etc. Earlier reports from this post have cited instances in which Janio has attacked opposing candidate Lott as incompetent. A few weeks ago this post reported the television broadcast in which Pedrosa Horta, a Quadros lieutenant, spoke at length of Lott's use of the military in 1958 to obstruct a farmer's march on the nation's capital.

Lott's attacks on Janio in São Paulo have lacked the care, planning and organization needed to have any chance of effectiveness. The evidence of Janio's failings as Governor is relatively strong only when speaking of other than public works, of public service programs in the fields of education, health, agriculture, crime prevention, etc. Strongly pro-Quadros newspapers and the present pro-Quadros state administration can be quoted to prove Janio's neglect of agriculture, education, policing, etc. The attacks against Janio by Lott in São Paulo have, if anything, been harmful to Lott rather than Janio.

2. The PTB Internal Conflict (Official Use Only)

Although people enjoying the confidence of PTB national president Goulart are attacking the local party leadership and although the party locally is torn by internal conflict in connection with the national presidential campaign, Goulart reportedly refuses to accept this as a matter of national party concern. A manifesto denouncing the leadership of regional president Ivete Vargas was issued during the week under the signature of Roberto Guarnão (former regional labor delegate and this week, by Goulart's good offices, promoted to Director in the National Bank of Cooperative Credit), Celso Benevides Carvalho (IAPETC regional delegate), Antonio Donato (IAPC regional delegate), Miguel Jorge Nicolau (PTB leader in the State Assembly), and others.

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20 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION ARM-4	DEPT. RM/R-2	IRC-7 REP-1		
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SUBJECT: Presidential Campaign Highlights - Week Ending June 25, 1960					

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DEPARTMENT OF STATE
BUREAU OF
INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS

JUL 8 1960

1. Janio Answers Attackers (Official Use Only)

Over local television early in the week, rebroadcast to Rio, presidential candidate Janio Quadros served notice that he would only conduct his campaign on a high level, discussing ideas, exploring problems, seeking solutions. He would not reply to the low level of personal criticism practiced by his opponent (Lott). The voters would judge and reply at the elections. The democratic vocabulary, said Janio, is elastic, susceptible to abuse by demagogues and extremists, by dishonest exploiters. Thus spoke Janio, admitted by some of his most ardent supporters to be the supreme master of campaign demagoguery.

In a TV question and answer program, that was mostly answer and very little question, Janio pointed with pride in his record of construction as Governor: highways, health centers, power, child care centers, etc. This was cited to rebut opposition charges that he, Janio, built only jails and had contributed to infant mortality by neglecting medical assistance to children.

RJBurton:JFShea:mlf

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For the Consul General:

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American Consul

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Correio Paulistano's Meira Mattos observed that "The American strategists like very much what they call a 'calculated risk.' They think that in order to win one has to risk (something). It is possible that (Eisenhower) was putting into practice the principles of such strategy based on boldness. Although, in this case, it was not possible to figure out the extent of such risk. Premier Kishi acted wisely in withdrawing the invitation." Usually pro-United States Meira Mattos concluded that "the circumstances under which the President's visit to Japan was called off represent unquestionable discredit to the United States." On The Neutralism of Japanese Youth Meira Mattos said that "It wasn't Ike's presence they fought but what it meant in support of the Mutual Security Pact. It is an uncontrollable aspiration of the Japanese youth that Japan should avoid everything that could make it relive the horrors of Hiroshima and Nagasaki."

Diario de SSo Paulo under the title Synthesis of a Trip observed that "The mob is a wild beast which reacts under the impulse of disturbing and irrational emotion...The mob that noisily demonstrates today against Eisenhower, under different psychological circumstances would applaud wildly the President of the United States. History is full of events which characterize such chameleonism of the mobs."

Usually thoughtful Erwin Theodor declared in A Gazeta that "for the first time the strength of the West is tottering on Japanese soil. We don't believe that Tokyo will change its course but it is possible that it will try to follow a more neutral one. While Moscow and Peking rejoice, the West can only hope that it does not see the multiplication of such unhappy events which have recently assailed the United States; let us hope that it is possible to maintain the equilibrium of forces for the sake of world peace."

10. Algeria (Unclassified)

The possibility of agreement between the governments of Paris and Tunis continued to draw press attention with newspapers devoting increasing space and prominence to the subject. The trend is an all-out favorable attitude toward De Gaulle's stand, his "peace of the brave" offer to the Algerians. O Estado de SSo Paulo said that "General De Gaulle...couldn't give better proof of his talent as a statesman than this 'fair, peaceful, and democratic solution.' A prestige showdown is inevitable between DeGaulle and the 'colons.' But we think that the days of the 'colons' are numbered. General De Gaulle's prestige is in a rocketing rise. Metropolitan France is with him and with it the civilized world." Gilberto Rosa in Diario de SSo Paulo observed that "it is true that Russia and China...are united in the effort to conquer the black continent for Communism but peace in Algeria blocks the plans of international Communism. De Gaulle is saving Algeria from complete ruin; he is saving the African continent from Communist penetration."

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executive board members of the CST for the most part did not participate. The Communist minority, however, turned out in force. The speaker's truck held a number of known Communist Party members.

Afonso Teixeira Filho, president of the S8o Paulo State Federation of Land Transport Workers, and Darcy Gatto, president of the S8o Paulo State Federation of Clothing Workers, arrived late, appraised the situation, and left without speaking. Both Gatto and Teixeira Filho told the Consulate General's Labor Officer they were appalled at the Communist turn out. Throughout the meeting, speaker after speaker insisted that the meeting was non-political. However, it was held directly in front of the headquarters of the Frente Nacionalista, pro-Lott-Jango. The electric power used for the loudspeakers and floodlights during the meeting was also furnished by the Frente Nacionalista. In addition, Dante Pellacani, secretary-general of the CST and one of the leaders of the Janio-Jango movement in S8o Paulo, lauded Vice-President Goulart for championing the rights of the workers.

COMMENT: To the Consulate General's Labor Officer the most significant feature of the entire evening was the almost complete apathy of the workers in attendance. The most inflammatory statements of the speakers only received a scattering of applause throughout the evening. Luiz Menossi, president of the CST, privately admitted that it was a mistake to hold the meeting, that, in his belief, it turned out to be a complete fiasco.

Psychological

9. Japan and Mutual Security (Unclassified).

Local editorials during the past week gave heavy play to the Mutual Security Pact signed between Japan and the United States, and to the Japanese demonstrations against President Eisenhower's visit. "... the winner was the President of the United States" said Benedito Costa Neto commenting on the President's trip in a leading morning paper, Folha de S8o Paulo. "The very fact that the Japanese demonstrators were freely showing their points of view was a practical proof of what they had learned from the democracies. Such demonstrations in Peking or Moscow against the regime in power would be impossible." Adds Costa Neto: "This proves that the Japanese people are integrated within a democratic community and hardly would accept a regime that denied it freedom." Considering the same subject a few days later, Folha de S8o Paulo wrote that "In spite of the Japanese government having a legislative majority, no one could anticipate now how far the disagreeing minority would influence the future orientation of the country in its relations with the United States. Eisenhower was wise in heeding Kishi's request that he abstain from visiting Japan. In the outcry against him (Eisenhower) there is more exploitation by international Communism than mistakes by the State Department."

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to give them "cover;" that Soviet use of priests to promote Communist aims is borne out by the presence of Soviet clergy at "peace conferences." The two Americans stated that they intended to present a petition to the Congress to deny the two Soviets the right to speak at the Congress or in Baptist churches.

7. Presidential Campaign (Confidential).

Early in the past week, over local television, presidential candidate Janio Quadros cited his record as São Paulo Governor to refute criticism of opposition candidate Lott and to prove his faith in Brazil's future. Janio announced that he would not stoop to personal attack; then denounced corruption, exploitation, and neglect under the present administration. Meanwhile, São Paulo Governor Carvalho Pinto endorsed Janio in terms of Brazil realizing its moral and administrative redemption and its true destiny rather than succumbing to base political manipulation--virtue vs. sin as phrased by a public figure who is at present widely identified in Brazil with civic virtue and good government.

Factional fighting in the PTB, which started at least superficially, over local PTB stimulation of Janio-Jango committees, intensified, with party president Goulart not openly taking sides. Eruptions also occurred in the UDN, the PL and the PSP in connection with the presidential campaign. The PTB in São Paulo moved more actively into the pro-Lott campaigning, and, as a result, the PTB leftists should provide better organized political receptions for Lott even though very likely hurting his vote appeal.

A new pro-Quadros committee of Paulista legislators is noteworthy for the number of local legislators who failed to join. Nonetheless, Janio still appears to have far the best of it in São Paulo as the campaign progresses. His strength does not appear in the least diminished by a newly formed pro-Lott-Goulart committee of labor leaders, real and synthetic, and heavily Communist or fellow traveler in orientation. (For further details, see São Paulo Despatch No. 476, June 28, 1960.)

Labor

8. Demonstration for Higher Minimum Wages (Confidential).

São Paulo trade union leaders staged a demonstration on June 21, advocating an immediate increase in minimum wages. The meeting, which was sponsored by the São Paulo State Trade Union Council (CST), was held in Praça da Sé in the heart of downtown São Paulo. According to the local press, between 1,000 and 2,000 workers turned out. The Consulate General's Labor Officer attended the demonstration and estimated the crowd to be around 500. Non-Communist

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COMMENT: This could be merely a short term substitution or it could mean that Guimarães has emerged as the stronger of the two in relation to PSD Federal Deputy Antonio Silvio da Cunha Bueno. Prior to the appointment of Carlos Cyrillo, Jr. as Ambassador to Belgium, the two were prominently mentioned to replace Cyrillo Junior as PSD regional president. Many interpreted the fact that Cyrillo Junior took leave of the presidency, rather than resigning, as a move to avoid conflict for the office.

5. Adhemar vs. City Council (Official Use Only).

Mayor Adhemar de Barros took issue with the São Paulo City Council this past week over the right of investigating committees appointed by the City Council to investigate alleged irregularities in the conduct of municipal affairs. Adhemar refused a committee's request to examine documents in the Department of Architecture and City Planning and argued that he was acting "in obedience to the constitutional principal of the separation of powers." (See São Paulo Despatch 467, June 21, 1960). Many councilmen, including Communist Rio Branco Paranhos, agreed with PL Alderman Silva Ribeiro, of the investigating committee, that a decision by the São Paulo Tribunal of Justice upheld their right to examine documents. This point of view was opposed by PSP Alderman Figueiredo Ferraz, the Mayor's son-in-law, who interpreted the decision differently. Mayor Adhemar proposed that the facts be turned over to him and he would do the investigating.

COMMENT: Despite the Mayor's rebuff, the investigating committee prepared to call the representatives of two construction companies in order to question them. (BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL) Adhemar is more likely concerned over the validity of the charges than over governmental principle. (END CONFIDENTIAL)

6. American Baptists Charge Communist Infiltration (Official Use Only).

At a press conference in São Paul this past week two American Baptist ministers, who came to attend the 10th Congress of the World Baptist Alliance in Rio, declared that two Soviet priests attending (Alexander Karov and Jakov Zhidkov) were Communist agents attempting to subvert the World Baptist Alliance (WBA). The Soviets were accused of using the WBA as a front for political propaganda. The American ministers referred to the case of Joannes Peter, who went to the United States in 1954 as a representative of the Hungarian Baptist Church, but was subsequently named to the UN by the Hungarian Government. The Americans stated that the Soviets camouflaged their true objectives by maintaining two churches, one Baptist and one Catholic, but would not permit Baptist ministers to visit the Soviet interior to verify if there are 450,000 adherents in the Soviet Union as alleged; that Radio Moscow had called the two Soviet priests saboteurs of socialism and agents of imperialism to

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promised that what is lawfully due will be paid by the state at a proper time, but cautioned against precipitous action. The/did not comment on the report, alleged to contain possible solutions to the problem, which had been submitted to him by the state's attorneys who have been studying the case (see despatch 467). Meanwhile, State Assembly Vice-President Conceição da Costa Neves (PSD), introduced a bill which would appropriate one million cruzeiros of state funds to solve the problem; Deputy Leoncio Ferraz, Jr. (PR) proposed that 500 million be granted.

COMMENT: With the Governor's personal assurance that no one will be dispossessed, major public unrest in Palmital is unlikely.

3. Registration Campaign Closes (Official Use Only).

While the final efforts of the Governor (see item 1) and the activity of civil and educational authorities, combined with publicity by all public media, added impetus to the registration campaign in all parts of the state, preliminary figures indicate that the goal of 4 million registered voters was not achieved when the campaign closed on June 24. Numerous local authorities estimate that about 3.5 million are registered (which is in line with this post's earlier prediction; see S&O Paulo despatch 435, May 31, 1960). Nevertheless, this is an appreciable gain over the 2,757,309 registered in the state during the last presidential campaign. The figure may represent about 23 per cent of the total Brazilian electorate. Registrations in the capital are estimated to be about 1,280,000, a gain of more than 75,000 in two weeks. The proportion of women among the new registrants in the capital is reported to be very high---many say 70 per cent.

COMMENT: Recent figures are not available on the number of people registered outside of the capital city. On March 31, 1960, there were 1,928,753 reportedly registered in the interior. This figure added to the estimated number registered in the capital would necessitate the registration of close to 300,000 voters in the interior in less than three months to reach 3.5 million. Despite the fact that the registration campaign was intensive in the rural areas this would appear to be slightly on the high side and the actual figure may well be closer to 3.4 million rather than 3.5 million when the results are officially announced.

4. Change in PSD Command (Official Use Only).

Federal Deputy Ulysses Guimarães, vice-president of the S&O Paulo PSD Regional Directorate, was this week designated as the acting regional president of the PSD, replacing acting president José Ferreira Keffer, who is incapacitated as the result of an accident.

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described as the "great hope of the Brazilian people," an "eminent public figure," and the "author of the administrative revolution in S&O Paulo." Upon several occasions the Governor declared that his administration was continuing the work of his predecessor to further raise living standards in S&O Paulo. By inference at least, Governor Carvalho Pinto indicated that he had improved administrative processes over those existing during Janio's tenure, by the introduction of a "new system," the establishment of a personal staff of engineering and economic planners under co-ordinator Plinio de Arruda Sampaio, to develop and guide the Governor's Plan of Action. This procedure helped to eliminate bureaucratic delays and inter-departmental jealousies, the Governor stated. He added that a number of developments contemplated in the Plan would be announced within 60 days, and he promised that the entire Plan would be finished during his tenure.

During his trip, the Chief Executive frequently discussed the plight of agriculturalists (particularly the small farmer) and the measures taken by his administration to aid them. The Governor pointed out that under his administration those with small farms were no longer required to pay taxes, an event with precedence in Brazil. He stressed the fact that a solid industrial base could not be established unless agriculture prospered. He deplored exchange confiscation (on coffee exports); stated that S&O Paulo intended to finance peanuts at 450 cruzeiros per sack, and mentioned the financing at 4 per cent interest for small farmers producing rice, beans, and corn that he instituted about nine months ago.

COMMENT: Despite the fact that Carvalho Pinto likes to present himself as an apolitical Governor, he stated that he would devote more time to Janio's presidential aspirations, once the campaign to increase vote registration was ended. It can be expected that further endorsements of Janio will be forthcoming during the Governor's future trips to the interior of the state. (See also item 6, despatch 476, June 28, 1960).

2. Palmital (Official Use Only).

The citizens of Palmital, who look to the Governor to provide a solution to their land problem (see S&O Paulo despatch 467, June 21, 1960) had the opportunity to discuss it first hand this week when the Governor's "municipal train" visited Palmital (see item 1). The Governor was received with enthusiasm by a large crowd despite the fact that it was after midnight when he arrived and the townspeople had been waiting for more than three hours. The Governor reassured the people that no one would be deprived of their land; that their rights would be protected, and that the Bank of the State of S&O Paulo would provide special credits to small farmers (banks have refused to grant loans since the da Cruz heirs moved to take possession; see S&O Paulo despatch 444, June 7, 1960). The Governor

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	7/6	CEA-10-4514-12 OSD-4 Army-4 Navy-2			
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DEPARTMENT OF STATE
BUREAU OF
INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS
JUL 8 1960

Political

1. Governor Carvalho Pinto Visits Sorocabana (Official Use Only).

During June 18 and 19 Governor Carvalho Pinto, in the first of several planned trips to the interior, visited 49 towns and talked to over 60 mayors in the Sorocabana area of the state. The Governor, accompanied by a number of state officials, went by plane to Presidente Wenceslau, the farthest point of his journey, where he boarded his special train to return to São Paulo. Enroute to the capital he addressed the local populace at each station (one car is equipped with a public address system), picked up the mayor and other local officials, and discussed local problems until their departure at the next stop.

The Governor's trip, ostensibly non-political, was clearly an effort to solve the problems of the rural areas first hand and to encourage the registration campaign so that São Paulo could have more influence in the destiny of the nation. It was also utilized to promote the presidential candidacy of Janio Quadros. Janio was variously

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From Curitiba

If Flávio Costa should win, it would show that a well organized party in administrative command of government can still call the turn regardless of voter discontentment, provided the opposition cannot get together.
(O.U.O.)

Obviously, these potential conclusions are subject to modification in some degree depending on the volume of voting, and the proportion by which any one candidate wins. Also, there is one important qualification when speaking of political party organization. Partisan organizations in Paraná do command a certain amount of strength, especially when the party has some administrative power such as control of a municipal government. But the old-fashioned political machine of the "colonels" and "corporals" in Brazil seems to be disappearing. In earlier times farm or factory owners could dictate to their workers how they would vote. This no longer works in Paraná. But it is possible for a modern political machine built in the image of United States big city politics to function efficiently in Paraná. If the power of the charismatic leader should fade somewhat in the next few years, this modern-style machine may become an important factor, especially in local and state politics. (O.U.O.)

Edward M. Rowell
Edward M. Rowell
American Consul

SOURCES:

- (1) a private poll of mayors of southwestern Paraná municipalities conducted at the request of the consulate by the USIS Representative in Curitiba during a recent visit to a conference in Toledo, Paraná.
- (2) Opinions from mayors, city councilmen, political leaders, journalists, and important businessmen in the three important northern Paraná cities of Maringá, Londrina and Jacareizinho. The information was collected on a recent field trip by the reporting officer. His personal observations are also included.
- (3) Opinions collected from responsible individuals and personal observations of the reporting officer in Curitiba, Paranaguá, and Ponta Grossa (all in southeast Paraná).

cc: Supervising Consul General.

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From Curitiba

B. Henrique Teixeira Lott

Marshal Lott has very little positive strength in Paraná, and what he has is derived almost entirely from the state PSD organization. The Marshal's main disadvantages are: (1) incredibly poor stage presence and public personality (every time the Marshal has appeared personally in Paraná he has lost votes); (2) intimate association with a party which is responsible for every excess or failure (especially certain failures of coffee policy from Paraná's point of view) of the Brazilian federal government in the past 15 years; and (3) apparent responsibility for stopping the Marcha da Produção with bayonets and machine-guns in 1958. It looks as though no amount of nationalist appeal could help Lott in Paraná. (L.O.U.)

C. Adhemar de Barros

Today no one hears of Adhemar anywhere in Paraná. His stronghold in the state should be in the north where there are many people of São Paulo origin, and where he received a fair number of votes in 1955. But even in the north one has to dig deep to find any awareness of Adhemar's candidacy. (UNCL.)

IV CONCLUSIONS

The probability that as of now Jânio Quadros would win the presidential race in Paraná has been discussed above. The various vice presidential candidates should have little effect on the presidential voting, especially since João Goulart seems to be only lukewarm about Marshal Lott. (O.U.O.)

The gubernatorial race is much too close, and election day still too distant, to make any rational prognosis possible. (UNCL.)

The outcome of the Paraná contest will be revealing so far as the development of basic political forces in Paraná is concerned. (UNCL.)

If Ney Braga should be elected it would indicate that personal appeal, the church, money, and "vote against" attitudes are the determining factors in Paraná politics in 1960. It would show that the mystique of a warm personality is still probably the most telling political weapon in politics here. It would indicate that the feudal politics of "colonelism", and the machine-control of highly organized parties is becoming weak, perhaps disappearing. (L.O.U.)

If Nelson Maculan should be elected it would be a clear victory for political organization and the "vote against" trend. It would show that a good, strong party organization is necessary to win an election in Paraná. And it would show that "opposition" is currently the most appealing theme in this state. (O.U.O.)

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From Curitiba

(Paranaguá-Curitiba-Ponta Grossa, União da Vitória). He has been counting on this popularity already earned, and has concentrated his campaigning in northern Paraná where antipathy to the incumbent state government is already great, and where he has some chance to sell himself as the best opposition candidate. Judging from information gathered by the reporting officer on a recent trip to northern Paraná, Ney has made very considerable headway in that area, and could take up to half the vote in most of the big cities, except Londrina. (L.O.U.)

Ney's basic strengths are: (1) a winning personality; (2) untinting financial support from many of the wealthiest businessmen in Paraná (including the Lunardelli interests from northern Paraná, and the Hermes Macedo commercial enterprises in southeastern Paraná); and (3) the near unanimous support of the Roman Catholic clergy. Braga is the only candidate who is being openly supported by the Catholic clergy, and it is possible for this to become the telling point in the election. (L.O.U.)

Ney's great weakness is that none of the political parties supporting him is very strong. The strongest is the UDN, and at best the UDN might be able to command 20% of the vote (both the PTB and the PSD are much stronger). When the UDN nominated Braga the party was so split that a resolution was passed allowing the individual municipal directorates to support whomever they thought best. Though at first it appeared that Braga would lose the support of most of the UDN in the north, it is now clear that the Londrina directorate is the only important one to go against him. Even so, most of Paraná is nominally under the control of the PSD and the PTB, which leaves Ney in the cold so far as a large-scale party support is concerned. (UNCL.)

Estimate of chances: Ney is running on money, personal popularity and the "vote against" trend which was noted in 1958 and 1959. These could be enough to elect, provided the PTB party organization doesn't take too many votes away from him. (L.O.U.)

III THE PRESIDENTIAL RACE

A. Jânio Quadros

Jânio Quadros remains far and away the leading presidential candidate. Most of the reasons for this have been discussed in earlier despatches (See D-35, Feb. 16, 1960; D-45 Apr. 5, 1960.). In sum, however, Jânio should win because of certain "positive attributes" of his own, and certain negative aspects of Marshal Lott. In Paraná, Quadros' main appeal seems to be his ability to select well qualified assistants, plus the fact that he is the opposition candidate. The Quadros and Carvalho Pinto regimes in São Paulo are considered nearly ideal, and are thought to be precursors of a Quadros federal government. (O.U.O.)

B. Henrique

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Maculan's main strength, geographically speaking, is around Londrina, where he made his fortune and is known, and in Curitiba where the PTB has control of the city government. Surprisingly, in northern communities outside of Londrina, such as Maringa and Jacarezinho, Ney BRAGA seems to be more popular than Maculan. The importance of PTB support in Curitiba is diminished by the fact that Curitiba is Braga's original stamping ground. (O.U.O.)

Public opinion attitudes regarding Maculan are instructive. In Curitiba where he is not known personally, people say they will vote for him because he is the PTB candidate. This is especially true of "working class" people. In northern Paraná, those who support him do so because he is the only candidate from the north, and the people of the north believe that the rest of the state has been living off the profits of the north's hard labor. Even among people who say they will vote for Maculan, most admit that Maculan is "politically immature" and too untrained to make a good governor. (CONF.)

This consensus makes even more significant the fact that a number of old, professional Paraná politicians have flocked to the Maculan banner. In the case of some, like Bento Munhoz da ROCHA (PR), these people have joined Maculan for very personal reasons (Rocha has never supported the PSD, and would have supported the UDN except that the UDN candidate is Ney BRAGA, Rocha's former son-in-law for whom Rocha has an almost psychotic hatred). The majority, however, like Guimarães, Velloso and Carneiro, have joined Maculan because: (1) they think Flinio will lose; (2) even if Flinio does not lose, they would lose their own control in the PSD anyway; (3) Maculan could win as easily as the other two candidates; and (4), Maculan, unlike BRAGA, probably will do whatever his political cohorts want if he is elected. (CONF.)

Financial backing has been a big problem for Maculan. The Paraná PTB is estranged from the national party because it supports Jânio Quadros. It would probably be political suicide for Maculan to support Lott in Paraná instead of Quadros. But the state party is short on funds. So far, his campaign has been kept running on contributions from wealthy coffee growers in northern Paraná. It is reliably reported that a collection for Maculan in Maringa (where Braga is more popular) netted CR\$ 20 million. On this basis he will probably have enough money. (L.O.U.)

Estimate of chances: Fairly good since his strongest party support is in Paraná's two largest population centers. However, Braga is running a strong race and may take enough votes from Maculan to keep him from winning. (L.O.U.)

C. Major Ney de Barros BRAGA

Ney Braga was the first announced candidate, and has been running hard since last November. He made a political name for himself as Curitiba's first elected mayor (1953-58), so he is well known in southeastern Paraná

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who are engineering this campaign are Alfredo PINHEIRO Jr. (Chief of State Police), Raul VIANNA (Secretary to the Governor), and Jeno RIBEIRO Jr. (Secretary of Finance, formerly Secretary of Agriculture, currently representing Brazil at International Coffee Agreement negotiations being held in Washington. (O.U.O.))

Certain prominent PSD members have organized a dissident wing which is supporting PTB candidate Nelson MACULAN. This schism is purely personal on the part of the dissidents, and has nothing to do with the national hook-up between the PTB and the PSD. Chief among the dissidents are Senator ALG GUIMARAES, ex-Senator Gaspar VELLOSO, and State Assembly President Guatagára-Borba CARNEIRO (one-time interim governor). It is interesting that the longest standing PSD dissident, ACCIOLY FILHO, though still dissident, is carefully refraining from joining the obviously mercenary politicking of the GUIMARAES-VELLOSO-CARNEIRO group. He thus is maintaining his status of number one anti-Lupion PSD leader in Paraná. (UNCLASSIFIED)

Plinio's main assets are (1) his reputation of twelve years of honest and competent government service in Paraná, (2) the full support of most elements of the governing PSD machine (the dissident PSD-ers have almost no administrative control over the present state machine), and (3) the financial support of the state government. (O.U.O.)

Plinio's greatest weakness is his intimate association with a discredited state government. In conversations with leaders from all parties in all parts of Paraná, the reporting officer has been repeatedly told that Plinio personally is an excellent man, but that after five years of corrupt government it is necessary to throw the PSD out, Plinio with it. In this context, although governor LUPION has refrained from any very active campaigning for Plinio, it is hard to tell whether this is detrimental or beneficial to Plinio. On the whole it appears that Plinio's chances improve as long as Lupion does not campaign too directly for him. (L.O.U.)

Estimate of chances: Fair chance of winning by a plurality if Ney BRAGA and Nelson MACULAN manage to split the opposition vote evenly. In this case the regular PSD machine will prove its worth. (L.O.U.)

B. Nelson MACULAN

MACULAN's campaign and his chances of winning are wrapped up almost entirely in the strength of the organized PTB. Although the party has successfully built an image of an honest, hard-working Paraná pioneer who has made good, the PTB has failed to imbue MACULAN with the aura of mystic destiny they had hoped to achieve by declaring him to be "a new generation Souza Naves." (O.U.O.)

MACULAN

Maculan's

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AIR POUCH VIA COUNTER
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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

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FROM : American Consulate, Curitiba
 TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.
 REF : Curitiba D-35 of Feb. 16 1960.

59
 DESP. NO.

June 25 1960
 DATE

Mr. Dept.	ACTION	RECD	RM/A-2	RC-7	P-3
Use Only	7/1	7/1	CIA-10	OS/A-10	NAM-3
					NSA-2

SUBJECT: MID-CAMPAIGN POLITICAL ASSESSMENT OF PARANA

I SUMMARY

Janio Quadros is running far ahead of Henrique Teixeira Lott in Parana. The Marshall's personal appearance in Parana in May seems to have cost him votes rather than won them. Adhemar de Barros is not even considered a candidate in Parana. Voting for presidential candidates is not expected to affect the voting for gubernatorial candidates, unless Janio Quadros openly sponsors one of the opposition candidates, in which case that candidate would probably win. Such sponsorship does not seem likely at this point. (L/O.U.)

Vice presidential candidates generate little interest. Although Ferrari is potentially popular, he has no strong party backing him in Parana. Joao Goulart is ahead on this score because the PTB is actively supporting him. No mention is made of Hilton Campos locally. (O/U.O.)

The gubernatorial race is too close to try to guess what the outcome will be. However, the strengths and weaknesses of each candidate fall into a clear pattern so that the result of the October election should reveal basic information about the nature of Parana politics. In particular the election should help define the importance of party organization, the importance of personal "mystique", the importance of money alone as distinguished from money linked with political power, the real importance of so-called "vote against" trends, and the political influence of the Roman Catholic clergy. (L/O.U.)

II THE GUBERNATORIAL RACE

A. Plinio Franco Barreira da Costa

Plinio's campaign is progressing with moderate success. Most of the PSD machine is backing him, especially in the interior (northeast and southwest) of Parana. Important inner-circle members of the party machine

Barrowell/jtb

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The reporting officer has been reliably informed that the Sociedade Algodoeira do Nordeste Brasileira (SANDRA) very recently offered for sale to the China National Tea Corporation in Canton, Communist China, 1,250 bags (75 tons) of coffee. The offer, which was made by cable direct to Canton from Santos, was refused because the price quoted was too high.

Comment: (LIMITED OFFICIAL USE)

The reporting officer is further informed that SANDRA has been given reason to suspect that its previous shipments of coffee to Red China (see Weekly Comment of May 27, 1960) have been processed in China for reexport to other countries, presumably in Southeast Asia.

2. Gasoline and Oil from Russia (UNCLASSIFIED)

According to the press, the new Danish tanker "Java" arrived here June 9 to unload 17,500 tons of gasoline and oil carried here "from Russian ports". The cargo was reported as "consigned to two firms distributing petroleum products."

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

"Java" was under charter to the Frota Nacional de Petroleiros (FRONAPE) and left Santos June 12 for Aruba.

3. Santos Port Congestion Eases (UNCLASSIFIED)

The congestion of shipping awaiting berthing space in Santos has eased somewhat in the last week. At the present time about a dozen ships are awaiting berthing space as compared with 18 last week.

IV CONSULAR

1. General (UNCLASSIFIED)

Consular operations have continued normally during the past week.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

On June 13 the Consulate issued a non-immigrant visa to Air Force Lt. Colonel Francisco Alredo Gouvea Horcades, Commander of the Santos Air Base. Horcades plans to depart Santos on June 19 by Brazilian military aircraft for the U.S., and will remain there for about 3 weeks. The Colonel only recently returned from a pleasure trip in Europe.

V ADMINISTRATIVE - Negative.

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4. Local Consuls Receive Brazilian Decoration (UNCLASSIFIED)

On June 15 the Chilean Consul in Santos Luis Humbser Pinochet and the Italian Vice Consul Francesco Salverio Olivieri received the "Marshal Rondon" medal (instituted March 13, 1959) from the Brazilian Geographic Society in a ceremony here.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Both Humbser and Olivieri are career diplomats, and were among several persons receiving the medal.

II LABOR

1. General Strike Threatened in Santos (UNCLASSIFIED)

In response to a recent decision handed down by the Sao Paulo Regional Labor Court upholding the transfer to Curitiba of 30 long-time employees of the Moimho Paulista in Santos by that company, on June 12 the Forum Sindical de Debates (Santos City Central representing 52 unions) met to pledge its solidarity with the Sindicato dos Trabalhadores na Industria de Trigo, Milho e Mandioca de Santos, who are protesting the milling company's action as unjust and inhumane. In a lengthy session the City Council approved a resolution that unless the company reconsidered its decision about the transfer within 10 days, "the workers of Santos, principally those in the milling company, will go out on general strike." By the end of the week the City Central was still firm in its resolution to support the grievances of the 30 employees.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The persons in the City Central largely responsible for adoption of the strike resolution are Expedito Guedes Rodrigues, Central President and head of the powerful Coffee Loaders and Packers Union and Joao de Moraes Chaves (see Weekly Comment of June 2), President of the Urca Industries Workers Union. The former is pro-lott; the latter favors Janio. The Santos City Central is also supported by labor groups in the city of Sao Paulo.

The reporting officer is of the opinion that the City Central's threat is more a card the milling workers union can play in bargaining for a compromise wage increase than a guarantee of a "general strike", but that if the Moimho Paulists insists on transferring its employees some sort of local strike would probably take place.

III ECONOMIC

1. Coffee Ordered for Sale to Communist China (LIMITED OFFICIAL USE)

/ The reporting officer

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2. Increase in Local Interest in Mayoralty Succession (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

In the past two days or so the question of a successor to Sylvio Fernandes Lopes as Mayor of Santos has been under active consideration in municipal political circles here. A group of opposition City Councilmen have put forward the name of José Pacheco Profeta, a lawyer, as a possible mayoralty candidate in opposition to Luiz la Scala, Jr., the Mayor's protégé whom he wants as a successor. But City Council President José Afialo Filho has now been quoted as saying that Federal Deputy from Santos Rubens Ferreira Martins is the "natural candidate of the PSP" (Adenemar de Barros' Partido Social Progressista), and rumor has it that Afialo himself would be willing to be a compromise PSP candidate.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Although the mayoralty election will not be held until March 1961, Santos politicians are already thinking hard about who will be the next Mayor. Up to now Luiz la Scala, Jr., the present municipal Director of Public Works, has had the full support of Mayor Fernandes Lopes and has been the favorite for the PSP nomination. But a number of politicians within the Mayor's own PSP are less than enthusiastic at the prospect of a creature of Fernandes Lopes following him into the Mayor's office and, as a prelude to a stop-la Scala campaign, are puffing the names of other candidates as trial balloons to test the local political currents. It is the reporting officer's opinion that Sylvio Fernandes Lopes will have to fight hard if he wishes his man la Scala nominated by the PSP, much less elected. Already State Deputy Athélio Jorge Coury is an avowed candidate on the PSD ticket, as well as Antonio Ezequiel Feliciano da Silva on the PSD slate. Both are fairly formidable contenders, and Feliciano was a popular Mayor of Santos for the 1953-1957 term.

3. Communists Active in Pushing Lott Campaign in Santos (UNCLASSIFIED)

It is reported in the press that Santos communist ex-Federal Deputy José Maria Crispim recently participated in a meeting of pro-Lott politicians at the headquarters of the Partido Trabalhista Brasileiro (PTB) to plan a more intensive campaign for Marshal Lott in this area. Present at the conference were local leaders of the PTB and members of the Santos Frente Nacionalista.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Again according to the press, the meeting agreed that the Lott campaign had been lagging in Santos, and that greater efforts should be made to popularize the Marshal in this part of the State of Sao Paulo and to coordinate the efforts in his behalf by the PTB, the PSD, the PSB and the Frente Nacionalista.

/4. Local Consuls

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Enclosure No. 1

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5-1-59

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OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM

TO: American Consulate General, Sao Paulo Date: June 17, 1960

FROM: American Consulate, SANTOS *VPR*

SUBJECT: Weekly Comment on Events in Santos

REF:

I POLITICAL

1. Rumored Succession of Santos Mayor to Sao Paulo State Cabinet Post (UNCLASSIFIED)

During this week the local newspaper O Diario twice has strongly hinted editorially that a plan is afoot for Santos Mayor Sylvio Fernandes Lopes (see item 2 below) to be named Minister of Transport and Public Works for the State of Sao Paulo by Governor Carvalho Pinto, in place of Jose Vicente de Faria Lima. No date was mentioned.

Comment: (LIMITED OFFICIAL USE)

On June 15 the Mayor of Santos told the reporting officer that if Janio Quadros wins the election, he might become Secretary or Under Secretary of Transport and Public Works, but only after his term of Mayor expired next year.

This is in accordance with what Fernandes Lopes had told the reporting officer on May 18, although at that time the Mayor had stated that the offer had been made conditional upon his supporting the campaign of Janio Quadros. On June 15 no reference was made to the necessity of Fernandes Lopes coming out for Quadros, and the reporting officer was led to understand that the offer had been renewed by Carvalho Pinto on the basis of the Governor's own desire to secure the use of Fernandes Lopes' proven talents as engineer and expert on public works.

It is the reporting officer's opinion that the Santos Mayor is trying to accumulate some political insurance: personally a supporter of Ademar de Barros and standing to profit should Barros throw his support to Marshal Lott (which Fernandes Lopes thinks will actually happen), Fernandes Lopes now also may be in line for a political plum if Janio wins.

In this way the Santos Mayor may well be in a position to claim political preferment from whichever administration is in power after the elections - and without having to commit himself publically between either Lott or Quadros.

/s/ Increase in Local Interest

VPR and lph, ILL/vpr

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From São Paulo

2. There are rumors that national PTN president Emilio Carlos, avowed candidate for São Paulo mayor, does not buy the proposal that he run for Senator in 1962 instead.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

cc: AmEmbassy, Rio

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AIR POUCH		CONFIDENTIAL (Security Classification)		DO NOT TYPE IN THIS SPACE 732.00/6-2260	
FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH					
FROM :	Amongen, São Paulo		469		DEPARTMENT OF STATE June 22, 1960 INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS JUL 1 1960 410000/101-1-2 JUL 1 1960
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.				
REF :					
55 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION REC'D	* N	DEPT. N	SUBJECT: Santos Weekly Report AG-8 IN-7 TR-3 ENB-2 AN-6 FBI-1 OSD-4 Army-4 Navy-3 NSA-1	
Transmitted herewith for the information of the Embassy and the Department is the weekly report from the American Consulate at Santos, dated June 17, 1960. Item I-1 lends added substance to previous reports from this post of a UDN-FDC deal, sponsored by Governor Carvalho Pinto, whereby the FDC would get the São Paulo mayoralty in 1961 and the UDN would get the São Paulo governorship in 1962. According to these accounts, State Secretary of Transportation and Public Works, Faria Lima, who also has gubernatorial aspirations, would be taken care of by being appointed national Minister of Transportation and Public Works if Janio Quadros is elected president. The offer by Governor Carvalho Pinto to the Santos mayor of the State Secretaryship if Janio is elected, lends substance to the latter part of this deal. It is not inconceivable that São Paulo Governor Carvalho Pinto get a commitment from Janio Quadros for the appointment of Faria Lima to the National Ministry so that the Governor in turn could dangle bait in front of the PSP mayor in Santos to encourage neutrality or discreet sympathy toward the Quadros candidacy for president. In this way Carvalho Pinto serves the interests of Janio Quadros and at the same time the Governor's own local political machinations. Under the heading of "many a slip twixt the cup and the lip" one might add the following: 1. It is understood that Faria Lima will be held in reserve by Carvalho Pinto as a potential candidate for Governor if, for any reason, UDN State Secretary of Agriculture, Captain Nogueira should not be salable in 1962.					
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the Janio-Jango alliance. Francisco José Oliveira, regional delegate of the National Confederation of Industrial Workers, and a long time follower of vice-president Goulart, told the Labor Officer he considers Marshal Lott a poor candidate with very little chance. Therefore, he intends to support Janio-Jango. There are, however, some trade union leaders who intend to support the Janio-Farrari ticket. Only the Communist Party and fellow traveling trade union leaders continue to support the Lott-Jango alliance. Many São Paulo trade union leaders, including the well informed Mr. Alvarez, report that the Communists are supporting this ticket with little enthusiasm and are becoming more and more disillusioned with the Marshal.

Comment: In trade union circles, chief credit for the Janio-Jango alliance is given to Paulo Marzagão, Secretary of Labor for the state of São Paulo. An assist is also given to Roberto Guarnão, Regional Delegate of Labor for the state of São Paulo, who, although a member of the PTB, is on the outs with regional president Ivete Vargas and commie-liner Freta Moreira. Strange as it may seem, many São Paulo trade union leaders regard J-J as ideal. It allows them to back a reform candidate and a Paulista. At the same time they still hope to enjoy the patronage and sinecures dispensed through vice-president Goulart and the Brazilian Labor Party.

William P. Cochran, Jr.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

cc: Amembassy Rio de Janeiro

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that many loyal to the party but not to Adhemar's candidacy, may be put on the spot and "disaffected".

Meanwhile Adhemar "launched" his campaign in the state of São Paulo during the week with a one-night stand in Guaratingetá, then went on to Bahia the next day. PSP federal deputy André Broca Filho was host in Guaratingetá. Reportedly the rally was well attended. Adhemar criticized the haste of Brasília, and, like Janio, promised to abolish various price and supply control agencies (COAP, COFAP, etc.)

São Paulo Mayor Adhemar also during the week charged that stories of his withdrawal from the presidential contest were fabrications of a \$5,000 per month public relations man, an American, in the employ of Quadros forces.

Comment: Adhemar's approach to presidential campaigning in São Paulo reminds one of the unenthusiastic bather--a toe dipped in the ocean waters and gingerly withdrawn.

Despite signs of rebellion in PSP ranks, Adhemar may be "in to the finish" as some believe. Nabantino Ramos, publisher of Folha de São Paulo, said some weeks ago that he had sent out one of his top reporters with Adhemar; the reporter returned convinced of the sincerity of Adhemar's candidacy.

9. Labor Leaders Launch J-J Committee (Official Use Only)

On June 15 a number of São Paulo trade union members led by Dante Pellacani, president of the National Federation of Typographical Workers, publicly announced the formation of a committee to support the candidacies of Janio Quadros and Jango Goulart. The committee, whose anticipated formation was reported by the Consulate General in late March and April, intends to publish bulletins backing Janio and Jango and will open an office in downtown São Paulo in close proximity to the regional headquarters of the São Paulo district headquarters of the Brazilian Labor Party (PTB) which is in the throes of a bitter internal struggle (see items 2 and 3 above).

Prominent labor leaders besides Pellacani who are publicly lending their names to the J-J committee include PTB federal deputy Harry Normanton, president of the Paulista railroad worker's large local union; Domingos Alvarez, president of the São Paulo State Federation of Metalworkers (Brazil's largest statewide federation); and José Antonio Ribeiro, president of the São Paulo State Federation of Hotel Workers.

(Begin Confidential) In addition to the aforementioned, the Consulate General's Labor Officer has been privately informed by many São Paulo trade union leaders that they intend to support

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Strangest of all on the contribution front is Heller's assertion "on good authority" that much of the 10 percent contribution for Lott exacted from those doing business with the national government is not going to the Lott campaign, but instead into PSD or private coffers. Heller says that a few weeks ago president Kubitschek was advising friends who wanted to contribute to the Lott campaign, to wait. Several considerations lend credence to this otherwise unbelievable assertion--(a) Kubitschek's lack of enthusiasm for Lott's candidacy even before announced, (b) the president's virtual non-support of Lott's candidacy except as forced, (c) Heller's good background and position, his good contacts in the national government, and his seeming lack of ulterior motive.

6. Janio's Campaign Welfare Services (Official Use Only)

The Central Janio Quadros Committee in São Paulo has established a Social Assistance Service in the city of São Paulo. It has been estimated that approximately 3,000 needy per month receive assistance there in the form of food, medicine and clothing, as well as medical, hospital and dental care.

Comment: Shades of Tammany Hall!

7. Carvalho Pinto's Support (Official Use Only)

Although São Paulo Governor Carvalho Pinto's trip this weekend through the Sorocabana area of São Paulo was "non-political", it is hard to deny ultimate benefits to Janio Quadros' presidential candidacy. There were occasional references to the fact that his was a continuation of the administration of his predecessor, Janio. Accompanied by various state officials, the Governor heard hundreds of petitions from local officials--for bridges, street paving, etc.--which were granted on the spot if the cost was under 200,000 cruzeiros, according to one account. To one news reporter, Carvalho Pinto protested that he was not a man of political rallies, that he would give more attention to Janio's campaign, once the campaign to increase vote registration was ended (on June 24).

Comment: It is very likely that state funds for low cost projects were approved on the spot. It is hard to separate such largesse from the Governor's avowed interest in Janio's campaign.

8. Adhemar's Possible Renunciation (Official Use Only)

Local PSP leaders are reportedly very much concerned over the expulsion of two federal deputies from party ranks by the national directorate. One of those expelled, Esmerino Arruda (Ceard and pro-Quadros), while in São Paulo during the week, said that all but a few of the PSP federal deputies regarded national PSP president Adhemar de Barros' candidacy as a joke. Local PSP leadership fear

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move from PTB party headquarters to its own headquarters).

Ivete Vargas has in the past been accused by her own party membership of working only for the benefit of Ivete Vargas. If she succeeds in "misleading" herself into a key role in the local Lott campaign, a disruptive impact on other supporting forces can be expected.

5. Campaign Contributions (Confidential)

According to Paulo Reis Magalhães, wealthy and reliable local business man, a newspaper story of some weeks back (viewed here with suspicion because of the newspaper's unreliable political reporting) was correct in stating that Janio had lunched with a group of local businessmen to discuss financing and other campaign problems. The host was Helio Muniz de Souza, whose efforts on Janio's behalf in connection with Janio's Cuban trip have been previously reported. According to Magalhães, Muniz de Souza, though contributing funds, is mainly helping Janio on political propaganda (Muniz has a couple of good publicity men on his staff). Magalhães said that he, Roberto Selmi-Dei (wheat and grain), and João Batista Leopoldo Figueiredo (cotton) are the three "treasurers" for the local fund raising for Janio. Others at the luncheon with Janio on May 10 were Dacio A. de Moraes Junior (president of the São Paulo State Bank), Rubens Alves Lima, José Emirio de Moraes Filho, Herman Moraes Barros, Marcelo Vidigal and João Gonçalves (from several sources this Consulate General has been advised of substantial contributions by wealthy industrialist José Emirio de Moraes to Janio's campaign). According to Magalhães, the luncheon group constitutes an informal brain trust--thus, if Janio plans to discuss sugar problems in the northeast, Magalhães with his practical experience in the sugar business is available to advise. Magalhães estimates that virtually the entire business community of São Paulo is contributing to Janio's campaign.

Comment: Arrangements have been made to obtain more information on Janio's fund raising within the next few weeks. On the other side, there are known supporters of the administration who are doubtless contributing to Lott's campaign--for example, the wealthy Klabin family (Horacio Lafer, the family head, is Minister of Foreign Affairs), banker Teodoro Quartim Barbosa and railroad car manufacturer Othon Barcellos (both have administration ties and leanings). Also according to Frederico Heller (economic editor of O Estado de São Paulo who did political research for this Consulate General in the late '40's), many are contributing heavily to Janio's campaign but also making "insurance" contributions to Lott--for example, the Matarazzo family and José Emirio de Moraes, each of whom, says Heller, recently contributed 20 million cruzeiros to Janio's campaign.

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From São Paulo

Comment: (Confidential) It appears that Ivete Vargas and her boy friend, Frota Moreira, are, at least for the moment, in the driver's seat in local PTB circles and strongly positioned locally vis-a-vis Lott's campaign. The two accompanied Lott throughout his three days of campaigning in the state this past week. The two have identified themselves as Lott's champion against subversive forces in the party. Goulart, who is suspected of supporting J-J maneuvers by local PTB agents (see previous reports from this post), should find it difficult to oppose Ivete who apparently appears in Lott's eyes as the defender of his (Lott's) interests.

It would appear too that the opposition to Ivete within the PTB is divided. There are the Goulart henchmen whom Frota Moreira has denounced for their J-J maneuvers. There are also the pro-Lott party members who dislike Ivete and her gang.

It would further appear that the Communist and ultra-nationalist elements of the PTB, under Ivete's and Frota's leadership, will play a more articulate role in Lott's campaign in São Paulo. Recalling the reaction against ultra-nationalism in the 1958 elections, this could be harmful to Lott.

4. PTB vs PSD (Official Use Only)

Complaints by PTB regional president Ivete Vargas that the state Lott-Goulart Committee had frozen her out, have been followed by friction between the PTB and the PSD. Various newspapers, including Chateaubriand's pro-Lott Diário de São Paulo, quote alleged complaints of PSD leadership. These complaints run as follows: Ivete, while on leave from the local party presidency for alleged health reasons, was out promoting J-J committees in certain parts of Paraná; certain social security officials accused by Frota Moreira of promoting the J-J movement in São Paulo were appointed to office with Ivete's support; the only continuing locally initiated propaganda for Lott is a weekly TV program for which the president of the State Committee, PSD federal deputy Ulysses Guimarães, is responsible, etc., Diário notes "veiled and untrue insinuations" by spokesmen for Ivete Vargas that Ulysses Guimarães and Juvenal Rodrigues de Moraes (PSD federal deputy and secretary of the Lott-Goulart State Committee) did not accompany Lott at recent political rallies in São Paulo. While Lott was in São Carlo on June 18, Ivete, according to one pro-Lott source, accused Ulysses Guimarães of being either ingenuous or a cynic in denying to PTB circles information about the program developed by the State Committee. Guimarães protested that the PTB had been informed.

Comment: (Confidential) As this post has previously reported, there appears to have been an effort by the PSD leadership of the State Committee to freeze out "extremist" elements which, in turn, appear to have taken refuge in the metropolitan inter-party committee for Lott (just this past week this Committee announced its

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2. Tying Kubitschek to Lott (Official Use Only)

Continuing her discourse on plans concocted by the campaign high command in Brasília a few weeks ago, São Paulo State Assembly vice-president Conceição da Costa Neves announced that JK Committees pre-Lott will soon be established throughout the state. These committees will attempt to demonstrate what the Kubitschek administration has meant to São Paulo. Via press, radio, TV and personal contact; they will stress various achievements due to Kubitschek--São Paulo's growth as the Detroit of Latin America, tremendous revenues from Brasília, etc. These committees will further stress the need to continue such progress by electing Lott.

Comment: There is little tangible evidence of the Kubitschek-Lott linkage as yet. One newspaper advertisement of the past week announced that "No One Will Stop Our March to the West--Landmark of Our Agricultural Recovery"; then "Lott Will Continue the Work of JK" with an enumeration of achievements (transportation, tractors, etc.). But Lott himself spoke only moderately of the Kubitschek achievements while in São Paulo during the week. He spoke more of his own objectives--free public education, votes for illiterates, more labor conciliation facilities, agricultural reform, social assistance, contain inflation, etc. He did mention limitations on profit remittances abroad several times. According to pre-Lott Diário de São Paulo Lott told a São Carlos audience that foreign capital should be permitted to enter only under strict legal controls, that foreign capital accustomed to four or five percent profit in countries of origin should be allowed up to two percent additional in Brazil.

3. PTB Internal Conflict (Official Use Only)

PTB regional president Ivete Vargas stole a march on the opposition in her own party during the past week. While reports were widely circulated that party dissidents were collecting signatures on a manifesto criticizing Ivete and calling for new leadership and an intensification of the Lott-Goulart campaign, Ivete issued her own manifesto signed by herself, Frota Moreira and some 32 others. The latter manifesto, dated June 13, was released on June 17 as having been approved at a "special" meeting of the PTB Regional Directorate. The manifesto asserted that party unity depended on unshakeable loyalty to party organs, regional and national, and otherwise stressed Getulismo, victory for Lott, etc. A statement by Ivete on the date of the release denounced the "divisionist maneuver" of a "numerically insignificant and uninfluential group in the party". Earlier Ivete had issued a note saying that if such a group existed, they would be expelled; that Goulart had been informed and approved of the action being taken. At week's end there were reports that the dissidents were trying to get more signatures for their manifesto.

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From São Paulo

The most acid attacks came in the industrial triangle on the last day. In São Caetano do Sul, Lott said that the country needs more progress through more schools, more production, greater exploitation of national resources--all to be achieved with characteristic Brazilian patience, and not in the violent and radical manner envisioned by a certain candidate whose faulty orientation toward national problems is apparent.

In São Bernardo do Campo, São Paulo Vice Governor Porfirio da Paz took up the attack. Janio, he said, incited the strike (of 1957) in that community and then turned the state military police loose on the strikers. The much-debated march of production Porfirio called a march of tycoons (tubarões), planned by the ex-São Paulo Governor, who, after stimulating its eruption, telephoned President Kubitschek to ask that it be checked. Lott then spoke of Janio's preference for travel abroad instead of representing the people (of Paraná) who elected him (federal deputy). Lott spoke of Janio's unpredictability, his loss of balance (perde as estribeiras) when opposed, his irresponsibility--like the boomerang without a certain path. Lott recalled the events of November 11 (1955) when Janio, he alleged, wanted to give refuge to the anti-constitutionalists--at this point General Stoll Nogueira reportedly shouted that Janio did not fall on that day only because Marshall Lott did not wish it.

Comment: (Confidential) Janio's violent, explosive and uncertain temperament would appear his Achilles' heel and much of the anti-Janismo in the state of São Paulo traces to that. On the other hand, Governor Carvalho Pinto's brother, Luiz, commented recently in private that while Janio liked good living, good food, and the ladies, the little people disbelieved or refused to take seriously such charges. There is always the possibility that such attacks will backfire.

Two factors contributed to generally good attendance at Lott's political rallies. Communists were at work, especially in the industrial triangle where Communist slogans and speakers were very much in evidence. Second, the opposition, concerned that Lott be encouraged to stay in the election contest to the finish, have encouraged their own pro-Janista forces to muster attendance for Lott rallies. This practice, asserted by a reliable business source working for Janio's election, is borne out by pro-Lott Folha de São Paulo which noted that Lott was well received by members of parties opposing his candidacy, that there was a gigantic rally in Jau, recognized as a UDN city--also a good attendance in Campinas where the mayor and most of the City Council are pro-Janio and where former State Assembly President Ruy de Almeida Barbosa has been busy for months organizing pro-Quadros committees.

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AIR POUCH		CONFIDENTIAL (Security Classification)	DO NOT TYPE IN THIS SPACE 732.00/6-2160
FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH			
FROM :	Amcoengen São Paulo	466	THIS DOCUMENT MUST BE RETURNED TO THE RM/R CHIEF OF BUREAU DATE June 21, 1960
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		
REF :			
ACTION	RECD	OTHER	
25- ana-4	6-28	RMR-2 1 RC-8	Cia-10 USIA-5 Navy-3 NSA
SUBJECT: Presidential Campaign Highlights, Week Ending June 18, 1960			

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1. Lott Continues to Attack
2. Tying Kubitschek to Lott
3. PTB Internal Conflict
4. PTB vs. PSD
5. Campaign Contributions
6. Janio's Campaign Welfare Services
7. Carvalho Pinto's Support
8. Adhemar's Possible Renunciation
9. Labor Leaders Launch J-J Committee

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
BUREAU OF
INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS
JUL 11 1960
File 4007

732.00/6-2160

1. Lott Continues to Attack (Official Use Only)

Presidential candidate Lott was back in the state of São Paulo for the last three days of the past week, and he and his supporters attacked opposing candidate Janio Quadros with greater vigor than in the past. The itinerary of the first two days included São Carlos, Itapira, Jau, and the large nearby industrial city of Campinas. The last day was spent in São Paulo and in the nearby industrial triangle (São Caetano, São Bernardo, Santo André).

According to accounts of the first two days, Lott in Itapira blamed Janio for an increase in São Paulo's infant mortality because Janio as Governor had eliminated the school lunch and medical care for infants. Janio, said Lott, then ate sandwiches at political rallies within view of the mothers of these poor undernourished children. Lott labelled the action "a display of the most revolting demagoguery". In Campinas, Lott remarked that the opposing candidate had visited the Pope in Rome with rosary in hand and then flew directly to Moscow to consult with Khrushchev.

REPORTER: Burton:JFShea:mlf		CONFIDENTIAL
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From Belo Horizonte,
Brazil

nominee. At about this same time Pena himself was dispatching a series of telegrams to the state PSD organization and other prominent members of the state party demanding that the PSD publish the protocol which was supposedly signed by the PSD with the state PR. As far as the Consulate can determine, no answer has been received by Pena---at least the protocol has not been published as yet.

Still another stick was thrown on this PSD fire over the weekend when this same Ribeiro Pena met with several of the leaders of the state PDC. According to local reports Pena has acquiesced to a PDC request that his name be presented to their convention as a candidate for Governor.

Under these circumstances an obvious question can be raised: What is the relationship, if any, between the actions of Pinto and Pena? It would seem to be a little early to make any definite statements along this line. As a candidate of the PDC alone, Pena can have little but nuisance value in the coming campaign. On the other hand, the PDC has a reputation of aligning with the UDN at election time here in Minas. Yet another unknown quantity is whether the UDN would give up Magalhães Pinto for Ribeiro Pena, especially in view of the support which seems to have been generated in the last few days.

With the deadline for candidate registration drawing near we should see some clarification of the present confused situation in the next few weeks. About the best that can be said at this point is that the opposition candidate, or candidates, will face a difficult task in overtaking the already launched, and apparently well organized, campaign of Tancredo Neves.

Richard Reynolds Martin
Richard Reynolds Martin
American Vice Consul

cc: Political Section/Rio

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH			
FROM :	AMCONSUL, Belo Horizonte, Brazil	26	
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.	June 21, 1960	
REF :			
55 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION REC'D 6/29	DEPT. 1 N F OTHER 6/29	6/29
SUBJECT: NEW CRISIS IN THE MINAS GERAIS UDN AND PSD			

The past weekend has seen the Minas political scene shaken by the sudden so-called "renunciation" by José de Magalhães Pinto, of his candidacy for nomination by the state UDN as Governor of Minas Gerais.

When this political earthquake hit on Wednesday evening there was a momentary pause as local politicians and experts absorbed the news, and then an avalanche of opinion and conjecture as these same people attempted to interpret what had happened.

In classical political style, both the letter of federal deputy Pedro Aleixo (UDN), which supposedly brought on the crisis, and the answer by Magalhães Pinto, were cloaked in somewhat obscure phraseology which caused many a mineiro to furrow his brow and then re-read both letters in an attempt to clarify just exactly what had been said.

As mentioned above some local headlines have spoken of "renunciation" but a more careful reading seems to indicate that Magalhães Pinto has only stated that he will step aside, if and when a compromise candidate can be found to unite the dissident groups within the state PSD, the state PR (which has declared itself for Tancredo Neves), and the other opposition parties not known to be associated with the present state administration. At this writing it appears that Magalhães Pinto will stay in the race. Certainly there is a great deal of local support for him and after two days of silence immediately following the publication of Pinto's letter, his local campaign headquarters, located one block from the Consulate, began rebroadcasting the same campaign songs and slogans that have long since been memorized, from sheer repetition, by this Consulate's staff.

While all this has been going on another political fire has been smoldering within the ranks of the PSD. Since his defeat at the PSD convention last November, ex-candidate for Governor, and ex-Secretário de Segurança, José Ribeiro Pena, has been conspicuous by his absence from the campaign of Tancredo Neves, the successful PSD candidate. The groupings within the Neves campaign caused by this absence were made public at Pouso Alto where, during a political rally attended by Tancredo Neves himself, one of the speakers demanded that Ribeiro Pena make public his support for the party.

RRMartin/pk.
REPORTER

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WITHDRAWAL NOTICE

RG: 059

TAB #: 11

ENTRY: CDF60-63

1 / 8 / C /
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BOX: 1574

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Folder Title: 732.00/6-2160
Document Date: 21/06/60
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DESP 467

FR SAO PAULO

TO STATE

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NND: 949515

WITHDRAWN: 02/24/95 by: JAS

FOIA RETRIEVAL #: 949515 01574 00011

0769

encl. São Paulo D-458

Al A

---O Estado de São Paulo ---Diário de São Paulo
---Folha de São Paulo ---Diário Oficial
---A Gazeta ---Última Hora
---Correio Paulistano ---
O Estado da Mato Grosso

Date-----Page-----Section-----

May 18, 1960
4 May 20, 1960

Vice-Consul Norte- Americano vem a Cuiabá

Chega hoje e ficará hospedado no Centro-América-
Hotel. Atenderá a todos os cidadãos norte-americanos
que tenham interesses consulares a tratar.

Deverá chegar hoje a esta Capital o ilustre
Diplomata norte-americano Sr. Jones Holway,
Vice-Consul do Consulado Geral Americano em
São Paulo, que ficará hospedado no Centro Amé-
rica Hotel.

Durante sua permanência em nossa cidade o
diplomata americano fará visitas de cortesia ao
Governador Ponce de Arruda e ao Prefeito da
Capital, Dr. Hélio Palma do Arruda.

É intuito do ilustre visitante permanecer em
Cuiabá a disposição dos cidadãos norte-americanos
que tenham assuntos consulares a tratar, e pro-
ceder ao registro de outros que se encontrem na
região.

Mr. Jones Holway atenderá no Centro-Amé-
rica Hotel das 18 horas do dia 18 (hoje), das 7
horas da manhã do dia 21, quando deverá seguir
para Campo Grande, onde também permanecerá
dois ou três dias.

A colônia norte-americana desta cidade, avi-
sada pela reportagem do "ESTADO", da chegada
de seu Vice-Consul, prepara-lhe festiva recepção.

Vice Consul Norte- Americano em Cuiabá

Está atendendo seus compatriotas no Centro-
America Hotel.

Conforme havíamos anunciado, chegou a esta
Capital, na tarde de ante-ontem, viajando pelo
"Convair" da Cruzeiro do Sul o Sr. James Holway,
Vice-Consul dos Estados Unidos em São Paulo, que
veio a esta cidade a serviço de seu Consulado,
para entrar em contato com seus compatriotas re-
sidentes neste Estado, e atender todos os norte-
americanos que tenham interesses que tratar junto
ao Consulado estadunidense.

O ilustre diplomata, hospedado no Centro-
America Hotel, apartamento 102, estará a dispo-
sição de seus compatriotas, até a noite de hoje,
pois amanhã viajará para Campo Grande, onde
também deverá permanecer dois ou três dias.

Convidado pelo Ministro Lemos, o Sr. Vice-
Consul James Holway participará também, junto
do Lions Clube de Cuiabá, realizada, quarta-feira,
atômica, nos salões do Clube, reunião, sendo, ali-
mentado, na ocasião, pelo Sr. Carlos Pereira.

O diplomata norte-americano responderá im-
ediatamente, colocando-se à disposição de todos que
desejarem informações sobre seu país, e ainda o-
ntes de demorar-se em nossa cidade, com vários
membres da qual, simpáticos ao movimento internacionalista.

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From São Paulo

Mayor Barbosa informed me that he felt Janio da Silva Quadros was very strong in Campo Grande and that although many people in Campo Grande still feel a partition of the state is a good idea, their cause does not have missionary zeal, and they have accepted Janio's position with good humor. Mayor Barbosa's full cooperation in case of need was also promised.

I arrived in São Paulo at noon on Saturday, May 21, after a very pleasant trip involving heat as high as 95 degrees and cold as low as 35 degrees.

JRM:mlf

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From São Paulo

administrator he is a poor politician doing little to keep political fences mended or to entertain as a governor should. His chief failure in the social line appears to be the fact that he has not continued the tradition of giving a Governor's Ball on New Year's Eve.

At the present time a new Palacio do Governo is being constructed behind the old palacio. This structure will be the tallest building in Guiaíba--having seven floors above the huge main floor. Upon completion of the new palacio, the old one is to be torn down.

It appears that almost all the construction going on in Guiaíba is for new government buildings.

I also paid a call on one of the tabeliões, Sr. PEDRO D'ARBADIA MACIEL. I explained to him the problem involved in taking oaths for passport renewals, registrations, etc. He assured me that he understood and that in the future would administer oaths rather than merely acknowledge signatures.

I visited the water chlorination plant, the telephone company (a new, modern, small building) and also a rubber usina. This rubber usina appears to be one of the few industries in Guiaíba of any importance. It is owned by the Banco de Amazonas which contemplates building a new plant and expanding the operation. At present the operation merely consists of rolling the raw rubber into flat sheets, baling it and shipping it to São Paulo for tire production.

I had lunch on Friday, the 20th, with C. THOMAS YOUNG and some other missionaries from the South American Indian Mission. Mr. Young told me how pleased he was to have someone from the Consulate General pass through their area, and he hoped (and was sure that all the other Americans in the area felt the same way) that this trip was the beginning of a new habit. The Mission group also invited me to fly in their private plane to a Xavante reservation Friday afternoon to witness an annual Xavante ritual which was to begin at dawn on Saturday. Unfortunately, the weather did not permit the small plane to fly into Guiaíba, and I was unable to make the journey much to my regret.

On Saturday I travelled with Mayor Palma as far as Campo Grande where he introduced me to the Mayor of Campo Grande, WILSON BARBOSA MARTINS and UDN candidate for Governor, FERNANDO CORREA DA COSTA. When I asked who was going to win the gubernatorial election, I was informed by the entire group surrounding Senator Correa that he, the Senator, had already been elected!

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From São Paulo

According to Lenine there is a possibility that the present split between the PSD and the PTB may be healed. The split occurred when the PSD failed to live up to its agreements with the PTB. When the present Governor, JOAO PONSE DE ARRUDA, was elected, the PSD agreed to support the PTB candidate for Senator in the 1958 election. This the PSD did not do. However, a written agreement was entered into between the two parties in 1958 whereby the PSD would support the PTB candidate for governor of the state in 1960 if the PTB would support the PSD senatorial candidate at that time. However, 1960 came along and the PSD again has failed to keep its word. According to Lenine the basis of agreement this year, should an agreement be reached between the two parties, would be an agreement by the PSD to support the PTB senatorial candidate in 1962 in exchange for support for Senator Müller's gubernatorial campaign this year.

Sr. Póveas is of the opinion that in this election people may stick to their party in state and local offices but that they will cross party lines to vote for Janio Quadros for President. It is his opinion that Janio will carry the state although by a smaller margin than that predicted by Mayor Palma.

I called on the Archbishop of Curitiba, DOM ORLANDO CHAVES, and spent a rather pleasant afternoon visiting both the primary school and the seminary connected to his palace. The Archbishop told me that they greatly appreciate the American films that we send out and that they could use any type of literature, books, records, etc., that we could possibly send. He was very proud of two maps of the United States that he had in his schools and appears to be quite pro-American. The Archbishop also appears to be quite poor.

I also spoke with a Padre VIGENTE who shows USIS movies throughout the district. Although he is very pleased with our motion picture projectors, he was wondering whether or not we had any that operated on storage batteries because there is no electricity in many areas outside the city. I informed him that I would take the matter up with USIS, and if we could do anything, we would.

I also called on Dr. JOSE PAES BICUDO, the Chief of Police, who also promised full cooperation should any problems arise.

I called on Lt. Colonel VAZ GUNVO, Comandante do 16º Batalhão de Caçadores, who informed me that all was quiet on the frontier and that any stories of Indian incursions affecting the Porto Velho-Brasília road were strictly rumors without basis in fact.

I paid a call at the Governor's palace but spoke only with a military assistant. The Governor was out of town as, according to Sr. Póveas, he quite often is. According to Póveas the biggest complaint against Governor Ponce is that although he is a good

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Disp. No. 458
From: Sao Paulo

MEMORANDUM

Trip to Guaiabá, Mato Grosso, by Vice Consul James R. Holway

I arrived in Guaiabá on the evening of Wednesday, May 18, and registered at the Hotel Centro-Americana--a clean, if somewhat backward, hotel. That evening Sr. LENINE C. PÉVOAS, Ministro do Tribunal de Contas do Estado, called on me and invited me to the weekly dinner of the Lions International in Guaiabá. Mr. Pévoas is the Director-Secretário of the local paper, O Estado de Mato Grosso--which gave me very good coverage. I received front page articles prior to my coming and after my arrival (see final page).

At the Lions' dinner I sat next to the president of the local club, Major MARIO MARQUES, Chefe Comissão Militar Rodoviária, CER-5, the road being cut from Porto Velho to Brasília by way of Guaiabá. He informed me that the work is going well and that they expect to meet the December deadline set by President Kubitschek. His biggest problem, he said, was that in some places the road is under water.

I also sat next to the Mayor, HELIO PALMA DE ARRUDA. Sr. Palma, elected in the October, 1958 municipal election is of the National Democratic Union (UDN) party and informed me that Janio Quadros would win 70 percent of the vote of the state of Mato Grosso. I felt his attitude a bit sanguine but did not inform him of this. Sr. Palma himself was elected by a plurality of some 700 odd votes out of a total of some 9,000. Although the margin appears small, it is a bit more significant in view of the fact that the man he defeated, a brother of the present Social Democratic Party (PSD) candidate for Governor, had been elected to numerous offices previously whereas Sr. Palma was running for office for the first time.

Sr. Palma also assured me of his complete cooperation should emergencies arise involving Americans in the area.

By the way, he, accompanied by a number of other mategrossenses, will be in São Paulo around June 3 to receive visas. A group from the area is being sent on a free trip to the United States by Varig.

I had a long discussion with Lenine Pévoas that evening concerning the political situation in Guaiabá and Mato Grosso. At present there are three candidates for Governor, and they are as follows:

National Democratic Union (UDN)	- Senador Fernando Correia da Costa
Social Democratic Party (PSD)	- Senador Filinto Müller
Brazilian Labor Party (PTB)	- Deputado Wilson Fadul

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH					
FROM : Amcoengen São Paulo		DEPT. NO. 458		DATE June 15, 1960	
TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.					
REF :					
ACTION 55 For Dept. RM/R-2 REP-1 TRC-8 SCA-3 SV-2 SCS Use Only REC'D		DEPT. RM/R-2 REP-1 TRC-8 SCA-3 SV-2 SCS OTHER 6/21 CIA-10 USA-10 Navy-3 COMNAV-27 SUBJECT: Trip to Guibá, Mato Grosso, by Vice Consul James R. Holway JUN 23 1960 File			
Within the limits permitted by available official funds and the daily requirements of the post operation, the practice has been developed at São Paulo of arranging for junior officers to perform travel in the consular district with careful briefing and broad terms of reference. This not only enables them to gain experience but also redounds to the benefit of the office and American interests in general because it establishes direct personal contact with Brazilian officials and American citizens and enterprises in outlying areas. During the past month, Vice Consul James R. Holway, currently serving as Chief of the Visa Unit of the Consular Section, made a trip to Guibá, the capital city of the state of Mato Grosso. A memorandum prepared by Mr. Holway covering his experiences and observations on that occasion is enclosed. It will be noted, among other things, that one resident in the interior of Brazil expressed the hope that "this trip was the beginning of a new habit". <i>William F. Cochran, Jr.</i> William F. Cochran, Jr. Consul General Enclosure: Memorandum of Trip cc: Ambassador Rio de Janeiro					
REPORTER AP OFFICIAL USE ONLY		ACTION RECEIVED ASSIGNED TO NAME OF OFFICER & OFFICE SYMBOL			
ACTION RECEIVED TAKEN DATE OF ACTION		DIRECTIONS TO RM/R			
ACTION COPY — DEPARTMENT OF STATE					
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FILED JUN 24 1960

0763

WITHDRAWAL NOTICE

RG: 059

TAB #: 10

ENTRY: CDF60-63

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BOX: 1574

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Folder Title: 732.00/6-1460
Document Date: 14/06/60
Document Ser.#:

DESP 455

FR SAO PAULO

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NND: 949515

WITHDRAWN: 02/24/95 by: JAS

FOIA RETRIEVAL #: 949515 01574 00010

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CONFIDENTIAL

(Classification)

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Encl. No.
Disp. No. 454
From São Paulo

Alfonso Teixeira Filho, President of the São Paulo State Federation of Transportation Workers and an executive board member of the CST, told the Consulate General's Labor Officer that the meeting of June 7 got so bitter that some of the non-Communist trade union leaders suggested cancelling all further meetings until after the October elections. Executive board members Lourenço Portal da Silva (vice-president of the National Federation of Oil Refinery and Filling Station Employees) and Domingos Alvares (President of the State Federation of Metal Workers) heartened by their "success", claim that the Conselho will continue to meet and that they intend to battle the Communists without quarter from now on. The manifesto itself is the topic of wide conversation in São Paulo trade union circles and is being bitterly criticized by supporters of Marshall Lott and by Communists.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

cc: Amembassy Rio de Janeiro

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which alleged that United States Ambassador Cabot is supporting Janio Quadros for the Brazilian presidency. The deputy called Janio an "entreguista" (one who sells out to foreign interests). PTB state deputy Luciano Lepera subsequently observed that the Pearson column gave more supporting detail to the information about Janio's commitments with foreign economic groups.

Comment: (Confidential) This post previously reported a private conversation with Quintanilha Ribeiro, Quadros' campaign lieutenant, in which Ribeiro said that stories in the United States tying Janio to the United States, were very irritating to Janio and encouraged an anti-United States approach on Janio's part (see São Paulo despatch 430, May 24, 1960). It would seem in the interest of the United States to find a way to discredit these stories.

10. Communists Fight Labor Support of Janio (Confidential)

An article published by the ultra-nationalistic weekly O Semanário which savagely criticized São Paulo trade union leaders for signing a manifesto pledging support to presidential candidate Quadros touched off a bitter battle among Communists and non-Communists in the São Paulo State Trade Union Council (CST). At a meeting on June 7 which was called to discuss possible amendments of the by-laws of the CST a resolution was introduced by the non-Communist majority, which defended the rights of trade union leaders to indicate their preference among candidates for public office. This resolution was bitterly attacked by the Communist minority, and resulted in a heated debate which finally broke up in the early hours of the morning with the issue still undecided. During the meeting the Communists and non-Communists also battled over by-law amendments which theoretically would give the Communist minority more influence.

The non-Communist leaders of the CST convoked an emergency meeting on June 11 and pushed through a strongly worded protest expressing their public disgust toward newspapers which criticize and attack trade union leaders who publicly indicate their preference in presidential elections, a right which, the protest asserted, is assured to them by the Brazilian Constitution.

Comment: The CST was created in September 1959. Since that time the militant Communist minority within it has been able to exercise as much influence as Communist Party strategy called for. Therefore, the overriding of the Communist protests and the adoption of the strong protest authored by the non-Communists led by Dante Pellacani (secretary-general of the CST and a former Communist Party member), is especially significant.

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7. Communist Leader Prestes Speaks (Official Use Only)

In a political rally on June 10 in the Casa Verde neighborhood of the city of São Paulo, Brazil's Communist Party leader Luis Carlos Prestes attacked candidate Janio Quadros and defended candidate Lott. Although Lott is against relations with the USSR and against Communists, said Prestes, the Communists support Lott because they place the interest of the nation above the interests of the party. Lott, he said, is a true nationalist patriot. Prestes went on to criticize the general privation in São Paulo during Janio's term as Governor. Janio, he said, would deliver the country to the International Monetary Fund, would be a second Frondizi. A representative of the building trades union, speaking before Prestes, reportedly charged that Janio would be a dictator and ended by saying "However bad Lott is, he's better than Janio."

According to press accounts, the rally was poorly attended. Prestes left the next day. It is reported that he'll return for more campaigning in July.

Comment: (Confidential) According to some local political observers (speaking privately), Lott's past record of softness toward the Communists in the Brazilian army may lead the Communists to feel that they can "get away" with more under Lott than under Quadros, who is "unreliable and not easily taken in".

8. Adhemar to Renounce? (Official Use Only)

During the week, PSP presidential candidate Adhemar de Barros denied rumors that a political lieutenant, Erlindo Salzano, had gone to Brasília to trade Adhemar's withdrawal from the presidential contest for a number of ministerial posts. Adhemar further said that Lottistas spreading such rumors overlook the fact that his (Adhemar's) withdrawal would injure Lott and help the other candidate. Earlier in the week PSD federal deputy Cunha Bueno had told the press that he was confident that Adhemar would withdraw.

Comment: PSD state deputy Conceição da Costa Neves, upon returning from the PSD-PTB meeting in Brasília (see item 6 above), said "soon, a great national leader whom in the recent past I have had the opportunity to support, is going to bring his valuable...support to the Lott-Jango slate". The PSD deputy supported Adhemar for Governor in 1958 and broke with him in 1959.

9. Charges that the United States is Pro-Janio (Official Use Only)

PSP state deputy Cyro Albuquerque in the State Assembly this past week called attention to the widely publicized Drew Pearson column

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the national PTB will intervene to take over the local PTB command, still nominally in the hands of Ivete Vargas. Judging by past experience in São Paulo and by Goulart's frequent unwillingness to confront firmly a dispute within party ranks, it is likely that J-J maneuvers will go into abeyance, that PTB campaigning for Lott will intensify (especially since Goulart has very likely been called to account by Lott). Perhaps Ivete Vargas will reassume active command. The strongly leftist orientation of the local PTB can cause embarrassment to the local PSD which has generally tried to play down the role of nationalist-front, leftist forces in the formal Lott campaign in São Paulo.

6. Lott's Campaign Dynamized??? (Official Use Only)

PSP state deputy, Conceição da Costa Neves, vice-president of the São Paulo State Assembly, returned from Brasília during the week much enthused over a three hour meeting of the PSP-PTB political leadership (Lott, Goulart, Amaral Peixota, Falcão, Brizolla and others attended), which, she said, developed measures to intensify the Lott-Goulart campaign. She mentioned plans to organize JK (Kubitschek) Committees pro-Lott-Jango, but otherwise was quite coy about future campaign plans (see also item 8 below).

Meanwhile, despite various talk and gestures, the "dynamizing" of the Lott campaign was not yet observable in the state of São Paulo. It has been announced that a number of PSD state deputies would take leave of office to campaign for Lott. Daughter Edna Lott was in and out of town one day during the week to meet with some Armenians, without stirring much attention. Candidate Lott himself campaigned in Limeira, Americana and Jundiaí on June 11, staying in the state just one day. While his political speech in Jundiaí was well attended, reports differ as to the size of the crowds at the other two places. Press accounts gave more attention to Lott's reception than to what he said. He did speak of the need for realizing education goals and (evidently concerned over criticisms of legislative malfunctioning in Brasília) declared that belittling the legislative branch was a step toward dictatorship.

Comment: About the only really impressive activity in São Paulo from Lott-Goulart quarters has come from Minister of Labor João Baptista Ramos who spent several hours last Friday in the city of São Paulo going over accomplishments and problems in the labor area with local labor leaders. He followed this up the next day with a visit to the interior city of Bauru where he spent several hours with labor leaders and then attended a banquet in his honor. While Ramos does no overt campaigning in these weekly trips to São Paulo, it is reasonable to assume that a certain amount of politicking goes on informally.

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a potential member of such a coalition.

4. Janio's Campaigning in São Paulo (Official Use Only)

In the first of eight scheduled political rallies to be broadcast over radio and television from local theaters in the city of São Paulo, presidential candidate Janio Quadros on June 10 announced that he was engaged in a great campaign of national redemption. He will continue the great works realized by the present national government; check the high cost of living and inflation; stimulate agricultural, pastoral and industrial production; especially help the neglected little farmer; favor the growth of industry which leaves in Brazil the profits or a major portion thereof; clean up the social security system; authorize commerce with all nations; free the labor unions from Ministry of Labor domination; strengthen Petrobras; protect the great coffee and cocoa harvests; increase rubber production; democratize education (now the privilege of the rich); defend the public health. At the end, Janio called upon the women (a large number reportedly attended), to give him his broom to sweep the country clean.

Comment: Janio now offers "all this and heaven too"--the achievements of a Kubitschek regime, without sacrifice and with "extras". There was little he overlooked in his offerings to the local electorate and even less with which they could quarrel.

5. PTB Crisis Simmers (Official Use Only)

At the beginning of the past week, Frota Moreira demanded that PTB state deputy Miguel Jorge Nicolau respond to Frota's specific charges of PTB collusion in fomenting a Quadros-Goulart (J-J) movement in the state of São Paulo (see São Paulo despatch 447, June 7, 1960, item 1; also São Paulo 331, April 18, 1960, and subsequent despatches on presidential campaign). Later in the week, without responding to Frota's request, Nicolau announced that "an end needs to be put to the polemics with Mr. Frota Moreira". The state deputy declared that "The important thing, now, is to get going on the campaign....We are taking the initiative to dynamize this campaign." Subsequently, before departing for Brasília, Frota Moreira denied the existence of a crisis in the local PTB, went on to tell reporters that there had been much false rumor on the subject and the situation is now normal. From the PTB of heavily industrialized nearby Santo André came a statement at the end of the week acknowledging the existence of J-J maneuvers, but attributing them to Quadros supporters. Long absent PTB regional president Ivete Vargas is expected to return to São Paulo this Sunday in the company of President Kubitschek, who is coming to inaugurate some local power plant facilities.

Comment: (Confidential) There are all kinds of rumors floating about to the effect that the pro-Goulart forces are irritated, that

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attract votes from the ranks of labor. On the other hand, Ferrari's PTB origins, his strong identification with labor and his liberal or leftist (depending upon one's point of view) orientation, should cause much of the conservative and at least a portion of the middle class vote to veer toward Campos.

Campos announces that he is running for office in support of Janio. Ferrari, on the other hand, endorses Janio but campaigns alone and offers his own program. Janio's popularity may thus "rub off" more on Campos than on Ferrari. On the other hand, friction engendered by UDN attempts to handcuff Janio to their candidate Campos, on the one hand, and Janio's desire to support only his own favorite candidate (Janio Quadros), can backfire on both candidacies.

3. Carvalho Pinto's Support (Official Use Only)

Latest reports have it that São Paulo's Governor Carvalho Pinto will not commence his personal participation in the campaigning of presidential candidate Janio Quadros until August, rather than as of the first of July, as earlier announced. The Governor will, however, visit some 80 cities by special train in the upper and middle Sorocabana area this coming weekend.

On the vice-presidential front, the Governor sent a message declining an invitation to attend the UDN launching of the Milton Campos' candidacy (see item 1 above). The Governor congratulated Campos and said that all Brazilians, apart from personal or party preference, proclaimed in the distinguished candidate of the UDN a "figure exponential of our public life".

Comment: (Confidential) One might speculate whether the postponement of Carvalho Pinto's "personal" campaign participation is at all related to the possible participation of President Kubitschek on the other side. The Quadros forces, presently confident and already getting the benefit of Carvalho Pinto's support in various ways (see previous reports from this post), would probably prefer not to match Carvalho Pinto's less effective campaign oratory against that of Juscelino Kubitschek.

While the Governor did not endorse Milton Campos, the kind words of praise must surely help the UDN candidate, especially if not counterbalanced by later kind words for FDC candidate Ferrari. In the light of the Governor's generally conservative orientation, it is not unreasonable to suspect that he favors Milton Campos. On the other hand, the Governor's position is likewise influenced by his desire to weld a local political coalition in support of selected candidates for São Paulo mayor, in 1961, and governor, in 1962, as previously reported by this post. A firm statement in favor of Campos would offend the FDC,

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From São Paulo

of his running mate and exhorted them to vote for Janio. Campos said that no one could be satisfied with the present state of affairs-- the people were being betrayed by two major vices, demagoguery and corruption.

Comment: O Estado de São Paulo, supporter of the UDN and Campos and generally having the "inside dope" on local UDN happenings, did not conceal the difficulty created by Janio's non-attendance at Vila Maria. O Estado explained that Janio had sought out UDN leaders to explain that he had misunderstood, had thought it was a simple meeting of UDN leaders to pay tribute to Campos. When informed that Campos would be out of town the next day by virtue of prior commitments, Janio insisted that Campos be present at Janio's TV appearance at a local theater that night. The two entered the theater together (see item 3 below) where Janio made flattering adjective reference to Campos but did not give Campos an exclusive endorsement. Local PDC leaders claimed that their pressures on Janio (on behalf of PDC vice-presidential candidate Ferrari) had influenced Janio's non-attendance. While the UDN acting regional vice-president, Vicente de Paula Lima, said that he was "deeply disillusioned" over Janio's absence, other UDN leaders insisted that Janio's failure to attend was understandable. Reviewing the incident later, O Estado spoke of a "crisis surmounted".

2. Campos Campaign Strategy (Official Use Only)

As indicated above, Campos is apparently out to identify himself completely with Janio Quadros (i.e., in saying that his mission as vice-presidential candidate is to support Janio's program and get Janio elected). O Estado de São Paulo also reports that Milton Campos, at least in São Paulo, will concentrate on the middle class voter, while the other two candidates fight it out for the labor vote. Then, at the end, Campos would go after the labor voters, who by that time will have seen Campos' vote-getting strength and his support from Janio and will thus be persuaded not to give victory to Goulart by dividing the opposition vote.

Comment: (Confidential) As stated above, O Estado supports the UDN and Campos and has often proven its access to advance inside information from local UDN circles. Also O Estado gave a testimonial luncheon to Campos and the visiting UDN during the week. Therefore, its story on Campos' campaign strategy is very likely true.

While there are necessarily differences of opinion as to "who is hurting whom" among the competing vice-presidential candidates, it would seem that the greatest reciprocal damage, at least in São Paulo, would occur between Campos and Ferrari since both will be competing for the vote of those who are pro-Quadros and seeking a change. Furthermore Milton Campos' 726,069 votes as vice-presidential candidate in São Paulo in 1955 indicates that he will

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

FROM : Amcongên São Paulo

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SP. NO.

TO THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.

June 14, 1960

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SUBJECT: Presidential Campaign Highlights, Week Ending June 10, 1968

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1. Janio Affronts Campos
2. Campos Campaign Strategy
3. Carvalho Pinto's Support
4. Janio's Campaigning in São Paulo
5. PTB Crisis Simmers
6. Lott's Campaign Dynamized ???
7. Communist Leader Prestes Speaks
8. Adhemar Renounces
9. Charges United States Pro-Janio
10. Communists Fight Labor Support of Janio

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
BUREAU OF
INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS
JUL 2 2 1960

1. Janio Affronts Campos (Official Use Only)

Although the UDN brought in distinguished UDN politicians from all over the country to attend the party's formal launching of the vice-presidential candidacy of Milton Campos, the much-heralded attendance of presidential candidate Janio Quadros failed to materialize. The blow was perhaps doubly bitter because the ceremony of June 9 was especially arranged to take place in Vila Maria, a section of the city of São Paulo especially identified with Janio because from it Janio got his political start in the form of heavy vote support. To a crowd estimated at some 5,000, federal deputy Herbert Levy read Janio's message at the close of the ceremonies--Janio had arrived late that evening from campaigning in Bahia and was too tired to attend.

Campos, to the press and at the ceremonies, identified himself completely with Janio. He told a reporter that, as a vice-presidential candidate, he could have no program of his own; his program is that of the UDN and Janio Quadros. He told the audience at Vila Maria that he would defend the program

R. Burton JFShea:mlf

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Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

The Consulate General in Sao Paulo was represented by FSO Bartley Gordon, Chief of its Consular Section.

VI PSYCHOLOGICAL

1. Local Press and Radio Topics (UNCLASSIFIED)

During the past several days the local press and radio have devoted much attention to the triumphal procession through the continent of Europe of the Santos Football Club. Tremendous coverage was given to Santos' victory in Katowice, as well as to the numerous stops the club has made in other cities (Warsaw, Paris etc.) in western and central Europe.

Considerable attention has also been given by the press to Sao Paulo Governor Carvalho Pinto's campaign for four million votes in the State of Sao Paulo, and a certain amount of enthusiasm for the idea appears to have been roused.

On the international scene the most prominent of the week's items were: the earthquakes in Chile, the Eichmann case and the anti-American outbursts in Japan.

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berthing space. As of June 9 some dozen and a half ships were anchored either in the estuary or off the bar.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

The reporting officer believes that the April slowdown occasioned by the dispute between warehousemen and truckers here provoked the congestion, which has persisted owing (1) to a continuing heavy volume of traffic (2) spells of bad weather which have delayed the unloading of grain ships which have consequently monopolized valuable berthing space (3) the delays in loading and unloading cargoes from coastwise whips, which ties up space which might otherwise be used by ships arriving from abroad and (4) the fact that at present fresh fruits are being loaded in quantity in Santos, which keeps many ships in port longer than usual.

The following are the figures for cargo handled in Santos so far this year: January - 895,470 tons; February - 890,039 tons; March - 766,781 tons; April - 964,525 tons; and May - 1,230,107 tons.

2. New Supertanker for PRONAP (UNCLASSIFIED)

On June 7 the last of the seven supertankers ordered by the Frota Nacional de Petroleiros (PRONAP) from Holland and Japan, the 34,368 ton "Presidente Deodoro", arrived in Santos from the Persian Gulf. The vessel was built by the Nippon Kawan Kabushiki Kaisha in Japan and launched January 27. More than 200 meters long, "Presidente Deodoro" can cruise at 17 knots and carry 5,593 cubic meters of oil as cargo.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

The last supertanker delivered to PRONAP in Santos was the "Presidente Washington Luiz" on April 8. PRONAP now has 472,119 DW tons of shipping.

IV CONSULAR

1. General (UNCLASSIFIED)

Consular operations have continued normally during the past week and there is nothing especial to report.

V ADMINISTRATIVE

1. Consulate Inaugurates New Offices (UNCLASSIFIED)

On June 8 the Consulate inaugurated its new offices with an informal reception for the local municipal authorities and the Santos Consular Corps. About 40 persons attended. /Comment:

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his comrades, who raised a riot in the stationhouse, threatening to lay siege to the building with his hastily-recruited collection of sailors and marines unless the detective were handed over to him for transportation to the Air Base. After hours of confusion, orders from Major Aquino's Commanding Officer, Air Base Commander Lt. Colonel Francisco Morcades, recalled the Major to the base and ended the brawl.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Such conduct from a supposedly responsible officer does not reflect credit upon the Brazilian Air Force. On June 8 Colonel Morcades told the reporting officer that there were extenuating circumstances relating to the Major's behavior and that press accounts of the affair were biased against the Air Base and its personnel.

II LABOR

1. City Councilman Urges Action in Commerce Employees Case
(UNCLASSIFIED)

City Councilman Joao de Moraes Chaves, who is also President of the Workers in Urban Industries Union, has introduced before the City Council a resolution that the Council express its concern to the Federal Labor Minister over the long delay in the "solution" of the question of the legality of the March removal of Bernardo de Abreu Madeira as President of the Commerce Employees Union. Chaves admitted that the City Council has no authority in the matter but urged a telegram be sent by the Council so that the Labor Ministry would be aware that the case is far from being forgotten in local political circles. (See Weekly Comments of May 19 and May 27, 1960.)

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Chaves, who is an anticommunist and ardent backer of Janio Quadros, in effect was serving public notice that the anticommunist labor and political forces in Santos were growing increasingly impatient at the obvious behind-the-scenes politicking going on in the Labor Ministry over the now-notorious Madeira case. It is the reporting officer's opinion that the Santos City Council is most reluctant to become embroiled in the matter, but that most, if not all, of its individual members favor confirmation of the union's ouster of Madeira.

III ECONOMIC

1. Congestion Continues in Port of Santos (UNCLASSIFIED)

The port of Santos continues to be congested with shipping
/awaiting

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OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM

TO: The American Consulate General, Sao Paulo Date: June 9, 1960
FROM: The American Consulate, SANTOS *VP* AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL
SUBJECT: Weekly Comment on Events in Santos JUN 9-1960
REF: SÃO PAULO, BRAZIL

I POLITICAL

1. Local Businessmen Gloomy Over Janio's Prospects (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

On June 2, in the course of a small luncheon given at a private club at which were present 8 of the leading Santos business and professional men, the reporting officer was given to understand that although the large majority of the group personally supported Janio Quadros for President, nonetheless they all entertained serious misgivings as to whether he could and would be elected over Marshal Lott. One word which continued to crop up in the discussion to characterize Quadros as a campaigner was "painaço" (clown).

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The group seemed to agree that Lott was an unexciting, if not inept, politician and that, if elected, the corruption of the Kubitschek administration would continue. The group also felt that Janio would carry Santos and probably Sao Paulo State. But the discussion also brought out the point that it is the quantity, not the quality, of votes which swings elections, and that the better-off classes are becoming increasingly skeptical of Janio and his erratic actions, while the administration machines in other States can count on a large vote to offset the Janio strongholds.

2. Air Force Officer Runs Amok (UNCLASSIFIED)

Early in the morning of Sunday June 5 Aviator-Major Aquino, Deputy Commander of the Santos airbase, in the company of friends, drunkenly attacked a passerby in a Santos street. When a policeman and later a plainclothes detective attempted to intervene, they too were assaulted by the Major and his friends, and a tumult ensued when the detective fired his pistol in the air to intimidate his attackers. But the shots attracted a number of off-duty sailors and marines, who were ordered by the Major to assault the detective.

When the latter attempted to retire from the scene in a taxi, he was pursued to the Central Police Station by the enraged Major and /his

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SUBJECT: Santos Weekly Report					
Transmitted herewith for the information of the Embassy and the Department is the weekly report from the American Consulate at Santos, dated June 9, 1960.					
Encl at W/M.		William F. Cochran, Jr. Consul General		732.00/6-1460 HBS	
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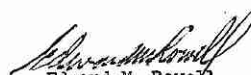
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From AmConsulate, Curitiba

COMMENT: LACHOWSKI is one of three or four Parana politicians who are extremely influential with the Polish population in the southeastern part of the state. He is especially popular with younger persons of Polish extraction who have only a second-hand idea of life and conditions in Europe. Anyone attempting to gain prestige with that population would be well advised to gain the support of LACHOWSKI. (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)


Edward M. Rowell
American Consul

Co.: Supervising Consul General, AmEmbassy, Rio de Janeiro

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on May 2 when CHESSMAN was executed. However, most of the discussion revolved around the merits and demerits of capital punishment and a justice which requires twelve years to reach a conclusion. The consulate received about a dozen anonymous phone calls on May 2. Two days later, the CHESSMAN case was a permanently dead letter, and more pressing current events (e.g. the U-2) had eliminated CHESSMAN from public attention. SOURCES: Observations and conversations of consular personnel. Local press. (UNCLASSIFIED)

COMMENT: Now that the fuel has gone from the fire, it appears that the CHESSMAN case has produced no lasting changes in public opinion in this consular district regarding the United States. (UNCLASSIFIED)

MISCELLANEOUS

7. German Government Decorates Parana Governor Moyses Lupion

On May 12, the German Consul in Curitiba, Dr. Rudolf RABES, gave a small luncheon for Parana Governor Moyses LUPION at which the governor was decorated with the "Grand Order of Merit with Star and Band of the German Federal Republic". The occasion marked the eighteenth anniversary of the day on which Dr. RABES left Brazil because of the severance of diplomatic relations between Germany and Brazil. The award was given for services rendered during LUPION's two terms as governor in promoting German-Brazilian relations, culturally and economically. SOURCES: Local press. (UNCLASSIFIED)

COMMENT: The governor was very pleased with the decoration, and the ceremony received considerable publicity. (UNCLASSIFIED)

8. Parana Secretary of Public Works Returns from Poland

The Parana Secretary of Public Works and Transportation, Ladislaw LACHOWSKI, and his wife recently returned from a tour to Poland, Spain, and France. LACHOWSKI was invited to make the trip by the Polish Government during the visit of the Polish parliamentary delegation in March. LACHOWSKI speaks Polish fluently and is the Brazilian-born son of Polish immigrants. His wife and he long have had warm social relationships with the Polish consulate here. Since he has returned from Europe, LACHOWSKI has conspicuously refrained from commenting on what he saw or thinks about Poland. SOURCES: Local press. (UNCLASSIFIED)

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4. Status of Parties in Santa Catarina Gubernatorial Campaign

Seriously weakened by the expulsion of two important members (Braz Joaquim ALVES and Paulino BURIGO), the Santa Catarina PTB has joined with the PSD and will support Celso RAMOS for governor. Ostensibly, ALVES and BURIGO were thrown out because they supported UDN candidate Irineu BORNHAUSEN against the wishes of PTB president Doutel de ANDRADE. However, since then national PTB president Joao GOULART has gone out of his way to give support to ALVES and BURIGO. SOURCES: Personal conversations. O Estado, Florianopolis. (UNCLASSIFIED)

COMMENT: The scission in the Santa Catarina PTB has robbed it of much of its electoral importance in 1960. Perhaps this indicates a victory for the UDN which controls the governing machinery and already had, before the PTB split, slightly more electoral backing than the PSD. However, the contest is still too close to make any safe predictions. (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

PSYCHOLOGICAL EVENTS

5. Reaction to Summit Conference and U/2 Incident

Opinion was nearly unanimous that the Soviets caused the failure of the Summit Conference. However, many people felt that the U.S. is culpable for its "ineptness" and "poor timing regarding the affair". For these reasons the U.S. is thought to share responsibility for the present tenseness of the international scene. The main reaction to the whole affair was one of near panic - panic that Brazil, along with a multitude of other bystander nations, would be swept up in a cataclysm in which it has no real interest but which nevertheless would destroy everything. SOURCES: Personal conversations. All local press. (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

COMMENT: So far as the Summit itself is concerned, public opinion absolves the U.S. for primary blame. Even leftist Ultima Hora, declined to try to place blame for the collapse of the Paris meeting. But long after the U-2 business has become a hazy memory, there will remain a visceral conviction that it might be a good thing for Brazil to consider itself apart from the major protagonists on the present world scene. (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

6. Caryl Chessman - Finis

As expected, public indignation became slightly feverish on May 2

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Disp. No. 58
From AmConsulate, Curitiba

Parana, and the PSD-PTB local organization in Santa Catarina. If the election were held today, LOTT would lose handily in both states. SOURCES: Personal observations and conversations, local press. (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

2. Status of Gubernatorial Candidates in Parana

The contest between the three Parana gubernatorial candidates remains close. Nelson MACULAN has the all out support of the state PTB (second largest party), and he is receiving substantial financial assistance from his coffee-growing colleagues in northern Parana. He is gaining in prestige in heavily populated Curitiba. Ney BRAGA has kept the momentum of his early campaigning, in spite of the fact that he has organized support only from smaller parties. Undoubtedly the unstinting backing of most of the Roman Catholic hierarchy in Parana plus a large number of important and very wealthy businessmen is an important factor in BRAGA's progress. Plinio COSTA continues to receive substantial help from the organized PSD, especially in the interior, in spite of the dissidence of certain of the party's prominent politicians. SOURCES: Personal observations and conversations, local press. (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

COMMENT: An interesting element in the campaign thus far is that there has been almost no mud-slinging. In conversations with persons of every political leaning, the reporting officer has been told repeatedly that all three candidates are honest and good men, and that whoever wins, Parana will be the gainer. (UNCLASSIFIED)

3. Status of Vice Presidential Candidates

The passing of Leandro MACIEL (ex-UDN candidate for Vice President) caused no comment except for a few sighs of relief. More surprisingly, the nomination of Milton CAMPOS in Maciel's place has provoked little comment as well. At present "Jango" GOULART is the strongest vice presidential candidate in Parana and Santa Catarina because he is the only candidate receiving strong support from any party (PSD-PTB in Santa Catarina, PTB in Parana). FERRARI is still a strong "dark horse", but without stronger and more open support from established parties in this consular district, his chances will diminish. SOURCES: Personal observations and conversations. Gazeta do Povo (May 3, 5, 12, 28). O Estado, Florianopolis (May 7, 8). (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

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PRIORITY		FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH		732.00/6-1460	
FROM :	American Consulate, Curitiba, Brazil		DESP. NO.	JUN 15 1960 June 14, 1960	
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.				
REF :					
25 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION REC'D	DEPT. V A F OTHER	RM/R-2 IRC-8 Em-5- 6-22 Cia-10 USIA-10 Navy-3		
SUBJECT: NEWS SUMMARY (NON-ECONOMIC) FOR MAY, 1960					
Contents: 1. Status of Presidential Candidates in Parana and Santa Catarina 2. Status of Gubernatorial Candidates in Parana 3. Status of Vice Presidential Candidate 4. Status of Parties in Santa Catarina Gubernatorial Campaign 5. Reaction to Summit Conference and U-2 Incident 6. Garyl Chessman - Finis 7. German Government Decorates Parana Governor Lupion 8. Parana Secretary of Public Works Returns from Poland					

POLITICAL EVENTS					
1. Status of Presidential Candidates in Parana and Santa Catarina The recently announced Adhemar de BARROS candidacy has had no impact in this consular district. No mention of his name is heard anywhere, and although he received a substantial vote in Parana in 1955, in 1960 it looks as though voting for him will be negligible. During a recent visit to Parana, Marshal LOTT's public personality was so antipathetic that he alienated many persons who had favored him. His attempt to wean votes from JANIO in northern Parana by accusing the PSD ^{the PSD} complicity in action against the "Marcha da Producao" (1958) failed completely. Whatever the Marshal wins in Santa Catarina and Parana will be won because of the strength of the existing PSD machine in Parana.					
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ACTION ASSIGNED TO: NAME OF OFFICER & OFFICE SYMBOL	REPORTER	ACTION TAKEN	DATE OF ACTION	DIRECTIONS TO RM/R	
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Disp. No.
From PORTO ALEGRE

president, to make an on the-spot study of the Rio Grande do Sul economic plight. He then, as the month ended, gathered with the business, agricultural and industrial leaders of the State to survey the results of his efforts and the steps which might be taken to improve the situation.

Comment: The Governor appears to realize that the reaction of voters next October will largely stem from their pocket-book nerves. To that end, some convincing appearance of substantial Federal support for this area could prove most helpful and the Lucio Meira study group is hopefully a step in this direction. Presumably also the Governor, in order to get Administration support to improve his political situation, must present some convincing appearance of being able to deliver a strong vote for the Administration candidates—a vicious circle which keeps him flying between Porto Alegre, Rio and Brasilia.

4. General strike averted: Just before the expiry of a 60 day deadline established by the leaders of the successful strike of March (ref. item 5 desp. No. 40) the authorities took measures to avert another more extended and more prolonged general strike centering in Santa Maria, over the same issues, i.e., social benefit and high cost of living (desp. No. 48 of March 1). The strike, which shows evidence of communist organization and direction, has been postponed pending settlement of strikers' demands. A threat for its renewal continues, therefore, as a lever to assure satisfaction for the workers, or to obtain political advantage for the strike organizers, or both.

Percy Warner
Percy Warner
American Consul

cc. Amembassy RIO

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From PORTO ALEGRE

b. Janio Quadros made an old fashioned whistle stop railroad tour, interspersed with airhops, in much the same area covered by Lett less than a week after the Marechal. On this occasion he made a point of speaking to student and worker groups. At Santa Maria, one of his principal stops, this was evidently a move on his part to capitalize on current labor dissatisfaction there (see item 4 below). Despite his efforts on this trip, as in his previous one in April, he seemed to set no rivers on fire.

c. Ademar de Barros: Shortly after the Marechal and Janio visits, Ademar came into the same general part of Rio Grande de Sul. It was difficult to see that, by his trips to this state so far including this one, he has accomplished anything of importance.

d. Fernando Ferrari: The well organized drive forged ahead on behalf of Ferrari vice presidential candidacy, receiving powerful support from Porto Alegre's Mayor Loureiro da Silva, who received some help from Ferrari in his resounding mayoralty victory last November over the PTB machine (ref. desp No. 17 of December 2, 1959). A "nationalist Lett-Ferrari" movement appeared. Ferrari's MTR groups continued to spread and work effectively for him.

Comment: Neither Lett nor Janio seem to have stirred the voters; Ademar appears a fizzle. Only the Ferrari movement seems to be purposefully and surely gathering strength and to be making positive, successful appeals to significant voter strength. Although a Lett-Ferrari organization has made a belated and uncertain appearance, the strength attracted by Ferrari should almost entirely benefit Janio and no other.

3. Gubernatorial Moves:

a. Cabinet changes: State Deputy (PSP) Adalmino Moura was dropped as Secretary of "Economia", a post which he had held for approximately five months (ref. item 4, desp. No. 22, Jan. 13, 1960). Siegfried Hauser was moved from the Secretaryship of Finances into the "Economia" post and Federal Deputy (PTB) Victor Issler became the new Secretary of Finance. The interest of these shifts seemed to lie in finding a way to move Issler, who is better known in Federal top circles than Hauser, into the fiscal position at a time when the Governor is making every effort to ameliorate the State's financial plight. Sizable Federal credits are important to this end. Hauser, who served the Governor well since inauguration as a financial adviser and helper, will continue in a position to influence State fiscal policy.

b. The Governor and RGS economic problems: After the cabinet re-shuffle described above, the Governor obtained the establishment of a high level Federal committee chaired by Lucio Meira, ENDE

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FROM : Amconsulate PORTO ALEGRE

52

DESP. NO.

TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.

June 13, 1960

REF :

JUN 14 1960

25- For Dept. Use Only	ACTION REC'D 6-22	DEPT. IN OTHER	RMR-2 1RC-8 Cia-10 VSIA-10 Navy-3
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SUBJECT: RIO GRANDE DO SUL POLITICAL SUMMARY - No. 9 May 1960

1. General
2. Presidential campaign developments
3. Gubernatorial moves
4. General strike



1. General: The DPO accompanied by PAO Fawcett made a 1400 kilometer swing into the central and northwest portions of the district (ref. desp. No. 51 of 6/13/60) in order to establish and maintain grass roots contacts outside Porto Alegre. 1/

2. Presidential campaign developments: As mentioned below the three principal presidential candidates visited Rio Grande do Sul again in May.

a. Lett-PSD-PTB: Upper echelons at the national level of the PSD machine continued their efforts to make the marriage of convenience with the PTB, in support of the Lett-Janio ticket, more palatable to the vigorously dissenting PSD elements in this, Jango's home state. The Consulate will forward shortly a study analyzing this interesting PSD split which can have a most serious, and perhaps decisive, effect on the presidential and vice presidential campaigns in this State. Marechal Lett and Jango Goulart stumped the western and northern parts of Rio Grande do Sul May 19-22 without any noteworthy results.

1/ This, the fifth of a series of such trips, since September 1959, will be the last for some time. In May the DPO received transfer orders effective in early July; his replacement should arrive in late August or early September. Also the Administrative Assistant received orders to depart in early June pursuant to his resignation. No replacement has yet been named.

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Desp. No. 51
From PORTO ALEGRE

with the Soviet Union would increase and would benefit Brazil.

Percy Warner
Percy Warner
American Consul

cc: Amembassy, Rio

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Encl. No.
Dep. No. 51
From PORTO ALEGRE

candidate. Although Lott is favored, neither he nor Janio has^{as} yet stirred the public imagination. Efforts to find out how the various candidates have been received in their local campaigns generally met with the response that the public has become politically sophisticated, listening politely but skeptically to the political oratory of the candidates.

Support for Janio was generally found among elements of the white-collar working class and self-employed, notably among people without any political or economic ties with governmental institutions. No evidence was seen, however, that he has gained in political stature from his first visit to the State. Among those who favored Janio Quadros the reasons most frequently given for their support were Janio's good administration of the State of São Paulo and the conviction that the present Federal Government has ruined the State economically by siphoning out its revenues to build Brasília and other large-scale projects of no benefit to Rio Grande do Sul. The population had for the most part the vaguest of notions about Janio's trip to Cuba and cared less.

The lack of enthusiasm, which in instances verged on apathy, may be explained in large part by the fact that the PTB finds itself in a position where it has to accept the Presidential candidate promoted by its traditional rival in the State, the PSD. At the same time the PSD is seriously split between Lott and Janio for much the same reasons with respect to the second place on the ticket.

As a rule people in political power and others who may be classified as molders of public opinion expressed greater concern with economic than political matters. This attitude was particularly evident with regard to the several mayors in the cities and towns visited. All of them seemed active in the promotion of economic improvements in their communities. Questions were asked of the reporting officer, for instance, concerning the possibility of American capital investments in soybean processing plants. Establishment of these plants would be encouraged by such incentives as exemption from municipal taxes for a number of years and a guaranteed supply of electric power. It should be noted in passing that the entire State is suffering from an acute shortage of electric power.

With few exceptions little interest was noted in international affairs. Although no evidence was encountered of general unfriendliness toward the United States, the Caryl Chessman case was still very much on the public mind, and several people were critical of the United States for his execution. The only other reference of note to relations with other countries was a comment made by the PTB mayor of Santo Angelo to the effect that he felt that trade relations

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH					
FROM :	Amconsulate PORTO ALEGRE		51	June 13, 1960	
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		DESP. NO.	DATE	
REF :	JUN 14 1960				
53	ACTION	DEPT.	E-3 ECA-3		
For Dept.	ARRA 4	IN	RM/A-2 REP-1 IRC-8		
Use Only	REC'D	OTHER	6/22 CIA 10 COM-10 TR-3		
SUBJECT: TRIP TO THE CITIES OF SANTA MARIA AND SANTO DO SUL.					
The reporting officer made a visit by car to the center of the northwestern parts of Rio Grande do Sul, centering on the cities of Santa Maria and Santo Angelo during May 16-20, 1960. Brief stops were also made in several other smaller cities along the 1400 km route. He was accompanied by the PAO and a member of the local staff in the USIS press section. Official calls were made on the mayors, newspaper offices, and radio stations in the various cities visited. Other calls and visits included the School of Medicine and Forestry Station in Santa Maria, and the manager of the Bank of Brazil in Ijuí. There were also many conversations with elements of the general population. A principal purpose of the trip was to get an impression of the prevailing political views on the Presidential succession in the aftermath of the April campaign tours by the three Presidential candidates--Marshal Teixeira Lott, Janio Quadros, and Adhemar de Barros. The area visited is predominantly under the sway of the Labor Party (PTB). Because the two major parties, the Social Democratic Party (PSD) and the PTB, have the same Presidential candidate, Marshal Lott, the situation naturally favors Lott, and the consensus was that he was the stronger of the two major candidates--Lott and Janio, Adhemar de Barros (the PSP candidate) being readily dismissed as having little influence. The mayor of the populous city of Santa Maria, who as a PSD dissident favors Janio Quadros, told the reporting officer that the balance in Santa Maria rested with Lott. The main reasons he gave were the 6,000 military people and the 8,000 railway workers stationed in the city. Although approximately 10% of the military personnel cannot vote, the economic benefits flowing from a large military establishment are considered an important factor in influencing the electorate. Despite these circumstances, the striking fact in the political picture was that there was a noticeable lack of enthusiasm for either					
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FALANGOLA imprime

0030

PENSANDO DEM, **ADHEMAR** E O MEMOR

0736

GOVERNO DE

CRUZADA CÍVICA
DO P. S. P.

0735

GOVERNO DE

CRUZADA CIVICA
DO P. S. P.

0734

AAA
encl to Relv 0-37.

LOT

REPRESENTA A ESPADA !

JANIO

ODIO, RANCOR E VINGANÇA !

ADHEMAR DE BARROS

PAZ, UNIÃO, ESPERANÇA !!!

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(Classification)

Page 3 of 3
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Desp. No. 37
From Belem, Brazil

The Presidential Campaign.

The big national issues are still taking a back seat to the regional ones. The PSD candidate, Aurelio do Carmo, talks of marching on to victory with Lott and Jango as a matter of course. The CDP has not yet officially endorsed a presidential candidate. At the same time the PSD forces are stocking up por-Ademar campaign material samples of which are attached. A few days ago, when the regional PSD (Partido Socialista Brasileiro) gave its unconditional support to Klautau, this action caused some wonderment among PSD groups as they could not reconcile in their minds the ultra nationalist pronouncements of the socialist leader Cleo Bernardo with the fact that the CDP candidate has been notoriously silent about the nationalist issue.

A Ferrari for vice-president headquarters is operating a few feet from the Consulate. So far there has been no activity therein to speak of and it appears that none is expected until Ferrari visits Belem.

Jose De Saabre
Jose De Saabre
American Consul

Enclosures: Political propaganda material

cc: AmEmbassy, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil

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(Classification)

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Disp. No. 37
From AmConsul, Belem

and therefore he could not remain indifferent to the appeals of those who placed the welfare of the people above mere party commitments. His stand brought about an impassioned letter from his erstwhile alternate Antonio Martins, Jr., who pleaded with him in strongly eloquent terms to withdraw from the contest.

At this stage, political gossip has Assumpção in the pay of the PSD-PTB machine and running in order to wreck the CDP's chances. The fact remains, however, that Assumpção left a good record as governor and still enjoys a large measure of popularity. As to his vote getting ability, particularly in the small towns and villages it might be stronger than Klautau's.

Current Campaign Activities.

So far, both Aurelio do Carmo and Klautau (the latter accompanied by Prisco dos Santos and, at times, by FSB (Socialist) firebrand State Deputy Cleo Bernardo) have made only quick forays into the grass roots districts, trying to obtain pledges of support from Mayors, City Councilmen and assorted political bosses. Conspicuously absent to this moment are personal attacks on the part of either candidate. At the same time there have been direct attacks leveled at both candidates in the stormy sessions of the State Legislature as well as in the farcical oratorical free-for-alls of the City Council.

For the time being, at least, all attacks lack the virulence of the verbal and written exchanges typical of the Barata era. With the announcement on June 2 that Assumpção was almost certain to run, Klautau vigorously denied any rumor that he would withdraw from the race, taking advantage of the opportunity to fulminate in well-rounded but scathing phrases against "...the weak, the insincere, and all those who mock the word solemnly given and who could not resist the seduction of power and fallacious promises..." (the foregoing can be interpreted as a blast at Assumpção). In the same interview, the CDP candidate aimed his customary shots at the "...depressing dilapidations of a political-administrative nature, thriving on ill-acquired money which is supplied by illegal gambling activities and sordid contraband operations..." (this has been for a long time the main line of CDP attacks on PSD-controlled administrations).

The PSD forces are criticizing the CDP by continually berating Belem's Mayor Lopo de Castro (PSD) for not performing even the most basic housekeeping chores: street repairs, garbage collecting, etc. This to such an extent that it is often said that Lopo is becoming more and more of a political liability to the CDP. As soon as it became known that Assumpção was likely to be a candidate, the PSD-controlled press (O LIBERAL and the reborn "O ESTADO DO PARA") started aiming mild editorial barbs at the CDP (without mentioning names), commenting in an ironically condescending tone that the CDP was slow but surely disintegrating, as it could never achieve any substantial measure of unity.

The Presidential Campaign.

0731

Unclassified (Security Classification)		DO NOT TYPE IN THIS SPACE 732-00/6-1160
FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH		
FROM : AmConsul, Belem, Brazil	37	DESP. NO.
TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.	June 11, 1960	
REF : Consulate's Despatch No. 27 dated April 9, 1960		
55 ACTION For Dept. Use Only	DEPT. REC'D OTHER	DEPT. OF STATE INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS
6/30	CEA 10 USEH 10 May-5	
SUBJECT: Political Activities in State of Para, Brazil.		

The split within the Coligação Democrática Paraense (hereafter referred to as CDP) which had started as a somewhat inarticulate statement of mere dissatisfaction with Klautau's nomination (see referenced despatch) has evolved into significant rallying of political forces culminating in the nomination of senator Marshal Zacarias de Assumpção (Governor of Para 1950-1955) by PST (Partido Social Trabalhista) local chieftain João Botelho, at a rally held Thursday June 2. (The PST is not represented either in the State Legislature or the City Council). A delegation of "rebel" leaders is to depart soon for Rio to obtain formal acceptance from Assumpção, which is expected at this writing- and escort him back to Belem, where he will be registered as a candidate, thus starting officially his campaign for the State Governorship.

If Assumpção decides to run, the line-up of candidates and supporting parties will be as follows: Aurelio do CARMO, supported by PSD-PTB-PDC-PN-PRP; Aldebaro KLAUTAU by PSP (with a few isolated exceptions), part of UDN, PR, PSB; ASSUMPÇÃO by PST, dissident elements of PTB and PR, and of course, the "rebel wing" of UDN.

Regarding the vice-governorships, there is evidence of growing dissatisfaction with Prisco dos SANTOS within the CDP. State Deputy Alfredo GANTUSS (PTB-dissident) is "available" and enjoying a growing measure of support on the part of CDP groups. In the PSD-PTB camp, the mood is one of confidence and security: the fact that no vice-gubernatorial candidate has as yet been picked seems to indicate that no hurried choice is to be made. One possibility is that incumbent Governor Moura Carvalho might run if allowed by the Constitution. Another is Federal Deputy Armando Carneiro (PSD).

The possible return of Assumpção to the gubernatorial contest was engineered behind the scenes by UDN federal deputy and veteran politician Epilogo de Campos. Assumpção himself, forgetting his previous decision to step aside, together with Mayor Lopo de Castro in favor of a "third" candidate, published in all the papers a long letter in which not saying in so many words that he was willing to run, stated nevertheless that the CDP was not strongly united and therefore

A. José DeSeabra/hed
REPORTER

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0730

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Dep. No. 37
From Belem, Brazil

The Presidential Campaign.

The big national issues are still taking a back seat to the regional ones. The PSD candidate, Aurelio do Carmo, talks of marching on to victory with Lott and Jango as a matter of course. The CDP has not yet officially endorsed a presidential candidate. At the same time the PSD forces are stocking up por-Ademar campaign material samples of which are attached. A few days ago, when the regional PSB (Partido Socialista Brasileiro) gave its unconditional support to Klautau, this action caused some wonderment among PSD groups as they could not reconcile in their minds the ultra nationalist pronouncements of the socialist leader Cleeo Bernardo with the fact that the CDP candidate has been notoriously silent about the nationalist issue.

A Ferrari for vice-president headquarters is operating a few feet from the Consulate. So far there has been no activity therein to speak of and it appears that none is expected until Ferrari visits Belem.

A. J. DeSeabra
A. Jose DeSeabra
American Consul

Enclosures: Political propaganda material

cc: Embassy, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil

Unclassified

0729

Doc. No. 111
(Classification)

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Doc. No. 37
From AmC Council, Below

and therefore in a position to resist the appeals of those who played the wiles of the people above mere party commitments. His stand brought about an unexpected letter from his erstwhile opponent Antonio Bastian, who pleaded with him in strongly eloquent terms to withdraw from the contest.

At this stage political activities in the pay of the PSD-PTB are being conducted to weaken the CDP's chances. The fact remains however that Assumpção is a good record as governor and still enjoys a large measure of popularity. As to his vote getting ability particularly in the smaller and out villages it might be stronger than his own.

Current Campaign Activities

So far, Assumpção and Klautau (the latter accompanied by his son Saul) have been seen by the PSD (Social) firebrand State Deputy Cláudio Bessa, who has been out a force into the grass roots districts trying to gain support for his group of from Mayors, City Councilmen and other local officials. He is conspicuously absent in this moment and is known to be in the past of other candidates. At the same time there have been direct attacks leveled at both candidates in the stormy sessions of the State Legislature as well as in the factual oratorical front made in the City Council.

For the time being, Assumpção has the virulence of the verbal and written onslaughts typical of the Barão area. With the announcement of Assumpção's victory, it was almost certain to Klautau vigorously denied any chance of withdrawal from the race, taking advantage of the opportunity to deliver a well-aimed but scathing phrase against "those who would resist the seduction of power and fail to be honest." (This phrase, which is interpreted as a blast at Assumpção). In the same address, the CDP candidate aimed his customary shot at the "corrupt and dissipated" political administration, "not only in the police force which is supplied by illegal gambling activities and other contraband operations." (This has been for a long time the main line of CDP attacks on PSD-controlled administration).

The PSD has also been seen by the CDP in a generally berating. Below is a list of the CDP's attacks on the PSD. The most basic has been the PSD's attack on the CDP's "corrupt" administration. This is such an old story that it is almost impossible to find more and more of a political strategy. The CDP's attack is known that Assumpção was in a position to weaken the PSD-controlled press (O LIBERAL and the O ESTADÃO DO PARÁ) by attacking mild editorial parts of the CDP (without mentioning names), presenting in a frontally coded manner that the CDP was "slow" but surely disintegrating, as it would never be a real measure of unity.

The Presidential Campaign.

0728

Classification: **JUN 27 1960**
(Security Classification)
FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

FROM: AmConsul, Belém, Brazil

TO: THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON

June 11, 1960

REF: Consulate's Despatch No. 27 dated April 9, 1960

For Dept	For State	For Other
REC'D	REC'D	REC'D

SUBJECT: Political Activities in State of Para, Brazil.

The split within the Comunidade Democrática Paraense (hereafter referred to as CDP) which had reacted as a somewhat inarticulate statement of mere dissatisfaction with Klautau's domination (see referenced despatch) has evolved into significant rallying of political forces, culminating in the nomination of senator Marshal Zacarias de Assumpção (Governor of Para 1950-1955) by PST (Partido Socialista) and UDN (União Democrática Nacional) at a rally held Thursday, June 2. (The PST is not represented either in the State Legislature or the City Council). A delegation of "rebel" leaders is to convene soon for Rio to obtain formal acceptance from Assumpção - which is expected at this writing - and escort him back to Belém, where he will be registered as a candidate, thus starting officially his campaign for the State Governorship.

If Assumpção decides to run, the line-up of candidates and voting parties will be as follows: Aurelio de CARMO, supported PSD-PTB-PUC-PN-PRP, Aldebaro KLAUTAU by PSP (with a few isolated exceptions), part of UDN, PR, PSD; ASSUMPTÃO by PST, dissident elements of PTB and PR, and of course, the "rebel wing" of UDN.

Regarding the vicegovernorship, there is evidence of growing dissatisfaction with Prince dos SANTOS within the CDP. State Deputy Alfredo GARNIER (PTB dissident) is "available" and enjoying a growing measure of support on the part of CDP groups. In the PSD-PTB camp, the mood is one of confidence and security; the fact that no vice-gubernatorial candidate has as yet been picked seems to indicate that no hurried choice is to be made. One possibility is that incumbent Governor Moura Carvalho might, if allowed by the Constitution, accept the Federal Deputy Armando Carneiro (PSD).

The possible victory of Assumpção in the gubernatorial contest was engineered behind the scenes by UDN Federal deputy and veteran politician Epilício de Campos. Assumpção himself, forgetting his previous decision to step aside, joined with Mayor Leão do Castro in favor of a "third" candidate, published in all the papers a long letter in which he was saying in so many words that he was willing to run, stated nevertheless that the CDP was strongly united and therefore

A. José DeSouza/and

See Remarks

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0727

é também o filho do negro. O Brasil é país sem preconceito de raça. O Brasil é país sem o preconceito da religião. O Brasil é país pacífico por excelência, país que contém a guerra de conquista. Não podemos empenhar-nos em guerra de conquista, de maneira que na África e Ásia as simpatias que envolvem o Brasil são muito grandes. Esta é a nossa oportunidade, este é o nosso instante, para aproveitar-nos dessa simpatia, para aproveitar-nos legitimamente, para aproveitar-nos sem nenhum propósito subalterno. Então, repito, a política internacional do Brasil deve ser de amizade com todos os povos, deve ser de encorajamento para as nossas ações, deve ser marcadamente anti-imperialista, anti colonialista e deve ser anti-racista. O Brasil precisa transformar-se em um pe-ladino dos novos países, em um protetor dos novos países, em um companheiro dos novos países, em um amigo dos novos países. Incraremos debaixo de cada aspecto das relações internacionais, no aspecto do comércio internacional, no aspecto da troca de valores culturais e assim estaremos todos nós à altura da missão que nos foi reservada - a de filhos de uma grande potência. Acredito ter respondido a sua pergunta.

PERGUNTA: - Ante aqueles círculos que predominam internacionalmente, ante aqueles países que prevalecem internacionalmente, ante mas claramente a América do Norte, o Bloco Europeu e o Bloco Soviético, qual seria a política de V. Excia?

RESPOSTA: - A seguinte: O Brasil tem compromissos com a OEA. Compromissos de defesa das nações americanas, esses compromissos são válidos para mim. O Brasil tem compromissos nas Nações Unidas como membro da organização mundial, esses compromissos são válidos para mim. À parte esses compromissos eu não quisera ver o Brasil envolvido nem com um bloco nem com o outro.

0726

D 47 Salvador
Bahia, Brazil
ARA no. 1

ENTREVISTA DO SR. JANIO QUADROS NO PROGRAMA

FALANDO FRANCAMENTE

SAUDAÇÃO INICIAL - Eu quero saudar os brasileiros de Salvador, os brasileiros da Bahia, quero que me relevem o atraso com o qual compareci a este programa e que decorre de força maior, quero agradecer à Radio Excelsior a oportunidade que me enseja de entrar em contato com a família bahiana, e quero declarar que estou à disposição das perguntas que me sejam formuladas, não obstante devam saber todos do meu estado de cansaço, de exaustão física. Hoje pela manhã, tão logo chegava de Jequié, fui levado à Faculdade de Direito e passeado pelo crivo dos acadêmicos. Saí de lá, bahianos meus amigos, com mais agulhas no meu corpo do que um Paquir indiano. À tarde visitei Mataripe, visitei Candeias, preparei o discurso que devia proferir nesse meu encontro com Sua Excelência o Governador, e eis-me aqui, para que daqui eu saia ainda para outro compromisso. Então, se os dirigentes do programa me permitem, eu iria fixar o tempo que poderei permanecer, embora à disposição para qualquer outra oportunidade, para qualquer outro instante. Quero acreditar que, 40 minutos bastam.

PERGUNTA: - Deputado Janio Quadros, a nossa primeira pergunta da noite de hoje consiste no seguinte: Como pretende orientar V. Excia. a política exterior do Brasil?

RESPOSTA: - Antes eu desejo prestar, sem o propósito de judiar os dois radialistas, uma explicação. Não conheço as perguntas. Ambos os jornalistas são homens de bem, não me apresentariam e, eu sou homem de bem o bastante para não querer conhecê-los antes. Meus pontos de vista sobre política exterior são bem conhecidos. Ainda há pouco tempo nós, no Brasil, éramos filhos de uma Nação de segunda ordem, de uma Nação modesta, de uma nação humilde. Bem ou mal temos progredido. Estamos caminhando rapidamente para a posição de grande potência. Se fôsse possível estabelecer um confronto entre o Brasil e os Estados Unidos diria aos bahianos que estamos para os fins de tornar-nos grande potência como os Estados Unidos estiveram um pouco antes da primeira guerra mundial. Aqueles que podem recuar no tempo e que têm idade para isso, sabem que os norte-americanos naquela altura eram também filhos de uma Nação de segunda ordem no plano internacional. Somos 70 milhões de habitantes ou caminhamos para esta população. Temos oito e meio milhões de quilômetros quadrados, todos os climas, todas as riquezas, unidade de língua, unidade de costumes, unidade de tradições. Não temos preconceitos raciais, graças aos Céus. Nenhum de nós pergunta ao outro "a que religião você pertence?". Isto parece insignificante, mas não o é. Isto é fundamental em um povo. Contudo, o aparecimento do Brasil como potência, está coincidindo com o aparecimento de várias outras nações na África e na Ásia, como potência. Nós os vimos virar nascer a Índia, independente, o Paquistão, independente, Burma, independente, o Congo Belga e a Nigéria. A Nigéria era e ainda é uma colônia inglesa com 30 milhões de habitantes e com significado muito sério para nós brasileiros e para vocês bahianos. É uma das maiores produtoras de cacau do mundo; nossa rival nos mercados internacionais, com a Costa do Marfim, com o Camerão, com Gana. Como procederá o Brasil na sua política internacional? Eu digo: com a mais absoluta independência, com a mais marcada soberania. Extendendo as suas mãos para todos os povos, para todas as nações e especialmente para os povos afro-asiáticos que lutam pela sua independência. O Brasil tem autoridade extraordinária para aproximar-se dessa nova África e dessa nova Ásia, porque o Brasil

0725

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REFORMULAÇÃO DA POLÍTICA DO PETRÓLEO

O presidente João Goulart fala ao Salão Nobre e a assembleia que inaugurou os seus governos. — Debates com os estudantes de Recife, junto com saluário e participação de uma "marcha repleta"

O embaixador português na República da Guiné, em Salvador, em 1986, afirma que, quando o presidente da república foi eleito, os portugueses ficaram muito preocupados com o futuro do país, pois acreditavam que o regime não iria durar. Além disso, por uma série de razões políticas, econômicas e culturais, os portugueses não tinham uma boa impressão do novo governo do Estado. No entanto, após a chegada do novo presidente, o país mudou completamente. O novo governo mostrou-se muito aberto aos portugueses, e os portugueses começaram a se sentir mais seguros e confortáveis no país. Além disso, o novo governo começou a implementar reformas econômicas e sociais, o que ajudou a melhorar a situação do país. Portanto, os portugueses ficaram muito satisfeitos com o novo governo e começaram a se sentir mais seguros e confortáveis no país.

COM OS UNIVERSITARIOS

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PARTIDOS SÃO IGUAIS
A certa altura dos debates, o universitário Antônio Guedes, indignado com a candidatura de Antonio Carlos de Aguiar, afirmou que os dois partidos são iguais, pois ambos representam o povo humilde e pobre, e a estruturação de sua campanha recebendo apoio de partidos conservadores como o PSD. O Sr. João Guebara replicou: "Não, não. Os partidos possuem idéias bem específicas, e não há nada de semelhante entre eles".

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mas da UDN, porque não per-
tencem aos seus quadros. Mas
quando esta partido a conselho de
conservadores talvez pudessem
generalizar para votar como
conservadores todos os partidos
que estão apoiando todos os can-
didatos à presidência da Repu-
blica.

ENERGIA ELÉTRICA

[illegible]

OUTROD IEMAJ

O candidato das oposições não aceita sobre tramas, políticas externas, renúncia de setores, mas se apóia em um programa mais amplo, mais abrangente, mais profundo. O programa do candidato da oposição é mais amplo, mais abrangente, mais profundo. O programa do candidato da oposição é mais amplo, mais abrangente, mais profundo.

habiano sido los que

[illegible]

... des ...

[illegible][illegible]

DEFINIÇÃO POLÍCIA

[illegible]

Estados Unidos, com a
dominado pela União Soviética.
3 - Regular a remessa de
para o estrangeiro, dando
após o projeto, Sérgio Maga-
lães.

O PROGRAMA DE MORTE
O BRASIL EM GUERRA
COMUNISMO E O BRASIL
COMUNISMO E O BRASIL

...do de ...
...de ...
...de ...
...de ...

4. 1980 British Columbia was being
banned from the export of 100,000
cows and horses, and the province
was being forced to pay \$100,000.

deputado Carlos Dória	Blota
Machado João Augusto	João
plata Espirito e Nelson	Sam-
pelo A. por último e A.	Pinó
Quatro	-

O governo quer bandirante
 república, apanhada, e não apanha
 homem a medida, e não apanha
 os direitos e não apanha
 a liberdade e não apanha

rar são os seus um - cidade livre



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SECRETARIO FISCAL DA
RECLAMANTES
O **Senhor** **Caetano** **Felipe**
apresenta, **reclamando** a **Min**
procedendo o **sr. Vianna** de **Melo**
apresenta do **viagem** a **Obra** **Pi**
publica, a **fim** de **prestar** **servi**
mentos a **respeito** do:
a) **proposição** do **Poder** **Execu**
tivo que **dispõe** **sobre** a **opera**
ção

Com a mais definitiva e definitiva
nossa, ao longo do tempo, a
Comissão de Justiça se reuniu
para, parecer favorável a denú-
ncias de diversos russos.
O presidente, Jairo Loureiro,
dispostos a fazer uma campanha
contra a urgência de requeri-
mentos. Todos os requerimen-
tos foram encaminhados para
o Ministério da Justiça e, em
seguida, para o Conselho de
Estado, para a aprovação final.
A Comissão de Justiça, em
sua maioria, é formada por
advogados e juristas, e a sua
atividade é de natureza técnica.
A Comissão de Justiça, em
sua maioria, é formada por
advogados e juristas, e a sua
atividade é de natureza técnica.

**Não eram títulos falsos;
informa o presidente do T. R. E.**

Redondo a reportagem de "A TARDE" sobre os rumores de que forma distribuídos títulos falsos nas últimas eleições, a troco de seu voto, o desembargador Fábio Mariani Guerreiro disse não ter recebido absolutamente títulos falsos, porém títulos que não obedeceram a certas formalidades exigidas por lei, não processamento para a sua validade.

HISTÓRICO DA QUERIDA
O **Senador Roberto** nasceu em 18 de Junho de 1908, em São Paulo, e foi eleito deputado estadual em 1954, reeleito em 1958 e 1962. Foi eleito senador em 1966, e reeleito em 1970. Foi presidente da Comissão de Constituição e Justiça do Senado Federal de 1971 a 1973. Foi eleito governador de São Paulo em 1974, e reeleito em 1978. Foi eleito senador em 1982, e reeleito em 1986. Foi eleito governador de São Paulo em 1988, e reeleito em 1992. Foi eleito senador em 1994, e reeleito em 1998. Foi eleito governador de São Paulo em 2000, e reeleito em 2004. Foi eleito senador em 2006, e reeleito em 2010. Foi eleito governador de São Paulo em 2012, e reeleito em 2016. Foi eleito senador em 2018, e reeleito em 2022.

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FRATERNOS CANCELAMENTOS
O juiz Gerson Batista Neves, executando a deliberação do TRE, já publicou editais para os primeiros cancelamentos.

DESCONHECE SUSSOBO
Desconhecendo sua deliberação, o Sr. Gilio - Mariani Gueiros afirma que não foram as falsas imputações a seus considerandos, desconhecendo que em alguns casos deliberação também se verifica sobre matérias e desconhecendo também as acusações apresentadas de suborno.

CONVITE

COMENDAMENTO DE ESTRADAS DE ROÇAGEM DA
PAZ - PEREIRA - convite de Sr. Agostinho, Técnico
 Superior, contratado para assistência a comunidade, que, em
 nome do Sr. PAULO GONÇALVES DE FARIAS, Presidente do
 Conselho da FARMACIA, e Sr. J. J. LINDENBERG,
 Diretor da TÉCNICA FRANCESA PARA FARMACIAS,
 convidam a reunião do COM. de PER. PA. e
 FARM. para Agostinho, em, às 1730 horas do dia 11 de Junho
 de 1964 (1964).

HONOLULU **ARMANDO VIANA DE CASTRO — Director**

MARIA TAVARES DE BRAGANÇA

[illegible]

DE SENNON DO BONTIN

— Quem toma contacto com a grande obra que a CNEB executando, nem sempre tem uma ideia do trabalho realizado em concreto, que serve de base às suas realizações. Completando o último relatório da directoria, concluiu-se em 1959 muito exigiu das obras de S. Bento e S. Paulo.

[illegible]

Uma das comportas da União de Fatores Africanos, que fornece a muitas capitais do país

cidade de serem modificados através assim como a localização de equipamentos e, na consequência, de tais estudos foi feita uma floresta situada nos Aterros Planos de Expansão da União.

E continuou e ainda se

CRISP: ...

Na foto, a reunião do Conselho Nacional Regional, destacando-se o Rio Grande do Norte, sistema que ficou integrando as subestações de Campina Grande, Natal, Ceará, Paraíba, Agui. Santana de Maracá e Santa Cruz.

...Belo, que tem sido indicado
...do Sistema de classes de
...Belo, pelo qual os seus mem-
...os supõem os benefícios. Es-
...a profunda foi o contributo
...do CHESSE ao Plano de Educa-
...ção do Município, para que mais
...vices encorajasse os estudantes.

[illegible]

grande. Entretanto, segundo as
 linhas, a administração do país
 não tem um plano de desenvolvimento
 econômico, muito ou diversão, segundo
 de OBRIGADO, a ser desenvolvido pelo
 de todos os setores da economia
 em um plano de desenvolvimento.

OS ANTECEDENTES HISTÓRICOS

Abordado sobre o relatório do Conselho.

tional da CHESF, dia -

... Fundo Afonso, que fornece
capitais do país

Ord. 15.000.000,00; b) do Capital da União - Ord. 1.500.000,00; c) e no SINDI - Ord. 92333 reinvestimentos de reedificação da própria Ord. 300.000,00; e) o saldo de que distribua às partes Beneficiárias.

pelo Governo da União
Org. 50.000.000.000
uma atualização dos
realizada em março de
lata a instabilidade
pluriemprego de Org
que foi paralisando
o aumento do Org
a entrada no Org

On recebeu, nesta
manhã, no Flang, 30
de Madeira, pedu-
dos em duas parcelas
potáveis, de caráter
de o segundo Flang
nho, recebeu 30
vires, ficando sendo

Town

Fernando Noriega
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1990

TELEFONES

0721

A TARDE
9 1960

Em seguida, acertou o ex-governador de Minas Gerais

— Qual de vós me dirá quem está nasisteto com a si?

função do Brasil, um país rico e empobrecido, de um grande futuro e de um presente triste. Se é preciso mudar temos de procurar um moço sem compromissos com os erros do passado e este moço é Jânio Quadros que foi indicado por um movimento que veio das camadas mais profundas e humildes que há de re-

[illegible]

E concluindo o ar Milto Campos afirmou que "está profundamente convencido profundamente de que chegou para o povo o momento de opção definitiva".

Chegado de m. João Quadros ao pelotão armado na Praia de São, para o serviço de ontem.
 Engenheiro legista-especialista, a massa popular o ajudou, demoradamente, vivendo
 o candidato revolucionário.

[illegible]

O candidato das forças de oposição iniciou o seu discurso invocando o passado e as tradições políticas da Bahia, dizendo que era dos homens que salveram os baianos que foram eleger José Bonifácio no século para fazer a sua representação no Parlamento de Imperio, aos baianos que com D. Pedro Alcantara, Príncipe de Saxe, se sacrificaram a família brasileira, aos baianos que com Camilo Sales, sustentaram a consolidação das finanças

[illegible]

O sr. Jânio Quadros apresenta sua Plataforma de Governo:

Se chegar a presidência da República — e isso temo divergir — que eu tenha divergido com o Sr. Quadros — vou combater a esse ou a esse de vocês mas não com o recurso das COMAPES COMPE e COMAPE, porque não acredito nesse embuste. Vou logo chegar no governo, e a minha primeira medida será fazer a reforma da legislação eleitoral. Quando eu chegar eu vou fazer a reforma da legislação eleitoral, com o encaminhamento da reforma eleitoral no pequeno período de tempo da pequena legislatura, para a qual haverá o prazo de 30 dias. Já Brasil não se chama a reforma eleitoral — e a reforma do sistema eleitoral — e a reforma do sistema eleitoral.

SINDICATO LIVRE

[illegible]

SEMI-CONDUCTOR RAILWAY

[illegible]

vêno, deixará de ser privilegiado, rico", afirmou.

PRODUÇÃO CACAUI

Na tocante à zona camarária, candidato votou a declarar que abolirá os conflitos camarários, que levanta a favor, dando ao camarário um papel de primeiro plano, no desenvolvimento e progresso econômico do município, e que o processo camarário de distribuição "será o mais justo possível", a manutenção da lavra. Declarou-se favorável ao fortalecimento do movimento camarário, que acredita ser hoje o melhor, que se faz no interior da Bahia. Assistência técnica ao camarário, para a produção, que hoje produz em pequena escala, para produzir em grande escala, para produzir 1.200 sacas.

A procura terá financiamento de 2 mil e 400 mil reais, com a regularização e melhoria das estradas de terra, construção de equipamentos de trabalho, aquisição de materiais e plantas de melhoramento no Sul do Estado, projetos para todo apoio em seu governo.

1980-1981

Na parte relativa a cargo eletivo o candidato falou da necessidade de ser concluída a Osmo de Fundi bem como a aprovação os estatutos de Brumado, Pedras e Cachoeira da

Director, U.S. Coast Guard

ENCONTRO DA F.F.
PARANÁ
 Falando de problemas da transição e de governança paulista, o governador do Estado de São Paulo, Mário Covas, participou de um encontro da Frente Fronteira, ocorrido no dia 12 de maio, em Curitiba, Paraná.

bahianos, que o governo federal declarou agora que vai pavimentar a Rio-Bahia. São 1.100 quilômetros e será muito difícil que até 21 de janeiro estejam asfaltados. Que pelo menos tracia, pois, depois daquele dia, se iniciarem, e sua pavimentação.

Assim, o sr. João Quadros que, além do reaparelhamento da Leste Brasileira, encaminhará a Estrada de Ferro Nazaré, incorporando-a ao patrimônio da Rede Ferroviária Federal.

Relativamente ao Nordeste disse que fará um governo para ele, voltado, sobretudo, os rumos da política administrativa do país, para que esta região se integre definitivamente ao resto do Brasil.

READERS

Faltam os nomes de outros deputados federais: Sérgio Ferro Costa, Raimundo Machado e Luís Viana Filho, deputados estaduais: Jurez Junior, Murilo Costa Negro (Pernambuco), e Miguel Neto, e os ex-Deputados Cabral, Nelson Rangel, o marechal Juracy Távora e Milton Chaves.

INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA, MAY 19, 1906

O senador Milton Campos candidato à vice-presidência da República, pela UDN, iniciou sua campanha eleitoral ontem na Bahia. Ao chegar ao São Paulo, na cidade de São Paulo, fez a noite na praça de São Paulo e ao Milton Campos, no momento de sua chegada ao país.

As the Government continues to maintain the suspension of the arms embargo, the UN Security Council will continue to monitor the situation.

PÁGINA QUATRO

CARTA DA ALEMANHA

CLIMA PARA INVESTIMENTOS

(Correspondente da "A WELT" na Alemanha)

As condições do Brasil sempre têm despertado a respeito dos seus investimentos no país. Por parte a pergunta é de um ponto bem elucidado: o da política geral dos investimentos no mundo, de hoje.

Respostas sempre, sobretudo, que o Brasil está esperando e esperando lugar nos investimentos, talvez por particularidades alemãs. Depois, sempre, as condições aplicadas mais de 20 milhões de marcos, pois em 30 de junho de 1959 tinham sido - desde fevereiro de 1958 - 20 milhões de um total de 400 milhões, o que corresponde à 20,2 por cento do total dos novos investimentos no exterior.

Na Alemanha, entretanto, foram investidos na mesma época capital alemão no valor de 97 milhões, na América Central 23 milhões, e nos demais países sul-americanos 21 milhões de marcos, isto é 141 milhões em todos os 19 países da América Latina fora do Brasil, onde 428 milhões de marcos foram aplicados, neste período. Daí se conclui o interesse e a confiança dos nossos países, especialmente a indústria para com o futuro econômico e político do Brasil.

Sabemos porém que as necessidades em capitais na América são bem maiores, do que as investimentos particulares são capazes de suprir.

O lado e economista inglês Lord Shawcross reconhece apontar em Odessa a urgente necessidade de maior volume de investimentos em todos os países em desenvolvimento, chamando a atenção dos presentes para a deficiência atual da situação. Concomitante, por sua vez, o governo da República Federal, em 8 de outubro de 1959 publicou disposições referentes, às garantias de investimentos no estrangeiro contra os riscos políticos. Com crescente preocupação os investimentos pela política da Alemanha tinham o caráter de uma distribuição baseada nos investimentos alemães, os investimentos por terem sido os investimentos alemães e pelas razões jurídicas para aplicação de seus capitais.

A Lei Complementar de 1959 no seu parágrafo 12 autorizou o governo alemão como tal a assumir responsabilidades ou garantias para investimentos particulares até o montante de 2 bilhões de marcos, sendo a metade a soma total, desde que a responsabilidade pelo governo no seu termo parágrafo 9, mais de 11 bilhões de marcos, já em 30 de novembro foram

condições de assumir essas garantias. Observa-se, no entanto, é natural, naturalmente, a atitude dos governos, interessados com relação aos investimentos estrangeiros, a realização em alguns setores nos respectivos países.

Em 26 de novembro foi assinado em Bonn um tratado entre a Alemanha e o governo da Paquistão que proíbe o tratamento discriminatório dos investimentos alemães, investidos naquele país, estabelecendo ainda regras de direito internacional para o caso de expropriações, indenizações, transferências de pagamentos e alterações de valor monetário.

0719

CANDIDATO DAS OPOSIÇÕES NA CONVENÇÃO DA UDN HOJE

O sr. Jânio Quadros viajará à tarde para São Paulo e amanhã para Brasília. — Depois da visita ao Bonfim, foi a S. Amaro e à tarde recebeu os diretores dos partidos que o apoiam na Bahia.

Na manhã de ontem, após visitar a Igreja do Bonfim, o sr. Jânio Quadros e sua comitiva foram a Santo Amaro. À entrada da cidade a comitiva foi recebida pelo prefeito local, vereadores, chefes políticos e autoridades. No cine Sítio, literalmente tomado, os candidatos da oposição falaram ao povo, depois de serem ouvidos outros oradores dentre os quais os deputados Hélio Machado e Jureci Junior.

Ali, o candidato da oposição falou sobre o sempre aos trabalhadores, referindo-se especificamente à previdência social, ao afirmar:

"Os Institutos chegaram a tal ponto que em Brasília o IAPM construiu um arranha-céu e, ao que eu saiba, em Brasília não

tem mar e esta está muito longe dele".

Com relação ao sr. Milton Campos, teve as seguintes expressões: "Estou ao lado de Milton

Campos, um homem que é um orgulho para a Nação brasileira. Um brasileiro sem laço que não engana e que não corta o povo, para aproveitar-se do povo. Estou certo de que juntos poderemos realizar uma grande obra".

AMPARO AOS MUNICÍPIOS

O sr. Jânio Quadros falou sobre as tradições históricas de Santo Amaro, onde se deu o combate ao general Madeira numa das batalhas que concorreram para a nossa independência. Analisou depois o progresso e o desenvolvimento brasileiros para chegar à declaração de que é indispensável a restrição das remessas dos lucros das indústrias para o estrangeiro. Abordou ainda a questão da lavra canavieira dizendo que Santo Amaro tem condições, convenientemente assistido pelo governo federal, de abastecer a Bahia e grande parte do Nordeste, comportando usinas modernas e até uma siderurgia.

CANCELADOS

Em face de compromissos de programa o candidato oposicionista cancelou as visitas a Cachoeira, São Felix e Canavieiras, cidades que visitará da próxima vez que vier à Bahia.

CONTACTOS POLÍTICOS

Durante a tarde de ontem, o sr. Jânio Quadros, no palácio de Ondina, recebeu os políticos, desenvolvendo, de modo geral, com os representantes do PTN, PDC, PR e UDN. A tarde foi reservada. O candidato manifestou-se, porém, satisfeito com ela, da mesma forma se pronunciando os dirigentes partidários.

— Os partidos nada me exigiram, disse o sr. Jânio Quadros. Os seus dirigentes estão verdadeiramente empenhados na minha eleição, concluiu.

REGRESSO

O candidato oposicionista regressará às 14 horas de hoje, viajando com sua comitiva pelo avião especial da "Varig", que tem feito toda a campanha. O senador Milton Campos e alguns políticos e jornalistas, que vieram a Salvador para participar do comício de ontem, retornaram às 9 horas de hoje.

O sr. Jânio Quadros viajará para São Paulo onde, à noite, de hoje, participará da convenção da UDN, que homologará a candidatura do sr. Milton Campos à vice-presidência da República. Amanhã, provavelmente, estará em Brasília, para iniciar uma nova comitiva de propaganda.

Na parte final de sua oração o marechal Lott dirige-se ao povo fazendo elogio do sr. Tancredo Neves como candidato a governador do Estado de Minas e de referir-se ao sr. João Goulart como candidato a vice-presidência ("é impossível a chapa Jânio-Jango porque é impossível juntar entreguismo com nacionalismo").

— "O sr. Tancredo Neves qualidades magníficas para governar de Minas". Diz, então, para mostrar lealdade e a coragem de Tancredo Neves que, quando o preterido sanjeado era ministro da Justiça no dia 23 agosto de 1954 propôs a Vargas prendesse os generais rebeldes. Frisa, o ato não teve sequência, lamentavelmente.

Justifica o 11 de novembro dizer que um grupo, inclusive com o apoio do governador de São Paulo quer a posse do sr. Juscelino Kubitschek resistir ao movimento legalista do Brasil mas, com a convergência das forças do Exército e da Polícia Militar de São Paulo o sr. Jânio Quadros despoja os "golpistas" que se achavam em todo o Brasil e os coloca em situação de bandeirante como seus hóspedes. E o sr. Juscelino pode tomar posse.

E fez blague:

— Parece que ele apenas foi a Cuba para tomar um "cubalibre".

Jânio Quadros — diz Lott — ataca injustamente o governo dizendo que o programa de desenvolvimento do presidente da República visou a beneficiar apenas um grupo não melhorando as condições de vida da maioria da população brasileira.

Isto não é verdade — ...

DEZ ITENS

Depois de agradecer a hospitalidade do município de Curvelo, o marechal Teixeira Lott cita para a grande massa presente os dez itens do seu programa de Governo:

1) Governo de autoridade, sem autoritarismo; de moralidade sem falso

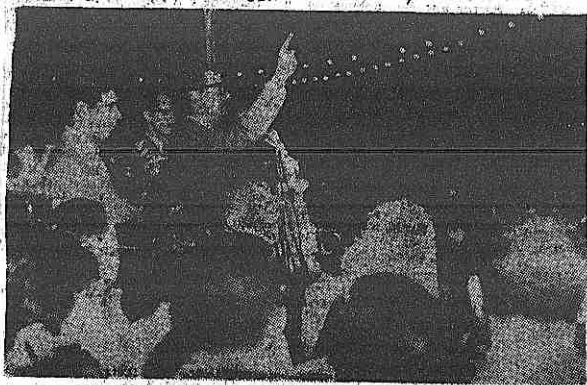
TELEFONES DA BAHIA S. A.

0717

Comício fraco de Janio **ESTADO DA BAHIA**

Não alcançou o sucesso esperado pelos adeptos da candidatura de sr. Janio Quadros, o comício ontem realizado na Praça da Sé. O povo que para ali acorreu foi em pequeno número. As atenções estiveram voltadas para as palavras de despedida de Juracy Tarapá, que não perdeu tempo para divulgar o nome do deputado Fernando Ferrari, como seu candidato a vice-presidência. A foto acima mostra o sr. Janio Quadros, quando falava, rodeado por personalidades de destaque da política baiana e nacional.

JUN 9 1960



0716

7

HD disposto discutir (P.3) Rodovi
ntação B. S. em reunião escoara

exige de
evolução
Eichmann

(UPI) — A Argentina exige
ex-nazista Adolf Eichmann,
judeus nos campos de concen-
tração, possível que as rela-
ções entre os dois países fiquem suspensas
hoje.

sobre o "Caso Eichmann" e
quem os agentes brasileiros
sequestraram no território ar-
gentino retirando secretamente
do país.

A Argentina fez seu pedido
a Israel numa extensa nota
divulgada em oito partes na



NOVO ENC
JUSCELINO
DE BARRO

0715

COM ENTARIO

300 ASSESSORES!

É um jornal carioca (Correio da Manhã) que diz:

"O sr. Jânio Quadros tem uma assessoria de 300 assessores, planejadores e militares de mais de trezentas pessoas. A cargo dessa batalhão eleitoral corre a formulação da estratégia do candidato da oposição na guerra dos votos. A assessoria janiista, que funciona subordinada ao coordenador-geral da comissão interpartidária, sereia Virgílio Távora, trabalha em um conjunto de salas do centro do Rio de Janeiro. O endereço não podemos revelar pois, fosse ele conhecido, os assessores não teriam paz para trabalhar."

E mais adiante:

"Os trezentos assessores dividem entre si não só as responsabilidades imedia-

tas e matérias da campanha, como são também responsáveis pela formulação do programa de governo. Jânio Quadros. Esse programa, que está sendo elaborado por 14 grupos de trabalho, será publicado dentro de, no máximo, dois meses. Mas isto não é tudo."

Aí está a explosão que propiciava os espetáculos, entusiasmados com o desempenho de Jânio, durante os debates que se realizaram na Fundação do Direito. Todo mundo ficou impressionado com a precisão das respostas do candidato a perguntas formuladas pelos universitários. Argumentação segura, demonstração de conhecimento dos principais problemas que sucedem a vida nacional e o direito a exigir solução dos governantes. Muita gente ficou a imaginar como é que um homem lá do Sul tem tanta familiaridade com os problemas da Bahia. Fala do cacau e do petróleo como se fossem coisas deste Estado. Fala de rodovias. Não há pergunta a que não responda. Analisa minuciosamente aspectos econômicos, delirando os ouvintes boquiabertos.

Não, que de nada sabemos, agora achamos pouco o conhecimento de Jânio a propósito das questões de nosso interesse. É realmente pouco para quem tem trezentos homens na assessoria técnica da sua campanha. A seu serviço imediato. Essa gente ninguém sabe quem é, de onde veio, Vive ou não. Sua função é apenas formular (e bem) o que Jânio vai dizer

em frases públicas e em debates onde il, dare o bicho. São 14 grupos de trabalho funcionando nesta entidade. Financiado com dinheiro firme para dois fins.

Um deputado, comentava, ontem, na Assembleia Legislativa, que o candidato oposicionista é "um homem terrível" (ex-pressão sua). E disse: "Toda a formulação do seu pensamento obedecia a um esquema lógico. Ataca os problemas, analisando-os de forma a não se comprometer com a sua solução. Por exemplo, reconhece que a energia elétrica deve ser explorada através da atividade estatal sob regime de serviço público. Reconhece que, na verdade, há grupos estrangeiros que exploram o setor de energia no País, condena a concessão. Mas, não diz que, se eleito, combaterá estes grupos e fomentará a estatização da energia".

Foi importante o discurso que o candidato pronunciou, na Assembléia, focalizando o problema da política petrolífera e as reformas que urge serem executadas na estrutura do CNP e da Petrobrás, com alteração o monopólio estatal. Embora não tenha dito como se poderá proceder a re-forma, de maneira a não fustar perigar a política do monopólio, Jânio fez um discurso sério. E, por outro lado, ficamos sabendo que o candidato, para estes pronunciamentos, tem 300 homens a seu serviço. 36 300.

FLORISVALDO MATTOS

— Agora, se que parece, a Bahia está colocada no seu justo lugar. Prolapsamos propugnar pelos nossos direitos, porque a Bahia não tem sido tratada como os demais Estados do Federaço. A presidência da Petrobrás, entregue a um baiano, atende à lei natural das coisas e essa é a grande reivindicação que deve fazer.

O secretário particular do prefeito, sr. Campos França, é francamente favorável a quem se dê a presidência da Petrobrás a um baiano. Ele suas palavras:

— No caso de Sakis, a nomeação do prof. Pinto de Aguiar para a diretoria da empresa atende em parte suas velhas reivindicações. E digo em parte porque o seu ideal é ter a presidência da Petrobrás. Finalizando, declarou:

— Não obstante o parentesco e a estima que me unem ao prof. Pinto de Aguiar, sinto-me livre em dizer que nenhum outro bahiano o superará na competência e na capacidade de

Para o Molino de Salvador, seis mil toneladas de trigo estão sendo desembarcadas pelo antigo navio de guerra, agora transbordado em balsa de aço, a "Punta Medanos". Vários cargueiros estão sendo aguardados, devendo descarregar diversos produtos em Salvador.

O Conselho Universitário reunido ontem sob a presidência do prof. O. Gomes, resolveu suspender, por 40 dias todos os presidentes dos Diretórios Acadêmicos que assinaram um manifesto no sentido de ocuparem a casa de Largo da Vitória, 2.A, que pertence à Rectoria, em lugar dos oito universitários anteriormente suspensos e que se retiraram dali a fim de passar o problema para os representantes da classe (no caso os presidentes). Apenas dois presidentes não assinaram o manifesto: o da Escola de Biblioteconomia e o Serviço Social.

Em virtude disto, possivelmen-
te toda a classe academica da
Universidade da Bahia deflagre

vinculação do Governo para a construção da BR-33, a partir da qual é considerada de maior interesse para o Estado, ligação da cidade de São Miguel das Antas com a BR-32 e a ligação Mutuípe-Amatuba—BR-4, a liberação da verba específica

No plano estadual, deverá ser feita a ligação Santa Inês—BR-22, com a conclusão dos trabalhos iniciados, priorizando a conclusão da BR-121, propiciando a interligação das regiões BR-22—BR-28, conclusão da estrada de Felipe—São Roque e finalmente a construção de campos posso em várias das cidades sudoeste, além da ampliação de já existentes em Jaguaparu e Itaquara.

Depois de ouvir a exposição feita pelos prefeitos, o Governador Juracy Magalhães salientou os seus esforços livres das injunções partidárias, prometendo o todo o apoio possível para atender as reivindicações que lhe foram formuladas.

Acompanhado do sr. Ives Oliveira, presidente da Associação dos Municípios da Bahia, e dos diretores da UMB, os chefes de executivos municipais comparecerão a Assembleia Legislativa hoje, às duas horas, onde serão ouvidos pelos deputados. A tarde realizará-se uma conferência do prof. Vasco Neto sobre o acesso rodoviário ao Vale Jequiçá.

É a relação dos prefeitos que entregaram o relatório ao Governador JM:



0712

a a Petrobrás

'SD obstruiu
ra demissões
ito justo a JM

a e sistemática obstrução a ban-
onem, fosse aprovada, na integra
de protesto contra a demissão de
trobras, somente porque a mesma
rática do Governador JM que teve
vorável aos dirigentes demitidos.
são da frase julgada elogio gra-
apresentada pelo deputado Ral-
Henrique Lima Santos com ex-
ardua tarefa, da fundamentação
sentido a referência elogiosa ao
já tinha sido aprovada nessa

res sindicais no país, desla-
rando que, desta feita, pela
primeira vez, um governador
do Estado interfere democra-
ticamente em defesa dos ope-
rarios.

Advertiu o deputado Herna-
nito Dourado sua condigão de
parlamentar independente e
kubrou que naquele instante
saudava a interferência de
JM, compreendendo antes le-
tudo a contribuição que a mes-
ma trazia para o reconheci-
mento do direito operário,
abstrahendo-se, assim, de parti-
cipar dos choques das inte-
resses de grupo entre opo-
ção e governo.

DECISÃO HOJE

Após longo debate, no qual
participaram dialogando os
deputados Henrique Lima
Santos e Hernando Dourado,
a sessão foi duas vezes prorro-
gado com a interferência dos
deputados José Candido, Alo-
cio Short, Jurez de Souza,
Raimundo Reis e Molinho
Dourado, ficando ainda de ser
decidida na reunião de hoje
se a indicação Luiz Alaide re-
gistrará ou não a "formação
democrática do governador
Juracy Magalhães", revelada,
no particular, ao intervir favo-
ravelmente, aos trabalhado-
res.

POLICIA DEPENDIDO

O deputado José Candido
leu um abaixo assinado da
cidade de Coaracy no qual
varias dozeas das mais re-
presentativas figuras locais,
de diversos partidos, defen-
dem o tenente Francisco Pru-
denzio de Carvalho, delegado
de policia, contra as acusa-
ções contra ele formuladas
pelo deputado Mario Padua.

CRITICAS

Nua rapido prominhmen-

PANORAMA

DEUS OU
MENTIROSO?

Fui ontem procurado pelo
Capitão de Fragata Jilto de
Sá Bierrenbach, que, em nome
do candidato Janio Quadros,
veio fazer reparos ao que foi
comentado em relação a desola-
ções suas em Ilheus sobre o
preço do cacau e o problema
do pórtio. Está feita a revisão

—)O(—
O deputado federal Valdir
Pires (uma das maiores ex-
pressões jovens da atual políti-
ca brasileira) fazendo impor-
tantes complices em São Pau-
lo em defesa da candidatura
victoriosa do Marechal Lott,
um homem que fala a ver-
dade.

—)O(—
Grande vitória par-
lamentar obteve ontem o líder
da oposição Henrique Lima
Santos, quando colocou bem o
problema de uma indicação do
deputado Luiz Alaide de apoio
aos trabalhadores, mas que ti-
nha em seu bôjo intenções po-
líticas inconfessáveis.

—)O(—
Heliôr Dias, apesar do con-
vidado, não compareceu a ne-
nhuma solenidade de homena-
gem ao candidato Janio Qua-
dros. Sendo da UDN apela a
candidatura do Marechal Lott,
gosto que está sendo muito
aplaudido pelo povo de nossa
Capital.

—)O(—
Reuni-se, de manhã, em
sessão conjunta, na Câmara
Estadual, as Comissões de Jus-
tiça, Finanças e Economia pa-
ra debaterem assuntos da
maior importância para a vida
do Estado. Todos os deputados
foram convocados: vinte horas.

—)O(—
Segundo fonte bem ligada
ao Palácio da Admiação, o
Governador Juracy Magalhães,
apesar de eleitor do candidato
Janio Quadros, não está satis-
feito com a exploração que
vem sendo feita com seu nome
de que estaria integrado na
campanha presidencial, ao lado
do seu partido.

—)O(—
A Bahia, por todas as suas
forças, recebendo bem a no-
meação do Presidente Jusceli-
no que levou o Professor Pin-
to de Aguiar para Diretor da
Petrobrás, uma justa reivindica-
ção de nosso Estado. A Ba-
hia só tem razão para confiar
em seu illustre filho.

—)O(—

NOSSA OPINIÃO

Pronunciamento
de estadista

Poucas vezes na história política do Estado suas melhores tradições de compostura, coragem, equilíbrio, serenidade e fidelidade aos princípios democráticos foram tão honradas como com o discurso que o governador Juracy Magalhães pronunciou anteontem, saudando o sr. Jânio Quadros e definindo sua posição em face do futuro pleito sucessório. Foi, ao mesmo tempo, um pronunciamento de estadista e de magistrado, para usar expressões de adversários políticos do governador que, como ele conscios de suas responsabilidades, não lhe negaram o aplauso merecido. Pretendem até, segundo informa a nossa reportagem política, requerer a inserção do documento excepcional nos anais da Assembleia Legislativa.

É lícito e justo lembrar que a superior função que se impôs o governador foi a mesma assumida por aqueles que, entre os seus antecessores, melhor se capacitaram dos deveres inerentes ao exercício da suprema magistratura do Estado. Foi, pois, na fonte mais pura dos ensinamentos admiráveis que o passado nos legou que o atual chefe do governo se inspirou, honrando-as, honrando a si próprio, honrando a vida pública baiana e honrando, por fim, a vida pública brasileira, à qual oferece um exemplo magnífico, desses que se destinam à galeria nobre das atitudes modelares. Aliás, seja dito — ainda por uma questão de justiça — que o general Juracy Magalhães, durante a sua longa, atribulada e brilhante carreira política jamais deixou de apresentar sinais inequívocos de uma compenetração sempre crescente do genuíno papel que cabe aos líderes, numa democracia. Chamado a desempenhá-lo pelas contingências tumultuosas de uma revolução vitoriosa, sacrificou muito cedo as liberdades da mocidade, para submeter-se aos onus da atividade governamental. E de então para cá, no processo de sua formação cultural e política, tornou-se constante uma fidelidade aos princípios democráticos que nenhuma conjuntura adversa conseguiu abalar e que hoje em dia se nos apresenta fortalecida por todos os atributos da maturidade.

Ainda há pouco tempo, exercitando um direito cuja absoluta legitimidade nem os seus mais extremados adversários ousaram contestar, o governador disputou a indicação de seu nome como candidato à presidência da República, na convenção do seu partido. Se foi grande na disposição com que pleiteou as preferências dos seus companheiros, cresceu ainda mais na compostura com que aceitou um veredito adverso, veredito que teve sua clamorosa injustiça confirmada pelos acontecimentos subsequentes. A falta de um homem de sua envergadura e de sua respeitabilidade foi fator decisivo na instabilidade que ainda assinala os quadros da sucessão presidencial e inquieta o povo brasileiro, propiciando clima para graves insinuações quanto a um provável desrespeito à decisão das urnas. Isso tudo, porém, talvez não lhe valha tanto como o discurso que proferiu anteontem, no qual atingiu o ápice de sua vida pública.

GOVERNADOR

Marcelo DUARTE

NÃO são os que acham que os governantes devam abster-se da sua audição de políticos. Para mim, não política não é sinônimo de salubridade, de consciência ou de honestidade, muito embora muitas das que se entreguem à vida política se deem a essas distorções. Não há crime em ser político ou em fazer política. Crime haverá tanto do político, como do apolítico, que ocupe os postos que sejam praticados atos deturpados do interesse público e do caráter para benefício pessoal de grupos apolíticos.

Política é a arte de dirigir, de conduzir a coisa pública, dentro de um sentido ideológico. Como sei que é praticamente impossível haver uma consciência ideológica há sempre uma consciência ou in-política, pouco lega os políticos declarados. São mais fáceis de ser julgados, amados e odiados.

Não sei se o Governador do Estado pensa inteiramente como eu. Como político que é não deve, porém pensar muito diferente nesse particular. A julgar pela sua atitude em face da candidatura do Sr. Jânio Quadros, não posso dizer ter conclusões diversas.

Final o Governador não se demitiu da sua condição de político, e de político partidário, por ser Governador. Declarou publicamente (faz meses) que seu voto seria no Sr. Jânio Quadros. Fey, entretanto, questão também de máquina administrativa do Estado a serviço dessa candidatura. É político e, como político, tem preferências e as declara, certamente para que seus se-

Mágico

Comício

SE evocou um voto, está num de vida o sr. Jânio Quadros no Babil. Ontem, à noite na Sé (às 21.30 quando lá esteve este colunista) não estavam reunidas mais de duas mil pessoas. Algumas dezenas com espadinhas de Lott na lapela.

★

SE sai do Babil, sem nada, assustado nos comícios, leva, porém, o sr. Jânio Quadros, um apêndice nos vários barões. Lá, dizem: sr. Entretanto...

Isso se deve ao fato de ele fazer as declarações mais radicais possíveis e acrescentar o seu famoso "entretanto" após o que abre válvula para escupir (se eleito, é óbvio) de todo o radicalismo antes procedido.

★

Verbo

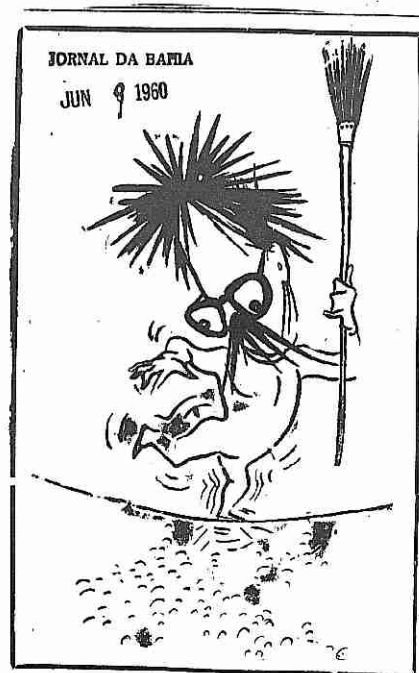
LEVA, igualmente, um elyio unânime e forte na gramática, evitando zefetismo, anglicismo, cacofonias, etc. O dia é que são poucos os gramáticos eleitores.

★

FOR falar em português, lembro

Esquiver

0709

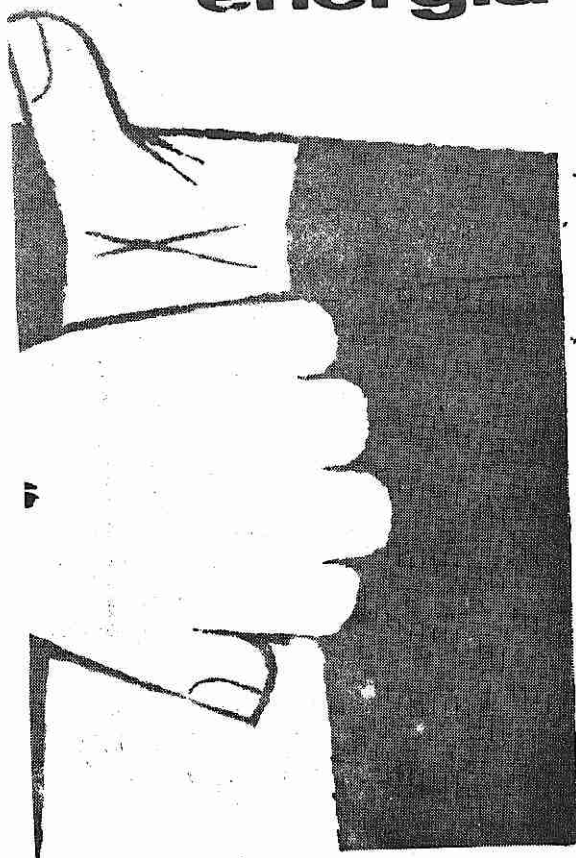


0708

Quinta-feira, 9 de Junho de 1960



energia



0707

Quinta-feira, 9 de Junho de 1960

Política, Dia a Dia

A TESE DE JÂNIO

Agora, que a Bahia tem um filho seu na direcção da Petrobrás, nada mais justo do que se reabrir, em nosso Estado, o debate em torno da política petrolífera nacional. Não, evidentemente, em torno do monopólio estatal. Este é ponto pacífico. Mais do que pacífico, intocável. Mas em torno da linha a ser seguida numa política nacional de petróleo, sobretudo nas questões empresariais da Petrobrás.

E o debate, justiça é dizer-se, foi muito bem reaberto pelo sr. Jânio Quadros, no ponderado e sério discurso que pronunciou agradecendo ao banqueiro oferecido pelo governador Juscelino Kubitschek. Ele explicou, de início: "Foi de propósito que deixei para ficar aqui, e agora, um tema que, interessando à própria segurança nacional e à causa da emancipação económica da Pátria comum, é o mais brasileiro dos problemas".

Estes são, a nós ver, os principais pontos da tese longamente explorada e defendida pelo candidato da Oposição e respeito do petróleo:

1) "O Estado brasileiro está em crise, principalmente o Estado nacional. No setor do petróleo, o Estado nacional terá de firmar-se, necessariamente, pela eficácia de adequada atuação no sentido da solução do problema petrolífero, sob todos os aspectos. Consequentemente a meta fundamental desse problema seja a conquista da auto-suficiência em petróleo, matéria prima, dependente do trabalho a cargo da Petrobrás, outras nações de maior importância não por resolver, também, e não podem deixar de ser enfrentadas sob pena de ficar comprometido até mesmo aquele objetivo fundamental".

2) "O Conselho Nacional do Petróleo está reclamando uma atenção especial. É o órgão estatal, por definição legal, responsável pelo cumprimento da política nacional do petróleo, pela abastecimento nacional de combustíveis líquidos e lubrificantes minerais, pela fiscalização das empresas que atuam em todo o setor, inclusive a Petrobrás. Mantém ainda hoje, praticamente, a mesma organização com que foi criado, há duas décadas. Sem que o CNP, reestruturado e fortalecido seja alijado por homens ecléticos e oportunistas, não será possível ao Estado conduzir, adequadamente, a política nacional do petróleo, mesmo que logresse realizar obra no campo de acção da Petrobrás".

3) "Por outro lado, a Petrobrás precisa igualmente ser operada em toda a linha para o desempenho de sua tarefa... A Petrobrás tende a elevar a própria política petrolífera, a ser diretamente a influência dos organismos político-partidários, o conduzir-se à margem do Estado, de que é instrumento. É indispensável institucionalizar melhor as relações entre essa pessoa jurídica de direito privado e o Governo. Os altos cargos da Petrobrás, verdadeiramente espetaculares, longe estão de permitir tranquilidade quanto ao futuro da indústria estatal do petróleo".

4) "Não há como confundir o problema nacional do petróleo, na sua complexidade, com os problemas peculiares à Petrobrás... Se a Petrobrás malbaratar recursos nacionais, comprometer a sua própria rentabilidade, parcelar ou totalmente... enfim, se a empresa estatal deixar de conduzir-se como um empreendimento público em que o interesse nacional é a lei suprema não escrita, então ela poderá resolver os seus problemas de empresa, mas não estará contribuindo para resolver adequadamente o problema nacional do petróleo". E concluiu, depois de uma crítica minuciosa à "arbitrariedade distorcida na montagem, ampliação e programação do crescimento da indústria do refino do petróleo".

— "O problema do petróleo é demasiado grave para continuar comportando improvisações e demagogias, pois é a Nação quem paga o preço da inépcia, da desidia ou da imprudência".

A COLABORAÇÃO DE JURACY

No início do discurso, Jânio confessou confiar na prestável colaboração de Juracy à sua campanha: "Cumpro o dever (de entregar o fardo da candidatura)". E é por sabê-lo particularmente pesado que não o cumpria sem a prestável colaboração de chefes eminentes (da UDN) como V. Exalta".

JÂNIO E O PR

Jânio disse a José Medrado, vice-presidente do PR: "Consigno-lhe com certas condições o PR, porquanto meu pai foi do PR do Paraná".

VISITOU ANTONIO CARLOS

Logo que saiu da Rádio Excelsior, antenou-se à noite, Jânio dirigiu-se para a residência do deputado Antonio Carlos Magalhães e lá permaneceu das 11 às 3 horas da manhã. Querá saber, por certo

o que JK e Juracy, na intimidade, pensam mesmo dele. Soube?

ATÉ O PSD

Em Itapetinga, quem hospeda.

DROPS

1 — A Assembleia convocou ontem Vieira para ir expor seus planos de cupetismo para a COELBA (2 bilhões) e não Joanes (200 milhões). Hoje mesmo o secretário irá espontaneamente debater com as comissões de Justiça e Economia. No plenário, estará depois, talvez até o fim da semana.

2 — Sr. Barreto, vereador (PSB) de Ilhéus, anuncia que a Câmara de Ilhéus vai denunciar o prefeito Henrique Cardoso "com a lei de responsabilidade".

3 — Estes mineiros são os pais da Pátria. O governador Blas foi nomeado "a graciosos filhos".

4 — "E a liderança do PTB?" — perguntamos a Herval Sotelo. "De fato, comigo. De direito, com o Arnaldo Silveira".

5 — Tratando, ontem, com o vice governador Orlando Mesquita, dos problemas administrativos do distrito de Alagoinhas, o vereador (PR) Carlos Gouveia, de Jequié.

WALDIR, O ARTICULADOR

Depois de longa e silenciosa luta interna, o PSD deliberou entregar a Waldir Feres a articulação da campanha de Lott na Bahia. Não foi fácil. Sobretudo porque o diretório nacional do partido recusava respostas violentas que visavam a comprometer o desenrolar da batalha sucessória dentro da agremiação e mesmo a unidade partidária.

Mas agiram com tato. Primeiro, afastaram Vieira, o maior rival, através de atitudes do Governo Federal como o caso da direcção do Loidj na Bahia. Depois, Vieira cruzou os braços, fez uma carta a Lott, esqueceu a campanha.

Depois, as celas aceneceram: Beto Rio e Brasília, Oliveira Brito, Aloisio Castro e outros foram pessoalmente chamados pelo presidente Arnaldo Figueira, que mostrou por Waldir, dentro da agremiação, o nome com maiores condições. Por várias razões:

1) líder da bancada do partido na Câmara Federal;

2) elemento mais ligado pessoalmente a Lott;

3) em contato mais permanente com a direcção nacional (na verdade, Waldir hoje é muito ligado a Arnaldo Figueira).

Assim, esta semana, recebeu o partido comunicar oficialmente a deliberação. E a entrevista de Waldir a jornais do Rio e São Paulo, aqui divulgada, significou o salto na arena.

Como vai sentir-se? E' o que interrogavam ontem na Assembleia seus próprios amigos.

dou Jânio foi o presidente do PSD, Jovino de Oliveira. E não distanciou: pendurou um grande retrato de Jovino na sala de jantar.

NÃO É VERDADE

Muito falso o noticiário do "Diário de Notícias" do Rio sobre os debates na Faculdade de Direito. Jânio não atacou Jango nem o chamou de "amigo íntimo de Rockefeller". Aliás, não saiu o nome de Jango.

0706

RU

Japoneses Eisenhower ias Físicas

TOQUIO, 8 (FP) — Grupo de estudantes ameaçam o presidente dos Estados Unidos, Dwight Eisenhower, e o seu próprio Imperador de violência física caso perista aquele em visitar o Japão.

A nova ameaça prável da Federação de Estudantes chamada Zengakuren, a qual anuncia uma manifestação de sessenta mil pessoas com ocupação das pistas do aeroporto internacional de Tóquio, no dia 19 deste mês, data marcada para a chegada de Eisenhower. Os organizadores também ameaçaram de fazer uma demonstração idêntica quando chegar a esta capital, sábado, James C. Haggerty, secretário de Imprensa da Casa Branca.

Imperador Será Castigado

Um de seus porta-vozes, referindo-se ao propósito do imperador de acompanhar o presidente Eisenhower no trajeto desde o aeroporto, declarou aos jornalistas:

"Não nos interessa o imperador nem sua presença. Castigá-lo-emos, caso ele se apresente."

Não podem os japoneses acusar o pessoal do presidente dos Estados Unidos à frente dos patrulhas e residentes locais, mas serão atacados se for necessário.

Os japoneses dizem acham-se insatisfeitos com as ameaças estudantis contra seu imperador as quais, por haverem sido feitas há pouco, não têm tido nenhum efeito prático e não têm sido tomadas em conta.

O grupo Zengakuren lançou sua nova ameaça quando o ministro das Relações Exteriores, Aikido Fujimori declarou que o governo não tinha a menor intenção de receber seu convite a Eisenhower. Alguns jornalistas, portanto, interpretaram as afirmações de Fujimori, na verdade de que o governo poderia reconsiderar o convite se a oposição continuasse em protesto. O ministro das Relações Exteriores...

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JORNAL DA BAHIA

Promete Jânio à Bahia: um Ministério e a Petrobrás

O sr. Jânio Quadros em entrevista exclusiva que concedeu ontem ao JB, afirmou categoricamente que, se eleito presidente da República, contemplará a Bahia, pelo menos, com um Ministério e com a presidência da Petrobrás.

Respondendo a um questionário da nossa reportagem, o do próprio punho, o candidato das oposições declara, ainda, que não tem nenhuma dúvida quanto à sua vitória.

QUESTIONÁRIO

A seguir, publicamos as respostas do candidato da oposição ao questionário do JB.

(P) — Qual a impressão que lhe deixou a excursão que empreendeu pelo interior da Bahia?

(R) — A melhor possível. Não há dúvida quanto à vitória. Minha família e eu, agradecemos, aqui, a plena acolhida dos baianos, que nos receberam e nunca haveremos de esquecer.

(P) — Como julgou a atitude fixada pelo governador Juracy Magalhães no discurso que pronunciou anteontem na banquetta do Palácio Aca-mara?

(R) — Respeito a posição do governador Juracy Magalhães, a quem me ligam amizades e admiração antigas. Tenho o seu voto e mais, tenho as suas esperanças de um governo humano e justo para o Nordeste e para a Bahia. Não desaprovo a honraria que é esse voto, nem essas esperanças.

POSIÇÃO DE JK

(P) — Que acha da conduta do Presidente da República em face da candidatura político-succe-ória?

(R) — A tradição republicana impõe, ao Presidente posição de magistrado. Na verdade, a presidência é magistratura. O movimento de 1930 acabou, também, pelo fato de o Chefe da Nação pretender impôr ao país, o seu sucessor. Tal procedimento entre nós, é incompatível com o exercício da democracia. O atual Presidente vem revelando plena consciência desse fato, sem embargo de, em vários atos do governo, serem manifestos o favoritismo e a parcialidade, que beneficiam o candidato situacionista. O que asseguro é que, uma vez no poder, não interferirei na minha sucessão nem permitirei a máquina político-administrativa federal interferir de qualquer forma.

IGNORA ATAQUES

DO MAL, LOTT

(P) — Como tem recebido os ataques diretos do Senador Lott à sua pessoa?

(R) — Ignoro-o. Estou nesta campanha para derrotá-lo, com o propósito de melhorar as condições de vida do povo brasileiro.

(P) — Considera fundamental a denúncia do deputado Sérgio Dóres (centroista ao JB) de que certos setores militares se articulam para impedir sua posse, se eleito?

(R) — ? Dependo de Dóres sabe o que diz e tem esta responsabilidade. Não examino as suas declarações.

REINVIDICAÇÕES

DA BAHIA

(P) — Tem, em vista, no seu programa de governo, alguma política definida em relação ao cacau?

(R) — Sim. Manter a política de preços compensadores para a comercialização, melhorando-a. Abolir o controle, gradativamente, sem prejuízo de preços. Facilitar o crédito aos produtores e estimular a atividade das cooperativas. Ampliar os mercados de exportação e construir, com grande velocidade, o porto de Itanhaém em Ilheus, pavimentando, ao mesmo tempo, a BR-4 e a BR-5, que reputo vitais.

(P) — De que maneira, se chegar à presidência da República, enfrentará as reivindicações da Bahia diante da Petrobrás?

(R) — A Petrobrás, no meu governo, será entregue a um baiano, do primeiro ao último dia. Confio em que ele defenderá, a um tempo, os interesses do monopólio, e os deste Estado, que não são conflitantes, mas, complementares.

(P) — Eleito, contemplaria a Bahia com algum Ministério?

(R) — Com a mais absoluta certeza.

DEFINIÇÃO DE

NACIONALISMO

(P) — Como encara o movimento nacionalista (organizado sob este nome), e seu papel na vida política brasileira?

(R) — O nacionalismo é a legítima reação dos povos subdesenvolvidos ou coloniais à exploração do imperialismo econômico. Defino-o como "a concepção de política interna e externa que sobrepõe a quaisquer outros interesses, os interesses nacionais, com o objetivo de promover o progresso material, cultural e moral de um Estado ou Nação e assegurar a plenitude da sua soberania."

0704

no eleitorado baiano. A Assessoria ao candidato das oposições o seu voto pessoal e consequentemente, os daqueles bairros que tem sido, durante tantos anos, seus fiéis seguidores, fez ver o governador Juracy Magalhães, que ali paravam suas responsabilidades partidárias, pois, agora estas se erguiam, dominantes, as responsabilidades de Chefe do Governo baiano. As responsabilidades não só do administrador, que não pode sacrificar os problemas administrativos da Bahia para cuidar de uma campanha eleitoral, mas que tem ainda o dever de assegurar as liberdades públicas e a mais livre escolha, pelo eleitorado, do candidato de sua preferência.

Não diz o governador Juracy Magalhães ao seu candidato e candidato de seu partido, como têm feito, infelizmente, certos governadores, que o lhe dará a vitória no próximo plebiscitário. Estimula-os, a ele e a todos, a fazer uma campanha autêntica, procurando conquistar votos e não apenas serem capazes de realizar o plebiscito, sem despertar no seio do povo a consciência

Pais, nesta campanha, dá uma grande lição de responsabilidade democrática. A primeira convenção da UDN, subdiversa da maioria de seu

ou asilo de Martin Bormann no
18 de outro notório criminoso na-
lesteiro e cidadão brasileiro, deve
para a falta de vigilância política

houve de riscos de estarem esses
de formação antidemocrática e, a
que as áreas nacionais de coloni-

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RIO, 3 (Telepress) — O mercado do câmbio livre fechou, hoje, com os bancos particulares vendendo o dólar a 185,70 e comprando a 180,70. A libra, no final das operações, foi cotada a 520,00 para venda e 506,00 para compra. Mercado irregular.

Esta reunião, em Washington, a junta Diretora do Acordo Comercial Internacional, para discutir sobre a possibilidade de sua prolongação expira a um período de dois anos e o presidente estatua as bases para a renovação de novo acordo. Dos debates que foram realizados puderam ser destacados os seguintes pontos: o caso do comércio internacional. O Sr. Sebastian Fain de Almeida encantou-se profundamente com Washington e afirmou que não poderia deixar de visitar a cidade, onde se encontra atualmente. O Sr. Fain de Almeida, presidente do Instituto Brasileiro do Café, também irá aos Estados Unidos, mas apenas de visita a família. Ele pretende agradecer ao governo brasileiro por ter reduzido os impostos que incidem sobre o café, o que permitiu uma redução de seus preços na América Latina e consequente aumento da produção.

A Willys Overland do Brasil estabeleceu novo recorde de produção, no mês de maio, com 3.056 veículos, representando um terço do total de caminhões, ônibus e automóveis que a indústria automobilística do Brasil produziu naquele mês.

Volunt a adquirir enfase em todo o país os protestos contra a reatuação de crédito protecionistas que, lá agora, abrangem o tratamento desigual das importações e das exportações em diferentes Estados. E estes protestos não vêm somente do nordeste. A Federação do Comércio do Rio de Janeiro, por exemplo, recentemente protestou contra o chamado de "tratamento desigual" apontando que uma só organização bancária de Minas Gerais possui mais de 100 bilhões de dólares em depósitos, enquanto as superiores aos depósitos realizados nos sete maiores bancos regionais do Rio Grande do Sul. O documento afirma, ainda, que a situação é agravada principalmente ao tratamento privilegiado que certos Estados, como exemplo de Minas Gerais, vêm recebendo, em detrimento

O Instituto do Açúcar e do Alcool aprovou a pretensão dos usineiros, no sentido de ser aumentado o preço interno do açúcar para 594 cruzeiros a saca de 80 quilos. O governo federal, entretanto, recusa as consequências do aumento junto à população, ainda não se atreveu a autorizá-lo.

NA distribuição potamográfica, em nosso planeta, o Jucó e o Brasil a posse, entre outros, de dois rios gigantescos. Quer pelo seu volume de água, quer pela sua extensão, eles se destacam entre os maiores do mundo.

O Amazonas, tem o galardo de mais caudaloso da América do Sul. Anualmente, ele despeja

EM seu primeiro discurso ao do Estado, Canavieiras, o dros referiu-se às reivindicações cacauieira. Acentuou a importância da con. **PRO.**

tribuição baixa para a nação, especialmente através do cacau e do petróleo. Apesar disso, o pensamento da União, e afirmou o presidente da República, asse compensações e facilidades para a economia cacauífera, afirmando que os produtores poderiam "depositar" em suas promessas

É mais que provável a possibilidade de que os sr. Jônio Quadros, como de costuma acontecer, pelos problemas do comércio, não tenha cumprido com as suas promessas, resta apenas aguardar. Afinal, preços compensatórios não são reivindicações da agricultura brasileira. Não há como exigir que os produtores sejam remunerados compensatoriamente, pois não há como garantir que não enfrentem os problemas da dificuldade de financiamento de seus produtos — a maioria deles feridos para o mercado da taxa de câmbio, encontram-se nesta situação.

Naturalmente, se o problema não é tão simples e fácil, os sucessivos governos não têm conseguido resolver a questão e a terra solucionada há muito tempo.

A IV Conferência Brasileira do Comércio Exterior somente se realizará depois que forem conhecidos os resultados eleitorais das eleições de 3 de Outubro, a fim de evitar que as controvérsias suscitadas pelo pleito influam no certame. Já está decidido que a Conferência se realizará no Rio Grande do Sul, mantendo-se, assim, a resolução aprovada na III Conferência, realizada em Recife no ano passado.

A balança comercial do Brasil no mês de fevereiro último registrou um déficit de 9.042 mil dólares. Houve, apesar da situação desfavorável, uma ligeira recuperação em relação a janeiro, quando o saldo negativo foi de cerca de 22 milhões de dólares.

Cotacões de ontem:

BAHIA — Preços de compras
SISAL BATIDO E BENE-
FICIADO — Tipo 3 — Cr\$ 31,50
por quilo; Tipo 5 — Cr\$ 30,50
por quilo; Tipo 7 — Cr\$ 29,50

Dui a grandeza e a determinade da impressao. 3) disturbio emocional ante o ciclonic, comprometendo o equilibrio de um



JORNAL DA BAHIA

JUN 9 1960

Jânio falando: fôgo de cabelo acompanhando gestos. Ao lado, aspecto da assistência que compareceu ao comício

JUAREZ MAIS APLAUDIDO QUE JÂNIO

8 Mil Pessoas e Pouco Entusiasmo no Comício

SEM vibração popular o comício (cerca de oito mil pessoas) do sr. Jânio Quadros, ontem, à noite, na Praça da Sa, no qual, além do candidato, discursaram os srs. Milton Campos e Juarez Távora, entre outros oradores.

Iniciando seu discurso (fraco, vermelho, suado e descolado), Jânio (onde ocorreu durante o governo federal) saudou "os brasileiros do país menino, do país colônia, do país seguro, Rui Barbosa, Albuquerque Lima e Mangabeira". E acrescentou: "Não venho o Salvador por promessas místicas, para acenar com milagres, para a fraude e para a mentira".

Promessas

Afirmando-se "absolutamente certo da vitória", prometeu:

a) combate ao alto custo de vida, extinguindo a COFAP ("não acredito em embustes", exclamou), levando pequenos comerciantes e agricultores ao Banco do Brasil "democratizado, sem o aviltante aparelhamento político, restaurando a verdade da execução orçamentária e fomentando a produção"; b) respeito absoluto ao Sindicato Livre ("nã, nem o Presidente da República pode entrar sem licença"); moralizar a previdência social, com representante operário nos conselhos de direção constituídos de 3 membros ("seja aquele que fizer política nos Institutos"); c) democratizar o ensino, não devendo ser "um privilégio de ricos"; d) pavimentação da Rio-Bahia e Br-S; encampa-

ção da Estrada de Ferro de Nazaré; e) ajuda ao governador JM na campanha das seringueiras.

Concluiu dizendo que "assim com a vassoura, nas mãos de nossas mães, esposas, filhas e noivas, varrem as nossas casas", ele a usará para a República prometendo deixá-la limpa e higiênica no dia em que deixar o Palácio.

Milton e Juarez

Falando pouco e muito aplaudido, o Mol. Juarez Távora disse que fazia, apenas, "o apelo de um velho e doente que sentiu a obrigação de erguer a sua voz porque tem alguma autoridade para concluir o povo brasileiro a eleger Jânio Quadros, o único homem capaz de derrotar o que aí está".

Pouco aplaudido e falando muito o senador Milton Campos relembrou sua primeira vinda à Bahia, confessando-se constrangido "como um mineiro prido, em falar na terra dos

oradores". Defendeu a tese de que só com o atual sistema político-administrativo "refundido" a Federação funcionará em pleno vigor". Para isso, estava ao lado de Jânio nessa campanha, substituindo "o bravo e forte, digno e honrado", Leandro Maciel.

Outros

Damos, na 5a. página, resumos dos discursos dos srs. Juarez Magalhães Jr., Murilo Costa Rego, Heliô Machado, Luiz Viana Filho, João Alves de Macedo, Atensu Maciel Neto e estudante João Quadros.

FLASHES

Comício frio. O povo foi ver e ouvir Jânio. Vni, curvo, quase não aplaudiu. E, sobretudo, não gostou do cabelo agitado na testa. Quando ele dava as violentas sacudidas de cabeça, havia de ponta a ponta uma onda discreta de risos.

O único orador cujo discurso recebeu aplausos calorosos foi Juarez Távora. Sobre tudo quando denunciou "a força e a virulência corruptora deste sistema que veio da ditadu-

ra, herdou todos os seus erros e nenhuma das virtudes".

Em nome da UDN baiana, Nelson Sampaio disse que o partido estava "unido e coeso, desde seu líder máximo, Juarez".

Jânio e Milton Campos saudaram Mangabeira, chamando-o "extraordinário". Milton Campos não se referiu uma vez sequer ao correligionário Juarez Magalhães. Jânio disse que "apoiaria a campanha das seringueiras, lançada pelo governador Juarez Magalhães".

0702

SERIA POR AMOR?

Abriam os jornais "manchete" para um tremendo impacto sentimental na opinião pública: um jovem e modesto funcionário do Estado, depois de matar uma bela jovem ainda moço, que fora por ele infelicidade tor, quando acordou pelo clamor público que o perseguia da Boca do Rio até a Colina D'Água. No desenvolvimento das reportagens a que não faltou a nota sensacionalista, tão ao gosto do grande público, pareceu patente que tudo ocorrera por amor. Vinte e dois dias depois, porém, com a menção e depois, após período de abandono, desafiando uma reconciliação, e obtendo uma negativa, seguida da notícia de que iria descer para festa de São Antonio, o criminoso resolveu liquidar a vida da cara metida!

Tudo poderia ser invocado para o ato criminoso. Apenas, não poderia ser o Amor. Salvo se "amor próprio hipervolútil" do assassino, sublimado no ato pela notícia de que outros homens poderiam passar as mesmas horas agradáveis que passara com a sua ex-amante. A gama sensacionalista vendo sempre amor puro onde não há nem amor próprio, que é egoísmo, e ódio, tem sido responsável por muitas atrocidades de passionais. Mas este do crime da Boca do Rio tem logo justiça pelas próprias mãos, no reconhecimento dos móveis egoístas que o levaram a liquidar uma vida tão jovem e que, pelas graças de Deus poderia encontrar um lar mais feliz para ela e para o inocente menino.

CAMPANHA DO COBERTOR

Está sendo chamada a alma generosa da Bahia a participar da "campanha do cobertor". Dentro da tradicional festa religiosa de Santo Antonio os plebeus frades franciscanos menores do Convento de São Francisco estão dirigindo um apelo a Bahia para que o inverno, já tão rigoroso antes de entrar, oficialmente, seja menos doloroso para milhares de baianos, sobretudo os que sofrem os efeitos das chuvas e deslizamentos nos últimos meses castigando a ci-

A GLORIA DOS QUE TEM CAPRICHOS

O "Diário Oficial" de ontem publica nada menos de seis decretos readaptando no cargo de dentista, nível universitário, seis servidores de diversas secretarias. Olhando as funções que então exerciam estes profissionais observa-se um era armazeneiro, classe D; outro Guarda Civil; um terceiro, auxiliar de administração, dois trabalhadores e um censor.

Eram todos eles diplomados em dentista e Deus sabe com que esforço, todos eles já chefes de família, estudaram no mesmo tempo que exerciam funções humildes em diversas repartições públicas. Ouviram o clamor do atual Chefe do Executivo, embora de há muito já clamado, tivessem conseguido apenas com ordenados das funções precárias que exerciam, trabalhar nos diversos consultórios oficiais.

E foi ato de absoluta justiça o diploma legal que Legislativo por servidores o ex-reira com vencimentos dos cargos.

E fica, sob o quanto, funções precárias esquecidos nas de carreira, de sua com funcional. Por gulho estes h olham os seus seus filhos! Não to pode o estoi "de um lugar jam as circunstâncias sido vítima poisão dos seus mais funciona uma simples m lógio ouviria o que adiantava um simples in tro da "distinc mandaram qu gar... E o lu próprio mérito.

O lugar, e go, da sua in tade, olhando, nores que ser tanto o antiq administrativo e o mais hum taria do Inta tanto sacrifi aquele rematã matura. Não

COMENTARIO

OPOSIÇÃO RASTEIRA

Não tinha razões a bancada oposicionista, ontem, de consumir tantos minutos e tantas palavras com o fim único de torpedear uma indicação, de autoria do sr. Luis Ateli, de, a propósito da demissão de líderes sindicais pela Petrobrás. Sugeriu o deputado que a Assembleia Legislativa se dirigisse ao cel. Idílio Bardenberg solicitando a reconsideração dos atos que puseram fora da empresa os srs. Osvaldo Marques de Oliveira e Mário Soares Lima, recentemente eleitos e empossados nos cargos de presidente e secretário do Sindicato dos Trabalhadores na Indústria da Petrobrás. No final da indicação, aplaudiu a intervenção do governador do Estado no caso, elogiando a sua formação democrá-

prico oposicionist deravam uma ati Roque Parreia, da Petrobrás, e u ção sindical. O q va era a referênciador do Estado. som a JM em su tas mantinham a trado da sua nov necessária. A su tando, se publica liders sindicais e telegrama ao p com ponderaçõe não merecia apla qualidade da opoi ainda que mesq sindicat pode ser motivo de especi gos ao comporta que admitem op sigio. Todavia, r o direito de tor levantava uma i ples fato de apla Assim como t tocou o voto de ile próprio podoi os oposicionistas são, para que apr



Conferência Reservada Com o dep. Antônio Carlos: Jânio

O deputado Jânio Quadros, após o programa radiofônico de que participou, organizado por uma emissora local, à noite de ontem, dirigiu-se à residência do deputado Antônio Carlos Magalhães, com quem conferenciou, demoradamente (portas fechadas). O candidato udistista à Presidência da República, fazia-se acompanhar de sua esposa, Elói Quadros, do deputado Juracy Júnior, e de membros de sua comitiva.

O sr. Jânio Quadros manteve com os presentes uma palestra informal, tendo feito, sobretudo, questão de conversar demoradamente e reservadamente com o deputado Antônio Carlos e com outros políticos presentes.

O candidato udistista à sucessão Presidencial durante todo o tempo demonstrou muita euforia, que evidenciava seu entusiasmo pelo resultado das conversações mantidas com o deputado Antônio Carlos.

"Como governador, senhor deputado Jânio Quadros, não aplicarei a autoridade de meu cargo nem os recursos do Tesouro, para ajudar a candidatura de V. Excia., como não teria dó de mim, ajudando a minha própria se tivesse sido candidato. Não sairei às ruas para ficar em Palácio, assegurando as liberdades públicas a todos os meus 'oponentes'". — trecho do discurso ontem proferido pelo governador JM, quando do banquete que ofereceu ao deputado Jânio Quadros e comitiva, no Palácio de Aclamação, ao qual compareceram além de autoridades e altas personalidades os srs. Milton Campos, Juarez Távora e Castilho Cabral. As fotos acima mostram, em primeiro plano, o governador JM quando proferia o seu discurso de saudação ao deputado Jânio Quadros, tendo ao lado o general Juarez Távora e o sr. Milton Campos, candidato à vice-presidência da República, e na outra foto o JM conversa com Jânio Quadros, sob as vistas do sr. Alípio Fraga, presidente da UDN estadual. (Veja noticiário completo na seguinte página deste caderno).

Advertencia ao situacionismo

A presença do sr. Jânio Quadros na Bahia trouxe até nós um pouco do calor que a sucessão presidencial vai aos poucos gerando no país. Mais por curiosidade do que por outra coisa, grandes massas humanas se reuniram no Bul e no Sudeste para ouvir a palavra da Oposição, que maneja com indolente habilidade o começo e o fim da campanha, e o primeiro impacto da campanha, a larga margem de indecisão reage favoravelmente à pregação oposicionista, contagiando ainda outras esferas da opinião pública. A constatação é puramente objetiva e a ela não pudemos escapar nem mesmo os adversários do sr. Jânio Quadros, inclusive os responsáveis pela sorte da candidatura Lott, a esta altura confessada-

mente apressivos com a penetração do ex-governador bandeirante, em cuja esteira se acomodaram vários chefes pos, sedistas e até trabalhistas. Essa situação, cujas proporções são grandes demais para não serem levadas em conta, está despertando o situacionismo do torpor em que ainda se acha mergulhado, pondo-lhe diante dos olhos, pela primeira vez como verdade incontestável, o risco de uma derrota cujos pronunciamentos iniciais foram sentidos no Sul do País. É inevitável, pois, que da visita do sr. Jânio Quadros emane um esforço sério para mobilização das forças leais, até mesmo a fim de se dar alento à campanha do ex-ministro da Guerra. E será um esforço de sobrevivência, pelo que poderá atingir a intensi-

dade necessária à realização do seu desideratum. Mas, para tanto a contribuição do próprio candidato está limitada por sua inexperiência política e por sua franqueza que às vezes é contundente demais para as conveniências políticas. O eleitor terá de ser dividido entre os líderes partidários que o apóiam. Tanto mais quanto eles não ignoravam o seu despropósito para as sutilezas do jogo político quando o fizeram candidato, contra a sua vontade. E a reticência do caráter do marechal, se por um lado não serve à melhor técnica publicitária da propaganda eleitoral, por outro lado prestará um grande serviço ao regime, obrigando os políticos que o originaram em bandeirolas a respeitarem os compromissos então assumidos...

DEBATE

Tratando os estudantes de "acadêmicos" e "vossa senhoria" e revivendo a lenda das provações no mesmo tom em que elas eram feitas — algumas vezes com indistigível sarcasmo — o sr. Jânio Quadros debateu durante uma hora e meia com os alunos da Faculdade de Direito um temário de doses leves. Na verdade, porém, poucos desses temas foram abordados, preferindo os estudantes, em sua maioria, emprestar um tom quase polémico às indagações lançadas ao candidato.

Na impossibilidade de reproduzir integralmente o longo debate, destacamos dele os trechos que se seguem, na convicção de que nele se constatarem os pronunciamentos mais importantes do candidato.

— Os partidos que me apóiam não fizeram livremente. Não tenho compromissos com nenhum deles. Não me cabe fazer a defesa da UDN, mas posso dizer que do ponto de vista programático todos eles são muito semelhantes. Poderíamos, por conseguinte, classificá-los como conservadores sem partidos que apóiam todos os candidatos.

— Sou a favor da entrega da energia elétrica pelo preço do custo e contra os concessionários que estrangeiros quer nacionais, pois acho que o Governo deve encarregar-se de tal atividade. Não sou responsável pelas concessões feitas ao grupo da Light. Quando vereador, combati o empréstimo obtido pelo grupo, com aval do Gov. véro de São Paulo. Mas não pude fazer mais. Mas posso dizer que do ponto de vista programático todos eles são muito semelhantes. Poderíamos, por conseguinte, classificá-los como conservadores sem partidos que apóiam todos os candidatos.

— Durante muito tempo o sr. Carlos Lacerda me atacou rigorosamente. Hoje ele me elogia. Eu não mudo...

— Meu pensamento sobre o problema do petróleo já é por demais conhecido. Tenho comigo em fotocópia dos respectivos Diários Oficiais, os discursos que pronunciei, antes de ser constituído a PETROBRAS. Recordo-me até das datas de alguns deles: 2 de abril de 1952, 3 de abril de 1952. Em defesa do monopólio estatal do petróleo, participei de comícios dissolvidos a bombas e patas de cavalo. Fui fichado como comunista e não promovi a destruição da ficha quando Governador. Ela ainda existe na Polícia de São Paulo. Quero lembrar uma frase minha que passou ter logrado alguma repercussão: o petróleo é soberania. E nenhum outro candidato pode, como eu, dar tantas provas de fidelidade ao monopólio estatal.

— Eu era Governador de São Paulo quando o sr. Nelson Rockefeller visitou o Brasil. Não tenho razões para considerá-lo meu inimigo, mas também não tenho razões para considerá-lo amigo. Rockefeller, homem de negócios, é amigo de Rockefeller. Acreditamos que veio aqui a serviço dos seus interesses. Tenho com ele relações as mais prudentes.

— Viajei para o Japão a convite do governo japonês, que pagou minhas despesas, inclusive passagens, até Roma. Eu não perguntei ao imperador Hirohito de onde saiu o dinheiro. Fui ao Egito a convite do presidente Nasser. Fui à Iugoslávia a convite do rei. Tito. Fui à Rússia a convite de Khrushchev. Também não perguntei a nenhum deles de onde provinha o dinheiro, pois comigo. Sou homem pobre, mas não sou rico. Para as minhas viagens, nunca tive dinheiro de bolso. Sempre vi comprar no comércio livre e quando comigo os reis, que estão à disposição de todos.

— Os assuntos do Nordeste já foram para a cama. As relações organizadas

destinadas à região são pulverizadas para atendimento de interesses político-partidários. Meu propósito é prestigiar a SUDENE, conservando-a acima do jogo dos partidos, como uma garantia do progresso do Nordeste. Também desejo estimular a industrialização da zona, que efetivamente já possui condições para industrializar-se rapidamente. Sem embargo, a Bahia que é praticamente o único Estado produtor de petróleo não conta sequer com uma indústria petroquímica.

— Sou por uma reforma agrária urgente e criativa, mas firme, embora reconheça que há grandes dificuldades para se equacioná-la, por que o Brasil é mais um arquipélago social e econômico do que um país. A reforma, que deve ser dúctil e plástica, deve sujeitar-se às nossas peculiaridades regionais, respeitando as áreas de grande produtividade. Insisto, porém, em que a reforma, porque sem ela não será possível produção e justiça social em determinadas regiões.

— Não creio que Brasília prejudique o desenvolvimento do Nordeste. A mudança da capital, ademais, era necessária. E um plano, uma sinopse na administração era inevitável com a transferência dos serviços públicos, pela qual já eu clamava antes dela se operar. Só posso ser, assim, um defensor de Brasília, embora não concorde com o ritmo da obra, com o seu custo e com as irregularidades que durante sua realização se verificaram.

— Em matéria de relações comerciais com outros países, adoto o seguinte lema: se o Brasil venderá onde se queira comprar seus produtos e comprará onde lhe forem oferecidos melhores preços.

FLASHES

Pouco antes do sr. Jânio Quadros chegar à Faculdade de Direito, nas suas dependências foram distribuídos folhetos em que estavam reproduzidos alguns dos mais violentos ataques do sr. Carlos Lacerda ao candidato.

— Do debate só deveriam participar, segundo o respectivo programa, "acadêmicos" da Faculdade, mas o sr. Jânio Quadros estendeu a todos os presentes o direito de inquirir-lo.

— Durante a breve saudação que dirigiu aos presentes o candidato disse a certa altura: "Não sou oníscio, mas apenas um bacharel a que circunstâncias especiais proporcionaram condições para uma rápida carreira política. Pego-lhes que me relevem as falhas".

— Identificando-se, antes de formular sua pergunta, um acadêmico esclareceu que pertencia à 5a. série. O candidato respondeu chamando-o de "bacharelado a quase colega". E a um outro, num instante menos protocolar, chamou de "meu filho".

— No "hall" da Faculdade, já de saída, o sr. Jânio Quadros foi cumprimentado pelo deputado Antônio Carlos Magalhães. Era o primeiro encontro dos dois. Sem qualquer satisfação que lhe proporcionasse, o candidato disse ao deputado: "Ah! muito bem. Temos um encontro marcado. O deputado é a pessoa que mais desejava ver nesta terra. Vamos nos encontrar para um bate-papo muito útil a nós ambos".

— Enlutado com o êxito do candidato, o deputado federal Seixas Dória (Gorgulho) exultava seu júbilo, afirmando convulsivamente: "Este Jânio é um fenômeno, sem precedentes na história política do Brasil".

— Encerrando a sessão do QARB que patrocinou o debate, o deputado Jomê Marinho, na presidência dos trabalhos, surpreendeu a todos e trocou com eles algumas palavras. "Muito bem, não está com as ideias e as ideias voltam que se antecipam às coisas".

Prisão do Nazista Eichman Efetuada na Argentina:

BUENOS AIRES, 7 (FP) — O Ministério do Exterior de Israel entregou, hoje, nota ao Governo argentino, esclarecendo sobre a captura de Adolph Eichmann, antigo comissário hitlerista, responsável pelo extermínio de vários milhões de judeus.

Diz o texto que, realmente, Adolph Eichmann foi encontrado em solo argentino por um grupo de voluntários judeus que procuravam capturá-lo, acrescentando, porém, que Eichmann viajou para Israel por sua livre e espontânea vontade. A nota lamenta, ainda, que os voluntários judeus tenham infringido a soberania do território argentino, porém pede que seja levado em conta o fato de que Adolph Eichmann já vinha sendo procurado há quinze anos pelo assassinio de mais de cinco milhões de judeus.

Inútil Fuga

Em uma nota diplomática enviada às últimas horas de ontem ao Governo argentino, Israel diz que Adolph Eichmann admitiu ter muita dificuldade a fugir da justiça, recordando que, até ontem, Israel se recusou a divulgar os pormenores da captura do ministro nazista. O Presidente Peron havia, anteriormente, ordenado uma completa investigação dos fatos, no mesmo tempo que enviou uma mensagem ao embaixador Auren Lavie, exigindo que ele apresentasse completos esclarecimentos sobre o acontecimento.

Em sua resposta Lavie afirmou que um grupo de agentes secretos israelenses, que procuravam Eichmann há quinze

anos, confundiu algumas coisas. Pede que me ajudem, pondo à minha disposição documentos e testemunhos em meu empenho de encontrar a verdade (u) Adolf Eichmann".

Nota de Israel

A nota do Governo de Tel Aviv, confessando o rapto de Eichmann, apresenta uma cópia da carta de Eichmann, que será entregue em fotocópia às autoridades argentinas e diz que se o grupo de voluntários violou as leis argentinas, Israel pede desculpas e deseja que se tenha em conta o significado extraordinário do fato de haver levado, aos tribunais o homem responsável pela morte de seis milhões de judeus. A nota termina pedindo que se tenha em conta que os "voluntários" que prenderam Eichmann escaparam milagrosamente à malícia dos judeus e declara: "Israel está segura de que, ante tais valores históricos e morais, o Governo argentino se mostrará compreensivo". A nota afirma também que os serviços secretos israelenses, informaram no dia 23 de maio ao seu Governo que Eichmann estava em seus mãos, porém não disseram até mais tarde que ele havia sido capturado na Argentina.

A Sólta 325 Criminosos

JERUSALEM, 7 (FP) — O Instituto de Documentação de Israel, "Yad Vashem", forneceu ao Ministério do Exterior uma lista com 325 nomes de criminosos de guerra. Faz um mês que o instituto mencionando transmitiu uma lista com 250 criminosos de guerra às autoridades alemãs.

Toda a documentação será enviada às autoridades jurídicas da Alemanha Ocidental, que prometaram ajudar os judeus nas investigações referentes ao caso de Eichmann.

Powers Escreveu à Esposa

NORTON (Virginia), 7 (FP) — A esposa de Francis Power, o piloto do "U-2" destruído na União Soviética a 1º de maio, recebeu uma carta do seu marido, segundo declarou o sr. Sol Cury, amigo do pai de Power, que devia acompanhá-lo em sua viagem a Moscou, para visitar o detido.

O sr. Sol Cury afirmou que essa foi a única carta que a família de Power recebeu do piloto. De sua parte a revista "Newsweek" informou que Power escreve, via a seu pai desaconselhando-o a ir vê-lo até que seja julgado.

Não Irá Mais à URSS

ATLANTA 2, Unidos, 7 (FP) — Oliver Power, pai do piloto do avião "U-2" destruído a 1º de maio na Rússia Soviética, declarou hoje que tinha decidido de viajar para Moscou, a fim de ver seu filho, porque "sua viagem de nada serviria, presentemente".

Plano de em Córdoba Partido c

BUENOS AIRES, 7 (A.P.) — O Senado argentino se prepara para o debate sobre o projeto do Senado e que vários dos senadores — todos da U.C.R. partido do Presidente Frondizi — poderão votar contra a lei.

Oposição no Senado

Fontes do Governo afirmam que haverá oposição ao projeto do Senado e que vários dos senadores — todos da U.C.R. partido do Presidente Frondizi — poderão votar contra a lei. A tensão política prevalece na capital, onde a crise provocada pelo projeto de lei da Província de Córdoba sob o controle do Governo federal, não diminuiu, ainda. O Governo

Falta de Coordenação Provocou Incidente do Avião "U-2": Senador

WASHINGTON, 7 (FP) — Três senadores estadunidenses, dois democratas e um republicano, disseram que a falta de coordenação nas altas esferas administrativas do Governo norte-americano foi causa principal das dificuldades causadas pelo incidente com o avião enviado e espião e solo russo pelos Estados Unidos.

Desostros:

O Senador Jacob Javits predisse que o resultado do incidente seria a concentração de todos os serviços destinados a colher informações secretas. Essa autoridade poderia ser, por exemplo, o Secretário de Estado. Já o seu colega Henry Jackson, democrata, afirmou que o incidente deixa perfeitamente claro que tanto o Presidente Eisenhower como o Conselho Nacional de Segurança, quando delegam poderes e responsabilidades para o exercício de qualquer atividade,

não cuidam da coordenação dos ministérios e de demais entidades do Governo. "Isso causou o que houve de pior em toda a história da guerra", declarou acrescentando: "Eisenhower deve arcar com toda a responsabilidade e agir mal em permitir a seus auxiliares que fizessem as declarações conhecidas sobre o caso do avião "U-2", pois a maior dificuldade reside na divulgação sobre se devia ou não se informar alguma coisa, e não em saber o que devia ser dito". De fato, quando veio a furo caso do avião não foi possível saber a quem nos poderíamos "dirigir", afirmou o senador democrata Gale McGee. "Um dos maiores erros do Eisenhower — a junção — foi admitir responsabilidade de tudo. Em casos de espionagem não se trata de empregar dignidade a fato, mediante uma afirmação de responsabilidade, pois o Governo fica em posição insustentável e deixa em posição extremamente embaraçosa as nações aliadas".

das as Discussões ento: Paris

0697

A saudeção do governador baiano foi uma clara fixação de atitude diante do pleito sucessório, que será "de partidário fiel às deliberações de seu partido, mas também de juiz na condução do pleito". Por isso, afirmou JM que não sairá às ruas em propaganda do candidato no qual votará, "para ficar em Palácio assegurando as liberdades e a lei a todos os seus concidadãos."

★

Terá, assim, Senhor Deputado João Quadros, o atual Presidente do Brasil, a responsabilidade de fazer a transição para a nova ordem política, econômica e social que a nossa realidade pede? Ou haverá o risco de que um dia não se possa voltar a uma situação semelhante à atual, com a mesma falta de consciência política e social que a nossa realidade pede?

lência como vem falando; ou-
ga-o, por sua vez, e se en-
tendi. Vossa excelência está na
arena, e espero que des seu
contato com o povo da Bahia
culto, bom, esclarecido, admi-
rável — a minha boa gente
halará — resulta a alimada
desejada para que governo o
povo se compreendam, se es-
timem e se ajudem, na mais sa-
grada união, perada na luta pol-
tica comum.

... importa o móvel: a verdade que, como nos versos de G. de S. the, descrevendo a Plêiade política, perseguimos um

Permita Deus, eminente Deputado João Quadros, que, etc.

Receba, Vossa Excelência, as saudações do Governo da Bahia e minhas em particular quando, para alegria nossa, se faz acompanhar nesta visita, de sua excelentíssima Senhora e sua gentil filha — participadela das suas vitórias — e de outras ilustres personalidades do mundo social e político do Brasil; saúdo a todos desejando-lhes felicidades e que guardem, da nossa terra e da nossa gente, a lembrança mais cará que lhes possa ficar.

Brindo, pela sua saúde. Se
nhor Deputado Jânio Quadros.

pósito para, ao final, vermosmos que o colorido da obra era esmaecido, sem a beleza que o esboçar, primeiro, lhe dá. Ao término, porém, do trabalho da obra feita, se nada de extraordinário puder ser realizado, ficará ao menos a consciência de um dever cumprido e a recalcitrância, para o trabalho, das nossas recordações, os desejos, as incompreensões.

Como Governador. Senhor Deputado Jânio Quadros, por arrelheirar a autoridade do cargo, nem os venenos do Touro, para aludir a credibilidade de seu nome, nem o nome de minha mulher, para fazer ver-se de mim uma criança, e mesmo candidato. E, graças a DEUS neste particular as mos de acordo, não fôsse a referência aspirante à Presidência da República. O programa de boas ordem administrativa e de austeridade em métodos de ação governamental; verá, assim, como agrada a minha atitude política, e quanto mais deliberados do seu partido, mas de luz na condução do pleito. Não sairei às ruas para ficar em Palácio, assegurando as liberdades públicas, e deixando a cidade adormecida.

[illegible]

Desde que se restabeleceu vida democrática no País, vem sendo a direção dos negócios públicos confiada aos melhores homens — bons ou maus — conforme as individualidades. Mas sempre os mesmos, os grandes num mesmo grupo, o mesmo político, os mesmos métodos da vida pública. Tais são as características do sistema democrático de governo, por mais a rotatividade dos partidos e dos homens na direção da coisa estatal. Parece, portanto, irado, ser verdadeiro, a sensação de que os Partidos não desastaram, por demora no funcionamento das Instituições republicanas, nesta nova de nossa evolução histórica. Parece mesmo que, por isso, o eleitor prefere dar a seu voto a homens que a outros.

O meu voto preclaro cidadão, é de Vossa Excelência, mas o eleitorado baiano, meu Deus, não é propriedade minha, nem de ninguém: está sensível como o que não for, a pregação dos candidatos: a sua sinceridade é o posto. Fale-lhe Vossa Excelência.

Daquela disputa não guar-
dei ressentimento: humen-
dadeira, formação demo-
crática, caminho para os pre-
lhos civis, como em um ri-
tual, no desempenho de um
papel, ou na representação di-
a um ato que, bem interpreta-
dos, só podem prestigiar a de-
mocracia e o regime. Na de-
rota senti aliás, uma espécie
de alívio que talvez cause
neste instante, inveja a Vos-

A atividade pública é a mais difícil e a mais instigada de todas as atividades. Ser político é fazer o que se quer, e fazer o que se quer seguidamente e fortemente, mais caro: é se dar, todas as vezes, a causa do povo e do sistema, submetido, diário e sistemático, a todas as incompreensões. Uma campanha política para que se extinga o recado, irracionalismo, assim, numa nova via crucial para o homem honesto que sente a dificuldade do seu novo e peculiar caminho para as soluções aos problemas.

grados num mesmo quadro
ção política, presos à me-
filosofia da vida pública. T-
das características do siste-
democrático de governo, por-
é a realidade dos partidos
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quina existia no Brasil, por-
trado, ser verdadeira a ob-
servação de que os Par-
so destrastaram, por demais,
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mais a homens que a parti-

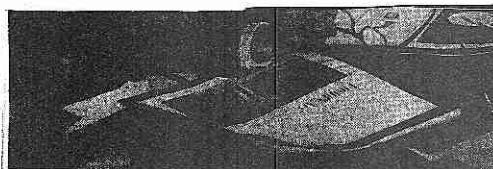
- em pó, solúvel em água

- fácil de preparar!
- muito nutritivo!
- muito mais econômico!

Com Pavabr... pronto lá pintado!

Representante:
João Ribeiro Vieira Junior
 Av. São Sebastião, 14-17 - 1º andar - SALVADOR - Bahia

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Aloysio de Carvalho Filho

O candidato encetou os seus concorrentes a um prêmio de sucesso: a presidência como candidato do governo e candidato da oposição. Viveu de um tempo em que a vida política brasileira não conhecia mais do que dois agrupamentos: os permanentes, os partidos políticos, e os transitórios, os grupos de pressão. No momento de transição do governo, o conjunto dos homens que se encontravam no poder e que tinham forma o governo deixava e o outro que se formava para o poder e a qualquer preço buscavam o momento de fazer a sua obra, sem outro objetivo imediato que o de poder. A vida política brasileira estava cheia de possibilidades e de dificuldades.

in Foi Israel

Intervenção oba Dividiu to Governo

— F.P. — O GLOBO — Enquanto para debater o projeto de lei enviado de que o Governo federal possa intervir na grande indústria, nos bastidores do Congresso e acabar com as relações de amizade entre a indústria e o Estado, manifestam crescente oposição à

de Córdoba Arturo Zanichelli, internado atualmente, numa clínica de Buenos Aires, onde foi operado, continua a negar-se a pedir demissão, apesar da pressão de seus antigos políticos que querem evitar o controle federal em Córdoba e as suas consequências, demissão do governador, do vice-governador e do fechamento das Câmaras de Deputados e de Senado da província.

A delegação de Córdoba que pertence à União Cívica Radical, lançou contra o projeto de Zanichelli, publicou um livro branco relatando as acusações do Exército contra Zanichelli. Apoiando-se nas acusações do Exército, o Presidente argentino pediu a intervenção do Governo. O Exército acusou o governador de complicitade com os terroristas peronistas. Zanichelli recebeu na Casa Rosada, um grupo de sessenta deputados a quem expôs os motivos que levaram o Governo a pedir a intervenção do Exército e a intervenção em Córdoba.

Motim na Prisão: 3 Mortos

TUNJA Colombia, 7 (FP) — Um motim ocorrido domingo no cárcere desta cidade deixou um morto e três feridos. Com os 920 presos que o ocupam, a insubordinação e tentaram fugir, o que tornou necessária a intervenção do exército. Os mortos eram todos peronistas criminosos. Das feridas, uma pertenceu ao Exército e os outros três eram guardas do presídio. Os manifestantes protestavam e o regime penitenciário impôs pelo diretor do cárcere, O Exército, em rápida ação, conseguiu dominar os revoltosos que, inicialmente, lograram desarmar alguns dos guardas.

Sindicato do Comércio Atacadista de Gêneros Alimentícios da Cidade do Salvador

EDITAL

Dando cumprimento ao que prescreve a letra B do art. 6 da Portaria n.º 146 de 18 de outubro de 1957, do Ministério do Trabalho, levando ao conhecimento dos Senhores Atacadistas que foi registrada uma única chapa na secretaria desta entidade que concorrerá as próximas eleições de 28 do corrente, ficando aberto o prazo de três dias para qualquer impugnação.

DIRETORIA — Severino Carlos Bousas, Adhemar Ferreira Bastista, Mário Queiroz Costa.

SUPLENTE — Ovídio Souza Meneses; José Salvador Borges, José Ribeiro da Silva.

PARA O CONSELHO FISCAL — Cristóvam Américo de Silva, Jordão Nascimento, Divaldo Moreira d'Alcântara.

SUPLENTE — José Augusto Barbosa, José Ribeiro da Silva, Bernardo Assis.

PARA CONSELHO DA FEDERAÇÃO — Severino Carlos Bousas, Adhemar Ferreira Bastista, Mário Queiroz Costa.

SUPLENTE — Ovídio Souza Meneses, José Salvador Borges, Divaldo Moreira d'Alcântara.

Salvador, 7 de junho de 1960.

ADHEMAR FERREIRA BATISTA — Presidente.

EDITAL DE CITAÇÃO

PRAZO 30 (TRINTA) DIAS

DOCTOR JOSÉ RAFAEL GESTEIRA, PRETOR SUBSTITUTO NA VARA DOS FEITOS DA FAZENDA NACIONAL, CAPITAL DO ESTADO DA BAHIA.

FAZ SABER a quem interessar possa ou conhecimento: tiver de que pelo INSTITUTO DE APOSENTADORIA E PENSÕES DOS INDUSTRIÁRIOS foi requerida uma ação de Despejo contra EUFRÁSIO R. DE OLIVEIRA nos autos n.º 39.835 cuja inicial é do seguinte teor: Exm. Sr. Dr. Juiz da Vara da Fazenda Nacional, O INSTITUTO DE APOSENTADORIA E PENSÕES DOS INDUSTRIÁRIOS, por seu procurador sub-assinado, vem expor e requerer a V. Exa. o seguinte: Em 14 de maio de 1955, o Spte. deu em locação ao Sr. EUFRÁSIO RODRIGUES DE OLIVEIRA, brasileiro, industrial, o apartamento n.º 4.212, da que propriedade, sito ao Conjunto Residencial da Salvador, Rua Conde de Fátima Alegre, nesta Capital, mediante o pagamento do aluguel mensal de Cr\$ 750,00 mediante contrato. Aconteceu, entretanto, que o Spte. teve conhecimento de que o R. se mudara, recusando-se, todavia, a entregar ao administrador do aludido Conjunto Residencial as chaves do imóvel locado, o qual, daquela data para cá, está sendo ocupado por estranhos. Nestes termos, e como atitude do Spte. implica em evidente infração do Art. 2.º da Lei da Inquilinato, requer o Spte., com fundamento no Art. 15, item XI, do mesmo Diploma Legal, se digno V. Exa. de mandar citar o R. para vir responder aos termos da presente ação, devendo efetuar-se expedido contra ele ou contra quem esteja ocupando o imóvel mencionado, o competente mandado de despejo, condenando-se ainda o R. no pagamento das custas. O Spte. protesta por todos os meios de prova em direito admitidos, e requer de logo o depoimento do R., pena de confissão. Para efeitos fiscais, dá-se o presente o valor de Cr\$ 9.000,00. P. deferimento. Salvador, 10 de junho de 1959. As. ARARY S. MURICY, Procurador. DESPACHO: R. e A. Cite-se. Ba., 12-6-59. As. LINHARES DE ALBUQUERQUE.

Salvador, 2 de maio de 1960. EU, As. GEOVALDO

SOARES DE PINHO — Escrivão, o subscrovo.

As. JOSÉ RAFAEL PEREIRA GESTEIRA FERNANDES,

Pretor Substituto.

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FORD



CONCEPÇÃO FORD PARA O BRASIL

0693

Quarta-Feira, 8 de Junho de 1960

Política, Dia a Dia

JÂNIO DISSE

Tenho classe, jacueta embotada e mal fecho, com um bolso de minho, mas bem pensado e bem barbeado, Jânio passou ontem, na Faculdade de Direito, pelo mais duro prova de sua campanha na Bahia. Roubou, suou e se liçou, e principio meio humilde, depois absolutamente seguro na tribuna, usando com precisão matemática dos inenunciáveis recursos do perfeito modor, levou um dos mais belos textos de sua política para conquista dos correntes universitários no Brasil. Aquela audição, se não era uma maioria a priori adversa, constituiu pelo menos um enigma. E ele sabia disso. Começou humilde:

— "Não sou um anicente. Sou apenas um lanchonete que as circunstâncias levaram a uma rápida carreira política. Como Terêncio, sou humano e não afasto do rim nada que seja humano". Pediu que o debate fosse feito em forma de perguntas. Não quis falar sozinho, escolhendo temas. Como primeira questão para impressionar, caiu muito bem. Foi respondendo cuidadosamente. Surgiu então o Jânio Quadros que até então conheceu nas campanhas a profeta e governador de São Paulo. Segundo, disse de si e do dono da sala, jogando com o sorriso, as mãos, os olhos, e voz rouca, na busca de cabos e sobriedade de seus melancólicos e in-tempestivos. Sorrido melancólico quando a resposta era evidente. E lançando respostas fulgurantes quando parecia capotado nas perguntas. Exemplo: acusaram-no de, como governador de São Paulo, não haver revogado os privilégios de Light. Solteu na tribuna, olhos arregalados, as veias do pescoço quase estourando: "V.S. não deve ser aluno desta Escola. Se o é, não cumpre seus deveres de aluno. De contrário saberia que um governo estadual não tem poderes de polícia no político de empresa elétrica, que é da responsabilidade do governo federal. O que eu não faria, fixo as empresas nacionais para enfrentar a Light".

Quando chegou ao fim, duas horas depois, estava tão certo de haver causado boa impressão que exclamou, a voz emocionada, sob o malar silêncio da volta repleta: — "O grande comecismo que assumo com a Bahia não quero assumi-lo com os políticos, mas com os cidadãos: desde o primeiro dia do meu governo até a última, o presidente da Petrobrás será um bilionário". Baixou os olhos, desceu moço da tribuna e foi sentar-se, a cabeça baixa, como quem estivesse silenciosamente chorando. De felicidade.

COMPROMISSOS

Acertamos que nenhuma outra facção oportunista teria o candidato da Oposição na Bahia, de fazer pronunciamentos sobre os principais problemas nacionais do Brasil, de quem o CAGEB ontem na Faculdade de Direito. Por isso, valeu a oportunidade aqui resumindo suas principais afirmações. Como, de fora, uma entrevista:

— "Não tenho compromissos de qualquer espécie com qualquer dos partidos que me apoiem. Creio que a atuação do partido conspirador feita à UDN deve ser esquecida e todos os partidos que apoiam todos os candidatos".

ENERGIA

— "Se o Governo deve gerar e distribuir energia elétrica, por isso sou contra os concessionários, sejam nacionais sejam estrangeiros. Energia tem que ser controlada pelo poder público".

EDUCAÇÃO

— "Consagrar na lei de Diretrizes e Bases do Ensino a subvenção aos colégios particulares e uma desonerosidade e uma imortalidade, pois eles podem causar danos ao ensino público, que é do obrigação do Estado".

ACERDA

— "Não sou responsável pelo que Lacerda diz. Ele já me atacou muito. Hoje me apóia. Creio que sempre me mostrará na minha posição".

Participar de todos os comícios de São Paulo, antes da lei, em favor da Petrobrás. Eram dissolvíveis e bonitas e patas de cavalos. E lá está, até hoje, no Departamento de Ordenação Política e Social, minha ficha. Como comunista. Nenhum candidato tem mais autoridade, do que eu, de apresentar-se em público, hoje, para dizer que petróleo é soberania".

ROCKFELLER

— "Nunca disse que Rockefeller é amigo do Brasil. Só o governo brasileiro teria condições de responder. Como homem de negócios, Rockefeller é sobretudo amigo de Rockefeller, a serviço de seus interesses".

NORDESTE

— "O grande erro para com o Nordeste tem sido oferecer-lhe apenas auxílio, que reservo para o mundo, em época de crise. Além disso, as várias são desviadas pelas interesses políticos. Hoje, existe um Plano do Nordeste. É um orgulho, a SUDENE. Conservar a SUDENE dentro do plano dos partidos é uma garantia do desenvolvimento para a região".

JK

— "Não sou das que condenam o latifundismo globalmente e a minúscula do JK. Há

muita coisa positiva no Governo do sr. Juscelino Kubitschek".

BRASILIA

— "Não acho que Brasília prejudique o desenvolvimento do Nordeste. Ao contrário: cria que facilita. A transferência da Capital era uma necessidade. É e é consensável que, no princípio, Brasília seja um quarteirão. Quando os mudantes de casa acontecerem a mesma coisa. Mas tão logo estejam concluídos os meios de comunicação e organizada a cidade, ela funcionará normalmente. Faço restrições, sim, ao custo, ao ritmo e irregularidades na construção".

REFORMA

AGRÁRIA

— "É indispensável. Deve ser prático, não firme. Há de ser nessa lei agrária diferente da de Cuba, de de outros países, porque nosso país é um arquipélago econômico. O próprio Nordeste não é uma unidade. Assim, ela será plástica, ductil. Temos de achar a nossa formulação. O que é certo é que não é possível, em determinadas regiões, nem justiça social nem produção sem uma reforma agrária".

LUCRO

ESTRANGEIROS

— "A industrialização do Brasil tem sido feita por três meios: empréstimos ao exterior (responsabilidade nossa), empréstimos ao BNDE (debaixo nosso) ou ao Banco do Brasil (também debaixo nosso). No entanto, as grandes empresas têm até 80% de capital estrangeiro. Uma empresa, por exemplo, que possuiu até 100 milhões, no fim de cinco anos, com lucro de 20% terá respectado pelo o capital e passará a sugar-se eternamente. Esta

NÃO DESCEU SÓZINHO

A propósito de uma nota ontem divulgada nesta seção sob o título "Genêbio desceu", escreve a JB o sr. Gerônimo Financiereiro para esclarecer o seguinte:

1) "Evidentemente, fui a Canavieiras a convite do Diretor da UDN local, para tomar parte na recepção a Jânio Quadros".

2) "Após sua chegada ao aeroporto, a comitiva se deslocou em direção ao Largo dos Martírios, onde seria realizado o comício. Ao se aproximar do cortejo, o secretário Wilson Lima apresentou os passos no que foi por mim seguido juntamente com o sr. Leirio Rimes".

3) "Nesta ocasião, pelos alto-falantes, foi anunciado que só subiriam os camaradas. Como desatendidos, fomos validados com acompanhamentos de fuzileiros de rasbão".

4) "Subindo ao cortejo, o presidente da UDN, prof. Alcebades Fraga, indignados prestou-nos franca solidariedade, e descremos todos do cortejo marxista, acompanhados do deputado federal Alves Macedo e outros proceres políticos da comitiva assistindo, já fora do cortejo, ao comício".

sangria precisa acabar e vai acabar, através da limitação dos níveis de lucros que podem ser exportados. Ninguém imagina que Nasser seja um inimigo do capital estrangeiro. Ele o aceita, mas disciplina, controla".

POLÍTICA

EXTERIOR

— "Nossa política exterior é de duplos. Com uma patena comunista, temos relações comerciais e diplomáticas, como a Polónia e a Checoslováquia. Com outros, temos medo. Por que a discriminação? Temos que comprar a quem nos vendem mais barato e vender a quem nos quer comprar. E mais esta: O Estado não é a grande prioridade do poder econômico".

JOSAFÉ E

AS ESQUERDAS

Quando encerrava os debates com Jânio, Josafé Marinho, que os presidia, declarou: "A novidade que não está com as esquerdas é uma simples velhice que se antecipa às câs".

LOMANIC

APOIU

Na manhã de ontem, ao descer do sr. Jânio Quadros, em Jequié, o prefeito Lomantico Junior, que até agora mantivera uma posição de expectativa ante o pleito presidencial, disse ao candidato: — "Se, sim, vitória dependo de Jô, vá tranquilo".

CONVERSA COM

ANTÔNIO CARLOS

Ao sair da Faculdade de Direito, Jânio foi apresentado ao deputado Antônio Carlos Magalhães. Abraçou-o e disse: "Ah, muito prazer. Temos um encontro marcado. Vamos nos encontrar para um bate-papo longo, muito útil a nós ambos".

DROPS

1 — Hoje, às 20 horas, no gabinete do Vice-Governador Orlando Mesquita, será realizada uma reunião do sr. José Cândido Pessoa, diretor geral do DNOCS, com deputados do PSD, PR, PTB e outros partidos, e fim de discutir os planos do DNOCS na Bahia, submetido na reunião do Nordeste.

2 — Hélio Machado: "Hélio, apelando Lati, está pondo em jogo sua futura política". Ao lado do candidato, ontem, como primeiro adepto de sua candidatura no Estado, o ex-prefeito era o coro do boia.

3 — Short foi companheiro de quarto do deputado Selma Dória no sul do Estado, Gastou das ideias do pequeno e inteligente coripeiro: "Quando chegar ao Clima Federal, vou aderir à base da UDN".

4 — Vieira comparecerá, hoje, ao amanhã, à Assembleia para expor aos deputados os planos de empréstimo de 2 bilhões para o COBISA e financiamento de 800 milhões para os obras do Rio Jangô. As duas reuniões estão lá, a noite de cadaço.

5 — "Arbitrariedade inenunciável, má conduta, péssimo modo de agir", foi assim que os deputados Pádua e Henrique Lima Santos denunciaram, ontem, na Assembleia, o demisso do presidente e do secretário da Comissão de Refinaria do Petróleo, há pouco decretado pelo diretor da Refinaria de Matulpe.

6 — Os mais próximos amigos de Jânio confessam que há grande recalo da vitória de Jânio, com a candidatura Milton Campos prejudicando o voto de Ferrari, Acham, porém, que, pela visto até agora, o resultado será: Ferrari, Milton, Jânio.

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O
s cartões de visita do sr. Jahia, durante a excursão que hoje culmina em comício

Iheus o sr. Janio Quadros lo casou para setecentos e cinco o preço atual é de setecentos e construção do pórtico, prome- Campinhos, que fica em Ma-

rem muito bem para demons- Presidência da República não as bahianos (ou as desconhe- ampanha está sendo desenvol- da ilusão, ou seja, das prome- de maiores perspectivas por- cõrdo com essa ou aquela ne-

ha do sr. Janio Quadros na maior esforço que o mesmo O candidato ouve o galo can- ando, o ataca prometendo sol- mos os problemas brasileiros Janio Quadros promete mundos

elizmente muito já sofreu com e confiante, esperançoso: cada tem problemas particulares, nada em base de particularis- econdicionamento geral das est- ticas e administrativas. O sr. promete isto a um, aquilo a com uma vasoura simbólica. Brasil não é uma casa de fa- le doméstica, para ser varrido ou uma cozinha. Não é com- que se resolve. O povo, de- entende que o candidato que- facil, o mais imediato, o mais ido de necessidades.

sr. Janio Quadros não andasse por bilhetinhos (o mesmo para il e para um senador) e muito le sensacionalismo como a sun

Quadros prometer menos, cha- ua realidade econômica e mos- um país é ato de heroísmo, é do nacional, é defesa de nosso bertura de uma nova consciên-

ya o Brasil uma sala de visitas sar uma vasoura por cima de n realiza um governo exemplar

rel que seu misticismo realize ivas. Mas não vivemos na ro- ssa hora é profundamente re- exige fatos, dados, atos e não a da ilusão só embarcam os in- os.

LEÇÕES

el sucessivos reparos. E se por- a- ventura os primeiros que reos- as- bou podiam ser creditados à a- conta de inimizades gratuitas, a- o- di de interdições excessivas por ale- a- contrariadas, é indubitável que a- e- cila mudou de figura. Re- a- petidas com uma insistência e- de uma variedade impressionan- te, as suspeitas levantadas sobre a- dai nacionalmente

G. R.

Confirmou o poderoso pro- dutor-distribuidor Luis Seba- riano Ribeiro doentes, segundo os quais uma verdadeira rego- lada corrente nos estúdios da Atlântida a partir do segundo semestre deste ano.

Em entrevista a "Última Ho- ra" o sr. Severiano Ribeiro re- velou uma face inédita de seu caráter, quando declarou:

— O Brasil está cheio de es- tórias e de boas histórias. Ve- mos filmar isto e acabar com as comédias carnavalescas. Já temos os melhores aporistas gens e contadores de histórias. E depende agora da boa argu- mentação e do roteiro.

E a notícia ainda mere- maior importância quando sr. Severiano Ribeiro afirmou que despedirá os indefectíveis elementos de sua filia, o qu- equale a não sermos mais obrigados a receber. Ocarito Grande, Othello, Cyll Farnes, Ellans e companhia. O inde- fectível Carlos Manga, se não recebe bilhete aqui, pelo me- nos não estará realizando to- dos os filmes. Evitando, L&I contratar equipes para cada filme. Isto é, para filmes di- outro nível, filmes decentes, corretos, limpos, que possam ser exibidos sem o contingente ridículo de grostes, imorali- dade e desrespeito.

Para o ambiente do Rio de Janeiro abre-se uma perspe- tiva alentadora: homens como Jorge Heli e Alex Clay: po- derão ter grandes oportunida- des e ainda outros novos dire- tores estarão com espaço abe- to para a investida num do- cente cinema brasileiro.

No campo nacional isto sig- nifica que o renascimento do cinema brasileiro, anunciado para 1960, vai se processar em bases firmes, pois a morte da chanchada significa o cresci- mento da prestígio, e crédito, a confiança, e o amor do pú- blico por um cinema de nível.

O nosso público ama o cinema. E dele espera grande pontos de orgulho como "O Cangaceiro". Fora tremos na- vos filmes nesta linha. Alguns iniciais privados, já fo- ram realizadas este ano: "Bo- dia de Todos os Santos", "Mandacaré Vermelho", "O Garganta do Diabo", "Cidade Amecada", "A Primeira Mi- ra", todos filmes que pode- mos representar sem fazer se- gonha (e fazendo sucesso) e mercado estrangeiro, com- parando com "Na Gargan- do Diabo" de 1958, e com "Cidade Amecada" de 1959. Agora "Bala de 7- dos os Santos", irá e Vem como convidado especial. E peramos muito.

Georges Sadoul abriu olhos dos brasileiros para importância do nosso pequ- cinema e das perspectivas e para ele se abriu abito e que tempo pra frente. E para estas cinco anos, com ritmo iniciado em 1960.

Diante da notícia do sr. Severiano Ribeiro, contos obri- dos a incluí-lo entre os re- vatores da mentalidade e m- mo reconhecer em sua fil- um produtor que a tempo e- portou para a realidade, ve- que a cinema da Atlântida- podia continuar na linha "Indústria da Imbecilidade para citar as frase do cri- Will Aszred.

Batemos palmas e ainda e vamos gritar para Her- Richers despertar também seu amor. Moris e Zé Trind e o Ocarito que os cantos outros! Ventos novos que Bahia está sendo soprados, e- cinquenta por cento, e a- muita força. Novos terra- gundo as articulações ainda- cratas que se armam, será- milto industrial do novo- nena brasileiro. Contar para isto, com o crédito

Festa Portugal. Ante a da vida e atividade literária dos aporistas, Jaime Cortes Portugal dos, mais ami- almente da Sociedade Portu- tem uma obra literária que que mant a caraça da im- título não pode invocar pa- velho e pobre angolar de eco- Poeta, dramaturgo e his- tórico, Jaime Cortes impo- como personalidade novel e- algia ideológica, não "misticis- mo" e "intelectual" indolente

A sua fidelidade a "Das- estudante serviu com ande- vção patriótica que o libe- dos recuperadores de "Famase- vian" de o, Império, depois, p- das oficiais que experimenta- para honrar, na primeira gre- tiva nacionalista da nossa inte- e quando de guerra, levou sua vida pública havia de- um democrata sincero e a- servindo igualmente e ab- metto a sua vida gran- moresale.

Um aspecto importante- tar, na vida e obra Juven- seu luso-brasileiro ali- rismo militante e irradi- figura nossa como de Ge-

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DIÁRIO DE NOTÍCIAS JUN 8 1950

JM recebeu Janio mas liquidou questão: não fará a campanha

"O meu voto, preleto cidadão, é de V. Excia. mas o cidadão bahiano, mercê de Deus, não é propriedade minha, nem de ninguém; e aí está, senão como o que meus o for, a prerrogativa dos candidatos, a sinceridade de propósitos, releve V. Excia. como vem falando; ouça por sua vez e se entenderá." — essa a exortação que o governador Jânio fez ao sr. Janio Quadros, saindo-o ao fim do banquete que lhe ofereceu ontem à noite no Palácio da Assembleia.

Na oportunidade o chefe do governo estadual destruiu de uma vez por todas as esperanças que porventura ainda subsistissem quanto à possibilidade de sua participação na campanha do candidato oposicionista, dizendo taxativamente a esta altura: — "Não sairei às ruas, para ficar no palácio, assegurando as liberdades públicas e todos os mais concluídos."

Observou ainda que, desde o restabelecimento da vida democrática no Brasil, "vem sendo a direção dos negócios públicos confiada a homens — bons ou maus, conforme as individualidades — mas sempre os mesmos, integrados num mesmo quadro de ação política, presos à mesma ilusão da vida pública", chamando porém a atenção para o fato de ser "uma das características do regime democrático a rotatividade dos partidos e dos homens na direção da máquina estatal".

Admitindo, entretanto, que "os partidos se desgastam por demais no funcionamento das instituições republicanas", disse que em consequência "o eleitor prefere dar o seu apoio mais a homens do que a partidos, pelo que o sr. Janio Quadros "terá a responsabilidade íntima de esquentar e dirigir as grandes transações econômicas e sociais que a nação reclama, passando o futuro pleito a ser, mais que um ato de rotina da vida democrática, um verdadeiro grito de confiança, um ato de fé e unidade da pátria à qual que merecem os sufrágios populares".

PROBLEMAS DO NORDESTE

Fazendo votos a Deus para que o sr. Janio Quadros possa "concluir de maneira admirável a sua extraordinária e brilhante vida pública", o governador extenuado, como nota de destino, a esperança de que "com os contatos reiterados com o nobre chefe desta região, tenha olhos de ver e ouvidos de ouvir os reclamos que, neste instante, já vão dos sussurros dos desencantos aos gritos da revolta". Ressaltou, todavia, como anunciara previamente, que o sr. Juscelino Kubitschek facilitou nos recursos que interessam fundamentalmente à melhor estrutura econômica da Bahia, como o aproveitamento da Cachaieira de Funi e o G. nanciamento para a aquisição da nova frota da Navegação Bahiana, sem esquecer o "animus" com que a, eximia, tem acolhido os pedidos que lhe fazo em nome do meu povo sofrido".

LEANDRO E MILTON

Aludiu em seguida, sob palmas, ao sr. Leandro Maciel e às suas qualidades como cidadão e como homem público, para exaltar, logo após o seu substituto, outras "suas entre palmas, mencionando "a dignidade, a inteligência, o patriotismo, a cultura, a honradez, a seriedade e o lirismo que indicam como um dos melhores exemplares de homem público que a política brasileira já conseguiu formar — o eminente senador Milton Campos".

SIMPATIA E APROVO

O governador abriu o seu discurso afirmando acolher "com simpatia e apreço" o sr. Janio Quadros e referindo-se a ele como o "eminente brasileiro que, depois de ter vertiginosamente ascendido de vereador paulistano a governador paulista — numa ascensão política da tradição e riqueza clássica do São Paulo — aqui chega disputando as preferências do eleitorado para o exercício do honroso e duro cargo de presidente da República".

Em seguida evocou a convocação da UEN para repetir que "homem da verdadeira formação democrática não guarda ressentimento de qualquer natureza e que na sua dorota sentiu "uma espécie de alívio que talvez, nesta instância, cause inveja a V. Excia."

Tecou depois considerações sobre a atividade pública — "a mais íntima de todas as atividades" — analisando os deveres e as vicissitudes da política e afirmando que de bem agir aos interesses da pátria.

vidade e comparando a luta pelo Poder com a liberdade deserta por dentro num de seus poemas.

NEM AUTORIDADE NEM RECURSOS

Fazendo a definição clara e precisa da sua posição em face da luta sucessória, o governador frisou que não aplicará a autoridade do seu cargo nem os recursos do Tesouro para ajudar a candidatura do sr. Janio Quadros.

"E graças a Deus, prosseguiu neste particular, estarei de acordo, pois V. Excia. aspira dirigir o país, para cumprir o programa de um programa de boa ordem administrativa e de austeridade nos métodos de ação governamental; verá, assim, com agrado a minha atitude de partidário fiel e deliberado do seu partido, mas de juiz na condução do pleito".

BRINDE

O governador concluiu o seu discurso apresentando ao sr. Janio Quadros, à sua esposa, à sua filha e à sua comitiva as saudações do Governo e as suas em particular e levantando um brinde à saúde do ex-governador baiano.

AGRADECIMENTO

Agradecendo, em longo discurso escrito — no qual se contém o seu mais profundo pronunciamento na presente campanha — o sr. Janio Quadros pôs em relevo as virtudes cívicas e morais do governador Juracy Magalhães, referindo-se também, em vários e mais elogiosos, ao sr. Leandro Maciel, Juarez Távora e Milton Campos.

Após essa parte "protocolar" de sua oração, o candidato se deteve em longa análise da política petrolífera nacional, em certo momento qualificando como "triste" qualquer tentativa no sentido de se abolir o monopólio estatal do petróleo, porque há grupos econômicos estrangeiros manobrando contra os nossos interesses. Enumerou depois extensa série (Conclui na 2a. pág.)

JM...

Conclusão

As providências que no seu entender são indispensáveis para a reestruturação do Conselho Nacional de Petróleo — ainda estruturado nos moldes de sua instituição, há cerca de 30 anos — e a reorganização administrativa da "Petrobrás".

Tais providências — afirmou — tendem a resolver definitivamente o problema nacional do petróleo — que não deve ser confundido com os problemas da "Petrobrás" como empresa — consolidando o monopólio estatal aumentando a nossa produção de óleo bruto e derivados, ampliando a indústria petroquímica, controlando os preços daqueles produtos na venda ao consumidor e promovendo maior economia de despesas pela redução de nossas importações através maior aproveitamento de nossa matéria-prima.

As três são as grandes linhas de ação que o sr. Janio Quadros também levantou em tanto ao Governador Juracy Magalhães.

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E-L-D

BRASILIA, 9 (R) — A reunião do deputado Raimundo Maranhão e Nelson Moreira dos Santos que exercem na Mesa da Câmara federal pedida entre em altos brados por vários parlamentares no final da sessão em virtude da confusão reinante na cidade no que respeito a acomodação dos deputados e senadores, não teve o verdadeiro tumulto se estabeleceu quando alguns deputados, entre os quais Aurelio Viana, Vasconcelos Torres elevaram suas vozes pedindo ao presidente e Secretário que renunciassem por não terem podido atender a solicitação dos deputados e senadores que desde o dia da mudança vêm sendo veementemente reclamadas.

BAHIA★

Ultima hora

TOQUIO, 9 (UPI) — Trem a terra uns segundos nesta capital às quatro horas e vi o um minutos, mas a direção de meteorologia disse que não ter havido vítimas e danos materiais. Um funcionário da diretoria declarou que o trem estava na parte ocidental de Chiba perto de Tóquio cinquenta e cinco quilômetros de profundidade. O tremor de grau dois na escala set

PORTO ALEGRE, 9 (M)
A deflagração do náo da greve prevista para o dia 23 do corrente, em todo o Estado, ignora-se de que for deliberada reunião marcada nos dias 18 e 19 em Santa Maria. Esta informação foi prestada pelo sr. José Mesquita, presidente, da Secretaria do quarto congresso trabalhadores gaúchos, acrescentando: "O que tudo indica movimento para aquêle dia inevitável, salvo se alguma providência venha a ser tomada em relação ás reivindicações dos tomados de posse, e o alto custo de vida, reformulando a organica da Previdência social, direito de greve, aposentadoria movel.

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ESTADOS DA
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REALIDADE
9. 1930

Quanto se acham integrados na realidade, educacional brasileira sobem que, pelo menos no tocante ao ensino de grau médio, "ele é ministrado em mais de oitenta por cento pelos estabelecimentos particulares. Por isso mesmo ficaram surpreendidos com uma das muitas declarações discutíveis do sr. Jânio Quadros, candidato à presidência da República pelas forças oposicionistas, quando afirmou, textualmente: "consagrar na lei de Bases e Diretrizes a subordinação aos colégios particulares é uma sanção por eles podem causar dano ao ensino oficial".

Ora se o ensino médio continua, praticamente, em mãos da iniciativa particular — e assim até por um princípio consagrada na Carta Magna que permite a coexistência das duas atividades, a oficial e a particular — qual o milagre que pensa fazer, na hipótese tão longínqua de ascender a curul presidencial, o sr. Jânio Quadros? Dir-se-á que não é de contra a existência dos colégios particulares mas que estes sejam subvencionados pelo poder público federal. Mas não seria tão ingênuo se desconhecasse quanto a ajuda oficial tem permitido a melhoria destes colégios, pelo menos, através do "Fundo do Ensino Médio", assegurando uma remuneração condigna do professorado e a melhoria das instalações materiais. Comparar um colégio particular a uma "casa de negócios" sem sido apenas propósito desmoralizador dos que têm suas mágoas contra a iniciativa particular e não é fora do bom senso que ainda está viva luta contra determinadas exigências que nivelam diretores e professores a patrões e operários.

A vingança da tese do sr. Jânio Quadros contra os estabelecimentos de ensino fechado, as portas, e com que dinheiro a República os substituirá, em tempo de não prejudicar os alunos? Não sabe o candidato oposicionista que em nosso país, quando podem fazer um esforço para colocar os seus filhos em colégios particulares o fazem, por confiar mais neles que nos públicos? Já apresentaram ao candidato os índices de frequência e eficiência dos colégios particulares comparados com os públicos? Já analisou os estatísticos de aprovações nos chamados vestibulares para sentir mesmo, percentualmente, como os colégios particulares dão médias mais altas? Desconheço o candidato que os colégios oficiais sempre superlotados, fazem diminuir o rendimento dos alunos, o que em oitenta por cento não ocorre nos particulares?

Estará bem orientado o candidato se dissesse dever a Lei de Bases, encontrar um denominador comum que atenda aos oficiais e aos particulares. Rigor para fechar os colégios particulares que não atendem ao mínimo exigido pela lei federal — uma minoria — e rigor na fiscalização dos oficiais, com uma superlotação sempre negativa e índice de frequência do professorado, sempre menor que o dos particulares.

Fazer declarações apenas para atender a uma posição filosófico-político que não tem raízes no Brasil — e de que determinados grupos estudantis se tornam porta voz — não pela sabedoria — não honra um homem inteligente e vivo como o sr. Quadros. Por certo compreendo o que é "campanha eleitoral" mais cêrio está que as palavras veem...

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que não terá dívida, ante o que diz o laudo pericial, em condenar o motorista do Exército, Frisa a autoridade que a prova testemunhal do inquérito também responsabiliza o motorista do caminhão do Exército no fato. O inquérito será concluído na próxima segunda-feira com o seu relatório e enviado à Justiça.

Balconitsa tené Alemão

nista hábil ao lidar com público: antes, exigem-se referências. chista, 7 — IV — S. CESAR.

da

conhecimento a respeito de irregularidades da atual administração da CAFEPSE, sendo que vários requerimentos foram enviados à autarquia e até agora não chegou resposta alguma. O requerimento tem como fundamento as denúncias divulgadas na imprensa carioca.

provocação por pancadas, conforme ficou provado no laudo cadavérico. Tanto assim que chegou a delirar, falando bobagens conforme se verificou. Logo depois sofreu demulção sendo socorrido por companheiros. Após o efeito passageiro do ataque, o tenente levantou-se sob o auxílio do sargento comandante da Guarda e de soldados. Estava tonto e caiu, rolando pela escadaria da frente do quartel. Foi apanhado pelo oficial de dia. Fôla madrugada era acometido de torção dor e foi conduzido ao Pronto Socorro, onde veio a falecer.

OS DEPOIMENTOS

Interpelamos o major Genival Freitas a respeito da prova testemunhal do fato. O presidente do inquérito-militar afirmou que, até agora, têm sido fracas as provas, mas espera ainda encontrar o caminho certo da elucidação.

MAIS NO ESTADO DA BAHIA EDITAL DE CONVOCAÇÃO DE ELEIÇÃO

O Sindicato da Indústria da Extração de Óleos Vegetais e Animais no Estado da Bahia, através seu presidente, convoca a todos os associados para as eleições da Diretoria, Conselho Fiscal e Delegados Representantes no Conselho da Federação das Indústrias deste Estado que se realizarão no dia 14 de julho de 1939, nos termos do art. II da Portaria 146, de 18-10-37.

O prazo para registro de chapas é de 10 dias, nos termos do parágrafo 2º, do art. 30, da mencionada Portaria, a partir da publicação do presente edital, na sede do Sindicato situada na rua Miguel Calmon, 39, 1º andar.

Salvador, 7 de junho de 1939.
Ass. — RANULFO OLIVEIRA DIAS — Presidente.

DIA DE PORTUGAL 10 de junho

As Diretorias do Gabinete Português de Leitura, Real Sociedade Portuguesa de Beneficência, 18 de Setembro e Clube Português da Bahia, convidam as dignas Autoridades Cívicas, Militares e Eclesiásticas, a Colônia Lusa e o Povo em geral, para assistirem a Sessão Comemorativa do DIA DE PORTUGAL, festa de confraternização Luso-Brasileira, que fará realizar no próximo dia 10 de Junho, às 20.1/2 horas no Salão Nobre do Gabinete Português de Leitura, sendo orador oficial o Dr. Joséphael Marinho, que será apresentado pelo Dr. Wilson Lima.

Salvador, 8 de Junho de 1939

mon-se. Viu a aglomeração e nem um policial presente. No interior do veículo o motorista gritava: "Estou baleado. Vou morrer aqui". Tomou a arma das mãos do tenente Edmundo Oliveira e deu-lhe voz de prisão em flagrante. Logo depois, chegava o guarda 524, a quem entregou o criminoso. Depois conduziu as vítimas para a PS e, posteriormente, o criminoso para a Delegacia.

tigo 180 do Código Penal Brasileiro, como receptação.

FORTALEZA, 8 (nos — um é menor de ginal vingança por ter no lugar Humberto Mo. Sobral, de onde levaram tinha) em dinheiro. Al cepadas a face, pelo di José Rufino.

As duas vítimas, q contram-se na Delegaci ras. São Raimundo Rib Raimundo Nonato da C mundo Cratêis", os qu

Conta "Raimundo" são gatunos conhecidos isso, ultimamente, esta Monte, onde haviam pr mingue último, arromba fino e dali retiraram gaveta.

Os gatunos estão : proximidades de Miraim Rufino, que se fazia ac Levados para lugar en lhas decepadas, a face.

O menor ainda flet enquanto o mais velho bem no tronco.

INA
A DIC já iniciou agressão. Agentes seg te. Vão ouvir os agre

Gatunos pagaram com as orelhas o roubo praticado: Fortaleza

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CONCLUSÃO

A "vitalidade" que como nos vêmos de Góes descrevendo a "Política" nós políticos perseguidos um posto para, ao final, verificarmos que o colar de honra era, em verdade, sem a honra, que o envooz premeditava. Ao termo, porém, do balanço da obra feita, se nada de extraordinário puder ser realizado, alancá, ao menos a consciência de um dever cumprido a recalar para o fundo das nossas recordações, os dissabores, as incompreensões, as injustiças, as mágoas.

Como Governador, Senhor Deputado Jânio Quadros, não aplicarei a autoridade do meu cargo, nem os recursos do Tesouro, para ajudar a candidatura de Vossa Excelência, como não teria, desse modo, ajudado à minha própria se tivesse sido candidato. E, graças a DEUS, neste particular estamos de acordo, pois Vossa Excelência aspira dirigir o País, para o cumprimento de um programa de boa ordem administrativa e de austeridade nos métodos da ação governamental; verá, assim, com agrado, a minha atitude de partidário fiel às deliberações do seu partido, mas de juiz na condução do pleito. Não sairei, às rusas, para ficar em Palácio, assegurando as liberdades po-

Ontem no Aclamação

blicas a todos os meus con-

dações.

Desde que se restabeleceu a vida democrática no País, vem sendo a direção dos negócios públicos confiada aos mesmos homens-bons ou iguais conformes as individualidades — mas sempre os mesmos, integrados num mesmo quadro de ação política, presos à mesma fusão da vida pública. Uma das características do sistema democrático de governo, porém, é a realidade das partitidas e dos homens na direção da máquina estatal. Parece, por outro lado, ser verdadeira a observação de que os Partidos se despararam, por densa, no funcionamento das instituições republicanas, nesta nova fase de nossa evolução histórica; parece mesmo que, por isso, o eleitor prefere dar o seu apoio, não a homens que a partitida, mas a sim. Senhor Deputado Jânio Quadros, o futuro Presidente do Brasil, a responsabilidade imensa de esquentar e dirigir as grandes transformações políticas, econômicas e sociais que a Nação reclama, passando o futuro pleito a ser mais que um ato de rotina da vida democrática, um verda-

deiro grito de confiança, um ato de fé autêntico da Fátima Aquelas que vieram em sufrágios populares.

Permita DEUS, eminente Deputado Jânio Quadros, que, eleito Presidente do Brasil, possa Vossa Excelência concluir, de maneira admirável, a sua extraordinária e brilhante vida pública. Como nordestino, espero que Vossa Excelência, nos contatos reiterados com a miséria do novo desta região, tenha olhos de ver e ouvido de ouvir os nossos reclamos que, neste instante, já vão das suas mãos de descanço aos gritos da revolta. Verdade seja proclamada que o príncipe Presidente Juscelino Kubitschek facilitou-nos recursos para obras que interessam, fundamentalmente, à melhor estrutura econômica da Bahia, como o aproveitamento da cachoeira do Funchal e o financiamento para a aquisição da nova frota de Navegação Bahiana, sem esquecer o entusiasmo com que sua Excelência tem acolhido as petições que lhe faço em nome do meu povo sofrido. O Nordeste, na sua chapa, perdeu a presença de Leandro Medel, — cidadão que não sei se mais perfeito na

lealdade partidária, na honra das pessoas, ou na fidelidade às causas do povo —, mas o meu Partido teve a sabedoria de escolher, para companheiro de Vossa Excelência, aquele político brasileiro em quem a fátima, a inteligência, o patriotismo, a cultura, a honra, a seriedade e o tirocínio indicam como um dos melhores exemplares de homem público que a política brasileira já conseguiu formar — o eminente Senador Milton Campos.

O meu voto, proclamo cidadão, é de Vossa Excelência, mas o eleitorado baiano, mercê de DEUS, não é propriedade minha, nem de ninguém: e aí está sensível como e que mais a fé, a pregação, dos candidatos, à sua sinceridade de propósitos. Fale-lhe Vossa Excelência como vem falando; ouça-o, por sua vez, e se entredam. Vossa Excelência está na arena, a espero que dos seus contatos com o povo da Bahia, culto, bom, esquisecido, admirável — a minha boa gente baiana — resulte a afinidade desejada para que governo e povo se compreendam, se estimem e se ajudem, na mais sagrada união, gerada na luta pelo bem comum.

Rocha, Vossa Excelência: as saudações do Governo da Bahia e minhas em particular, quando, para alagafz nuns, se faz acompanhar esta visita, de sua emmentíssima Senhora e sua gentil filha — participei dilctas das suas vitórias — e de outras fustres personalidades do mundo social e político do Brasil; saúdo a todos desejando-lhes felicidade e que guardem, da nossa terra e da nossa gente, a lembrança mais cara que lhes possa ficar. Brindo, pela sua saúde, Senhor Deputado Jânio Quadros".

DISCURSO DE JÂNIO

Agradecendo as palavras do governador, o sr. Jânio Quadros propunhou um discurso em que focalizou aspectos da política petrolífera brasileira e sua importância para o desenvolvimento econômico da Bahia. Salientou que o monopólio estatal é a conduta certa para solucionar o problema de nossa emancipação econômica no setor do petróleo. Disse que, se eleito, promoverá a reestruturação de alguns órgãos que dirigem a atividade petrolífera no Brasil, principalmente o Conselho Nacional do Petróleo, que reputa já ultrapassado na sua estruturação, em face da lei que o criou, e a Petrobrás, no setor administrativo.

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Ontem no Aclamação
ESTADO DA BAHIA JUN 8 1960
L. M. prometeu votar
em Janio mas não
disse que vai à rua

47 Salvador, Bahia, Brasil

Meu voto é de V. Exa. mas o eleitorado bahiano não é propriedade minha, nem de ninguém — disse ontem o governador Juracy Magalhães ao sr. Janio Quadros, em discurso pronunciado no palácio da Aclamação durante o banquete que ofereceu ao candidato oposicionista.

A recepção compareceram autoridades do mundo político nacional e estadual entre eles o sr. Juarez Távora e o sr. Milton Campos, companheiro de Janio na chapa, como candidato à vice-presidência da República, além de numerosos correligionários do ex-governador de São Paulo, que integram a sua comitiva.

DISCURSO
 O sr. Quadros integrou o discurso do governador JM:

"Senhor Deputado Janio Quadros:

O Governo Bahiano acolhe, com simpatia e apreço, a Vossa Excelência imponente brasileiro que, depois de ter vertiginosamente ascendido de vereador paulistano a governador paulista — numa escola política de tradição e rigor, a cidade de São Paulo — passando pela Assembleia Estadual e pela Prefeitura da grande Capital aqui chegou disputando as preferências do eleitorado, para o exercício do honroso e duro cargo de Presidente da República. O meu voto é de Vossa Excelência: passem a se-lo desde o momento em que em memória, val convicção, o preferiram merecidamente os meus velhos e valerosos companheiros da União Democrática Nacional.

Dequela disputa não guardo ressentimento: honram de vossa formação democrática marcha para os prais civis como em um ritual no desam, penho de um papel, ou na representação, de um ato que tem interpretados, se podem prestar a democracia e o regime. Na derrota senti aliás

uma espécie de alívio que tal vez cause, neste instante, na vossa Excelência.

A atividade pública é a mais difícil e a mais árdua de todas as atividades. Ser político é sofrer segredos e torturas, fazendo sofrer os seus, são mais caros; é se dar, todas as horas, a causa do povo e ser submetido, dia e noite, sistematicamente a todas as incompreensões. Uma campanha política, para chegar ao efeito merecido, transforma-se numa nova "via crucis" para o homem honesto que sente as dificuldades do seu povo e procura dar soluções adequadas aos seus problemas.

Vossa Excelência está cansado obrigado por isso mesmo a um dispender de energia e de saúde que somente quem já experimentou campanhas políticas de governo, dura poderá compreender. Claro que alguns terão de se submeter a este sacrifício e o espírito público está justo, mente em se dar, por inteiro a uma obra em benefício do povo. Há quem estranhe que tanta tão difícil tenha o seu cargo de sua execução tão disputado. Espírito público ou valdado não importa o nome: (Conclui na 2ª página)

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Juracy's stand was correct and he was praised on all sides for taking it. He was described as "a man of discipline", a model of personal integrity, and his actions a "lesson in democracy". Obviously Juracy's detachment carried weight in Salvador and throughout the state. Janio's hoopla made little progress against the mounting indifference. On the morning of the ninth, after Janio had departed, one columnist summed up the campaign plaintively saying that he did not go along with the indifference exhibited toward Janio's candidacy, that good or bad Janio was the UDN candidate, the administration in power in Bahia was of the UDN (Udenista é o situacionismo bahiano) and what Janio gained the UDN would also gain. At least within the state of Bahia the victory almost certainly must be awarded to Juracy Magalhães.

This writer suspects that Janio's political judgment was on vacation during his tour of Bahia. Bahia is a tough nut to crack and Janio came mentally unprepared. He had not done his home work. He dealt in stereotypes. He was indecisive. His pitch was too low and not low enough. In a nation of planners he had no clear-cut plan for the Nordeste, and being Janio, he could not make an outright revolutionary appeal. Yet he ignored the opinion of the "baronets", the young Lawyers, in the UDN who have long held that adoption of the Nordeste as a campaign issue would be suicidal. Again, apparently Janio has not yet appreciated the national dynamics of present-day Bahia as an alternate and more gracious pattern for Brazilian life than that displayed by Rio and São Paulo. He missed his best opportunity to generate a broadgauged and humanly acceptable opposition platform, the absence of which is threatening the very existence of the UDN as a national political party. And certainly he underestimated the personal prestige of Juracy Magalhães, his major obstacle in winning the all-out cooperation of the udenistas.

Janio is an intelligent man and an astute politician. He knows that election to the presidency of Brazil does not necessarily mean that he will achieve the presidency of Brazil.~~XXXXXXXXXXXX~~
~~XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX~~ Yet he knows also that he cannot
be forced to clarify his ideas and make a choice. Perhaps
by the time he returns to Bahia in August or September he will
make something more concrete to offer than attitudes and a few scattered concessions.

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James M. Flanagan
James M. Flanagan
American Consul

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Disp. No. -47-
From Salvador, Brazil

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Encl. No. _____
Disp. No. _____
From _____

800,000 votes.

It was clear that Janio was not too well pleased with the way his campaign in Bahia had turned out. He promised to return to the state in August and September for four days in each month, "to clarify many subjects I did not have the time to deal with properly on this visit." On one of his return trips he will go to Cachoeira, São Felix and Canavieiras cities cancelled from his program for June 8th.

Why Janio Renounced His Renunciation

Some wickedly pointed questions were asked during the press interviews: One was, "Mr. Quadros, did you really mean it when you renounced your candidacy last fall?" Janio flashed back, "You don't know me!" and was answered with "I have that pleasure now". Janio continued, "I don't consider you impertinent now, but in another place and time I would. The reason I took up my candidacy again was that Governor Carvalho Pinto of São Paulo came to me crying, with tears in his eyes, asking me to reconsider. He said that he would resign from the Governorship of São Paulo if I did not reconsider. So I listened to him and came back into the arena".

Another question, "Which Bahiano will you appoint as president of Petrobrás?" received an indignant look and no answer. Still another question, "What amount of money do you think Brazil will be able to give as aid to the underdeveloped countries?" was answered by the phrase, "That is up to the technicians" and the statement that the question should not have been asked. Janio complained to this group that the Diario de Noticias and the Estado da Bahia, both papers belonging to the same national chain, had deliberately falsified his remarks at Ilhéus and that he had not promised to build a new port for that city.

Janio and Juracy

Janio's presence in the capital of Bahia created an acutely embarrassing situation for Governor Juracy Magalhães. His dislike and distrust of Janio have not abated over the months and no conciliatory gesture out of Janio's party won an answering warmth in the Governor. From the first day of the Bahian campaign Juracy was coldly correct and distant, emphasizing the formality of his cooperation. Janio was to get the identical treatment that any of the presidential candidates would get in Bahia, and no more. For example, when the Quadros party asked for military bands to play at the public meeting in the Praça da Sé, Juracy agreed to provide them, but with the clear, and unnecessary, stipulation that Lott and Ademar would be given the same privilege when they came to Salvador. Under pressures of the situation -- and the writer believes the intercession of Marechal Távora -- Juracy did say that he would vote

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From _____

trap to appeal to that portion of his audience which has great admiration for SUDENE's Celso Furtado (due in Salvador tomorrow for a two-day visit) and which is currently deeply interested in Rômulo Almeida's new, and impressive, plan for the State's economic development. As expected, Janio made his bows to the left and to the extreme nationalists. Probably he gained some headway with these groups, but since he carefully dealt in references and not promises, (wrapping mildly interesting ideas around the words "Nasser", "Cuba" "Communist-bloc countries"), it is likely that he alienated some conservatives and pleased few extremists. His left-handed swing at the name of Rockefeller and his citing the need for control of malaria boomeranged to some extent, for the name Rockefeller is identified in Bahia and the rest of the Nordeste with many years of successful fighting against malaria. Also as anticipated, Janio threatened with his broom, and as indicated in previous despatches, this gesture brings a decidedly mixed reaction in Bahia. Adding up the pros and cons it would appear that Janio won some strength nationally by presenting a picture of a unified UDN and actually worsened his chances in Bahia. By and large the Bahianos were not impressed. By and large the state is still in the bag for Lott. Governor Juracy Magalhães, though submitting formally at this time to party discipline, still has his personal prestige and freedom of action.

In reaching the above conclusions the writer was hampered by the lack of hard texts. The attached newspaper clippings should be used cautiously. The convention here that reporters should not take notes during an interview makes for a misleading use of direct quotes except when the text of a prepared speech is handed out. The Consulate made tape recordings of the broadcasts but Janio's hoarse shouting made these records often unintelligible. Eye-witness accounts and personal interviews are, of course, dangerous things to generalize on. These restrictions apply to the following sub-topics.

Janio's Estimate of His Chances in Bahia

Janio told reporters -- who were not permitted to take notes -- after the public-square meeting, that he considered himself already elected. He cited the states he could count on: (1) Rio Grande do Sul because he has support of the Vargas family; (2) Santa Catarina which he will win with a great majority; (3) Paraná for which he is Deputy; (4) São Paulo where he will win over Lott by one million votes; (5) Minas Gerais where the popularity of Milton Campos will bring him, Janio, the 100,000 votes Senator Valadares has promised would go to Lott; and (6) Bahia where "I don't make predictions for Bahia, but I expect 50% of the votes." With these populous states in hand, Janio asked "Where is Lott?" He predicted little support for Lott in the Nordeste. For example, he said, only three small states of that region were supporting Lott-- Maranhão, Alagoas and Paraíba -- and the total of their support would add up to a mere

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

732.00/6-1060
JUN 1 1960

FROM : Amconsul SALVADOR, Bahia, Brazil -47-

DESP. NO.

TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.

June 10, 1960

DATE

REF :

25-	ACTION	DEPT.
For Dept.	6-21	RMR-2 1RR-8
Use Only	6-21	CIA-10 USA-10 Navy-3

SUBJECT: POLITICAL: CAMPAIGN OF JANIO QUADROS IN BAHIA. DEPARTMENT OF STATE, BUREAU OF INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS

Janio Quadros wound up his five-day campaign tour of Bahia with an old-fashioned public square meeting in Salvador. It was replete with a roster of big-name speakers, fire works, a military band and audience of some 8,000. And it fell very flat indeed. The audience was extremely cold. There was almost no applause beyond that of the stalwarts clustered around the platform and about the only ripple of amusement came when Janio promised to liberate the people from the shame of the importation of bad beans from the United States. Contrary to expectations he did not noticeably impress the crowd. His voice, hoarse and almost broken, rose again and again to an hysterical shout, but there was no answering cry from the audience. In fact, according to one eye-witness account, there was widespread snickering at Janio's wild-man appearance. Milton Campos, who said that he was proud to open his national campaign for the vice-presidency in Bahia, fared no better, despite a powerful introduction by Nelson Sampaio who was representing Bahia's UDN. Marechal Juarez Tavora was the popular man of the evening. A newspaper account put it this way: "Speaking little and with much applause, Marechal Juarez said" and "With little applause and speaking at great length, Senator Milton Campos remembered"

With the climax going sour in this fashion, it is difficult to say whether or not Janio's tour of Bahia brought him a net profit. Reports coming in slowly from the interior cities indicate a fair to good reception but nothing outstanding. Janio won a point, possibly a major one, in making Governor Juracy Magalhaes clarify his position, but the coldly correct treatment he received from Juracy (discussed below) cost him heavily in Bahia. Janio's major concession to Bahia -- stated first before the students of the University of Bahia and containing a built-in escape clause: "The great promise I make to Bahia I make not as a politician but as a student from the first day of my administration to the last, the president of Petrobras will be a Bahiano" -- lost much of its steam since a local paper announced the very same day the success of its campaign to get a Bahiano appointed as chief of Petrobras in Bahia. In his argument of the Nordeste theme Janio had some good ideas, as he always has, but he pitched his approach too low, with too much rhetorical

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Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Colonel Froença is one of the most distinguished officers in the São Paulo Força Pública, a para-military police force.

II LABOR

1. Gas and Electric Workers win Wage Increase (UNCLASSIFIED)

João de Moraes Chaves, President of the Urban Industries Workers Union (see Political item no. 2 above), has announced that after protracted negotiations he has secured a salary boost of 38% for the employees of the Cidade de Santos - Serviços de Eletricidade e Gas, S.A. (an affiliate of the Light Group). Chaves announced that the increase would go into effect June 1 "once the necessary ways and means have been granted by the authorities".

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

The manager of the Gas & Electric Company has told the reporting officer that the "necessary ways and means" embrace approval for the Company to raise its rates to such an extent as to cover the wage hikes. To this end, negotiations between company officials and the Federal authorities in Rio de Janeiro are currently in progress.

2. Stevedores to Build School (UNCLASSIFIED)

The Santos Stevedores union has moved a step closer in realizing its cherished dream of constructing a primary school for its members' children. On May 27 the union acquired a parcel of land from the Municipality of Santos and now hopes soon to start construction of a building to accommodate 450 children.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The Coffee Loaders and Packers Union presently maintains the only union-run school in Santos.

Local union leaders have informed the reporting officer that the children of workmen in Santos do not receive adequate primary instruction owing to the shortage of public school facilities.

III ECONOMIC - Negative.

IV CONSULAR

1. General (UNCLASSIFIED)

Consular operations have continued normally during the past week and there is nothing especial to report.

V ADMINISTRATIVE - Negative.

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Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Tarquinio is the only Negro on the City Council. Young and ambitious, he is a successful lawyer aiming to be Mayor of Santos. Chaves, President of the Sindicato dos Trabalhadores nas Industrias Urbanas de Santos and an ardent supporter of Janio Quadros, at the same time announced he was taking a leave of absence from the Council to devote himself full-time to obtain a wage increase from the Santos Gas and Electric Company (see Labor item no. 1 below). The Consulate has been informed that Chaves will travel to Cuba during his leave of absence, together with a group of local labor leaders, reportedly at the expense of the Cuban Government.

Mario Capp is an esteemed local dentist and a newcomer to politics.

All three of these councilmen are personages of consequence in Santos, and their renunciation of Lott will not help him here.

The Consulate is given to understand that the PSB in Santos has split, some following the orthodox (Lott) party line, others following Tarquinio, Chaves and Capp in supporting Janio. Reportedly Tarquinio & Co. will not enter another party but remain independent, at least until after the election.

3. Sao Vicente Mayor and Municipal Employees Kiss and Make Up
(UNCLASSIFIED)

The squabble between Sao Vicente Mayor Roberto Andraus and his municipal employees over the latter's accusation that the Mayor had been diverting their payroll deductions for group life insurance premiums, which came to blows on May 16 (see Weekly Comment of May 19), apparently has been settled amicably. This week the Mayor presented a check for Cr\$250,000.00 to the Minas-Brasil Insurance Company as a first installment of some Cr\$670,000.00 due it to bring back into force the municipality's group policies.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

It is not clear to the reporting officer from whence the Cr\$ 250,000.00 were derived, in view of the chronic shortage of funds at the Sao Vicente City Hall.

4. New Commander for the Santos Força Publica (UNCLASSIFIED)

On May 25 Lt. Colonel Brasilino A. Proença assumed command of the Sexta Batalhao de Caçadores of the Força Publica of the State of Sao Paulo. Attending the ceremony at the change of command were civil, military and ecclesiastical dignitaries, besides members of the Consular Corps. Colonel Proença takes over from Major Limongi França, who has been temporary commander since the recent retirement of Lt. Colonel Luiz de Cicco.

Comment:

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ANA

OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM

TO: American Consulate General, Sao Paulo Date: June 1, 1960
FROM: American Consulate, Sao Paulo VPR/vpr
SUBJECT: Weekly Comment on events in Santos
REF:

1. Local Lott Campaign Gains Impetus (UNCLASSIFIED)

During the past week certain signs of a quickening in the anti-Lott local presidential campaign of Marshal Lott have begun to appear. A "Centro Civico Pro-Marshal Lott" composed mostly of local Federal Government officials with a sprinkling of fairly well-known citizens, and one leader of both Santos and Sao Vicente, has been organized, as well as two or three Lott committees among various labor groups here, notably the railroad workers. And the local PSB (see item 2 below) has announced its all-out support of the Marshal. (See Weekly Comment dated May 27, 1960, Political item no. 4.) Nevertheless, on June 1 the two-~~...~~ was a Tribuna Santa State editorially, "The Marshal Lott of Santos is practically party of in Santos."

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

As to the reporting officer's opinion that just about the only persons actively supporting Marshal Lott in Santos are Federal job-holders or others interested in protecting the status quo, plus those individuals whose dislike for Janio Quadros has prompted them to espouse the Marshal's candidacy. The reporting officer continues to feel that in the elections were held now, Quadros would carry the Santos consular district by a wide majority.

2. City Councilmen Split Party (UNCLASSIFIED)

City Councilman Emorandino Tarquinio last week publicly announced his formal withdrawal from the Partido Socialista Brasileiro (PSB), as well as the withdrawal of his two fellow city Councilmen Joao de Barros Gueves and Mario Gapp. Tarquinio gave as his reason "political divergence in face of the adoption of the name of Marshal Lott by the party as candidate for the Presidency of the Republic." At the same time Tarquinio declared he still would continue to advocate socialist doctrines.

/Comment:

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH					
FROM	Amcongen, São Paulo		DESP. NO.	445	XR 832-00
TO	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		DATE	June 7, 1960	
REF	and gazetted in Am/A 6-17-60				
55	ACTION	DEPT.	DEPARTMENT OF STATE		
For Dept.	REC'D	OTHER	BUREAU OF AMERICAN AFFAIRS		
Use Only	6/16	CIA-10	USA-10	OFF-5	COM-10
SUBJECT: Santos Weekly Report					

Transmitted herewith for the information of the Embassy and the Department is the weekly report from the American Consulate at Santos, dated June 2, 1960.

With reference to Item I-2, this post's Labor Officer has heard from a number of reliable labor leaders about the "Cuban junkets." However, it is understood that as of this date, the Cubans have not yet come through with the required travel funds. Brazilian labor leaders are usually quite willing to travel if somebody will pick up the tab.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

732.00/6-760

cc: Amembassy, Rio

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São Paulo

Miscellaneous

10. List of Substantive Despatches

- 436 The Santos Fish Depot and the Development of Fisheries in São Paulo
- 437 Santos Weekly Report
- 438 Visit of Brazilian Municipal Officials to Inter-American Congress of Municipalities in San Diego
- 439 São Paulo Government Plan of Action
- 440 São Paulo Trade Union Leaders Publicly Demonstrate Support of Janio Quadros
- 441 Radio Transistors Now Produced in Brazil
- 442 Bi-Weekly Economic Review
- 443 Presidential Campaign Highlights

William P. Cochran Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

Contributors:

Pyle, Rentschler, Shea, Burton

Distribution:

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rights of others." Though strong pro-United States feeling such as this persisted in the São Paulo press, signs of an increasingly neutral stand were observed. An editorial in the Diário de São Paulo averred that "no one can unleash a war, neither the Western Powers nor, much less so, the Soviets; now would be the time, then--unprecedented in history--to place all matters courageously on the table and, at last, discuss them without ambiguity."

8. Turkey Coup (Unclassified)

The military coup d'etat in Turkey, though widely reported in terms of headlines and photographic coverage, elicited relatively little comment in São Paulo's editorial pages. Correio Paulistano's Meira Mattos, in one of the two columns on file, applauded General Gemel Gursel for "masterfully carrying out his mission to prevent insufferable popular disorder and discontent from plunging the country into chaos." O Estado de São Paulo dwelt less on the coup itself than on a delineation of deposed Premier Menderes' character, asserting that he possessed "all the prerequisites of a potential dictator, including the lack of imagination." O Estado viewed the enforced turnover in Turkey's governmental situation as timely and predicted that the Soviets will find themselves deceived if they believe that the fall of the Menderes regime had anything to do with the U-2 incident.

9. Other Press Items (Unclassified)

The Department of Commerce's five-man trade mission, in São Paulo for an official nine-day visit, received wide coverage, including one commentary in Diário de São Paulo. In discussing "Advantageous Commercial Relations", it drew attention to the American group's "goal of strengthening business affairs between two friendly countries" and stated that such relations "can and ought to be expanded in the interests of both peoples".

The world-wide interest attracted by the Israeli capture of Nazi war criminal Adolphe Eichmann was widely reported in São Paulo. Reportorial attention focused on the possibility of other escaped war criminals now living incognito right here in Brazil. A few papers, notably A Gazeta and Ultima Hora, precipitated a short-lived "witch-hunt" in search of Martin Borman.

The Chile disaster continued to receive scattered coverage, while the death of Boris Pasternak, reported by most of the daily papers, has not yet prompted editorial comment.

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Pellacani, secretary-general of the São Paulo Trade Union Council and a former member of the Communist Party, to project himself into the limelight so as to enhance his chances of becoming the leader of a unified central when and if such an organization comes into being.

It is also interesting to note that the Communists attacked a manifesto advocating greater trade union freedom, (i.e., that of the three confederations, cited above) thus putting themselves in the position of defending a government controlled labor movement (logico!).

Psychological

7. More on the Cold War (Unclassified)

Editorially, the number one topic in São Paulo continued to be the torpedoed summit conference in Paris and the implications which its aftermath might have for the cold war. On the whole, local press reaction still favored the United States and her allies. A trend toward less partisan and even apprehensive editorials could be noted. Catholic Correio Paulistano, for example, saw a "breach" among American foreign policy makers occasioned by the U-2 incident, going on to declare that "unity is indispensable in order that Washington show itself cohesive and strong in external matters. This cohesion and strength is exactly what Khrushchev seeks to destroy." An even more baleful note was sounded by this same newspaper a few days later with João de Scantimburgo's column entitled "The Weakness of the Democracies": "Faced with such a vast ideological, belligerent, cultural, and socio-psychological arsenal as Russia's, the Western democracies on this side of the iron curtain are not proving themselves strong, nor even capable of spiritual rearmament to resist the impact of atheistic communism, Marxist materialism, and organized deceit."

Conservative O Estado de São Paulo, preferred to speculate about conditions inside the Soviet Union itself and contrasted Khrushchev's tactics with those of the late Marshall Stalin as symptomatic, perhaps, of the insecure position in which the current Premier now finds himself: "Nikita did something that Stalin never would have done (in denying that Anastas Mikoyan had lost favor in the Kremlin hierarchy). 'Can you imagine', exclaimed Khrushchev, 'anything of the kind? He just telephoned me to join him for a few days' vacation along the Black Sea.'" O Estado also saw an increasingly important role falling to Europe in general and France in particular as a result of the summit collapse. This newspaper, traditionally French oriented, stated that Russia is tremendously influenced by France.

O Estado de São Paulo also praised President Eisenhower's "perfect and wise moderation" during his TV address to the nation, an opinion echoed by Correio Paulistano: "President Eisenhower was neither arrogant nor defiant but spoke with full consciousness of the responsibility that rests on his shoulders....The United States does not resort to provocative threats because she has selfrespect and respects also the

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instrument providing funds. The new buildings, to be completed during the Governor's term, were contemplated in the Governor's Plan of Action. The Governor's action, providing 1-1/2 billion cruzeiros, took place at the dedication on June 3 of the building which will house the Institute of Atomic Energy, the Polytechnic School, and (in August) the Physics Department.

PTB Guanabara State Assembly President Celso Lisboa, following a conference with Adhemar de Barros in São Paulo, announced that he had asked the São Paulo mayor to run for Governor of Guanabara. Obviously conscious of PSP strength in Guanabara (as indicated in the last election) and of Adhemar's popularity in the new state, Lisboa added, "It is the only solution capable of stopping Carlos Lacerda." Adhemar said no.

Labor
6. Interstate Labor Leader Meeting (Confidential)

Last weekend some 150 labor leaders from six states met in São Paulo and adopted resolutions advocating an increase in minimum wages and the immediate passage of federal legislation which would overhaul the existing social security system. The meeting, sponsored by the São Paulo State Trade Union Council (CST), although called ostensibly to discuss new minimum wages, etc., appeared to this post's Labor Officer an effort on the part of the CST to assert its leadership of the Brazilian trade union movement.

Angelo Farmigiani, president of the National Confederation of Commercial Workers attended the meeting and defended the recent manifesto issued by the leaders of Brazil's three largest confederations advocating a revision of Brazilian trade union laws to give greater freedom to labor and was severely criticized by a number of Communist labor leaders and fellow travelers. Manuel Pavão, a Mexican national, representing ORIT was also present at the meeting.

Glodsmith Riani, vice-president of the National Confederation of Industrial Workers (CNTI) and president of the Minas Gerais Third State Convention of Workers presided over the session. Julio Cesar de Mesquita and Sebastião dos Reis attended as presidents of the equivalent of statewide federations of Rio Grande do Sul and Rio de Janeiro respectively.

Comment: The meeting fitted in ideally with Communist plans for a unified labor central. Also it gave another opportunity to Dante

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"discussing only ideas". Janio's "victory train" campaign along the Paulista railway during the week gave heavy stress to the theme of a crusade--for Brazil's renovation, against poverty and illiteracy, to bring out the vote. Janio even spoke charitably of President Kubitschek's accomplishments. Pedrosa Horta's TV performance, stressing Lott's military obstruction of the proposed farmer's protest march in 1958, demonstrated Lott's political error in focusing on his own alleged misfeasances. Meanwhile Governor Carvalho Pinto is giving increasing support to Janio Quadros, with electric power for north Parana, and an intermixture of state largesse and pro-Janio speeches for the municipalities in São Paulo. The only apparent limit on pro-Quadros campaign participation by state cabinet officers is their ability to contribute effectively. At least five of the nine state cabinet officers were out promoting Quadros' presidential aspirations during the past week.

UDN president Magalhães Pinto, passing through São Paulo at the end of the week, ~~was~~ announced that the UDN will launch Milton Campos' vice-presidential candidacy in São Paulo on June 9, that Janio Quadros will attend the launching. It is reasonable to expect that Janio will team with Campos only as it benefits Janio, having in mind that Ferrari is more popular than Janio in many places, even in São Paulo (for further details, see São Paulo despatch 443, June 7, 1960).

5. Other Political Highlights (Official Use Only)

PSP vice-mayor Cantidio Sampaio during the week denied that he had broken with or separated from his party leader, Mayor Adhemar de Barros, claiming that his current non-participation in municipal administration was a resumption of the normal role of vice-mayor.

Students of Mackenzie University, following upon the recently ended strike of architectural students, this past week petitioned the national Minister of Education to federalize the institution (see Despatch 435, May 31, 1960).

Herbert Cukors, a resident of São Paulo, this past week denied charges by the Zionists of Brazil that he was responsible for the persecution of Jews in Riga during World War II. Cukors, a resident in Brazil for 14 years, is now completing formalities to become a Brazilian citizen. (Two investigations had been made by the Brazilian Government which had exonerated him after consultation with the authorities in Washington, London, Paris, Geneva, and Bonn.)

São Paulo's long dreamed of University City moved a step nearer fulfillment on June 3, when Governor Carvalho Pinto signed an executive

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Comment: The protesting alderman was evidently taking no chances against possible future proof that the assessments had been made.

3. Registration Campaign Continues (Official Use Only)

The campaign to secure 4 million registered voters in the state of São Paulo prior to the closing date of June 24 continues unabated. During the past week Governor Carvalho Pinto, in a recorded radio and television program, appealed to housewives and young men and women (18 years is the required legal age to vote) to register. The Governor urged all mayors to support the campaign; numerous prominent public officials (spearheaded by Secretary of Justice Diniz Junqueira, in charge of the campaign) continue to visit all parts of the state to publicize and support the campaign; state and local employees have been granted leave from their employment to register; and many industrial firms have offered to provide photographs, if required, to employees.

Comment: The great ease being offered in registering in the interior can be contrasted with the greater difficulty encountered in the state capital. In the interior, many registration officials are going to the people. In the capital city, registration for the entire city has thusfar been centered at only one point, the offices of the Regional Electoral Tribunal.

4. The Presidential Campaign (Confidential)

During the week, in an obviously staged maneuver, PTB state secretary general Frota Moreira brought into the open the PTB's virtual non-support of Lott and also the sponsorship by certain PTB leadership of J-J (Quadros-Goulart) maneuvers in São Paulo--citing facts, names and dates. Frota wrote state party president Ivete Vargas in Rio and asked her to reassume the party command which she had abandoned weeks ago when PTB national president Goulart announced that he was moving into São Paulo to take command. By the end of the week Goulart henchmen had denounced and denied, but there were no signs that Goulart or Ivete intended openly to intervene to bring peace and order. However more pro-Lott activity from PTB quarters can be expected. Now, more than ever, the two parties in São Paulo most infiltrated by extreme nationalism and Communism--the PTB and the PSB--are divided, disorganized and weak (see previous Weekly Reports from this post for the story on the PSB).

Meanwhile, the task of replying to Lott's attacks of the previous week against Janio Quadros was assigned to brilliant criminal lawyer Oscar Pedros Horta, because Janio preferred to continue his policy of

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1,200 to 2,000 small farmers and 30,000 townspeople in the municipality of Palmital (northwest of the city of São Paulo on the border of Parana) has been under litigation since 1911. In October, 1959, Brazil's Supreme Federal Tribunal upheld the claims of the heirs of the original landowner that they are the rightful owners of the land. In effect, this nullified the title to the land acquired from the state of São Paulo by present owners. The state had bought the land years ago for 9 million cruzeiros from a Major Soares Vieira, who falsely represented himself as the owner. Errors made in the original survey may have been at least partially responsible. Governor Carvalho Pinto has assigned lawyers to act on behalf of the city and residents. The new owners have given them a short respite to work out a solution.

Despite the faulty title of the state, the farmers and townspeople of Palmital have indicated they will defend their claim, by force if necessary. In this they have been heartened by the Governor's promise that "the interests of the municipality will be defended."

Comment: These developments come at a time when Governor Carvalho Pinto is trying to tone down his agricultural reform program by calling it agriculture revision, when Paulista landowner pressures are heavy to tone down the "extreme" provisions of the Governor's land reform proposals.

2. Municipal Corruption (Official Use Only)

São Paulo alderman Monteiro de Carvalho on May 30 read to the City Council an anonymous letter charging bribery in connection with a reorganization of ordinance provisions affecting municipal tax collectors. The revisions, which included pay increases, were to be sent by the Mayor to the Municipal Chamber and approved "like a jet". Each regular tax collector was assessed Cr\$20,000, and substitute tax collectors, Cr\$50,000. The anonymous letter further alleged that the money collected, amounting to 14 million cruzeiros, now in the hands of the president of the Tax Collector's Association, would be distributed--5 million cruzeiros to Marcos Melega (UDN president of the City Council, 5 million to Mayor Adhemar de Barros, with the rest to be divided between certain aldermen.

One alderman, a municipal tax collector, protested that the tax collectors had been approached, but only to contribute to a new building for the Tax Collector's Association.

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AIR POUCH		CONFIDENTIAL (Security Classification)		DO NOT TYPE IN THIS SPACE	
FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH		444		732.00/6760 4R/832.00	
FROM :	Amcongeng São Paulo		DESP. NO.	June 7, 1960	
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		DATE	June 7, 1960	
REF :	RM/R - Perry - 10		CONSULATE GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA		
2 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION ARA-4	DEPT. RM/R-2	1 N 2 CIV-5	123-5	1RC-8 700-84960 TO
	REC'D	OTHER	6-15	CIV-10 ARMY-4 NAVY-2 OSD-4	
SUBJECT: São Paulo Weekly Summary No. 49, Week Ending June 4, 1960 PC/L - 25					

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10. List of Substantive Despatches

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
BUREAU OF
INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS

JUN 16 1960

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Political

1. Land Expropriation (Confidential)

(Begin Confidential) The local CAS reports that agricultural workers of Santa Fe do Sul and Communist party leaders are discussing future strategy to keep the workers from being driven from the land by land owner Carvalho Diniz. Reportedly, the plight of the farmers in this locale will be publicized in an attempt to gain support throughout the state. It is planned to urge the State Legislature to approve legislation to expropriate the land and resettle tenants and local farmers. Another maneuver would include agitation for an extension until the first of the year of the tenant's contracts with Carvalho Diniz, which are due to expire on July 15. Carvalho Diniz was forced to intervene in May 1960 when Diniz threatened that he would not renew the contracts of his tenants. (End Confidential)

(Begin Official Use Only) Also during the week representatives of four brothers moved to take possession of an entire city and surrounding rural areas. The ownership of the land, occupied by

see last page:mlf

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assistance post. Some 2,000 labor leaders, politicians, and others were at the banquet.

At the end of the week, UDN President Magalhães Pinto, while passing through the São Paulo airport on his way to Santo Catarina, announced that the UDN will formally launch the vice-presidential candidacy of Milton Campos in São Paulo on June 9, that presidential candidate Janio Quadros will attend.

COMMENT: (Confidential) It is not clear whether Ramos was promoting Goulart in Santo André or was paving the way for an expected political visit to the industrial triangle by candidate Lott later in the month--more likely the latter since Edna Lott flew down from Rio and was with Ramos through most of the day.

Some interpret Quadros' anticipated attendance at the launching of the vice-presidential candidacy of Campos as indicating that Janio is prepared to team up with Campos. This will very likely happen where Janio's candidacy is benefited. It is doubtful that Janio will deny completely the other supporting candidate, Fernando Ferrari, who in many places is more popular than Janio, even in the state of São Paulo.

William P. Cochran, Sr.

William P. Cochran, Sr.
Consul General

cc: Amembassy, Rio

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4. Governor Carvalho Pinto's Support (Official Use Only).

Not only many of the São Paulo state cabinet, but also Governor Carvalho Pinto himself, are increasingly giving their support to the presidential campaign of Janio Quadros. Four of the nine state secretaries (Transportation and Public Works, Labor, Government, and Agriculture) participated in Janio's campaign rallies during the week. In addition, the Secretary of Justice is leading the drive for increased voter registration. Carvalho Pinto during the week visited a number of municipalities in the Braganca area, announcing the award of state projects and services in each, hearing petitions, and speaking to public gatherings in favor of the election of Janio Quadros.

Following upon Lott's previous week of campaigning in the Paraíba Valley, State Secretary of Transportation Faria Lima this past week headed a pro-Quadros rally attended by some 38 mayors in the same region. There was a churrasco (barbecue). Faria Lima heard the petitions of local officials. São Paulo Senator Father Calasans read a message from Janio saying that Janio, allied with Carvalho Pinto, would transform the Paraíba Valley into the supply center for São Paulo and neighboring states. Leaders of various political parties attended and spoke in support of Quadros for president.

Also, one night during the week, Janio conferred at length with Carvalho Pinto at the Governor's palace. Janio then told the press that he was supporting the plea of mayors in north Parana who were seeking electric power from São Paulo. During the week, the PSD leader in the State Assembly (Luciano Nogueira Filho) charged that power needed in São Paulo was being diverted to Parana, that Mario Leão of the state power agency, USELPA, had accompanied Janio in the latter's campaigning in north Parana.

COMMENT: (Confidential) The São Paulo state administrative machinery is certainly working for Janio Quadros, though there is no evidence of outright bribe nor of corruption extremes, just "honest politics". The only limitation on campaign participation by state cabinet officers and others appears to be their ability to contribute effectively.

5. The Vice-Presidency (Official Use Only).

Last Sunday Goulart's hand-picked Minister of Labor, João Baptista Ramos, visited Santo André in the nearby industrial triangle (Santo André, São Bernardo, São Caetano). Ramos visited the local headquarters of the metalworker's union, announced a grant of 20 million cruzeiros of federal money for a hospital in Santo André, attended a banquet, and then inaugurated a federal

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3. Janistas Answer Lott (Official Use Only).

Brilliant criminal lawyer Oscar Pedrosa Horta, former State Secretary of Justice when Quadros was Governor, appeared on TV this past week to answer Lott's attacks of the previous week against Janio. Pedrosa Horta presented old newspaper stories about the assignment of military troops and the military mining of highways to obstruct the farmers' protest march on the nation's capital in 1958 to prove that Lott had been responsible. Lott, said Pedrosa Horta, had attempted to shift to ex-governor Quadros a responsibility that was all Lott's. Referring to Edna Lott's recent attack against the Minister of Finance, Pedrosa Horta wondered why the ex-War Minister, so vigorous otherwise in defense of the national government, did not react similarly toward his own daughter. Finally, the Quadros campaign lieutenant reviewed Janio's record as state governor and said that Lott, in alleging that Janio had accomplished nothing, had demonstrated his ignorance of past events in São Paulo.

COMMENT: (Confidential) One of the reasons cited for Adhemar de Barros' victory in the São Paulo mayoralty election of 1957 was the excesses of Janio's personal attack against Adhemar during the campaign. Janio has apparently learned. He let PTN national president Emilio Carlos attack Adhemar in 1958 to avoid any direct backfire against victorious gubernatorial candidate Carvalho Pinto. He now turns over the acid personal exchange to gifted criminal trial lawyer, Oscar Pedrosa Horta--the same lawyer who successfully defended Adhemar before the highest court of the land against Janio's charges of malfeasance in office (allegedly when Adhemar was Governor in 1946-50).

Lott undoubtedly erred in refuting Janio's earlier attacks against the farmer's march of production. Lott might better have mobilized facts to discredit the march or to prove that he was only acting under orders, and also left the reply to others--or, perhaps better still, said nothing. Lott has assumed the defensive--even less desirable in a political, than in a military campaign, if avoidable. Lott also erred in claiming that Janio has done little as Governor--Paulistas can believe stories about Janio's unstable temperament; his accomplishments as Governor cannot be denied. A local political news commentator for a pro-Lott newspaper observed very wisely this past week that the politically inexperienced Lott could use an entourage of advisors--whether the Lott temperament could permit their effective use is another question.

Another interesting sidelight--this past week, all 45 São Paulo city aldermen signed a proposal to make Paulista Minister of Finance Paes de Almeida an honorary citizen of São Paulo. Daughter Edna may not be helping her father in São Paulo.

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From São Paulo

2. Janio Campaigns on Higher Plane (Official Use Only).

Having drawn fire and attack in the previous week from opposing candidate Lott, presidential candidate Janio Quadros this past week told the local press that he will stick to his policy of "only discussing ideas," that others will answer Lott's attacks against Janio and, if not, the people will do so at the October 3 election. For the most part Janio's three day "victory train" campaign along the Paulista Railroad line this past week was in a "Christian" vein. He spoke of a crusade to restore Brazil, to bring out the vote, to eliminate poverty and illiteracy etc. At one point, Janio said that President Kubitschek should not be maligned, that the President, despite many errors, had accomplished much. Janio also repeated another theme which he has used recently--that the national government has done little or nothing for São Paulo, Rio Grande do Sul, the northeast, etc.

In Rio Claro, heavily populated by Paulista Railroad employees, Janio did let loose some "fire and brimstone." Railroad employees were assured that their claims would be satisfied "whether or not the company directorate wishes." The federal agency controlling supply and prices would be abolished. Social security would be turned over to employers and employees, without government interference. Later, in Jau, Janio served notice on large landowners that he would exact better treatment for farm workers. At various points, too, Janio stressed his Catholicism in denying Communist leanings, and said that, as a democrat, he defended the rights of Communists even though differing from them ideologically.

In all except a few municipalities, the mayors and City Council presidents met and endorsed Janio. PSP mayors in Marila and Perderneiras gave their support. News accounts agree that, for the most part, Janio got a very numerous and enthusiastic reception.

COMMENT: (Confidential) Candidate Adhemar de Barros' campaigning offense seems to copy Janio's--for example, Adhemar's recent assertion that "our ~~XXX~~ friend" Kubitschek has done nothing for Rio Grande do Sul, São Paulo, etc. That plus Adhemar's failure to campaign in São Paulo, plus his effective ridiculing of Janio (e.g. despite all the facilities he built for the louco (insane) in São Paulo, Adhemar finds that there is still one louco running around loose and even aspiring to the presidency) lend support to this post's previously stated suspicion that Adhemar is primarily out to take votes away from Janio outside of São Paulo.

Pro-Quadros forces in São Paulo are confident and increasingly aggressive (see subsequent items). The lack of any effective competition in São Paulo from the camps of Lott or Adhemar de Barros re-enforces this confidence.

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From São Paulo

welcome home meeting of the party regional directorate last Friday allegedly because of the death in Rio of PTB ex-Senator Alberto Pasquelini. She had not arrived in São Paulo the following day because her doctor allegedly advised against the chill climate of São Paulo.

Meanwhile, Ivete's secretary, Camozato, denied and denounced, alluding to the "nonexistent" J-J movement. Miguel Jorge Nicolau, leader of the PTB in the State Assembly, also issued a denial and denunciation on behalf of PTB State Deputies; but PTB State Deputy André Nunes thereafter disclaimed Nicolau's action and said that the charges needed discussion. Nicolau was one of few who spoke to Goulart when the PTB national president made a quick unannounced flight to São Paulo on the day before Nicolau's denial.

COMMENT: (Confidential) The Goulart inspired J-J movement, earlier reported by this post, now has universal press acknowledgment. Present indications point to further denunciations and denials by the defenders, plus an attempt by these Goulart faithful to generate some pro-Lott PTB activity. This may not satisfy Lott or Lott's supporters in the PTB.

Goulart's widely announced intention many weeks ago to come to São Paulo and take command seems perhaps less imminent now than it did then. Ivete Vargas, who took leave of the local party command at the time of Goulart's announced intent, may possibly find São Paulo's "unhealthful climate" a continuing deterrent to her early return. Commie-liner Frota Moreira, principal character in a staged maneuver, is the momentary loser. Victim of an upset defeat as PTB senatorial candidate in 1958, Frota has now submitted his resignation as state secretary-general of the party. While he is still the party's registered candidate for São Paulo Mayor, all this recent activity of his may relate back to some "handwriting on the wall."

There are several in the extreme nationalist wing of the local PTB who share the point of view of Frota Moreira in the present crisis. Thus, at this stage, it appears that the two parties in São Paulo most leftist, most infiltrated by Communism and extreme nationalism--the Brazilian Socialist Party (PSB) and the Brazilian Labor Party (PTB)--are thoroughly divided, disorganized and weakened (see prior Weekly Reports on PSB split and disorganization).

While PSD leaders protest that Ivete is an honorary chairman of the state pro-Lott committee, in truth PSD leaders have maneuvered successfully thus far to keep "leftists" from having a significant role in that committee.

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

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FROM : Amcungen, São Paulo

443
DESP. NO.

TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.

June 7, 1960

REF :

25 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION	DEPT.
	RECD	OTHER
	6-15	RMK-2 IRC-8 Cia-10 Navy-3 USA-10

SUBJECT: Presidential Campaign Highlights, Week Ending June 4, 1960

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2. Janio Campaigns on Higher Plane
3. Janistas Answer Lott
4. Governor Carvalho Pinto's Support
5. The Vice-Presidency

1. PTB Explodes Over J-J. (Official Use Only).

Early this past week all local newspapers reported that Frota Moreira (Secretary-General of the PTB in São Paulo and also reputed "boyfriend" of regional PTB President Ivete Vargas) had written to Ivete in Rio de Janeiro asking her, as state president of the party, to reassume command and take steps to extirpate the J-J (Quadros-Goulart) movement and to activate the Lott campaign in São Paulo. Later Frota Moreira charged that known pro-Quadros state deputies--Semi Jorge Reseg (PSP), Murilo Souza Reis (PTN) and Leoncia Ferroz (PR)--had met on May 22 with representative PTB state deputies and others of the PTB, including Antonio Donato and the Treasurer of the PTB metropolitan directorate, Valmor Camozato (who is also Ivete's secretary). They allegedly met in the state office of one of the federal social security agencies (IAPC) to consider the demands of those who were carrying out the J-J formula. The municipalities of Piracicaba, Araras, São José dos Campos and Caçapava are J-J centers; this, said Frota, local PTB leaders can confirm.

Ivete's reply assured that she was coming back to resume command. She said that the various reasons for the lack of PTB effort in support of Lott had been enumerated by Lott, one reason being the exclusion of Ivete and Frota from the pro-Lott state committee in São Paulo. Ivete failed to attend.

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Enclosure to
Despatch 1195
Rio de Janeiro

O GLOBO 31-5-60 7 Página 7

JÂNIO PREGA A ATUALIZAÇÃO DA POLÍTICA EXTERNA

— As linhas gerais da diplomacia brasileira permanecem adstritas a moldes vitorianos importantes pronunciamentos de sua campanha política. Respondendo às perguntas de um questionário que lhe foi apresentado, o candidato opôs-se à ideia de problemas da política externa no debate sucessório e ofereceu à opinião nacional uma concepção que se revela maduramente meditada.

Colacionamos condensações e honrarias — observa — num mundo de negócios e definições precisas!

O Sr. Jânio Quadros conhece essa atualização da política externa em termos de latência: o Brasil deve encabeçar o movimento de apoio e solidariedade aos países que fazem por preservar a sua soberania em face das grandes potências; considera que a maioria internacional do Brasil tem a missão de servir de ponto de apoio aos estados nascidos da África e da Ásia; manifesta-se partidário de Mercado Comum e da América Latina.

Mais Objetividade

A primeira pergunta do questionário era de ordem geral sobre a política externa. Assim a respondeu o Sr. Jânio Quadros:

— Acho indispensável atualizar a orientação e os processos da nossa política internacional. Devemos ter mais objetivos, mais prática, mais dinâmica. Sem desconhecer a brisa renovatória que areja alguns ângulos do Itamaraty, as linhas gerais da diplomacia brasileira permanecem adstritas a moldes vitorianos. Colacionamos condensações e honrarias, mais desmembrados de que este é um mundo de negócios e de definições precisas. Somos, talvez, a detredreira nação a realizar, entre teleguias, foguetes e satélites-vergastados, uma política de ritmo e de ritmas parnasianas. Como disse, atualizarei essa orientação, quero a nossa representação diplomática dotada de alto espírito competitivo e a quero tenaz, arguta, previdente, dentro das melhores tradições da Casa de Rio Branco.

Uma Constante do Brasil

— Como V. Ex.ª vença o pleito, qual será a atitude do Brasil em face da política externa de Fidel Castro, Nehru, Nasser e Tito?

— O Brasil não faltará a Fidel Castro, a Nehru, a Nasser, a Tito, com o seu aval à política de independência que manifestam diante da Rússia e dos Estados Unidos ou de qualquer outra potência, respondeu o Sr. Jânio Quadros. Não o recusará, por igual — prosseguiu —, a todas as nações amigas democráticas, pacíficas e que busquem, no plano internacional, preservar íntegras as prerrogativas da própria soberania. Não creio que os países economicamente ou bilancionalmente poderosos, nos dias que correm, tentem a imposição de normas e de concessões a qualquer custo. Os chefes de governo nomeados na pergunta valem como símbolos vivos, irrecusáveis, de que passou a época de dolo da chamada política de força. O Brasil jamais a praticou. Ao contrário, colocou-se invariavelmente no lado dos que lhe suportaram as consequências. Não seria como que se operasse o deslocamento da mais nobre constante da nossa política internacional. Se prosseguermos a conquista, ainda que em benefício próprio, não a perderemos, é óbvio, a favor de terceiros.

O Despertar do Mundo Africano

Asiático

— Os países afro-asiáticos realizaram reuniões em que estudaram os problemas econômicos e políticos das regiões subdesenvolvidas. Ora que os países latino-americanos deveriam participar dessas reuniões?

— Entendo que deveriam participar de todas elas — respondeu. Vou além: cumpriria a iniciativa dessas reuniões? Pela característica de sua economia, pelas suas origens raciais, pelos sentimentos da sua gente, cabe ao Brasil posição de estróforo relativo no despertar do mundo afro-asiático. A diplomacia brasileira, infelizmente, anda buscando a perder, inclusive por omissão, as oportunidades da hora que passa. Os grandes estados nascidos da África e da Ásia precisarão encontrar, na maturidade internacional do Brasil, o amigo de que carecem para que se lhes abra a emancipação inevitável.

O Mundo Não Favorece Ninguém

— Quais as perspectivas para os países subdesenvolvidos em face da nova conjuntura internacional?

— A nova conjuntura internacional, toda a sua bipolaridade e hipocrisia da guerra

ria, não se me afigura imediatamente propícia aos países subdesenvolvidos. Os antagonismos das potências maiores e o espírito competitivo que as extremas geram, por vezes, em seções inesperadas, imprevisíveis, para as comunidades desfavorecidas. São golpes de sorte que cumpre não desdenhar. Todavia, o medo e a insegurança que fermentam em todas as regiões não favorecem a ninguém, dificultando o crescimento econômico planejado e seguro que os países demandam.

O Mercado Comum Europeu

— V. Ex.ª acredita que o Mercado Comum Europeu possa prejudicar economicamente a América Latina?

— O Mercado Comum Europeu surgiu em obediência às necessidades que premeiam as nações europeias a ampliar o intercâmbio entre si. É um movimento orientado no sentido de consolidar e expandir as trocas entre aquelas povos. Em relação à economia da América Latina, porém, pode o Mercado Comum Europeu trazer certas dificuldades. Já que a Europa, como mercado, representa para nós muito mais do que a América Latina representa para ela. Além do que, os produtos africanos, em grande parte concorrentes dos nossos, por força do sistema colonial europeu, gozaram de vantagens alfandegárias e outras que inibiram poderosamente contra as nossas possibilidades de venda naquelas áreas.

O Mercado Comum Latino-Americano

Americano

Quanto ao Mercado Comum Latino-Americano:

— A formação do Mercado Comum Latino-Americano obedece às mesmas intuições que o Mercado Comum Europeu. Visa a robustecer o comércio entre os povos da América Latina, complementando a nossa economia, alargando novas áreas de mercado. É grandemente vantajoso para todas as nações, mas o é principalmente para o Brasil, que está no dialeto pelo seu vigoroso desenvolvimento industrial. É um ideal que se busca: creio que será conseguido, se todas as nações interessadas transcorrem a sua faz a devida colaboração.

Sobre Nacionalismo

— Em face dos constantes mal-entendidos surgidos sobre o nacionalismo, poderia fixar sua posição sobre o assunto?

— Não conceito mal-entendido, no Brasil, a propósito de nacionalismo. São nacionalistas os que pugnam pela minha candidatura e não pelo a maioria dos que a ela se opõem a partir de se ancorar indiferentes à sorte da Pátria comum. Deixa rol, evidentemente, exclusão o chamado esquerdismo internacionalista porque ele próprio se propõe de uma posição diversa. É internacional e não nacional. A dúvida, respaldada na pergunta, nasce exatamente do nenhum esquivismo com que estes, os não-nacionalistas, tentam insinuar-se como não diretos que isto é dialético. Não é, não. É outra coisa, e o povo, já devidamente advertido, sabe muito bem do que se trata.

A Operação Pan-Americana

Respondendo à última pergunta do questionário, assim se pronunciou o Sr. Jânio Quadros sobre a Operação Pan-Americana:

Acreditando na Operação Pan-Americana, porque é um movimento que visa a reforçar os laços que unem os povos das Américas. A diversidade de raças, de idiomas e de tradições deve fundir-se num mesmo anseio de paz e de prosperidade, que compõe e apresenta o plano e o futuro de todas as nações americanas.

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Enclosure to
Despatch 1195
Rio de Janeiro

O GLOBO ★ 31-5-60 ★ Página 7

JÂNIO PREGA A ATUALIZAÇÃO DA POLÍTICA EXTERNA

— As linhas gerais da diplomacia brasileira permanecem adstritas a moldes vitorianos — disse o Sr. Jânio Quadros em entrevista exclusiva a O GLOBO, num dos mais importantes pronunciamentos de sua campanha política. Respondendo às perguntas de um questionário que lhe foi apresentado, o candidato oposicionista inclui em problemas da política externa no debate sucessório e oferece à opinião nacional uma concepção que se revela profundamente meditada.

— Colocamos condescensões e honrarias — observa — num mundo de negócios e definições precisas!

O Sr. Jânio Quadros conhece essa atualização da política externa em termos de iniciativa: o Brasil deve encabeçar o movimento de apoio e solidariedade aos países que fazem por preservar a sua soberania em face das grandes potências; considera que a maioria internacional do Brasil tem a missão de servir de ponto de apoio aos estados vasculares da África e da Ásia; manifesta-se partidário do Mercado Comum Latino-Americano.

Mais Objetividade

A primeira pergunta do questionário era de ordem geral sobre a política externa. Assim a respondeu o Sr. Jânio Quadros: — Acho indispensável atualizar a orientação e os processos da nossa política internacional. Devemos ser mais objetivos, mais práticos, mais dinâmicos. Sem desconhecer a brisa renovadora que areja alguns ângulos do pensamento, as linhas gerais da diplomacia brasileira permanecem adstritas a moldes vitorianos. Colocamos condescensões e honrarias, não desdenhamos de que este é um mundo de negócios e de definições precisas. Somos, talvez, a derradeira nação a realizar, entre teleguindos, foguetes e satélites-perigilhosos, uma política de ritmo e de ritos parnasianos. Como disse, atualizarei essa orientação. Quero a nossa representação diplomática dotada de alto espírito competitivo e a quero tenaz, arguta, previdente, dentro das melhores tradições da Casa de Rio Branco.

Uma Constante do Brasil

— Caso V. Ex.ª venha a eleito, qual será a atitude do Brasil em face da política externa de Fidel Castro, Nehru, Nasser e Tito? — O Brasil não falará a Fidel Castro, a Nehru, a Nasser, a Tito, com o seu aval à política de independência que mantêm diante da Rússia e dos Estados Unidos ou de qualquer outra potência — respondeu o Sr. Jânio Quadros. Não o recusará, por igual — prosseguiu —, a todas as nações que, em suas democracias, pacíficas e que busquem, no plano internacional, preservar íntegros os seus valores.

ela, não se me afigura imediatamente propícia aos países subdesenvolvidos. Os antagonismos das potências maiores e o espírito equívoco que as extremas geram, por vezes, em ações inesperadas, imprevisíveis, para as comunidades desfavorecidas. São golpes de sorte que cumpre não desdenhar. Todavia, o medo e a insegurança que fermentam em todas as regiões não favorecem a ninguém, dificultando o desenvolvimento econômico, planejado e seguro que os países demandam.

O Mercado Comum Europeu

— V. Ex.ª acredita que o Mercado Comum Europeu possa prejudicar economicamente a América Latina? — O Mercado Comum Europeu surgiu em obediência às necessidades que premeem as nações europeias a ampliar o intercâmbio entre si. É um movimento orientado no sentido de consolidar e expandir as trocas entre aquelas povos. Em relação à economia da América Latina, porém, pode o Mercado Comum Europeu trazer certas dificuldades, já que, a Europa, como mercado, representa para nós muito mais do que a América Latina representa para ela. Além de que, os produtos africanos, em grande parte concorrentes dos nossos, por força do sistema colonial europeu, gozaram de vantagens alfandegárias e outras que influíram poderosamente contra as nossas possibilidades de venda naquelas áreas.

O Mercado Comum Latino-

Americano

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Rio de Janeiro

resort to specifically anti-US themes may well be linked to his denunciation of "international leftism," inasmuch as both would seem to indicate that Quadros has abandoned the hope (which he clearly appeared to entertain up to a few weeks ago) of wooing the Brazilian Communist vote away from his opponent, Marshal Lott.

Quadros' view of Brazil's role in the Afro-Asian world is also significant in that it bears some similarities to the "bridge to Africa" theme which is current in Administration circles, yet is obviously much more grandiose in conception. Indeed, Quadros appears to be speaking (and may well be thinking) in terms of Brazilian leadership of the Afro-Asian bloc (probably with a view to the classic playing-off-the-great-powers-against-one-another ploy), whereas the Kubitschek Administration seems to view its role as that of a pro-US missionary and interpreter.

As for OPA, Quadros' praise may not be as contradictory as it seems to his over-all third-force approach. For, as the Embassy has noted in the past, not a few of the OPA proponents within Itamaraty and the Presidency have from time to time given evidence of thinking of OPA in terms of a Latin American alliance against the United States--a fact of which Quadros himself takes oblique cognizance when he refers to the "renovating breeze" within the Foreign Office.

For the Chargé d'Affaires, a.i.:

Harry A. Quinn

Harry A. Quinn
Second Secretary of Embassy

APPROVED:

Philip Reine
Philip Reine
Counselor of Embassy
for Political Affairs

Enclosure:
As stated

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Despatch 1195
Rio de Janeiro

Vis-à-vis the latter, however, Quadros expressed considerable enthusiasm, though he noted that it is "an ideal" which will be achieved only if it receives the "loyal and decided cooperation" of all interested parties.

On Nationalism

Questioned as to the "misunderstandings" which arise in Brazil in the issue of nationalism, Quadros smoothly replied that he did not believe that such misunderstandings existed, inasmuch as he felt that, while his supporters were (of course) good nationalists, he would not want to deny that this was also true of the "majority" of his opponent's enthusiasts. This nicety out of the way, however, Janio then proceeded to tear into the "so-called international leftism" (which, he implied, was all in Lott's camp) as being "non-national" despite its proponent's claims to the contrary.

On OPA

The interview concluded with a question on OPA which Janio dutifully applauded as a worthy movement, looking toward the strengthening of the bonds which unite "the peoples of the Americas."

Conclusions and Prognosis

The O Globo interview would appear to mark Quadros' definitive emergence as a self-styled foreign-policy expert. He has, of course, given evidence for sometime that he was headed in this direction--particularly in his trips to Europe and Asia last year and to Cuba in March 1960. In addition, he has made references in various of his campaign speeches and his observations in Cuba, the USSR, Yugoslavia and the UAR. Indeed, it would appear to be these voyages which created the decided inclination toward "third-force" thinking which the present interview makes patent. For, if the interview is to be taken at face value (and it must be borne in mind that it was given to a conservative, strongly pro-American daily, and was therefore undoubtedly toned down to as low a key as feasible), it would appear that Quadros, if elected, is determined to lead Brazil down the neutralist trail of "independence," vis-à-vis the United States and the USSR. It is true that, in the present instance, Quadros does not attack US "tutelage" of Latin America (as have some of his supporters in the past) nor does he repeat his previous campaign assertions of the desire to be neither the "slave" of the Soviets nor the "yes man" of the United States. Nonetheless, his rather sweeping condemnation of present Brazilian foreign policy, plus his voiced admiration for the tactics of Tito, Castro, Nasser, et. al., make clear that he has hardly abandoned these opinions. In fact, his failure to

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Rio de Janeiro

some quarters of the Foreign Office, Quadros asserted that Brazilian diplomacy is still generally "restricted to Victorian molds."

Endorsement of Third-Force Leaders

As to what will be Brazil's policy, vis-à-vis Fidel Castro, Nehru, Nasser and Tito, if he wins the elections, Quadros said that "Brazil will not fail to give her endorsement" to the "policy of independence" which they (Castro, et. al.) "maintain with relation to Russia and the United States," nor would it refuse to do the same for any other "friendly democratic" nation attempting to defend its sovereignty. Pursuing the point, Quadros asserted his belief that the rise of such leaders demonstrated "irrefutably" that "the era of success of the policy of force" was a thing of the past and, from this, drew the conclusion that "the economically or militarily strong countries" do not "dare, these days, to attempt to impose . . . concessions on others."

Leadership of Afro-Asian Nations

Asked whether he felt Brazil should participate in Afro-Asian underdevelopment conferences, Janio asserted that Brazil should not only participate "in all of them" but should "take the initiative" in calling them. Because of its economy, racial origins, and "the sentiments of its people," he continued, Brazil's role in the "awakening of the immense Afro-Asian world" should be an "outstanding" one--despite the fact that Brazilian diplomacy was presently throwing away its opportunities in the area. Concluding, Quadros stated that the awakening nations of Africa and Asia ought to find in the "international maturity" of Brazil "the animus which they lack" in order to achieve more quickly "inevitable emancipation."

The Cold War and Underdevelopment

To O Globo's question as to the "prospects of the underdeveloped countries in the face of the new international situation," Quadros replied that, though renewal of the "hypertensions" of the cold war did not make the outlook "propitious," a reaction solely of "fear and insecurity" would not be beneficial to the plans of these countries either.

Common Markets: European and Latin American

O Globo also requested Quadros' opinion on the European and Latin American Common Markets. On the former, Janio took the relatively mild position that it arose out of Europe's economic necessities, while noting that it posed "certain difficulties" for Latin America.

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AIR		CONFIDENTIAL (Security Classification)		DO NOT TYPE IN THIS SPACE	
PRIORITY		FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH		732.00/6-660	
FROM :	Amembassy RIO DE JANEIRO	DESP. NO.	1195	DATE	
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.	June 6, 1960			
REF :	Embassy Despatch 551, November 30, 1959	JUN 8 1960			
ACTION		DEPT.			
For Dept.	AAA-4	REP-1 RM/R-2 AF-5 IRC-8 ICA-11 MIO			
Use Only	REC-6	OTHER			
6/14		CIA-10 USIA-10			
SUBJECT: QUADROS DEFINES HIS FOREIGN-POLICY POSITION					

732.00/6-660

The Interview

In an exclusive interview granted to the Rio afternoon conservative daily, O Globo, opposition presidential candidate Janio Quadros on May 31 defined (at least in general terms) what he will attempt to make of Brazilian foreign policy if he becomes president. As the Department is aware, Quadros' confident and frequent adviser on foreign-policy matters, Joao Dantas, publisher of Diario de Noticias and Mundo Ilustrado, has in the past twice given his version of what he believed Quadros' foreign-policy notions to be. The O Globo interview, however, represents to the Embassy's knowledge--the first time that Quadros himself has spoken at length on a wide variety of foreign policy topics. Significantly, Quadros' opinions appear to hew fairly closely to the line established by Dantas (Embassy Despatch 551, November 30, 1959). While he calls for an "up-to-date" (atualizado) foreign policy and then proceeds to define this policy largely in terms of "third-force" thinking, however, Quadros is not quite as categorical as Dantas in his denunciation of present-day Brazilian policy. He nowhere refers specifically to the alleged US tutelage under which Dantas appears to believe Brazil now labors, and he furthermore has several kind words to say about OPA. Moreover, he somewhat bitterly attacks "leftist internationalism" as being "non-nationalist"--a task which would appear to indicate a new approach (tactically, at least) to the Communist problem.

"Down with 'Victorian Diplomacy'"

Replying to the first question posed by O Globo (as to his view of Brazilian foreign policy "in general"), Janio emphasized his belief that, in the present-day world of "business deals and precise definitions," Brazil must become more "objective, practical and dynamic." Paying faint tribute to the "renovating breeze" that is blowing in

1 See enclosure for Portuguese text.

HAQuinn:gm
REPORTER

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The action office must return this permanent record copy to RM/R files with an endorsement of action taken.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE
BUREAU OF
INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS

JUN 15 1960

CLASSIFIED FILE

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1-2-1955

GOVERNO DO ESTADO DE SÃO PAULO

31-1-1955

SECRETARIA DA VIAÇÃO E OBRAS PÚBLICAS

GOVERNADOR: JÂNIO QUADROS

GOVERNADOR ELEITO: CARVALHO PINTO

SECRETÁRIO DA VIAÇÃO: FÁRIA LIMA

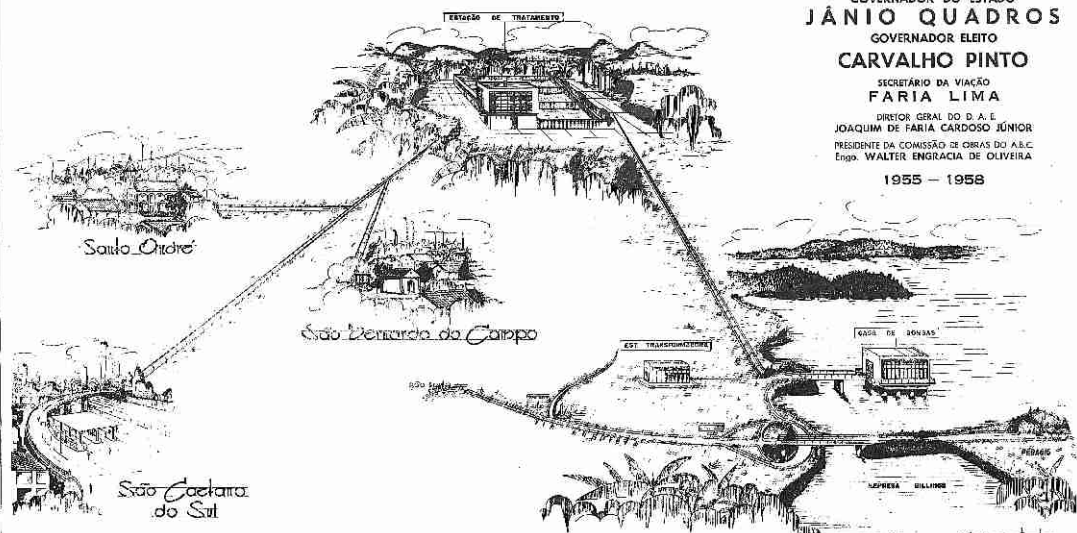
OBRAS QUE DEFINEM UMA ADMINISTRAÇÃO

DEPARTAMENTO DE ÁGUAS E ENERGIA ELÉTRICA	158.030 CV instalados 732 Km. de rede de distribuição 2.835 Km. de linha de transmissão
DEPARTAMENTO DE ESTRADAS DE RODAGEM	2.349 Km. de estradas pavimentadas 1.353 Km. de estradas em terra 127 Pontes. (50 de grande vulto)
DIRETORIA DE VIAÇÃO	115 Locomotivas novas adquiridas 30 Trecho-unidades 303 Km. de bitula larga 214 Km. de bitulas novas 2.832 Viagens novas 125 Carros de passageiros
DIRETORIA DE AEROPORTOS	6 Aeroportos pavimentados 3 Pistas em terra 3 Estações de Passageiros 44 Auxílios em dinheiro 18 Convênio com o Ministério da Aeronáutica
DIRETORIA DE OBRAS PÚBLICAS	2.454 Obras executadas
DEPARTAMENTO DE OBRAS SANITÁRIAS	268 Municípios atendidos 150 Milhões de litros de água distribuídos por dia 150 Obras controladas 1.000.000 de pessoas beneficiadas
DEPARTAMENTO DE ÁGUAS E ESGOTOS	300 Milhões de litros de água por dia 1.000 Km. de redes novas 57 Km. de linhas adquiridas 170 Km. de rede de esgotos
MUNICÍPIOS: CAPITAL, SANTO ANDRÉ, SÃO BERNARDO, SÃO CAETANO DO SUL E GUARULHOS	1.000.000 de pessoas beneficiadas na Capital
CONSTRUÇÃO DA MAIOR ESTAÇÃO DE TRATAMENTO DE ESGOTOS NO BRASIL EM VILA LEOPOLDINA.	2 Estações de tratamento de água 1 Estação de tratamento de esgotos 180 Milhões de litros de água armazenados

0696

NOVO ABASTECIMENTO DE ÁGUA DO A. B. C.

- 1958 -



A água é captada no Rio dos Milhos e, a seguir bombeada para o Estado de Tratamento, situado 5 km. da Casa de Bombas e aliada a uma altura de mais de 110 metros do nível do rio, ali é tratada e, em seguida, levada às cidades do A.B.C. através de instalações que se estendem por quase 10,00 metros de comprimento.

JANEIRO DE 1955
6.000.000

LITROS POR DIA

JANEIRO DE 1959
50.000.000

GOVERNO DO ESTADO DE SÃO PAULO
SECRETARIA DA VIAÇÃO E OBRAS PÚBLICAS
DEPARTAMENTO DE ÁGUAS E ESGOTOS
GOVERNADOR DO ESTADO
JÂNIO QUADROS
GOVERNADOR ELEITO
CARVALHO PINTO
SECRETÁRIO DA VIAÇÃO
FARIA LIMA
DIRETOR GERAL DO D. A. E.
JOAQUIM DE FÁRIA CARDOSO JÚNIOR
PRESIDENTE DA COMISSÃO DE OBRAS DO A.B.C.
Eng. WALTER ENGRACIA DE OLIVEIRA
1955 - 1958

0655

1-2-1955

DEPARTAMENTO DE OBRAS SANITÁRIAS

31-1-1959

Serviço de Água de Santos e Cubatão

Plano de Obras do Abastecimento Definitivo de Santos

A situação do abastecimento de água de Santos, desde a encampação em 1947, vinha se apresentando de natureza calamitosa, com tendência a agravar-se cada vez mais. Inúmeras foram as críticas e reclamações dirigidas ao poder público competente, no sentido de solucionar a questão.

O abastecimento de Santos manteve-se mais ou menos equilibrado até 1947, quando expira o contrato com a ex-Concessionária, Cia. City. A partir desse ano, por falta de garantias contratuais, a City não mais manteve o equilíbrio entre a capacidade de fornecimento e a solicitação da Cidade, sempre em excepcional ritmo de desenvolvimento. Data, portanto, de 1947, o início do desequilíbrio que vinha afetar a população fixa e flutuante e que, de ano para ano, vinha se tornando mais agudo. Em 1953, o Governo assume a responsabilidade do serviço de abastecimento de água de Santos, através da encampação. Tal era a deficiência notada no abastecimento, que foram imediatamente executadas obras de reforço, para um aumento de 10.000 m³/dia, sem que, praticamente, se tivesse sentido uma sensível melhoria. Esse reforço foi efetuado através da captação das águas do Rio Cubatão — era Ponte Preta, e construção de uma adutora de 26" de diâmetro.

Acreditava-se, então, que, no decorrer dos cinco anos seguintes, Santos escaria livre da crise, satisfatoriamente não se normalizou o abastecimento e o "déficit" foi se aprofundando de forma cada vez maior.

Diante desta situação, o Estado resolveu enfrentar com energia o problema, elaborando um Plano de grande envergadura. O mesmo foi feito os projetos de captação, tratamento e adução, e o da distribuição. Ambos os projetos se completam para formar o Plano Geral do Novo Abastecimento de Santos. Esse plano permitirá o abastecimento da Cidade em ótimas condições técnicas, para os próximos 40 anos.

Para as obras mínimas necessárias à solução do problema não previstos, inicialmente, 500 milhões de cruzados.

Recuperadas as finanças do Estado, o Governo João: Quadros destinou, de início, dentro das verbas contingenciais, 18 milhões de cruzados para as primeiras obras.

Em seguida, através de Decretos colocou à disposição do DEPARTAMENTO DE OBRAS SANITÁRIAS a importância de 150 milhões de cruzados, orientando que, em uma semana, fosse apresentado um plano de obras para a aplicação dos recursos.

Aprovada a 1.^a etapa dos trabalhos, a ordem foi de que se iniciasse seu perfil de tempo, a fim de que a Cidade não deixasse de usufruir os benefícios do empreendimento, antes do primeiro verão.

CUSTO PREVISTO DO PLANO: CR\$ 800.000.000,00

CREDITO APROVADO PARA EXECUÇÃO DA 1.^a ETAPA — CR\$ 188.000.000,00

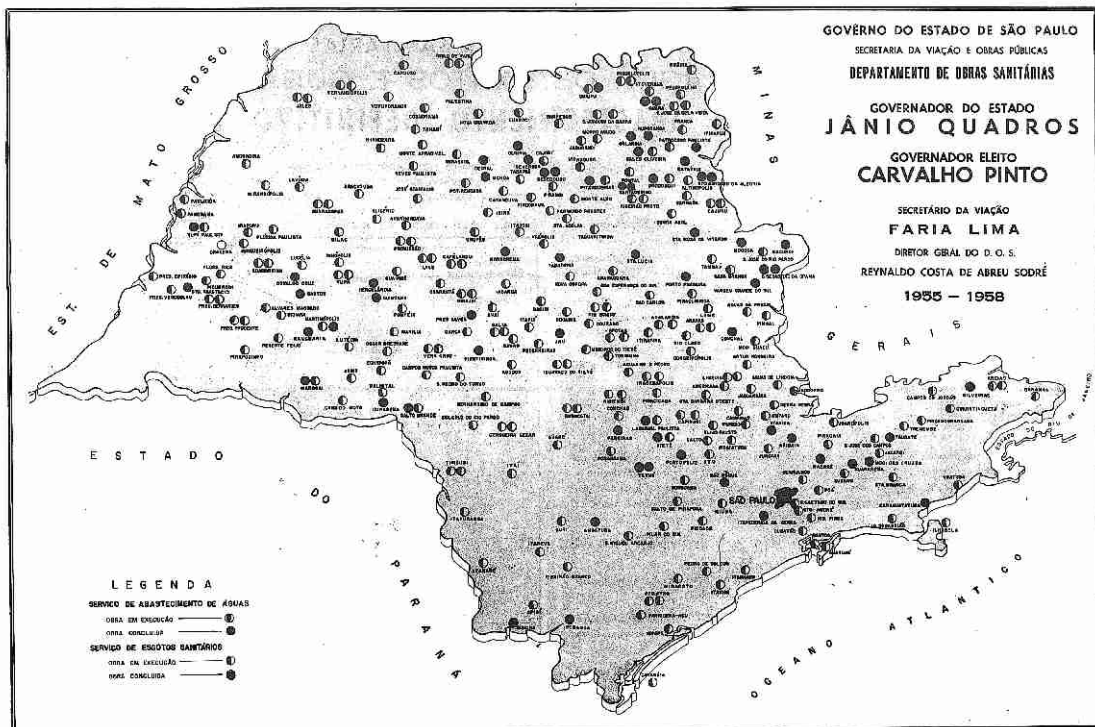
DATAS DA APROVAÇÃO: — 6-3-1955 — DEC. 23.575

21-3-1958 — DEC. 32.315

VOLUME A SER ADUZIDO NO FINAL DO PLANO — 175.000 m³/DIA

DISCRIÇÃO DO SERVIÇO	DETER. VALOR POR CUBO	EXTENSÃO DA OBRAS	ESTADO ATUAL DA OBRAS
ANEL DA PONTA DA PRAIA (ANEL III)			
Material	17.817.877,00		
Mão-de-Obra	3.861.317,50		
TOTAL	18.679.194,50	6.000 m	OBRA CONCLUÍDA
Túnel de Interação do Reservatório do Morro da Piedade (R-2) e Subestação Sabão-Maripé			
Mão-de-Obra	21.480.000,00	2.632,25 m	OBRA CONCLUÍDA
Subestação Sabão-Maripé — De reestruturação do Sistema do Sertão III			
Material	23.246.280,00		
Desperdiço	550.000,00		
Mão-de-Obra	6.866.512,00	3.000 m	CONCLUÍDA 11-12-1958
TOTAL	32.662.792,00		
Sentença II — Ligando a subestação Sabão-Maripé ao Anel III da Ponta da Praia			
Material	18.742.267,50		
Mão-de-Obra	2.664.285,00		
TOTAL	21.406.552,50	4.500 m	INICIADA
1. ^a Trecho de Adutora Cubatão-Santos, 1. ^a etapa — trecho entre a ponte do Casquinha-Reservatório do Morro da Piedade			
Material	58.815.721,46		
Mão-de-Obra	14.291.586,00		
TOTAL	73.107.307,46	5.250 m	Já concluída e iniciado
Resumo: —			
Material	14.825.115,10		
Mão-de-Obra	51.315.294,00		
Desperdiço	550.000,00		
Imprevistos	1.313.597,90		
TOTAL	168.000.000,00		

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1-2-1955

DEPARTAMENTO DE OBRAS SANITÁRIAS

31-1-1959

OBRAS DE ÁGUAS E ESGOTOS EXECUTADAS NO INTERIOR DO ESTADO PELO GOVERNO JÂNIO QUADROS

A ÁGUA TRATADA E CANALIZADA SIGNIFICA:

- melhoria geral das condições de higiene e do estado sanitário da população, eliminando a água de poços, frequentemente contaminados por fossas;
- diminuição dos índices de mortalidade infantil;
- prevenção contra febre tifóide, disenteria e outras doenças;
- desenvolvimento de atividades industriais;
- aumento da vida média.

HISTÓRICO

O abastecimento de água das grandes cidades é um problema da vida moderna. Sendo elemento indispensável à vida, é necessário que se assegure o seu suprimento à população.

A água, quando retirada através de poços superficiais, geralmente, contém em si mesma germes de diversas variedades.

As fossas convencionais formam de germes e bactérias que, infiltrando-se através da terra, atingem os poços, contaminando-os. O consumo da água contaminada provoca doenças graves e é a principal responsável pelas doenças transmitidas que paralisam o organismo humano.

A ciência, constatando a gravidade do problema, buscou, na técnica, a sua solução, que foi adotada nas modernas cidades. O líquido é captado, filtrado, tratado e somente depois distribuído ao consumo. Isso representa, não apenas comodidade e saúde, mas principalmente segurança.

As populações que bebem água tratada, pura, estão livres de serem atacadas por uma série de doenças. No Brasil, entretanto, não ainda poucas as cidades que possuem tratamento e canalização de água. O mesmo passamos a sofrer em São Paulo, onde eram poucos os centros que, até 1954, gozavam desse benefício. Na própria Capital, até 1954, um milhão e dezessete mil pessoas abasteciam-se de água de poço e 76% (setenta por cento) das crianças, segundo os melhores fatos, estavam contaminadas por toxinas nocivas.

Hoje, graças aos esforços do atual Governo, verificamos extraordinária melhoria nesse setor, e o Estado de São Paulo pode orgulhar-se de possuir o melhor índice sanitário da América Latina.

O GOVERNO JÂNIO QUADROS ENTENDEU A SAÚDE PÚBLICA, APLICANDO MAIS DE DOIS BILHÕES DE CRUZEIROS EM OBRAS SANITÁRIAS NO INTERIOR DO ESTADO DE SÃO PAULO

202 — Municípios receberam empréstimos para execução de serviços de água, no período de 1955 a 1958, no valor de Cr\$ 2.078.091.809,04.

259 — Mil metros de rede em tubos de ferro fundido assentados em 1956.

130 — Mil metros de rede em tubos de ferro fundido assentados em 1958.

72 — Municípios tiveram obras de execução de rede de água iniciadas em 1958, orçadas em Cr\$ 723.284.963,30 e que serão concluídas em 1959/1960.

196 — Milhões de litros de água foram distribuídos, por dia, no Interior do Estado para a realização dessas obras.

799 — Mil metros de rede de esgoto foram assentados em 1958.

60 — Municípios do Interior encontraram-se com obras de esgotos em execução.

150 — Obras de água e esgotos foram concluídas no período de 1955 a 1958, no valor de Cr\$ 725.551.161,83.

OBRAS DE ABASTECIMENTO DE ÁGUAS E SERVIÇOS DE ESGOTOS

Pagamentos efetuados pela Caixa Econômica Federal, durante o Governo Jânio Quadros:

1955	372.476.440,50
1956	471.748.578,50
1957	426.527.012,10
1958	548.471.761,70
TOTAL	1.819.223.832,80

Pagamentos efetuados de 1947 a 1954 — Cr\$ 765.348.978,30.

O Governo Jânio Quadros pagou, em 46 meses, mais que dois governos pagaram em oito anos.

Obras de Águas e Esgotos concluídas no Interior do Estado pelo Governo Jânio Quadros no período de 1955/58:

150

Obras sanitárias concluídas por todos os Governos anteriores:

33

Obras de Águas e Esgotos em execução no Estado de São Paulo:

196

O Governo Jânio Quadros pagou Cr\$ 1.819.223.832,80 de 1955/58 em carta de abastecimento de água e serviços de esgotos no Interior.

203 — Municípios receberam empréstimos para execução dos serviços de água e esgotos no período 1955/58, no valor de Cr\$ 2.078.091.809,04.

250 — Mil metros de rede em tubos de ferro fundido assentados em 1956.

130 — Mil metros de rede em tubos de ferro fundido assentados em 1958.

72 — Municípios tiveram obras de execução de rede de água iniciadas em 1958, orçadas em Cr\$ 723.284.963,30 e que serão concluídas em 1959/1960.

196 — Milhões de litros de água foram distribuídos, por dia, no Interior do Estado para a realização dessas obras.

799 — Mil metros de rede de esgoto foram assentados em 1958.

60 — Municípios do Interior encontraram-se com obras em execução.

150 — Obras de água e esgotos foram concluídas, no período de 1957/1958, no valor de Cr\$ 725.551.161,83.

Uma de cada milde de pessoas foram beneficiadas, no Interior do Estado de São Paulo, com a execução de rede de água, no período de 1955/58.

O Governo JÂNIO QUADROS:

- Concluiu de 1955 a 1958, 150 obras de água e esgotos no Interior.
- Em execução, no Interior, em 1958, 196 obras de água e esgotos.
- Aplicou Cr\$ 2.078.091.809,04 nas 22 Escolas Hidrominerais, Balneárias e Clínicas do Estado.
- Realizou mais de uma milhão de pessoas no Interior do Estado, com a execução de maior programa de obras de água e esgotos em toda história de São Paulo.
- Aplicando, no Interior Cr\$ 1.819.223.832,80 (dois bilhões, trezentos e sessenta e sete milhões, quatrocentos e vinte e oito cruzeiros) em obras sanitárias, fez reverter em Benefício do Povo o Dinheiro do Povo.

COMPARE

Todos os Governos Anteriores aplicaram, no Interior, Cr\$ 1.030.708.737,10 em obras de água e esgotos. Os Governos anteriores ao atual, concluíram no Interior, 33 obras de água e esgotos.

GOVERNO JÂNIO QUADROS: SÃO PAULO ATINGE SEU MAIS ALTO NÍVEL SANITÁRIO

1-2-1955

DIRETORIA DE OBRAS PÚBLICAS

31-1-1959

EDIFÍCIOS PÚBLICOS E PONTES EM ESTRADAS MUNICIPAIS

O Estado — principalmente a interior — ressaltou-se do atraso na construção de edifícios públicos, sobretudo nos setores da Educação, da Assistência Médico-Social e da Justiça. O atendimento dessas necessidades originou a elaboração e execução urgente de extenso programa, de que resultaram: a) construções novas; b) reformas em prédios que, por falta de conservação, não satisfaziam as várias, segues, de condições sanitárias e de segurança; c) ampliações de outros edifícios que se haviam tornado inadequados para o cumprimento de suas finalidades; d) conclusão de elevado número de prédios, cujas obras se achavam paralisadas.

Imediatamente, ainda, atender o Interior, estabelecendo imediato programa de construção de pontes para satisfazer prementes necessidades das zonas novas e de reformas e ampliações, das existentes, nas denominadas "zonas velhas".

Utilizando recursos Financeiros das verbas orçamentárias e Financeamentos da Caixa Econômica e do Instituto de Previdência do Estado de São Paulo, o Governo Jânio Quadros, em 48 meses, dispendeu Cr\$ 3.243.483.288,00, sobre na D.O.P. Os dois Governos anteriores, em 8 anos, dispenderam Cr\$ 1.740.518.890,30. Todos os programas de construções obedeceram às prioridades indicadas pelas necessidades locais.

EDIFÍCIOS PÚBLICOS

2.454 obras — construção e reformas — iniciadas em 1955 até janeiro de 1959.

1.543 obras concluídas e entregues.

A D.O.P. iniciou 2.065 obras, envolvendo 1.445, tendo na execução outras obras, correspondendo a importância de Cr\$ 3.243.483.288,00 em 16 meses.

Em a seguinte situação, até janeiro de 1959, do Programa de Obras Públicas, do Governo Jânio Quadros (D.O.P. e I.P.E.S.):

Concluídas:	Obras novas (edifícios e pontes)	524
	Ampliações	31
	Reformas e Reparos	968
Em andamento:	Obras novas (edifícios e pontes)	702
	Ampliações	32
	Reformas e Reparos	245

Tiveram prioridade de execução os edifícios destinados à Educação, à Justiça e à Assistência Médico-Social, sendo distribuídos:

EDUCAÇÃO

Grupos Escolares e outros Estabelecimentos de Ensino

Novas obras:	Concluídas	251
	Em andamento	280
Ampliações:	Concluídas	50
	Em andamento	32

Reformas e Reparos:

Concluídas

Em andamento

JUSTIÇA E SEGURANÇA

Foruns, Casas, Delegacias e Postos Policiais

Novas obras:

Concluídas

Em andamento

Ampliações:

Concluídas

Em andamento

Reformas e Reparos:

Concluídas

Em andamento

SAÚDE PÚBLICA

Hospitais, Centros de Saúde e Postos de Saúde

Novas obras:

Concluídas

Em andamento

Ampliações:

Concluídas

Em andamento

Reformas e Reparos:

Concluídas

Em andamento

Os grandes hospitais, para Tuberculose, em Lira, Aracaju, Ceará, e Boticão, construídos no Governo Jânio Quadros Cr\$ 38.000,00, sendo já concluídos os três primeiros.

EDIFÍCIOS PÚBLICOS E PONTES EM ESTRADAS MUNICIPAIS
1955 — 1958 (ATÉ 31/1/1959)

OBRAS	INST. PRIV. DO ESTADO		DIRETORIA DE OBRAS PÚBLICAS DA SECRETARIA DA VIAGEM		REPAROS E REFORMAS		REPAROS E REFORMAS	
	Concl.	Em and.	Concl.	Em and.	Concl.	Em and.	Concl.	Em and.
1 — Obras novas	23	10	24	12	25	13	26	14
2 — Ampliações	1	1	2	1	3	2	4	3
3 — Reformas e Reparos	1	1	2	1	3	2	4	3
4 — Obras novas	1	1	2	1	3	2	4	3
5 — Ampliações	1	1	2	1	3	2	4	3
6 — Reformas e Reparos	1	1	2	1	3	2	4	3
7 — Obras novas	1	1	2	1	3	2	4	3
8 — Ampliações	1	1	2	1	3	2	4	3
9 — Reformas e Reparos	1	1	2	1	3	2	4	3
10 — Obras novas	1	1	2	1	3	2	4	3
11 — Ampliações	1	1	2	1	3	2	4	3
12 — Reformas e Reparos	1	1	2	1	3	2	4	3
13 — Obras novas	1	1	2	1	3	2	4	3
14 — Ampliações	1	1	2	1	3	2	4	3
15 — Reformas e Reparos	1	1	2	1	3	2	4	3
16 — Obras novas	1	1	2	1	3	2	4	3
17 — Ampliações	1	1	2	1	3	2	4	3
18 — Reformas e Reparos	1	1	2	1	3	2	4	3
19 — Obras novas	1	1	2	1	3	2	4	3
20 — Ampliações	1	1	2	1	3	2	4	3
21 — Reformas e Reparos	1	1	2	1	3	2	4	3
22 — Obras novas	1	1	2	1	3	2	4	3
23 — Ampliações	1	1	2	1	3	2	4	3
24 — Reformas e Reparos	1	1	2	1	3	2	4	3
25 — Obras novas	1	1	2	1	3	2	4	3
26 — Ampliações	1	1	2	1	3	2	4	3
27 — Reformas e Reparos	1	1	2	1	3	2	4	3
28 — Obras novas	1	1	2	1	3	2	4	3
29 — Ampliações	1	1	2	1	3	2	4	3
30 — Reformas e Reparos	1	1	2	1	3	2	4	3
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

PONTES EM ESTRADAS MUNICIPAIS

Concluídas

Em andamento

Na execução do Programa de construção de pontes, dispõem o Governo Jânio Quadros Cr\$ 518.851.655,10 até 31-1-1959 (48 meses).

Os dois governos que antecederam o atual construíram, em 8 anos, 35 pontes. O Governo Jânio Quadros construiu 18 e iniciou a construção de mais 84.

Foram, ainda, concedidos 255 auxílios em dinheiro, no valor de Cr\$ 62.390.352,91, a Prefeituras Municipais, para reparos em 600 pontes, aproximadamente.

RESUMO GERAL

DE 1955 ATÉ JANEIRO DE 1959:

EDIFÍCIOS NOVOS

Concluídas

Em andamento

AMPLIAÇÕES

Concluídas

Em andamento

REPAROS E REFORMAS

Concluídas

Em andamento

Total de prédios novos, construídos ou em construção

Total de reformas e reparos, concluídos e em andamento

Total de pontes novas, concluídas e em andamento

Total dos auxílios concedidos para obras em pontes municipais

GOVERNO JÂNIO QUADROS: 2.454 OBRAS PARA SÃO PAULO

0646

1-2-1955

DIRETORIA DE AEROPORTOS TRANSPORTES AÉREOS

31-1-1959

O transporte aéreo mereceu, também, a atenção do Governo do Estado que elaborou e executou, em estreita colaboração com o Ministério da Aeronáutica, o Plano de Pavimentação de aeroportos e de melhoramentos da infraestrutura existente.

A pavimentação de aeroportos do interior era medida necessária a fim de permitir a operação dos aviões modernos, mais velozes, mais eficientes, mais econômicos e mais confortáveis, acompanhando o progresso e evolução da técnica aeronáutica.

O Plano de Pavimentação de aeroportos foi elaborado adotandose como critério técnico e prioridade, o volume de tráfego aéreo e a necessidade de aparelhar os portos aéreos.

Dentro desse critério foram pavimentados e abertos ao tráfego os aeroportos de São José do Rio Preto, Presidente Prudente, Ribeirão Preto e Bauru, estando em execução as obras relativas aos aeroportos de Aracatuba, Tupá, Lins e Marília.

As pistas foram pavimentadas a fim de permitir a operação dos aviões existentes e os aviões providos a jato, no futuro próximo, inclusive tendo os projetos sido estudados em ligação com o Ministério da Aeronáutica e prevendo a possibilidade de ampliação para atender às necessidades do aumento de volume do tráfego.

No que se refere ao tráfego internacional, achase em construção a pista de concreto do Aeroporto de Viracopos, obedecendo às especificações necessárias, a fim de permitir a operação dos modernos aviões intercon-

taíais a jato, sendo estudado o Plano Diretor do Aeroporto com previsão para todas instalações, facilidades e serviços necessários. O projeto e execução do referido Aeroporto vem sendo feito em estreita colaboração e entendimentos com o Ministério da Aeronáutica, mediante convênio de cooperação, achando-se executados cerca de 1.500 metros de pista.

Foi construída e inaugurada, também, a denominada Ala Internacional para atender as necessidades do tráfego Internacional em Congonhas, sendo o moderno projeto estudado com as autoridades e companhias interessadas.

Todos os aeroportos pavimentados têm as pistas de rolamento, pátios de estacionamento necessários, bem como o balizamento luminoso para operação noturna.

Além da estação aeroviária em construção aliada, no aeroporto de Presidente Prudente, foram concluídas as estações de passageiros de Franca, São Joaquim da Barra, achando-se em concorrência as dos aeroportos de Tupá e Aracatuba.

Foram construídos os aeroportos de Ituverava e São José do Rio Preto e consideravelmente melhorado o de Jundiaí, a fim de permitir a operação de aviões comerciais do tipo Douglas.

Além dessas obras, foi concedido grande número de auxílios às Prefeituras, para execução de melhoramentos nos aeroportos, principalmente visando dotá-los de energia elétrica, telefone, água, melhoramentos em hangares, pátios de estacionamento etc.

0644

HISTÓRICO DAS FERROVIAS

Alcaldía de Puerto Mojana. Esperamos, para breve, se promuevan planes, resultantes de esta estudio.

RUMO A BRASÍLIA

RESULTS OF STAFFING BY NUMBER OF STUDENTS

REALIZAÇÕES DA ESTRADA DE FERRO SOROCABANA
NO PERÍODO DE FEV. DE 1955 A JAN. DE 1959

Vincede a melhora do desempenho da aprendizagem, foram avaliadas.

CAHUS, VAGDES E LOCOMOTIVAN

EQUIPAMENTO PARA A VIA PERMANENTE

ILUMINA

Em níveis insuperados, veio a revelar, como a "Empresa de exploração melhorando de São para São, como demonstra a quadro abaixo:

ESTRADA DE FERRO CANTAREIRA
 Submetida à E.A.B. também o anteo "Tremway" da Cantareira
 marcou especial atenção da administração João Quadros.

ESTRADA DE FERRO CANTAREIRA

Nome: Ilvação da Linha Tremor — No novo traçado entre Cosmópolis e Tamboá, em 1898, as obras foram interrompidas quando um tórax (arranhamento) deveria estar terminado no mês de 1898. Simultaneamente, está sendo executada a linha, bem como a construção da estação de Tamboá, e a construção

CIA. MOGIANA DE ESTRADAS DE FERRO

Novo Trápado da Eblha Treurer: — No novo trápado entre Coronel
Cordeiro e Tumbalá, em 1899, as coisas
foram intensamente afincadas sendo que não se arrastaram mais
estar terminado no início de 1899. Simultaneamente, esta mesma
linha, bem como a construção da estação de Tumbalá, e outras
da mesma ordem, foram terminadas.

col da via permanente, superando-o que era favorável

Importantes e dispendiosos trabalhos, objetivando o completo reequipamento da E. F. Araraquara, foram executados pelo atual Governo do Estado.

ESTRADA DE FERRO ARARAQUARA

Arrendação da Ferrovia, durante o quadriênio 83/88:		
1985		Cr\$ 306.470.000,00
1986		Cr\$ 329.324.747,90
1987		Cr\$ 327.664.459,10

Armadilha de Ferraria, Curupió e candidato 18/09

100

ESTRADA DE FERRO SÃO PAULO-MINAS

ESTRADA DE FERRO CAMPOS DO JORDÃO

O Governo do Estado melhorou os serviços da Estrada de Ferro Campos do Jordão, fazendo com que o número de passageiros aumentasse.

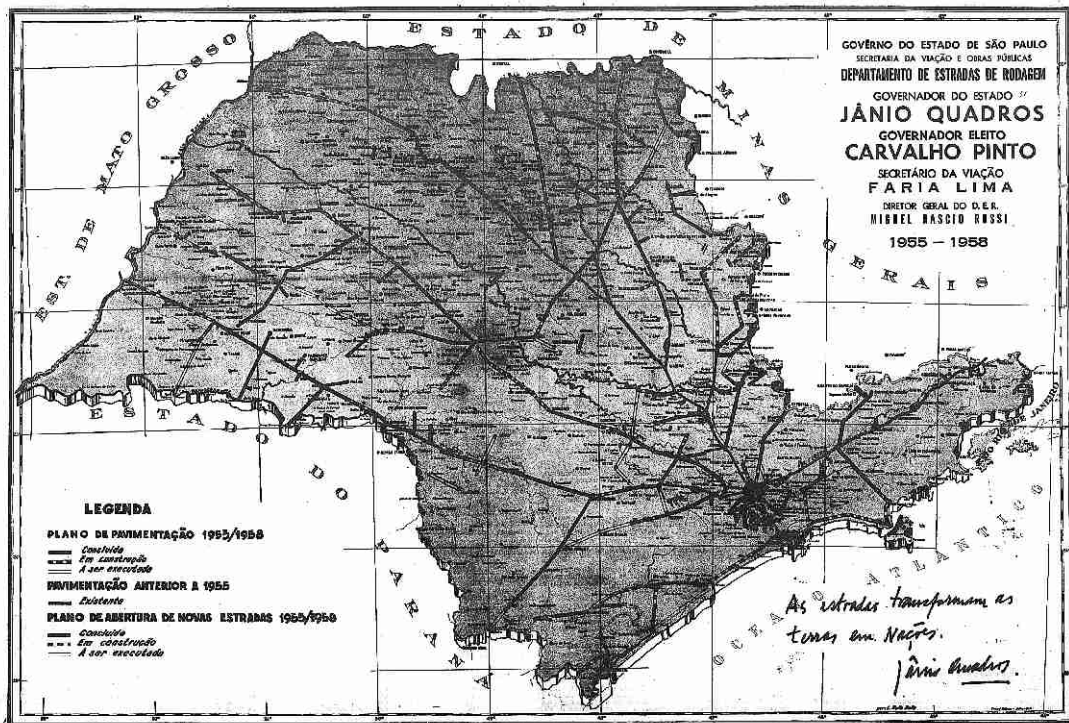
ESTRADA DE FERRO BRAGANTINA

SERVIÇO DE NAVEGAÇÃO SUBVENCIONADO

SERVIÇO DE NAVEGAÇÃO SUBVENCIONADO

A recarga de instalações do circuito São Sebastião - Santos, em 1960, em colaboração com a Petrópolis, acham-se em fase de conclusão. É um importante passo para melhor se atender as demandas de combustíveis líquidos, virá demofonar o atual sistema de descarga dos navios-tanque, em flutuação.

0642



0641

1-2-1955

DEPARTAMENTO DE ESTRADAS DE RODAGEM

31-1-1959

OBRAS QUE DEFINEM UMA ADMINISTRAÇÃO

ESTRADAS PAVIMENTADAS

São Paulo possui em 1955, apenas 733 quilômetros de estradas pavimentadas. Elaborou então o Governo do Estado o Plano de Pavimentação, através do D.E.R.

A pavimentação de 2.340 quilômetros, no espaço de quatro anos, é possível graças ao esforço, à disciplina e à fé de alguns homens e de alguns setores, no sentido de promover a grande operação rodoviária. Poucos acreditavam que o Departamento de Estradas de Rodagem conseguisse aumentar sua velha marca de quarenta e sete quilômetros anuais, para cem quilômetros mensais: mais que uma experiência, era uma verdadeira revolução e que o Governo tentaria em matéria de pavimentação de estradas.

Essa pavimentação obedeceu um critério previamente estabelecido, que melhor atenda ao fim preciso das estradas: artérias por onde circulam as riquezas, canais de escoamento das produções. Foram iniciados os trechos que se destinavam às comunicações com os demais Estados brasileiros: Paraná, Mato Grosso, Minas Gerais e, consequentemente, Goiás, tendo em vista, principalmente, Brasília.

Vários foram os tipos de pavimentação utilizados. A estatística de tráfego e, portanto, o peso da carga, determinava o tipo de pavimentação a ser usado. Foi empregado desde o "mix-in-place", para estradas de tráfego leve, até a pavimentação nobre para as rotas de tráfego intenso.

Setenta por cento dessas obras foram realizadas em solo-cimento, processo moderno já consagrado nos E.R.U. e cuja peculiaridade e maior vantagem é eliminar o pó, material caro e pouco encontrado nas regiões onde as obras foram feitas. Não foi fácil o início da execução dos primeiros trechos em solo-cimento em São Paulo. A tradição rodoviária no Brasil sempre se apoiara no macadame

hidráulico e, esparsamente, no concreto asfáltico. O solo-cimento — solução da técnica — prevaleceu e previu.

Escolhido o processo de base das rodovias, o D.E.R. atacou como era natural, os seguintes troncos: São Paulo-Bocaina-Lins-Andradina; São Paulo-Rapetininga-Antônio-Prudente-Presidente; São Paulo-Rio Claro-Araraquara-São José do Rio Preto; São Paulo-Marília-Barretos-Colômbia; São Paulo-Mogi Mirim-São João da Boa Vista-Aguas de São Paulo-São Paulo-Atibaia-Bragança Paulista-Baturova; São Paulo-Rio de Janeiro-Ribeirão Preto; São Paulo-Sorocaba-Rapetininga-Capão Bonito-Apial. Além desses oito troncos, organizou-se o Plano de Pavimentação Auxiliar, constituído de ligações tão importantes como a dos próprios troncos, pelo seu sentido econômico, geográfico e social. Com essa finalidade foram planejadas e executadas obras de pavimentação, nos seguintes trechos: Circuito de Itapicirica; Vargem Grande-Ilhabela-Piedade; Circuito das Águas (Jundiaí, Itatiba, Jaguariúna, Amparo, Pedreira, Serra Negra, Jandiaí, Águas de Lindóia, Sorocaba, Itapira e Mogi-Mirim); Sorocaba-Lins; Orsico-Santana de Parnaíba-Itu; Itu-Salto de Itaipu; Campinas-Monte Mor-Capivari; Americana-Santa Bárbara d'Oeste-Piracicaba; Ribeirão Preto-Barra-Bonita-Jaboticabal; São José dos Campos-Patrolândia-Caraguatatuba-São Sebastião; Taubaté-Itirapema; Mogi das Cruzes-Guararema; e ainda São José dos Campos-Monteiro Lobato-Campos do Jordão.

Duras tarefas foram vencidas. Grandes foram os obstáculos. O Estado vivia de uma longa paralisação de obras. Não só o D.E.R. não estava aparelhado para a execução desse monumental programa, como também as firmas empreiteiras. Falavam em máquinas especializadas.

O parque de máquinas do D.E.R. era obsoleto, inadequado e insuficiente. A grande parte de sua maquinaria já estava com a vida útil superada.

O Governo Jânio Quadros, reequipou o Departamento.

Assim, o D.E.R. pôde pavimentar 2.340 km. de estradas, ultrapassando, portanto, em 349 km. o que o Governador Jânio Quadros prometera ao povo paulista.

OUTRAS ATIVIDADES

Com o reaparelhamento da maquinaria do D.E.R., as máquinas que não mais atendiam as condições que as estradas exigiam, mas que, especificamente, atendiam às condições exigidas para as estradas vicinais, foram vendidas às Prefeituras, através do antigo plano de Assistência aos Municípios.

As Prefeituras, assim aparelhadas, puderam atender melhor as suas necessidades e, dessa maneira, também teve o D.E.R. muitas de suas máquinas liberadas da assistência que prestavam a esses municípios.

Enorme foi o desenvolvimento, em todos os setores, notadamente na Polícia Rodoviária. Com a pavimentação de mais 2.340 quilômetros de estradas, foi necessário aumentar, ou melhor triplicar o efetivo da Polícia, assim como aparelhá-la eficientemente. O seu recrutamento — quer em material técnico como também — tomou a Polícia Rodoviária do Estado, capaz de atender à sua finalidade.

No período de 1955 a 1958 foram reaparelhadas, também, as de serviços de "Ferry-Boute", que procedem, as travessias marítimas e fluviais, bem como, atendendo a uma velha e justa aspiração do povo paulista, foi criado o "Ferry-Road" de Ilhabela.

A rede rodoviária, foi, também, enormemente aumentada com a construção de novas estradas e incorporação à rede estadual de estradas vicinais. Construiu o D.E.R. 1.553 km. de estradas em terra.

No setor de obras de arte, grande foi a atividade do D.E.R., destacando-se, entre outras, a ponte de Capuçu, em Cubatão, na Via Anchieta. Construiu o D.E.R. 167 pontes.

proteção ao centro de produção dos centros de consumo através de vias rápidas e segurança nos transportes, evita os atropelos e as suas consequências no tempo das viagens, eleva a produtividade e reduz os custos de manutenção, reduz os desperdícios em 50% e poupa dinheiro, melhorando o país e o consumo de combustível.

uma rede de transporte, aumentando o custo de vida em 10% e reduzindo o custo de transporte em 10%.

Cd 1530 por unidade, com a inauguração da rodovia Presidente Dutra, após três meses para Cd 1500.

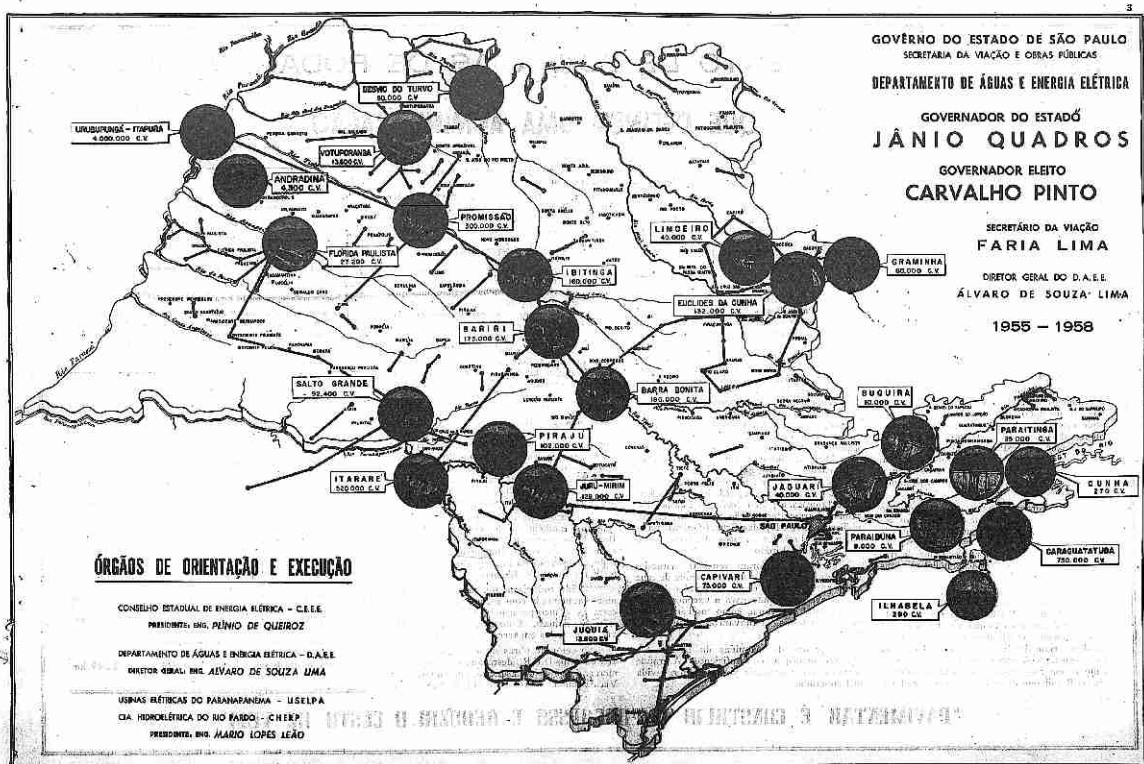
PAVIMENTAÇÃO

Pavimentação pelas Governos anteriores a 1955	733 km.
Pavimentações do janeiro de 1955 a 31-1-1959	2.349 km.
Em execução	518 km.
TOTAL	2.857 km.
Plano Complementar	471 km.
TOTAL DO GOVERNO JÂNIO QUADROS	3.338 km.
TOTAL GERAL	4.273 km.
Pavimentação do Governo JÂNIO QUADROS, que deverá estar concluída até 31 de janeiro de 1959	2.349 km.

"PAVIMENTAR É CONSTRUIR O PROGRESSO E REDUZIR O CUSTO DE VIDA"

ALVARO DE CARVALHO, GOVERNADOR DO ESTADO DE SÃO PAULO
OBRAS DE PAVIMENTAÇÃO DE ESTRADAS DE RODAGEM

0640



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31-1-1959

ANIO QUADROS



GOVÉRNO DO ESTADO DE SÃO PAULO

1955 — 1958

SECRETARIA DA VIAÇÃO E OBRAS PÚBLICAS

GOVERNADOR: JÂNIO QUADROS

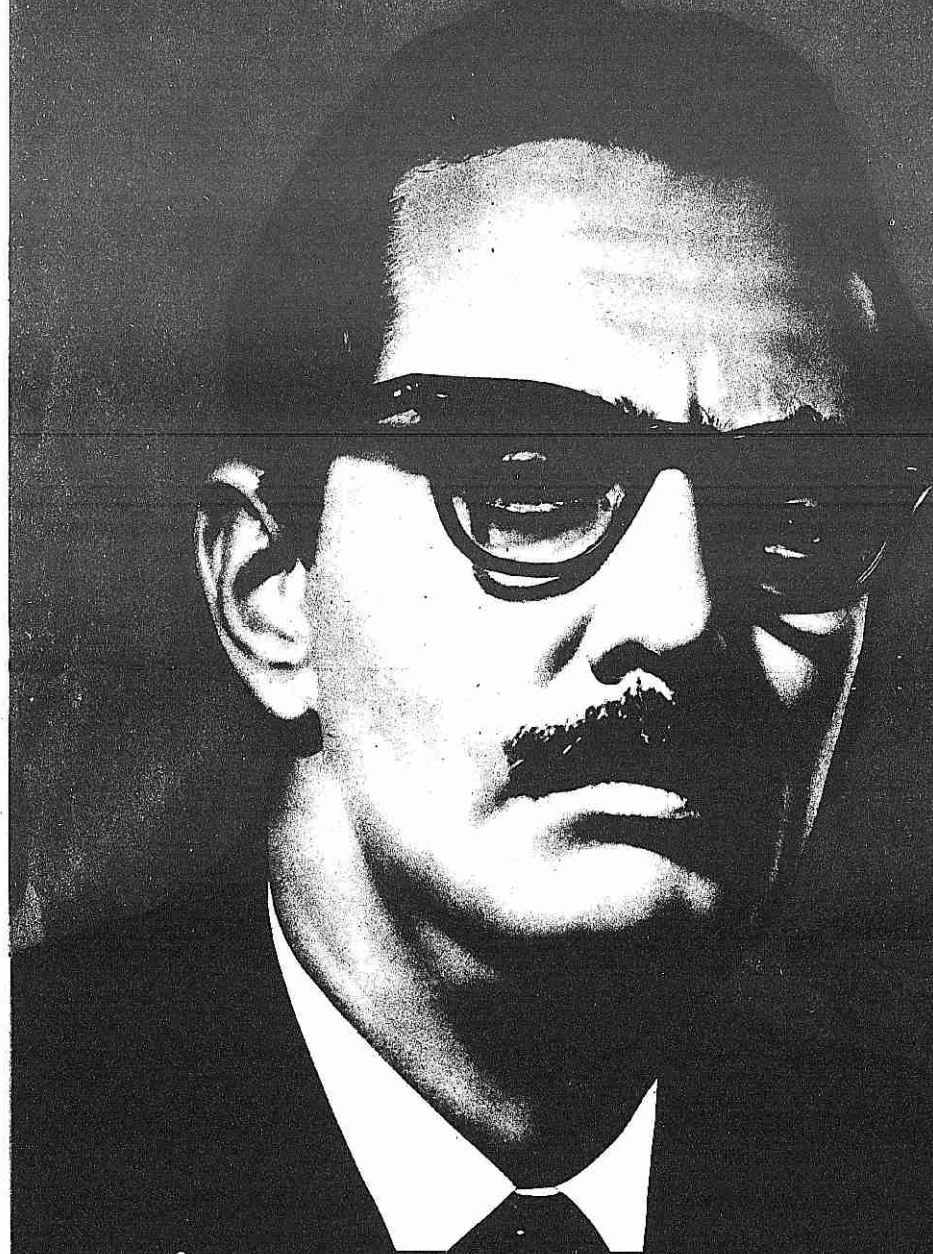
GOVERNADOR ELEITO: CARVALHO PINTO

SECRETÁRIO DA VIAÇÃO:

FARIA LIMA

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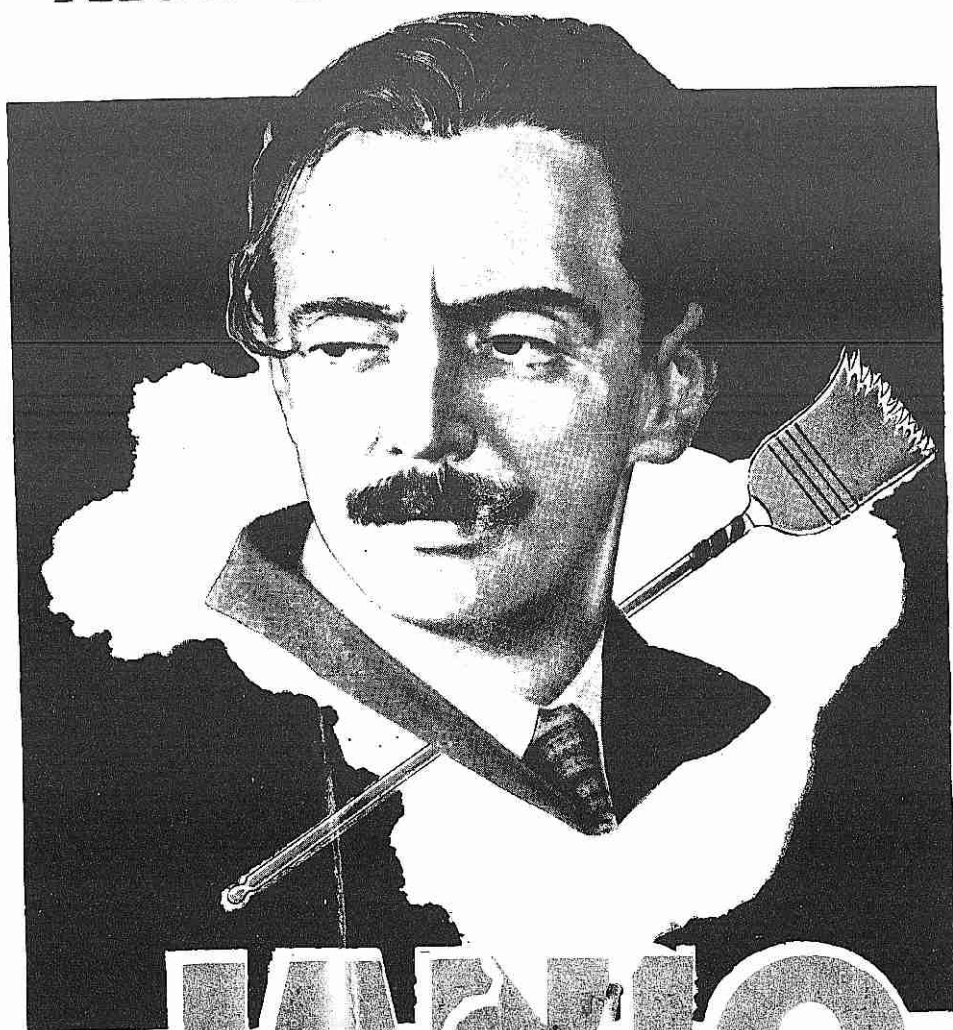
Para Presidente



JÂNIO QUADROS

0000

NÃO DESESPERE !



JAMMO

TEM AÍ...

0000

JÂNIO:

A História da VIAGEM

(Convidado não tem Despesas)

NAO PERDEM os adversários da candidatura Jânio Quadros ocasião de procurar atingi-la no que ela tem de mais consistente e mais perigoso para os homens da situação dominante — A HONESTIDADE DO CANDIDATO. Servem quaisquer motivos aos propositos dessa campanha, que visa a estabelecer confusão no seio das massas, onde o ex-governador de São Paulo firmou o seu conceito, exatamente pelo traço marcante de sua personalidade.

— a honestidade no tratar a coisa pública, — comprovada exuberantemente na gestão da Prefeitura de São Paulo e na chefia do Governo Paulista.

Em prosseguimento a esse plano de desmoralização do candidato veio à tona uma suspeita, insidiosamente propagada pelos órgãos que refletem a opinião dos seus adversários: de onde teria saído o dinheiro que Jânio está gastando em sua excursão pelo exterior? Até cálculos de «experts» em turismo orçando a viagem em cerca de 10 milhões, foram maliciosamente divulgados, a insinuar que o ex-governador de São Paulo estaria, hoje, riquíssimo, a exemplo do que geralmente acontece neste País com a maioria dos homens que passam pelos altos postos da administração pública.

De propósito, deixaram de mencionar os numerosos convites recebidos pelo Sr. Jânio Quadros, por parte dos governos do Japão, da Inglaterra, da França, da Itália, de Portugal, da Tchecoslováquia, da China, do Ceilão, da Rússia e de inúmeros outros países, para visitá-los como hóspede oficial. E foi justamente para revelar essas verdades malevolamente escondidas que o Sr. Oscar Pedrosa Horta, ex-Secretário da Justiça, na administração Jânio Quadros, e um dos líderes da sua campanha em São Paulo, compareceu à TV e às colunas dos grandes diários da Capital bandeirante, explicando a origem dos recursos com que está sendo feita a viagem, que é de «observação e estudos», e não um simples passeio.

Jânio Quadros não é acusado de ter loteamentos na Capital ou onde quer que seja, de ruas asfaltadas com os dinheiros públicos;

Jânio Quadros não é acusado de possuir minas no Paraná, frotas de aviões, fazendas, fábricas de tecidos, fábricas de chocolates e bombons, fábricas de produtos químicos, etc. etc.;

Jânio Quadros não é acusado de haver celebrado empréstimos com o Banco do Estado nem com a Caixa Econômica, tão-pouco com o Banco do Brasil.

Jânio Quadros é acusado apenas de viajar e explica a origem dos recursos com os quais está viajando. Seria ótimo que todos os homens deste País pudessem fazer outro tanto; pudessem estabelecer a filiação dos enormes patrimônios que ostentam.

Mas — insistem os adversários — de onde veio o dinheiro? O ex-secretário explicou: um lote que adquirira em 19 de agosto de 1948, quando «nem sequer o Sr. Jânio Quadros sonhava com a Prefeitura da Capital de São Paulo», por 70.000,00 cruzeiros, foi vendido agora, a 26 de Fevereiro, 25 dias depois de haver passado o Governo de São Paulo ao Sr. Carvalho Pinto e 10 dias antes de embarcar para o exterior, recebendo o Sr. Jânio Quadros 300.000,00 cruzeiros no ato da escritura, mais cinco prestações mensais de 100.000,00 cruzeiros, a última delas paga em julho último. «E' com este dinheiro que o Sr. Jânio Quadros está viajando».

Será pouco? Realmente é, mas o Sr. Pedrosa Horta esclareceu mais: «O Sr. Jânio Quadros é um homem pobre, mas não é um mendigo. Ocupou nos últimos anos os mais altos cargos executivos da cidade e do Estado de São Paulo; Advogado, Vereador, Deputado Estadual, Prefeito Municipal de São Paulo, e finalmente, Governador do Estado Líder da Federação. — Homem de hábitos notoriamente modestos, não seria de estranhar que dispuzesse do suficiente para cobrir as chamadas pequenas despesas».

E perguntou, ainda: «Quanto gastou o General Craveiro Lopes, no Brasil? Nada, pois era nosso hóspede. Quanto gastou o Sr. Giovanni Gronchi, no Brasil? Nada, pois era nosso hóspede. Quanto gastou o príncipe Mikasa, no Brasil? Nada, pois era nosso hóspede. Quanto gastou o Sr. Foster Dulles, no Brasil? Nada, pois era nosso hóspede. Quanto gastou a Sra. Golda Mayer, no Brasil? Nada, pois era nosso hóspede. Quanto gastou o deputado Jânio Quadros (ex-governador do Estado de São Paulo) nos países que oficialmente o hospedam? Nada, porque é um convidado deles».

Outro detalhe para o qual chamou atenção o Sr. Pedrosa Horta: Em sua viagem pelo exterior, Jânio Quadros não se beneficiou da concessão de dólares diplomáticos, como frequentemente acontece com os protegidos da situação.

Nota: — Este artigo foi extraído da revista «Alterosa», primeira quinzena de Setembro de 1959 (páginas 100 e 101), publicada em Belo Horizonte.

IMPORTANTE: devemos lembrar ainda que o Sr. Jânio Quadros herdou de seu pai, uma fortuna apreciável, fato público e que por um lapso ou sinal de respeito deixou de ser lembrado pelo Sr. Oscar Pedrosa Horta.

(Colaboração dos viajantes comerciais)

MANIFESTO POPULAR

Brasileiros!

Você está satisfeito com os preços atuais das coisas? Com o preço do feijão, do arroz, da banha, da carne, do colégio, do aluguel, do cimento, da gasolina, do pneu? Com a carestia que transformou sua vida em um inferno?

Você está satisfeito com o seu desconto para os Institutos e com o benefício que recebe deles?

Você está satisfeito com o fato de haverem transformado os Institutos em órgãos de emprego para afluídos e parentes de políticos, impedindo assim que eles funcionem em benefício dos trabalhadores?

Você está satisfeito com os desfalques seguidos e vultosos que tem havido nos Institutos e com o seu estado de quase falência?

Você já reparou no valor do selo federal pregado em cada maço de cigarros, e já pensou como os impostos pesam no seu orçamento doméstico? E sabe que é você, consumidor, que paga todo imposto? E sabe que quando furtam ou esbanjam o dinheiro público, estão furtando e esbanjando o seu dinheiro que, por haver sido arrecadado no preço dos produtos, muitas vezes faltou em sua casa, para comer, pagar o médico ou o remédio?

Você está satisfeito com a falta de escolas primárias, profissionais e secundárias em que seus filhos possam se preparar para enfrentar a vida?

Você está satisfeito com a quantidade de hospitais existentes no País?

Você está satisfeito com o estado de abandono e pobreza dos brasileiros que moram na roça?

Você está satisfeito com os desastres da Central do Brasil?

Se não estiver satisfeito com esse estado de coisas, creia que ainda há salvação. Não desespere, porque JANIO vem aí. JANIO, que é a esperança dos homens que trabalham e não se enriquecem da noite para o dia à sombra da administração pública. JANIO, que é a síntese do descontentamento popular e do anseio por melhores dias. JANIO, que é o próprio povo em luta contra a miséria, a corrupção e a exploração, dentro e fora das fronteiras nacionais. JANIO, que está em todos os Partidos, porque Janio é povo e o povo é indivisível. JANIO, que, segundo as investigações do IBOPE procedidas em todo o território nacional, conta com a preferência de 70% do eleitorado brasileiro.

Catagunes, Minas, 22 de junho de 1959

Aníto Lopes, operário
Paulo Cesário, operário
José Pacheco Magalhães, comerciante
Felfeo Cerqueira, comerciante
Orozimbo Batista, operário
José Schettini, comerciante
Irineu Zancala, operário
Abílio Cesário, comerciante

Cid Omar Mercier, pintor
Evaristo Zancala, operário
José Rodrigues de Carvalho, operário
José Alesio, operário
José Pinto, operário
Edmundo Machado, comerciante
José Magalhães, comerciante
Francisco Mendonça, operário

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MANIFESTO POPULAR

Brasileiro!

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Você está satisfeito com o seu desconto para os Institutos e com o benefício que recebe deles?

Você está satisfeito com o fato de haverem transformado os Institutos em órgãos de emprego para afilhados e parentes de políticos, impedindo assim que eles funcionem em benefício dos trabalhadores?

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Cataguases, Minas, 22 de junho de 1959

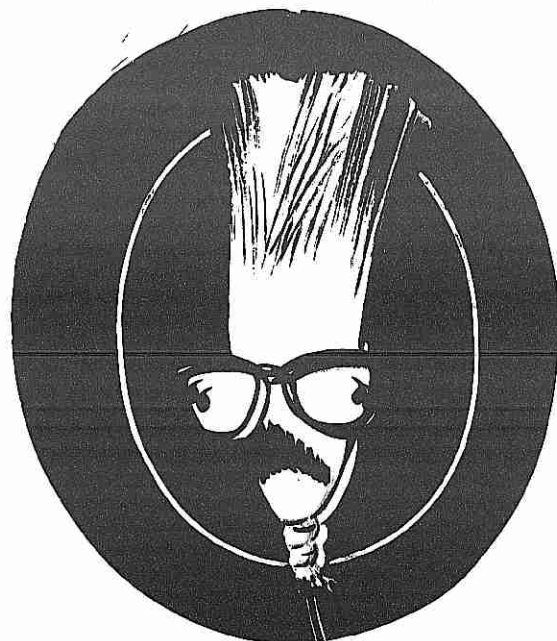
Anísio Lopes, operário
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Felicio Cerqueira, comerciante
Orosimbo Batista, operário
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Cid Omar Mercier, pintor
Evaristo Zaneta, operário
José Rodrigues de Carvalho, operário
José Aluísio, operário
José Pinto, operário
Edmundo Machado, operário

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Jônio Quadros

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Profissão de Fé Democrática

Trecho do discurso proferido pelo Deputado
Jânio Quadros, na sessão de encerramento
da Convenção da União Democrática Nacional,
aceitando a sua candidatura à Presidência
da República.

NÃO CREIO

Não creio nas concessões demagógicas. Não creio na mentira das promessas. Não creio nas vantagens do ilícito. Não creio nos subterfúgios da fraude. Não creio nos desmaios da Autoridade. Não creio no pensamento coartado. Não creio na incontinência orçamentária. Não creio na desordem administrativa. Não creio nas soluções centralizadoras. Não creio na intolância das filosofias e das confissões. Não creio nas ditaduras de qualquer tendência. Não creio nos sindicatos violentados. Não creio na previdência das espórtulas constrangedoras. Não creio no latifúndio anti-social. Não creio no tráfico das influências. Não creio nos privilégios no arrepião da lei. Não creio na farsa da intervenção nos preços, com o desprêzo da produção agônica. Não creio na indisciplina que desmancha a hierarquia e ofende a estabilidade dos governos. Não creio na distorção da liberdade, que se demuda em licença. Não creio, enfim, no que se vê no nosso alance e à nossa roda, como se fôra demerito, quando é a sua caricatura, a sua crítica!

CREIO

Creio, sim, no império da Constituição. Creio na nobreza da Magistratura Suprema. Creio na sentença dos Tribunais. Creio na autenticidade das Casas Legislativas. Creio na eficiência e na moralidade burocráticas. Creio na moeda sã, com a qual se pague a despesa corrente e se amealhe o pecúlio do amanhã. Creio no proletariado consciente. Creio na opinião garantida pelas franquias e limitada pelos códigos. Creio na Pátria que se desenvolva harmonicamente, internamente, sem a atitude bifronte do pai e do padrasto. Creio na agricultura e na indústria, que se justapõem e se completam no progresso coincidente, permissivo dos mercados interno e externo. Creio na livre empresa, embora circunscrita pela vantagem da comunhão. Creio na nossa maturidade, que nos impeça caminhar pelo mundo sem tutelas ou tamentezes. Creio na defesa do nosso solo e, por isso, na Petrobrás, que é a sua melhor expressão; na do nosso nervo espiritual e da nossa soberania. Creio nos cuidados ao homem do campo, e na integração das suas virtudes de opor-sidade e inteligência à família nacional. Creio na infância e na juventude, que a técnica e a ciência protegem e formam para a nossa perpetuidade. Creio na força incoercível do Povo, manifestação da onipotência Divina!

Ai têm no que eu creio, e no que descreio.

0627

Como vêem, JÂNIO QUADROS foi um dos mais entusiastas batalhadores do monopólio estatal do petróleo, sendo portanto um dos idealizadores da Petrobrás, que somente foi fundada em 1953. Teve que enfrentar os poderosos da época, e, nos comícios populares dos quais participava, diversas vezes, sofreu a ação policial, que os procurava dissolver com bombas e a patas de cavalo. Hoje, a Petrobrás já se transformou numa empresa vitoriosa e rica. É natural que os seus adversários de então sejam agora seus "fervorosos" adeptos, com pretensão de exclusividade.

0626

DISCURSO DE 6 DE MAIO DE 1932

O SR. PRESIDENTE — Tem a palavra o nobre deputado Jânio Quadros.

O Sr. Jânio Quadros — Sr. Presidente.

Permita-me V. Exa., e a Casa que manifeste aqui o júbilo à recente decisão da União Democrática Nacional, do apoio à tese do monopólio, pelo Estado, da exploração petrolífera. O modesto brasileiro que fúla à Assembléia, a quem o povo na sua generosidade, investiu o mandato de vereador, e agora de deputado, confessa a V. Exa. que experimentou emoção funda e orgulho justificado quando viu o campo no qual se situara, escolhido pelo patriotismo daquela digna e corajosa facção política. Quis o Todo Poderoso, ainda aí, que este simples lidador não se desviasse dos companheiros, com os quais, desde a Edilidade, vem lutando antes impellido pela fé e pela convicção nas causas do que pelos resultados do embate infâmico. Em que pese a circunstância de associar-se, apagado embora, a homens do contendo do um Estilão, de um Dutra, de um Bernadete, de um Volacco, o a despeito de o próprio Monseñor Câmara ter perfilhado a idéia, confessa o orador que a infâmia, a mentira, o cinico desdoremamento, a malícia, a perfídia, a injúria e a trica principiavam a pesar-lhe sobre a cabeça, que a maldade dos adversários embes-

cados declarava a serviço de outros interesses que não os dos superiores reclamos nacionais, e os da própria crença jurídica e legítima. Acontece, agora, a U. D. N., que é toda uma legião de brasileiros atantes, e engrossar a falange dos combatentes que proclamam, ao saber das pastorais e ao longo da melhor doutrina econômica do século motorizado e armado em guerra, que determinadas atividades não admitem o simples negócio, que determinadas riquezas não se conformam com o simples comércio. Entende-se que a nacionalidade se detinha, um instante, no exaustivo gesto do ulenismo. É inevitável que aqui o aculé não o compreendam muitos, em na boa fé, inerente aos puros, ora na animadversão, que a alguns possui. A decisão do povo, porém, já está lavrada e favorece aqueles que sustentam a exigência do monopólio. Acusam-se os outros, os hostis e os neutros. Estes, em particular porque há a necessidade de definição. Fique, contudo, consignado, que os soldados do primeiro instante, recebem, na manifestação da União Democrática Nacional não o penhor da vitória ambicionada, embora mas a desejada consagração da verdade.

(Transcrito do Diário Oficial do Estado de São Paulo, do dia 6 de Maio de 1932, pág. 24).

"Petróleo é soberania"

Jânio Quadros

0629

[illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible]

de São Paulo de São Paulo 12 (U. de Brasília)

[illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible]

PETRÓLEO

4 — Suponhamos que o nosso petróleo estivesse só no Recôncavo Baiano (região que circunda a Bahia do Salvador); mas, recentemente, descobrimos em Pedras, a cerca de 120 quilômetros, em linha reta, de Salvador, óleo de valor econômico extremamente importante, porque está colocado a profundidade que variam entre 140 a 160 metros!

As formações geológicas são idênticas às do Recôncavo e assim é muito provável que se tenha um só manancial petrolífero, que irá desde D. João até Pedras, com cerca de 120 quilômetros de extensão e que irá, dentro de pouco tempo, fornecer petróleo para todo mundo!

Talvez só na Bahia possam ser encontrados os 68 das reservas de todo o mundo, que a "Standard Oil", por um dos seus diretores, declarou ser provável existir no Brasil!

Com novas perfurações em poços pioneiros, dentro de pouco tempo, poderemos afirmar se somos ou não os maiores possuidores de petróleo do mundo! E daí, a pressa dos "trusts" em conseguirem de nós uma lei, que lhes garanta a cooperação nessa riqueza imensa, de que, até agora, não conseguiram se apropriar.

XISTO

5 — Em matéria de xisto a nossa situação é muitíssimo mais promissora, ainda que a do petróleo, porque temos essas rochas em todo o território nacional (Maranhão, Alagoas, Bahia, Sergipe, Espírito Santo, Rio de Janeiro, São Paulo, Paraná, Santa Catarina e Rio Grande do Sul). O petróleo artificial será o indicado substituto do natural, em futuro relativamente próximo.

Abro um parêntese, meus colegas e meus amigos. Quem fala é Valério Braga, general da brigada do nosso Exército, engenheiro militar de singular competência.

O "Bureau of Mines" dos Estados Unidos, através da opinião dos seus técnicos que, com os nossos engenheiros, trabalhavam no Vale do Paraíba, nos ajudou a chegarmos à conclusão de que há naquele vale uma área de cerca de 100 quilômetros de comprimento, por 8 quilômetros de largura e 10 metros de profundidade, rica de rochas oleosas. Só na parte relativa a 1/10 (um décimo) dessa área chegaram os técnicos à conclusão de nela existirem 2.000.000.000 (dois bilhões de barris de óleo).

A firma americana "Foster Wheeler" acredita que o produto da destilação é perfeitamente econômico, pois crede poder obter óleo do xisto do Vale do Paraíba por apenas dois dólares e setenta e quatro centavos por barril

(um barril tem 159 litros). Os "tests" sobre o nosso citado xisto estão sendo feitos nos Estados Unidos, numa usin-piloto e em favorável próximo poderemos saber a imensa fortuna que temos entre os dois maiores centros do consumo do Brasil, e relativamente perto do mar.

Mas os xistos do Itati, numa extensão de 600 quilômetros, por 20 quilômetros de largura e 10 metros de profundidade, com teor de óleo superior ao do Vale do Paraíba e com muito menos teor de água que aquele, só eles, poderão dar ao Brasil e ao mundo 120 bilhões de toneladas de óleo. E o que afirmam os técnicos.

CASES

6 — Mas, não basta. Ainda temos os gases naturais dos nossos campos petrolíferos, que já encontram mercados no próprio Estado da Bahia. São avaliados em cerca de um bilhão e duzentos milhões de metros cúbicos. Já há contratos firmados com a E. F. Leste Brasileira e outros estabelecimento industrial, para o fornecimento desse combustível à razão de 20 centavos do cruzado por metro cúbico.

Aqui termina o excerto que reproduzi da conferência de Valério Braga no Clube Militar.

Não há qualquer exagero no entusiasmo desse oficial general. Comprovo-o poderemos afirmar que, somente na área do Salvador, os depósitos ascenderam de 30 a 50 e de 50 a 200 milhões de barris!

O SR. PRESIDENTE — V. Exa. dispõe de apenas dois minutos para concluir sua oração na Hora do Expediente, que é improvável.

O Sr. João Quadros — Conscientemente instalávamos em Maripé a nossa primeira refinaria, confiada a norte-americanos, cujos técnicos a levantaram para o refino de 2.500 barris diários. Em mês de uma oportunidade foi o Governo alertado para a insuficiência dessa produção, mas, e estranhamente, os norte-americanos insistiram nela, acabando por prevalecer-lhes o ponto-de-vista. Sem embargo dessa modestia, está em pleno funcionamento e, em 1951, produziu lucros superiores a 30 milhões de cruzados, encontrando-se previstos, no orçamento em curso, lucros da ordem de 65 milhões.

Sr. Presidente, infelizmente, as limitações regimentais impedem que mesmo matéria desta relevância, que se confundem com a sorte da Pátria, com a sua liberdade, com a sua independência, deva ser tratada assim.

Rogo a V. Exa. que me inscreva, em caráter preferencial, para prosseguir em Explicação Pessoal.

(Transcrito do Diário Oficial do Estado de São Paulo, do dia 9 de Abril de 1952, págs. 40 e 41).

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DISCURSO DE 9 DE ABRIL DE 1952

O SR. PRESIDENTE — Tem a palavra o nobre deputado Alfredo Farhat. (Pausa) Não estando presente, tem a palavra o nobre deputado Flávio Quadros, por cessar o nobre deputado Mendonça Falcão.

O Sr. Flávio Quadros — Sr. Presidente, etc. deputados.

Acreditamos ter estabelecido, em nosso último discurso, a íntima associação que se observa entre o petróleo e o Estado, a ponto de confundir-se o primeiro com o segundo ou de parecer aquele sinônimo deste, no moderno conceito de soberania. Nem se explicaria, de outra forma, o gigantismo assumido pelos dois "trusts" que, oficialmente procuraram assegurar, para as respectivas nações, os mananciais existentes. Ao mesmo tempo, afirma-se, também, o caráter monopolizador e de integração dessa economia e firma-se, entretanto, nos Estados que simbolizam o regime da livre concorrência, a exalta do liberalismo, a pátria da iniciativa privada; o Reino Unido e a América do Norte. Realmente, exigindo vastos capitais, largos recursos técnicos e operações de larga amplitude, essa por excelência, é a riqueza que induz ao exclusivismo. Claro, o vocábulo "monopólio" deve ser havido, aí, no seu significado atual, como tem observado o deputado Daniel Farnes, à margem da afirmativa do sr. Flávio Catanhede, Presidente do Conselho Nacional do Petróleo. Reproduzindo-lhe as palavras: "A definição geralmente aceita de monopólio é a de que, toda vez que determinada entidade pode, por oferta que faz, ou procura que exerce modificar os preços, existe um monopólio". E aduz: "E a concorrência imperfeita".

Faro que V. Exa. tenham a exata compreensão desse acanhamamento em caso concreto, permito-me observar que a "Standard" possui, nos Estados Unidos, 51% de todas as reservas conhecidas, segundo-se-lhe a "Gulf", o que lhe permite o domínio e o monopólio incontrôvel do mercado. Nas Ilhas Britânicas e no Império, a réplica do fenômeno é a "Shell", que entre nós opera, em seu maior volume, com a denominação de "Anglo-Mexicana".

Contudo, o que importa agora, antes de estudar as soluções que se nos apresentam, é sabermos das nossas reais possibilidades. Qual a situação do Brasil? Respondo a V. Exas. dificilmente poderia ser melhor. Até este instante, e compreendendo o período que vai de 26 de novembro de 1939 a 31 de dezembro de 1950, o governo gastou apenas, 843 milhões de cruzeiros com a exploração e o negócio do petróleo nativo. A quantia distribuída nos diversos exercícios assumiu, inicialmente, índices ridículos e somente nos últimos tempos, com dotações superiores a 100 milhões de cruzeiros, têm atendido às exigências efetivas. Em que pese o fato, descoberto o petróleo em 21 de janeiro de 1939 e iniciada a sua exploração em 1946 já em

1947 tínhamos, somente nos campos de D. João, 80 milhões de barris medidos. Dificilmente encontra-se exemplo, na história, de estudos, localização e aproveitamento assim rápidos. E fácil demonstrá-lo. Na Venezuela, fabulosamente rica, os "trusts" levaram 10 anos nas pesquisas e dispenderam 900 milhões de cruzeiros...

O Sr. Leônidas Camarinha — V. Exa. permite um aparte?

O Sr. Flávio Quadros — ... ainda nesse país, em uma segunda operação, que demandou 14 anos, foram gastos 812 milhões de cruzeiros; na Colômbia, um dos experimentos exigiu 900 milhões e 10 anos e outros 1.128.000.000 de cruzeiros e 23 anos. No Irã, os ingleses empregaram 9 anos e 1.160.000.000.

Com prazer, concedo o aparte ao nobre deputado Leônidas Camarinha.

O Sr. Leônidas Camarinha — Apenas queria declarar a V. Exa. que, aqui, no Brasil, há mais de vinte anos estão sendo feitas essas experiências para a descoberta do petróleo.

O Sr. Flávio Quadros — Assiste razão a V. Exa. Agradeço pelo aparte.

Que aconteceu conosco, porém, naquele breve tempo, — e atente-se, que só na sua derradeira fase aproveitamo-lo bem — e com a utilização daquelas poucas disponibilidades? Fizemos prospecções no Amazonas, onde elas prosseguem, particularmente na região do Juruá, do Purus, do Tapajós, do Tocantins e no próprio estuário, na Ilha de Marajó. Perfuramos a mesopotâmia maranhense, sobretudo nas imediações de Carolina, e a costa do Rio Grande do Norte, até os limites com o Ceará. Atividade idêntica está ocorrendo em Alagoas, onde se cavaram 7 poços, e as nossas vistas se voltam para a bacia do Furuá, máxime para o vale do Itajai, em Santa Catarina, para a Colônia Vieira, no mesmo Estado e para vastos trechos de São Paulo, que são os do sul, e ainda, para a bacia do alto Araguaia. Todo esse trabalho, praticamente não registra malogros, exceção feita ao litoral de Pernambuco e da Paraíba. Onipresentes, vêem-se os "seeps", isto é, os vazamentos de óleo, acompanhados de gás natural. Esse mundo não é, assim, uma promessa; é uma certeza, na medida em que a geofísica possa oferecer certezas.

Graças ao Ministério da Agricultura, ao Exército e ao Conselho Nacional do Petróleo, levantamos o mapa geológico do País e demarcamos nele uma área com cerca de dois milhões de quilômetros quadrados, com 12 estruturas identificadas, cujas características são, especificamente, petrolíferas. Caminhá-mos de descoberta para descoberta e chegamos a surpreender a nós mesmos.

A esta altura, vale a pena ouvir o general da brigada Valério Braga, reproduzindo trecho da conferência que pronunciou em 17 de janeiro do ano passado, no Clube Militar:

Shirley e Henry King e il loro più giovane figlio, il principe di Galles, in un'immagine di famiglia. Nella foto accanto: il principe di Galles, il re e la regina. In basso: il principe di Galles, il re e la regina. In basso: il principe di Galles, il re e la regina.

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Essa, finalmente, a situação do Iraque, reduzido, se possível, a sujeição político-econômica ainda mais constrangedora, esmagado pela ignorância e pela pobreza, e transformando em simulacro de estado soberano por praticamente integrado no império colonial britânico.

O quadro rapidamente gizado é a história presente, é a história contemporânea, que ninguém pode contestar sem peritória. A intensa associação da exploração e do comércio do petróleo com os governos ingleses e americanos, através da ação desses dois "trusts"; o caráter monopolizador e de integração inerente ao negócio do petróleo, que tende a observar e a unificar os mercados, hostilizando a competição, eis os elementos que já nos induzem à aceitação da tese da exploração estatal, do mais elevado sentido político, social e utilitário. A tese, por sinal, tem inclusive a aprovação da Igreja e, entre nós, espousou-a, no Parlamento, o próprio monsenhor Arruda Câmara, dirigente do meu Partido, quando subscreeu nos sete de março, o notável parecer "Lima Figueiredo" que a favorces desassombadamente, condenando qualquer participação alienígena.

Contem-na a pastoral sob o título "A Igreja ante os problemas atuais", que, a pag. 42, item 7 ensina: "Não há dúvida que a Igreja admite a nacionalização dentro de justos limites, podendo, legitimamente, o poder público reservar certas categorias de bens, os que representam uma tal importância que não seria possível abandoná-los nas mãos dos particulares, sem por em perigo o bem comum.

Estamos, assim, em condições de analisar o nosso problema, a meu modo de ver praticamente resolvido. Resolvido — e não se assombram V. Exas. — porque já foram determinadas superfícies de cerca de dois milhões de quilômetros quadrados, com doze estruturas geológicas identificadas, capazes de conter petróleo, sobretudo no Amazonas, no Pará, em Alagoas, em São Paulo e no Paraná, e apresta-se o Governo a escavar nelas os poços pioneiros. Poder-se-á opor à afirmativa o caráter hipotético que apresenta. O reparo deve ser repellido. Os estudos promovidos nessas áreas, embora preliminares, oferecem-nos a certeza de depósitos petrolíferos. Não nos esqueçamos de que, há pouco tempo,

sugunhamos que o nosso petróleo estivesse confinado ao Recôncavo, até que fomos descobri-lo em Pedras, cerca de cento e vinte quilômetros, em linha reta, do Salvador, o que permitiu fixar uma base que não só atenderá às nossas necessidades, mas autorizará a exportação. E preciso, aí, termos em mente que a exploração efetiva do subsolo pátrio, começou em 1946 e já em 1947 tinhamos, medidos, trinta milhões de barris em D. João. Logo a seguir, ali mesmo, os depósitos ascendiam a cinquenta milhões, e ora são estimados em duzentos milhões. A existência de vastos mananciais não admite qualquer dúvida e o seu descolrimento e a sua localização se fez com os nossos próprios recursos, a despeito de constituir, esse trabalho, a parte mais difícil e mais onerosa dessa indústria. Não obstante, a análise da nossa realidade, no concernente às jazidas, aos meios e à solução que propomos, serão objeto de dois outros discursos que pronuncaremos na Assembléia.

O Sr. Wladimir Piza — V. Exa. permite um aparte? (*Assentimento do orador*) Apenas para esclarecer, quando se declara a existência de petróleo em outros pontos do território nacional, mais especialmente no Estado de São Paulo. Por volta de 1929, um particular procedeu à perfurações, em pesquisas do petróleo, no município de Piraju. E o Prefeito municipal daquela época quem declarou que o petróleo foi localizado e formou do poço, com apenas trezentos metros de perfuração. Logo depois esse poço foi obturado. Transcorrido algum tempo, surgiu em Piraju um súdito americano, que passou a fazer uma série de contratos registrados no cartório daquela comarca, com os possuidores de terras no município de Piraju, pagando uma anuidade por alqueire de terra, com o compromisso de o proprietário não permitir a pesquisa do petróleo.

O Sr. João Quadros — Obrigado a V. Exa. e muito obrigado ao nobre deputado Lincoln Feliciano, que me permitiu trespassar no tempo de S. Exa., a fim de que pudesse concluir a minha oração.

(*Transcrito do Diário Oficial do Estado de São Paulo, do dia 2 de Abril de 1952, págs. 36 e 37.*)

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interesses nacionais e favorável aos interesses dos trustes internacionais, no que tange ao petróleo. A retificação deve ser feita. Foi em 1938, portanto no discurso do Governador ditatorial, que se criou o Conselho Nacional do Petróleo, que articulou um movimento organizado para a pesquisa do petróleo, e foi a partir da ação desse Conselho Nacional do Petróleo que tivemos oportunidade de contraditar aqueles que afirmavam que no Brasil não havia petróleo. Entretanto, é o próprio sr. Getúlio Vargas quem declara, logo depois da sua deposição, que para a sua deposição, ocorreu extensivamente uma luta secundária estranha ligada a interesses internacionais. Assim, a afirmação é verdadeira quando declara que não foi durante a ditadura do Brasil que a entregou o petróleo aos trustes internacionais, mas é verdadeira a afirmação quando é o próprio ex-ditador que declara que para sua deposição concorram os trustes internacionais.

O Sr. Paulo Lima (Com assentimento do orador) — Não desejava interromper o brilhante discurso de V. Exa., mas peço permissão para fazer apenas uma ressalva e pedir licença para discordar do aparte do nobre deputado Cid Franco quando atribui ao senhor, então Ministro Odilon Braga, o relatório sobre a situação do petróleo, que conclui pela escravização do governo de então aos trustes imperialistas do petróleo. Não nego a S. Exa. o direito de discordar da orientação adotada pelo sr. Odilon Braga a esse respeito, mas apenas contesto formalmente e repito a insinuação, porquanto um homem da honra, do caráter e da dignidade do sr. Odilon Braga não iria escravizar-se a interesses estrangeiros nesse particular.

O Sr. Cid Franco — V. Exa. me concedeu um aparte?

O Sr. Jânio Quadros — Antes de conceder o aparte a V. Exa., gostaria de observar que esta primeira parte do tributo oratório é simplesmente, expositiva e o meu tempo, limitado. Já precisei solicitar, do nobre deputado Lincoln Feliciano, o empréstimo, para resgate futuro, de 10 minutos do tempo assinalado à S. Exa.

O Sr. Wladimir Piza — Só por isso, deixarei de continuar apartando o discurso de V. Exa., o que venho fazendo, tão somente para ressaltar o brilhantismo do mesmo.

O Sr. Jânio Quadros — Muito obrigado a V. Exa. e aos demais nobres deputados que me apartaram.

O Sr. Cid Franco — (Com assentimento do orador) — Depois dessa declaração, devo informar que é este o meu último aparte. Como o discurso de V. Exa. é expositivo o meu aparte também vai sê-lo. Continuo sempre no meu ponto de vista. O relatório do Ministério da Agricultura daquele tempo, concluiu que não havia petróleo no Brasil. O nobre deputado Toledo Piza faz crer que S.

Exa., o sr. Getúlio Vargas, é um homem propenso a resolver o problema do petróleo de acordo com os interesses nacionais, mas está aqui a resposta, constante do relatório que Oscar Cordeiro formosou a Monteiro Lobato. Diz ele: "Devo dizer que desde 1933 eu me comunicava com o sr. Getúlio Vargas, seus ministros e outros elementos de projeção, não só pelo correio aéreo, como pelo telégrafo. E, mais do que me comunicava, eu gritava, berrava, suplicava, tudo inutilmente, porque o sr. Getúlio Vargas parecia identificado com o grupo "não há petróleo no Brasil".

E encerro aqui a minha intervenção no discurso de V. Exa., mesmo porque o Partido Socialista falará sobre o assunto oportunamente.

O Sr. Jânio Quadros — Muito obrigado a V. Exa.

O Sr. Wladimir Piza — Peço a V. Exa. licença apenas para ressaltar que foi em 1938, portanto sob o governo do sr. Getúlio Vargas, que se organizou o Conselho Nacional do Petróleo, ponto de partida para a pesquisa e descoberta do petróleo no Brasil.

O Sr. Jânio Quadros — Paraguai e Bolívia, sem embargo de serem vítimas dos dois "trustes" não só não conhecem a indústria do petróleo, que nós se desenvolveram por não convir aos interesses anglo-americanos, como ainda estiveram empenhados, até há pouco tempo, em guerra fratricida e humilhante, que decorria das rivalidades e das ambições da "Standard" e da "Royal Dutch", ambas ambicionando o domínio do Gran Chaco. Nessa região, em Vila Montal, existem ricas fontes petrolíferas e embora a "Standard" domine a Bolívia, o o Paraguai esteja sob a influência inglesa, aquele território permanece objeto de controvérsias.

O SR. PRESIDENTE — (Fazendo soar a campainha). Lembro ao nobre orador de que dispõe de um minuto para concluir a sua oração.

O Sr. Jânio Quadros — Sr. Presidente, o nobre deputado Lincoln Feliciano teve a generosidade de ceder-se dez minutos do tempo que lhe é destinado.

O SR. PRESIDENTE — V. Exa. tem a palavra por mais dez minutos.

O Sr. Jânio Quadros — Muito obrigado a V. Exa.

No Iraã, no exercício de 1950, a "Anglo Iranian Oil Company" obteve lucros no montante de 81.300.000 libras esterlinas, ou seja, mais de quatro bilhões de cruzeiros, dos quais o tesouro britânico recebeu, sob a forma de imposto de renda, dois bilhões e setecentos milhões de cruzeiros, isto é, mais da metade! Segundo a publicação especializada "World Petroleum", apenas vinte por cento desses lucros fabulosos permaneceram naquele país.

"A Ilusão Americana", onde se lê a seguinte verdade: o país que não tiver sua independência econômica, não poderá ter a política. Hoje, a situação é ainda pior do que no primeiro quarto do século, quando a Standard Oil e a Royal Dutch and Shell eram inimigas. Os países que tivessem zonas com possibilidade de petróleo, nessa época, estariam talvez salvos pela iminência de uma disputa entre as duas companhias. Mas hoje, sobre os países produtores de petróleo, há uma política nacionalizada em seu território.

O Sr. Jânio Quadros — Muito obrigado. Seguramente, deve-se ao encorajamento de ambos os governos a constituição e o poderio dos dois "trusts" que tão bem se identificam: a "Standard Oil" e a "Royal Dutch". Seguramente, foi em obediência à respectiva política nacionalizada que as duas partilharam o mundo, dividido que está em duas áreas maiores de produção e reserva, e duas áreas menores. As maiores, são o hemisfério ocidental e o Oriente Médio; aquelas, com depósitos da ordem de setenta a um bilhão de barris, o que exclui os Estados Unidos; estas, com reservas de vinte e oito bilhões de barris. As duas áreas menores são as Repúblicas Socialistas, com seis bilhões de barris e as Índias Ocidentais Holandesas, com cerca de um bilhão de barris.

Exceção feita da Rússia, do México e, agora, do Iraque, cujo petróleo é estatal na pesquisa, na exploração, na industrialização e no comércio, o resto demora às mãos de Rockefeller ou de Detering.

No que nos diz respeito, podemos e devemos, antes de adotar qualquer solução, examinar o que têm sucedido nos países que permitiram concessões a um desses dois grandes grupos ou a ambos, aceitando-lhes a participação na exploração da riqueza. Qualquer dos casos é bom. O do Iraque, o da Venezuela, o do México, o do Iraque ou Pérsia, o da Bolívia e do Paraguai. O México, anula a que suas jazidas fossem aproveitadas quer pela "Standard", quer pela "Royal Dutch". O resultado foi um permanente estado de subversão da ordem pública. Sucederam-se as revoluções: Madero contra Díaz, Huerta contra Madero, Carranza contra Huerta, Villa contra Carranza. O país não só foi sugado, como mergulhou no sangue no caos e, para redimi-lo, recuperando-o da penúria e da desordem, impôs-se a nacionalização, com a expulsão sumária dos "trusts" responsáveis. Sabem V. Exas., que ao fazê-lo, correu o México todos os perigos, inclusive o da intervenção militar anglo-americana.

Na Venezuela, Rómulo Bittencourt, publicista e político de renome, conta-nos que o petróleo, produzido anualmente um lucro bruto de 900 milhões de bolívares, apenas concede ao fisco 10% dessa quantia e, aos trabalhadores, 5%, remetendo o resto, com regularidade, para o exterior, particularmente para Londres.

O Sr. Wladimir Toledo Piza — Em compensação ganhou, durante 25 anos, uma ditadura — a do celeberrimo Gomez.

O Sr. Jânio Quadros — A despeito dessa fortuna sem paralelo, o meio milhão de crianças da nação continuou sem escolas e os seus três milhões de habitantes deserrados e famélicos, são presas do analfabetismo ou das endemias.

O Sr. Cid Franco — V. Exa. permite um aparte? (Assentimento do orador) — O nobre deputado Wladimir Piza teve ocasião de apontar V. Exa., referindo-se a ditadura que desgraçou aquele país. Se V. Exa. me permite, relembro, neste instante, o que na sessão da Câmara Municipal de São Paulo, de 23 de abril de 1948, tive ocasião de dizer, em nome do meu partido, sobre o assunto. A Standard Oil e a Royal Dutch and Shell, na questão do petróleo, governam o Brasil mais do que o nosso Governo. O interessante é notar que o Governo brasileiro, quer no ditatorial, quer o democrático de antes e o de agora, se mostra contra a nacionalização e a socialização do petróleo. Posso recordar o seguinte: Loch descobriu, desde longos anos, uma "oil-scapege", que exauria de quinhentos a seiscentos litros por dia. Entretanto, nas "Bases para o Inquérito", publicação do Sr. Ministro Odilon Braga, o Governo daquele tempo chegava a esta conclusão extraordinária: "No Brasil, onde o petróleo não foi descoberto, nem por acaso, nem por escudujado abundante...". Atém V. Exas.: o Governo daquele tempo, o Governo ditatorial posterior, como o Governo democrático de agora, de pés e mãos atados aos interesses da "Standard Oil" e de outros escravizadores do nosso povo.

O Sr. Jânio Quadros — Muito obrigado a V. Exa.

O Sr. Cid Franco — É possível que ainda tentamos outra ditadura, em virtude dessa mesma orientação.

O Sr. Jânio Quadros — Muito obrigado a V. Exa.

Não obstante, quando o Presidente Gallegos tentou taxar a renda líquida das companhias petrolíferas, foi deposto por um movimento militar. A interferência estrangeira é denunciada pelo próprio Gallegos. Reproduzo-lhe as palavras: "Para maior exatidão e precisão, declaro que o adido militar de potência estrangeira, a que me referi no aludido documento, é o coronel Adams, adido militar dos Estados Unidos da América, a quem um passo que merece té, viu no quartel do Batalhão Moço-Blindado, no qual estava confiada a guarda presidencial do Palácio Miraflores".

O Sr. Wladimir Piza — V. Exa. permite um aparte? (Assentimento do orador) — Fez o aparte para retificar apenas em parte o que acabo de dizer o nobre Deputado socialista Cid Franco. S. Exa. atribui ao Governo ditatorial do Brasil um política contrária aos

O sr. João Quadros — Obrigado a V. Exa. Não é um só, o processo da sua extração, do seu refino, do seu transporte, do seu comércio? A resposta vem, evidentemente, pela afirmativa. A distinguida, porém, há a circunstância de haverem aquelas se compenetrado do papel da nafta no mundo contemporâneo, fundando nela a sua independência, enquanto estas, julgando-se apenas mercadorias, transacionavam-na, despojando-se de si mesmas.

Com a intenção de demonstrar a V. Exa. a autenticidade do asserto, permitam-me que observe que em 1915, a Comissão Especial do Senado americano deu azo a que se tornassem conhecidos alguns princípios básicos da orientação seguida pelo próprio Executivo daquele país, de frente do problema. Hamilton, vice-presidente da "Gulf Oil", depondo, confessa: "Em várias ocasiões, sr. Presidente, representantes do nosso governo têm recomendado à nossa indústria de petróleo que eles gostariam de vê-la expandir-se no exterior, procurando reservas e possibilidades em países estrangeiros". A primeira vez que essa recomendação chegou ao meu conhecimento foi em 1920, quando representantes da nossa indústria foram chamados a Washington e aconselhados a sair para o estrangeiro e obter petróleo. Desde então, temos sido encorajados, em numerosas ocasiões, a conseguir campos produtores em vários países estrangeiros.

Nessa mesma ocasião, Mr. Loftis, chefe da Divisão de Petróleo do Departamento de Estado, corroborando as palavras de Charles Raynard, Conselheiro de Petróleo, desse Departamento, admite que treze ou quatorze altos auxiliares desse ministério americano foram distribuídos por vários pontos do mundo, "para ajudar as embaixadas na solução dos problemas do petróleo" e admite, ainda, que as companhias petrolíferas utilizam-se do correio diplomático para a transmissão das suas comunicações referentes aos próprios interesses privados. Não é outro o conteúdo do esboço redigido pelo general H. L. Peckham, pelo sr. Fraser, pelo sr. Edward Johnson. E' impossível dissociar essa indústria, no dizer das autoridades e dos particulares, do próprio governo dos Estados Unidos. Aliás, quem o afirma é Charles Raynard: "O Departamento de Estado tem adotado a posição de considerar que o interesse público dos Estados Unidos da América exige a máxima conservação das reservas nacionais próximas e a expansão em larga escala do controle, sobre as reservas estrangeiras de óleo. Ratifica-o Mr. Johnson: "O plano de atividade das companhias privadas americanas empenhadas na indústria do óleo no estrangeiro obedecerá a diretrizes altamente traçadas pelo nosso governo, e por ele mantidas com firmeza, e baseadas no entendimento e na mais completa cooperação, que deverão existir entre elas e o Departamento de Estado. Essa coordenação é essencial, dada a importância do petróleo para o bem-estar econômico deste país. O efeito dos planos de atividades das

companhias privadas sobre as diretrizes governamentais e destas sobre aquelas, não pode ser ignorado. Os objetivos externos da indústria petrolífera americana e os da política externa do governo não podem ser separados em dois compartimentos diferentes, sem perda de eficiência para ambos".

Não se suponha que a orientação "yankee" seja distinta da orientação britânica. E' Churchill quem fala: "Cumpra sermos proprietários ou, de qualquer maneira, os controladores nos lugares de extração, de uma razoável proporção de óleo bruto, conforme o exijam as nossas necessidades". Antes declarar, enfaticamente, na Câmara dos Comuns: "E' nossa política que o Almirantado deveria tornar-se, com plena independência, o proprietário e o explorador de jazidas capazes de atenderem as suas próprias necessidades de combustíveis líquidos".

O sr. Wladimir Fize — V. Exa. permite um aparte? (Assentimento do orador.) E' do próprio Winston Churchill a declaração feita a propósito do petróleo do Iraque, de que a frota de Sua Magestade só deveria garantir as empréssas petrolíferas do Oriente Próximo no momento em que o Governo de Sua Magestade pudesse ter participação direta na orientação da aquela indústria petrolífera.

O sr. João Quadros — Grato a V. Exa.

Nesse terreno, os anglo-saxões de um e outro lado do Atlântico, estão perfeitamente acordos. Wilson, Presidente de Estados Unidos, adverte: "Tendes ouvido falar em concessões feitas pela América Latina ao capital estrangeiro, mas não em concessões feitas pelos Estados Unidos ao capital de outros países. E que não damos concessões. Convidamos, sim, o capital estrangeiro a vir aqui colocar-se. Fazemos um convite, mas não concedemos privilégios. Os Estados que são obrigados a fazer concessões correm o grave risco de ver influenciar, dominadamente, no seus negócios, os interesses estrangeiros. Uma tal situação pode chegar a ser intolerável".

Se isso é certo em relação àquela República, assim-lo é, igualmente, o Reino Unido não permite alienígenas posuírem ou explorarem terrenos petrolíferos nas Ilhas, nas colônias ou nos protetorados, nem consente, por igual, que as empréssas britânicas vendam direitos conjuntamente ao petróleo a companhias controladas por estrangeiros, nem a pessoas físicas de outra nacionalidade.

O sr. Pedro Funguentello — (Com assentimento do orador) — Tem V. Exa. muita razão quando afirma que os países que derem tais concessões serão mais tarde influenciados, mesmo porque tal influência irá mais longe, alcançando igualmente a independência política dessa nação. (Muito bem). Ainda ontem, em meu discurso, quando analisava os fatores que poderão redundar no aumento da produção, tive oportunidade de referir-me ao livro muito conhecido de Eduardo Prado —

DISCURSO DE 2 DE ABRIL DE 1952

O SR. PRESIDENTE — O nobre deputado Paulo Teixeira de Camargo desiste da palavra. Estando praticamente atingida a hora do Expediente e achando-se vários oradores inscritos, dou a palavra ao primeiro inscrito, o nobre deputado Jânio Quadros que permitiu com o nobre deputado Broca Filho.

O SR. JÂNIO QUADROS — Sr. Presidente e srs. deputados. Antes de mais nada, os meus agradecimentos ao nobre companheiro André Broca Filho que me possibilitou vir à tribuna, e os meus agradecimentos, também, ao taquígrafo Ary Oswaldo Quirata que me auxiliou, na manhã de hoje.

Este discurso marca o início de uma série de trabalhos que, no lado de vários companheiros, tento promover, no sentido de alertar a Assembleia para a questão do petróleo, levando-a a influir na política da sua exploração e da sua industrialização. Não se pode admitir que o primeiro Estado da União, através do seu corpo legislativo, deixe de opinar sobre matéria cuja grandeza se confunde com a da própria soberania nacional. Cumpre observar, ainda, que a manifestação de São Paulo há de ser argumento decisivo. Os deputados que ora encetam estes debates de esclarecimento não têm outra intenção que não a de procurar influir a fórmula que melhor atenda a República e o seu povo. Sabem que a contenda reduz-se a dois campos e, destes, o dos nacionalistas é o mais ingênuo, porque infamado pela calúnia e pela malícia, pela publicidade e pelos métodos cascos dos opositores.

O Sr. Wladimir Piza — V. Exa. permite um aparte?

O Sr. Jânio Quadros — Honrado.

O Sr. Wladimir Piza — Há dias, quando abordava o mesmo assunto o nobre deputado Valentin Amaral, tive oportunidade de salientar que os "trusts" internacionais utilizam, na sua campanha, vários "slogans" de propaganda. Com relação a fósforos, por exemplo, sabe-se que o Sindicato Croider, que controla a indústria de fósforos no mundo inteiro, durante anos utilizava-se da superstição popular contra os concorrentes: havia fósforos que davam azar, fossem eles de cor ou de cabeça branca, fabricados em Limeira pelo nosso bom amigo Major Levy Sobrinho. Com relação ao petróleo, durante muito tempo, o "slogan" era este: "o Brasil não tem petróleo". Nessa ocasião, Monteiro Lobato sustentava que até os bois tinham conhecimento da existência do petróleo no Brasil. Já, agora, o "slogan" é outro: "defender a nacionalização do petróleo é ser comunista". O ilustre ex-Ministro da Guerra, General Sílvio Leal, foi apresentado, ainda há poucos dias, aos olhos do povo, como elemento que organizava o comunismo dentro do Exército, porque S. Exa., de fato, o chefe da campanha nacionalista do petróleo. Hoje, S. Exa. responde a essas investidas em entrevista que foi divulgada por matutinos do São Paulo e declara que jamais recebeu dos Comandantes de Região Militar que, por sua vez,

transmitem o ponto-de-vista dos comandantes de Corpos, nenhuma denúncia, qualquer denúncia positiva sobre infiltração comunista nas Forças Armadas. A infiltração comunista nas Forças Armadas pode existir hoje como existiu ontem. Hoje, entretanto, ela é focalizada, muito especialmente, para se criar o "perigo comunista", a fim de se poder taxar de comunista todo aquele que quiser defender a nacionalização do petróleo. É apenas um "slogan" dos "trusts" que querem explorar o petróleo brasileiro. (Muito bem!)

O Sr. Jânio Quadros — Obrigada a V. Exa.

(Lê.)

Situam-se nele, porém, e apresentam as razões da posição assumida; fazem-no nos campos e nas praças; nas tribunas menores das câmaras municipais; fazem-no aqui e nos dois ramos do Parlamento; identificam-se com todos os partidos e com todos os credores, na multiplicidade das suas vozes. Mas, o pensamento é um só, e o espasmo e sustentam com a convicção colhida no estudo, com a certeza do conhecimento da verdade e com o apelo que lhes empresta o civismo, que não recoga a confrontos. Pedem licença, sem embargo para recordar, reproduzindo passagem milenar, que "uma casa dividida por si mesma não pode subsistir". Essa verdade sobreleva, quando se converte no conceito da história dos combustíveis, onde quer que eles tenham sido encontrados, provocando a divisão da casa.

Os homens de boa fé e os homens dolosos, que contribuíram para a instabilidade do Estado no juízo e na resolução do problema, viveram bastante para que pudessem ver o edifício comum ruir, e, perecerem nos escombros. O petróleo escraviza ou emancipa; embrutece ou educa; traz fortuna fútil e coletiva, ou avilta a todos na miséria conjunta. Basta, para comprová-lo, passar os olhos pelas regiões produtoras. Enquanto, em algumas, a prosperidade subitânea enluta potências fabris e econômicas, em outras gera multitudes de desgraçados, a lembrança dos felas e dos párias, que mal alimentam os corpos desnudos. Nas primeiras, as catedrais universitárias; a ciência, as conquistas técnicas, o alto padrão de vida. Nas segundas, a ignorância, a superstição, o artesanato incipiente, a moléstia, a carência. Como explicá-lo? Não é uma só, a riqueza?

O sr. Wladimir Piza — (Com assentimento do orador) — Apenas para ilustrar o que V. Exa. disse. O livro "Um mundo só", da autoria do ex-candidato à Presidência dos Estados Unidos da América do Norte, sr. Wendell Wilkie, tem um trecho em que S. Exa. relata o que lhe foi dado observar em Teerã, capital do Irã, uma das grandes fontes de petróleo ainda existente no mundo. Naquela capital, a água de que se serve a sua população era a mesma que corria nas sargetas, era água servida, de despejos. Isto na Capital de um dos países mais ricos em petróleo do mundo inteiro.

FOTOCÓPIAS DO DIÁRIO OFICIAL
DO
ESTADO DE SÃO PAULO

**A opinião de Jânio Quadros
sobre o Monopólio Estatal
do Petróleo Brasileiro, antes
mesmo da criação da
Petrobrás.**

Discursos pronunciados na Assembléia
Legislativa de São Paulo, em 1952.

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Desp. No. 44
From Salvador, Bahia, Brazil

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From Salvador, Bahia, Brazil

of what Janio's broom will do if he is elected. The medical profession is decidedly restive at Janio's threat to centralize medical services. Many physicians here hold two, three and even four federal positions. Under the reorganized system they would lose their extra jobs -- and income.

James M. Flanagan
James M. Flanagan
American Consul

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Quadros party in the Summer Palace. The Summer Palace and the whole park at Ondina was a pet project of Governor Balbino who entertained there in great style. Juracy has avoided it religiously. The Palace has not been lived in for many months and it is singularly damp and unattractive in the winter season. Salvador seems to be having an early winter.

3. MARECHAL JUAREZ TAVORA

Yesterday Marechal Juarez Tavora stopped at the Salvador airport on his way to join the Quadros electioneering party in Bahia. Sporting the emblem of The Broom in his lapel, he was relaxed and cheerful, giving the reporters a glowing account of Janio's popularity in the Nordeste where he had just completed a tour. What hit the front pages of Salvador papers, however, was his off-the-cuff estimate of the impossibility of a military coup on October 3. None of the armed forces, he said, had the "moral authority" to contest with force the election of October 3. He was convinced that the present constitutional picture would be maintained and that there would be no return to the "epoca das quarteladas". He could foresee not even the minimum possibility of a "golpe".

What brought up the subject is not clear, though it was most probably a casual question of a reporter. The Marechal is very highly regarded in these parts and is known to be a close personal friend and comrade of Governor Juracy Magalhães. It is believed here that if any two persons in the Army group had the "moral authority" to mount a coup, those two would be Juarez and Juracy.

When questioned about Juracy's comportment in the presidential race, the Marechal pointed out that the Governor had taken a "noble" position in acceding to the decision of the UDN convention and that his, the Governor's, detachment from the electioneering campaign was a personal position and did not lend itself to observations.

4. LOTT GETS A LATE START IN BAHIA

Federal Deputy Waldir Feres (PSD) arrived in Salvador this week to organize the campaign committee of Teixeira Lott in Bahia. The committee will be composed of Vice-Governor Orlando Moscoso, Mayor Heitor Dias, Deputies André Negreiros (President of PSD), and Eduardo Catalão (President of PTB) plus a number of persons as yet undetermined selected from state and federal officials of the two parties and persons prominent in the economic, social and cultural life of the capital. It is intended that the committee will travel throughout the state creating and installing subordinate municipal committees.

In the face of Janio's accomplished organization Lott's group is late in getting started. Little campaign enthusiasm has been generated so far and the persistent appearance of dope stories about President Kubitschek withdrawal of support have not helped. The strength is there, however. The PSD is the major party in Bahia and there is the added point of Vice-Governor Moscoso's support. Moscoso has declared personally for Lott and has refused to follow the shift of his party, the PR, to endorsement of Janio. Again, there is increasing fear

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Janio's campaign has the green light as much as any campaign could have in this capital. It is typical, however, that there should be a note of reserve in this sophisticated audience. A photograph on the front page of today's *A Tarde* shows one of the crowds gathered to hear Janio in Rio Grande do Sul. The outlines beneath observe acidly that all three of the candidates, Janio, Adhemar and Lott, are predicting election by vast popular majorities and that therefore Brazil faces the danger in 1961 of having three presidents. ("Vê-se que o Brasil corre o perigo de, em 1961, ter três presidentes, todos eleitos por esmagadora maioria do povo brasileiro. Coisas da política.")

2. JANIO AND JURACY.

The unknown quantity in Janio's national campaign is the attitude of Governor Juracy Magalhães and it does not yet appear likely that Janio's presence in Bahia will force a clarification. Despite the maneuverings of Janio's campaign committee Governor Juracy has managed to maintain his detachment. On the surface everything is correct and proper. The summer Palace at Ondina will be turned over to Janio and his party. Mrs. Quadros, her daughter and Senhora Castilho Cabral will be met at the airport today by Mrs. Magalhães. Cars and functionaries of the Palace will be placed at the disposition of the Quadros and Castilho Cabral families and there will be extensive social entertainment. Earlier in the week Juracy sent a formal telegram to the São Paulo headquarters stating that the hospitality of the State of Bahia would be extended to Janio. The São Paulo headquarters immediately utilized this telegram as public proof that all was forgiven by Juracy and that he would henceforth give wholehearted support to Janio's candidacy. The UDN-linked *Diário de Notícias* of São Paulo carried an article (reprinted in Salvador's *Jornal da Bahia* on June 3) which stated that any division with the UDN resulting from Juracy's failure to win the presidential nomination no longer existed. Juracy countered neatly with a public statement that appeared on the front page of Salvador's *Jornal da Bahia* on June 3 to the effect that all three of the presidential candidates would be extended the hospitality of the State "sem constrangimento".

On the previous day, June 2, Governor Juracy had been even more blunt and specific. In a press interview he told a reporter that Janio Quadros would definitely receive no special hospitality, but would have the treatment and reception that the State intends to give all candidates who visit Bahia during their campaigns. He denied specifically the rumor that, through his son Deputy Juracy Magalhães Junior, he had made a private deal with Janio for special attention to be given Bahia's problems after the election. He rejected "com grande energia" this insinuation and said that the position he assumed in relation to the presidential succession had not and would not modify his responsibility for the betterment of Bahia.

It would appear that Juracy intends to maintain his distance from Janio's campaign and to reserve, if he can, full freedom of personal action. Two points are appreciated locally. First, Juracy did not go himself to welcome Janio into the state but sent a representative. Second, he stationed the

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REF :					
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SUBJECT: Electioneering in Bahia.					

1. JANIO OPENS HIS CAMPAIGN IN BAHIA.

Today, Saturday June 4, Janio Quadros opens his Bahian campaign. He arrives at noon in Canavieiras where he will have lunch and then proceed to Ilheus and then Itabuna. Tomorrow, June 5, he will visit Itapetinga and Conquista. On Monday he will spend the entire day at Jequié, participating in a meeting of the prefeitos of South and Southeast Bahia. On Tuesday, June 7, he will arrive in Salvador at 9:00 a.m. and proceed directly to a "debate" with the students of the Faculdade de Direito, University of Bahia, at 10:00. In the afternoon he will tour the Petrobras oil fields and speak to the Petrobras workers. He will dine with Governor Magalhães at 8:00 p.m. and then appear on the program "Falando Francamente" of the Radio Excelesior da Bahia at 9:00 p.m. On Wednesday, June 8, Janio will go to Santo Amaro, have lunch in Feira de Santana, visit Cachoeira, São Felix, Muritiba and Cruz das Almas, returning to Salvador for a grand public meeting scheduled to be held in the Praça da Sé at 7:00 p.m.

News of Janio's activities in southern part of the State will not reach the capital until next week. There is only a sketchy communications system and the local papers do not maintain quality stringers in the interior. Moreover the custom of putting out a combined Sunday-Monday edition will mean no newspaper coverage, or little of it, until Janio and his campaign group arrive in Salvador. The events with the most immediate impact will undoubtedly be the radio broadcast on Tuesday and the public meeting on Wednesday night in Salvador. What effect the face-to-face electioneering in the interior cities will have is not likely to be known for some time.

Bahia expects to see a rousing campaign and certainly the preliminary work on Janio's behalf has been shrewd and careful. Attached to this report is one of the campaign kits which were distributed well in advance of Janio's visit. The contents make identification with Janio easy and tempting. He is The Broom — the gilt lapel emblem in the shape of a broom says so. He is Old Popeyes — the automobile sticker with two eyes bugging out over the shaft of a broom says that Janio will Clean the Broom Out and keep an eye on the Peoples' Rights. Detailed reports of his São Paulo record, some up expensively in color, are there for the thoughtful. It is by no means the kind of kit one automatically discards as campaign "literature".

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FROM: RIO DE JANEIRO

TO: Secretary of State

NO: 1874, JUNE 2

EMBTel 1871

ACCORDING TO MORNING NEWSPAPERS, PRESIDENT KUBITSCHKEK ANNOUNCED YESTERDAY HE HAS REJECTED RESIGNATION OFFERED BY FINANCE MINISTER PAES DE ALMEIDA. PRESIDENT ALSO REJECTED RESIGNATION OFFERED BY RENATO COSTA LIMA, PRESIDENT OF IBC, WHO HAD EVIDENTLY OFFERED RESIGNATION AS EVIDENCE OF SOLIDARITY WITH PAES DE ALMEIDA.

PAES DE ALMEIDA LEAVING TODAY FOR UNITED STATES, REPORTEDLY TO SPEND ONE MONTH THERE. MAURICIO BICALHO, PRESIDENT OF THE BANK OF BRAZIL, HAS BEEN DESIGNATED INTERIM MINISTER OF FINANCE. CARLOS CARDOSO, DIRECTOR REDISCOUNT DEPARTMENT BANK OF BRAZIL, HAS BEEN DESIGNATED INTERIM PRESIDENT BANK OF BRAZIL. FRANCISCO VIEIRA DE ALENCAR HAS BEEN DESIGNATED EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF SUMOC REPLACING MARCOS DE SOUZA DANTAS, WHO HAD RESIGNED.

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ACCORDING TO UNVERIFIED PRESS REPORTS, FINMIN PAES DE ALMEIDA HAS SUBMITTED RESIGNATION TO PRESIDENT KUBITSCHKE. SOME PRESS REPORTS CLAIM KUBITSCHKE REFUSED ACCEPT RESIGNATION, BUT OTHERS CLAIM HE IS STILL STUDYING MATTER. ALL REPORTS AGREE RESIGNATION PROVOKED BY PUBLIC ATTACKS UPON PAES DE ALMEIDA BY "LOTT-JANGO NATIONALIST MOVEMENT". THOSE ATTACKS WERE SPARKED BY EDNA LOTT, DAUGHTER OF MARSHALL LOTT, AND CENTER AROUND HER ALLEGATION THAT PAES DE ALMEIDA HAS USED HIS POSITION TO HELP PROMOTE POLITICAL ITDUJL# JANIO QUADROS AND TO INJURE LOTT CAMPAIGN, WHICH ATTACKS LOTT HIMSELF HAS NOT SUPPORTED. SEE WEEKA 22 FOR MORE DETAILS ON SITUATION WHICH IN REALITY IS RESURRECTION NATIONALIST ATTACKS REPORTED WEEKA 34, AUGUST 21, 1959.

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São Paulo

Miscellaneous

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- 431 São Paulo Cost of Living Index - March 1960
- 432 Transmittal of Letter addressed to President Eisenhower
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- 434 Presidential Campaign Highlights, Week Ending May 28, 1960



William P. Cochran, Jr.
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9. IMF (Unclassified)

Of considerable local interest this week was the loan awarded to Brazil by the International Monetary Fund, prompting no less than five editorials. It will be remembered that the refusal of a similar loan some months ago created a cause célèbre in this country, with most segments of Brazilian public opinion supporting President Kubitschek's decision to forego any economic assistance dependent upon policy changes inside his own government. As a consequence, most of the editorials view the loan as a victory for Brazil and a formal capitulation on the part of IMF. "Brazil", declared João de Scantimburgo in Correio Paulistano, "has maintained her position as she ought to, and she has emerged victorious." In an opinion calculated to find much sympathy among Brazilians, this same paper stated that "The International Monetary Fund will finally understand that Latin American nations are beginning, with the unquestioned leadership of Brazil, to be clearly aware of their economic problems and of the solutions best suited to them, and not overcapitalized nations who manipulate, solely for their own interests, international financing agencies." The only paper to take a "pot shot" in the other direction was, predictably enough, anti-administration O Estado de São Paulo. While recognizing the value and the desirability of the new loan, O Estado charged that "it has not demonstrated the soundness of our economic-financial policy, but has defeated it, since it has been needed to prevent the collapse of Brazilian commercial exchange." O Estado was using this loan as an occasion for launching another attack in the paper's long-standing opposition to the Kubitschek government.

10. Other Press Items (Unclassified)

The coup d'état in Turkey was widely reported in all papers by the end of the week but had not yet stimulated editorial comment. Two more anti-Castro editorials appeared in the local press, one of them in Correio Paulistano and the other in O Estado de São Paulo. The latter was keyed to Cuban President Osvaldo Dorticos' brief stopover in São Paulo while en route to Buenos Aires and contrasted the lack of interest in his visit with the once-fiery enthusiasm manifested for Fidel Castro. The celebration of Argentina's independence, the orbiting of the United States MIDAS satellite, and the possibility of a US-USSR competition in neutron bombs were other items that received general but short-lived coverage in São Paulo.

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register pro-United States leanings. On a percentage basis, 62% of the comments were favorable, 38% took a more or less neutral stand, while not a single anti-United States opinion could be observed.

A trend toward broader treatment of the summit's international implications appeared, concentrating not so much on specifics such as Khrushchev's intransigence or the U-2 incident as on the problem of East-West differences in general. In an editorial entitled "Pray for Peace", for example, Diario de São Paulo's Ulysses Guimarães declared that "there is no longer any room for a 'Roman peace', a 'Soviet peace', or a 'Yankee peace'. Local happenings are now instantaneously international in their repercussions." On the other hand, Correio Paulistano saw a certain advantage for Russia in the collapse of the summit talks; in the words of columnist Meira Mattos, "it cannot be denied that the diplomatic initiative remains with the Soviets. Whether or not one believes in Moscow's sincerity, the truth is that Russian diplomacy is skillful at placing the United States in a most uncomfortable position." But, warns conservative O Estado de São Paulo at the same time, "a great struggle is beginning in the Soviet Union between dictatorship and doctrine, between the government and the Red papacy. Six or eight months, says Khrushchev (until the next summit). Apparently he is waiting for the North American elections. Yet it is likewise possible that he needs this time to engage in the supreme battle!"

In general, editorial opinion seemed to be on the American side. Wrote Barreto Leite Filho in Diario de São Paulo, "The indecorous brutality of Khrushchev's attacks against the United States and its President have been so revolting that the internal opposition to the Eisenhower Administration cannot permit any disunity." In a similarly anti-Soviet vein Correio Paulistano asserted that "The conclusion which we drew before remains unchanged: Khrushchev wants neither war nor peace; what interests him is maintaining this climate of tension and intimidation so favorable to the success of the cold war, through which Moscow has already seized enormous geographical areas and considerable numbers of human beings." And Folha de São Paulo, adopting a consistently pro-United States attitude throughout the summit fracasso, had this to say: "Any person with common sense who has studied dictators and dictatorships is convinced that the true reason (for Khrushchev's behavior at the summit) is that it (the U-2 incident) had no importance whatsoever, that the Russian leader used it as a pretext for not accepting, in the climax of a meeting which could have become memorable, a great proposition capable of propitiating, for the whole world, the lasting peace so long desired."

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had been denied visas by the Portuguese government. Mastrocola further charged that a pretended Italian journalist encountered in Rome was actually an agent of the Salazar government.

Labor

7. Labor Leaders in São Paulo (Official Use Only)

Union leaders from six states gathered in São Paulo on May 29 for a weekend conclave. The two day meeting sponsored by the São Paulo State Trade Union Council (CST) was held in the assembly hall of the large local union of metal workers, which is under considerable Communist influence. An estimated one hundred federation and local union officers from the city and state of São Paulo and some 50 trade union leaders from the states of Guanabara, Minas Gerais, Rio de Janeiro, Rio Grande do Sul and Parana attended the opening session.

The meeting was called ostensibly to discuss and formulate a position on new minimum wages, passage of federal legislation aimed at revising the existing social security system, liberalization of the right to strike, and the forthcoming national trade union convention scheduled to be held in July or August.

(Confidential): A large number of Communist Party trade union leaders attended the meeting. For example, the delegation from the new state of Guanabara included Roberto Morena, Hercules Correia, Plinio Alves, Rafael Martinelli, Newton Oliveira and Maria Segovia--all of whom are well known Communist Party members.

Comment: (Confidential) The Consulate General's Labor Officer believes that behind all this is an attempt on the part of the leaders of the CST and of trade union leaders from other parts of Brazil, particularly the Communists, to take the leadership of the Brazilian trade union movement away from the three large confederations and create a unified Brazilian trade union central.

Psychological

8. The Cold War (Unclassified)

While earthquakes and tidal waves in Chile constituted this week's biggest news story, the wreckage of the torpedoed summit conference in Paris still dominated the São Paulo editorial page. UN debates, President Eisenhower's TV address, Khrushchev's Moscow speech--all conspired to keep the cold war a hot issue. The over-all trend this week continued to run heavily in favor of the United States and her Western Allies. Eighteen editorials are on file, eleven of which

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overboard in criticising Janio's record as São Paulo Governor, rather than sticking to Janio's unstable temperament and demagoguery.

Despite Lott's continued public refusal to believe it, there were further stories of local Goulart deals to buy support from pro-Quadros quarters. The new Minister of Labor, João Baptista Ramos, in São Paulo for several hours at the end of the week to review problems with local labor leaders, announced that he would henceforth spend one day a week in São Paulo for this purpose. There were rumors that Lott agents were in town investigating possible favor dispensing to Quadros supporters with a view to recommending dismissals from federal office where this was found.

A local move during the week to petition Milton Campos to renounce the vice-presidential candidacy and avoid splitting the anti-administration vote was identified with Ferrari admirers but not with the FDC, under whose party label Ferrari is a candidate. Local UDN leaders were quick to denounce the move. The UDN of São Paulo is apparently prepared to support Milton Campos as it was not prepared to support the recently renounced candidacy for vice-president of Leandro Maciel (for further details, see São Paulo despatch 434, May 31, 1960).

6. Other Political Highlights (Official Use Only)

Mackenzie University architecture student strikers went back to class this past week after 12 weeks of striking and after apparently being threatened by a Ministry of Education representative that he would otherwise withdraw all proposals for a solution of their problems. The students, although largely complaining against an allegedly incompetent faculty, would also like to Brazilianize the university and eliminate the Board of Trustees in the United States. (Confidential): The University President Dr. Baker, an American, has discussed the problem with the Consul General and has arranged strong Brazilian support; also the situation has been reported to the American Embassy in Rio.)

State Secretary of Justice Diniz Junqueira (in charge of the campaign for 4 million registered voters in São Paulo), as well as several of his aides, have individually and privately admitted to this post's Deputy Principal Officer that a total of 3-1/2 million registered voters would be closer to the total to be ultimately achieved.

PSD State deputy Antonio Mastrocola said in the São Paulo State Assembly that he and other members of the International Committee for Amnesty for Political Prisoners and Exiles of Portugal and Spain

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reserve in case it is not possible to put over UDN State Secretary of Agriculture José Bonifacio Coutinho Nogueira for the governorship. Another pertinent observation from the same source--once elected president, Janio Quadros may interest himself more actively in the choice of candidates in São Paulo.

4. União Cultural Brazil-USSR (Official Use Only)

Ordinarily pro-United States Folha de São Paulo this past week reported that there will be installed in São Paulo in early June a União Cultural Brazil-USSR, with its own center, library, record center, and perhaps restaurant. It will promote cultural, scientific, artistic and athletic exchanges. It has reportedly established arrangements with appropriate USSR agencies. The University of Moscow will give scholarships. Intourist will cooperate on tourism. Soon after inaugurated, the organization will reportedly put on a big membership drive. Courses will be offered in the Russian language with the possibility of advanced study in the Soviet Union. Among the officers of the new organization listed in the news account were the following: Sergio Milliet, president; Judge Dacio de Arruda Campos, Professor Paulo Guimarães Fonseca, Justice Breno Caramuru Teixeira, and José Eduardo Fernandes, vice-presidents; João Belini Burza, secretary general; Aldo Lins e Silva, first secretary; Tito Fleuri, second secretary.

Comment: (Confidential) This announcement comes in the wake of the recent departure from São Paulo of the Moscow Circus and the Russian Trade Mission (both visits already reported by this post). If the announcement is true, a connection with these recent visits would seem likely. While the establishment of the União Cultural Brazil-USSR was not noted in other newspapers, the Folha de São Paulo news reporting is usually reliable and there has been mention of this new organization recently in another newspaper. The information in hand has been referred to the local CAS for further investigation.

5. The Presidential Campaign (Confidential)

Considering the amount of advance preparation, presidential candidate Lott's campaign through São Paulo's Paraíba Valley this past week fell far short of a startling success. Goulart abandoned Lott after the first day and Lott's explanations for non-support from Goulart and President Kubitschek were not convincing. A new development was Lott's violent attack against opposition candidate Janio Quadros whose unstable temperament, said Lott, disqualified him for the presidency. Lott said that Janio had violated his own proposal for a high level campaign, was a vulgar disseminator of calumny. Lott perhaps went

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revision. He is prepared to go along with all "practicable" amendments but is determined that a bill shall be passed. He sees major difficulties from the large landowners and from the extreme leftists. There are some 90 amendments already proposed which reflect the range from conservative to leftist viewpoints.

Comment: It will take some weeks at least before the bill comes before the full State Assembly. Debate on the bill is expected to shatter the relative calm which has prevailed in the State Legislature thusfar this year.

The prestige of the Governor and certainly the political talents and prestige (and 1962 gubernatorial aspirations) of Secretary of Agriculture Coutinho Nogueira will be significantly at stake in future action on the proposed agricultural revision.

3. UDN-PDC Alliance (Official Use Only)

A UDN-PDC alliance by which the PDC will get the São Paulo mayoralty nomination in 1961 and the UDN will get the São Paulo governorship in 1962, is now widely reported in local newspapers. This maneuver, reported by this post a number of weeks ago, is now publicly identified as a project of Governor Carvalho Pinto. Following upon PDC candidate Franco Montouiro's expressed willingness to withdraw if there were a stronger candidate, various neighborhood PDC organizations have sent to the Governor their endorsement of the Governor's reported favorite, Plinio de Arruda Sampaio, young PDC member and coordinator of the Governor's Plan of Action.

Comment: (Confidential) There is still the problem of PTN national president Emilio Carlos, avowed candidate for São Paulo mayor, who may not go along with the proposal to run instead for senator in 1962. There are various indications that the PTN does not regard itself as a true political ally of the Governor. For example, regional PTN president Chaves Amarante, speaking privately to this post's Deputy Principal Officer in recent weeks, observed that the PTN could not lose because in Janio Quadros they had Brazil's next president or São Paulo's next governor--no mention was made of Carvalho Pinto. The Governor has given his main support to the PDC and the UDN in the battles of the last two years for key offices in the State Legislature.

One local politico plausibly observed in private this past week that Carvalho Pinto has State Secretary of Public Works Faria Lima in

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In the latter connection, the president of the State Social Security Institute (IPESP) this past week launched an attack against a recent ruling by the State Tribunal of Accounts which allegedly obstructs execution of the PAC. The tribunal ruled that funds could be spent only for workers' homes, pensions, funeral benefits, etc. This, said the IPESP president would hold up the signing of 103 contracts with municipalities for schools, health centers, etc. With 338 such projects already finished and 225 in progress, IPESP has been a significant contributor to the Plan of Action. Rent and sales arrangements with the state make this construction profitable. Furthermore, the regular social security program, it is claimed, has not suffered--around 500 private homes are delivered monthly and various social security benefits are being paid regularly. Municipalities are lending their support to the IPESP objections.

Comment: (Confidential) Sampaio's action was in response to rumblings of complaint from a few legislators. The law authorizing 100 billion cruzeiros for the Plan of Action was a virtual blank check with little or no restriction as to specific projects or project categories. Much of the financing thusfar comes from regularly approved annual budgets. Certain parts of the plan, such as highways and power, come from past plans dating back to the governorship of Lucas Nogueira Garcez (1950-54). The professional head of the Governor's planning staff, Mr. Diogo Gaspar, has privately told this post's Deputy Principal Officer that, working within established criteria for establishing schools, health centers, bridges, etc., it is possible to meet the request of any pro-administration state deputy for a public works project; that the general shortages throughout the state make it unnecessary to turn any one away empty handed (i.e., it may not be possible to give a school, but it may be possible to furnish a bridge or a child care center). The deputies, said Diogo Gaspar, are interested in projects, not in relative costs. He also said that the state has been unofficially districted for the allocation of projects among the favored deputies to avoid resentments and competition.

Looking at the total sweep of events, one might conclude that Carvalho Pinto as Governor has used his until recently unrecognized political talents at first for administrative ends and now for more purely political ends (see item 3 below).

2. Agricultural Revision (Official Use Only)

Governor Carvalho Pinto, recognizing that his previously reported agricultural reform program had frightened many land owners with visions of expropriation and the like, now calls it agricultural

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AIR POUCH FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH	CONFIDENTIAL (Security Classification)	DO NOT TYPE IN THIS SPACE 732.00/5-3160								
FROM : Amcongen São Paulo	435	DESP. NO.								
TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		DATE: May 31, 1960								
REF :	RM/R(MR-FFENEY)-10 DC/L-30									
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For Dept.	ACTION	DEPT.	OTHER							
Use Only	REC'D									
SUBJECT: São Paulo Weekly Summary No. 48, Week Ending May 28, 1960										

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11. List of Substantive Despatches

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
BUREAU OF
INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS

JUN 5 1960

Political

1. Progress on Governor's Plan of Action (Official Use Only)

Plinio de Arruda Sampaio, Coordinator of the Governor's Plan of Action (PAC) and reported favorite candidate of Governor Carvalho Pinto for São Paulo mayor, convened press, radio and television representatives this past week to report progress and problems in the execution of the Governor's four year program. Since legislative approval of the plan on November 17, 1959, said Sampaio, 20.2 billion cruzeiros of expenditures have been authorized, 15.5 billions of this out of the regular budgets for the two years. For 1960, the plan contemplates the obligation of 24.9 billions, 13.2 billions of this out of the regular budget. Almost all 1960 budget expenditures (10.1 billions) have been authorized but only 2.7 billions of special credits for 1960 have been authorized. The total authorized thus far (20.7 billions) is 60% of the 33.7 billions programmed through 1960. Sampaio said that meetings of state officials had cleared away certain administrative delays but that nothing could be done to expedite land donation by municipalities or clearances by the Tribunal of Accounts.

see last page:mlf
REPORTER

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2. Commerce Union Ex-President Fights to Retain Office
(UNCLASSIFIED)

The weekly labor newspaper O Expresso has declared that Bernardo de Azevedo Madeira, ousted and discredited President of the Commerce Employees Union, has resorted to threats of violence in an attempt to intimidate his fellow union members. According to O Expresso, Madeira has sent a forged record of his acts as President of the union to the Regional Labor Delegate in Sao Paulo as a maneuver to retain office, while the Labor Ministry in Rio de Janeiro studies the "legality" of Madeira's removal. (See Weekly Comment of May 19, 1960.)

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Says O Expresso, "the case has already reached the realm of the ridiculous."

III ECONOMIC

1. Coffee for the Soviet Bloc (LIMITED OFFICIAL USE)

The reporting officer is reliably informed that the Sociedade Algodoeira do Nordeste Brasileira (SABNKA) has sold 75 tons of Rio-type coffee to Albania. The shipment is scheduled to leave Rio de Janeiro for Durazzo via Gdynia on May 29 on board the Polish Ocean Lines vessel Warynsky. Payment for the transaction will be in sterling via the Bank of China.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

SABNKA earlier this month shipped 100 tons of Santos-type coffee to Shanghai from Santos via the Polish Ocean Line S/S Slowacki. As in the Albanian transaction, the buyer was also the China National Tea Corporation (Kwangtung Branch) in Canton, Red China. Payment likewise was effected in sterling in London. The reporting officer understands that the local coffee firm of Synval Mello has also been active of late in shipping coffee to Poland.

IV CONSULAR

1. General (UNCLASSIFIED)

Consular operations have continued normally during the past week and there is nothing especial to report.

V ADMINISTRATIVE - Negative.

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substantial assistance from the Brazilian Government to meet its deficit.

Coury, incidentally, will be a candidate for Mayor of Santos in the next elections.

4. Lott Candidacy to be "Dynamized" in Santos (UNCLASSIFIED)

PSD City Councilman Orlando de Almeida Mattos stated this week that "from June 1 onward the campaign of Marshal Teixeira Lott will be dynamized...." Mattos added that Lott will visit Santos during the month of June.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The tone of Mattos' remarks gives the reporting officer the impression that Mattos was tacitly admitting that Lott's campaign in Santos had yet to get off the ground.

Mattos' three other PSD colleagues on the Santos City Council have all come out strongly for Janio Quadros.

5. Argentine Independence Celebrated With Pomp (UNCLASSIFIED)

On May 25 the 150th anniversary of the May Revolution assuring Argentine freedom was observed locally with great ceremony. A Te Deum was celebrated in the Cathedral by the Bishop with considerable pomp, while at night an elaborate reception, complete with specially-imported Argentine guardas de honor, was offered at the Parque Balneario Hotel for several hundred persons.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

These festivities must have cost Argentine Consul Salvador Armando Zito no inconsiderable sum of money.

11 LABOR

1. Labor Leader Denies Support of Janio Quadros (UNCLASSIFIED)

Julio Gonçalves Pinheiro, President of the Minerais Workers Union, has denied that he authorized his name to appear on a manifesto supporting the Presidential candidacy of Janio Quadros which recently appeared in the Rio press. Pinheiro said such political activity was incompatible with his position as vogal for the employees of the Santos Labor Court.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Pinheiro's union is a small one, and he is not known to the reporting officer. Nonetheless, Janio Quadros has picked up fair support among the local labor unions.

2. Commerce Union

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It is the reporting officer's impression that anti-communist elements in the Forum Sindical de Deputados did an effective job of cold shouldering a prestigious apologist for the communist cause.

A despatch has been prepared by the reporting officer on the Santos activities of Professor Corbisier.

2. Local newspaper infiltrated by Communists (LIMITED OFFICIAL USE)

The reporting officer is informed by Oduvaldo Batista, an employee of the Santos daily newspaper O Diario and in his own right editor of the labor weekly O Expresso, that the editorial content of O Diario is influenced by communists on its staff, notably Luis Rodrigues Corvo, its youthful chefe de reportagem and editor of its labor page, and by Antonio Nunes, Secretary of the newspaper. According to Batista, Nunes actually runs the newspaper, while Corvo attempts to slant its reporting to favor the communist line. Batista also emphasized that O Diario has a low circulation and steadily loses money.

Comment: (LIMITED OFFICIAL USE)

O Diario is one of the "Diarios Associados" chain owned by Assis Chateaubriand. Its ostensible managing editor is Paulo Freitas de Andrade, who actually manages the financial side of the paper, leaving the news-gathering responsibility to Nunes.

Although apparently a doctrinaire Marxist, Nunes nevertheless has always cooperated fully with the Consulate and USIS in placing material in O Diario. In fact, the Consulate often has found O Diario more willing to carry USIS material than its conservative rival A Tribuna with which, notwithstanding, the Consulate also enjoys excellent relations.

3. Moscow Circus Benefit for Santos Charity Falls Through
(UNCLASSIFIED)

The reporting officer is informed that the plans to have the Moscow Circus playing in Sao Paulo devote a performance to benefit the Santa Casa de Santos have fallen through. (See Weekly Comment dated April 28, 1960.) The original arrangements were supposed to have been made on behalf of the hospital by Athie Jorge Coury, Sao Paulo State Deputy from Santos, but when the hospital's officials checked with circus officials to confirm the plans, the Russians professed no knowledge of Coury's "arrangements".

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Coury, in the meantime, has gone to Europe with the Santos Football Team, of which he is a former star and keen supporter. The Santa Casa is expected to reiterate its pleas for urgent and substantial

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Enclosure - Depatch No. 437,
São Paulo

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OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM

TO: American Consulate General, São Paulo Date: May 27, 1960
FROM: American Consulate, Santos *VPR*
SUBJECT: Weekly Comment on Events in Santos
REF:

No Comment
JTS

I POLITICAL

1. Leftist Professor's Speech Cancelled for Lack of Interest (UNCLASSIFIED)

On May 20 Professor Roland Corbisier, Director of the Instituto Superior de Estudos Brasileiros (ISB), arrived in Santos to address local labor union members on the subject "Nationalism and development". His speech, originally scheduled for May 13 and postponed at Corbisier's request, was sponsored by the Santos Forum Sindical de Debates and was to be given in the headquarters of the Humanitarian Society of the Commerce Employees Union. According to Luis Rodrigues Corvo writing in the newspaper O Diário (see item 2 below), at the request of Orlando Sposito, President of the Graphic Industries Workers Union, Mayor Silvio Fernandes Lopes arranged for Corbisier to use the humanitarian society's hall.

However, when Corbisier arrived in Santos he found not only that practically no publicity had been given to his speech but that nobody had arranged to meet him or even provide him with a place to spend the night. Slighted, Corbisier left Santos at once, saying, however, that he would return if at any future time there were real interest here in his "ideas".

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Corbisier spoke in Santos on April 28 on the same general topic before a distinguished group at the Catholic Law School. He was coldly received when he used the theme of nationalism to disguise his advocacy of communist doctrine.

The only advance publicity given to Corbisier's speech planned for May 20 was a squib in O Diário, which later fully reported Corbisier's failure in a sympathetic article written by Luis R. Corvo (see item 2 below).

Orlando Sposito has been reliably identified to the reporting officer as an active communist, and the Commerce Employees Union in Santos is known to be infiltrated by communist elements.

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 TO: THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.
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 IN OTHER
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 C-19-15 USIA-10 OGA-1 OSD-4 ARMY-4 NAVY-4
 COM-10 LAB-6 TR-8 FRB-3
 AG-3

SUBJECT: Santos Weekly Report

note: Endorsed 6/7/60

Transmitted herewith for the information of the Embassy and the Department is the weekly report from the American Consulate at Santos, dated May 27, 1960. Regarding Item I-2, experience in this area indicates that it is not uncommon to find Communists or pro-Communists on the staff of large city newspapers, even the conservative ones. However, their infiltration of the editorial staff is not too common.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
 Consul General

Enclosure:

Santos Weekly Report,
 dated May 27, 1960

cc: Amembassy, Rio



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Desp. No. 24
From Belo Horizonte

has now a better than even chance of winning the Presidency at the State level. The Vice Presidential picture is still confused, although the consensus seems to be that "Jango" will win in the end. However, Adhemar de Barros is a force to be reckoned with as is Plinio SALGADO. It is expected that both Adhemar and Plinio will come up with last moment decisions which will have far reaching effects on the October elections. It is well known that both de Barros and Salgado control a considerable lot of votes between them. Should both of them decide to back the same candidate the resulting imbalance in the political picture will be even more confusing.

Anthony E. Starcevic
American Consul

- (1) During the past week crudely painted signs have sprung up on strategic, prominent walls throughout the city and the countryside touting "DINIZ E FERRARI". It will be remembered in this connection, that Saulo DINIZ, former member of the Minas PTB and still a State Legislator, elected under a PTB ticket, was refused a non-immigrant visa at the Embassy/Rio de Janeiro in February, 1957.

Copy: Political Section/Embassy, Rio through Supervising Consul Gen.

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Disp. No. 24

From Belo Horizonte

REACTION: CHESSMAN CASE

The execution of Caryl Chessman on May 2, 1960 set off a predictable emotional outburst here. Within moments of the announcement that Chessman had been executed the Consulate was flooded with telephone calls that ranged from simple protests against "American justice" to vulgar and profane threats against all Americans in general and this Consulate in particular. During the first afternoon following the execution the Consulate received over thirty calls -- all but one protesting in violent terms the action taken by the State of California. The residence of the Consul was also besieged with similar calls until the early morning hours of May 3rd. Throughout the week calls continued although gradually decreasing in number. On at least two occasions threats of attack on the Consulate and the Residence resulted in the Consulate asking for police protection which was immediately forthcoming.

The local press and radio played the story for all it was worth, adding fiction to fact whenever it suited their purposes. One radio station refused to play any American music for 24 hours at the same time claiming that the American Consul had fled the city to avoid the protest. (In fact he was attending the Consular Conference in Rio.) The press reported incorrectly that the American flag had not been displayed on the day of the execution "to hide the location of the Consulate". Although three newspapers interviewed the Vice Consul in charge, only one paper printed the interview.

Strangely quiet during all of the proceedings were the local student groups who usually leap to such a challenge. It is known that members of the faculty of both local law schools held special meetings at which time the case was discussed from a strictly legal viewpoint. Students attending the meeting informed Vice Consul Martin that it had had a visible quieting effect on student feelings.

From this vantage point -- one month after the execution -- few visible scars of hard feeling remain. The Chessman headlines have long since been replaced by stories of the U-2 incident and the failure of the Summit meeting -- two incidents which have found the local press in most cases defending the United States position.

GENERAL COMMENT:

It is still early in the game for "sound" predictions, but we feel that despite everything that has occurred, the PSD is still the party to beat. Consensus is that PSD cannot lose the elections. Consensus still is that Magalhães Pinto has no chance. However, Jânio QUADROS, with PR's support,

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Encl. No. --
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From Belo Horizonte

San Tiago DANTAS, Camilo NOGUEIRA DA GAMA, Tancredo NEVES and Benedito VALADARES.

During the month PTB figured prominently in a May 13 decision handed down by the presiding Judge of the Regional Electoral Tribunal, who in a surprise move declared non-existent the title and the position of "President of the Executive Commission of the PTB in Minas Gerais" held by Camilo Nogueira da Gama, and named the present Secretary of Agriculture, Alvaro MARCILLIO, as the true President of the State party. This controversy within the party between Nogueira da Gama and local PTB leaders had been boiling for some time. Despite the decision of the Electoral Tribunal, Secretary Alvaro Marcillio made no move to occupy the presidency of the party; and conversely Camilo Nogueira da Gama showed no evidence that he would step down in accordance with court decision until May 30, when the matter was settled in Rio de Janeiro by "Jango" Goulart, who ordered Nogueira da Gama to give up in favor of Marcillio.

The UDN (National Democratic Union) activity was relatively small during the month. Mr. Magalhães Pinto has been quietly mending backland fences and it is strongly rumored that he is gaining more and more dissident PR and PSD support. The UDN leader cut short his campaign and journeyed to Rio de Janeiro in late May to greet Milton CAMPOS on his return to Brazil. In this connection Mr. Fernando FERRARI, who has been riding the UDN band wagon in this State, was in prominent evidence at Montes Claros during the past week. We have observed that Mr. Ferrari is building a name for himself as a personable fellow, politically astute, and one who could be good for the country as Vice President. Despite the fact that no love is said to be lost between Milton Campos and Mr. Ferrari, we have heard that a "deal" may be in the making on the premise that Ferrari's popularity cannot be denied for very long. We have heard also positively that Mr. Ferrari will be elected Vice President of the Republic with but the slightest nod from Milton Campos. (1)

On the PSP (Social Progressive Party) front we note that more and more "petebistas" are aligning themselves quietly, not openly, with Adhemar de BARROS.

POLITICAL-ECONOMIC

On the political-economic front we have learned that the Hanna Coal and Iron Company's difficulties with State and Federal officials will shortly be ironed out. We have heard that Hanna will begin actual mining operations within 30 days. It appears that Hanna's concerted diplomatic efforts in Rio have paid off in that Hanna is now allied with the powerful Brazilian Fernando MELLO VIANA group. This group has taken over the entire operation and physical property of the St. John Del Rey "Gold" Mining Company at Nova Lima, leaving the iron deposits to Hanna and the original British Company retaining 25% of the shares.

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

FROM : AMCONSUL, Belo Horizonte

NO. 24

TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.

May 31, 1960

REF :

ACTION	DEPT.
For Dept.	N
Use Only	OTHER
RECORDED	FILED
INDEXED	FILED

ANAL-4 R/R 2 IRC-6 SY-2
CIA-IC USA-IC NAVY-3 FBI-1

SUBJECT: POLITICAL EVENTS: COMING ELECTIONS.

May was the month of predicted political surprises. The big question in Minas Gerais is, not what has the PR (Republican Party) done at a national level in going over to Jânio, but what has Jânio promised the PR to make it attractive enough to cause the party to endorse him across-the-board. Here in Minas consternation is the watchword of the day. Local party chiefs have assured all and sundry that the PR will keep its word and back on Tancredo NEVES for Governor of Minas Gerais. It is the Consulate's opinion that; in view of the lax discipline which prevails in and characterizes the PR, and given the fact that PR is dedicated to opportunism - it can safely be said that the PSD (Social Democratic Party) has suffered a stunning blow; and that while the nucleus of the PR within the municipality of Belo Horizonte vociferously proclaims its loyalty the rank and file of "peristas" in the interior can be counted upon to bolt and side with Magalhães PINTO, whose popularity suddenly grows by leaps and bounds.

On another front, we are told, the PTB (Brazilian Labor Party) and the PSD signed a formal protocol on the banks of the São Francisco River at Manga, on the 24th of May. This protocol is said to have consolidated the majority's position and provides an escape valve in the touchy PSD-PTB picture anent the Vice Governorship of the State. This safety valve is said to provide merely that PTB will go along with any PSD commitments. It appears, therefore, that this virtually assures the election of PR's Clovis SALGADO to the Vice Governorship. Nevertheless, Mr. San Tiago DANTAS has entered into a vigorous campaign to forward his PTB candidacy for Vice Governorship of the State.

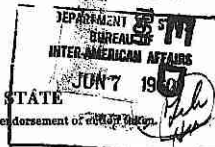
The Consulate has been informed in connection with the reported PTB-PSD protocol that there is no truth to the matter; that party luminaries met at Manga merely to iron out certain matters of importance. It is noted that problem caused by the recent death of Senator Lima GUTIERREZ. It is noted here that 1962 elections for senatorships will see two Minas Gerais chairs unoccupied. In this connection we are told that the Minas protocol resolved the fact that one chair would go to PSD and one to PTB. Among those present, aside from Governor Bias FORTES, were José Maria ALKEMIN.

AESTarcevic
Richard R Martin/kfk
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From São Paulo

Officer during the week that Governor Carvalho Pinto's endorsement of a vice-presidential candidate might be resolved this coming month. Castelano denied that recent talks between Ferrari and Carvalho Pinto had been conclusive. Regarding possible competition from Ferrari for the presidency five years hence, Castelano said that assurances for 1965 were being offered to the Governor.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

cc: Amembassy, Rio

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Lott's agents are in São Paulo investigating, that Federal officials "buying" support for Goulart from pro-Quadros quarters will be recommended for dismissal.

There does not seem to be any noticeable attempt by Goulart to strengthen or work through the PTB in São Paulo. One competent source privately suggested some time ago that Goulart did not wish to build his party's strength in São Paulo for fear that it might threaten his national party leadership. Certainly the party's national command could have shown a far greater interest than it has in recent years in resolving or ameliorating internal party conflicts in São Paulo (whether any noticeable interest has been shown is debatable).

4. Campos vs. Ferrari (Official Use Only).

During the past week, stands were set up at various points and jeeps with loud speakers toured the city soliciting residents of the São Paulo capital city to sign a petition requesting UDN candidate Milton Campos to withdraw from the vice-presidential race and thereby avoid dividing the opposition vote between two candidates. While the move was attributed to friends of PDC candidate Ferrari, it was generally reported that the move had no apparent support from PDC quarters. UDN spokesmen were quick to denounce the maneuver.

Meanwhile pro-Campos quarters were reportedly busy at work in São Paulo building up and organizing propaganda and committees. According to UDN Federal Deputy Herbert Levy, Campos will travel little and will rely heavily on newspaper, TV, and radio campaigning.

COMMENT: (Confidential) There are various reports of a UDN-PDC deal that would encompass the vice-presidency (i.e. the UDN already supports the PDC's candidate Ney Braga for Parana governor and PDC support has been indicated for UDN gubernatorial candidates in Minas Gerais and Guanabara). However, certain incidents of the past week suggest that, while there may be a UDN-PDC alliance taking shape for this year's elections (see also São Paulo Despatch No. 435, May 31, 1960, Item 3), it does not presently include the vice-presidency. Various UDN spokesmen in this area ~~have~~ during the week referred to Ferrari as a pro-administration candidate competing against Goulart. This would indicate that the UDN is not presently ready to endorse Ferrari. On the other hand, it seems unlikely that the PDC would at this stage abandon Ferrari through whom the PDC hopes to achieve nationwide strength.

PDC State Deputy Felidano Castelano, majority leader in the State Assembly, privately told this post's Deputy Principal

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work was needed in the capital city. The committee is expected to be officially inaugurated shortly via a manifesto.

COMMENT: (Confidential) The reported emphasis on the capital city may possibly explain certain recent actions by Governor Carvalho Pinto. Although approval last year of the Governor's 100 billion cruzeiro four-year program (Plan of Action) supposedly eliminated the need for and the desirability of private legislation for local projects, the Governor this past week approved bills providing for fifteen high schools in the capital (where PSP presidential candidate Adhemar de Barros is mayor) and one in Santos (also governed by a PSP mayor). In addition the Governor was party to an elaborate ceremony during the week at which the state signed 600 million cruzeiros worth of contracts for water and sewer construction in the capital city. It was then announced that all of the water supply needs of the capital would be met by the end of the Governor's term in 1962. All of this could be a part of normal program execution, or a start on the March 1961 mayoralty campaign, or the building of a stronger pro-Quadros campaign base in the capital city.

3. Pro-Goulart Maneuvers (OFFICIAL USE ONLY).

On May 28, thenew Minister of Labor and ex-Federal Deputy from SGO Paulo, Joao Baptista Ramos, met with local labor leaders for some three hours in the office of the SGO Paulo Regional Delegate of Labor. They discussed the sale of houses to worker tenants, the installation of ambulance facilities in the state, free trips for workers to Brazilia (courtesy of certain local newspapers, airlines, and others), minimum wage increases, etc. (A despatch on the meeting is being prepared.) The Minister of Labor announced that he would henceforth spend every Friday in SGO Paulo to deal with SGO Paulo's labor and social welfare problems.

Goulart himself, in his one speaking appearance with Lott in SGO Paulo during the week, lauded achievements of the Kubitschek regime, praised Governor Carvalho Pinto and called attention to social welfare services (i.e. an ambulance post) being installed locally. Pro-Lott PTE State Deputy Rocha Mendes said earlier in the week that he was speaking with Goulart's authority in denying Goulart's authorization to any J-J (Quadros-Goulart) movement.

COMMENT: (Confidential) Goulart this past week again crossed up advance publicity and walked out on Lott in the state of SGO Paulo. Goulart's one speech made no mention of candidate Lott. One continues to hear stories that Goulart and his agents are "soliciting" support from pro-Quadros politicians. Despite Lott's public insistence in SGO Paulo that he does not believe that Goulart is responsible for any J-J movements, there are rumors that

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victorious, recalled his consistent position on this and said that if the people are bent on suicide (tem vocação suicida), Janio would take office. Lott recalled that Janio had proposed a high-level campaign, but then had attacked the government in a violent and unjust manner.

Lott explained that he and Goulart had to split up in campaigning in order to cover the nation, then added as further excuse that Goulart had had a bad case of the grippe. President Kubitschek, said Lott, had every right to campaign in support of Lott, but was overwhelmed in work due to the move of the nation's capital. Lott agreed with criticisms of Finance Minister Paes de Almeida (over government non-payments to social security), but said that he did not favor, nor had he in any way been a party to his daughter's recent demands for, Paes de Almeida's dismissal. The Marshal reaffirmed that he did not have, and would not make, any deals with Communism.

COMMENT: (Confidential) The alleged recent revitalization of the Lott campaign (mentioned in last week's report from this post) does not seem to have sparked, at least in São Paulo. Lott's excuses for Goulart's absence appear to be just that--excuses. Also it would seem that personal campaigning support from Kubitschek can not be expected, at least not in the immediate future. Lott's supporting clique during the past week in São Paulo was mostly limited to PSD deputies (State and Federal), some military officers, and some pro-administration industrialists.

Lott's attack against Janio's emotional instability could be effective--not so his attack against Janio's achievements as governor of São Paulo. At one point Lott told a reporter that he was postponing moving on in his campaign into Parana so as to permit a fuller program by which he could meet all the requests on his time (later Lott changed his mind). While this could be the reason, one would suspect that Lott, because disappointed with his Paraíba trip, was reluctant to go on to Parana. Advance agents had done a lot of preliminary groundwork for Lott's Paraíba Valley visit.

2. More Pro-Quadros Committees (Official Use Only).

A move is on foot to establish a Carvalho Pinto Committee pro-Janio Quadros whose membership would include State Deputies and State cabinet officers. São Paulo Governor Carvalho Pinto would be honorary chairman. The chief promoters are State Deputies Araripe Serpa (PTN) and Mario Telles (PL). Various newspapers report a meeting during the week to discuss the proposed committee at the home of State Assembly President Abreu Sodré, with Janio Quadros and various State Deputies present. Janio allegedly expressed faith in the mayors in the interior but said that more

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH		434		732.00/5-3160	
FROM :	Amcongen, SAO PAULO	DESP. NO.	434	DATE	May 31, 1960
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.				
REF :					
ACTION	DEPT.				
For Dept.	REC'D	OTHER			
Use Only	6-6-60	CIA-10 DIA-10 NAVY-3 ARMY-4 AIR-6			
SUBJECT: Presidential Highlights, Week Ending May 28, 1960					

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1. Lott Lashes Out Against Janio
2. More Pro-Quadros Committees
3. Pro-Goulart Maneuvers
4. Campos vs. Ferrari

1. Lott Lashes Out Against Janio (Official Use Only).

Marshal Teixeira Lott's three days of presidential campaigning this past week in the Paraiaba Valley of the state of São Paulo were highlighted by (a) a vigorous attack against opposing candidate Quadros, (b) the absence of running mate Goulart after the first day, (c) a moderately strong start and a weak finish, (d) an apology for President Kubitschek's inability to campaign. At one point Lott charged that Janio had asked troop intervention against the farmer's march of production in 1958; then Lott later recanted and told the press that Janio had been among those concerned with maintaining law and order at that time. Janio, said Lott, swung from left to right, courting Communists and then seeking to put Petrobras under the Esso flag. Janio as São Paulo governor had done nothing for the people's health, education, industry, etc; and only increased the sales and transaction tax to empty the peoples' pockets. Along the way, Lott labeled Quadros as a vulgar disseminator of calumny.

To the press in the capital city, before departing, Lott listed three Quadros defects: (1) a pendulum shifting from left to right, (2) abuse of aides, (3) irresponsible reaction to obstacles. Janio, said the Marshal, is emotionally unstable, in no condition to rule the country. The ex-War Minister pressed as to whether he would let Janio take office.

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ACTION	ASSIGNED TO	ACTION	TAKEN	JUN 8 1960	
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OFFICE SYMBOL	ACTION	FORM	DATE OF		
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From Salvador, Brazil

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From _____

at São Paulo and not Bahia. The more cynical in this group believe that Ademar is building up his nuisance value and will sell out for the job of Minister of the Treasury in the new administration. The more serious minded label him as "transparent", "not clever" and "a man without a moral platform".

Speaking of a meeting he had with President Kubitschek, Ademar hinted that he had been offered various political prizes but that he would not be seduced from his purpose: "Não aceito Governo do Estado da Guanabara, não me seduz a fórmula de vice na chapa de Lott e não recuarei; serei candidato de qualquer forma". On the subject of Brasília Ademar stated that the idea was magnificent but the execution disastrous: "A ideia de Brasília foi magnífica. Mas a maneira como foi construída, foi um desastre. Juscelino preocupou-se em fazer uma cidade de fachada. Hoje, com 30% das obras feitas, temos um triângulo no planalto brasileiro: Brasília, a fome e a inflação". Ademar foresees another world war and stated that Brazil should prepare for it by establishing a complete federal monopoly that would make the nation economically self-sufficient: "Precisamos fazer com a Petrobrás o que fizemos com Brasília".

James M. Flanagan

James M. Flanagan
American Consul

cc: Amembassy, Rio de Janeiro.
Supervisory Consul General, Rio de Janeiro.

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AIR POUCH		OFFICIAL USE ONLY (Security Classification)		DO NOT TYPE IN THIS SPACE 732 00/5250 MAY 27 1960	
FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH		-40- DESP. NO.		MAY 25, 1960 DATE	
FROM : Amconsul SALVADOR, Brazil.					
TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.					
REF :					
ACTION		DEPT.			
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6-8		CIA 10 USIA 12 NAVY 3		INTER. AFFAIRS	
SUBJECT: POLITICAL: Ademar de Barros: Campaign tour of Bahia.					

On May 22nd Ademar de Barros completed a four-day campaign tour of Bahia which anticipated almost exactly the tour projected by Janio Quadros for early June. (See Despatch No. 39, May 20, 1960) Ademar's itinerary included Itabuna, Ilheus, Conquista, Poções, Salvador, Ipitanga and Jequié. His major radio address was broadcast from Salvador on May 21.

The duplication of the route Janio intends to take was almost certainly no accident. Ademar has the reputation of being an accomplished scene-stealer and there are many stories current of his sharp-witted opportunism. In this instance, however, his talent brought him little profit, for he was received coldly, even cynically in Bahia. His radio speech got one-day front page coverage, but there were no sidebar stories and little editorial comment. Ademar himself explained his failure to attract and impress crowds in the interior cities as a general lack of "energy" and poor scheduling of meeting hours. These excuses might be well taken, but he could not use them to explain the complete frost given his radio address from Salvador. He spent considerable money on this venture, hiring a nationally known singer to spice up the program. In conjunction with the PSP he invited government and municipal officials to the broadcasting studio. Thirty persons attended. The two radio stations that carried Ademar's program flatly and rudely refused to give him credit. They insisted upon and got, cash in advance, one 40,000 cruzeiros and the other 60,000 cruzeiros.

It was clear that Ademar pinned his hopes on influencing the audiences of the interior. He told reporters that he would return before election day, "a fim de dar maior amplitude a sua propaganda no interior". His radio speech was given slowly in the simplest language and promised Bahia all the good things he had achieved for São Paulo. To the politically sophisticated along the coast this was hilarious. They made jokes about Ademar's famous "caixinha", the little box into which he is alleged to have dropped the tax money. São Paulo. They noted that he had not "dared" attempt public square meetings, that the histrionic points of his radio talk were directed

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headquarters. Janio extensively uses polls and other methods of measuring voting strength as a basis for planning his campaign itineraries.

The interpretation of Adhemar's impact on the candidacies of Lott and Janio is the same as that given to the reporting officer in recent times by pro-Lott PSD Federal Deputy Cunha Bueno, by anti-Quadros publisher of *Folha de São Paulo* Nabantino Ramos, and by pro-Quadros State Secretary of Labor Paulo Marzagão (gubernatorial campaign manager of Governor Carvalho Pinto in 1958).

William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

cc: Amembassy, Rio

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(i.e. the U.S.). Janio politically would align with the free world and the Americas. The reporting officer then suggested that the real danger in the third force economic approach cited above lay in its being exploited by the Communists to destroy or weaken; this could happen even in spite of Janio's great intelligence. Quintanilha Ribeiro offered no objection to any of the foregoing except to insist that there was no danger that the Communists would be able to exploit politically Janio's third force economic approach.

Regarding the presidential campaign, Quintanilha Ribeiro gave the following line-up of states for and against Janio, emphasizing that this was as of the present moment and had no bearing on what the situation might be on September 30.

For Janio

São Paulo (60 to 65%)
Rio Grande do Sul
Santa Catarina
Paraná
Espírito Santos
Pernambuco
Guanabara
Mato Grosso
Rio Grande do Norte
Piauí

Against Janio

Minas Gerais
Rio de Janeiro
Pará
Paraíba
Alagoas
Goiás
Ceará
Maranhão (large margin)
All territories

The rest of the states were undecided, said Quintanilha Ribeiro. He does not think that there will be more than 3-1/2 million registered voters in São Paulo despite Governor Carvalho Pinto's 4 million registration goal.

Quintanilha Ribeiro believes that Adhemar has a sort of mystical faith that one of the other two candidates will either die or withdraw. In such a case, Adhemar feels that his chances for victory will be good. Quintanilha Ribeiro does not believe that Adhemar will stay in the race until the end unless this happens. Ribeiro recalls that São Paulo Senator Acuro Moura Andrade told Quintanilha Ribeiro during the 1958 gubernatorial campaign that he (Acuro) was sure to win because one of the other two candidates was going to die. Ribeiro recalls a frantic period of several hours in which he suspected that Acuro's prevision was correct because a plane carrying candidate Carvalho Pinto was lost in bad weather.

COMMENT: This post has already briefly reported to the Department on the alleged Hanson's Letter in a separate telegram. The estimate regarding states which will go for Janio as against those which will not, doubtless contains a certain measure of optimism but, in the context of the private encounter with Quintanilha, appears to be an honest reporting of the latest check made in Quadros

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From

petroleum of Brazil under an arrangement made secretly before the elections. Quintanilha Ribeiro said that stories like this forced Janio toward anti-Americanism, toward a leftist orientation. He said that the United States could do Janio a great favor by ignoring his candidacy or at least saying little about it. Quintanilha Ribeiro also recalled an article of perhaps a month ago (at first he thought it was Time magazine, then said it might be the New Yorker) which had said that there was nothing to worry about in connection with the Quadros trip to Cuba because Janio is "our boy."

The reporting officer told Quintanilha Ribeiro that one could do little in a democracy about articles such as he cited with reference to the trip to Cuba. The reporting officer also assured Quintanilha Ribeiro that the allegations in the Hanson's letter were so phrased (i.e. anticipation of an easy victory for Quadros at this date) that an accreditation to the Department of State could not be accepted as true. Since there was an allegation of Department of State strategy, the reporting officer did assure Quintanilha Ribeiro that his concern and his views would be informally forwarded to colleagues in the Department of State. When the reporting officer suggested that Quintanilha Ribeiro meant that Janio's campaigning, rather than Janio himself, would become leftist and anti-American (because Janio was too intelligent an individual in his basic policy orientation), Quintanilha Ribeiro assured the reporting officer that that was what he meant.

Quintanilha Ribeiro gave the usual exposition on the two facets of Janio Quadros--the demagogic candidate and the conservative administrator (a viewpoint shared by many conservative industrialists in São Paulo). It was pointed out that Janio had supported a sound financial policy and had given an honest and efficient administration as Governor of São Paulo, that Janio has always supported free private enterprise. On foreign investment, Quintanilha Ribeiro said that Janio favored the entrance of private capital and did not object to profits of 20 per cent which are common in Brazil. Janio felt that only a one-third of such profits should be remitted and the rest be reinvested. The reporting officer told Quintanilha Ribeiro that he was confident of Janio's strong interest in encouraging foreign investment and also confident that Janio's considerable intelligence would not lead him to measures which would discourage such foreign investment.

The reporting officer, inviting Quintanilha Ribeiro to correct in so far as there was error, offered the following possible interpretation of Janio's foreign policy. Janio favors a private investment approach and the encouragement of foreign investment so long as it contributes to Brazil's development and a portion of reasonable profits are reinvested in Brazil. Janio favors a third force approach on the economic front in the sense of doing business with any country--first, to benefit Brazil economically; second, to avoid undue economic dependence on any one country.

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AIR POUCH		CONFIDENTIAL (Security Classification)		DO NOT TYPE IN THIS SPACE 732-00/5-2460	
FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH					
FROM :	Amcongeng, SMO PAULO	430	May 24, 1960		
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		DATE		
REF :	Telegram of May 20, 1960, Regarding Quintanilha Ribeiro and Quadros Candidacy.				
55	ACTION	DEPT.	ARMIA-2 INC-8		
For Dept.	REC'D	NO	5/30		
Use Only	OTHER	YES	CERAD USAID OSD-4 Army-4 Navy-3		
SUBJECT: Conversation with Quintanilha Ribeiro, Political Lieutenant of Presidential Candidate Janio Quadros.					

SUMMARY

Quintanilha Ribeiro said items like a recent Hanson's letter which made Quadros appear pro-American forced Quadros to be more leftist and anti-American in his campaigning. The Quadros lieutenant did not dispute the assertion that Janio favored a "third force" economic approach (trade with all nations) to get best deals for Brazil's development and to reduce economic dependence on any one country (i.e. U. S.). Quintanilha Ribeiro gave a review of Janio's relative vote-getting strength in various states which appeared to reflect a current evaluation by Janista forces for purposes of planning future campaign activity. The Quadros lieutenant also stated what has been heard from other competent political sources for and against Janio--that candidate Adhemar de Barros will take votes away from Lott in São Paulo, from Quadros in other parts of Brazil.

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On May 20, 1960, Quintanilha Ribeiro, political campaign righthand man of presidential candidate Janio Quadros, lunched at the home of the reporting officer, only the two of them present at the time. Quintanilha Ribeiro was initially pre-occupied over an article which had appeared in the weekly O Seminario of May 21-27 which headlined the allegation that Janio Quadros was a tool of foreign interests and quoted "Hanson's Letter" No. 789 of April 30. This letter allegedly declares that the Department of State anticipates an easy victory for Janio after which, Janio, as president, will follow the example of Argentine's Frondizi and deliver over to

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São Paulo

- 418 Soviet Commercial Mission Visits São Paulo
- 419 Santos Weekly Report
- 420 Evaluation of Economic Reporting
- 421 Comment on Section 52, NIS 94, February 1960
- 422 Bi-weekly Economic Review
- 423 São Paulo State Deputy Advocates Federal Intervention in Foreign Meat Packing Plants
- 424 Consulate General São Paulo Contribution to Trade Contact Survey on Behalf Ajax Magnathermic Corp.
- 425 São Paulo Agricultural Reform Bill
- 426 Trade Contact Survey on Behalf Southwestern Engineering Co., c/o Checci Co., Washington, D.C.
- 427 Presidential Campaign Highlights, Week Ending May 21, 1960



William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

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of freedom of expression." Most denunciatory of all, however, was the column in Catholic Correio Paulistano: "At last, and earlier than we supposed, Sr. Fidel Castro has removed the mask....Cuba, with the violent, discriminatory, and anti-democratic suppression of Diário de la Marina, is today, as yesterday, an island where, supported by anti-American demagoguery, a ferocious and bloody dictatorship flourishes."

It can be safely inferred that the São Paulo press, initially so enthused by the 26th of July Movement, now views the Castro rule in Cuba with the utmost of suspicion, impatience, and dismay.

10. Other Press Items (Unclassified)

The Caryl Chessman issue seems to have petered out, but Ambassador Cabot's letter to Deputy Carlos Lacerda did prompt another editorial, this time in Diário de São Paulo. While acknowledging the Ambassador's own "civility" and "sensitivity", columnist Gilberto Rosa took issue with his defense of the American legal processes involved and stated that "it is precisely by this inalienable right (the equality of all United States citizens before the law) that the execution of Chessman appears as an enormous and unbelievable injustice." With a certain speciousness and disregard for medical fact, he goes on to say that "not even the longest and cruelest illness....inflicts an agony of twelve years on its victim." The central point of this editorial, like so many other Brazilian comments on the subject, resides in the effort to have capital punishment abolished.

Widely reported in all papers this week was the Soviet launching of Sputnik IV, an object variously described as a "large satellite", an "artificial planet", and "a preliminary spaceship". Brief but relatively prominent notice was likewise given the announcement that United States armed forces have been alerted and are combat-ready.

Miscellaneous

11. List of Substantive Despatches

- 416 Visit of Polish Trade Delegation to São Paulo
- 417 Possible Meat Supply Difficulties - Latter part of 1960

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to close. Said O Estado: "Nikita Khrushchev, in these difficult days, has not only defied the Free World in general and the United States in particular--insulting us too with his attack on President Eisenhower--he has also thrown a sinister and grotesque challenge to human intelligence." Said Correio Paulistano: "We only believe in the sincerity of Khrushchev when he talks about the firm determination of Communism to dominate the world!" Said Diário de São Paulo: "Never has there been greater cynicism, not even in Hitler, who so twisted lies to make them appear as truth."

Most unequivocally in support of the United States following the Paris débâcle was Folha de São Paulo. The paper's commentator for international affairs, Benedito Costa Neto, alluded to Pontius Pilate and to the umbrella of Nevil Chamberlain, two inglorious symbols of appeasement, and praised the United States for not shirking its responsibilities. In a later editorial Folha flatly stated that "in serenely resisting Khrushchev's ultimatum, Eisenhower saved the Free World from another Munich." Still another pronouncement maintained that "the truth is that few people on this side of the iron curtain believe in such a rocket" (the one which allegedly downed the U-2). Folha de São Paulo was also asking a question which, by the end of this week, had probably given many thoughtful people in São Paulo pause for reflection: "Conscientious men throughout the whole world are saying, 'Who desiring war could plead such an idea (President Eisenhower's "Open Skies" proposal)?' And he who refuses to discuss it, does he not tacitly confess the intention of making war inevitable?"

9. Cuba (Unclassified)

Despite the noise and histrionics attending the quadripartite "talks" in Paris, events in Cuba did not escape the attention of São Paulo journalists. The governmental silencing of Diário de la Marina and Prensa Libre, Cuba's last two free newspapers, provoked a spate of editorials in four leading dailies and served to indicate just how disenchanted the Paulista press has become with Fidel Castro's regime. Folha de São Paulo, in a statement entitled "Cuban Tyranny on the Move", described the Cuban government as possessing "the complete physiognomy of the dictatorships." Diário de São Paulo asserted that the forced takeover has stifled "a voice in defense of the basic principles upon which our political life is founded." And the words of O Estado de São Paulo revealed an almost fatalistic resignation in face of Castro's latest seizure: "Precisely what we predicted some days ago has happened. The blow launched against Diário de la Marina announced the beginning of the end....it was evident that Prensa Libre could not long remain as the last defender

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has a long record of open collaboration with veteran Communist Party trade union leader Roberto Morena and other Communist Party members and fellow travellers while at the same time representing the CNTI on the executive board of the anti-Communist Inter-American Regional Organization of Workers (ORIT).)

Psychological

8. The Summit (Unclassified)

The abortive Paris summit meeting was the most extensively reported news item in recent times. Widespread coverage was accorded all phases of the ill-starred conference, and at week's end most editorial opinion had lined up solidly behind the United States and her Western Allies. Of a total of twenty-five editorials on file, seventeen endorsed the Allied position and recognized that Premier Khrushchev was patently to blame for torpedoing the four-power parley. Only two newspapers--ultra-nationalistic Ultima Hora and usually pro-United States Diário de São Paulo--advanced opinions unsympathetic to the United States, representing a mere 8% of those published during this week. Wrote Ultima Hora's Adalgisa Nery, in a familiar anti-United States style, "To find espionage perfectly honorable is to regress and condone the dark Nazi methods so revolting to humanity; it's to be on the road toward approving a form of personal behavior which will result, in time, with sons spying on their fathers." Much milder was Theophilo de Andrade's comment in Diário de São Paulo, merely lamenting the timing of the espionage incident: "There is no doubt that the Americans were inexcusably imprudent in sending a 'reconnaissance' plane on the very eve of the conference." De Andrade's view was that Caesar's wife must be above suspicion. It is worth noting, however, that in this very same issue the newspaper carried two favorable editorials, one of them lauding President Eisenhower's reiteration of the "Open Skies" proposal.

Generally speaking, the editorials reflected a cautious, undecided tone in the beginning of the week. The U-2 incident was still the topic of the moment, and the international climate seemed full of suspense. The dismal outcome of the summit meeting, if foreseen, was not yet definitively established. On a percentage basis this fence-sitting attitude characterized 24% of the columns on file, typified, perhaps, by the words of conservative O Estado de São Paulo: "Between Camp David and Sverdlovsk many hopes have been fostered which were only illusions...and since there are evils which sometimes lead to good, perhaps the U-2 incident has opportunely arrived to call attention to the hard and inescapable realities of the moment." Then came the Russian Premier's personal insults to President Eisenhower, together with his obdurate, inflexible ultimatum, and the ranks began

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The meeting was held in the assembly hall of the local union of commercial workers. A sizable number of Communist and non-Communist trade union leaders were in attendance. Campista chaired the meeting, and the Communists immediately began the attack.

The manifesto advocates affiliation with ORIT and the ICFTU (all three confederations are affiliates of these organizations). This is wrong, the Communists screamed. Unity among Latin American trade unions must be established along the lines recently laid down by the Cuban trade unions, absolutely free from United States interference. The maritime unions and bank clerks (both under considerable Communist influence) were not consulted, they said. Therefore, the manifesto does not express the desires of all Brazilian workers. The document, argued the opposition, says nothing about exploitation of Brazil by foreign trusts, and makes no reference to United States imperialism. For some four hours Communist Party members (Antonio Chamorro of the textile workers, PTB state deputy José Rocha Mendes Filho, Armando Piani and Pedro Francisco Iovine of the bank clerks, and Floriano Francisco Dezem of the chemical workers) pressed this line of attack.

Campista, however, by a clever combination of evasion and at other times straight forward responses (without once losing his temper), succeeded in staving off the Communist onslaught. Deocleciano de Hollanda Cavalcanti, president of the CNTI, Angelo Farmigiani, president of the National Confederation of Commercial Workers (CNTC), and Syndulpho Pequeno, president of the National Confederation of Transport Workers (CNTT) for the most part of the evening sat back and let Campista carry the ball.

Campista and the presidents of the three confederations were severely attacked and labeled as pelotas (phony labor leaders and government stooges) the next day by the leftist anti-United States daily Ultima Hora. The conservative press, however, with the exception of the O Estado, largely ignored the meeting or reported it in brief non-committal fashion. O Estado reported that the manifesto was accepted in principle.

Comment: Domingos Alvarez, president of the São Paulo State Federation of Metal Workers and Darcy Gatto, president of the São Paulo State Federation of Clothing Workers lauded Campista's handling of the meeting, and credited him with a successful defense of the manifesto. This is of particular significance because both Alvarez and Gatto have at times bitterly criticized Campista for being soft on the issue of Communism. (For years Campista has been carrying water on both shoulders. In Rio de Janeiro trade union affairs he

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majority, Pedro Paschoal, told the local press that it was not necessary to be a member of the "municipal bloc" to defend municipal interests.

Comment: Since the internal rules of the State Assembly require at least 31 deputies to constitute a bloc, the majority coalition now has official status. At the same time it appears that the municipal bloc (whose formation was last year reported by this post as a potential threat to the Governor's control of legislative program) is about ended. The president of the municipal bloc, Pedro Paschoal, has apparently been weaned away by being given a vice-leadership of the majority coalition. The picture is one of consolidation of control by the state government.

6. Other Political Highlights (Official Use Only)

The São Paulo City Council, confronted by city employee demonstrators, enacted during the week the city employee pay increase recommended by Mayor Adhemar de Barros--30 percent and at least 3,000 cruzeiros for those earning less than 10,000. Aldermanic opponents objected to financing by a type of tax warrant (apólices) whose past issuance had allegedly proven profitable to political favorites.

The Mackenzie School of Engineering students, going into their eleventh week of strike (largely against an allegedly incompetent faculty), expressed faith that the Ministry of Education representative sent to mediate (not to intervene) would bring a resolution of outstanding issues. It appears that the strikers are now holding out only for a special Ministry of Education dispensation to avoid losing credit for the entire school year.

During the week, the national Ministry of Education and the São Paulo Secretary of Education signed an agreement for cooperation and technical assistance on two pilot projects in the national campaign to eradicate illiteracy. Funds and assistance will be provided over a two year period in the northern seacoast municipality of Caraguatatuba to develop new teaching methods and an adult education program.

Labor

7. Liberation of Brazilian Trade Unions (Confidential)

Led by Ary Campista, First Secretary of the National Confederation of Industrial Workers (CINTI), and an executive board member of ORIT, the leaders of Brazil's three largest national confederations of labor at a meeting on May 17 defended their recent manifesto calling for a drastic revision of Brazilian labor laws which would go a long way in freeing the Brazilian trade movement from government interference. They encountered a bitter attack by Communist Party trade union leaders and fellow travellers.

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of São Paulo School of Philosophy, Science and Letters after lecturing on cultural and educational progress in the UAR. The lecturer, professor Hussein Mounes, also explained the UAR system of democracy without parties. The professor denied that the UAR was trying to destroy Israel, observing that non-Zionist Jews have lived in peace in Arabic and other countries, that Zionists had installed an artificial nation. We're rich in patience, said Hussein Mounes, and can wait for those who artificially maintain Israel by contributing 350 million dollars a year, to tire.

Comment: The mission was well received by the very large Arabic community in São Paulo and by Governor Carvalho Pinto who received a decoration from the UAR. According to news reports, directors of the local Arab-Brazilian Chamber of Commerce, looking to a possible future commercial accord, felt that trade between the two countries could start at a ten million dollar per year level--coffee, cocoa, woods, pharmaceutical products and electrical appliances from Brazil and crude petroleum and food products from the UAR. By strange "coincidence" the Israeli-Brazilian Chamber of Commerce gave a testimonial dinner to the Israeli Ambassador in São Paulo while the UAR mission was in São Paulo.

4. Campaign for Four Million Voters (Official Use Only)

According to the Regional Electoral Tribunal, daily registration in the city of São Paulo has accelerated from 600 in April to 800 in the first part of May to 1,200 in the past week. Reports conflict as to total registration but the present total is probably between 3.1 and 3.2 million. Meanwhile various municipalities during the week allotted funds to pay for voter registration photographs. Some municipalities furnished transportation to rural inhabitants to bring them to registration centers. As yet, no well-organized central propaganda and coordinating machinery for the state is apparent.

Comment: Quintanilha Ribeiro, Quadros' campaign lieutenant, doubts that there are four million prospective voters to be registered. He estimates that the total will be closer to 3.5 million.

5. State Assembly Leadership (Official Use Only)

PDC deputy Felício Castellani in the past week delivered to the State Assembly a document supporting his leadership of the majority coalition signed by 42 deputies. He told newspaper reporters that he would have enough signatures in a few days to guarantee an absolute majority. Also, during the week, after a luncheon of various legislative leaders with Governor Carvalho Pinto, a vice-leader of the

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type of machinery furnished by the USSR. Chenchikovskiy said that he was taking back to the USSR offers to export from Paulista industry. He said further that concrete offers to sell had been made to Paulista industry--tractors, road-building equipment, lathes, etc. The trade mission head expressed an interest in importing Brazilian pepper and sugar. At an official luncheon for the group in Ribeirão Preto during the week, a very attractive blonde female interpreter with the mission reportedly made quite a hit by singing several Russian songs and one Brazilian song.

Comment: The Soviet mission was evidently working hard to promote increased contacts in general. As this post has previously noted, the Communist countries work toward building up a stake among the private business community in favor of relations with the Communist country. United States trade missions might take note of the pretty blonde interpreter who sings as well as of the effort to win friends and influence people in general.

In the same week, members of the Moscow Circus said goodbye to São Paulo via a visit to Governor Carvalho Pinto, presenting him with a silver-plated miniature Sputnik music box and informing him that over 600,000 had attended the circus in Brazil. The Governor was not among those who had attended.

3. UAR Good Will Mission (Official Use Only)

The most explosive aspect of the visit of the UAR good will mission in São Paulo (May 17 to 20) was the press interview by the mission head, Minister Hussein Zulfikar Sabri on May 18. Sabri started out by criticizing an English language newspaper (Brazil Herald) whose reporter in Rio had asked many questions, the replies to which were not published, only the protest of the Israeli Embassy. The minister commented adversely on the American press, then repeated his Rio attack against Israel, pointing out that only Israel, not the UAR, had been condemned (and several times) by the UN for violating the armistice. When a reporter persisted in asking if the UN admitted a belligerent status between Israel and the UAR, the minister said that he was not a UN spokesman--go ask Dag Hammarskjöld. Peace in the Middle East, said Minister Sabri, was dependent on Israel. The minister denied any serious differences with Lebanon, noting that there were always slight differences occurring amongst members of a family.

The Cultural Affairs Officer of the UAR Embassy in Madrid, a member of the mission, encountered some sharp questioning at the University

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and pro-Quadros, privately advise that Adhemar will take votes away from Lott in São Paulo, from Janio outside of São Paulo.

São Paulo Governor Carvalho Pinto is expected to accompany Janio Quadros on some of his campaign trips in São Paulo and in other states, beginning in July. The Governor is also expected to commit himself shortly as between the various vice-presidential candidates. The São Paulo state administrative machine, though not indulging in open graft and corruption, undoubtedly benefits the Quadros candidacy. This offsets various reports of federal patronage, loans and benefits locally on behalf of Lott and Goulart. A statement by vice-presidential candidate Fernando Ferrari in the past week, after he had had a two hour talk with Governor Carvalho Pinto, leaves the slight suspicion that the Governor may support, or at least not oppose, Ferrari's vice-presidential aspirations.

PR national support of Janio Quadros this past week may have been due to preconvention efforts of São Paulo Secretary of Government Marcio Porto. More likely (as São Paulo Secretary of Labor Paulo Marzagão privately suggests) a conversation between PR president Bernardes Filho and candidate Quadros a few days before the convention, convinced the former that PR unemployment for six or seven months would be overbalanced by employment for the succeeding five years.

Various local labor leaders admit the Quadros-Goulart campaign tie-in. São Paulo Secretary of Labor Paulo Marzagão says that this J-J (Quadros-Goulart) movement is nationwide (for further details see São Paulo despatch 427, May 24, 1960).

2. Soviet Trade Mission (Official Use Only)

During its week long visit to São Paulo, the eight-man Soviet Trade Mission headed by Sergei Chenchikovsky, according to various local news accounts promoted an increase in cultural and direct commercial (non-governmental) contacts between Brazil and the USSR. Before leaving for Rio on May 19, Chenchikovsky told reporters that he had found a great interest among industrialists, merchants and public officials in maintaining commercial and cultural exchanges with the USSR. At a press interview earlier in the week, the delegation head spoke in favor of closer contacts between representatives of industry and commerce so that total trade need not be limited by the terms of the commercial accord. He denied that the mission had offered financing to Brazil--this was not a purpose of the mission. Payments could be over a two to five year period depending on the

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PRIORITY		FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH		732.00/5-2460	
FROM :	Amcongen São Paulo	DESP. NO.	428	DATE	
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.			May 24, 1960	
REF :				CU-5 NEA-11/R	
24	ACTION	DEPT.	RM/R-2	REV-1	IRS-5
Use Only	REC'D	IN	ICA-11	E-7	EUR-5
5/31		OTHER	CIA-10	USIA-10	ARMY-4
SUBJECT:			São Paulo Weekly Summary No. 47, Week Ending May 21, 1960		
			DEPARTMENT OF STATE BUREAU OF INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS JUN 6 1960		

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11. List of Substantive Despatches

Political

1. Presidential Campaign Highlights (Confidential)

With the appearance of Lott's son-in-law (Mario Pacheco Junior) to take charge in São Paulo and with the announcement of a Lott-Goulart campaign trip next week in São Paulo's Paraíba Valley, the inertia which has characterized pro-Lott campaigning locally may be coming to an end. Quadros early in the past week over TV received a manifesto of support from some 290 local labor leaders, then declared himself in favor of a maximum remittance of 30 percent of profits to foreign capital (the rest to be reinvested in Brazil). At a heavily attended rally the next evening, Janio suggested that excessive remittances for foreign capital might explain why substantial industrial progress had not brought an accompanying betterment of the people's lot. With respect to the third presidential candidate, Adhemar de Barros, several competent political sources, pro-Lott and

see last page:mlf

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VI. PSYCHOLOGICAL

1. Santos Reaction to U-2 and Summit (UNCLASSIFIED)

The U-2 incident, its subsequent developments and the collapse of the Summit Meeting have been the topics of intense local interest. The reporting officer gathers that most Santistas were genuinely shocked at the revelation that the U.S. was collecting covert intelligence over Russia. This initially unfavorable publicity for the U.S., however, has since been counteracted by the noisy saber-rattling of Khrushchev, which has led many Santistas to conclude that Russia is more interested in making anti-American propaganda than negotiating any real settlement of the Cold War, and that the news of the U-2's flight is no worse than the many exposes of Soviet espionage carried out in the United States since World War II. Santistas of all classes deplore the failure of the Summit conference, and an increasing number seem to hold the Russians responsible.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

On May 18 Santos Mayor Silvio Fernandes Lopes told the reporting officer that although he was mindful of the reasons why the U-2's flight was undertaken, he frankly thought the pilot was acting as a spy and that his execution could well be justified. He added that he felt his opinion was widely shared in Santos.

2. Anti-U.S. Newspaper Distributed in Santos (UNCLASSIFIED)

On May 15 copies of the Sao Paulo weekly newspaper (issue #9 or year 1) called Politica e Administracao were being distributed gratis on the Santos streets. Its banner headline proclaimed "U.S. War Industries Trusts Prepare Climate for Third World War" and introduced a lengthy feature article anti-United States and pro-Soviet Russia in tone. The tenor of the entire 12-page newspaper, whose masthead indicates it is published in Sao Paulo City under the editorship of one J. Severino Soares, is strongly nationalistic, critical of the U.S., anti-Quadros, pro-Lott.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

In the paper's religious section, equal space and prominence were given to an article on the Roman Catholic Church and to an article on "Umbanda", i.e., macumba or Brazilian voodoo. Such pro-communist newspapers appear sporadically in Santos.

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are in the midst of a round of negotiations with the management of the Santos Dock Company for higher wages and improved working conditions. The union's officers claim that the Dock Company has agreed to guarantee all newly-hired port workers at least 25 days pay per month, whether they work or not. Manoel de Almeida, President of the union, has stated that he is negotiating with the Dock Company for it to hire an additional 500 men to help load and unload vessels arriving in port.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

It was announced in April (see weekly comment of April 20, 1960) that the port workers had been granted a 37% salary boost, and that the Dock Company would raise most of its fees by 50%. The reporting officer is informed by the head of the Dock Company that in recent days the company in fact has hired several hundred new employees, but that their numbers are less than the 500 claimed by the union.

III ECONOMIC

I. Coffee Movement Through Santos (UNCLASSIFIED)

According to local Brazilian coffee sources, during the month of April Brazil exported 1,408,576 sacks of coffee, of which 597,030 left through the port of Santos.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

During May shipments may be held up by the congestion of the port of Santos. As of May 19 some 20 ships were anchored in the estuary or off its entrance awaiting a berth alongside the Santos docks. This congestion is the worst in many months and is due to the fact that the port had never fully recovered from the April disruption of the port by the warehousemen, when traffic increased and a number of tankers unloading grain were in port occupying needed berthing space.

IV CONSULAR

I. General (UNCLASSIFIED)

Consular operations have continued normally during the past week and there is nothing especial to report.

V ADMINISTRATIVE - Negative.

/VI PSYCHOLOGICAL

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functionaries, but confirmed the dismissal of the policeman.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Sao Vicente is the oldest city in Brazil (founded 1532) but has suffered not from decades, but centuries of neglect and corruption. When Mayor Andraus, an energetic and well-to-do real estate promoter assumed the office of Mayor on January 1, 1960 (see Weekly Comment of January 15), he promised a thorough house-cleaning of the graft-ridden city hall, whose employees had not been paid for the preceding six months. Since then he has energetically laid about him, cleaning up the city and undertaking the much-needed paving of the city's streets. It is possible, therefore, that some public funds may have been diverted recently to support such public works as the Itu reservoir in Sao Vicente, inaugurated only minutes before the outburst took place in the Mayor's office.

II LABOR -

1. Commerce Employees Hopeful of Ousting Union President (UNCLASSIFIED)

The Santos Commerce Employees Union is having trouble ridding itself of its unpopular and discredited former President, Bernardo de Azevedo Madeira. Madeira, who was voted out of office on March 9 on charges of corruption, after many vicissitudes (see Weekly Comment of March 10), has been contesting the ouster proceedings and has attempted to retain his office, although the management of the union's affairs has been vested in the hands of a Provisional Council while the Labor Ministry in Rio de Janeiro has been studying the "legality" of Madeira's removal.

Last week Labor Minister Jose Batista Dantas, in an exclusive interview with the local labor newspaper O Expresso, declared that a firm decision in the case would be made "in twenty days" and that "the law would be followed".

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Madeira is widely regarded as a communist, and it is generally believed that considerable pressure is being brought to bear upon the Labor Ministry to nullify the Commerce Employees' ouster of Madeira. Local opinion, however, is against Madeira, and the union itself is optimistic that the Labor Minister will confirm the union's actions in freeing out Madeira.

2. Port Workers Seeking Increased Benefits (UNCLASSIFIED)

The Sindicato dos Operarios nos Servicos Portuarios de Santos /are in

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Enclosure No. 1~ **ARA**
Sao Paulo Despatch No. 429

OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM

TO: American Consulate General, Sao Paulo Date: May 19, 1960
FROM: American Consulate, Santos **VPR**
SUBJECT: Weekly Comment on Events in Santos
REF:

1. POLITICAL

1. PSD City Councilman to Support Janio Quadros (UNCLASSIFIED)

Partido Social Democratico (PSD) City Councilman Domingos Fuschini, who is also Secretary General of the Santos Directorate of the PSD, has joined PSD City Councilman Julio Moreno and Amorim Filho in supporting the Presidential candidacy of Janio Quadros (see Weekly Comment of April 7, 1960). Fuschini has agreed to campaign vigorously for Quadros in Santos and elsewhere in the State of Sao Paulo.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Fuschini, a puissant local politician, is a prize catch for Janio.

The reporting officer understands that Fuschini, Moreno and Amorim Filho will shortly be formally expelled from the PSD.

All this is but another illustration that in Brazil personal predilection is stronger than party loyalty.

2. Imputation of Corruption Angers Mayor of Sao Vicente (UNCLASSIFIED)

On May 16 the public employees of the City of Sao Vicente, which lies next door to Santos, were informed that Mayor Roberto Andraus had cancelled their group life insurance policies. This news came on top of the revelation that for years the City Hall had been deducting group insurance premiums from the employees' payroll, but failing to remit them to the insurance company. When an employees' deputation waited upon Mayor Andraus to seek an explanation of this apparent irregularity, the Mayor became angered, especially after he was accused of allowing the same fraud to be practised in his own private business. The session became so heated that the Mayor, in full view of many witnesses, struck one of his city employees on the jaw, summarily dismissed another, and ordered a policeman to arrest the first, which the policeman refused to do. The meeting was dissolved in tumult. Later Mayor Andraus restored the civil

/functionaries

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH					
FROM : Amcongen, São Paulo		429		May 24, 1960	
TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.					
REF : <i>and forwarded on info</i>					
55 For Dept. Use Only		ACTION * ARR-4		DEPT. BUREAU OF INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS CONSULATE GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA SANTOS, BRAZIL	
5/31		CIA-10 COM-10		7B-3	
SUBJECT: Santos Weekly Report		USIA-10		OSD-4 Army-4 Navy-3	

Transmitted herewith for the information of the Embassy and the Department is the weekly report from the American Consulate at Santos, dated May 19, 1960.

With reference to item 1, part III, various local newspaper accounts and evaluations indicate that the port congestion is now no worse than it was two weeks ago. Cargo vessels, other than wheat ships, wait about two days to dock. The wheat ships must wait special docking space having suction equipment. Available statistics, showing coffee exports from Santos in May totaled 443,470 bags through May 19, do not indicate that coffee exports in May are being held up. Vessels loading cargo for export are given priority and are not delayed in docking.

William P. Cochran Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

Enclosures:

Santos Weekly Report,
dated May 19, 1960

cc: Amembassy, Rio

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NAME OF OFFICER		DATE OF ACTION	
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Disp. No.

From São Paulo

believes Janio will be able to keep "Jango" in line and curb some of the latter's abuses. Therefore he intends to support the J-J ticket.

Francisco José de Oliveira, regional delegate of the National Confederation of Industrial Workers, (CNTI) and Deodéciano Hollanda de Cavalcanti, president of the CNTI who is openly supporting Lott, also signed the manifesto of support for Quadros. Oliveira, a long time pelego (labor leader who follows labor ministry direction) who made no secret of his support for Lott up until two weeks ago, apparently has seen the handwriting on the wall and has jumped on the Quadros bandwagon. However, he continues to insist he will support Jango.

A number of well-informed labor leaders have told the Consulate General's Labor Officer that the Communist Party trade union leaders who are outwardly backing Lott admit privately that the Marshal is a "reactionary" and are giving only lip service to the Marshal's candidacy.

COMMENT: São Paulo Secretary of Labor Paulo Marzagão, credited by a number of sources with guiding local labor leaders in their J-J support, denied any part therein but told this post's Deputy Principal Officer that the J-J movement definitely existed and was widespread. Among the states mentioned by Marzagão as having J-J movements were Para, Parana, Minas Gerais (in capital but spreading), Pernambuco (nine committees in Recife), Amazonas (PTB itself supports J-J), and Rio Grande do Sul. While there is no means available to this post to check the foregoing, Paulo Marzagão is working solely to elect Quadros and goes along with any maneuver to that end--his information in general, if not in detail, should be accurate.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

cc: Rio

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From São Paulo

campaigning for Janio, told the same officer of this post later in the week that the real deciding factor was Quadros' conversation with Bernardes Filho five days before the convention. As Marzagão put it, it is better to be unemployed for six or seven months in order to gain employment for another five years. Judging by the "remain faithful to Lott" movement (with accompanying benefits) in the PR of other states, it would seem that the PR may accomplish the impossible feat of having its cake and eating it too.

7. Labor Leaders Admit Janio-Jango Link (Confidential).

Rumors linking Janio Quadros' candidacy with "Jango" Goulart's have been confirmed by a number of São Paulo trade union leaders. Carlos La Macchia, secretary of the São Paulo local union of telephone workers admitted to the Consulate General's Labor Officer that the word is out to back the J-J ticket, i.e., Janio-Jango. As La Macchia sees it Janio is a sure winner in the coming October elections and "Jango" is well aware of this. Therefore, rather than go down to defeat with Marshal Lott, Goulart has passed the word around to support Marshal Lott publicly and back Janio privately. Quadros is prone to accept this as he stands to pick up support from trade union leaders who have been working for the Lott-Goulart ticket.

La Macchia admits that "Jango" has not delivered during his term of office. However, he explains this away by the fact that the militant and conservative forces have consistently opposed Goulart in his efforts to enact legislation favorable to labor. La Macchia is well aware that the incumbent vice-president has used the social security institutes for pure political patronage, and believes that Goulart and his cohorts have absconded with large sums of monies from the Ministry of Labor. Janio too is quite aware of this and will be quick to curb such abuses on assuming office, says La Macchia.

Domingos Alvarez, president of the State Federation of Metal Workers, admits the existence of the Janio-Jango alliance. Alvarez, however, has a different version and believes it is nothing more than a political maneuver to split the Lott-Goulart ticket. Marshal Lott will surely become aware of Jango's manipulations and this will precipitate a knock-down drag-out battle which will benefit the candidacies of Janio Quadros and Fernando Ferrari, the ticket Alvarez favors.

Darcy Gatto, president of the São Paulo State Federation of Clothing Workers, admits he was a friend and admirer of "Jango" for years. However, he is now thoroughly disillusioned with the vice-president. He too believes Janio will win and signed a recent manifesto of support for Quadros and appeared on a television program with Quadros when São Paulo labor leaders presented him with the manifesto (see item 2 above). Gatto, like La Macchia,

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COMMENT: (Confidential) São Paulo Secretary of Labor Paulo Marzagão this past week told this post's Deputy Principal Officer that Ferrari was stronger in some parts of São Paulo than Quadros. Since Marzagão is first and foremost a Quadros man, this statement has added significance. Also the labor secretary suggested that recent strains between Governor Carvalho Pinto and the PDC might be due to the fact that the latter's vice-presidential candidate, Ferrari, if a winner, would be a threat to the Governor's presidential ambitions for 1965. Contrawise, it seems highly unlikely that Ferrari would have spoken of Carvalho Pinto's "absolute political leadership in this state" unless the conversation between the two had been highly encouraging to Ferrari. Ferrari appears to give primary stress to the Labor Renovation Movement, little to the PDC, suggesting that while a Quadros-Ferrari victory will bring rewards to the PDC which may help the PDC strengthen itself nationally, neither Quadros nor Ferrari will lend themselves to the PDC quest for national political dominance.

Governor Pinto's request to PR State Deputy Francisco Franco to await the Governor's declaration on the vice-presidency (see item 4 above) seems to have upset the commitment which Goulart had previously obtained from PR state deputies in exchange for jobs and favors at a meeting with them a few weeks ago in the Paulista city of São José dos Campos.

6. PR Preferences (Official Use Only).

The vote of the PR national convention, at the beginning of the week, in favor of Janio Quadros for president evoked mixed reactions in São Paulo, perhaps similar in some respects to those in the nation's capital. At first, there was talk in some quarters of withholding a labor leaders' manifesto in support of Janio (see item 2 above) because administration forces were unduly demoralized by the PR convention and other adverse developments. Pro-Lott forces soon recovered their equilibrium. For the PR of São Paulo, the national convention's support of Janio was a happy development forestalling a major break within local party ranks such as the PSB experienced in São Paulo when its national convention endorsed Lott.

COMMENT: (Confidential) No one a week beforehand expected the PR national convention to endorse Janio. São Paulo State Secretary of Government (and local PR leader) Marcio Porto told the Deputy Principal Officer of this post the day after the convention that he had spent a week in Rio urging PR president Bernardes Filho and Bahian leadership to permit a free choice by secret ballot rather than cause a major revolt in São Paulo. Even he was surprised by the large vote margin for Janio. State Secretary of Labor Paulo Marzagão, manager of Carvalho Pinto's 1958 gubernatorial campaign and now actively

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and Secretary of Labor Paulo Marzagão--are already accompanying Janio. When PR leader in the State Assembly Francisco Franco sought Carvalho Pinto's advice on vice-presidential candidates during the past week, the PR deputy subsequently told the press that the Governor was asking friends and supporters to delay commitment, that the Governor intended to declare himself shortly as between the two pro-Quadros candidates (PDC's Fernando Ferrari and UDN's Milton Campos).

COMMENT: Latest reports have it that Carvalho Pinto will start his campaigning with Janio on July 1 in Baurú, the city in which the Governor launched his successful gubernatorial campaign and in which Janio launched his campaign. Various reports of influence and favor by Lott-Goulart forces might lead one to wonder when the state of São Paulo's administrative machinery will move in support of Janio. In a sense, however, the question is unrealistic because the state administration is dispensing public works, loans, and jobs (generally ethically and without graft, but with an awareness of political support and friendship). There are large numbers who appreciate the beneficences of the state government and who realize that support for Janio is helpful in dealing with state officials.

5. The Vice-Presidency (Official Use Only).

Supporters of vice-presidential candidate João Goulart are busy at work in São Paulo. There are various reports of Goulart agents offering federal jobs and government facilities for those who are "willing." According to several sources, SAMDU, by order of Goulart, will establish some 70 ambulance posts in the interior of São Paulo. After the PR national convention, PR state deputy Leoncio Ferraz informed various newspaper reporters that six of the PR state deputies in São Paulo were for Goulart and that a delegation of them had visited "Jango" to so inform him and hear his expressions of gratification.

On May 17, vice-presidential candidate Fernando Ferrari spent almost two hours in private conversation with São Paulo Governor Carvalho Pinto. Ferrari said that he had discussed his campaign with the Governor but refused to go into details. Ferrari referred to the Governor as a friend "whose moral, political, and administrative authority give him absolute political leadership in this state." Ferrari said he would continue to support Janio without exacting anything in return, that he would continue campaigning separately to avoid frictions with certain UDN leadership. Ferrari spoke much of his Labor Renovation Movement, saying that its work would really begin after the elections in pursuing a program in the interest of the working classes, that the movement would hold a national convention after the election count ended. Ferrari also announced that, beginning in July, he would spend 10 to 15 days a month campaigning in São Paulo and southern Minas Gerais.

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Brazilians. We are willing to extend our hands to all peoples, because we are friends of peace." Later, noting that significant industrial progress had not enriched the people, Janio suggested that foreign capital was at fault, that a limit was needed on profit remittances.

COMMENT: (Confidential) Quintanilha Ribeiro, Janio's political campaign lieutenant, this past week told the post's deputy principal officer that Janio was forced to be more nationalist, leftist and anti-American by items such as appeared in a recent Hanson's letter (No. 789, April 30) in which it was said that the U.S. Department of State anticipates an easy Quadros victory and a Frondizi-type petroleum deal with Quadros (despatch in preparation). This was exploited in the anti-Quadros weekly O Seminario of May 21-27.

3. Adhemar for President (Official Use Only).

In an interview with the local São Paulo press after his visit with President Kubitschek in Brasília, Adhemar de Barros reiterated his determination to campaign for the presidency to the end. The press interview with the São Paulo mayor took place at the city hall. Adhemar said that statistics he gave Kubitschek plus Kubitschek's own statistics caused the President to agree that Adhemar should not abandon his campaign. According to Adhemar, Kubitschek had invited the PSP leader to return for another political conference within a month.

COMMENT: (Confidential) Within the past few weeks, one pro-Lott politico (PSD Federal Deputy Cunha Bueno) and two pro-Quadros politicians (São Paulo Secretary of Labor Paulo Marzagão and Quadros lieutenant Quintanilha Ribeiro) have said that Adhemar would take votes away from Lott in São Paulo, but away from Janio elsewhere in Brazil. Quintanilha Ribeiro, Janio's campaign lieutenant, said that Adhemar draws upon anti-administration discontent which would otherwise vote for Janio in other areas and this offsets pro-Adhemar, anti-Janista votes taken away from Lott in São Paulo. While the Adhemarista (anti-Janista) vote in São Paulo would otherwise gravitate to Lott, Adhemar could ~~xxxx~~ not, said Quintanilha, deliver his votes to Lott elsewhere in Brazil (where the conflict between Adhemar and Janio is not a major motivating factor). As this post has previously suggested, it may be that Kubitschek and others see in Adhemar's continued candidacy greater damage to Quadros than to Lott.

4. Carvalho Pinto's Support (Official Use Only).

From various local sources, indications become stronger that beginning in July Janio Quadros will quite often be personally accompanied by São Paulo Governor Carvalho Pinto in Janio's campaigning not only in São Paulo but also in other states. Two of the Governor's cabinet--Secretary of Public Works Faria Lima

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Mario Pacheco Junior told the press that his father-in-law would spend at least 35 days campaigning in São Paulo before the October 3 elections.

COMMENT: Strongly pro-administration, pro-Lott *Diário de São Paulo* offers testimony to the ineffectiveness of the Lott campaign in São Paulo thus far. It's political column of May 22 labels the Paraíba Valley trip as the first organized phase of the campaign. Prior trips to and events in São Paulo are characterized as isolated events. The Paraíba trip, says the column, takes place at a time when some of the strongest defenders of the Lott-Goulart slate no longer hide their complaints over the unexplainable chilling of the Lott-Goulart campaign.

There are charges locally that the PSD is using the federal Caixa Economica (savings bank) for campaigning. One source charges that each pro-Lott deputy is entitled to nominate at least five loan candidates for loans totalling up to 1.5 million cruzeiros, that various Lott supporters have nominated attorneys to the Caixa Economica payroll. While the details may be inaccurate, the basic charges are probably true.

2. Quadros on International Issues (Official Use Only).

At a political rally and on TV Janio Quadros spoke in the past week regarding foreign relations and foreign investment. On May 17 over television Janio received a manifesto of support signed by 290 labor leaders representing 8 federations and 137 unions in the state of São Paulo, then answered questions propounded by labor leaders. The manifesto advocated commercial, diplomatic and cultural relations with all nations; progressive nationalization of public utilities; and national sovereignty in petroleum and allied fields, in atomic energy and in electric power. A variety of other domestic policies were set forth (aid to agriculture, regulation of strikes and lockouts, labor union freedom, indirect taxes, etc.--a despatch is being prepared). In the question period, Janio spoke in favor of a minimum salary adjusted to cost of living changes. Janio also favored a tripartite labor-management-government control of social security.

Janio gave much TV time to the question of profit remittances. He distinguished between foreign capital that took root and bore fruit and foreign capital which sucked wealth out of the country. Needless to say, Janio opposed the second. Up to 30 per cent of profits should be permitted for remittance abroad; the rest, said Janio, should be reinvested in Brazil.

At a political rally attended by enthusiastic thousands the following night in Paulista San Miguel, Janio declared, "We don't want to be a North American colony. Nor a Soviet colony. We are

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH					
FROM :	Amcongen, SAO PAULO	427	May 24, 1960		
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		DATE		
REF :					
20 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION REC'D 5-31-60	DEPT. N RM/R-2 IRC-8 O CIA-10 QSA-10 NAVY-3			
SUBJECT: Presidential Campaign Highlights, Week Ending May 21, 1960					

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1. More Activity on Lott Front.
2. Quadros on International Issues.
3. Adhemar for President.
4. Carvalho Pinto's support.
5. The Vice-Presidency.
6. PR Preferences.
7. Labor Leaders Admit Janio-Jango Link



1. More Activity on Lott Front (Official Use Only).

Three developments suggest that the campaign for presidential candidate Lott may be getting under way in São Paulo. First, there has been a flurry of announced political rallies of Lott supporters in the latter part of the past week. Second, Lott's son-in-law, Mario Pacheco Junior, moved into São Paulo with wife and baby during the week reportedly to take personal charge of Lott's campaign. Third, it was announced that Lott, accompanied by running-mate Goulart, would campaign intensively in the Paraíba Valley area of São Paulo from May 25 thru 27.

Some hundreds of Lott supporters participated in two political rallies and a parade in the city of São Paulo on the evening of May 20. The leftist nationalist influence predominated. Political banners proclaimed the untouchability of Petrobras and the nationalism of Lott. Speakers included PTB "commie-liner" Frota Moreira, communist labor leader, João Losado (civil construction workers), and local nationalist front president Rogé Ferreira (State Deputy and former PSB member). Several student leaders participated in the speech-making.

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From Santos, Brazil

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According to the communist student leader Luis Rodrigues CORREIO, writing in the local daily O Diarista on May 21, Orlando SPOLIO, President of the Graphic Industries Workers Union in Santos (reliably identified to the reporting officer as an active communist) asked Laylor Lopes to arrange for Professor Corbisier to speak in a public hall. Accordingly, Corbisier was to have use of the Humanitarian Society's facilities. (The Commerce employees Union is known to be infiltrated by communist elements.)

But when Corbisier arrived in Santos May 20 to give his talk he discovered not only had almost no publicity been given to his speech but also that nobody came to meet him or had arranged for a place for him to spend the night. The Professor immediately left Santos, stating, however, that he would return if at any future time there were real interest in his "ideas" here.

Comment:

The ISSB has recently been the target of heavy criticism for its communist orientation. In November 1959 Mr. Jorge Shering de FARIAS in Rio de Janeiro charged the ISSB with being a communist-dominated organization and a center of communist propaganda. Although this criticism of the ISSB has since abated, the controversy thereby engendered put the spotlight on the true nature of the ISSB and of the activities of its functionaries, including Roland Corbisier.

The reporting officer considers the cold-shouldering of Professor Corbisier in Santos, occurring shortly after he had had the opportunity to expound his ideas before a distinguished audience here, to be an interesting and possibly significant clue as to the extent of awareness among the local populace of what lies behind Corbisier's "nationalism". Especially noteworthy is Corbisier's failure to make headway within the Santos Forum Sindical de debates, which brings together more than 50 unions, some strongly influenced by communists and by communist sympathizers.

Virgil P. Randolph

Virgil P. Randolph, III
American Vice Consul

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TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		DATE		
REF					
35 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION ARA-4	DEPT. IN FO	RMIR-2 IRC-8 EUR-5 MIA-1 MIA-1		
	REC'D 6-6	OTHER	CIA-10 ASIA-10 OCB-1 OSD-4 TAV-3		
SUBJECT: Santos Activities of Professor Roland Corbisier					

On April 28 the Consulate received Amotel No. 25 to the Consulate requesting it to cover a speech scheduled to be given in Santos that same night by Professor Roland CORBISIER, Director of the Instituto Superior de Estudos Brasileiros (ISEB), before the "Alexandre Gusmao" Academic Center of the students of the Catholic Law School of Santos.

In accordance with the Embassy's request, the reporting officer asked Dr. Antonio José BRANDÃO, Chief of the Consulate's USIS unit to attend the lecture, since as an alumnus of the Law School his presence would be entire natural.

As reported to the Embassy the following day by OM, some 500 persons, mostly respectable professional men, attended the lecture, including the Bishop of Santos, the President of the City Council, and representatives of the local Brazilian military forces. A few well-known local communists were also included in the audience.

Professor Corbisier, who spoke for two hours, turned his topic of "The ISEB and Brazilian Reality" into a nationalistic diatribe which thinly disguised the advocacy of communism. It was Dr. Brandão's impression that the great majority of Professor Corbisier's more objective listeners went away disgusted with his communist-tinged nationalistic propaganda. Although the lecture was sponsored by the Santos municipal authorities, Dr. Brandão was given to understand after Corbisier spoke that had Mayor Silvio MARIANDES LOPES been aware of the real burden of Professor Corbisier's remarks, he would have refused him the municipal patronage.

Nonetheless, on May 20 Professor returned to Santos to address members of local labor unions on the topic "Nationalism and Development". This address, originally scheduled for May 13, and postponed at the Professor's request, was sponsored by the Santos Forum Sindical de Debates, or City Central, and was to be given at the headquarters of the Humanitarian Society of the Commerce Employees Union.

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No objection your discreet use foregoing in private conversations.

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Telegraphic transmission and
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FROM: Sao Paulo

TO: Secretary of State

NO: 323, May 20, 5 p.m.

PRIORITY.

SENT DEPARTMENT 323, REPEATED INFORMATION RIO 124.

Quintanilha Akibeiro, Political Lieutenant of Brazilian Presidential candidate Janio Quadros, privately exploded over political exploitation by anti-Quadros forces of Hanson letter number 789 April 30 allegedly saying Department of State strategy anticipates easy Quadros victory and Frondizi-type deal on Petrobras. Quintanilha Ribeiro says this will force Janio to be ultra-Nationalist, Leftist, anti-American in campaigning to counteract. Suggest desirable counteract Hanson allegations of Department's attitude possibly at Secretary's next press conference. Denied privately to Quintanilha Hanson's statement represented Departments views. Despatch follows.

COCHRAN

BB:PHG:10.

Note: Mr. Feldman (ARA) notified 1:50 p.m., 5/21/60, CWO:M.

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From Santos, Brazil

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From _____

Reelected in 1951, he was a capable and energetic public servant and by 1953 Vice President of the City Council. In 1957 he was elected Mayor of Santos by a large majority, with the strong backing of Adenemar de Barros and his PSP. Grateful for Adenemar's support, Lopes has been a loyal political ally of, and close to, the Sao Paulo Mayor for years, and has rebuffed repeated efforts by Janio Quadros to woo him as a supporter. As a result, Lopes has had to combat the mistrust of many conservative elements in Santos which either favor Quadros or have no use for the free-wheeling Adenemar de Barros.

As Mayor, Lopes rather naturally has concentrated on much-needed public works, and his record in that field has been outstanding. His administration is generally regarded as reasonably honest. Mayor Lopes hopes to perpetuate his influence in municipal affairs, and is grooming his political protege Luiz LA SCALA, Jr. to succeed him as Mayor. Mayor Lopes has also built up something of a personal political machine within the City Council and within the City Hall, which has become an important outpost for the PSP. Lopes' support for Janio Quadros thus would powerfully influence the latter's campaign in a flourishing portion of the State of Sao Paulo. And also, as he is known to be ambitious for higher political office, Lopes naturally wants to make advantageous political alliances useful in promoting his own future political fortunes, and is reluctant to limit his own area of political maneuverability by being unnecessarily linked to the waning star of Barros and his PSP. It has been reported that Mayor Lopes would attempt to resolve this dilemma by shortly taking an extended leave of absence, possibly even leaving the country, so as not to have to declare himself publically, at least until Barros actually withdraws from the Presidential race and Mayor Lopes is thus free to campaign openly for Lott.

At the moment Janio Quadros is well out in front in local popularity, for Adenemar's candidacy is not taken seriously in Santos and Lott's campaign so far has roused little real enthusiasm here. If Lott's campaign should falter, it will be interesting to observe the strain placed upon Mayor Lopes' loyalty to Adenemar de Barros and whether Lopes can stand firm in his resolution not to endorse the candidacy of Janio Quadros.

Virgil P. Randolph III
Virgil P. Randolph, III
American Vice Consul

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FROM : AmConsul SANTOS, Brazil

28
DESP. NO.MAY 21 1960
May 20, 1960
DATE

TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.

REF :

2 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION	DEPT
	REC'D	OTHER
6-6 MAR-10 4510-10 MAY-3		

SUBJECT: Santos Municipal Politics and the National Elections

On May 18 by appointment the reporting officer met with the Prefeito (Mayor) of Santos, Dr. Silvio FERNANDES LOPES, in the latter's office, to discuss various matters of mutual interest. During the ensuing conversation the Mayor said he believed, "God willing," that Marshal Henrique LOTT would be elected the next President of Brazil. The Mayor declared that his opposition to Janio QUADROS dated from the days of the latter's incumbency (1955-1959) as Governor of the State of Sao Paulo, when Janio refused for political reasons to give proper support to the municipality of Santos. The Mayor emphasized that he could never, under any circumstances, support Quadros' candidacy; that he was firmly committed to Sao Paulo Mayor Adhemar de Barros, his friend of long standing. Although Adhemar is a declared Presidential candidate, Mayor Lopes said he believed that a month or two before the election Barros would swing his support to Lott; in fact, he added, conversations to this effect are in progress at this time between representatives of "Adhemar, Lott and Kubitschek". Lopes remarked that he did not feel Barros had the "campo" in order seriously to try for the Presidency.

Mayor Lopes admitted he was under heavy pressure from Janio Quadros himself and Sao Paulo State Governor CARVALHO PINTO to throw his support to Quadros, and said that he had just received that very day, May 18, an offer in writing from Janio that Lopes could immediately have a portfolio in the Sao Paulo State Cabinet of Carvalho Pinto, in return for supporting the Quadros' candidacy. Mayor Lopes expressed admiration for Carvalho Pinto and said they worked together well, laying aside their political differences, but that he, Lopes, could not give up his political principles and side with Quadros.

COMMENT:

Silvio Fernandes Lopes is a young, able and ambitious civil engineer who has been in politics all his adult life. In 1947, when only twenty-three, he was elected on the Partido Social Progressista (PSP) ticket as the youngest City Councilor in Santos.

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TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		DATE		
REF :					
2 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION REC'D	1 N F O	DEPT. OTHER	DEPARTMENT OF STATE BUREAU OF INTERAMERICAN AFFAIRS	
6-2	6-2		RMIR 2 IRC 8	1960	
SUBJECT: POLITICAL: Janio Quadros Visits Leandro Maciel in Sergipe.					

On May 18 Janio Quadros stopped over for several hours in the airport of Aracaju, capital of Sergipe*, to pay his respects to Leandro Maciel. In this gesture Janio demonstrated to the public of Brazil that his skirts were clear of any blame in the discarding of his erstwhile running mate. The meeting as reported in this area was conducted in an emotional attitude well-calculated to appeal to the Brazilian temperament.

His party had stopped in Aracaju, Janio said, to pay their respects to the Governor and the people of Sergipe and then to demonstrate their admiration "por uma das mais belas figuras da República, Leandro Maciel." Telling the story of this man who had fought by his side brought tears to eyes of himself and his wife ("nesta emoção que traz lágrimas à minha esposa e a mim") and he had agreed to the renunciation only because Leandro had wished it. (Chega a mais: quando renuncio candidato que era à vice-presidência de nossa pátria, apenas mantive minha candidatura vitoriosa, somente por que ele assim o quis.") Sergipe, he said, would always have a place of distinction in his government and the voice of Leandro Maciel would always be listened to. ("E Leandro Maciel será sempre escutado.")

Overcome by emotion, Leandro was unable to reply. He asked his friend Seixas Dórea (Deputado from Pernambuco) to speak for him. Dórea was also touched to the heart and could hardly speak without tears. (Não posso, também, porque teria de chorar em vez de falar.)

How much of this was a sincere and magnanimous tribute to Maciel? And how much was calculated political rain-making? As always with Janio, it is difficult to tell. The man is sensitive. He has empathy. Just as obviously he has an actor's sharp awareness of the image he is projecting to an audience, in this case the electorate of Brazil. The writer would rate Janio's meeting with Maciel as 25% spontaneous gesture and 75% calculation, but he has a feeling of guilt while doing so, which should be some measure of the humanity radiated by that 25%.

*Note: The State of Sergipe and the State of Bahia together comprise this consular area. The Consulate has standing instructions to report the visits of all presidential candidates.

cc:Ambassy, Rio de Janeiro.
SuperConGen., Rio de Janeiro.

James M. Flanagan
James M. Flanagan
American Consul

JMFlanagan:ym
REPORTER

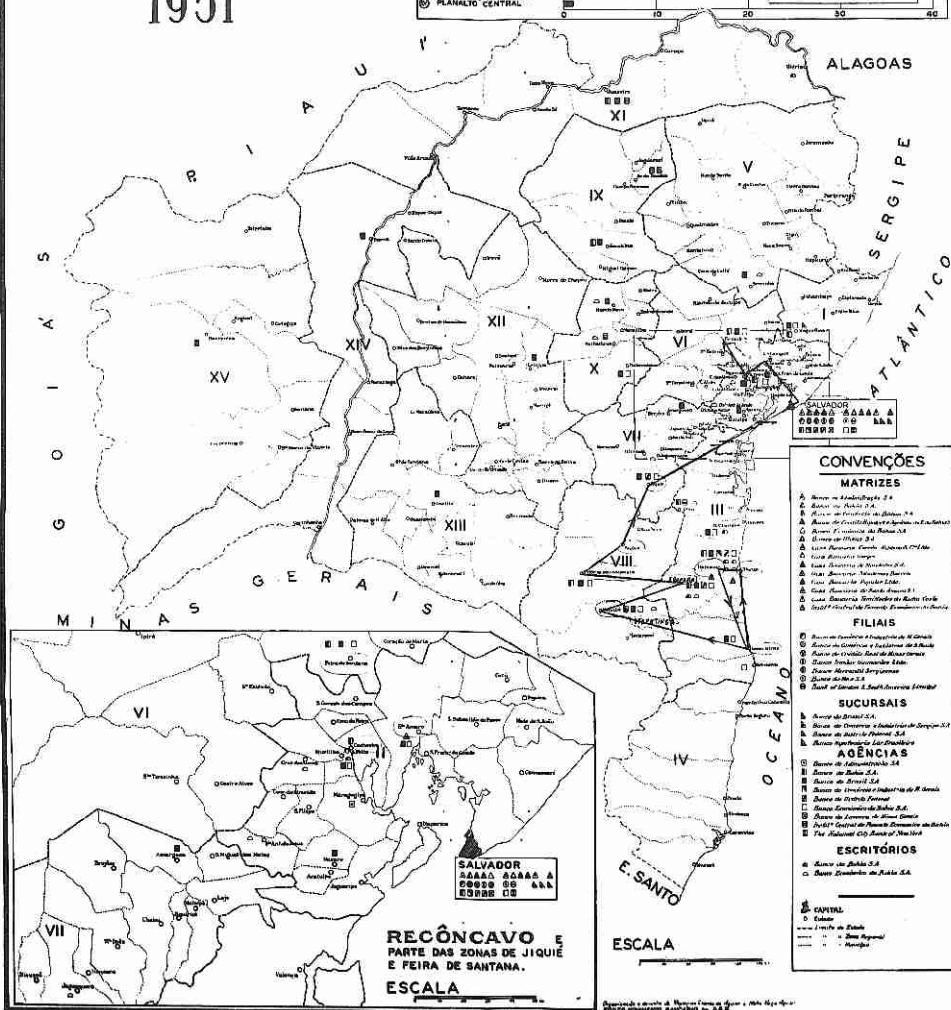
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MAP

Janio Quadros' Projected Campaign Visit
to the State of Bahia
June 4 - 9, 1960

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From Salvador, Brazil

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visit to Bahia. It is likely that his reception of Janio will be correct and polite and that the surface relationships will be maintained, but there may be dynamite in the encounter. The writer remembers an unhibited remark made by Mrs. Magalhães just a few months back. Taking part in a general conversation about Janio she said, "We don't trust that man."

- a) In his tour of Bahia Janio will have the opportunity -- and perhaps his best audience -- for stating his attitude toward the Nordeste. Bahia is the strongest and most self-sufficient of the nine states and has been a spokesman for the group. As noted in Despatch No. 31 of April 8, 1960, Bahia's rising industrial potential is encouraging a path independent from the Nordeste states. Radical schemes from Janio, especially if they involved additional taxation, could further the separation.
- b) Janio will also have the chance to speak to and for the agricultural interests of Brazil. Since he has pledged continuation of Kubitschek's industrialization program, the obvious "opposition" platform open to him is in stressing the imbalance between industry and agriculture. Reportedly, Brazil's food output and some aspects of general agricultural production are declining at a time that its industrial working force is increasing rapidly, yet curiously enough this imbalance has not been exploited politically. Janio could score a telling point here and one that would have conservative appeal.

Janio's tour of Bahia will be only one incident in his national campaign, but the timing, the audience and the problems he will face make it an important test of his dexterity and his pulling power as a candidate. His decisions, or the lack of them, will have an added significance in that they will be reported to the country from an area largely outside the Rio-São Paulo-Brasília orbit. Since this is a point easily overlooked, it is suggested that a country-wide check on reactions be planned.

James M. Flanagan
James M. Flanagan
American Consul

cc: AmEmbassy, Rio de Janeiro.
Supervisory Consul General, Rio de Janeiro.

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either force decisions or point up, to his detriment, the lack of them. Comments on a few of these attitudes and situations are given below:

- a) Janio will be the first major contender to campaign in Bahia. As such the whole range of his policies will be under review and all shades of political opinion will be interested. So far he has been an absentee candidate, a projection of press and radio. The impact of his personal appearances and the conspicuous absence of the other candidates may shake up a few party alignments.
- b) Bahia is the oldest and most self-consciously cultured area in Brazil. Despite party labels it is innately conservative and the social and economic patterns dating back to sugar plantation days have been yielding only recently and slowly to modern ideas. It will be interesting to see whether Janio will make concessions to this conservatism or whether he will be defiantly "eccentric". Almost certainly he will face severe tests (1) of his political judgment; (2) of his gift for handling people in the mass and in an area where there is a real though undeclared class distinction between a largely negro population and a ruling caste; and (3) of his ability to placate a sophisticated, educated minority, among whom must be included a clergy already upset by his Cuban adventure.
- c) The presence of Janio on the home grounds of Juracy Magalhães may be just the extra push that is needed to force the UDN into a decisive action. On the surface Janio is the party's official candidate but the alliance has never been a happy one. Nor has it been aided by Janio's freely expressed disdain for party labels. The UDN is in the peculiar position of having almost as much to lose as it has to gain by the election of its presidential candidate. Its vice-presidential nominee has been scratched and with him has gone much of the advantage gained by the horsetrading that sacrificed Juracy's bid for the presidential nomination. Maciel's withdrawal, in fact, has cost the Nordeste its direct representative on the national scene and no substitute nominee from another area will have, even if elected, comparable ammunition with which to counter Vice President Goulart's influence in certain Federal departments. Again, if Janio as President chooses to reenact the role of "The Broom" which he played as Governor of São Paulo, among the first to be hurt will be the loyal Udenistas now holding Federal jobs. So, as presently outlined, the future cannot look very rosy to the UDN. Much could depend upon whether or not Juracy Magalhães decides to take the long view. So far he has been chary of comments on Janio's projected

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH					
FROM : Amconsul SALVADOR, Brazil.				-38- DESP. NO.	
TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.				May 18, 1960 DEPARTMENT OF STATE BUREAU OF INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS	
REF :				MAY 3 1960	
55	ACTION	7	DEPT.		
For Dept.	ANNY	IN	RM/10-2	IAC-8	
Use Only	REC'D	0	OTHER	5/25 0 CEA 10 USEAD 10 May-3	
SUBJECT: POLITICAL: Janio Quadros' Projected Campaign Visit to the State of Bahia.					

SUMMARY: If Janio's first campaign tour of Bahia is carried through as planned, it should generate attitudes and provoke situations which will give a much clearer picture of "The Broom" as a presidential candidate. Bahia is clearly outside the Rio-São Paulo-Brasília axis and it could be that its problems -- as approached by Janio -- are more typical of Brazil as a whole than those highlighted by Rio, São Paulo or the "mudança". A country-wide check on the reactions to the decisions Janio makes during his visit to Bahia is recommended.

The inter-party campaign committee of Janio Quadros has announced the following itinerary of the candidate's first campaign tour of the State of Bahia:

- June 4: Canavieiras and visits to Ilhéus and Itabuna.
- June 5: Itambé, Ibicarai, Itapetinga and Conquista.
- June 6: Poçoas and Jequié.
- June 7: Salvador.
- June 8: Santo Amaro, Feira do Santana and Cachoeira.

Tentatively scheduled for the day in Salvador, the State capital, are: a "debate" with the students of the University of Bahia; a visit to the petroleum fields of the Reconcavo; a dinner given by Governor Juracy Magalhães; and a "debate" before the Associação dos Empregados no Comércio.

If Janio's visit to Bahia comes off as planned it should provide ample opportunity for a fresh look at this front-running candidate for the presidency of Brazil. It is about time for him to undergo a few new surprises and to harden his attitudes on some basic issues. Even if he decides to remain evasive on the fundamental issues, it is likely that the problems and attitudes he will face in Bahia will

JMFlanagan:ym
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The Governor, seemingly working single-handedly, neatly timed and manipulated the Janio visit to Pernambuco, into an impressive display of political popularity for both Janio and himself.

A large mass of the voters remain largely untouched and ignorant of the campaign personalities and issues. These voters can only be reached and moved by the type of ward worker who "educates" the voter and sees that his vote is properly cast on election day.

"Nationalism" is a theme that is going to be played to the hilt by both sides in the Northeast this year. Foreign investors in the Brazilian economy are becoming more villainous day by day.

Feeling the strength of the movement Ferrari for Vice President/in Pernambuco, Janio has neglected to do any campaigning for the UDN choice, Milton de Campos.

Janio's rallies are well managed affairs. Introductory speeches are rigidly held to a maximum time limit, which is certainly a rarity but is appreciated by the audience if not by the speaking politicians.

The dichotomy of Janio's political reputation is portrayed by two of his traveling companions. One is the Paulista Castilho Cabral, politically and economically conservative and traditionalist. On the other hand is Seixas Dória, frothing at the mouth nationalist, anti-"trust," and leftist inclined.

It is reported that in Petrolina and Garenhuns, Governor Sampaio lambasted the Federal Administration for its lack of support to the northeast. "Ten times I went to Catete and returned with empty hands." (Jornal do Comercio, May 17). The Governor had petitioned for a billion cruzeiros for his colonization of the São Francisco River Valley and other similar projects.


Edward A. Walters
Vice Consul

1 cc:Supervisory Consul General

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In the center of town, Praça da Independencia, the three political heroes mount their faithful steed - the portable sound truck - wave to the packed masses, and drive on to the headquarters of the Comité Estudantil Pro-Janio (Pro-Janio Student Committee) where Janio will be welcomed by the students and, in turn, will make a few appropriate remarks. A crowd of about 1,000 crowd the street below to hear the speeches being delivered from the balcony of a New Orleans French-Quarter type tenement house.

As the young student orator shifts from low into second gear, pandemonium breaks loose in the crowd, and a mad scurry is made by the panic stricken. A brawl has developed on one of the side streets. "Get those communist S.O.B.'s" is heard as the Lott partisans arrive to heckle. The closest ammunition at hand is immediately seized and coconuts fill the air, bashing heads, windshields, and window panes alike. Even state deputies are seen in action during the short-lived free for all. Maintaining complete composure, Janio gazes down upon the confusion with a Mona Lisa smile.

Peace reigns when Janio speaks - condemning the Federal Government for its neglect of the Northeast, praising Gov. Sampaio for his actions and policies, and threatening Foreign enterprise with control of remittances so as not to bleed Brazil dry. Janio, despite the handicap of two pathetic excuses for loud speakers, is an effective speaker. Using a dynamic right hand to emphasize and conduct (style much similar to Dimitri Mitropoulos), the shaking of his long undisciplined coiffure, the glint of the professorial glasses, his lean and angular physique, and his masterful control of the Portuguese language, Janio grabs the attention of his audience and holds it firmly until his speech is ended.

Saturday night, 10 PM, a public plaza on the outskirts of Recife:

The weather is still on Janio's side; the rain has called a holiday night in the middle of the rainy season.

It is a shirt-sleeve crowd of more than 3,000. Well dressed, quiet, well-behaved, the audience listens carefully and attentively as a hoarse Janio discourses. There are bursts of applause and fireworks but the general response is reserved, difficult to measure as to whether the speaker has really sold his product. However, the Governor who is banking his political career on Janio appears confident that the speaker has once again hit the bullseye.

Meanwhile, back on the home front: A 24 year old maid, relatively literate, a registered voter, who, by law, must vote in this, her second, election: "Who is Janio?" Given a tin replica pin of Janio's broom, she decides that Janio - with his promise of a clean sweep in politics - will be her candidate, that is before she asks, "Who is Lott?"

GENERAL OBSERVATIONS:-

When Lott and Jango visited Recife, the combined forces of the city administration, the Vice Governor, organized labor, the PCB, in addition to the PSD and PTB pitched in to stage an impressive reception, but, according to all reports, their efforts fell far short of what was accorded to Janio by the Recifeans.

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17 MAY 1960

FROM : Amconsulate, Recife, Pernambuco, Brazil

TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON, D.C.

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May 17, 1960

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

30	ACTION	DEPT.	IN	OUT	OTHER	FILE	DATE	TIME	BY
For Dept.	ARR-4	RM/R-2					MAY 20 1960		
Use Only	5-23-60	CIA-10							

SUBJECT: PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN - Random Observations of a Day with Janio.

Saturday, May 14, 1960 - Recife:

"Ai vem Janio" (here comes Janio) reads their slogan and shout the people as, after a two hour wait, the legendary Janio arrives in downtown Recife during his campaign tour through the Northeast. Thousands of partisans and curious are on hand at midday to welcome Janio, Governor Cid Sampaio (UDN), and former presidential candidate Marechal Juarez Tavora, who stride (not ride) down the Avenue into the downtown area.

Overheard while waiting for Janio's arrival were the following comments:

"I'm a member of the PSD and will continue to be, but I shall vote, and work for Janio's victory this year," spoke one State official with political power in the interior.

The wife of one of the regional military commanders: "All of the Air Force, the Navy, and, I suspect, 50% of the Army are hoping for a Janio victory (or rather, a Lott defeat)."

A strange-looking perpetual student type who claimed to be a political independent but, because of his hobby, tries to attend all important political rallies reported that he had been with Janio in Petrolina, Thursday, and in Arcoverde and Garanhuns, Friday. He reported that, particularly in Petrolina, Janio's initial reception had been cool but that he had left all interior cities as a political hero. This political dopest said that Janio will gain 7 out of 10 Pernambuco votes, with Lott taking 2, and Ademar de Barros 1 vote.

The band plays; the procession moves on. From the balconies confetti and streamers are thrown. Smiling and waving, Janio responds to the warm and almost tumultuous reception. Even strong Lott backers are forced to admit that the public reception for Janio is one of the most spontaneous seen in many a year. Certainly surpassing the welcome for Lott and Jango Goulart who had been in town two weeks previously.

Behind the procession comes a discordant note: a small band of university students, smiling and laughing, marching in lockstep fashion to the cadence of "Lot-Chi, Lot-Chi, Lot-Chi" but drowned out by the public clamor of "Janio Janio - Janio."

E. T. Walters/es.
REPORTER

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From PORTO ALEGRE

It remains to be seen what effect these reactions may have on the policies of the Governor whose close associates include those, like Wilson Vargas, who are firmly committed to the PTB stand of public ownership of public utilities in a State where this doctrine is widely accepted.

Percy Warner
Percy Warner
American Consul

cc. Amembassy RIO

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Comment: This division within the PSD state ranks seems now quite out of control (ref. item 2b, Desp. No. 40, April 18) with the dissidents not too well united themselves except on their distaste for Goulart and, consequently, deals which the PSD organization desires with the Goulart-Brizola PTB machine. This poses a special problem for Governor Brizola in trying to weld an effective PTB-PSD alliance here (ref. item 3a, Desp. No. 33, March 15) in support of the Lott-Jango candidacies. The extent to which the Governor is successful in achieving such an alliance may, it is assumed, determine the extent to which he can expect support in coping with his State's fiscal and economic difficulties.

4. Governor Brizola grappled with a State fiscal and economic crisis which includes an empty state treasury; inflationary rises in the cost of living; ceiling prices on RGS main sources of income, agricultural products; and a halt in industrial expansion attributable largely to higher state taxes, inadequate surface transport, and a limited and uncertain power supply. He reviewed these difficulties at length before a plenary meeting of the state PTB and, immediately thereafter, in his address to the new session of the State Assembly with an appeal on the latter occasion for non-partisan support. The opposition commented bitterly that the Governor was posing now the very problems, as a reason for such support, which he had promised to solve in his campaign for the Governorship. Business and industrial circles, on the other hand, showed signs of cautious encouragement over the Governor's apparent facing up to economic realities.

Comment: Solutions for these problems lie largely with Federal government sources which, presumably, are pressing the Governor to deliver for Lott. With widespread, Ferrari-led dissension in the local PTB rank and the intransigence of PSD dissidents (see item 3 above) toward his brother-in-law Jango, Brizola's political prowess is being put to a severe test.

5. The Japanese Consulate General was formally inaugurated with a reception on the Emperor's birthday which was well attended by political and business leaders (ref. item 7, Desp. No. 33 of March 15). On this occasion Japanese Consul General Fujimoto confirmed to the Principal Officer remarks attributed to him in the press during a call on the Rio Grande do Sul State Secretary of Economy to the effect that Japanese interest in making investment in this State was limited because of governmental interference, both State and Federal, with private enterprise and by the Rio Grande do Sul State action in expropriating the privately owned (American & Foreign Power) utility here last year.

Comment: This public report of Japanese reaction to State policies affecting investment adds to what the Governor was reliably reported to have felt in West Germany (ref. item 3, Desp. No. 40 of April 18).

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From PORTO ALEGRE

in Rio Grande do Sul are generally quite unhappy with their present plight and tends to blame those now in power. The Quadros trip to Cuba did not seem to hurt him much except with a minority of devout Catholics who had been rallying to his support under the PDC banner.

b. Marechal Lott began his campaign in the state with a quick circuit of points in mid state, centering on the Santa Maria-Cachoeira region, which wound up in Porto Alegre at the close of a PTB state party meeting here. At this meeting plans were laid to cement a campaign working alliance in the state between the Jango-Brizola PTB machine and the Rio Grande do Sul PSD old guard despite dissident rumblings in the latter's ranks (see item d below). Press despatches, which may have been swayed by reported machine largesse, had it that the Marechal was a surprising success as a person to person campaigner, mingling simply and effectively with the crowds in the interior who turned out to greet him.

c. Ademar de Barros (PSP) dropped in Porto Alegre for a one day conference with gaúcho political leaders of his own and other parties. He came and went virtually unnoticed but in one brief interview announced that he would not aid Lott because he (Ademar) is a candidate and that he would not aid the "other" (Janio) because he "didn't like him".

Comment: With the hats of the known candidates now definitely in the ring but with election day still far away popular interest in the Presidential race appears to have subsided, like the preliminary hush of an audience waiting for the leads to develop their themes in a performance about the ultimate merits of which the audience holds serious doubts. As a footnote it may be observed that, Ademar de Barros and his group seem unable to summon any significant amount of interest or support in this State.

3. PSD intra-party struggle continued with its Rio Grande do Sul dissidents headed by State Deputy Ariosto Jaeger continuing to defy PSD organization directives designed either to bring the dissidents into line in support of Lott and arrangements the party machine wishes to make with the Jango-Brizola dominated PTB, or to read dissidents out of the party. When the new sessions of the State Assembly convened on April 21 the dissident leader Ariosto Jaeger was re-elected PSD party leader by a vote of 13-1. On April 23 a special meeting of State PSD municipal leaders was held in response to summons from Jaeger. Despite warning from the PSD State and National Organization not to attend, 64 out of 147 PSD municipal units sent delegates with, according to Jaeger, only seven local units registering active disapproval of the meeting. The meeting resolved to leave its followers free to support the candidate of their choice for President and to specifically repudiate the candidacy of Jango Goulart for vice president.

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FROM : Amconsulate PORTO ALEGRE
 TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.
 REF : ---

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May 17, 1960

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 RM/R-2 JAC-8 FE-4
 5-25-60 CIA-10 USIA-10 NAVY-3

SUBJECT: RIO GRANDE DO SUL POLITICAL SUMMARY - No. 8 April 1960

1. General
2. Presidential campaign developments
3. PSD intra-party struggle
4. Governor Brizola and the RGS crisis
5. Japanese Consulate General inauguration

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
 BUREAU OF
 INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS
 MAY 3 1960

1. General: During April all three Presidential candidates made campaign visits to the district (see No. 2 below). The coming of the new session of the State Assembly was marked by a continuance of serious schisms within the PSD. At the month's end the Principal Officer left for a consular conference in Rio de Janeiro which proved most fruitful and helpful.

2. Presidential campaign developments brought all three Presidential candidates--Janio Quadros, Marechal Lott, and Ademar de Barros--in the order named, to Rio Grande do Sul for their first campaign appearances as formal candidates.

a. Janio Quadros, who had made a whirlwind visit to Porto Alegre at the year's end in which he expressed views sympathetic to foreign capital and private enterprise (ref. item 3, Desp. No. 22, Jan. 13, 1960), concentrated this short appearance, after a brief, rain-dampened beginning in Porto Alegre, in the western parts of the state. At Alegrete, heart of a ranching area, he made a point of remarking that Cuban land reform would not fit the situation here because conditions differ widely from those in Cuba. He expressed the view that a candidate should familiarize himself with such land reform measures as Gen. MacArthur's in Japan, Nasser's in Egypt, Betancourt's in Venezuela, and Castro's in Cuba before prescribing a course of action. He did not espouse any one of these, leaving one to guess where he stands.

Comment: Janio continues strong in this state principally because he is the alternative to Lott who is associated with the "ins". People

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DESP 415

FR SAO PAULO

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From São Paulo

reporters that if PSP president Adhemar de Barros should run for the vice-presidency, he would win decisively.

COMMENT: (Confidential) One can possibly infer that the UDN national president is suggesting that the ardor of UDN support in some areas will be commensurate with the support Janio gives the UDN's new vice-presidential candidate Milton Campos.

Despite Adhemar's repeated protestations that he's in the fight to the finish, there is still the possibility that he's holding out for a better selling price for his support to Lott. Also, a late shift by Adhemar, with all his campaigning for president, might give him the vice-presidency before opposition guns could be trained against him. The opposition candidates for vice-president to divide up the vote would be more numerous (as it appears at this stage) and there would be no other Paulista candidate competing against Adhemar for São Paulo's vote.

5. Carvalho Openly Aids Janio (Official Use Only).

Two actions by São Paulo Governor Carvalho Pinto in the past week dispel any notions that the Governor will lend only his endorsement to Janio Quadros' presidential candidacy. To seven labor organizations in the Paulista city of Ribeirão Preto, the Governor sent a telegram saying that, at the request of Quadros, he had submitted to the State Assembly a proposal for one million cruzeiros for building labor headquarters sought by these unions. To a group of mayors from the Sorocaba area, in the presence of Janio Quadros, Carvalho Pinto said that he had already petitioned federal action on a power need falling within the competence of the federal government, that failing such action now, it will be obtained with Janio at the helm of the Presidency of the Republic.

COMMENT: (Confidential) There is now less reason to doubt that Carvalho Pinto will in time swing the full support of the state government behind Janio Quadros. The inducements are not clear--perhaps the presidency in 1965 (Janio delivered the governorship in 1958). From several sources comes private advice that Carvalho Pinto is maneuvering to shape the course of political events in São Paulo. To eliminate competitors to his choices for São Paulo mayor and governor, Carvalho Pinto would have State Secretary of Public Works Faria Lima made Janio Quadros' Minister of Public Works and PTN president Emilio Carlos would get united support as candidate for senator in 1962. The FDC would have the mayoralty (Arruda Sampaio, co-ordinator of the Governor's Plan of Action). The UDN would get the governorship (State Secretary of Agriculture José Bonifácio Coutinho Nogueira). Negotiations are reportedly in progress.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

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track. But Dutra was equally flat and won in 1946, say pro-Lottistas. But Dutra, reply Janistas, had the powerful Vargas machine behind him and the vanquished Gomez of 1946 can not compare with the vote-getting spell-binder, Janio Quadros. In reply, Lott supporters note that all of the national ministries are behind Lott. And so the argument goes. Local Lott supporters appear hopeful, but not confident.

3. Labor Support (Official Use Only).

According to various sources, a manifesto of support for Quadros signed by leaders of some 160 Paulista labor unions is ready for delivery to Janio on television next week. The co-ordinators of local labor support for Janio include State Secretary of Labor Paulo Marzagão and Dante Pellecani, Secretary General of the São Paulo State Trade Union Council and President of the national federation of typographical workers.

Meanwhile Lott's running mate, João Goulart, while in the state of São Paulo last weekend again disavowed responsibility for any move to link his candidacy with Janio's presidential candidacy. To reporters, Goulart said he was faithful to the decision of his party and would ignore any movement to the contrary. Lott too expressed his disbelief in São Paulo last Sunday that Goulart was responsible for any maneuver to link his (Goulart's) name with Janio's.

COMMENT: (Confidential) Stories that Janio and "Jango" Goulart go along with support for the two by Paulista labor leaders persist. This post's labor officer is checking a report he received from a labor source that Goulart recently paid off local labor leaders who are pro-Janio to support Goulart as well. Nabantino Ramos, publisher of *Folha de São Paulo*, says privately that those around Quadros and Goulart readily admit what the twomust officially deny to the press. Other relevant "straws in the wind" --(a) Goulart again avoided accompanying running-mate Lott in São Paulo last weekend although Goulart at the time was in the nearby Paulista city of São Jose dos Campos; (b) the PDC, whose vice-presidential candidate is Fernando Ferrari, has not been a party to recent Quadros campaigning.

4. Vice Presidency (Official Use Only).

During the week, national presidents of two political parties commented on vice-presidential candidates while in São Paulo. UDN president Magalhães Pinto before leaving São Paulo earlier in the week said that it would be to Janio Quadros' advantage to support one running mate and from the UDN ranks because whatever Janio does in favor of the UDN will benefit his own candidacy. Also PRP national president Plinio Salgado identified Lott and Quadros as the two leading presidential candidates but went on to tell

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the new Brazil offers us. We will be implacable in the condemnation of demagogues, of demolishers."

Recalling that he got less votes in São Paulo in 1955 than any other presidential candidate, Kubitschek interpreted the current homage as recognition of his impartiality between states, without regard to votes delivered. The President forcefully assured that all his capabilities would go to insure that the coming presidential elections took place in complete freedom and that the victor took office.

COMMENT: (Confidential) While there are those who say that Lott gains ground and Janio loses just by virtue of relationship to Kubitschek, a more vocal support by Juscelino in the later stages is expected by other local observers. Certainly the President's speeches were designed to identify the people with him in a joint pride of achievement and expectation, at the same time placing critics in the category of little people incapable of sharing in or contributing to Brazil's surge to a brighter future. While Janio is unquestionably far ahead in the presidential sweepstakes in São Paulo, Lott can make significant gains if Kubitschek's popularity holds and can be rubbed off on to Lott. It would seem that Kubitschek's line is designed to set the stage for pulling the rug from under Janio's line of attack and criticism. It will then be the appeal of pride vs. the appeal to discontent.

2. One Night Stands by Lott and Quadros (Official Use Only).

Lott came to São Paulo Sunday for a television show in which the supporting cast were local politicians, ex-governor Lucas Nogueira Garcez, Mario Rolim Telles (president of Paulista Coffee Growers Association), and others. It was a staged question and answer performance. Lott gave his usual talk favoring various forms of agricultural assistance, increased technical education (for economic emancipation), more public schools to combat illiteracy, higher pay to professors. The directors of social security institutes, said Lott, should be elected by secret ballot of the workers "to avoid politics." At the airport on arrival, Lott told reporters that he would be back later in the month, that he would campaign at least a total of 30 days in São Paulo at regular intervals.

Janio Quadros later spoke to some six or seven thousand at a neighborhood rally in São Paulo early in the week. He failed to attend rallies scheduled for the following night at which PTN orators predominated and at which PTN president, Emilio Carlos, as substitute star attraction, held forth at length and dispensed an ultra-nationalist line.

COMMENT: (Confidential) Lott gave his usual flat performance on TV. Toward the end, while reading his lines, Lott lost his place and perpetrated a prolonged fumble before getting back on the

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1. Kubitschek in São Paulo
2. One Night Stands By Lott and Quadros
3. Labor Support
4. Vice-Presidency
5. Carvalho Openly Aids Janio

1. Kubitschek in São Paulo (Official Use Only).

President Kubitschek, in São Paulo for four and a half hours on May 12, gave two major addresses, one to the City Council the other to the State Assembly, receiving from one the designation of Citizen of the City, from the other Citizen of the State. To the City Council, Juscelino noted that the applause coming to him, contrary to the usual silence enveloping the last days of political office, was actually applause for a philosophy of government which looks to the redemption of the people and gives them an awareness of their greatness. The old defeatism, he said, had given way to a deep and creative optimism. "The reduced number who sow discouragement are being overcome by the force of achievements which today place us in the vanguard of the great enterprising people of the world." To the State Assembly Kubitschek cited the record achievement of Brasília as proof that Brazilians have the capacity "for great achievements and for sweeping away, in some manner, the misery and stagnation from all our land." The President appeared to the discontented and destructive who "continue to stagnate, to deny, to seek to place obstacles against what has been achieved and is being achieved." No one, said the President, would have the courage to deny the great strides taken toward economic emancipation. Again, "we, citizens of São Paulo, will not withdraw from the battle which

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6. Miscellaneous Psychological Items:
Race Riots in South Africa; Pan
America Day; Chessman; Quadros in Cuba.

Comments on the South African race problem continued to be heavy and critical. One writer called for a joint expression of disapproval by the countries of the Americas; another lamented that the principle of nonintervention limits the possibility of any effective action against the South Africa Government. A third writer welcomed the progress that has been made in the U.S. toward desegregation.

Comment continues to be generally favorable to the United States in its difficulties with the Castro regime in Cuba. It is believed that a policy of 'wait and see' is probably best under the circumstances.

As the date of Caryl Chessman's execution drew near, press comment grew more intense, the case getting banner headlines. Statements by leading Curitiba personalities in the legal and religious field were printed, most of them favorable to Chessman. The Consulate did not receive the attention of Chessman supporters until the day of his execution, and then only a few telephone calls were received.

Pan American Day was celebrated in Curitiba with a lecture at the Bi-National Center on "The Judicial Concept of Panamericanism".

Janio Quadros' visit to Cuba was denounced by Lott supporters as another of Janio's "sudden strange ideas". He was compared with Castro, especially after his announcement that, if elected, he would carry out an agrarian reform. Curitiba's PSD press reprinted excerpts from "Time" magazine's issue of April 5 which is said to have described the visit as an attempt to win communist votes.

COMMENT: Enthusiastic Quadros supporters, much less his opponents, do not even attempt to defend his presence in Habana. It appears to be almost universally regarded as a crude political manoeuvre.

SOURCES: "O Dia" 4/1; 4/8/60
"Diário do Paraná" 4/5; 4/13/60
"Gazeta do Povo" 4/1; 4/7/60

George M. Scanlan
For the Consul
George M. Scanlan
American Vice Consul

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IV - PSYCHOLOGICAL - Reaction on International Developments

Summit Conference

There has been little local comment on the forthcoming big four conference. One paper carried an article on Khrushchev's visit to France calling it a new opportunity for contact between Russia and the western allies. Another commented on the Anglo-American accord following Macmillan's trip to the U.S. Controls on nuclear weapons tests, disarmament and the program for discussion at the summit were among the items mentioned as having been discussed by President Eisenhower and Premier Minister Macmillan.

Comment on U.S. Assistance to Flood Victims

Although U.S. assistance to flood victims in Brazil has not received the attention it deserves, two newspapers did carry rather extensive articles on the subject. A Paranaguá paper reported on the activities of USAF Globemasters and the USS "Glacier", anti-epidemic inoculations, the use of helicopters, etc. Substantially the same material, with a photograph of a Globemaster, was carried in "Gazeta do Povo".

SOURCES: "Gazeta do Povo" 4/14, 4/20/60,
"Diário do Comercio", Paranaguá 4/13/60

V - Stevenson Comments on Administration Policy

The four chief Curitiba papers carried passages from Adlai Stevenson's address at the University of Virginia following his return from South America. They mentioned his references to "our leaders, speaking of liberty and embracing dictators," America's "loss of military superiority", denial of rights to negroes and excessive spending on armaments while 1/3 of the world is starving.

"O Dia" - 4/20/60
"Gazeta do Povo" - 4/14/60
"Diário do Paraná" "
"Estado do Paraná" "

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SOURCES: "O Dia" 4/24/60
"Gazeta do Povo" 4/6/24
"Diário do Paraná" 4/2/60; 4/3/60, 4/5, 4/13
"Estado do Paraná" 4/3; 4/5; 4/13/60

2. Paraná Legislative Assembly.

Guatagára Borba Carneiro was elected President of the Legislative Assembly, defeating another PSD man, Mario Faraco.

A bill for the creation of the position of Vice Governor was defeated by one vote, a victory for State Governor Lupion who got rid of two deputies, who had previously voted in favor of the bill. He did this by re-installing the two men for whom the deputies were substituting, thereby forcing the two out. Another bill, calling for the creation of 60 new counties in Paraná, remains under discussion but its chances of passing do not appear great.

SOURCES: "O Dia" 4/23; 4/26; 4/27; 4/28/60
"Gazeta do Povo" 4/26; 4/30/60
"Diário do Paraná" 4/20; 4/22; 4/26/60
"Estado do Paraná" 4/12; 4/20; 4/21/60

3. Paraná State Bank President Dismissed

Heitor Lamounier, appointed president of the 88% state-owned Paraná State Bank about 1 1/2 years ago, has been dismissed apparently because he was too diligent in searching for corruption in the operations of the bank. Lamounier had been appointed following charges of embezzlement and fraud in the bank's operations. Relatives of Governor Lupion were said to have been parties to the fraud. Lupion is reported to have told Rio that if Lamounier was not removed the local PSD might find it difficult to be enthusiastic about Lott's candidacy. Back as credit manager is Americo Baggio, fired one year ago by Lamounier for having granted unguaranteed credits to the Lupion group.

COMMENT: The opposition is bound to make hay out of Lamounier's dismissal. They are already shouting: "The looters are back!"

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REF :					
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	5-25-60		CIA-10 ASIA-10 OSD-4 Army-4 Navy-3 Air-6		
SUBJECT: NEWS SUMMARY (NON-ECONOMIC) FOR APRIL 1960.					

1. Paraná Gubernatorial Campaign
2. Activities of Paraná Legislative Assembly
3. Paraná State Bank President Dismissed
4. Reaction on International Events; Summit Conference and Disarmament.
5. Stevenson's Criticism of Administration Policy
6. Miscellaneous Psychological Items
7. Ponta Grossa Bi-National Center receives U.S. check

POLITICAL EVENTS

1. Split in PSD ranks

A number of PSD senators and deputies, headed by deputy Guataçara Borba Carneiro, issued a manifesto denouncing the ruling PSD politicians as "a group which, though maintaining the power, does not represent the party spirit and the will of the majority". The manifesto condemned the selection of Plinio Franco Ferreira da Costa as P.S.D. candidate for governor. The dissidents would have preferred a party old-timer like Borba Carneiro or Alô Guimarães as gubernatorial candidate.

COMMENT: The manifesto is directed against the party wing headed by Paraná state Police chief Alfredo Pinheiro Junior and João Ribeiro Junior, who were largely responsible for Costa's nomination.

Meanwhile, Paraná Governor Lúcio visited Rio in the company of PSD gubernatorial candidate Plinio Franco Ferreira da Costa and asked the federal government to do something about the huge coffee stockpiled in Paraná, the electricity supply in interior Paraná and the pensions to retired workers, all of which would be valuable vote-gathering instruments. There were no indications of any promises having been made by Rio.

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5. Other Campaign Highlights (Official Use Only).

Two related stories went the rounds during the week, about negotiations between supporters of Adhemar and Goulart, by which one or the other would be the PSP-PTB candidate for Governor of Guanabara and leave the vice-presidential field to the other. Neither possibility seems too likely at the present time.

During the week the local PR Directorate unanimously resolved to fight for a Paulista candidate for vice-president at the party's forthcoming national convention. Indications are that they have picked up PR support in other states.

From University circles come reports that some 600 students of the politically powerful University of São Paulo Law School have signed a pro-Quadros manifesto.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

cc: Amembassy, Rio

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Paulo Marzagão (Quadros supporter and successful manager of Carvalho Pinto's 1958 campaign for São Paulo governor) stopped by to talk. Cunha Bueno did not dispute Marzagão's assertions that any alleged lost ground had been recovered by Quadros. Rather, the PSD deputy argued that Kubitschek's growing prestige had strengthened Lott's position. To this Marzagão replied that Kubitschek could not transfer his prestige to Lott. (In this connection, Kubitschek is expected in São Paulo on May 12 to participate in ceremonies in the State Legislature in commemoration of the opening of Brasília. The São Paulo State Legislature has unanimously awarded Kubitschek the title of Citizen of São Paulo. The City Council has made a similar award.)

According to Cunha Bueno, Edna Lott is taking care of the nationalist line and nationalist supporters on orders from her father.

4. The PSB Split (Official Use Only).

The expected split in local PSB ranks against the presidential candidacy of Lott (as endorsed by the party's national convention) erupted in the past week in the form of a dissident manifesto signed by PSB regional president Alípio Correia Neto and 26 others. Of the signers, 19 are from São Paulo, the rest from other states (Guanabara, Rio de Janeiro, Alagoas, Bahia, Rio Grande do Sul, Paraíba). The manifesto criticized the administration's inflationary economic policies, social disequilibrium and administrative disorder--also the reactionary position of Lott. PSB past support of Janio for mayor and governor were mentioned. Of the five PSB State Deputies (Germinal Peiço had left the party), two are for Lott, two for Janio, and the party leader in the State Legislature, Cid Franco, rejected both and insisted that party unity was more important than either candidate. Franco is expected to resign his leadership as did Freitas Nobre, PSB leader in the São Paulo City Council. The party National Directorate has designated a group, including regional party secretary, Febus Gikovate, to intervene. The Provisional Regional Directorate is scheduled to meet this weekend and start reconstructing the party Directorates throughout the state. A large number of members have resigned or taken leave from PSB ranks.

COMMENT: The dissidents are not expected to oppose intervention unless an attempt is made to expell them from the party. If the latter should occur, there would probably be a petition to annul the national convention, charging irregularities and payoff through government jobs. Alípio Correia Neto is reported to have said that the dissidents will support Ferrari, not Goulart, for vice-president.

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Kubitschek and others as benefits his own candidacy (b) he will maintain a flexibility which will permit a shift by which his name can be linked with either Quadros or Kubitschek, or (c) he will seek actions or at least make promises that may counteract or disassociate him from criticisms being made against the administration (social security, labor, inflation, etc.).

The declarations of the Minister of Labor may be part of a move to (a) counteract criticisms of the Goulart-controlled administration of labor and social security programs (b) reform ministry operations to generate patronage and political influence; or it may just be window dressing. Time would appear too short to expect to wash away adverse impressions about labor and social security operations. The Ministry of Labor does have the machinery to manipulate political pressures without overt political campaigning by the Minister of Labor. On the other hand, it would seem that Ramos was given high office in exchange for an anticipated bringing over to Goulart of Paulista politicians and labor leaders who are opposed to the present local PTB leadership. An offer of an attractive position in Brasilia to Regional Labor Delegate Gusmão, currently rumored, would collaterally please the incumbent local PTB command without antagonizing the very numerous Gusmão supporters in local labor circles.

3. Campaigning for Lott (Official Use Only).

Although the city of SSo Paulo and environs this past week for four days of campaigning for the presidential candidacy of her father, Edna Lott's speeches at various local campaign meetings passed virtually unnoticed by supporting and opposition newspapers. Other sources report vigorous anti-foreign-trust, nationalist speech making. At a testimonial luncheon, a labor leader referred to Edna as representing the candidate of the nationalist forces. At the airport before departure, Edna denied to a reporter that her father had made a categorical pronouncement against relations with iron curtain countries. The Marshal, said Edna, merely goes by the judgements of the Legislature and will accept what the Legislature decides.

Lott himself is expected in SSo Paulo this weekend to discuss national problems on a TV program with PSD, PTB, and nationalist leaders; also to work out the details of a more intensive campaigning in the state of SSo Paulo expected to commence in June.

COMMENT: (Confidential) At lunch with the reporting officer during the week, PSD Federal Deputy Cunha Bueno appeared not too optimistic about Lott's possibilities, pinning great hopes on a vigorous supporting campaign by Kubitschek in the later stages of the campaign, but without any apparent assurance that this would come to pass. During the luncheon, State Secretary of Labor

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qualities in both of Goulart's opponents. As PSD Federal Deputy Cunha Bueno observed in private conversation with the reporting officer this past week, administration forces could muster only 40 per cent of the total vote and yet Goulart could win while Lott lost. That is what happened to São Paulo vice-Governor Porfirio da Paz in São Paulo's 1958 elections when opposition forces split.

From past conversation with Sodré, it would appear that his first interest is victory for Quadros. Also, in view of his recent closeness to Janio Quadros, Sodré probably reflects the preferences of Janio as well as Janio's line of reasoning. It will be recalled that after the 1958 gubernatorial elections Sodré told the reporting officer that (a) Janio engineered two supporting candidates for vice-governor because Carvalho Pinto would be loathe to leave the governorship to incompetent vice-Governor Porfirio da Paz and would thus be less of a threat as a possible competitor for the presidency, (b) Janio engineered two candidates for senator to help PTB senatorial candidate Frota Moreira in recompense for the PTB candidacy for deputy from Paraná. Sodré is perhaps equally cynical about the Campos-Ferrari situation.

2. Goulart in São Paulo (Official Use Only).

In São Paulo last weekend to address the closing session of the State Labor Congress, Vice-President Goulart spoke on various topics to both the press and the Labor Congress. Goulart, in addition to expounding the usual ultra-nationalist line (see São Paulo Despatch No. 409, May 9, 1960, Item 10), made reference to the sacrifices attached to various achievements of the Kubitschek administration. He spoke of the anticipated passage of social security legislation and of the need for revision of labor legislation to give the unions greater freedom and autonomy. Goulart also said that he was hesitant to speak of minimum wages because in every fight for a new minimum, price increases offset benefits by the time the battle was won.

Also in town during the week, the Goulart-sponsored new Minister of Labor, João Baptista Ramos, announced that no government should mix politics and administration. Ramos cited the current political posture of both President Kubitschek and São Paulo Governor Carvalho Pinto to illustrate his point. The Ministry of Labor would be totally reformed to better serve the interests of labor and social security objectives, said Ramos.

COMMENT: (Confidential) To some, Goulart's references to privations in connection with Kubitschek's achievements sounded critical of the President. The comment about price rises was certainly in this vein. In general, Goulart's remarks suggest alternatively that (a) he will identify himself for or against

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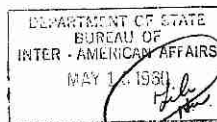
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SUBJECT: Presidential Campaign Highlights, Week Ending May 6, 1960					

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1. Ferrari vs. Campos
2. Goulart in São Paulo
3. Campaigning for Lott
4. The PSB Split
5. Other Campaign Highlights



1. Ferrari vs. Campos (Official Use Only).

Developments of the past week in São Paulo indicate that vice-presidential candidates Milton Campos (UDN) and Fernando Ferrari (PDC) may be fighting it out on the same platform. (It will be recalled that the UDN forced Ferrari to campaign separately when Leandro Maciel was the UDN candidate.) While UDN leadership insists that the past commitments of presidential candidate Janio Quadros in favor of a UDN vice-presidential candidate still hold, Abreu Sodré, UDN president of the São Paulo State Assembly (at whose home virtually all of the local discussions with Janio during the recent UDN crisis took place) favors permitting Ferrari to appear on the same platform with Quadros and Campos. Sodré said during the week that Ferrari had been made a political martyr by UDN tactics, also that campaigning solo permits Ferrari to identify himself with Janio or not as benefits his (Ferrari's) candidacy in various localities. Likewise, at the opening of the Quadros-Ferrari State Committee in São Paulo last weekend, PDC Federal Deputy Paulo de Tarso, in the presence of Ferrari, announced that the PDC vice-presidential candidate would abandon separate campaigning and campaign alongside Quadros.

COMMENT: (Confidential) While Ferrari continued to draw good crowds and support in his campaigning for a few days in various Paulista cities last weekend, Milton Campos could damage Ferrari's possibilities. For that matter, given two strong supporting candidates, the real beneficiary could be Janio Quadros—the losers his two supporting candidates who could knock each other out in dividing the vote of those who oppose Goulart or see attractive

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editorial lamented not Chessman's death, but "the supreme anguish of the individual....in the unequal fight with the omnipotent and assassin state". In conclusion Folha hoped that the United States "so lucid in other respects" would some day end the death penalty.

By the end of the week, press attention appeared to have shifted to other topics.

13. Other Press Highlights (Unclassified)

The NATO conference in Istanbul and Turkish Premier Menderes' action against popular demonstrations were two international events fully reported in the São Paulo press, as was the threat of air attacks in Paraguay's capital, Asuncion. Accorded considerable press play later in the week was the United States Air Force plane, aloft on an unarmed meteorological mission and allegedly shot down over Russian territory. Georgi Malenkov's ouster as director of the hydroelectric power stations in Kamenogorsk received mention. The only really happy major news seemed to be the wedding of Princess Margaret, heavily reported in the local press.

Miscellaneous

14. List of Substantive Despatches

- 401 São Paulo Agricultural Reform Plan
- 402 Santos Weekly Report
- 403 Annual Reports of São Paulo Electric Power Companies
- 404 Trade Complaint of Claire Azadian of Cia Ltda., São Paulo vs. TRANSCO International Inc.
- 405 Bi-national Center in São Paulo
- 406 Taxation Hampers Automotive Exports
- 407 Bi-weekly Economic Review
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William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

Contributors:

Burton, Shea, Rentschler

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newspapers devoted pages to a review of the case, world reaction and local color. Most restrained in news coverage was O Estado de São Paulo. Perhaps most extravagant was Folha de São Paulo with a full page of quotes and pictures of leading local citizens and officials (generally criticising the death penalty), another full page of comment by jurists and lawyers, another page giving an extensive historical review of the case and a listing of Chessman's crimes.

Local editorial treatment of the Chessman execution probably caused less stir than the news treatment. As expected, a number of editorials condemned the death penalty. Leftist Última Hora ran the full range of adjective attack against American justice. But there were defenders. O Estado on Sunday said that they are against the death penalty not just in the United States but in all parts of the world. The editorial stressed that Chessman was properly judged and sentenced. We can ask for his life, said O Estado, "but we have not the right to admit of his innocence". Two days later O Estado editorially blamed the insensibility of authorities and the American constitutional system (states' rights) for an inhuman result. The rehabilitated Chessman who died was not, declared O Estado, the same man originally convicted. O Estado predicted that the execution will be exploited against the United States and "rekindle anti-American campaigns in all countries".

Illustrating the frequent contradictions in leftist Última Hora, Arapuã in his column "Ora, Bolas" took issue with the "huers and cryers" against American justice. He struck out against these critics, pointing out that Chessman had had every opportunity to prove his sentence unjust or erroneous. The column challenged the sincerity and motives of protesting newspapers throughout the world. It urged action against the death penalty not just in the United States, but throughout the world, citing France, England, Cuba and the USSR. "And...were the execution in Brazil and the United States interceded for the condemned, what would we do with 'these mobs of Yankee imperialists seeking to interfere in our internal affairs'". Arapuã found that there were only two points to criticise--(1) the death penalty, and (2) the one political lapse from strict conformity with considerations of justice when execution was postponed because of Ike's Latin American trip.

Only half friendly was a Folha editorial entitled "The Brutality of the Death Penalty." At the outset the editorial acknowledged that Chessman's criminal past warranted the death penalty. But then the

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and other demands which would go a long ways in freeing the Brazilian trade union from government interference.

Dante Pellacani, Secretary-general of the São Paulo State Trade Union Council (CST) and a former member of the Communist Party, publicly lauded the presidents of the confederations for the statement. However Pellacani was quick to add that the demands coincided directly with what non-Communist São Paulo trade union leaders have been recently advocating.

Alfonso Teixeira Filho, regional delegate of the National Federation of Land Transport Workers and President of the São Paulo State Federation of Transport Workers also praised the statement. Luiz Menossi, president of the São Paulo State Trade Union Council and president of the State Federation of Building Trades spoke in favor of the statement. However, Menossi urged a gradual reduction of the imposto sindical as he feels that the Brazilian trade union movement would completely collapse if the imposto sindical was immediately abolished.

A number of Communist trade union leaders are claiming that ICFTU and ORIT dictated the statement to the confederations and that ORIT and ICFTU are nothing more than agencies of North American imperialism.

Comment: The favorable reaction to the statement of the confederations is further manifestation of a growing desire on the part of Brazilian trade union leaders to break away from government control. Other recent similar manifestations occurred in the government intervention into the metal worker's elections which was withdrawn because of the cries of protest on the part of the trade union leaders; also the bitter protests against decree 55, which was revoked and which would have automatically extended the term of office of incumbent trade union leaders until 1962.

Psychological

12. Chessman's Execution (Unclassified)

Press attention to the Chessman case reached a crescendo after his execution. Virtually all banner headlines in the days immediately following and 23 of 63 during the week dealt with Chessman's execution. "The Final Outcries of Chessman Echoed Throughout the World", headlined leftist Ultima Hora. "Pale but Serene Chessman Went Resignedly to the Gas Chamber" with supporting headline "Stirs the Emotions of the World the Tragedy Without Equal of the Condemned Author"--friendly Folha de São Paulo. "Ten Minutes of a Death Which Upset the Entire World"--Correio Paulistano. In the early part of the week almost all

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general of the International Federation of Commercial, Clerical, and Technical Employees) addressed the Convention and were well received.

Jean Marillier who was introduced as Secretary of the WFTU metal worker's trade secretariat attended the entire convention and spoke at the closing session.

A host of politicians put in brief appearances. Vice-president Jango Goulart wound up the closing session by giving his usual ultra-nationalistic speech terminating with a violent blast at foreign corporations for exploiting the Brazilian workers. The vice-president also announced that decree number 55 which would have prolonged the term of office of incumbent trade union officers until 1962 had been revoked. (This decree had been bitterly criticized during the convention). Goulart was wildly applauded by the Communists and fellow travellers in attendance but his address drew only lukewarm applause from the non-Communist majority. (Vice-president Goulart contributed Cr\$500,000,00 to help defray some of the expenses of the convention.)

Communist trade union leaders came early to every meeting and stayed late. The plenary sessions, which were dominated by the Communists passed more than a hundred resolutions. Resolutions condemning intervention into Cuba's internal affairs, lauding Castro and the Cuban revolution, advocating commercial and diplomatic relations with all nations, and blasting United States corporations for exploiting Latin American workers and many more of a like nature were approved.

Final resolutions unanimously adopted by the convention and read at the final session were of a much milder nature. With the exception of two which advocated agrarian reform and termed alleged exploitation of Brazil by foreign corporations as inhuman, these resolutions for the most part dealt with trade union matters such as the right to strike, etc.

Comment: The post Labor Officer feels that the Communists agreed to go along with the relatively mild final resolutions in order not to jeopardize their future plans for a unified Brazilian trade union federation. (See São Paulo despatch 407, item 7 for further details.)

11. Revision of Existing Labor Laws (Official Use Only)

Non-Communist São Paulo trade union leaders are applauding a recent statement signed by the presidents of Brazil's three largest confederations of labor calling for a drastic revision of Brazil's labor laws, elimination of the imposto sindical (trade union tax), defense of liberty against totalitarian ideas, recognition of the right to strike,

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that a member of the Secretary's staff was extorting money from street vendors. According to the investigation report, the street vendors were approached for voluntary contributions to flood relief in the northeast and to a charity sponsored by the Mayor's wife, Dona Lenora. The solicitations had been stopped. At a meeting of members of the street vendors' union, there were charges that the license revocations were in reprisal for denunciations of the extortion. At a union meeting later in the week, the Mayor's action was labelled precipitous and calamitous in view of the street vendor's importance to farmers and consumers; these vendors, it was said, distribute 450 tons of bananas daily and 17 million crates of oranges annually.

Comment: (Confidential) Officers of this post have in the past heard comment about the unhappy linking of Dona Lenora's charities with Adhemar's political requirements. Dona Lenora is widely respected as a good woman, highly admired for her charitable works. This does not preclude her being exploited for Adhemar's political ends. Adhemar has had her by his side at campaign rallies, claiming that she would have a part in his future programs if elected. However Dona Lenora returns to family and personal interests when the campaigning ends.

9. Visit of Israel's Ambassador (Official Use Only)

Israel's new Ambassador to Brazil, during a visit to São Paulo, made an interesting claim that Israel was a force for peace in the middle east. Ambassador Yosef Tekoah, to the local press during the week, identified his country as an island of peace and happiness in a tempestuous sea. The presence of Israel, he said, had been a deterrent, saving Lebanon and Jordan from forcible absorption by the Arab Republic. The people of these two countries, said the Ambassador, are aware of the importance of Israel's presence to assure their independence. The Ambassador presented the oft-heard Israel position on the Suez blockade and Arab refugees, charging that the Arab nations were in defiance of the United Nations.

Comment: Despite the large Arabic community in São Paulo, no adverse manifestations or repercussions were noted.

Labor

10. State Trade Union Convention (Official Use Only)

At the statewide convention of São Paulo trade unions sponsored by the São Paulo State Trade Union Council (CST) (April 27-30), David Sternbach (associate representative of the AFL-CIO), Manuel Pavão (CTM leader and representative of ORIT), and Eric Kissel (Secretary-

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acted on in March as against 88 in the same month last year. Sodr  also reported a number of administrative improvements being undertaken for the legislature--new economies in producing the daily record, the creation of a legislative information service, replacement of the Assembly's automotive fleet, a training program for legislative employees rather than "inhumanly" firing the incompetent. Most important was Sodr 's announced program of public education to popularize the Legislature as, with all its faults, most closely approximating the public will, a key support of liberty which costs little in relation to other costs of government.

On the leadership front, after last minute conferences and negotiations, Governor Carvalho Pinto accepted PDC deputy Felicio Castellano as majority leader with Pedro Pascoal (PTN) and Jacob Zveibil (PR) as vice-leaders. The leadership of the PDC in the legislature was given during the week to Santilli Sobrinho who just recently moved into PDC ranks.

Comment: (Confidential) Sodr  in private has pointed with pride to his record last year as majority leader of the State Legislature. Sodr , in private conversation, has noted that last year all ~~must~~ "must" legislation got enacted and there were fewer vetoes than in previous years. The present "good" record may therefore be good only in a quantitative, not a qualitative, sense.

Leaders in the State Legislature privately agree that Castellano has not shown special qualifications for the majority leadership. He is personable but lacks, at this stage, the strength or reputation of other PDC deputies. His selection does give deference to the PDC's position as a major supporting party. The selection of vice-leaders from the PTN and the PR likewise gives deference to the pro-administration position of these two parties. The choice of a majority leader from the PDC does not necessarily negate recent indications of slightly strained PDC relations toward the Governor (over Queiroz Filho's sudden resignation as Secretary of Education and over the Governor's support of Sodr  against a PDC candidate for president of the State Assembly). If Carvalho Pinto were really looking to the PDC selection to provide majority leadership in the State Assembly, it would seem that the PDC would have offered a stronger man for the post.

8. Adhemar and Local Graft (Official Use Only)

During the week, S o Paulo Mayor Adhemar de Barros revoked temporarily all street vendor licenses. Also during the week the city Secretary of Hygiene reported the results of an investigation of charges

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extensively in public in defense of the program. In the municipality of Pirajui, for example, he showed that only 30 of 629 farm properties in the municipality would suffer tax increases, that 372 would be entirely tax exempt and that the taxes of only one property would be doubled. The meeting concluded with a vote of confidence in the Secretary and the Governor.

Comment: (Confidential) Agricultural reform rates alongside the already enacted four year Plan of Action in importance to Governor Carvalho Pinto. Administration supporters in the legislature and elsewhere are moving in to give it full support. UDN State Deputy Father Godinho, a man of intelligence and integrity on the inside of UDN pro-administration strategy, told this post's Deputy Principal Officer that the reform legislation was introduced to take the play away from any more radical proposals presidential candidate Janio Quadros might have brought back from his visit to Cuba. Various facts and factors sustain this statement--Janio's repeated expressions of interest in Cuba's agricultural reform before visiting Cuba; the transmission of the state's proposed agricultural reform to the legislature with much fanfare before Janio's return from Cuba; Carvalho Pinto's conservative, non-demagogic approach to such issues; the character and relationships of Father Godinho.

6. Student Strike (Official Use Only)

The student strike at Mackenzie University may soon be ended as it moves toward its third month. There is pending a proposal that the issues be resolved by a three man committee consisting of the University Reitor, a professor chosen by the university's directorate and a professor chosen by the students. The professors who are charged with incompetence would not return to teaching until their status is resolved.

Comment: According to student sources, the Ministry of Education told petitioning students it would intervene but told university officials it would not. Even though the immediate strike is ended, there will remain what appears to be the basic problem of inadequate university funds to maintain adequate teaching facilities. The striking engineering students got sympathetic editorial treatment during the week from O Estado de São Paulo which lamented the multiplication of inadequate university institutions in the face of limited financial resources for university training.

7. The State Assembly (Official Use Only)

São Paulo State Assembly president Abreu Sodré pointed with pride during the past week to State legislative achievements--322 proposals

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and aggressiveness against the majority of nations of the hemisphere, is labelled by the editorial as one of the major problems of the Americas alongside of dictatorship (the latter is a favorite bête noir of O Estado whose publisher had once been imprisoned by Brazil's dictator Getulio Vargas).

Comment: It would seem that the O Estado theme can usefully be propagated to identify the issue of Cuba as Cuba against the Americas, rather than Cuba versus the United States.

4. Public vs. Private Education (Official Use Only)

After weeks of quiet, the defenders of public education returned to the local spotlight this past week. The target of their attack (see previous weekly reports from this post) is still the Lei de Diretrizes e Bases da Educação, approved by the Federal Legislature and pending in the Federal Senate. A State Convention for the Defense of Public Schooling was well attended during the week by representatives of student, professor, and labor organizations. Among the resolutions adopted was one stressing the priority of the state in organizing and administering education, identifying private education as a supplementary element. Another resolution called for the exclusive application of public funds to the maintenance and development of public schools, permitting private schools normal access to government credit facilities. The Convention established a Campaign Organization Committee which plans to attack the pending bill via all avenues of publicity, labelling the proposed legislation as social and cultural regression.

Comment: The sponsor of the convention, the State Student Union, did a capable job of organizing. One of its shrewder moves was an invitation to the publisher of O Estado de São Paulo to preside at the convention. The invitation was accepted and the proceedings of the convention received extensive and favorable press coverage as well as a favorable editorial in O Estado de São Paulo. It will be recalled that the pending bill provides for financial assistance to private as well as public schools and for private school participation in the system of public administration of the government's school programs.

5. Agricultural Reform (Official Use Only)

Messages continue to pour into São Paulo State Secretary of Agriculture José Bonifácio Coutinho Nogueira praising and endorsing the Governor's agricultural reform program. Recent endorsements were received from ex-Minister of Agriculture (and 1955 candidate for president) Juarez Távora and from the Minas Gerais Society of Agricultural Engineers. The Secretary of Agriculture is speaking

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and "murderers" were some of the more polite language offered by the anonymous callers. If threats had been consummated, the Consulate General would by now have been blown up more than a half dozen times. There were no public demonstrations and few letters and telegrams have been received thusfar.

At the beginning of the week, police surveillance of the Consulate General was established. To protect against possible "crackpot" bombing, packages and briefcases were checked at the street level entrance by Brazilian employees of the Consulate General. An emergency plan developed by the Consulate General in anticipation was put into effect. After the first few days, police surveillance was reduced to one radio patrol car.

Comment: (Confidential) It would be most unfortunate if Chessman's ashes should find their way to a "shrine for anti-United States agitation" in Brazil. While there was a fair amount of balanced treatment of the case, the considerable coverage and the semi-martyrdom of Chessman by the local press could have provoked stronger public reaction. Apparently Communists and other leftist agitators saw fit not to stir up organized public demonstrations.

3. Cuba (Official Use Only)

On May 1, O Estado de São Paulo offered a telling editorial indictment against Cuba, of special significance because it linked all the Americas together as victims of the intolerant abuse of Castro and his lieutenants. The conduct of the latter is so absurd and irresponsible, said O Estado that initial hopes "give way to the most complete disillusionment". Cuba reacts indignantly to the slightest criticism but Fidel et al "feel that they have the right to react daily and violently against everything happening on the continent". Via press, radio and television, big and little Cuban leaders attack and discredit "as if they alone possessed the universal wisdom and America was, with the honorable exception of Cuba, a land of blind and unconscionables". The editorial then cites Cuban attacks against Argentina's Frondizi, Chile's president Alessandri ("reactionary"), Lleras Camargo ("agent of imperialism"), José Figueres, Romulo Betancourt ("repentant marxist" and "vacillating president") and others. If the Mexican president were added to the Cuban black list, says O Estado, then only Brazil among the major nations of the hemisphere would have been spared "by the strange democrats who pontificate in the small republic of the Antilles". The Cuban attitude "would be ridiculous if it were not dangerous". Cuba, in her "sick hostility" against the United States

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administration--a strange position for one just chosen to strengthen Goulart's political campaigning in São Paulo. Likewise Edna Lott was in town for four days, belaboring the nationalist line at various political meetings on behalf of the presidential candidacy of her father. Marshall Lott is expected in town this weekend to appear on a television program and to plan with local political supporters a more intensive campaign in São Paulo, expected to commence in June. At least one seasoned pro-Lott political leader places great hopes on President Kubitschek's continued prestige and ultimate election-eering support to swing the tide to Lott in late campaign stages.

The expected PSB split over the presidential candidates finally came during the week in the form of a dissident manifesto criticising the administration and declaring in favor of Janio Quadros. The manifesto was signed by the PSB regional president and others. The National Party Directorate has ordered intervention and has designated a committee to take over. The PSB contingent in the State Legislature is divided two and two, with one neutral. The dissidents are not expected to fight back unless there is an attempt to expell them from the party. Meanwhile the PR regional directorate has decided to press for a Paulista vice-presidential candidate at the party's forthcoming national convention. (For more details, see São Paulo despatch 408, May 9, 1960)

2. The Chessman Case (Official Use Only)

The Chessman case evoked in São Paulo more press attention by far than any other event of recent times other than President Eisenhower's visit. (See item 12 below) In the days immediately following execution, press and radio gave heavy play to Chessman's execution, American justice, and world-wide reaction. By the end of the week, the excitement had died down. Apart from some extremist attacks against American justice, most criticisms were leveled against the death penalty, the inhumanity of further penalizing a man after twelve years of suffering, and the execution of a rehabilitated Chessman who was not the same individual convicted twelve years earlier. There was a goodly measure of emphasis on the extreme fairness of American justice, on Chessman's criminal record, on the likely exploitation of the case by those with anti-American motives. At the end of the week Brazilian offers to receive the executed man's ashes received moderate press attention.

Chessman's execution also brought a flow of abusive and threatening phone calls to the Consulate General and its top officers. "Barbarians"

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AIR POUCH		CONFIDENTIAL (Security Classification)	DO NOT TYPE IN THIS SPACE 732.00/5-960
FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH			
FROM :	Amcongen São Paulo	409	
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.	May 9, 1960	
REF :			
55 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION REC'D	DEPT. IN F O OTHER	AD/IA-2 IRC-8 REP-1 E-3 ICA-11 NEA-1 5/13 CIA-10 USA-10 ASD-4 Comy-4 Navy-3 AID-6 SUBJECT: São Paulo Weekly Summary, No. 45, Week Ending May 6, 1960 COM-10 AG-8 LAB-6 HEW-2

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- Labor
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11. Revision of Existing Labor Laws
- Psychological
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13. Other Press Highlights
- Miscellaneous
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Political

1. Presidential Campaign (Confidential)

It appears from statements by local UDN and PDC leaders that the vice-presidential candidate of the latter party, Fernando Ferrari, will no longer campaign alone but will instead campaign alongside presidential candidate Janio Quadros. This could mean that Milton Campos and Ferrari would fight it out from the same platform for the "opposition" vote. Janio should profit from the dual support, but Goulart may be handed the vice-presidency in the process even though his vote is less than that of the combined opposition vote. Goulart, while in São Paulo was critical of price rises and stressed the sacrifices entailed in the reaching of Kubitschek objectives. A safe conclusion: Goulart, like Quadros, will give support and attention to others only as it serves his own candidacy. Goulart, Minister of Labor João Baptista Ramos spoke out in São Paulo for separating politics from

see last page:mlf

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INCOMING TELEGRAM

Department of State

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Control: 3963

Rec'd: May 5, 1960

8:54 p.m.

Info FROM: Rio de Janeiro

PR TO: Secretary of State

RMR NO: 1713, May 5, 8 p.m.

Letters October 15 Briggs, December 18 Buchanan, January 20 and April 12 Hemba re "White List" acknowledged.

Reply being sent next courier pouch leaving Rio Monday May 9.

CABOT

VHD

Finally received by Holocof

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the administrator of the building currently occupied by the Consulate, during which he flatly refused to sign the termination and acquittance document ~~document~~ forwarded the Consulate by the Embassy, on April 26 the reporting officer was able to obtain the administrator's promise that on April 30 the Consulate (1) could turn over its unpaid rental through that day (2) would receive a document, in Portuguese, stating that the Consulate has paid its rent for the space it occupied and that the landlords are satisfied that no debts are owing to them by the Consulate (3) could be assured its move would be facilitated by the landlords in every way and (4) would be able to hand over its keys to the landlords on that date.

Meantime, the Consulate's efforts to effect its move proceed apace. The Consulate will physically move April 29-30 and plans to be installed in its new quarters by May 2. The Consulate intends to circularize all posts in Brazil of its change of address next week.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Thus far it appears that the Consulate will be able to hold its expenses in moving to the sum authorized by the Department.

2. Consulate Receives Increase in Quarters Allowance (UNCLASSIFIED)

On April 27 the post received the welcome news from the Department that effective the beginning of the first pay period following April 20, 1960, Santos has been reclassified upwards for quarters allowance.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

The Principal Officer henceforth will receive \$2,000 instead of \$1,600 per annum under the new schedule.

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union, to Jose de Moraes Chaves, pro-Quadros President of the urban workers union.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Echoing the feelings of his fellows, Rodrigues declared, "It's my opinion that the Labor Minister, by issuing such a regulation, is holding out a bribe to union leaders. He's mistaken. Leaders worth their salt don't need any such means to run unions. Only the workers themselves have the right, pure and simple, to choose their representatives.... We can suppose that giving these prerogatives to union leaders, tomorrow the Government will try to extend other mandates, including its own. I'm sure that the real union leaders will repudiate the regulation. It should be revoked...."

Rodrigues, incidentally, is a supporter of Marshal Lott.

III ECONOMIC

1. Port for Brasilia (UNCLASSIFIED)

A Tribuna on April 24 editorially declared that "Santos is the natural port for Brasilia through geography, history and economics, with the extraordinary advantage that the Government does not have to spend money to construct it...."

The editorial declares that the Bahian port of Camamu, officially chosen as the new capital's port, will have to be created from scratch and raises the question that if the Government was insistent on choosing a Bahian port over Santos, why could not it have chosen Salvador or even Ilheus?

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

The reporting officer has yet to discover any optimism among business and shipping circles here that Santos will become an important port of entry for Brasilia.

IV CONSULAR

1. General (UNCLASSIFIED)

Consular operations have continued normally during the past week and there is nothing especial to report.

V ADMINISTRATIVE

1. Status of Consulate's Move to New Quarters (UNCLASSIFIED)

After several frustratingly inconclusive conversations with the administrator

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The reporting officer has heard one story that the arrumadores have assessed all members and applicants for enrollment in the union heavy fees to build up a slush fund to bribe Federal Deputies and Labor Ministry officials to block the truckers' efforts to resist the warehousemen.

2. Local Labor Conference Completes Deliberation (UNCLASSIFIED)

On April 21 the First Santos Labor Conference, held in preparation for the Second Sao Paulo Labor Congress, ended its sessions by approving a flurry of resolutions. Among the more important resolutions voted were the following: (1) supporting creation of a national monopoly for petroleum derivatives (Dispetrol) (2) criticizing recent agreements between Petrobras and Esso Standard regarding the importation of oil from abroad (3) reaffirming the full support of Santos workers for Petrobras (4) demanding immediate approval by the National Legislature of the creation of a national monopoly of electric energy (Elektrobras) (5) desiring approval of the ten bills introduced by Federal Deputy Sergio Magalhaes for a Law on Foreign Capital limiting, in particular, the remittance of profits out of Brazil by foreign businesses (6) demanding nationwide agrarian reform (7) demanding the nationalization of foreign banks of deposit (8) suggesting that no loans be made to foreign businesses linked to "international cartels" by the Bank of Brazil (9) demanding creation of a national Banco de Lavoura, capable of serving the needs of workmen and (10) asking economic, commercial and diplomatic relations be established with all countries of the world, under equal conditions.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Osvaldo Pacheco da Silva, President of the National Federation of Stevedores, spoke at the Conference's final sessions.

It can be readily inferred that the resolutions adopted by the Conference bore the imprint of the strong and well-disciplined pro-communist or fellow-travelling minority at work during the gathering.

3. Local Labor Leaders Indignant at Labor Ministry (UNCLASSIFIED)

Laerte Carneiro da Silva, President of the Santos stevedores union; Expedito Guedes Rodrigues, President of the coffee sackers and loaders union; Orlando Sposito, President of the Graphic Workers union; Ubirajara de Araujo France, President of the Cubatao petroleum workers union; and representatives of the port services employees and streetcar workers unions have publically voiced their angry disapproval of the recent act of ex-Labor Minister Fernando Nobrega to prolong for two years the terms of office of all labor unions, federations and confederations. They were soon joined in their indignation by virtually all the prominent union leaders here, ranging from communist Antonio Guarneri of the bank employees union

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Santos and the reporting officer knows of a number of persons who have travelled to Sao Paulo to see it.

It is the reporter's opinion that the Circus' decision is cleverly aimed at promoting local goodwill for Russia. Much local publicity has already been generated by the Santa Casa's appeal to the public to raise funds to meet its operating deficits and expand its services.

II LABOR

1. Arrumadores Question Settled (Temporarily) (UNCLASSIFIED)

At 7 a.m. on April 22 port operations in Santos commenced to return to normal with a temporary settlement between warehousemen and teamsters by which the 29 trucking firms (not 33 as reported on April 20) named in the injunction which they had obtained against the warehousemen some weeks ago were guaranteed, in a written document, protection from local police and military authorities. The latter assured the truckers that they would be free to load and unload their cargoes without interference from the warehousemen. The agreement also stipulated that the 29 trucking firms could rent or lease their vehicles to the other trucking firms serving Santos "whose security has not yet been guaranteed by the judiciary", i.e., were not named in the injunction. Thus most if not all the trucking firms will be able to avoid employing arrumadores.

Since April 22 port operations have been slowly returning to normal. The arrumadores, disgruntled at this check to their hopes of monopolizing the lucrative handling of truck cargo entering and leaving Santos, have been forcing truckers in numerous instances to appeal to the police to protect the truckers' right to work without interference from the arrumadores, and this has slowed the recovery to normal of port operations.

On April 22 half-a-dozen ships were anchored at the entrance to Santos waiting for berths, as ships were unable to clear port because of the arrumadores' disruption of cargo loading. On April 28, although port operations were almost back to normal, Marines and soldiers still were patrolling the docks to guarantee the teamsters against any reprisals from the warehousemen.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The dispute is still not settled, for the arrumadores undoubtedly will again seek to arrogate to themselves the handling of trucks' cargoes. The latest crisis was settled only after the Truckers' Federation had appealed to the Labor Ministry, Governor Carvalho Pinto had sent a telegram to the Labor Ministry, and the Sao Paulo Chamber of Commerce had sent a telegram to President Kubitschek.

/The reporting

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OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM

TO: American Consulate General, Sao Paulo Date: April 28, 1960
FROM: American Consulate, SANTOS
SUBJECT: Weekly Comment on Events in Santos
REF:

I POLITICAL

1. Local Reaction to Withdrawal of Leandro Maciel (UNCLASSIFIED)

The announcement of the withdrawal of UDN Vice Presidential Candidate Leandro Maciel, although far from a surprise, is unwelcome to the bulk of the supporters of Janio Quadros in Santos. Many of them seem to fear that Maciel's bowing out has knocked some of the delicate props out from under Quadros' campaign, and that thereby Janio stands to lose votes to Lott. The pro-Lott forces in Santos, naturally, are attempting to exploit Maciel's action to their own advantage.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Although Maciel's candidacy never roused any real enthusiasm in Santos, a number of pro-Quadros Santistas shy away from Fernando Ferrari, who is not really well-known here.

2. Moscow Circus to Stage Benefit Performance for Santos Charity (UNCLASSIFIED)

The reporting officer is informed that the Moscow Circus, which is playing to capacity audiences in Sao Paulo City, will devote a performance to the Santa Casa de Santos on May 18. The Moscow Circus will turn over all the performance's proceeds after taxes and rental fees have been paid to the local charity hospital to aid its current drive to collect Cr\$57,000,000,00, of which only a disappointing Cr\$12,000,000,00 has been raised so far. The managers of the Santa Casa's fund-raising drive will sell tickets for the benefit in Santos and will charter busses to Sao Paulo for those who will attend. It is calculated that the Santa Casa should realize Cr\$2,000,000,00 from the performance.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

The Moscow Circus already has attracted considerable interest in Santos

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH					
FROM :	Amoongen, SAO PAULO		402	May 3, 1960	
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		DESP. NO.	DATE	
REF :	0EE 5				
For Dept. Use Only	ARRA-4	DEPT. IN F O	CEN-TO CIA-TO ARMY-4 NAVY-4		
SUBJECT:	Santos Weekly Report AIR 6 CSD-4 USA-TO LAB				

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
BUREAU OF
INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS
MAY 15 1960

Transmitted herewith for the information of the Embassy and the Department is the weekly report from the American Consulate at Santos, dated April 28, 1960. With reference to Item 2, the Moscow Circus likewise gave a benefit performance in its first week in São Paulo.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

Enclosure:

Santos Weekly Report,
dated April 28, 1960

cc: Amembassy, Rio

RJBurton:tar

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Desp. No.
From São Paulo

Pro-Lott Committee. Because he was committed to attend ceremonies of May 3 in Minas Gerais, city of Uberaba, as had been his custom for years past, the President sent his regrets. On May 12, a committee of São Paulo city aldermen will accompany Ulysses Guimarães to Brasília to award Kubitschek the title of Citizen Paulistano, awarded by the City Council.

8. Labor and the Presidential Contest (Confidential).

A Ministry of Labor decree postponing labor union elections until 1962 and signed by former Minister of Labor Fernando Nobrega on April 13, 1960, is being bitterly criticized by a number of São Paulo trade union leaders who are regarded as being in the political camp of presidential candidate Janio Quadros.

Dante Pellacani, secretary-general of the São Paulo Trade Union Council (CST) and an avowed Janista, issued a series of public statements during the past week terming the decree immoral and labeling it as a pure political deal designed to maintain in office trade union leaders who no longer enjoy prestige with rank and file union members in return for political support of the Brazilian Labor Party (PTB).

Pellacani also attacked the decree during the opening session of the São Paulo State Trade Union Convention in one of the strongest speeches attacking government intervention into trade union affairs that the Consulate General's Labor Officer has heard in his more than three years in Brazil.

More than a score of non-Communist trade union leaders have also publicly expressed their disgust with the decree. In addition some notorious Communist Party trade union leaders, including State Deputy José Rocha Mendes Filho, are lambasting the decree.

(It is understood that João Batista Ramos, recently appointed Minister of Labor, has announced he will re-examine the aforementioned decree and decide whether or not it would be revoked.)

COMMENT: For some weeks the Consulate General's Labor Officer has heard rumors to the effect that certain members of the Communist Party, including José Rocha Mendes Filho, will back the candidacy of Janio Quadros. This backing will not be by public declaration. However, the word will be passed around to support Marshal Lott publicly and back Janio privately according to informed sources of this post's labor officer.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

cc: Amembassy, Rio

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Desp. No. São Paulo
From

COMMENT: (Confidential) Goulart was evidently aiming at attracting campaign support among the powerful coffee interests of São Paulo. The remarks attributed to Mario Rolim Teles indicate some irritation with the agricultural reform views of Janio Quadros and more particularly with the recently proposed agricultural reform program of the pro-Quadros administration of Governor Carvalho Pinto. (See São Paulo Despatch No. 400, May 2, 1960, Item 2.)

Goulart's appearance in São Paulo over the weekend will take some of the spotlight away from opposing candidate Fernando Ferrari who is to be in São Paulo over the weekend to inaugurate the state headquarters of the Janio-Ferrari Committee. There is some local speculation that if Milton Campos should run for vice-president and if Goulart should fear a Ferrari Victory then Goulart would give his support to Campos rather than risk the taking over of the PTB by a victorious Ferrari.

6. Janio's Campaigning (Official Use Only).

Speaking to thousands of São Paulo admirers in two capital city neighborhoods (Penha and Vila Maria), Janio Quadros belabored his established campaign themes--illiteracy, high infant mortality, a corrupt social security, a neglected agriculture which obliged the import of rotten beans from the United States, inflation, no commitments to any party or individual. He was well received. Student and labor leaders, PTN national president Emilio Carlos and São Paulo senator Lino de Matos (formerly PSP) also spoke. Except for these two speeches on the same evening, Janio did no other campaigning in the state of São Paulo. While in São Paulo, Janio said that he expected to be consulted beforehand by the UDN on its choice of a vice-presidential candidate.

COMMENT: (Confidential) It may be that the UDN will not seek Janio's approval of its vice-presidential candidate because it neither wants nor expects Janio to give such candidate exclusive endorsement as a running mate.

7. Kubitschek (Official Use Only).

With Janio Quadros making an issue of the incumbent national administration, it would appear that local PSD leaders are, for the moment at least, more interested in bringing President Kubitschek rather than Candidate Lott before the public eye as a counter campaign maneuver. PSD State Deputy (and first vice-president of the State Assembly) Conceição de Costa Neves got the State Legislature to invite President Kubitschek to a solemn session of the Legislature on May 3 to commemorate the inauguration of Brasília. President Kubitschek received the invitation from PSD Federal Deputy Ulysses Guimarães who is also chairman of the state

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these local Lott supporters share the feeling of many Quadros supporters that Janio's best campaign weapon is a political speech by the colorless, undemagogic Lott.

4. The PSB Revolt (Official Use Only).

During the past week, the meeting of the PSB regional directorate to review the national party convention's decision in favor of Lott for president, was not held for want of a quorum. The evening before the scheduled directorate meeting, the Socialist Youth met under the chairmanship of Camal Schalhimi to discuss ways and means of initiating the Lott campaign. PSB State Deputy Jetero de Faria Cardoso and PSB Regional Secretary General Febus Gicovate, both Lott supporters, spoke at the Socialist Youth meeting. On the opposite side, Francisco Morato de Oliveira, president of the State of São Paulo Social Security Institute (patronage from the state to the PSB) asked the PSB command for a leave of absence in order to campaign for Janio; if not granted, said Oliveira, he would resign.

COMMENT: (Confidential) Expectations regarding the PSB pro-Quadros leadership run in two alternative directions--(1) they'll wait to see what happens to the petition from Rio Grande do Sul for annulment of the party's national convention, (2) they'll declare themselves shortly in favor of Janio Quadros. Unless there is some likelihood of an early decision in favor of the annulment petition (and this is not indicated at present), the second seems the more probable development. As observed in previous reports, this could bring a move to depose the regional party command by anti-Quadros forces. A fight within the party and a further weakening of the PSB in São Paulo can be expected.

5. Goulart in São Paulo (Official Use Only).

During the week, vice-presidential candidate Goulart flew to Campinas, then drove onto Valinhos to attend a baptism; but the real objective was a churrasco (barbecue) at the fazenda (plantation) of Mario Rolim Teles, president of the Paulista Coffeegrowers Association. There Goulart listened to the coffeegrowers' views, principally their unhappiness over the "confiscatory" exchange rate for coffee sales. According to various reports, it was agreed that a committee of coffeegrowers would go to Brasília to present their views to President Kubitschek. Mario Rolim Teles is reported to have told Goulart that agriculture needs evolution, not reform, that neither slavery, nor aristocracy, nor feudalism prevails in São Paulo agriculture. Though Goulart left the same day, he was expected to return to the city of São Paulo this weekend to address the closing session of the state trade union convention.

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For this reason, a goodly number of observers label Carvalho Pinto's registration campaign his first major move to bring victory to Janio. Others observe that this merely counterbalances a similar registration drive by Lott supporters in Minas Gerais. There are some rumors that the SSo Paulo Governor will be keeping an eye open for pro-Lott activities by state deputies with a view to reducing "benefits" dispensed to such deputies from the executive branch.

3. Lott Campaign (Official Use Only).

Presidential candidate Lott's daughter Edna came to SSo Paulo once more on April 29 for some three days of campaigning on behalf of her father. She is scheduled to appear at various campaign and nationalist front headquarters in the city of SSo Paulo and neighboring "industrial triangle" cities. She was well received on arrival at the local airport, principally by the ladies of the Pro-Lott Committee in SSo Paulo. To reporters, Edna blunted a question anent continuation of Kubitschek's administration by speaking of such continuation by virtue of Lott's election.

Two questions by reporters at the airport brought forth possibly significant indications as to future campaign developments. Regarding support from Kubitschek, Edna declared that the President could never "remain apathetic to the candidacy of Lott." She added that Kubitschek is occupied with the fulfillment of great projects and is doing what he can for the candidacies of the Marshal and Goulart. She also offered assurances that the campaign of her father "will move forward without taking notice of the opposition."

COMMENT: (Confidential) If Edna enjoys the confidence of her father and his political lieutenants, one can conclude that little active campaign support is expected from Kubitschek on Lott's behalf, that this is a matter of concern in pro-Lott quarters (reports of the President's chief interest in driving to fulfill his goals in the little remaining time in office confirm this expectation). Also one can expect that Lott will probably not indulge in attacks against or disparagement of his opponents, Janio Quadros or Adhemar de Barros. This will probably be well attended to by Lott's supporters.

Edna Lott has been in SSo Paulo more than her father thus far. She has usually been accompanied by a number of leftists and nationalists and has given heavy stress to nationalist themes. It does not appear that her activity has had significant impact or popular appeal. The campaign for Lott in SSo Paulo still appears to be in very low gear. Some local Lott supporters feel that Janio will defeat himself by attacking the administration in view of Kubitschek's increasing popularity. On the other hand, some of

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attitude" in the recent party developments, "contributing decisively to the solution of the delicate crisis." The telegram speaks further of Juracy's growth "if such is possible, in the appreciation, esteem, and admiration of his party colleagues in São Paulo."

COMMENT: (Confidential) One can speculate from this vantage point whether Juracy Magalhães did not seize the opportunity to scuttle Carlos Lacerda who had previously played a major role in the frustrating Juracy's efforts to obtain the UDN nomination for the presidency. It will be recalled too that Juracy had earlier helped deliver the national presidency of the UDN to Magalhães Pinto rather than to São Paulo Federal Deputy Herbert Levy who reflects the strong pro-Quadros sentiment of the UDN in São Paulo. It is believed locally that the local UDN membership, some of whom have been inclined toward vice-presidential candidates Goulart or Ferrari, will now give solid support to Campos. Milton Campos ran well ahead of the other candidates in São Paulo in the 1955 vice-presidential contest.

2. Carvalho Pinto and the Presidency (Official Use Only).

Queried directly by reporters during the week, São Paulo Governor Carvalho Pinto pointed out that his views are well known and that opportunely he would "accent" his position in favor of presidential candidate Janio Quadros. Meanwhile, Brigadier Faria Lima, State Secretary of Public Works, announced that he was now actively campaigning for Janio and in the same breath said that he saw no reason for resigning on this account.

More significant to some was the Governor's launching of a campaign to increase the number of registered voters to 4 million by the registration deadline of June 24. The Governor during the week convened a meeting of top political, executive, legislative, judicial, and civic leaders, as well as representatives of press, radio, and television. The Governor called upon all for suggestions and active support by publicity and otherwise to get people registered. Letters are being sent from the Governor to all mayors asking their participation. Sports clubs, health centers, student groups--in short, all organizations--are being asked to participate. This is a non-partisan, non-regional, civic drive, said the Governor, to make democracy effective.

COMMENT: By the end of February, 3,069,940 were registered in São Paulo, including 1,735,875 in the capital city. If the 4 million mark is reached, São Paulo may have close to 30 per cent of the total registered voters of the nation. In view of the high vote participation shown in São Paulo in recent years, São Paulo's percentage of the actual vote in October may be even higher. With Janio Quadros variously estimated to carry from 60 to 70 per cent of the São Paulo vote, pro-Janistas reason that an increased registration in São Paulo can be a key factor in a Quadros victory.

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH		399		732.00/5-260	
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TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		DATE		
REF :					
20 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION ARA-4	DEPT. RM/H & SEC P			
	REC'D 5-6-60	OTHER CIA 10 0214 10 1100 VY-3			
SUBJECT: Presidential Campaign Developments, Week Ending April 29, 1960					

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DEPARTMENT OF STATE
BUREAU OF
INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS
MAY 9 1960

1. The UDN Crisis (Official Use Only).

In the wake of the UDN "political fallout" after the recent series of Carlos Lacerda explosions, presidential candidate Janio Quadros sent out a number of telegrams to the UDN leaders, evidently designed to stave off any disaffection in key UDN quarters. On April 26, while in São Paulo, Janio sent telegrams to UDN president Magalhães Pinto, to former UDN vice-presidential candidate Leandro Maciel, and to the governor of Maciel's home state. To Magalhães Pinto, Janio expressed thanks for devoted assistance and voiced the certainty that the "great candidate" for governor of Minas Gerais would not fail Janio in the future as he had not failed Janio in the past. The telegram to Leandro Maciel conveyed regrets over the latter's withdrawal from the vice-presidential race and thanked Maciel for "continuing in our campaign to implant a democratic regime." To the governor of Sergipe Janio sent expressions of personal esteem.

The UDN in São Paulo also contributed to the patching up within the party's high command. During the week a meeting of the state UDN directorate reportedly decided that the UDN should have its own vice-presidential candidate with Senator Milton Campos a first preference (party high command later approached Milton Campos). Also the local UDN sent a telegram to Bahian Governor Juracy Magalhães offering effusive congratulations for Juracy's firm, serene, superior

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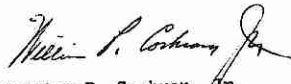
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William P. Cochran, Jr.
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Nor was the adverse criticism directed exclusively against President Rhee and his government. Cautious, usually pro-United States O Estado de São Paulo delivered what many North Americans might consider a fairly unamiable punch: "It is well not to forget the influence which the traditional incompetence of North American diplomats still reflects in Washington, in the White House, and in the Pentagon, along with its evil results. The rigidity which has always obliged the political life of the United States to classify autocratic regimes in the West (as black or white, Communist or anti-Communist) is only too familiar. The "extremist" wing of North American policy...has led where it has led: to a diplomatic failure, a backsliding, and, once again, the paradox of a tardy awareness of reality. Having won Mister Rhee, the North Americans have also run the risk of losing the South Koreans. And this after a war in which many United States soldiers lost their lives."

11. Hungarian Defection (Unclassified)

Highlighted in the local news were the arrival of a Soviet Trade Mission in Rio de Janeiro and the petition of a Hungarian commercial envoy Gyorgy Lazar for political asylum in Brazil. This latter event is not without an element of sensationalism, for the first press releases are linking Lazar's defection with the arrival of the Russian group. Said the evening edition of Folha de São Paulo: "A curious coincidence can be noted in this case - Gyorgy Lazar sought asylum just before the arrival here of the Russian Trade Mission. It is supposed that the presence of Communists coming from Moscow might have hastened an action which he had not intended to take until later."

12. Other News Highlights (Unclassified)

French President de Gaulle's visit to the United States and the disastrous earthquake in Lar, Iran, furnished other items of news interest in the São Paulo press. The Caryl Chessman case, with only two more days left before the scheduled execution (May 2) of the celebrated convict-author, provoked several headlines, principally in Ultima Hora and Correio Paulistano. (See item 6 above).

Later in the week, a new topic shared the front pages with the ones already mentioned--the student-led demonstrations against the Turkish government in Ankara and Istanbul.

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and Technical Employees (IFCOTE), the Secretary of Labor for the State of São Paulo, the British Labor Attaché, the Consulate General's Labor Officer and many more in attendance, Dante Pellacani, secretary-general of the São Paulo State Trade Union Council (CST) as presiding officer abruptly closed the session just as the representative of the WFTU Jean Marillier was about to speak. Pellacani allowed the representatives of the international free trade unions to address the session over the vigorous objections of a number of Communist delegates.

A demagogic and rabble rousing discourse by State Deputy José da Rocha Mendes Filho (a member of the Communist Party) received little response from the delegates. An hour long lecture on National Revolutions in Underdeveloped Countries given by Professor Candido Mendes de Almeida of the Brazilian Institute of Advanced Studies (ISEB) which is under considerable Communist Party influence, so confused and bored the delegates that at least half of them including many Communists left the hall while the remaining delegates broke up into informal conversation groups.

The Communists bounced back on the second night. During a plenary session, with Communist Party member Francisco Floriano Dezem presiding, the Communist minority cleverly maneuvered the disorganized non-Communists into adopting a strongly worded resolution lauding the Cuban Revolution and denouncing intervention in Cuba's internal affairs. The Communists also scored again when Dezem allowed a member of the bank clerk's union to speak out of order to blast the economic imperialism of United States corporations particularly in Cuba just after David Sternbach, associate representative of the AFL-CIO, had delivered a hard hitting speech emphasizing free trade unions (which was well received by the convention).

A more detailed despatch on the convention will be submitted.

Psychological

10. Crisis in South Korea (Unclassified)

In the past week, the enforced collectivization in East Germany and the lingering racial tensions in Africa were minor news items compared to the post-election turmoil in South Korea. Front-page headlines in all of the Paulista dailies reported the resignation of President Syngman Rhee, together with the mass popular demonstrations which precipitated it. Even more sensational treatment was accorded the suicide-assassination case of Rhee's adopted son. All in all, the charges of alleged corruption and electoral fraud in the South Korean republic have prompted nothing but condemnatory opinion from all sectors of the local press, and none of these appears more representative than Erwin Theodor's comment in A Gazeta: "Fortunately, the popular uprising in South Korea has been victorious....Dedication to freedom has defeated a power that was being used in the service of dictatorship and corruption."

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7. Visitors in São Paulo (Official Use Only)

The Israeli Minister of Labor, two German deputies and the Mexican Chairman of the OAS Subcommittee of Nine on the OPA were in São Paulo during the week. Israeli General Iosej Avidar discussed labor relations and social security in Israel. German deputy Gustav Adolf Gedat contrasted the freedom of the German western zone with the slavery of the Soviet zone. German deputy Herman Mathias Goergen stressed German capital exports to Brazil and said that the European Common Market would be beneficial in creating an increased European purchasing power. Mexican Ambassador Sanchez Gaveto interpreted Operation Pan America as promoting for the first time "a truly continental economic policy".

8. Other Political Developments (Official Use Only)

The local PTN crisis over metropolitan president Benedita Rocha's alleged consorting with Lott supporters is apparently ended. A committee of three talked to Benedita Rocha and announced the matter resolved--nothing more. Rocha said he considered himself perfectly integrated in the Political life of the party--no more. There was no mention of the specific charges against Rocha.

PDC federal deputy Franco Montouro left São Paulo during the week to attend the Inter-American Congress for Democracy and Liberty in Caracas. He said that he would present his proposals for disarmament in Latin America. Various other local political figures invited (Janio Quadros, Conceição da Costa Neves) will not attend.

The São Paulo State Assembly approved in first reading a bill sponsored by PSB deputy Eduardo Barnabé for expropriation of the Brazilian-owned Mogiana Railroad by the state. Barnabé said that this would solve the company's financial and administrative problems and better meet the needs of the areas served and of the workers (it's easier to pressure the government for wage increases, etc.).

Labor

9. State Trade Union Convention (Confidential)

The disciplined, well-trained Communist majority shook off some slight setbacks during the opening session of the São Paulo State Trade Union Convention and exercised considerable influence during the second day of the conclave.

During the opening session with some 1,500 delegates, representatives of ORIT, the WFTU, the International Federation of Commercial, Clerical

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to municipal hospital services, etc.). Replying to criticism, Marcos Melega asserted that the central objective is harmony between the executive and legislative branches.

Comment: It will be recalled that friction recently erupted between Adhemar and his vice-mayor, Cantidio Sampaio, over the Mayor's crackdown on street vendors. There were rumors that Adhemar no longer supported Sampaio's mayoralty ambitions and further rumors of a move for a showdown by Sampaio's supporters. Toward the end of the week Adhemar declared that he still favored Sampaio for mayor. It would appear that Adhemar may be moving to pour oil on troubled waters which could otherwise upset his campaigning for the national presidency. This same objective could also bring attempts to hush any scandal connected with street vendors.

6. Chessman Case (Official Use Only)

Toward the end of the week the Chessman case came back into the public spotlight. Front page stories reported the unsuccessful maneuverings of Chessman's lawyers, protest gestures in California, Uruguay and elsewhere, and the article in the Vatican's "Osservatore Romano" to the effect that twelve years in a death cell was sufficient punishment for any crime. Catholic Correio Paulistano on April 29 carried a front page, red ink banner headline, "John XXIII Prays for Chessman". The TV channel 3 program "Great Judicial Errors" again played up the Chessman case on April 27, dramatizing around a letter allegedly written by the condemned man and portraying his anguish and suffering before the recent postponement of his execution. A lawyer by the name of Viana de Moraes charged on the program that Chessman was the victim of American police corruption, of doctored evidence, that the replacement for the court stenographer who died was an uncle of the public prosecutor, and an inveterate alcoholic who admitted to losses and omissions in transcribing the court proceedings. On the same TV program a reporter talked long distance with one of Chessman's lawyers who was confident that the execution would be postponed due to a new approach of Chessman's which could not be divulged.

Comment: (Confidential) Giacomo Franco, owner of the local sewing machine plant Vigorelli, has spent a great deal of effort and money in sponsoring the TV program and in bringing a Chessman lawyer and others to Brazil to speak against capital punishment. By the end of the week only a few letters of protest (from less-than-responsible sources) had been received at the Consulate General (one had some anti-semitic obscenities, the other was unsigned). By the end of the week there were no indications of possible protest demonstrations.

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recently. If this continues to be the case and the PDC does not get either the majority leadership or one of the two key committee chairmanships (Finance or Justice), this may provoke either disaffection or disgruntlement of the PDC toward the Governor.

4. Student Strike (Official Use Only)

Students of the McKenzie University Engineering School have been on strike for approximately 50 days. The principal issue is student demands that certain professors regarded as incompetent be fired. During the past week, students of the School of Economics and the School of Architecture of the University joined the strike to show their support. The number on strike reached 1,800 and was expected to go higher with the anticipated adherence of the School of Philosophy and Law School students. A petition for government intervention by the national Ministry of Education has been approved by the students. The petition has not yet been submitted pending further discussions between students and University officials.

Comment:(Confidential) There is, of course, some justification for the students' complaints. If there is any serious public reaction against the idea that students can get their professors fired by means of duress, it has not yet been noted. This is a good illustration of the undue license which exists and is tolerated among student groups.

5. Adhemar and Local Politics (Official Use Only)

PTB alderman Rio Branco Paranhos, Communist and anti-administration chairman of the São Paulo City Council Justice Committee, announced during the week that depositions from street vendors and public market vendors showed that the latter had been subjected to extortion by various people, including a functionary on the staff of the municipal Secretary of Hygiene. Failing to pay, their stands were removed from the streets. The alderman said that he would ask the state Secretary of Public Safety (the police) to investigate. Another alderman, Edison Lemes, charged that 100,000 properties in the city were not being taxed, that leading politicians paid less than half as much taxes on their palatial residences as were paid by many low income laborers.

Meanwhile Mayor Adhemar de Barros maintained harmony with a UDN-PDC-PSP majority coalition in the City Council. After a visit by Adhemar, UDN City Council President Marcos Melega announced to fellow councilmen that agreement had been reached on a number of items (the opening of a billion cruzeiro extraordinary credit would soon be submitted for Council approval, City Council employees would have access

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years (80,291 in 1920; 246, 863 in 1940; and 335,000 today), evidently implying that land redistribution is unnecessary. Still another report contends that the number of farmers is less and production higher in developed as contrasted with undeveloped countries; France and Germany were cited as advanced countries in which the effort was away from the evil effects of excessive land subdivision. In the state legislature, when the ability of small farms to utilize modern equipment and methods was questioned, PSB State Deputy Cid Franco proposed that the Secretary of Agriculture be invited to appear before the legislature. Franco expressed the opinion that lands not economically feasible for cultivation should be exempt from penalties for non-cultivation. Opposition PSP Deputy Ciro Albuquerque urged that the Governor withdraw the bill, contending that the views of parties in interest should have been considered before submitting the legislation.

Comment: At a joint meeting of local Chambers of Commerce for various countries, Paula de Almeida Barbosa expressed his dissent from the opposition forces in the São Paulo Commercial Association. He said that the principal architect of the agricultural reform bill was a Communist agronomist by the name of Salamão Schaltan in the State Department of Agriculture, but that the legislation had been considerably toned down. Almeida Barbosa felt that some kind of agricultural reform would ultimately be forced through and that it was better to take the initiative away from extremists. The state administration appears very willing to accept amendments, to compromise.

3. Leadership in State Assembly (Official Use Only)

The PSD membership in the State Legislature during the past week re-elected Luciano Nogueira Filho to party leadership. This ended a previous impasse which had arisen after Luciano Nogueira Filho attempted unsuccessfully to defeat the victorious slate of State Assembly officers to which a number of PSD deputies were committed. The PDC has not yet succeeded in agreeing on its leader in the State Legislature. Attempts during the week to get last year's State Assembly president, Ruy de Melo Jungueira, to accept the PDC leadership were unsuccessful.

There are frequent rumors that Governor Carvalho Pinto favors entrusting the leadership of the legislative majority to a committee of three deputies--one each from the PTN, PDC and PR (the UDN now has the presidency of the State Assembly).

Comment: (Confidential) The wishes of Governor Carvalho Pinto appear to be playing a major part in the organization of the State Assembly since his choice was maneuvered into the Assembly presidency

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labelled apolitical, the campaign should benefit the candidacy of Janio Quadros because of his preponderant vote-getting potential in the state.

Responding to reporters at the local airport, candidate Lott's daughter Edna gave the impression that (a) Lott forces are not optimistic about campaign support from incumbent President Kubitschek, and (b) Lott himself will probably not reciprocate the personal attacks which Janio Quadros has levelled against Lott (this does not apply to Lott's supporters). Within the local PSE there have been various maneuvers by pro-Lott and pro-Quadros factions within the party, without any decisive local action on the endorsement of Lott by the party's national convention. Goulart made a bid during the week toward Mario Rolem Teles (president of the Paulista coffee growers association) for support from the powerful coffee interests in the state. Also Janio Quadros, campaigning in the state during the week, delivered his usual line of criticism of the national administration--well received by thousands in the São Paulo capital city.

For the moment, local PSD leadership seems more interested in bringing Kubitschek rather than Lott to São Paulo. The President declined, because of prior commitment, an invitation to attend a solemn session of the São Paulo State Legislature to commemorate the inauguration of Brasilia.

Local pro-Quadros labor leaders are criticizing as politically motivated a Labor Ministry decree postponing labor union elections until 1962. There are reports of a move in Communist circles to support Lott publicly, Quadros privately. (For further details on local developments in the presidential campaign, see São Paulo despatch 399, May 2, 1960.)

2. Agricultural Reform (Official Use Only)

Although the agricultural reform program recommended by Governor Carvalho Pinto and fashioned under the leadership of the State Secretary of Agriculture José Bonifacio Coutinho Nogueira continues to draw endorsements and compliments from both within and outside of the state, there is a strong opposition taking shape. A report of a special committee of the São Paulo Commercial Association recommends against the legislation. The report charges that the legislation will bring less, not more, agricultural production. Another report by a number of cattle breeding associations takes a similar position and asserts that the number of farm owners in the state had increased over the

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH		400 DESP. NO.	May 2, 1960
FROM :	Amcongen São Paulo		DATE
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		
REF :	CONSULATE GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA		
ACTION		DEPT.	3-1960
For Dept. Use Only	REC'D 5-6-60	N RM/R-a JRC-P O CIA-10 USIA-10 OSD-4 Army-4	SÃO PAULO, BRAZIL MAY 3-1960
SUBJECT: São Paulo Weekly Summary No. 44, Week Ending April 29, 1960			

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Political

1. The Presidential Campaign (Confidential)

From São Paulo, presidential candidate Janio Quadros during the past week sent telegrams of appreciation in anticipation of their continued support to UDN president Magalhães Pinto and to former vice-presidential candidate Leandro Maciel. Also the São Paulo UDN directorate telegraphed congratulations to UDN governor of Bahia Juracy Magalhães for his contribution in resolving the recent party crisis. Janio was evidently interested in staving off any loss of enthusiasm for his candidacy. Both Janio and the local UDN appear to have abandoned Lacerda who created the crisis by attacking the leadership of Magalhães Pinto. Also during the week São Paulo Governor Carvalho Pinto brought together political, governmental, civic, press, radio, television and other representatives to launch a campaign to boost the number of registered voters in the state to 4 million.

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to join, to band together under the "PDN" for strength, solidarity and the civic good of the State and Nation. The Governor's speech appears to imply that a two party system would be the only solution to the periodic and nerve-racking political crises which sweep across the nation at times like this.

The news from PTB is unchanged. San Tiago Dantas will continue to run for Vice-Governor, opposing Clovis Salgado. As a matter of fact, Dantas has re-established his residence in Belo Horizonte for on-the-spot direction of a fight which he has promised will be interesting.

Comment

To this date PSD is ahead in the race by many lengths. Still blessed with able and forceful leadership the majority party machine, which suffered the loss of very little of its strength in the 1958 elections, is headed for certain victory. Notwithstanding the unratified and unsigned FR Protocol which in the opinion of some, could cause FR to swing to UDN support, the PSD has little to fear. The consensus being that FR is following its usual course; holding out for "just a little more". PSD therefore, is expected to "give a little more" in order that the entente might become a fact again. In addition, it is an accepted fact that PTB will somehow be taken care of in its quarrel over PSD's failure to support Dantas over Salgado.

Certainly PSD prestige has been more than enhanced by the new stature gained by President Kubitschek and his magnificent spectacle - Brasilia. It is generally agreed that if Kubitschek wished to run for another term at this time he and PSD would win hands down - across the board.

Anthony E. Starcevic
Anthony E. Starcevic
American Consul

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Desp. No. 22
From AmConsul-BHZ

"What do you mean by Americans? The American Government? The American people or some sectors of the American press? If you mean the press, the answer is "yes". They are big liars. It is only in the American press that you find the movement being accused of being Communist. No, the Cuban revolution is not Communist. It deserves our respect because it is a struggle of a people to recover their pride and independence. It is a just revolution, headed by honest and competent men. Upon my arrival in Havana, I called upon the Bishop and asked regarding the position of the Catholic Church in the revolution. The Bishop informed me that the church approves of Fidel Castro in all respects. I ask you, would the Catholic Church approve a Communist movement?"

The principal candidate for the presidency, Marshall Lott, is expected to arrive in Belo Horizonte on the night of April 29. Any significant details on this, the Marshall's 4th visit in Minas Gerais, will be reported in a subsequent despatch.

The principal item of political business on everybody's mind and tongue appears to be the UDN "crisis". Pessimism runs high. We have spoken to minor party leaders, who have stated privately that with Leandro MACIEL's recent defection from the UDN vice-presidential candidacy, "the party is ready to fall apart". We have heard today that UDN's able federal senator Milton CAMPOS will be drafted for the job. It has been suggested that Magalhães PINTO step down from the leadership of the UDN for the good of all concerned, because of his public quarrel with Lacerda. This information, we are told, also has been planted by Magalhães Pinto's "former" friend and now political enemy Carlos LACERDA. We hear also that UDN deserves this "rain of blows" and more. UDN in the past has enjoyed many opportunities to become the majority party and reportedly has lost these opportunities because of a lack of firm direction. Much of UDN's woes is attributed to Lacerda and the inability of the party to control his political maneuverings.

In the meanwhile, the Republican Party (PR) continues carefully to straddle the political fence; ready to fall into the lap of whichever party offers the most. The PSD-PR protocol has still not been signed, despite statements by Minas party leader João BELO. In a TV-press interview on the night of April 17, Mr. Belo informed the audience that the PR convention with PSD had been signed. The following day at Ouro Preto, during the Tiradentes day celebration, this information was denied by party leader Bernardino FILHO without any further explanation. PR's candidate for the vice-governorship, Minister Clóvis SALGADO was seen at Ouro Preto arm-in-arm with his "political enemy" San Hago DANFAS, PTB's candidate for the vice-governorship. Again on April 18, at Ouro Preto, Governor Elias FORTES called for an end to political maneuvering and outlined his wish to see a new party formed; what he called the Party for National Development. (FDN)

The Governor called upon PSD, PTB, PR and any other parties which wished

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH					
FROM :	AMCONSUL, Belo Horizonte		22	April 29, 1960	
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		DCSP, NO.	DATE	
REF :					
20 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION REC'D 5-6-60	DEPT. IN OTHER CIA 10	PM/10-2 JK-8 2214 10 1144-3	DEPARTMENT OF STATE BUREAU OF INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS	
SUBJECT: Political - April summary of political events - Minas Gerais - 1960					

The political picture on the Minas front has changed little since the last report. Except to add to the confusion. In the opinion of the reporting officer, clear cut political battle lines, definite commitments and alliances have not yet been brought into sharp focus. This is a situation where anything can still happen and no doubt will.

Amongst the more important highlights occurring during the past month was a visit to Belo Horizonte, over the week-end of April 8, of Marshall Lott's dynamic and outspoken daughter Edna. "Dona Edna" appeared before a crowd estimated at some 2,000 with PSD's candidate for State Governor Tancredo NEVES. In her impassioned speech, Miss Lott elected to define the "nationalist" plank her father has been hammering home on each of his past visits to Minas. This definition is not exactly clear but our interpretation is that Marshall Lott accepts the principles of foreign capital investment as long as it (capital) behaves itself and renders unto Caesar that which is Caesars.

Janio Quadros' visit to Cuba was not well received. Mineiros, generally being of a democratic turn of mind, have not looked with favor upon certain recent activities in Cuba. Janio Quadros returned to Belo Horizonte and on the night of April 27 held forth on a televised broadcast answering all and sundry questions, some embarrassing, to say the least. Demonstrating an apparently unshakeable confidence in his ultimate victory, Mr. Quadros said that he would "finish what Kubitschek had failed to accomplish". He confirmed a previous statement that he would govern from Brasilia. He deplored the incessant outlay of cash required to build Brasilia. He said that this was inflationary. He denied being "JK's" personal enemy. He said that he was opposed only to the President's ruinous economic policies which he described as "impoverishing the poor Brazilian people". From among his many metas he stressed promises to promote the development of agriculture and to "take care of the man in the street". He offered better and broader education facilities at all levels. He stated that this was no time to create a new party and on Cuba he stated: "it is a good lesson; thieves are being apprehended". Mr. Quadros was asked to define the Cuban revolution, to state whether in his opinion it was "Communist" as charged by the Americans". Quadros answered:

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The conversation lasted through supper and until about 9:45 p.m. when the Marshal and Watters left. The last part of the conversation was mostly re personal matters.

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The Marshal then mentioned that the scholarships we granted were insufficient to meet the expenses of the people sent on them to the United States. He pointed out that an American student was generally spared certain expenses which Brazilian students must meet -- such items as vacations, items provided by the family, etc. He finally pointed out that this was a difficulty some of the Brazilian military trainees had encountered. I asked whether they had found the training they got useful, and he said very warmly that they had.

At another point in the conversation we discussed Brasilia. I expressed my admiration for what the Brazilian Government and people had achieved in building their new capital, which seemed to kindle a cordial reciprocal feeling. He mentioned Israel Pinheiro's house outside Brasilia, and I have no doubt that he intends to latch onto it if he is elected president. He pointed out that the construction of Brasilia would give a tremendous impetus to the development of the country. A great deal of capital investment would be encouraged in Brasilia and along the radial roads from Brasilia to other points in Brazil. A conversation ensued then about Indians in Parana and the Motilonas in Colombia. He was interested in the progress of our Embassy construction in Brasilia.

At another point in the conversation, the Marshal referred somewhat plaintively to the arrogance of some foreign utilities in past years. Brazil had not been fairly treated by some foreign companies (from the context, I gathered he was referring to such companies as the São Paulo-Rio Grande Railway). He then mentioned that for many years the Rio Improvements Company had had a monopoly in Rio which was so strict that no one could even install a water closet except through the company. He said this had been naturally resented by the people of Rio.

Toward the end of the conversation, the Marshal said that the Russians were naturally interested in disrupting the normal commerce of the world. They had bought Egyptian cotton, Brazilian coffee, Cuban sugar, not because they wanted these articles but simply to break normal trade patterns. They had not, however, carried their operations to a logical conclusion; they had behaved like a bunch of Jews (he mentioned "Jews" two or three times) and had simply resold these commodities in other markets, with the result that the original sellers had found themselves cheated. I asked genially whether he thought we should buy Cuban sugar from Russia at less than the preferential price we pay Cuba directly for Cuban sugar, and he laughed. He pointed out, for example, that the steel mills of the world could not operate without manganese and that the Russians might create chaos by preemptive buying of manganese. I mentioned that that was a game two could play. He mentioned how difficult it was to build up export markets and how easy it was to lose them, as Germany had discovered after World War I when she had Brazil's principal supplier.
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capital. This was now the largest single source of new capital in the United States -- more important than individual savings. The Marshal commented that that was precisely what he wanted from foreign companies for Brazil. I said that that was precisely what I understood a majority of foreign companies were now doing here. There were, of course, some which were making excessive profits and transmitting more than they should abroad, and I had no desire to defend such situations. It seemed to me that if Brazil should pass laws to curb such practices, it would be fair and would not discourage foreign investment. All that foreign investors wanted was to know under what conditions they might enter the country and then not to have those conditions unjustly changed for them once they had made their investments. I pointed to Cuba as an example of what I meant.

The Marshal showed an extreme distaste for what was happening in Cuba and indicated that as long as he had anything to say about it, nothing like that would happen here. All of his remarks in regard to this seemed to me relatively moderate, and if they represent what his administration (assuming he is elected) intends to do, I do not think that it will be a real hardship for foreign investors.

The Marshal then cited the operations of our Agricultural Surplus Law (he did not refer to it as PL 480) as another example of something we did to benefit Brazil for which we did not get credit. He showed a fairly good knowledge of the operation of the Law and then pointed out that the major publicity regarding it was from the Brazilian wheat growers, who complained that the local markets were ruined by this inundation of foreign wheat. Mr. Adcock pointed out that in point of fact Brazilian wheat growers got a pegged price for their wheat, at which it was sold before any foreign wheat was bought. As a result, wheat production had risen very rapidly from 1950 to 1956. Thereafter it declined somewhat due to bad weather and blights, but there was no indication that a reasonably efficient wheat grower was being any way harmed by the importation of American wheat under PL 480. On the contrary, it was a necessity for Brazil.

The Marshal then spoke very warmly of the utility to Brazil of our Point IV work. This, he said, was something which he would like to see expanded. He mentioned education, agriculture and public administration as sectors in which Brazilians needed technical help. He then particularly emphasized that, as a country relatively lacking in conventional fuels, Brazil would need to develop its atomic resources, which he understood were very large. For this purpose he would think it would be a good idea if we provided atomic scientists to give Point IV training on peaceful uses of atomic energy. I mentioned the reactor and atomic library which we had already provided Brazil and said I thought there was a very good prospect we could do something along these lines to meet his desires.

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tion. In connection with this, we had insisted that the railways be consolidated into one company. This was the only sensible thing to do, since it was obvious that each railway could not be operated without any consideration for what the others were doing, with different gauges, etc. Nevertheless, Brazilians had been rather resentful of our insistence on this consolidation, and some employees who had been personally hurt were particularly resentful. I commented that we had been anxious to cooperate with Brazil on its transportation problems and had made the loan for that purpose. I agreed with his thought that consolidation was necessary for efficient operation. I also got in a statement that we were emphatically not pressing the Brazilian Government on oil policy. We might not consider the Brazilian policy wise, but we could cheerfully agree to disagree, and there was certainly no question of pressure on our part.

The Marshal said that he fully realized the United States Government was not pressing Brazil in regard to oil. There were, however, unfortunate remarks made from time to time by members of the United States Congress and private individuals. Of course, we could not stop what was said in the newspapers any more than they could in Brazil, but it did have its repercussions. He cited particularly the comments of Senator Gillette about coffee which had raised a storm in Brazil. I mentioned that Senator Gillette had not been reelected.

The Marshal said that a good many Brazilians thought that it was due to United States opposition that Electrobras had not been established. The fact was, of course, that the United States helped Brazil very much in increasing power production. He then went on to comment on the question of remissions of profits. He said that in the United States he supposed a man investing capital would consider a fair return on it 5% or 6%. Here in Brazil, an investor would expect a 25%, 30% and even 60% return. He said that it was on this account that he felt there should be some curb on remissions, limiting investors to, say, 6% or 8% of invested capital. Profits above this should then be reinvested in the country. He cited the case of a foreign insurance company which had published a balance sheet as required by Brazilian law showing that it had made 100% in one year on its capital and had transmitted it abroad. This was, of course, simply sucking capital out of Brazil. On the other hand, he certainly saw the advantage of having foreign capital come in and felt that it should be permitted to secure a fair return. At another point in the conversation, the Marshal mentioned that he realized some foreign utilities were not getting enough return on their money.

I pointed out that whereas an investor in the United States would expect perhaps 5% or 6% on his money, a company investing new capital would probably expect 12% or 14% return since, in many cases, it would find that, far from making profits, it would actually sustain no profits or lose the capital invested. The 5% or 6% would be paid out to the investor and the rest invested in new

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From Rio de Janeiro

MEMORANDUM OF CONVERSATION

PARTICIPANTS: Marshal Henrique Lott
Ambassador John M. Cabot

DATE: April 25, 1960

The Department will recall that Ronald Watters, who arranged first for the meeting between Marshal Lott and Messrs. Milam and Adcock and later for my meeting with Marshal Lott, informed Mr. Milam that Marshal Denys (for whom Watters alleges he works and who, Watters claims, is the real power behind the Lott candidacy) was dissatisfied with the trivial nature of Marshal Lott's comments to me and wanted us to meet a second time. I expressed a willingness to do so, and Watters arranged the meeting in Mr. Milam's apartment for the evening of April 25. Marshal Lott seemed to be cheerful and full of bounce, despite what must have been already a rather wearing electoral campaign. The whole interview was very cordial and the Marshal appeared more relaxed than in previous interviews. I had no impression that the Marshal was saying anything other than what he thought -- and he showed no hesitation in expressing views.

The conversation started by a pleasant series of exchanges of a trivial nature regarding, for example, the Marshal's strenuous campaigning. I eventually introduced more serious topics by saying that I expected to leave for Washington in three weeks and that it would be very useful to me to know what cooperation the Marshal would desire from us in the event he were elected president. I pointed out that it is much easier to get things done personally than by telegrams and despatches.

The Marshal said that he was not a man to count his chickens before they were hatched. He very quickly switched onto the subject of oil. He pointed out that the Brazilian people had reached their present policy because they wanted it, that they were not now inclined to change it, and that they would not welcome any foreign pressure to make them change it. His remarks, however, had the tone of statements of fact rather than opinions, and he did not seem to feel either that the United States was pressing Brazil on the oil problem or that the American oil companies had any particularly sinister purpose. Before I could comment, he switched to the matter of railways. He said in this connection, and several times subsequently, that the difficulty in Brazilian-American relations was not so much that we had made mistakes as that we were misunderstood and that we did not get the credit for the good things which we had done. He pointed out that we had loaned \$100 million to the national railways for their rehabilita-

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

FROM : AmEmbassy RIO DE JANEIRO
TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON,
REF : Embassy despatch 925, March 22, 1960

1034
DESP. NO.

COPY NO. 1
DATE April 27, 1960
SERIES A

APR 28 1960

20 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION AAA-	DEPT. IN
5-3-60	REC'D	OTHER CVA-

SUBJECT: Transmittal of Memorandum of Conversation

Enclosed herewith is a memorandum of conversation which took place on April 25, 1960, between Marshal Henrique Lott, candidate for President of Brazil, and John M. Cabot, American Ambassador.

John M. Cabot



Enclosure: *MEMO*
Memorandum of conversation

This document consists of 6 pages
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TO STATE

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From SSo Paulo

candidate Goulart rather than destroy party unity. The PSE leader in the SSo Paulo state assembly, Cid Franco, is reported to have said that neither Lott nor Janio are socialists or in accord with PSE doctrine, that the important thing is to preserve the unity of the party.

William P. Cochran, Jr.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

cc: Amembassy, Rio

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From São Paulo

COMMENT: At least as viewed from this post, the vice-presidential situation appears extremely fluid due to the likely withdrawal of Maciel, the imminent linking of Quadros and Goulart, and the varied reactions to both of these developments which can be expected from the Ferrari camp, the Lott camp, and other interested political quarters.

6. UDN Crisis (Official Use Only).

Last weekend Carlos Lacerda met with Janio Quadros at the São Vicente home of UDN state assembly president Abreu Sodré where they reportedly agreed that the proposed UDN committee of three was an excellent solution for the UDN presidential campaign crisis. Later in the week, UDN federal deputy Herbert Levy announced that he would propose a similar three man UDN committee to dynamize the Quadros campaign for the state of São Paulo. Still later, with the three-man committee proposal apparently floundering for want of support nationally, the UDN Regional Directorate met and afterwards issued an appeal for unity in the party's top command. At this stage, said the declaration of the Regional Directorate, there can not be permitted any dispersion of effort "in the total and decisive undertaking which the party collectively expects of its chiefs and directors."

COMMENT: (Confidential) While the pro-Quadros UDN forces in São Paulo evidently agree with Lacerda's criticisms of the UDN national leadership, the local party command maintains a scrupulously neutral advocacy of peace and harmony and apparently refuses to make an open fight for some kind of change.

7. PSB Rebellion (Official Use Only).

Last weekend the PSB regional secretary in São Paulo, Febus Gicovate, issued a long statement expressing confidence that the party in São Paulo would peacefully accept the decision of the party's national convention in support of Lott for president. Despite this, there were evident maneuverings by pro-Quadros forces in the party. The party regional directorate was not scheduled to meet until April 28, but there was an informal meeting at the home of PSB regional president Alipia Correia Neto during the week. Representatives of neighboring states, including Luis Maluf, Rio Grande do Sul regional president, were present. Thereafter, the Rio Grande do Sul regional directorate petitioned the Superior Electoral Tribunal to annul the national convention on grounds of irregularities.

COMMENT: There have been some rumors that the party's national command might settle for united support of vice-presidential

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of every ten are illiterate. Brazil has one of the highest infant mortality rates. The people are victims of all kinds of diseases "while the government occupies itself with building marble palaces." No social security exists--just an institution to take money every 30 days from the workers to support defalcations, scandals, and indecencies. The ruralworker is a modern slave without social security rights. Thus, Janio continues his established pattern of attack with increased vigor, acidity, and supporting detail.

Janio also vigorously attacked the pro-administrative candidate, Marshal Lott, charging that Lott lacked administrative experience, had never done anything positive other than to stop the farmers' march on the nation's capital with machine guns and tanks. This charge was repeated several times with Janio referring to his political adversary as Marshal "such and such" (fulana).

COMMENT: (Confidential) Judging from past conversations with PSD federal deputy from São Paulo Cunha Bueno and others, the pro-Lott forces may be waiting for Janio to get well out on a limb before sawing it off with a vigorous defense of the administration and Lott.

As this post has observed on previous occasions, Janio's attacks are in part a case of the "pot calling the kettle black." Janio as São Paulo Governor sharply curtailed and neglected health, education, and agriculture; and after state finances were restored, he concentrated on eye-catching public works projects.

5. The Vice-Presidency (Official Use Only).

There is more talk locally of forthcoming active support for the Janio-Jango (Quadros-Goulart) combination by labor and others. State Secretary of Labor Paulo Marzagão is alleged to be guiding this development in local labor circles. During the week PTM state deputy Avalone Junior declared that he and other party members would support the Janio-Jango combination. Many PSB leaders in São Paulo favor Quadros and Goulart.

Meanwhile, Janio Quadros wrote off the candidacy of Leandro Maciel during the week. In Campinas Janio declared that the UDN vice-presidential candidate had already clearly indicated to Janio his intention to withdraw. While refusing to comment on the UDN choice of a substitute, Janio expressed the hope that he would be consulted beforehand and in timely fashion.

Also, FDC vice-presidential candidate Fernando Ferrari has requested appointments for the 30th of this month with Governor Carvalho Pinto and with State Secretary of Agriculture José Bonifacio Coutinho Nogueira (UDN).

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From: São Paulo

reporters that Janio would once more renounce his candidacy. While Adhemar may believe this because of the difficulties among Janio's supporters, including the UDN, there are no outward signs to support the prediction. Janio's active campaigning in São Paulo and arrangements for Carvalho Pinto's support are not the actions of a man contemplating a renunciation.

In the past Adhemar's personal popularity in São Paulo has been greater than the strength of the party he heads. It remains to be seen whether Adhemar will be willing to make a current test of his popularity by personally campaigning in São Paulo or whether he will instead rely upon the vote-getting efforts of the party workers.

3. Campaigning for Lott (Official Use Only).

Every week, the São Paulo State Campaign headquarters for Lott sends word of the establishment of more local campaign committees for Lott. Once a week there is a brief pro-Lott TV broadcast. This past week, São Paulo Senator Auro Mouro de Andrade announced that he would take leave from his senate majority leadership to devote himself more fully to the campaign. Two Rio University students representing the National Student Committee for Lott and Goulart were in São Paulo during the week visiting fellow students at various universities. The Federal Savings Bank has opened a number of branches in various parts of the state over the past several weeks. Yet, with all this muscle building and flexing, there have been no campaign rallies or other vote-getting activities noted.

COMMENT: It is probably a lull. For that matter, there is yet no active independent speechmaking and campaigning on the part of supporters of the various candidates such as occurred in São Paulo's 1958 gubernatorial contest.

4. Janio's Second "Victory Train" (Official Use Only).

Janio made his second "Victory Train" campaign trip in São Paulo on April 21 and 22 along the Mogiana railroad line, covering over 60 cities in two days, including the major cities of Ribeirão Preto and Campinas. The party accompanying Janio included UDN Federal deputy Herbert Levy, PTN president Emilio Carlos, State Secretary of Public Works Faria Lima, the leader of the PSD dissidents in Rio Grande do Sul (Coronel Peracchi Barcelo), and representatives of the FDC, PSB, PL, PTN, and PR.

Janio was vigorous in criticizing Brasília, the construction of sumptuous marble palaces, the enrichment of a few. Education, health, and agriculture, he said, had been neglected. The number of illiterates is greater than five years ago. At least six

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From São Paulo

COMMENT: (Confidential) While it was expected that Carvalho Pinto would speak in favor of Quadros' candidacy, the vigor of this support remains to be seen. The vote-winning appeal of the São Paulo Governor's endorsement, as this post has previously noted, would be such as to provoke a vigorous importunement by Quadros and his henchmen. Indications recently reported by this post that Carvalho Pinto has dispensed favors and played politics for administrative and political ends suggests some possibility of a discreet measure of reward and punishment in Quadros' behalf. On the other hand, Carvalho Pinto has been lavish and unstinting in his praise of Brasília, one of the targets of Quadros' campaigning (see Despatch No. 391, Item No. 2). Undoubtedly Quadros and his lieutenants would like to have Carvalho Pinto's active campaign support begin immediately. The fact that this active support is postponed for a later date lends some credence to prior indications that Carvalho Pinto remains loyal but less than completely enthusiastic toward his predecessor. More likely, Carvalho Pinto is giving due weight to his own interests and responsibilities and also is waiting to see how the campaign shapes up in its later stages. This explanation would seem more in keeping with the Governor's personal, political, and governmental interests.

2. Adhemar in São Paulo (Official Use Only).

On the evening of April 20 (the same day that Carvalho Pinto agreed to campaign for Janio) PSP president Adhemar de Barros addressed what might be called his first presidential campaign rally in São Paulo. It was not a general rally but rather a bringing together of the party faithful in the São Paulo gymnasium. With free transportation furnished by the party, thousands gathered to hear the exhortations of the party leadership, which culminated in a speech by candidate Adhemar. Adhemar reaffirmed his intention to carry the fight for the presidency to the finish. He identified Lott as the candidate above political parties, Quadros as the candidate against political parties. Only the PSP, said Adhemar, has enough confidence in the party system, in democracy to support a candidate from its own ranks. Adhemar, like Janio, criticized the sacrifices attendant upon the construction of the nation's new capital, Brasília. Adhemar also belabored inflation, the high price of beans and rice. Most interesting, Adhemar noted that he had been well received in many state capitals, that his chief weakness was here in São Paulo. He exhorted the party faithful to go out and correct this situation.

COMMENT: (Confidential) Adhemar, speaking over TV, appeared more confident and vigorous than he had appeared in his campaigning for governor in 1958. Also, he is evidently aware of his weakness in his own home state. Adhemar's apparent confidence may be based on the expectation that Quadros will withdraw from the election contest. Adhemar in the past week several times predicted to local

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

390
DESP. NO.

FROM : Amcoengen, SAO PAULO

TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.

April 25, 1960

CONSULATE GENERAL OF
THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

For Dept. Use Only	ACTION 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100	DEPT. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100
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SUBJECT: Presidential Campaign Highlights, Week Ending April 22, 1960
LAB-6 USA-10

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1. Carvalho Pinto to Campaign for Janio
2. Adhemar in Sao Paulo
3. Campaigning for Lott
4. Janio's Second Victory Train
5. The Vice-Presidency
6. UDN Crisis
7. PSB Rebellion

1. Carvalho Pinto to Campaign for Janio (Official Use Only).

On the morning of April 20, in the residential wing of the Governor's palace, presidential candidate Janio Quadros conferred for some two hours with Sao Paulo Governor Carvalho Pinto. A few days later Janio announced that Carvalho Pinto had agreed to campaign for him in the final phases of the campaign, in Sao Paulo, and perhaps in other states. Abreu Sodre, UDN president of the Sao Paulo state assembly who has played host to recent conferences between Carlos Lacerda and Quadros in connection with the current UDN crisis (see item 6 below), as well as Quadros lieutenants Quintanilha Ribeiro and Pedroso Horta, participated in the April 20 meeting between Quadros and Carvalho Pinto. O Estado de Sao Paulo, which appears to have a direct wire-in to local Quadros developments (for example, O Estado reported Carvalho Pinto's decision to campaign in support of Quadros days before Quadros announced it), reported that Quadros and his cohorts convinced Carvalho Pinto that victory was in hand and that they had agreed that Janio had a victory margin in Sao Paulo of at least a million votes over the combined vote strength of the other two candidates (Teixeira Lott and Adhemar de Barros).

RJBurton:tar

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DEPARTMENT OF STATE
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MAY 3 1960

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São Paulo

sincerely concerns and frightens us is that after sacrificing so much money, after so much measureless waste, the new capital may force us to a still greater sacrifice: freedom, which is the indispensable base of any democratic regime!"

10. Other Press Highlights (Unclassified)

All other news features, local and international, took a journalistic backseat to the big doings in Brasilia. Briefly noted was the attempted military coup against the Bettancourt government in Caracas, as well as the public disturbances in South Korea. The volatile racial situation in the Union of South Africa lost ground as a dominant front-page issue but may well resurge once the commotion over the new capital has subsided.

Some press play, principally in ultra-nationalist, leftist Ultima Hora, was accorded to the claim that Brazilian scientists have discovered a method for processing pure uranium and may soon be contenders for world status in matters of atomic energy (see São Paulo despatch 389, item 3, for actual measure of import). Meanwhile, for those seeking diversion from the disturbing notifications of crisis, revolt, and thermonuclear sweepstakes, the Moscow Circus is still packing them in in São Paulo.

Miscellaneous

11. List of Substantive Despatches

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- 384 Annual Report of Capuana Petroleum Refining
- 385 Exportation to the United States of Volkswagen Vehicles Delayed
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- 390 Presidential Campaign Highlights, Week Ending April 22, 1960

William F. Cochran, Jr.
William F. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

Contributors:
Burton, Shea, Rentschler, Sampson

Distribution:
INS/RAR; Amembassy Rio-3; Amcons Belém, Belo Horizonte, Curitiba, Porto Alegre, Recife, Salvador, Santos

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The delegates will discuss and debate pending federal legislation which would liberalize the right to strike and revise the existing social security system. Other subjects on the agenda include revision of the minimum wage, enforcement of labor laws, and workers' problems in Brazil's underdeveloped economy. It is in the last group that the Communists usually get in their licks and attempt to attribute all of Brazil's existing economic ills to exploitation by foreign trusts, i.e., United States corporations.

Comment: Past experience in Brazilian trade union circles has shown that the Communist minority has been able to manipulate conventions in such a way that as fine a set of resolutions as the Communist Party desires is passed. However, a number of informed São Paulo trade union leaders including the aforementioned Pellacani, who is a former Communist Party member, believe that the Communists will purposely play down their role in the Convention in order not to stir up the conservative elements in the government and the armed forces against their plans for a unified labor central.

Psychological

9. The New Capital (Unclassified)

Eclipsing all other news interest in the São Paulo press this week was the official inauguration of Brasília as the nation's new capital. April 21, 1960, was actually a double-barreled holiday for Brazilians, for apart from the festivities in the newly proclaimed capital, one could help commemorate the national martyr Tiradentes. Even so, the Brasília inauguration was by far the more heralded event, and its local news coverage was extravagantly phrased in terms of grandeur, historical significance, and vast national pride. Most of the daily papers published voluminous extras and supplementary features to celebrate the occasion; the special edition of Diário de São Paulo, for example, ran to 180 pages!

The "Man of the Moment"--indeed, of the whole week--was President Juscelino Kubitschek, and the majority of Paulista dailies paid tribute to him as the individual most responsible for realization of the Brasília dream. In all the color and fanfare attending the official inauguration of Brazil's new capital only one dissonant voice was sounded among the press. It belonged, predictably enough, to thoughtful and conservative O Estado de São Paulo, whose role as the present administration's Jeremiah has been noted many times before. "The construction of the new capital", stated O Estado, "has required and will continue to require tremendous sacrifices from the nation. Yet it is not only these material sacrifices which we lament today. What

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Sampaio sent a telegram saying sickness prevented his attendance and affirming solidarity with fellow party members. With the recent tension between Adhemar and Sampaio, as previously reported, come rumors that Adhemar might take leave of the mayoralty for a while. If Sampaio assumed the office he would be disqualified from running for mayor in March 1961. To avoid this Sampaio would probably let UDN City Council president Marcos Melega take over the reins of city government.

Subversive

7. Cuban Press Agency in São Paulo (Confidential)

According to local CAS sources, Prensa Latina, Cuban news agency, as of early April was making plans for opening a branch in São Paulo. It has reportedly made a contract with Diarios Associados. Pascoal Nunez Arca, a naturalized Brazilian born in Spain, has been the principal local representative of Prensa Latina. Nunez Arca, a Communist, has been active in the distribution of Communist literature in São Paulo.

Labor

8. State Trade Union Convention (Confidential)

Some 1500 delegates from 20 federations and 250 local unions, and trade union leaders from both the IOFTU and WFTU orbit are expected to attend the São Paulo State Trade Union Convention April 27 to May 1. The meeting, which is being sponsored by the São Paulo State Trade Union Council (CST), will be held in the Oberdan Theater in the heart of the industrial center of the city.

Dante Pellacani, Secretary General of the CST, told this post's Labor Officer that the WFTU is sending two representatives even though they have not been officially invited. Pellacani does not believe that the WFTU representatives will be refused entrance. The Labor Officer has also been informed that David Sternbach, Associate Inter-American Representative, has been designated as AFL-CIO representative, and that Eric Kissal, General-Secretary of the International Federation of Commercial, Clerical and Technical Employees will attend the Convention. Also an ORIT delegation is expected.

The Consulate General's Labor Officer and the British Labor Attache, Richard Morris, have been invited to attend the meeting.

Unions under considerable Communist influence such as the metal-workers, textile workers, chemical and pharmaceutical workers, building trades and bank clerks will send large well-disciplined delegations. The non-Communist unions which are in the majority are not expected to respond as well.

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same time against the United States were characterized as "violent and senseless diatribe." Yet the editorial hoped that the United States "will not lose this opportunity to prove once again and in convincing manner that the attacks and accusations which are daily made against it are unfounded." The editorial deplores a State Department spokesman's apparent rejection of Castro's proposal for fear that Castro's feelings would be hurt. An exchange between Castro and the President or Secretary of State, says the editorial, could bring useful understandings.

Comment: O Estado started out after the overthrow of Batista, as a strong editorial protagonist of Fidel Castro. After its publisher Mesquita Filho returned from a trip to the United States, the newspaper's editorials were soon condemning Fidel Castro for continuing the role of demagogic revolutionary, for not assuming the role of statesman-leader, for being the captive of leftist forces. Now, since Janio's return from Cuba, O Estado (while still critical of Castro) seems more interested in a reconciliation between Castro and the United States, exhorting the United States to turn both cheeks and then some, and ignoring those facets of Castro temperament and attitude which obstruct such a reconciliation.

6. Other Political Highlights (Official Use Only)

Mayor Adhemar de Barros was in the hospital briefly during the week for a duodenal "entubação". He appeared in good health afterwards and labelled rumors about his health as malicious and false. One newspaper reported that Adhemar went to the hospital every 15 days for treatment. From time to time since at least 1958 Adhemar himself has talked of undergoing surgery at some near future date.

During the week, PTN Regional Director Chaves Amarante announced appointment of a committee of three to investigate the previously reported dissidence of PTN metropolitan president Benedito Rocha. State Deputy Avalone Junior, one of the three, said that an attempt would be made to bring Rocha back into the pro-Quadros fold, failing which disciplinary action would be in order.

FDC state deputy Nagib Chaib introduced a bill to stimulate voter registration in São Paulo. The bill provides financial rewards from 400,000 to 2 million cruzeiros to cities showing large registration increases over last October. The bill provides 50 million cruzeiros to be paid out to the cities in 1961.

São Paulo vice-mayor Cantídio Sampaio did not attend the PSP rally for Mayor Adhemar de Barros during the week (item 1 above).

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Paulistas can now point with pride to the fact that Paulistas now hold not only top offices in the National Assembly (Ranieri Mazzilli) and senate (Moura Andrade) but also three national ministerial posts (Foreign Affairs, Finance, and Labor).

4. State Assembly Party Maneuvers (Official Use Only)

The PRP appealed during the week to the São Paulo State Assembly president to declare void the mandate of PRP deputy Archimedes Lamoglia for having shifted to the PDC. Also PSP state deputy Marcondes Filho transferred during the week to PDC ranks. This brought the PDC even with the PSP in number of state deputies. They now share top position in the São Paulo State Assembly with 14 deputyships each. The PTN and PSD rank next with 12 deputies each. Then comes the UDN with 9 deputies, the same 9 elected in 1958 (the PSP lost two, the PTN gained two, the PDC gained three and the PSD gained five since 1958).

Comment: (Confidential) One wag has observed with some measure of justice that most state deputies fall into one of three categories-- (1) those who support Governor Carvalho Pinto and enjoy favors from the state; (2) those who support the Governor and President Kubitschek and enjoy favors from the state and national governments; and (3) those who support the Governor, the President and Mayor Adhemar de Barros and thus enjoy favors from all three levels of government.

Despite a seeming gain in strength, the PDC has cause for concern. It recently lost the fight for the presidency of the State Assembly and may lose out in impending maneuvers for other key posts in the state legislature. Recent conversations with PDC officers indicate some disenchantment with Governor Carvalho Pinto. Also the PDC has failed to link together its vice-presidential candidate Fernando Ferrari with presidential candidate Quadros. Unless the PDC can give significant political support to Ferrari, Ferrari, if he wins, may give little nourishment to PDC ambitions to establish itself as a major national party.

5. Cuba (Official Use Only)

While the spate of local newspaper editorials and special articles commenting on Cuba has died down (a despatch thereon is being prepared), an editorial of the past week in the pro-Quadros O Estado de São Paulo deserves particular notice. The editorial hailed enthusiastically Fidel Castro's reported desire to talk personally with President Eisenhower and Secretary of State Herter. Castro's attacks at the

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Comment: At one time Brasília was a highly controversial subject in São Paulo--a foolish extravagance to some, a great achievement to others. The latter school of thought now prevails and future criticism will probably be directed against profiteering, lack of facilities, etc. Such criticism will probably be hooted at by pro-administration forces as political negativism and pettiness.

3. New Paulista Minister of Labor (Official Use Only)

To Paulistas, the swearing in during the past week of João Batista Ramos as Minister of Labor was well received because it gave São Paulo additional representation in high government office. The new Minister of Labor was born in Queluz, São Paulo, almost fifty years ago (May 7, 1910). He received his law degree in 1935 from that training ground for many a São Paulo politico, the University of São Paulo law school. After practicing law in the interior of the state (in and around Monte Aprazível and Bauru), Ramos in 1942 moved to the capital city where he continued his law practice. From 1947 to 1950, he served as editor-in-chief of the powerful Folhas newspapers and as president of Radio Nacional and Radio Excelsior in São Paulo. Thereafter Ramos became active in PTB politics. He was elected Federal deputy from São Paulo on the PTB slate in 1954 and again in 1958. In 1958 he was second only to Ivette Vargas as vote getter on the PTB federal deputy slate. In 1957 he served as leader of the PTB in the national legislature. In 1959 he was active in the unsuccessful fight to unseat federal deputy Ivette Vargas as PTB regional president in São Paulo. Both parents (José Ramos de Paulo and Maria Conceição Arantes Ramos) are dead. A brother, Nabantino Ramos, is publisher of the top-circulation Folha de São Paulo.

Comment: (Confidential) The choice of João Batista Ramos is contrary to the preferences of Ivette Vargas for a more responsive nominee like leftist PTB federal deputy Nelson Omega or to the preferences of many local labor leaders for a relatively apolitical selection such as regional labor delegate Roberto Gusmão. Ramos was probably selected by vice-president Goulart not only because Goulart wanted a Paulista Minister of Labor to strengthen his vice-presidential campaigning in São Paulo but also because Ramos would probably be more completely loyal to Goulart. Also Ramos could help bring PTB dissidents in São Paulo back into the party fold. Somewhat surprising were reports that Ivette Vargas attended and gave praise at Ramos' swearing in ceremonies.

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along the Mogiana railroad line. He was well received. Janio's speeches were critical of Brasilia's marble palaces and of the national government's neglect of education, health, and agriculture. Opposition candidate Lott, said Quadros, could point to no achievements other than the stopping by military force last year of the farmers' protest march on the nation's capital. Opposition forces may possibly be letting Janio get well out on a limb before starting to saw. Anticipations of a linking of Quadros and Goulart in labor and other circles are still current. São Paulo's Secretary of Labor Paulo Marzagão is credited with the tactical master-minding on this one for labor. While "uncommitted" Quadros will probably accept a Quadros-Goulart (or any other) vote-producing linkage, this will bring problems to Lott and to the various vice-presidential candidates, including Goulart. The UDN regional directorate during the week made an appeal to the party high command to quickly find a formula for unity and vigor in the current stage of the presidential campaign. Although the resolution of the current crisis in the UDN high command seems to have turned to irresolution and although local UDN leadership is undoubtedly strongly sympathetic to Carlos Lacerda's criticism of the national party command, the local UDN has not taken sides. During the week the PSB regional president from Rio Grande do Sul attended an informal meeting of PSB leaders at the home of the São Paulo regional president--after which there followed the petition to the Superior Electoral Tribunal from the Rio Grande do Sul PSB directorate asking for annulment of the party's national convention which had endorsed Lott (for further details on local developments in the presidential campaign, see São Paulo despatch 390).

2. Brasilia (Official Use Only)

Brasilia, the nation's new capital, became the focus of attention in São Paulo during the past week. Heavy press treatment (special editions and supplements) was not confined to inaugural day. Eulogies were expressed in the City Council and in the State Assembly. Four of the seven state deputies who made enthusiastic speeches are members of the pro-Quadros PDC party. Governor Carvalho Pinto issued a statement of rejoicing and praise. Even pro-Quadros O Estado de São Paulo, while holding to the theme that various transitory deficiencies in the new capital would become increasingly evident, devoted most of a lead editorial to pointing to Brasilia with pride as the subject of world-wide attention, a tremendous cultural achievement (for further O Estado editorial comment, see item 9 below). A few opposition voices are heard--all of them favor the new capital, but they would rather it had come with fewer sacrifices and at a slower pace. These are the voices of opposition presidential candidates Janio Quadros and Adhemar de Barros plus UDN State Assembly president Abreu Sodré. Except for the acidly critical Quadros, these few dissident manifestations are qualified and are submerged in the larger wave of general enthusiasm and pride.

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH					
FROM :	Amcongen São Paulo		391	732-00/4-1960	
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		DESP. NO.	DATE	
REF :			REL-7	DC/C-7	
24	ACTION	DEPT	NM/R-2 IRC-5 RM/R (MR. FEENEY)		
For Dep.	REV D	OTHER	CIA-10 ARMY-4 NAVY-3		
Use Only	9/29		AIR-6 050-4		
SUBJECT: São Paulo Weekly Summary No. 43, Week Ending April 22, 1960					

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4. State Assembly Party Maneuvers
5. Cuba
6. Other Political Highlights

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7. Cuban Press Agency in São Paulo
8. State Trade Union Convention

Psychological

9. The New Capital
10. Other Press Highlights

Miscellaneous

11. List of Substantive Despatches

CONSULATE GENERAL OF
THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

APR 20 1960

SÃO PAULO, BRAZIL

R172



Political

1. Presidential Campaign Highlights (Confidential)

São Paulo Governor Carvalho Pinto this past week promised to campaign for candidate Janio Quadros in the later stages of the presidential contest. It remains to be seen how vigorous the Governor's support will be. Janio and his lieutenants would undoubtedly like to see Carvalho Pinto electioneering in Janio's behalf as early as possible. Meanwhile, presidential candidate Adhemar de Barros told a rally of PSP party faithful in São Paulo (on the same day that Carvalho Pinto promised to campaign for Janio) that he, Adhemar, was in the presidential fight to the finish. Adhemar admitted that his position was weakest in São Paulo. The PSP president appeared vigorous and effective. The greatest political quiet during the week was found on the pro-Lott front. Although pro-Lott organizing has been active, there has not been any significant pro-Lott electioneering. In contrast, Janio Quadros travelled for two days through some 60 odd cities.

see last page:mlf

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Dock Company can charge more than offset the higher wages it will have to pay its workers.

The reporting officer is also informed that the tallyclerks union will shortly receive a 45% increase in wages.

All these increases mean, of course, that shipment of goods through the port of Santos is becoming more expensive.

III ECONOMIC

1. Santos Inwaded by Holy Week Revellers (UNCLASSIFIED)

During the long weekend ending Holy Week Santos and Sao Vicente were thronged by over 230,000 vacationers who arrived in more than 30,000 vehicles from Sao Paulo over the Via Anchieta. These official figures do not reflect the vacationers who arrived by train.

The weather was excellent.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

The municipal services of Santos and Sao Vicente are badly strained by such an influx.

IV CONSULAR

1. General (UNCLASSIFIED)

Consular operations have continued normally during the past week and there is nothing especial to report.

V ADMINISTRATIVE - Negative.

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0460

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firms' injunction against the arrumadores is upheld and enforced by the Labor Ministry. According to Santos Maritime Labor Delegate Captain Ernesto de Mello, Jr., the 33 trucking firms which obtained the injunction against the warehousemen some weeks ago are not obliged to contract their services for loading and unloading their trucks, while the 38 trucking companies which were not named in the injunction must hire their services.

One source informs the reporting officer that the strength of the warehousemen's union in the past ten days or so has increased from 190 members to 600, with 400 others anxious to enroll.

The reporting officer has been told by more than one local observer that the whole problem stems from the desire of certain (unidentified) politicians in the Labor Ministry in Rio de Janeiro to gain a bloc of votes by fostering the creation of a numerically strong and economically powerful union among the Santos warehousemen. The reporting officer does not believe, however, that the arrumadores' agitation is communist-inspired.

2. Local Labor Conference Begins Deliberations (UNCLASSIFIED)

The First Santos Labor Conference, held in preparation for the Second Sao Paulo Labor Congress, began April 16. Over the weekend the Conference approved motions: (1) expressing solidarity with the workers of Cuba and with Fidel Castro in his conduct of the Cuban revolution (2) protesting against State Police brutality against workers, 'as presently demonstrated against the warehousemen' and (3) demonstrating dissatisfaction with the Serviço Social da Industria (SESI) in Santos.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

A number of communists or communist sympathisers are active in this Labor Conference (see Weekly Comment of April 7, Labor items 4 and 5).

3. Dock workers win wage increase; Dock Company Gains Tariff Boost (UNCLASSIFIED)

Manuel de Almeida, President of the Port Services Workers Union and Valdemar Neves Guerra, President of the Port Administration Employees Union, have announced that their unions have won a 37% increase in the salaries of the employees of the Santos Dock Company. The Ministry of Transport and Public Works has granted the Dock Company permission to raise all its charges by 50%, except those for the storage of petroleum products, in order to meet the increase.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The reporting officer understands that the new rates which the Dock Company

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OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM

TO: American Consulate General, Sao Paulo Date: April 20, 1960
FROM: American Consulate, Santos
SUBJECT: weekly Comment on events in Santos
REF:

I POLITICAL

1. Santos Mayoralty Contest Already Shaping Up (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The Consulate has been informed by Luis La Scala, Jr., that he will be a candidate for Mayor of Santos next year on the PSR ticket. He expects to be opposed by State Deputy Athias Jorge Coury, running on the PSD ticket.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Luis La Scala is the young political protege of incumbent Mayor Silvio Fernandes Lopes and serves as the Mayor's Director of Public Works. Coury is a well-to-do coffee broker long interested in local politics. La Scala could probably beat Coury if the elections were held today.

II LABOR

1. Warehousemen Versus Truckers (Continued) (UNCLASSIFIED)

The dispute between the Sindicato dos Armazadores de Santos and truck companies loading and unloading cargoes in the port area continues unabated. Dozens of trucks are tied up around the port area, and their crews are grumbling over lost wages, wasted time, etc. The docks continue patrolled by soldiers, airmen and Marines, but no fresh acts of violence have been reported during the past week. Meantime, unloaded cargoes are piling up for transshipment into the interior, although freightcar loadings on the two railroads serving Santos are not affected.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The situation boils down to a strike by nearly all the truck companies, who are refusing to haul any merchandise in or out of the port, except foodstuffs or medicines, until the trucking /firms'

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THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

VPK:mdo lph, III/vpr

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V ADMINISTRATIVE - Negative.

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11/14

OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM

TO: American Consulate General, Sao Paulo Date: April 20, 1960
FROM: American Consulate, Santos *VPRM*
SUBJECT: Weekly Comment on Events in Santos

REF:

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Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

FROM : Amcongen, SMO PAULO 388

TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON. April 22, 1960

REF :

For Dept. Use Only	ACTION	RECD	OTHER
	4-27	4-27	4-27

SUBJECT: Santos Weekly Report *Navy 3 tour ags*

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RMR

Transmitted herewith for the information of the Embassy and the Department is the weekly report from the American Consulate at Santos, dated April 20, 1960.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
 William P. Cochran, Jr.
 Consul General

Enclosure:

Santos Weekly Report,
 dated April 20, 1960

cc: Amembassy, Rio

RB
 RJBurton:tar

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From Curitiba

7. Curitiba Streets Named for John Foster Dulles and Abraham Lincoln

On the anniversary of the founding of Curitiba, March 29, two residential streets were named for John Foster Dulles and Abraham Lincoln. Excellent weather brought out a large crowd, and the event was well covered by press and TV. The Supervising Consul General from Rio de Janeiro, William C. Affeld, Jr., participated in the ceremony. Authorities present included the mayor, representatives of the city council, and the PTB candidate for governor, Nelson MACULAN. The original initiative for the event came from the Curitiba Bi-national Center. SOURCES: Personal observations. (UNCLASSIFIED)

CULTURAL EVENTS

8. Swedish and Austrian Governments Offer Scholarships

The Swedish and Austrian Governments recently have run advertisements offering government scholarships. The Swedish offer accepts Brazilian physicians, engineers and economists who speak Swedish, English, German or French. The award is 6500 kroner. The Austrian government grant is available to single individuals between 21 and 31 years old who wish to study liberal or fine arts and who speak German. The award is worth roughly \$1,700.00, and does not provide for transportation expenses. There is no indication of how many awards will be made by either party. SOURCES: O Estado (Florianopolis), March 19, 1960. (UNCLASSIFIED)

Edward M. Howell
Edward M. Howell
American Consul

cc: Supervising Consul General, Rio de Janeiro.

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From AmConsulate, Curitiba

completely accepted. SOURCES: All local press, and especially Diario do Parana (Mar. 17, 24,) and O Estado (Florianopolis) (March 22, 29). (UNCLASSIFIED)

COMMENT: The general attitude is one of reserved hope. There is overwhelming desire for a solution of the problems at hand, but no one will be surprised if the Geneva conferences produce no spectacular results. Further, most people state that they would rather have no agreement, than an agreement which results in Soviet hegemony. (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

6. Miscellaneous Psychological Items: Lafer Visit to Washington, South African Riots, Chessman Case, Northeastern Floods

Foreign Minister Lafer's visit to Washington was hailed as a great success. The press especially emphasized "the additional impetus given to Operation Pan-America" as a result of Lafer's visit. There was good publicity for the United States. ... South African race problems and violence have been thoroughly condemned. United States leadership in dealing with the problem directly in the UN has won a good deal of admiration, and one editor said "the Itamaraty (Brazil's Foreign Office) will take the same stand as the U.S. When the time is right". ... Local book stores have taken advantage of Chessman's impending death on May 2 to launch his last book, "The Cruel Face of Justice". The press is gradually working itself up to an appropriate lather, and some fireworks may be expected on the second. ... The single most important event of the last week of March was the flooding of northeastern Brazil. Press emphasis was on the immensity of the disaster and on the need for charity from southern Brazilians to help their northeastern brothers. As of the end of March there had been no mention of U.S. relief assistance to the northeast. In the first 15 days of April intensive efforts by the consulate produced a few scattered articles and radio broadcasts bringing to public attention American "solidarity" with Brazil in Brazil's "hour of need". SOURCES: All local newspapers, personal observations. (UNCLASSIFIED)

COMMENT: There is still incomplete recognition of the degree to which the United States has already given tangible support to Operation Pan America, at least so far as Brazil itself is concerned. This is a continuing problem and one which is being actively attacked. (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

7. Curitiba Streets Named

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Miss Lott also spent a day in Florianópolis, Santa Catarina, carrying the word, but details of her visit there are unknown. She received wide publicity in both Santa Catarina and Parana newspapers. SOURCES: All local (Parana and Santa Catarina) newspapers; Curitiba D-39, March 11, 1960. (UNCLASSIFIED)

COMMENT: In addition to forming the special campaign committee (the only pro-Lott committee in Parana with any PTB support at all), Miss Lott was clearly attempting to bring into line certain labor groups of southeastern Parana who have become discontented with the national PTB's attitudes regarding Parana's coffee problems. Thus far no effect on the majority pro-Quadros element in Parana has been observed. (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

4. Visit of Polish Parliamentary Delegation

A Polish parliamentary delegation headed by Prof. Oscar Lange spent March 27 to 31 in Parana as part of an official visit at the invitation of the Brazilian congress. There were six delegates. Previously the delegation had seen Rio de Janeiro and São Paulo. The delegation visited officials, the coffee centers of Londrina and Maringa, and two old Polish colonies. Talk of increased purchases of Parana coffee, installation of a Polish tractor factory, establishment of a Polish electronics factory, and construction of more Polish ships for Brazil received avid attention. Press coverage was extremely thorough. SOURCES: See Curitiba D-43, Apr. 5, 1960. (UNCLASSIFIED)

COMMENT: No firm economic commitments resulted from the visit, but the Poles scored a definite propaganda coup. Although the papers obviously cater to the large Polish population here, the extensive coverage indicates genuine interest in expanding trade with Poland, and also demonstrates in part the effectiveness of Polish public relations efforts. (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

PSYCHOLOGICAL EVENTS

5. Reaction to Recent Soviet Policy on Disarmament, Control of Nuclear Weapons

Although press coverage of the Geneva disarmament conference and the nuclear weapons' test limitation conference has been modest, editorial comment has been ample. In general, Allied views regarding needs for inspection, and the need for workable plans (as contrasted with unwieldy schemes for "total disarmament"), are completely accepted.

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COMMENT: It is still too early to try to guess who will win. BRAGA's position is strengthened by the UDN decision (the UDN might have nominated MACULAN -- PTR candidate -- instead), but not as much as had been hoped. At this time the northern directorates are expected to work for MACULAN. So far, the most important voice in the Paraná scene, Janio QUADROS, has not been heard. QUADROS is expected to give his blessing either to MACULAN or BRAGA, and whichever one gets it will have a long lead in the race.

(OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

2. Santa Catarina Gubernatorial Campaign

The Santa Catarina scene cleared slightly as the State PSD nominated Celso RAMOS, traditional party leader, for governor. The UDN is standing firm on Senator Irineu TORRHAUSEN. Most interesting development is the recent expulsion from the PTR of two state deputies, Joaquim Braz ALVES and Paulino BURIGO. One of them, ALVES, had just been elected President of the State Legislative Assembly, and it appears that the UDN supported him in order to increase UDN influence with Doutel de ANDRADE and the PTR. However, the PTR still refuses commit itself regarding state candidates. SOURCES: Diário do Paraná, O Estado (of Santa Catarina), A Gazeta (Florianópolis), personal conversations; See Curitiba D-44, Apr. 5, 1960.

(UNCLASSIFIED)

COMMENT: Though weakened by the loss of ALVES, PTR support is still worth plenty to both the UDN and the PSD. Definitive action by the PTR (action on which next October's results may hinge) may not be taken before mid-June. UDN support of ALVES may have been counter-productive.

(OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

3. Formation of Independent Paraná Nationalist Committee for LOTT: Edna Lott visits Paraná and Santa Catarina

In a whirlwind three day trip to Paraná (March 7-10) Edna LOTT, Marshal LOTT's daughter, launched a personal, nationalist campaign supporting the Marshal for the Presidency. Although she visited the entire spectrum of political and economic groups, it was obvious that the main emphasis of her trip was on labor contacts, and on strengthening the PTR of southeastern Paraná. The Curitiba visit was climaxed by the formation of an independent "Nationalist Committee for Lott". The committee is headed by leftist state deputy Waldemar DAROS.

(UNCLASSIFIED)

Miss Lott also

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PRIORITY

FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

FROM : AmConsulate, Curitiba

TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.

REF :

DEPT. NO. 49

DATE April 19, 1960

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SUBJECT: NEWS SUMMARY (NON-ECONOMIC) FOR MARCH, 1960

1. Paraná Gubernatorial Campaign
2. Santa Catarina Gubernatorial Campaign
3. Formation of Independent Paraná Nationalist Committee for Lott: Edna Lott Visits Paraná and Santa Catarina.
4. Visit of Polish Parliamentary Delegation
5. Reaction to Recent Soviet Policy on Disarmament, Control of Nuclear Weapons
6. Miscellaneous Psychological Items: Lafer Visit to Washington, South African Riots, Chessman Case, Northeastern Floods
7. Curitiba Streets Named for John Foster Dulles and Abraham Lincoln
8. Swedish and Austrian Governments Offer Scholarships

POLITICAL EVENTS

1. Paraná Gubernatorial Campaign; UDN Convention

The Paraná UDN finally held its convention for choosing a gubernatorial candidate in late March. Although the party president had told the reporting officer before the convention that nomination by acclamation for Ney BRAGA (PDC candidate for governor) practically had been assured, the session showed a deep split between northern and southern Paraná. While nominating BRAGA by a two-to-one vote, the convention also passed a resolution freeing all county directorates (meaning those in the North) to support any other candidates they might deem necessary. SOURCES: and local newspapers, personal conversations (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

COMMENT: This is a copy of the original report.

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From São Paulo

local communist support for the Lott-Goulart slate. The expected appointment of Batista Ramos as Minister of Labor, in view of his past opposition to Ivete Vargas and the incumbent regional PTB command, would be a slap in the face to Ivete and her cohorts. The continuance of Roberto Gusmão as regional labor delegate despite Ivete's efforts to unseat him is another irritation. These developments plus Goulart's expected move into São Paulo to take personal command of the PTB could alienate Ivete Vargas' associates, including commie-liner Frota Moreira, regional secretary of the party and allegedly Ivete's "boyfriend." With Lott acting more like the anti-communist candidate and Quadros acting more like the communist party candidate (in their statements on relations with the Soviet, Cuba, etc.), dissident leftists in the local PTB party command could attempt a breach in local communist party support for Lott.

COMMENT: Whatever happens to communist support for Lott, it seems unlikely that the communists would want to change the happy relationship they have enjoyed with Goulart and the PTB.

5. Janio's Deals (Official Use Only).

There has been little local reaction to various deals credited to Janio Quadros and reported by this post last week. A columnist in the anti-Quadros Diário de São Paulo attacked Janio's ~~sincerity~~ sincerity in delegating full powers to the president of the national legislature to take over any funds credited to Janio in any Swiss bank. The columnist asserted that Swiss banks identified only by number, not by name, and noted that Janio carefully limited the authority to Switzerland although Janio had denied having any bank holdings anywhere abroad. Otherwise, the issue provoked little excitement locally.

Adhemar de Barros appeared most incensed over charges that his presidential candidacy was part of a deal with Janio Quadros. The local PSP headquarters announced that the periodical O Seminário had been asked to print Adhemar's reply to an O Seminário story that a secret deal had been made with Janio at the home of ex-PSP vice-Governor of São Paulo Erlindo Salzano. If such a reply is not published within the time specified by law, legal proceedings will be instituted, says the letter from the PSP attorney.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

cc: Amembassy, Rio

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From SBo Paulo

identified with the cause of "good" government--eventhough the candidate in no way accepts the party label and even though the party itself can show no significant gains ~~in~~ in strength as a party.

3. PSB Crisis (Official Use Only).

The SBo Paulo PSB now finds itself at a political crossroads due to the recent decision of the national party convention to support Lott for President. The local party leadership, many of whom are already strongly committed in support of Quadros, could turn over the leadership to a minority pro-Lott faction. This solution, reportedly suggested by the party national command, has apparently been rejected by PSB regional president Alipio Correia Neto who this past week declared that the local PSB had only the choice of accepting or rejecting the decision of the national convention. There are also rumors that an attempt may be made to have the action of the national convention annulled because of alleged irregularities. This could be a time-consuming process. A sounding among local PSB directorates in the interior of the state and among members of the PSB regional directorate reportedly discloses a strong sentiment in favor of continued support for Quadros. On the other hand, PSB party statutes oblige the state organization to uphold the decisions of the national convention.

COMMENT: The PSB leadership is caught in the unhappy dilemma of either giving at least token support to Lott or having party command taken away from it. Dissidents like Wilson Rahal and Rogé Ferreira have fought continuously to unseat the local party command and will be quick to take advantage of the present crisis if local PSB leadership is not responsive to the decision of the national convention. It seems probable that at least a number of the local PSB leadership will, in one way or another, give support to the Quadros candidacy. How this will happen, whether there will be a shift to other parties, remains to be seen. The strains and conflicts within the local PSB, brought on by the decision of the national convention, should contribute further to a weakening which the local party organization has already experienced by virtue of conflicts within the party.

A similar crisis is anticipated for the local PR (which is strongly pro-Quadros) because the PR national convention is likewise expected to give support to Lott's candidacy. PR state deputy Jacob Zveibl is credited with saying that the PR is in the same boat as the PSB and will be in panic after the party's national convention.

4. PTB Changes and Communist Support (Confidential).

There is some local speculation that impending PTB developments could seriously upset the party command in SBo Paulo and with it

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From. São Paulo

both could profitably connive at labor maneuvers in São Paulo which would be mutually beneficial. A goodly segment of labor leadership in São Paulo is pro-Quadros. A goodly segment of this labor leadership also holds public office or is otherwise beholden to the Ministry of Labor. To force these labor leaders to choose between these competing loyalties could mean vote losses for both Quadros and Goulart. It will be recalled that Goulart some weeks ago failed to accompany Lott to the opening of state campaign headquarters in São Paulo, although the presence of both had been announced and expected. If there is a move in labor circles to support Quadros and Goulart, some evidence of irritation from FDC quarters (the FDC supports Quadros and Ferrari) can be expected. Also, as the campaigning of Goulart and others unfolds in São Paulo in the weeks ahead, it seems likely that there will be a clearer indication of any deal involving labor support.

2. UDN Crisis (Official Use Only).

Although Herbert Levy, UDN federal deputy from São Paulo, allegedly masterminded the solution by which national UDN president Magalhães Pinto turned over UDN responsibility for the Quadros presidential campaign to a three-man committee, the UDN in São Paulo remained virtually an innocent bystander in the recent party crisis which had been brought on by Carlos Lacerda's charges that the UDN high command had failed to conduct a vigorous opposition campaign in support of Quadros. While past party crises have generated eruptions in local UDN ranks, this time there were no formal or informal meetings of local UDN leaders, no statements from prominent local members of the party. Rather Calasans, UDN senator from São Paulo, is credited with saying that he first learned of his designation to the three-man Quadros campaign group from the newspapers. According to O Estado de São Paulo, which is especially close to Quadros and the UDN, Janio Quadros telephoned Magalhães Pinto from São Paulo to get the latter's assurances that Magalhães Pinto would continue to campaign for the governorship of Minas Gerais, that he would not divorce himself from the political scene.

COMMENT: Past eruptions in local UDN circles arose from the existence of a small but vocal anti-Quadros faction. In the present instance, the dispute was entirely between UDN leaders. Moreover, it is difficult to find any measure of enthusiasm in local UDN circles over the vice-presidential candidacy of Leandro Maciel whose discontent with lack of UDN support had contributed to Lacerda's criticisms. These factors, plus the fact that commitments to Quadros could not now be easily undone, more likely explain the behavior of the local UDN in the face of the recent party crisis. The UDN of São Paulo, strongly pro-Quadros, is undoubtedly pleased with latest developments. As with the 1958 victory of São Paulo Governor Carvalho Pinto, the local UDN apparently regards it as a party victory if the party supports the winning candidate who is in turn

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TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.				
REF :					
55 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION REC'D 4/22	1 DEPT. RM/A-2	1 OTHER IRC-8	REP-1	
SUBJECT:		Presidential Campaign Highlights, Week Ending April 15, 1960			

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1. Labor Support of Goulart-Quadros
2. UDN Crisis
3. PSB Crisis
4. PTB Changes and Communist Support
5. Janio's Deals

1. Labor Support of Goulart-Quadros Combination (Official Use Only).

Previously reported local rumors that vice-presidential candidate Goulart had been conniving with attempts to link his candidacy with that of presidential candidate Quadros took clearer shape and became more widespread in the past week. According to one source, labor leaders from São Paulo who are loyal to both Janio and Goulart were encouraged by Goulart and his aides to support both during a recent visit to Rio. Later, in the face of strong protest from pro-Lott quarters, Goulart allegedly requested that these labor leaders abstain from linking his name with Janio's and in turn Goulart would attempt to get pro-Lott labor leaders to abstain from endorsing Lott. According to this same account, labor leaders favoring Quadros had already endorsed Janio in writing and were determined to go ahead with an endorsement of Goulart to maintain the "good will" of the Ministry of Labor. While on a "non-political" visit to São Paulo last Saturday to dine with some Syrian-Lebanese friends, Goulart told reporters that he and his party were clearly committed in favor of Lott; but that he could not be responsible for the action of third parties.

COMMENT: (Confidential) While an open Quadros-Goulart coalition would seem unlikely for reasons previously reported.

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Chilean students appeared, but has not yet been commented upon editorially. The kidnapping of Peugeot's grandson and the arrival of the Moscow circus represented two more minor features in another week dominated by international tension and strife.

Miscellaneous

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- 372 Experience of American Minority Shareholders in Brazilian Glass Company
- 373 Information on Foreign Firms Receiving Continuing or Revolving Credit from Export-Import Bank
- 374 Thenol Now Produced in Brazil
- 375 Brazil's Foreign Trade in Motor Vehicles - Calendar Year 1959
- 376 Concern over Implications of Article 76 of Law 3470 Amending Income Tax Law
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- 378 Export-Import Interest in Small Indicator-type Bulbs
- 379 Santos Weekly Report
- 380 Activities of Health State Authorities in Connection with the Malaria Eradication Campaign in São Paulo
- 381 Presidential Campaign Highlights, Week Ending April 15, 1960

William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

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regional note in the form of President Kubitschek's public and unequivocal condemnation of South African "apartheid". Journalistic support for the President's proclamation has been unanimous, perhaps best reflected in the O Estado de São Paulo, a conservative and responsible newspaper which has vigorously derided the Kubitschek administration: "President Juscelino Kubitschek has, in a loud voice and in a tone which permits no ambiguity, proclaimed himself as being totally opposed to the 'apartheid' policy and to the slaughters of Shaperville (sic) which have spread over the whole territory of the South African Union. In so doing, His Excellency has fulfilled his duty".

At the same time, little sympathy seems to be reflected in the local press for Premier Verwoerd's own critically wounded person, and the greater part of journalistic interest here hinges on the racial status of his assailant. Once again the editorial voice in O Estado de São Paulo seems particularly relevant: "The only process capable of producing practical and immediate effects appears to be that of non-intervention. But to hope that the unarmed natives will be able to overcome canons and machine guns by themselves seems unrealistic. On the other hand, the bullet which failed to kill Dr. Verwoerd did not issue from a weapon handled by a Negro but by a white man!"

9. Parliamentary Collapse in Italy (Unclassified)

"Boer insensibility", "slaughter-house strategy", "diplomatic freeze", "economic boycott"--despite such impassioned epithets as these the governmental crisis in Italy managed to share considerable press billing with the developments in South Africa. The fall of Premier Tambroni, together with President Gronchi's eleventh-hour efforts to ameliorate his country's political climate, provoked a spate of editorials in this city, most of them lamenting the national instability in a land with which São Paulo has always felt a benevolent affinity. "It was not", declares the generally pro-government Diário de São Paulo, "a great exercise of imagination to predict the inglorious end of the Tambroni ministry---it is certain that a Christian Democratic government cannot sustain itself with the votes of neo-fascists".

10. Other Press Notes (Unclassified)

The successful launching of American meteorological satellite "Transit 1-B" was widely reported this week, as were the continuing disarmament talks in Geneva. President Eisenhower's letter to the

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Labor Officer that Communists and fellow travelers restrained themselves somewhat for fear that the coming state-wide convention scheduled for April 27 to May 1 might be called off. Other meetings of city centrals to draft resolutions for the state-wide convention are being held in Santos, Campinas, Ribeirão Preto, Sorocaba, and Taubaté. (Despatch on São Paulo City Convention is in preparation).

7. Jurisdictional Dispute in Santos (Official Use Only)

Ship movements and over-the-road transport in the large port of Santos slowed down considerably last week as a result of the jurisdictional dispute between warehousemen and trucking companies. The warehousemen are claiming exclusive jurisdiction over the unloading and storing away of goods coming into Santos by truck. The trucking companies which stand to lose considerable revenue if they give in to the demands of the warehousemen are insisting that their drivers and helpers be allowed to unload the trucks.

A number of acts of violence have been reported. Roving bands of warehousemen have attacked and severely damaged trucks and beaten up drivers attempting to unload.

Comment: The Consulate General's Labor Officer visited the port on April 13 and surveyed the situation. Long lines of loaded trucks were encountered outside the city and the port facilities were heavily policed by Army, Navy, Marine, state militia and municipal police. Many machine gun emplacements had been set up. Some ships flying foreign flags were leaving the port without picking up freight consignments.

Luiz Cota Araujo, chief of cabinet of the Federal Ministry of Labor, is attempting to conciliate the dispute. So far his efforts have been unsuccessful. The dispute grew out of a question of jurisdiction. The politicians are now attempting to get into the act. The Communists do not appear to be directly involved.

Psychological

8. South Africa (Unclassified)

With the assassination attempt on the life of Premier Verwoerd, the dramatic intensity brewed up by racial violence in South Africa garnered bigger and blacker headlines in the news services of São Paulo. To this seething international issue has now been added a

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While Adhemar de Barros demanded the publication of his denial to a magazine article charging that Adhemar's presidential candidacy was part of a deal with Janio Quadros, the alleged deal has thus far generated very little local reaction. The same is true of previously reported charges that foreign business interests deposited 5 million dollars to Janio's credit in a Swiss bank (for further details on local presidential campaign developments, see São Paulo despatch 381, April 18, 1960).

5. Other Political Highlights (Official Use Only)

Voter registration in the city of São Paulo is reported light despite the fact that local registration offices are now keeping open 12 instead of 5 hours a day. A daily average registration of 450, if continued, would produce a disappointing total of 1.2 million registered for the city by the final registration date, June 24. The total currently registered in the state of São Paulo is 3,070,000, including 1,155,000 in the capital city.

From Goiás comes word of a PSD-PTB coalition slate for the Goiânia city election. A PSD convention in the Goiás capital city endorsed Alberto Rassi for mayor and PTB candidate Lisandro Vieira de Paixão for vice-mayor.

The PL registered Rodriguez Alves' candidacy for São Paulo mayor this past week. Others already registered are Frota Moreira (PTB), Emilio Carlos (PTN), Franco Montoro (PDC), Juvenal Rodriguez de Moraes (PSD), José Cyrilo (PRP). Some PDC party headquarters officials have privately observed that PDC support of a UDN gubernatorial candidate in exchange for UDN support of a PDC mayoralty candidate is something for nothing because the UDN has no worthwhile mayoralty candidate.

Labor

6. City of São Paulo Trade Union Convention (Confidential)

The São Paulo City Central held a three day convention April 8 to 10. As anticipated Communist Party and fellow travelling trade union leaders were heavily represented. There was a poor attendance by the non-Communist majority. In addition to the usual type of trade union resolutions on the right to strike, etc., a number of leftist resolutions were adopted, i.e., expropriation of foreign packing houses and power companies and nationalization of foreign banks. Non-Communist trade union leaders claim some victories, e.g., a resolution in favor of diplomatic relations with the Soviet Union not adopted, and a resolution condemning United States intervention in Cuba watered down. On balance, it appears to the Consulate General's

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denied that he was dispossessing Benedita Rocha and characterized statements of the latter as reflecting political immaturity. The Regional Executive Committee, said Chaves Amarante, has responsibility for acting, but one can be sure that dissidents will be expelled.

Comment: Emilio Carlos has reportedly been in a Rio hospital "for minor surgery". Unless there is to be a shift by the PTN away from support of Quadros for president, it seems likely that Emilio will affect a reconciliation between the fighting party leaders. A shift in PTN support from Quadros to Lott would sustain rumors that Benedita Rocha had acted on instructions from Carlos. On the other hand, such a shift might not be acceptable to Chaves Amarante, former state Secretary of Labor when Quadros was Governor, and a loyal Quadros supporter. Continued PTN support of Quadros could indicate either Carlos' ever-constant loyalty to Quadros or failure to get a good offer from the Lott forces.

4. Presidential Campaign Highlights (Confidential)

The PSB in São Paulo faces a major dilemma by virtue of the recent decision of the party's national convention to support Teixeira Lott's presidential candidacy. Strongly pro-Quadros, the state organization is obliged by party statute to follow the mandate of the national convention. A strong dissident minority will doubtless try to take over. Present difficulties should lead to a further weakening of party strength and effectiveness in São Paulo. The PR in São Paulo, likewise strongly pro-Quadros, faces the prospect of similar difficulties because its national convention is expected also to endorse Lott for President.

Local rumors linking Quadros' presidential candidacy with Goulart's vice-presidential candidacy took firmer shape during the past week. While not involving any formal Quadros-Goulart slate, it appears that certain pro-Quadros labor leaders in São Paulo would like to maintain the good will of the Ministry of Labor by endorsing both Quadros and Goulart. Goulart's alleged conniving with such action would seem plausible as against forcing local labor leaders to choose between competing loyalties for the sole benefit of his running mate, Lott.

Although various Paulista politicians were involved in the proposed solution of the recent UDN crisis which had been brought on by Carlos Lacerda's charges of inadequate UDN campaign support to Quadros, the local UDN maintained the role of innocent bystander. Nevertheless, the local UDN, strongly pro-Quadros, undoubtedly favors a more vigorous party effort in support of the Quadros candidacy.

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The quarrel between the Mayor and vice-mayor superficially involves a drive directed by the Mayor to get street vendors off the streets. Vice-mayor Sampaio's heated protest to Mayor Adhemar de Barros has been widely reported and various newspapers have commented on strained relations between the two. Various sources report "gripe sessions" against the Mayor at meetings of various PSP leaders with Cantidio Sampaio. Spokesmen for Sampaio are credited with saying that Sampaio will run for São Paulo mayor with or without PSP support, that half of the PSP state legislators would support Sampaio in case of an open break with Adhemar.

Comment: (Confidential) Adhemar's neglect of mayoralty duties in favor of presidential campaigning outside of São Paulo is probably good for his ego (reports indicate that he is generally getting a good reception in other states), but not for his vote-getting prestige in São Paulo. A break between him and Sampaio could be further damaging to Adhemar's position in his home state. The break between Sampaio and Adhemar, if it should come, would more likely derive from factors other than the prohibition of street vending per se--possibly the political payoff from street vendors, possibly an inclination by PSP national president Adhemar to view with favor other possibilities for mayor. One source reports that the mayor gets a 23 million curzeiro monthly payoff from the street vendors. Also there are various reports that PSP federal deputy from São Paulo Mario Beni would like to be the PSP candidate for São Paulo mayor and that Adhemar is favorably disposed thereto. Sampaio has been doing a lot of politicking in the capital city's neighborhoods in quest of the São Paulo mayoralty. With regard to the City Council coalition in support of the mayor, it is reasonable to suspect that some kind of political payoff holds it together--patronage, sponsorship of public works projects, perhaps more.

3. PTN Dispute (Official Use Only)

São Paulo's regional and metropolitan PTN presidents, Chaves Amarante and Benedita Rocha, exchanged strong words during the past week. It will be recalled that regional president Chaves Amarante had instituted an investigation of reports that Benedita Rocha was negotiating with Lott supporters. Thereafter Benedita Rocha was interrogated and there were reports that Rocha had declared his party loyalty, that he objected only to UDN domination of the Quadros campaign. This past week the PTN metropolitan president announced that Chaves Amarante was evicting the metropolitan directorate from headquarters shared with the regional directorate. Benedita Rocha said that he was first and foremost loyal to the mayoralty aspirations of Emilio Carlos, the party's president, rather than being for Quadros or Lott. Rocha also wondered to the press why other party dissidents like Farabuline Junior had not been disciplined by the party. Chaves Amarante later

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São Paulo

are now figuring ways and means of getting into and out of the overcrowded inauguration day's activities in the nation's new capital. Also the fellow interested in making a fast cruzeiro (and there are many in São Paulo) is very much aware of inauguration day. One Paulista, for example, has a number of cars selling coffee, tea and sandwiches to the workers in Brasília who are busily rushing to get the job done by April 21. Another Paulista entrepreneur is reportedly shipping 10,000 straw hats to be sold in Brasília on the big day.

On still another front, there is local speculation about the broader implications for São Paulo of the move to Brasília. Many feel that São Paulo will more clearly become the nation's industrial and commercial center. Some observe that the political center will likewise move, but to São Paulo rather than to Brasília. They say that if Lott takes up residence in São Paulo for the presidential campaign, all three presidential candidates will then be campaigning out of São Paulo (vice-presidential candidate Goulart's intention to move soon to São Paulo has also become general knowledge.)

Comment: Speculations about the future political importance of São Paulo can in part be charged off to the inevitable "think big" tendencies of the Paulista. Although the São Paulo inauguration day exodus to Brasília is non-partisan and draws upon all categories of political belief, two important exceptions can be noted. Presidential candidate Adhemar de Barros does not plan to be in Brasília on April 21. Also on April 21, presidential candidate Janio Quadros plans to be campaigning by "victory train" in the interior of São Paulo; but São Paulo's Governor Carvalho Pinto intends to participate in the inauguration of the new national capital.

2. Adhemar and Local Politics (Official Use Only)

While PSP Mayor Adhemar de Barros continues to hold the support of a São Paulo City Council majority coalition whose membership includes aldermen from opposition parties, there are potentially explosive rumblings between Adhemar and his vice-mayor, Cantídio Sampaio. During the week, two attempts were made to commandeer Adhemar's presence before the City Council "to explain himself"--one for having said that city aldermen were cowardly, the other for having charged late last year that the then City Council president William Salem wanted 100 million cruzeiros for approval of the city budget which had been proposed by the mayor. To prevent action on these proposals to order the mayor's appearance before the City Council, the majority, led by UDN City Council president Marcos Melega, left the Council Chambers.

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PRIORITY

(Security Classification)

FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

FROM : Amcoengen São Paulo

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TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.

April 18, 1960

REF :

24
4/22
ACTION DEPT. RM/A-2 NEK-1 IRL-6 (CA-11) E-
For Dept. USE ONLY REF. OTHER CIA-10 USIA-10 ARMY-4 NAVY-2
SUBJECT: São Paulo Weekly Summary No. 42, Week Ending April 15, 1960
OSD-4 AIR-6 LAB-6 COM-12

Index

Political

1. Holy Week and Brasilia
2. Adhemar and Local Politics
3. PTN Dispute
4. Presidential Campaign Highlights
5. Other Political Highlights

Labor

6. City of São Paulo Trade Union Convention
7. Jurisdictional Dispute in Santos

Psychological

8. South Africa
9. Parliamentary Collapse in Italy
10. Other Press Notes

Miscellaneous

11. List of Substantive Despatches



732.00/4-1860

Political

1. Holy Week and Brasilia (Official Use Only)

Holy week and the impending exodus for the inauguration of Brasilia combined this past week to produce a political calm which may continue through the coming week. Governor Carvalho Pinto has been at the Governor's summer home outside of the capital city during the entire week. As is frequently the case, this led to an absence of major developments on the executive front. The same has been true of the legislative front; the State Assembly held no sessions during the week. Local embroilments of São Paulo's mayor Adhemar de Barros and major strains and tensions within a number of political parties (as reported below) held much of the political spotlight locally during the week.

In São Paulo the focus of public attention has largely shifted to the soon-to-arrive big day in Brasilia. It is of major interest to the many political, governmental and other community leaders who

see last page:mlf

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Encl. No.
Desp. No. 40
From PORTO ALEGRE

he issued a sweeping denial of actions and remarks attributed to him by the press during his absence, including a reference to an East German solution for Porto Alegre's telephone problem.

Comment: This is a tactic familiar to local journalists who often find that the official versions of Governor Brizola's statements do not accord with remarks he has made in public. All things to all men, he caused responsible Italian sources here to feel that the Italian phase of his trip, with its attention to Italian electrical production capacity had been the high point of his trip. He did the same for West Germans in regard to his visit to their country. Especially noteworthy, however, was a concern Governor Brizola expressed to West German representatives about the overshadowing effects of his "encampação" action which he discerned in the West German official and business community.

4. Czech Minister Kuchvalek visited RGS shortly after the return of Governor Brizola from Europe, (item 3 above) accompanied by his commercial and cultural attachés. After a visit of several days featured by considerable exhibitions of mutual friendliness, the Czechs departed leaving in their wake trustworthy reports of tempting offers of utility and industrial equipments on generous credit terms.

Comment: This visit follows other Iron Curtain visits in February, January, and December (ref. item 6b, desp. No. 33 of March 15, 1960).

5. A 24 hour general strike in protest against the high cost of living as well as a reduction in social benefits was staged by railroad workers (ref. our desp. No. 39 of April 6, 1960). In this strike, which was held without disorder, they were joined by the Porto Alegre streetcar and electric power employees.

Comment: Credence can be given to reports that there was effective communist participation in this strike.

6. The ISEB course announced for March has been indefinitely postponed after meeting for two sessions (ref. item 4, desp. No. 33 of March 15, 1960). No reason was given but the course this time evidently did not arouse the same attention and interest that it had previously (ref. item 2, desp. No. 10 of Oct. 19, 1959).

Percy Warner
Percy Warner
American Consul

cc.: Amembassy RIO

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Desp. No. 10
From PORTO ALEGRE

with the ten point MTR platform enunciated by Fernando Ferrari last November (ref. attachment 1, desp. No. 17 of Dec. 2, 1959) and were also of such nature as to embarrass Janio as little as possible in his UDN relationships.

Comment: A founding member of the party here speaking confidently of the PDC's future at the national, state, and municipal level, pointed to its two strong national candidates; to its success in the last state elections in sending deputies to the RGS assembly for the first time; and, municipally, to its Porto Alegre rout of the Brizola-Jango PTB machine last November. With the State PSD split; with the PRP gaining no new ground; and with the PTB beset by a rebellious rank and file on the one hand and by communist infiltration on the other, this PDC stalwart feels he has reason for confidence in the present campaign and others to follow.

b. RGS-PSD split continues: The division within the state PSD between its pro-Janio and pro-Lott factions (ref. item 3b, desp. No. 33 of March 15, 1960) apparently widened, despite efforts from Rio and other quarters to establish some semblance of party discipline.

Comment: With Janio and Lott due in RGS in April for campaign kick-offs, this local PSD situation illustrates a gaúcho intransigence and prickliness which are typical in that these characteristics are noticeable in other fields and which are distinctive in that they contrast with the capacity for easy-going compromise which characterizes other parts of Brazil.

c. Unhappiness with the "ins" typified attitudes encountered by the Principal Officer in a visit to the south-western extreme of RGS (see item 1 above). Contacts with both enthusiastic pro-Janio political neophytes and seasoned party veterans, including a PTB leader, left an impression that as of mid March Ferrari could win a majority and Janio a "moral victory" (i.e. on the losing side but a relatively narrow margin) in this part of the State. There was apparent little or no reaction to Janio's proposal to visit Cuba, although this must have cost him something with devout Catholics. This part of Brazil may in some ways resemble the interior of U.S. after World War I, with people so concerned over their day-to-day problems, and with so limited access to information on world-wide matters, that they care little for the implication of affairs beyond their immediate purview--such as a trip by Janio to Cuba.

3. Governor Brizola returned from Europe after visits on both sides of the Iron Curtain and evidently after fishing for all he could get in the way of investments, credits, and public utility assistance for RGS which is feeling poorly these days and not close enough to dispensations from Rio. Shortly after his return

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH				73200/41860	
FROM :	Amconsulate PORTO ALEGRE	110	April 18, 1960		
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		APR 19 1960		
REF :					
2	ACTION	DEPT.			
For Dept.	APAS	IN	CMR 2 1 R 8 EUR-5		
Use Only	4-23	OTHER	CL-10 4510-10 NAVY-3 Army-7		
SUBJECT: RIO GRANDE DO SUL POLITICAL SUMMARY - No. 11 March 1960					

1. General
2. Presidential campaign developments
3. Governor Brizola returns from European
4. Czech Minister visit
5. 24 hour general strike
6. The ISEB course

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
BUREAU OF
INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS
APR 26 1960
file

General: The Principal Officer visited Pelotas and Uruguaiana to introduce the new BPAO to bi-national centers and to maintain previous contacts. A continuing mood against both the State and Federal administrations was evident in these opposite corners of the State.

2. Presidential campaign developments:

a. FDC convention: For the first time, the FDC held a national convention in RGS on the eve of an election. FDC was the first of the national parties to held such a meeting here building on the strong local foundations created by the victory of its mayoralty candidate over the Brizola-Goulart dominated PTB last November, the tireless work of Fernando Ferrari's spreading organization in the Movimento Trabalhista Renovador (MTR) (ref.item 2, desp. No.17 of Dec. 2, 1959) since that time, and the short but dynamic visit of Janio Quadros at the end of the year (ref.item 3, desp. No. 22 of Jan. 13, 1960).

Presiding over this convention was the national chairman, federal deputy Queiroz Filho. Also present and among the principal speakers were Marechal Juarez Tavora, former FDC presidential standard bearer, and federal deputy Paulo de Tarso assistant party floor leader in the national parliament.

The statements of these and other party orators were noteworthy principally for an air of messianic confidence in the FDC role in this election and for others thereafter. Their remarks were consistent

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series of feature articles describing Janio's visit to Cuba and praising Fidel Castro's Cuba, especially his land reform program. The articles, derived from a member of Janio's entourage in Cuba, also denied that any communist held any positions in the Cuban Government.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Nonetheless, most Santistas appear to think that Janio's trip to Cuba was a mistake, and motivated solely by his desire to pick up votes from the left.

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III ECONOMIC

1. Newest Brazilian Supertanker Arrives in Santos (UNCLASSIFIED)

On April 8 the new 33,000 ton supertanker "Presidente Washington Luis" arrived in Santos from Venezuela with 31,500 tons of crude oil for the Petrobras refinery at Cubatao. The vessel, next to last of a series of seven supertankers ordered by the Petróleo Nacional de Petróleos (PROMAP), was launched in Rotterdam on November 12, 1959, and placed in service on March 18 of this year.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

The following are the ship's characteristics: length, 202.54 meters; beam, 14.25 meters; maximum draft, 10.58 meters; speed, 17 knots; range, 16,000 miles; 2 loading pumps each with a capacity of 1,500 cubic meters an hour; and cargo tank capacity of 44,650 cubic meters. The ship carries air-conditioned compartments for its crew of 53.

2. Brazilian Coffee Official Foresees Good Crop Possibilities (UNCLASSIFIED)

João Roberto Suplicy Mafers, Director of the Brazilian Coffee Institute's office in New York City, who is visiting his family in Santos, declared this week that "Brazil has never had such an opportunity as now to sell, in terms of greatest volume, its coffee crop, because the disparity noted between the prices of the Central American product and the prices of the Brazilian product is largely favorable to our country" (i.e., Brazil).

IV CONSULAR - Negative.

V ADMINISTRATIVE - Negative.

VI PSYCHOLOGICAL

1. African Race Conflict Stirs Adverse Comment (UNCLASSIFIED)

Santos has reacted to the news of the Union of South Africa's repressive measures against the country's Negroes with disgust. Emmeraldo Tarquinio, Santos' only Negro City Councilman, has publically denounced the South African Government's policies, as has Osvaldo Leituga, President of the local Students Center, and virtually every Santista seems to agree with them.

2. Santos Paper Praises Fidel Castro (UNCLASSIFIED)

The violently pro-Quadros daily A Tribuna last week ran a series

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Labor Ministry had done nothing to restrain the warehousemen. In reply, the Captain of the Port (who is also the Maritime Labor Delegate in Santos) promised to police the wharves in force, and since April 12 the wharves and warehouses have been heavily patrolled by Marines, soldiers and airmen. On April 12 the destroyer "Heberibe" arrived in port with Marine reinforcements.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The warehousemen's agitation is causing local port charges to rise and is unanimously opposed by the Santos Dock Company, the Captaincy of the Port, shipping agents, trucking companies and freight dispatchers. Some of the other local port unions are out of sympathy with the arrumadores' efforts to muscle into the port area, and on April 12 the reporting officer was given to understand that at least three of them were considering using force against the warehousemen. On April 13 the Regional Delegates of the three maritime unions in Santos sent a telegram to Vice President Joao Goulart, urging him to curb the arrumadores.

It is the reporting officer's impression that the arrumadores are enjoying the protection of a high official in the Labor Ministry, but that their agitation is not inspired by the communists. Last week the Captain of the Port of Santos travelled to Rio de Janeiro expressly to discuss the problem with the Labor Ministry, but five times failed to see Luis Araujo, Secretary to the Labor Minister.

2. Santos Stevedores Opposed to Private Insurance (UNCLASSIFIED)

"I can assert that from this moment the stevedores of all Brazil are entirely opposed to accident insurance being written by private concerns, either national or foreign", declared Laerte Carneiro da Silva, President of the Santos stevedores union to O Dia last week. He was joined in his criticism of the Brazilian Senate's recent action in deleting from a proposed law the State's exclusive right to handle such insurance by Expedito Guedes Rodrigues, President of the Santos Coffee Loaders and Packers Union; Antonio Guarneri, President of the Bank Employees Union; and Antonio Rodrigues, Secretary of the Santos Port Services Workers Union.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Da Silva, according to a reliable source, is a communist fellow-traveller and much under the influence of Oswaldo Pacheco dos Santos, member of the Council of the National Federation of Stevedore Unions. Guedes Rodrigues is pro-Lett, while both Guarneri and Rodrigues are reportedly active communists.

/III ECONOMIC

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Enclosure No. 2,
São Paulo Despatch 379

ARA

OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM

TO: American Consulate General, São Paulo Date: April 13, 1960
FROM: American Consulate, Santos
SUBJECT: Weekly Comment on Events in Santos
REF:

I POLITICAL

1. Local PTB Names Labor Council (UNCLASSIFIED)

Jose Gomes, President of the Santos Partido Trabalhista Brasileiro (PTB) has announced the new officers of the party's local labor council. President is Valdemar Neves Guerra; Vice President is Orlando Sposito; First Vice President, Amaury Teixeira Leite; Secretary General, Vitelbino Ferreira de Sousa; First Secretary, Jose Barreto; General Treasurer, Francisco Rodrigues Garcez; and First Treasurer, Pedro de Souza Almeida.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Guerra and Sposito are reputed to be active communists. The others are unknown to the reporting officer.

II LABOR

1. Warehousemen Versus Truckers (UNCLASSIFIED)

The dispute between the Sindicato dos Arrumadores de Santos and trucking companies over the former's demands for a monopoly of loading and unloading trucks in the Santos dock area has intensified. (See Weekly Comment dated April 7.) On April 8 more than 70 trucks loaded with sugar from the interior of the State of São Paulo and the States of Goiás and Minas Gerais and destined for Africa were tied up as the arrumadores insisted upon the exclusive right to unload them, despite the fact that the union has less than 200 members and no mechanical equipment to speed loading and unloading.

On April 11 violence flared when the arrumadores attacked and damaged several of the tied-up trucks. The Political and Social Police (DOPS) and the Captain of the Port began an immediate investigation. The next day 46 Santos and São Paulo trucking firms announced they would suspend all operations in the port area until the arrumadores were put down, citing the fact that the companies had obtained an injunction against the arrumadores, but that the

/Labor

AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL

VPRandolph, III/vpr

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APR 14 1960

SÃO PAULO, BRAZIL

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/111 ECONOMIC

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OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM

TO: American Consulate General, Sao Paulo Date: April 13, 1960
FROM: American Consulate, Santos *VPR*
SUBJECT: Weekly Comment on Events in Santos
REF:

No comment
No comment
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Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

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/LABOR
AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL

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SÃO PAULO, BRAZIL

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PRIORITY		FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH		379	
FROM :	Amcoengen, SKO PAULO		DESP. NO.	April 14, 1960	
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		DATE	APR 14 1960	
REF :	and Report in RM/R				
55 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION REC'D 4/20	DEPT. OTHER RM/R-2 REPT IAC-8 E-3 ICAH SY			
SUBJECT: Santos Weekly Report			OSD-4 Army-4 Navy-3 Air-6 IN-7 AG-8 TA-3 FAB-3 TAA-7 XM-13-4		

Transmitted herewith for the information of the Embassy and the Department is the weekly report from the American Consulate at Santos, dated April 13, 1960.

William P. Cochran, Jr.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

732.00/4-1460

Enclosure:

Operations Memorandum,
from Santos dated April 13, 1960

cc: Amembassy, Rio



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ACTION ASSIGNED TO		DATE OF ACTION			
NAME OF OFFICER					
OFFICE SYMBOL					

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Encl. No. 370
Desp. No. 370
From São Paulo

(but admits that this could be to attract these representatives away from Adhemar, rather than to make a deal on behalf of Janio).

COMMENT: The PTN is the first and only party which has officially registered Janio's candidacy for the presidency and thus far it has denied its legally-required permission to other supporting parties to do likewise.

FDC party headquarters officers, veterans in São Paulo politics, this past week privately advised that the fight between Adhemar and Lucas Nogueira Garcez gave Janio his breaks; that Adhemar did contribute 800,000 cruzeiros to Janio's 1953 campaign; that in 1954, Nogueira Garcez, in the last week of campaigning, shifted support from Prestes Maia to Janio and swung 50,000 to 100,000 votes to give Janio a victory over Adhemar in the gubernatorial race. Adhemar's remarks to reporters this past week that the only man worse than Janio is Lucas Nogueira Garcez shows the depths of Adhemar's bitterness against the latter and lends support to the foregoing account of 1953 and 1954 events. A more likely explanation for Adhemar's candidacy is his prediction to reporters during the week that Janio would once again renounce his candidacy, that Adhemar would then carry the Paulista cause alone against Lott. Rightly or wrongly, Adhemar could believe this.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

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Disp. No. 370
From São Paulo

reporters that Goulart could not remain silently indifferent to the formation of numerous Janio-Jango Committees. Otherwise, he Rocha Mendes, would withdraw his support of Goulart and take a number of labor leaders with him.

COMMENT: (Confidential) While a Goulart-Quadros deal appears fantastic and just another rumor, it has considerable rationality. Although the UDN and PTB are improbably bedfellows in a national election, UDN support for Janio, as indicated above (Item 1), has been shaky. Support from the PTB machine would be helpful to Janio. Also Goulart would then not have to fight Janio for the support of labor in São Paulo and other states. The shift would be drastic for the UDN, EDC, and PTN which have been supporting Janio and fighting the PTB in São Paulo. Also, Janio would find it difficult to explain away recent attacks on the nation's labor and social security administration; or to maintain his role as house-cleaning reformer.

If Batista Ramos is appointed Minister of Labor, it will be a slap in the face to PTB Regional President Ivete Vargas and cohorts. Batista Ramos was one of those who tried unsuccessfully many months ago to overthrow Ivete Vargas by resigning from the PTB state directorate.

5. "Political Deals" (Confidential).

In the heavy spate of rumored political deals in the past week, there was one involving the PTN and Lott and another involving Adhemar and Janio. According to several sources, the previously reported approach of São Paulo metropolitan PTN president Benedito Rocha to Lott supporters was instigated by national PTN president Emilio Carlos. These sources argue that Emilio has been virtually frozen out of Janio's campaign (complaints from Emilio Carlos on this score have been previously reported). The PTN, it is correctly pointed out, is the private property of Emilio Carlos and he does generally control its directorate. With the PTN the first party to endorse Janio and officially committed to him, an approach to Lott forces, it is argued, is unlikely unless supported--even more, directed--by Emilio Carlos.

The charge that PSF national president Adhemar de Barros' presidential candidacy is part of a deal with Janio Quadros was made by PSD state deputy Conceição da Costa Neves, former political ally of Adhemar. Conceição charges that Adhemar gave 800,000 cruzeiros in 1953 (a sizable sum then) to Janio in his campaign for São Paulo mayor to defeat then Governor Lucas Nogueira Garcez's candidate, Antonio Cardoso (Adhemar had by then broken with Garcez whom he had gotten elected Governor). In substantiation of the rumored Adhemar-Janio deal, another source privately advised that Lino de Mattoes had been in contact with representatives of Adhemar

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From São Paulo

COMMENT: (Confidential) It is interesting to note that pro-Quadros O Estado de São Paulo, which usually reports Quadros' TV performances in extenso, failed to report on this TV appearance although it had reported on an earlier, similar TV appearance in Rio. Pro-Quadros A Gazeta likewise failed to report on the TV appearance. On the other hand, anti-Quadros Folha de São Paulo quoted Quadros' TV remarks at length. Beyond this, it is yet too early to gauge the local effect of the latest Quadros stand on Cuba. While it should, it would seem, further alienate certain conservative interests in this area, it should on the other hand win a great deal of sympathy for the Cuban cause amongst that element of the masses who are strongly pro-Quadros. Janio has apparently suffered a change of heart since the period following his announcement of the trip to Cuba when he apparently felt that he needed to correct a mistake. Most likely Janio has decided that he will come off best with both potential right and left support by asserting that all is good and virtuous in Cuba.

3. Janio and Bribes (Official Use Only).

Through a local notary (tabelião) in São Paulo, Janio Quadros at the end of the past week extended special powers to the president of the national legislature to investigate charges that foreign firms had credited five million dollars to Janio's account in a Zurich bank. The special powers included the right to open any vault or safe deposit box credited to Janio's name in any bank in Switzerland. Janio also sent a telegram to the president of the legislature, Ramieri Mazzilli, advising of this action and urging swift action on the charges which had been made in the legislature by a deputy from São Paulo, Salvador Romano Losacco.

COMMENT: (Confidential) Charges have frequently been reported by this post that Janio in his political career in São Paulo maintained a general appearance of honesty, relying instead upon the "big bribe." Recently, University of São Paulo law professor Ernesto Leme, former Ambassador to the UN, privately informed an officer of this post that Dr. Pacheco da Silva (who recently consulted with ARA officers during a current visit to the U.S.) had had an experience supporting this charge against Janio at a time when Janio allegedly received a large benefice for value received from a public utility. It was stated that Dr. Pacheco da Silva, while visiting a large bank located in Rockefeller Center in New York, was informed by a bank official that a substantial account had just been opened in the name of a compatriot, Janio Quadros.

4. PTB Maneuvers (Official Use Only).

Rumors earlier in the week mentioned PTB federal deputy from São Paulo João Batista Ramos as the next Minister of Labor. Also rumors of a possible Quadros-Goulart slate reached major proportions after PTB São Paulo state deputy Rocha Mendes Filho told

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(Classification).

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From.

the PSD) were currently in crisis, were not yet fully mobilized. Maciel indicated his full support of Quadros and his complete willingness to support Carlos Lacerda as a substitute candidate for vice-president. Quadros, before departing to campaign in Rio Grande do Sul, observed that he was supported by four parties strangers to each other. Of Lacerda, Janio told the press, "We are now united in thought and action." Lacerda served notice that unless the UDN campaigned as a vigorous opposition, he would accept an official invitation to visit Formosa.

COMMENT: While the issue was partly non-support of Maciel, more clearly it was a charge of failure and perhaps more on the part of Magalhães Pinto and other UDN leaders, with hints of being taken in or bought by the national administration. According to one source, the possibility of Magalhães Pinto's renunciation of the UDN presidency was discussed but rejected in the light of the likely heavy vote losses in Minas Gerais which would result. While SSo Paulo has been the main source of UDN support for Janio, it appears that local UDN leaders emerged from the discussions uncommitted. If estimates attributed to Lacerda during his SSo Paulo visit are correct, that 100,000 inspectors will be needed to combat the widespread election frauds which will be attempted, then Janio will have need of the UDN or some other truly national party with a nationwide organization.

2. Janio and Cuba (Official Use Only).

On TV in SSo Paulo on April 7, Janio Quadros devoted much of almost an hour's program to a defense of the Cuban regime. Cuba, he said, did not even remotely correspond to the Cuba presented in newspaper stories. The revolution has the complete support of the people. Its leader, Premier Castro, is a serene man of great culture. The government is well-balanced and does nothing without careful study. It is not dominated by communists. The Catholic Church maintains relations with it. Janio went on to acknowledge a great measure of misunderstanding between Cuba and the United States. He understood that Cuba had had to attack the United States because U. S. interests had dominated the country. Janio expressed the belief that the two would soon find a *modus vivendi*.

Janio was careful to point out that lands had been expropriated, not confiscated, in Cuba. The state accepted the just value attributed for tax purposes. It happened that many owners declared a value much below the true value to reduce tax payments. But in the last analysis, said Janio, the responsibility is theirs--they acted dishonestly and now suffer the consequences.

Janio suggested that experience with agricultural reform in the Soviet Union, Egypt, Yugoslavia, Cuba, and elsewhere be related to the requirements of Brazil and a number of plans be worked out adapted to the needs of different regions of Brazil.

CONFIDENTIAL

0421

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH					
FROM :	Amoongen, São Paulo		370	732.00/4-1160	
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		DESP. NO.	April 11, 1960	
REF :					
20 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION REC'D 4-14-60	DEPT. 1 N O OTHER CIA-10 USIA-10 NAVY-3	APR 21 1960		
SUBJECT: Presidential Campaign Highlights, Week Ending April 8, 1960					

Index

1. UDN Crisis
2. Janio and Cuba
3. Janio and Bribes
4. PTB Maneuvers
5. "Political Deals"

1. UDN Crisis (Official Use Only)

The crisis in the UDN which started earlier in the week in Rio de Janeiro, moved later in the week to São Paulo, where presidential candidate Janio Quadros met on April 7 and 8 with UDN Federal Deputy Carlos Lacerda and others in the home of State Assembly President Abreu Sodré. Lacerda came to São Paulo at the request of Quadros. UDN vice-presidential candidate Leandro Maciel participated on the second day and charged that UDN national president Magalhães Pinto and other UDN leaders were not supporting his campaign financially or otherwise. Carlos Lacerda told the press that the UDN was not fulfilling its opposition role, was not attacking the administration, especially in two major areas of vulnerability, corruption, and inflation. There were references to the corrupting influence of the national government, of Bank of Brazil loans; to the political alliances of Magalhães Pinto in Minas Gerais in quest of the governorship (which prevented effective support of Maciel). Lacerda is credited by some sources with criticising UDN secretary-general Américo Alves for making overtures to the PSD in quest of the governorship in Rio Grande do Norte. The sessions, in which various UDN leaders of São Paulo as well as other Quadros supporters participated, were unanimously reported by the press as inconclusive. Maciel observed before departing for Rio that various parties (including

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0420

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0419

ASA DOS PRESENTES

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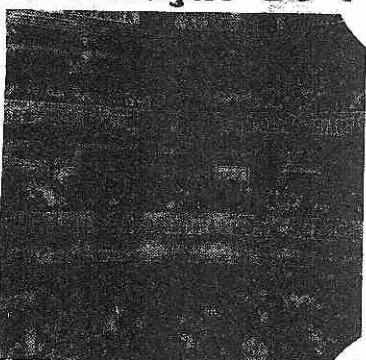
Grande Departamento de
Serviços Da Pórcelana
Pórcel Jantar, Chá e
Café - Talheres Axi-
s e Faguetes
As Menores Preços
— FONE : 2301 —
R. C. 1017

Em virtude da interrupção da
transmissão de energia elétrica
na cidade de São Paulo, a
Pórcel Jantar, Chá e Café
está fechada para o público
até a normalização da situação.
Agradecemos a compreensão
dos clientes e esperamos que
a situação seja resolvida o
antes possível.

de para o Brasil.
Rio, (Transmissão) — O páb-
lico Pórcel Jantar, Chá e Café
está fechada para o público
até a normalização da situação.
Agradecemos a compreensão
dos clientes e esperamos que
a situação seja resolvida o
antes possível.

PELO MESMO PREÇO, COM AS MESMAS FACILIDADES E VANTAGENS, DECIDA PELA QUALIDADE DO SERVIÇO E SEGURANÇA OFERECIDA
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A Força, O Prest A Vibração Do PSD Do



— "Linha simplificada para a
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do PSD na eleição de 1964."

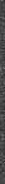
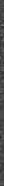
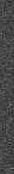
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OUTRO ASPECTO DA ASSIMILAÇÃO QUE SE VEU NA ASSIMILAÇÃO DO TEATRO DA PAZ.



NCA OFERECIDA
M. pelo sistema total
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EXPERIMENTE E VERA: — "ATLAS", SÍMBOLO DE GARANTIA NO TRANSPORTE, CONHECIDO EM TODA A CIDADE. NESTA CIDADE: TRAVESSA 1ª DE MARCO, 108 — FONE: 1031

7

Maracanã: Santos x Bahia Decid

Paissandu irás Ações

AMBOS TEM PROGRAMA TRACADO PARA
SEUS PREPARATIVOS — PROBLEMAS NO
TIME BICOLOR

O clássico Remo x Paissandu é o assunto da semana como foi na semana que passou a chegada do marechal Lott e a grande Convenção do PSD. Agora, nos meios esportivos regionais — é só Papão x Leão, o que interessa.

PREPARATIVOS AZULINOS

O Clube do Remo já iniciou suas manobras técnicas e físicas há oito dias. Domingo último, pela manhã, deu início aos preparativos de campo e de lá para cá, tem treinado assiduamente. Amanhã, terça-feira, novamente estarão em ação os jogadores do Leão, ensaiando sob as ordens de Dengoso. Por outro lado, o Departamento Médico está atento, desenvolvendo intensa fiscalização nos atletas e, até agora, sem problemas.

MANOBRAS DOS BICORES

O Paissandu Esporte Clube, por sua vez, já traçou seu programa preparatório da semana. Exercícios físicos, sob as



0413

Lott: Vou Vencer Porque Nunca Perdi

Ontem, às 19 horas, no Palacete Governamental onde se encontra hospedado, o Marechal Henrique Teixeira Lott, candidato à Presidência da República pela aliança PSD-FEB, recebeu para uma entrevista coletiva jornalistas representantes dos vários jornais de nossa capital.

Dispondo de pouco tempo, que antecedia outras corrações que contariam com a sua presença, o candidato nacionalista, nem por isso deixou de dar atenção aos homens de imprensa, demonstrando-se na palestra com eles mantida por vários minutos, nos quais teve a oportunidade de responder "in totum" as perguntas formuladas pelos jornalistas presentes.

SITUAÇÃO FINANCEIRA DO BRASIL

Situando a posição financeira do Brasil, o Marechal Teixeira Lott declarou aos jornalistas que reconhece perfeitamente ser ela no momento um tanto crítica. Justificou seu ponto de vista pelo alto custo de vida, que no momento atravessamos, mas por que o Governo do Brasil não pode e não deve desvalorizar o trabalho desenvolvido pelos nossos homens da indústria, do comércio e da agricultura, que dando o seu esforço merecem uma recompensa à altura. Entretanto, frisou o entrevistado, nos últimos quatro meses o custo de vida baixou sensivelmente, abriremos assim grandes esperanças para os dias que se seguem. Frisou ainda o Marechal Teixeira Lott que para certos, resolvidas as situações como a que vivemos, três caminhos basicamente seguem: receber dívidas de outros países, ou pedir empréstimos, ou suportar a crise.

O primeiro deles não podemos seguir, o segundo levando em consideração os juros altíssimos cobrados pelos empréstimos também é impossível. Resta portanto o terceiro que, apesar de parecer prejudicial, assegura ao povo brasileiro um saudável resultado no futuro, quando o mesmo estiver a usufruir os resultados benéficos do esforço presente, com as nossas fábricas produzindo bens de consumo e melhor rendimento.

COMÉRCIO COM A RUSSIA, SO' QUANDO ELA EVOLUIR

Instado pelos jornalistas a esclarecer o seu ponto de vista quanto às relações comerciais do Brasil com a Rússia, o Marechal Teixeira Lott assim respondeu: "O governo russo já uma vez

desconsiderou o governo brasileiro. Nós não somos Cristo para após uma batida no lado esquerdo, oferecermos a face direita. Admito a possibilidade do restabelecimento dessas relações comerciais, mas isto só quando o russo evoluir".

QUEM PARA TEMOS TEMOS QUEM DE CUMPRIR

Perguntado se havia trazido uma plataforma de governo, para seguir a se eleito, o candidato nacionalista afirmou ser ainda cedo para tal. Entretanto, disse ele que a Amazônia precisa ser olhada com mais carinho. Sendo uma região cobijada por falta de população proporcional, deve ela ter apoio necessário do governo para a exploração das riquezas do seu sub-solo, o que por certo lhe dará a sua emancipação.

RAZÕES DE SUA CANDIDATURA

Sobre as razões porque aceitou a sua candidatura à Presidência da República, o Marechal Teixeira Lott afirmou aos jornalistas que duas foram estas razões: a primeira, surgiu em consequência de comentários vários, que afirmavam ter ele medo de deixar o seu comodismo de Marechal da reserva, para enfrentar uma luta em prol do povo brasileiro. Sobre esta primeira, assim usou o Marechal: "Vou provar o contrário do que se afirmou. Vou deixar de viver como Marechal da reserva para a minha família, para viver também pelo povo brasileiro".

A segunda das razões, — disse-nos o Marechal Lott, — foi ter ele tomado conhecimento que existia um candidato à Presidência da República que anunciava reformas prejudiciais ao Brasil. Desta tomando conhecimento, resolveu ele entrar na luta para livrar o povo brasileiro de possíveis e desagradáveis consequências.

"VOU VENCER, PORQUE NUNCA PERDI"

Finalizando a entrevista dada o adiantado da hora, o candidato nacionalista foi perguntado pelos jornalistas se venceria as eleições presidenciais. Assim respondeu ele: "Vou vencer porque nunca perdi".

Despedindo-se dos homens de imprensa, o Marechal Teixeira Lott disse do seu contentamento por visitar o Pará, afirmando ter ficado empolgado pela maneira como foi recebido pelo bravo povo paraense.

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End. No. 27

Dep. No. 27
From Belem, Para, Brazil

PARA GUBERNATORIAL SUCCESSION

Dr. Aurelio Correa do Carmo, member of the local PSD, is already approved to dispute the gubernatorial succession with the support of the PSD and PTB. As regards the vice-governorship, the PTB seems to be inclined to present State Deputy Americo Silva, while the PSD is studying the possibility of presenting governor Moura Carvalho.

Everything indicated that the opposition parties would present two candidates for State Governor, namely Dr. Lopo de Castro (present Mayor of Belem) and Marshal Senator Alexandre Zacarias de Assumpção, who had been duly approved by the conventions of their supporting parties and had even started their political campaign through Belem and the interior of the State. Recently, a movement started by a group of the opposition mayors of the interior of Para, convinced the two already approved candidates, to resign in favor of a single candidate. Marshal and Mayor Lopo de Castro accepted the suggestion, and the name of Dr. Aldebaro Klautau was finally presented and approved to be the opposition candidate for the State government. Dr. Klautau is one of the best known jurists of Belem, and also a prominent catholic lawyerman. He has occupied several public positions and was deputy for the State Legislative Assembly for the period of 1951 to 1954, having resigned on account of a disagreement with his party, the PSP. A recent development is the attempt by a "rebel" group within Para's UDN to declare void the nomination of Dr. Klautau. It is being led by Stated Deputies Wilson Amanajas and Avelino Martins (both UDN) who are now in Rio trying to sway Para's UDN Federal deputies and even endeavoring to gain the support of UDN national leaders.

At the same time the opposition has agreed on former senator Prisco dos Santos as their candidate for vice-governor.

A. Jose DeSeabra
A. Jose DeSeabra
American Consul

c.c. to American Embassy, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

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FROM : AMCONSUL, Bel'en, Pará, Brazil		27		April 9, 1960	
TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		DESP. NO.		DATE	
REF :					
33	ACTION	DEPT.			
For Dept.	ANAY	AM/K-2	EAC	REP-1	
Use Only	REC'D	OTHER	CIA-10	USEA-10	Newy-3
	4/18				6AD*6
SUBJECT: VOLUNTARY POLITICAL REPORT: Visit to Belém, Pará, of Marshall Henrique Batista Duffles Teixeira Lott, PSD-PTB candidate for the Presidential succession.					

With a 24 hour delay because of bad weather, the plane carrying Marshal Lott and his entourage arrived in Belém the afternoon of March 27. His arrival was preceded by intensive propaganda on the part of the local PSD and PTB sections. Despite the heavy rainfall, a large number of politicians, officials and people in general were present at the Val-de-Cães airport to greet Lott, about twice the turnout for Janio (January 13).

At 5 p.m. Lott accompanied by João Goulart visited the headquarters of the local PTB and spoke to workers and union leaders, mentioning that while he is in favor of the right to strike, he will not stand, if elected, for any irresponsibility. At 6 p.m. Lott received from the President (Reitor) of the University of Pará, Professor Mario Henriques, an honorary Doctor's degree, the first such degree to be awarded by the University. In this connection, a considerable number of the União Acadêmica Paraense (UAP) members (student's association), has voiced their dissatisfaction, since Dr. Mario Henriques took this action entirely on his own without even consulting the students. For the same reason, the entire Law School faculty was absent from the ceremony. There was no public meeting due to the continued rainy weather. At 9.45 p.m. Lott, Goulart, and committee attended the local PSD convention held at Teatro da Paz, to approve the nomination of Dr. Aurelio do Carmo, as the PSD-PTB candidate for the Pará gubernatorial succession. Newspapers clippings of the speeches delivered by Lott and Aurelio do Carmo at this convention are enclosed.

Since Lott is the candidate supported by the President of the Republic, and by the two majority parties (PSD-PTB) and by the so-called "Frente Nacionalista", it is somewhat difficult to determine how strong is the candidate personal political prestige among the masses. Goulart was not received very enthusiastically by local workers. Both Lott and Goulart insisted in affirming that the economic policies of the Federal government have brought down the cost of living in the last four months. That remark was received with great skepticism, to say the least, since continuous increases in prices of food items and other essential goods are crucial concern to all those who have to maintain their families on a minimum wage of 4,800 cruzeiros per month. This distrust of and dissatisfaction with the present administration on the part of large numbers of underprivileged people bolster the chances of the opposition candidates.

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REPORTER

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7

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V ADMINISTRATIVE

1. Consulate's Landlord Facilitating Its Move to New Quarters
(UNCLASSIFIED)

On March 31 Alvaro Pedro dos Santos, administrator of the building in which the Consulate presently has offices, informed the reporting officer he would let the Consulate move out on April 30 without difficulty, provided it would pay its rent through that period at the old monthly rate of Cr\$7,352,50. The reporting officer managed to dissuade Mr. dos Santos from demanding Cr\$22,000,00 a month retroactive to September 1, 1959, as had been provided for in the draft lease between the Consulate and the dos Santos family, which the latter refused to sign. Since last fall Mr. dos Santos had refused to accept the Consulate's rent payments at the old and lower rate, pending signing of the new lease raising the rent to Cr\$22,000,00 a month effective September 1, and the Embassy had stopped sending the rental checks since last November. On April 1 Mr. dos Santos accepted the Consulate's checks at the old rate for the months of September and October 1959, and the Consulate is now awaiting receipt of a check from the Embassy to cover the months November-April. Mr. dos Santos has also indicated he will sign a letter covering the Consulate's month-to-month occupancy of its quarters since January 1, 1958.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The reporting officer had been authorized by the Embassy, if necessary, to offer Mr. dos Santos the full Cr\$175,000,00 (Cr\$22,000,00 per month from September 1959 through April 1960) instead of the Cr\$58,820,00 (Cr\$7,352,50 per month for the same period) to which he agreed. It is the reporting officer's opinion that the dos Santos family is relieved to get the Consulate out of its building after so many years of bickering.

In the meantime, the Consulate's plans to quit its premises and move into its new building by April 30 go forward.

2. Consulate Hires New Messenger (UNCLASSIFIED)

On April 4 Mr. Benedito Flavio Antonelli began work as Messenger in the Consulate. He succeeds Mr. Carlos Alberto Costa, who left the Consulate at the end of last year to study in the United States.

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ex-President of the Commerce Workers Union; Expedito Guedes Rodrigues, President of the Coffee Loaders and Packers Union; Orlando Sposito, President of the Graphic Industries Workers Union; and Osvaldo Lourenço, an official of the Port Administration employees Union. Madeira, Sposito and Lourenço have been reliably identified as communists or pro-communists; Rodrigues is pro-Lott.

5. Committees Preparing for Santos Labor Conference (UNCLASSIFIED)

On March 31 the Forum Sindical de Debates de Santos organized a number of committees to plan for the First Santos Labor Conference (see item 4 above). The various committees are: Organization and Propaganda, Labor Legislation, Union Legislation, Salary Increases, Economic Problems, Protection for Rural Labor and Local Problems.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Communists, communist-sympathizers and fellow-travellers are strong in numbers on all these committees.

III ECONOMIC

1. Meat Monopoly to be Broken (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The reporting officer has been reliably informed by a source in meat company circles here that the local long-standing meat monopoly was broken when on April 1 the Sociedade Anonima Frigorifico Anglo brought meat into Santos to be retailed by butchers here. Previously four companies (actually controlled by two individuals) enjoyed a monopoly agreement with the municipal authorities for supplying meat to Santos and Sao Vicente. The monopoly was broken only when the Frigorifico Anglo, in a test case, won an appeal from a lower court in Santos which finally allowed Anglo to bring meat into the city for local sale.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The reporting officer is reliably informed that the monopolists paid Cr\$500,000 a month to the Santos municipal authorities for their privilege and that the ring made up this expense by offering inferior meat at high prices and by short-changing the butchers. Anglo entered the market at the invitation of the butchers and plans to supply a better grade of meat at slightly higher prices. Reportedly other meat suppliers will enter the Santos market, probably after further litigation.

IV CONSULAR - Negative.

/V ADMINISTRATIVE

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2. Bank Employees' Leader Speaks on Nationalism (UNCLASSIFIED)

Antonio Guarnieri, President of the Sindicato dos Empregados em Estabelecimentos Bancarios de Santos, returning from the first National Convention of bank employees, told O Diario that the assembly had reaffirmed the need for "the effective participation of the working class in the next elections with a view to raising to positions of leadership of the nation those candidates representing the people's concern for economic independence." Guarnieri continued that "the Convention's high point was the applause given for nationalist policies and especially for the revolutionary movement in Cuba, a picture of which was given to the Convention by that country's delegate to the conclave."

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Guarnieri is a well-known local communist of considerable intelligence and influence. The reporting officer is reliably informed that the supporters of Janio Quadros in Santos are attempting to enlist his support for their candidate.

3. Union Leader Attacks Colleagues for Political Activity (UNCLASSIFIED)

Orlando Sposito, President of the Graphic Industries Workers union here, last week publically attacked five unnamed local labor leaders for "prejudicing the interests of the workers" through political activity. Sposito also suggested to the Forum Sindical de Debates that it be scrapped in favor of some other inter-union body "more truly representative of the interests of the working classes."

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Sposito is reportedly an active communist. His remarks were apparently aimed at pro-Lott expedite Guedes Rodrigues, President of the Coffee Loaders and Packers Union and also of the Forum Sindical, and other leaders who are for Janio Quadros. It is the reporting officer's impression that local communists and fellow travellers are not satisfied with their degree of control of the local Forum Sindical de Debates.

4. Local Labor Conference Organized (UNCLASSIFIED)

It has been announced that all the Santos labor unions will gather for the First Santos Labor Conference, to be held April 16-21 in preparation for the Second Sao Paulo Labor Congress beginning on April 27.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Prime movers of this conference are Bernardo de Abreu Madeira, /ex-President

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0407

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3. Santos Mayor Reportedly Considering Leave of Absence
(UNCLASSIFIED)

It is reported that Mayor Silvio Fernandes Lopes is seriously considering seeking permission to take an extended leave of absence, ostensibly for reasons of health, until at least after the fall Presidential elections. It is also rumored that he may leave the city or even Brazil.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Lopes, elected Mayor in 1957 with strong PSP support, has been an effective municipal leader and is ambitious for higher public office. His apparent desire to quit politics just at this juncture seems to be motivated by the philosophy that discretion is the better part of valor, since his absence during the tumult of the Presidential campaign would obviate the necessity of taking sides, running political risks and making enemies. It is known that Janio Quadros and powerful State and local elements have been and are attempting to woo him away from his identity with and loyalty to Adhemar de Barros and the PSP, so far without success. Lopes, however, would not want to incur Quadros' enmity if the latter should win the elections; but on the other hand he still feels committed to Adhemar, who is himself an announced candidate for the Presidency.

II LABOR

1. Warehousemen Clash with Teamsters (UNCLASSIFIED)

On April 1 members of the Sindicato dos Arrumadores de Santos fought with several out-of-town truckers, marking another clash in the running jurisdictional dispute over the rights of the warehousemen to load and unload trucks in the warehouse area of the Santos Dock Company (see Weekly Comment of March 17). The Captain of the Port was forced to send Marines into the warehouse area for the second time in three weeks.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

The warehousemen claim they were protesting the right to load trucks only of those teamsters whose companies were not named in a recent injunction obtained by several trucking firms against the arrumadores.

According to the press, policing of the dock area was "as discreet as possible."

/2. Bank Employees'

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Enclosure No. MEX 1
Sao Paulo Despatch No. 364

FORM DS-602
5-5-59

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CONSULATE GENERAL OF
THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

APR 7-1960

OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM

TO: American Consulate General, Sao Paulo
FROM: American Consulate, Santos *VPR*
SUBJECT: Weekly Comment on Events in Santos

Date: April 7, 1960

REF:

1. POLITICAL

1. Fernando Ferrari Visits Santos (UNCLASSIFIED)

On March 30 PUC Vice Presidential Candidate Fernando Ferrari was in Santos for a one-day visit to further his campaign. He was received by members of the local "Janio-Ferrari" Committee, including Colonel Lopes Honorino, retired manager of Lloyd Brasileiro in Santos; Sao Paulo State Deputies Athle Jorge Coury and Gustavo Martini; and City Councilman Arthur Nivau.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Ferrari bounced around the city autographing copies of his book "Mensagem Renovadora", shaking hands with workers, visiting the newspapers and speaking to groups wherever he could. He also attended the formal inauguration of the "Janio-Ferrari" Committee. Ferrari was greeted cordially, but without a great deal of enthusiasm.

2. Split in Local PSU (UNCLASSIFIED)

PSU City Councilman Julio Moreno has come out strongly in favor of the Presidential candidacy of Janio Quadros, joining a second PSU Councilman, Amorim Filho. The other two Santos PSU City Councilmen, Domingos Ruschini and Orlando de Almeida Matos continue to support Marshal Lott.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Moreno is a well-known physician. He and Amorim are considered the two strongest PSU Councilmen, and their support of Quadros is regarded as a major split in the local PSU and a check for the local pro-Lott faction.

13. Santos Mayor
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TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.				
REF :					
20 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION ARM-4	DEPT. IN P OTHER	REPI JRC-8 E-3 TCA-11 FAD-1 OF-2		
	REC'D 4-13-60		CIA-10 451A-10 HAB-6 COM-10 OSD-4 Dany 47 May		
SUBJECT: Santos Weekly Report					

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
BUREAU OF
INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS
APR 15 1960

Transmitted herewith for the information of the
Embassy and the Department is the weekly report from the
American Consulate at Santos, dated April 7, 1960.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

Enclosure: *all in m.*

Santos Weekly Report,
Dated April 7, 1960

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From Salvador, Brazil

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From _____

job and would not take it if offered.

Governor Juracy offered the vacant secretaryship to Dr. Nelson Sampaio, ex-State Deputy (UDN, last legislature) and Professor of Law, Faculdade de Direito, University of Bahia. Sampaio has refused and the position is now held by Dr. José Jatobá, a political unknown who, according to rumors, has had no experience in finance.

VI: Brazil's Proportional Representation

An interestingly frank view of Brazil's proportional representation was expressed recently in a public lecture at the Salvador Associação Cultural Brazil-Estados Unidos by Dr. Nelson Sampaio (see above). In the following excerpt the English is that of Dr. Sampaio:

"Proportional representation calls for ideological parties and these sound like artificial organisms in our country, not in harmony with our tradition of patronage politics. So, the first impression we get when we throw a glance at Brazilian politics is one of chaos. Too many parties, presently 12 (not including the clandestine Communist Party), appear on the stage, but people don't pay much attention to them. The electorate give more importance to the men than to the parties, and even the politicians don't take so serious party loyalty. Sometimes, elected under the banner of a party, they change easily their political colours. On account of the multiplicity of parties, no candidate to the presidency or to the governorship can be elected through only the support of his own party. The same happens to many candidates to the mayoralty. Coalitions or alliances of parties are always necessary, and alliance means logrolling, patronage and a vast waste of public funds in unnecessary public employments. Owing to this phase of our politics, some technical offices are apportioned not according to the skills of the candidates but according to their political filiation. Some sections of the administration become monopoly of this or that party, as we can see in the field of the government system of social insurance, a traditional spoil of the PTE.

The proportional representation explains also the increasingly more heterogenous enlistment of our legislative bodies. Take only two examples near us. The 80 seats of the state legislature of Bahia are apportioned among 10 parties. The City Council of Salvador, with 18 members, has 9 parties, each one with a couple of aldermen. We can't expect to correct this desintegration of our assemblies through political enlightenment, because the number of parties runs parallel with the education and urbanization level. So, as a result of the 1954 election, the legislatures of Goiás and Mato Grosso, two of the most backward states, exhibited only four political colours, while that of the state of São Paulo displayed all 12 shades of our political spectrum."

cc: Embassy, Rio de Janeiro.

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James M. Flanagan
American Consul

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tricity" which had finally led him to flirt with a dangerous ideology. However, there is little direct evidence on which to base a judgment. With the exception of the left-trending Jornal da Bahia, which covered his trip faithfully, the newspaper reporting was scattered and thin. Comments of private individuals were often vitriolic, but these were made by the relatively few Brazilians who will speak frankly to an American. A contrasting view is reported below. It was given confidentially by an astute political observer, a Brazilian and native Bahiano who holds a responsible State position.

In its February 2, 1960 issue the national magazine Manchete published the October 1960 findings of the Instituto Brasileiro de Opinião Pública e Estatística on the strength of the candidates in ten key cities, including Salvador. The estimates for this capital were: Lott, 42%; Janio, 24%; Ademar, 11%; Não sabe, 23%. When asked to adjust these figures for April, 1960, the source mentioned above gave Lott 38%, Janio 28%, Ademar 5% and Não sabe 29%. He would make these changes because of Janio's hints at an agricultural reform based on the Cuban model. He believes that the break-up of the large land holdings in Brazil is inevitable and that any major political figure who includes a move in that direction in his platform will earn a wide following. Far from being the inept political move painted by certain Brazilians fearful of losing favor in the United States, Janio's Cuban adventure might yet prove to have been a sure gamble. The writer is inclined to agree with him.

V; Resignation of Aliomar Baleeiro

Governor Juracy has accepted the resignation of Aliomar Baleeiro, his Secretary of Finance (Secretário da Fazenda). Baleeiro has long been at odds with the free-wheeling economic planners, insisting that funds appropriated for stated purposes be used for those purposes and not transferred at will to other projects. On the principle of first things first, he has maintained that money should first be spent on the improvement of the means for handling money and in modernizing financial procedures. He cited his own department as deficient in equipment, trained personnel and modern methods. His plea for additional funds and a voice in financial policy-making was not only ignored but aroused intense resentment. The differences between Baleeiro and Rômulo Almeida, Secretary without Portfolio and President of the Comissão de Planejamento Econômico (CPE), flared to a climax earlier this year and both men submitted their resignations to Juracy who refused to accept either one. Baleeiro's present resignation has had little press comment. It has been covered over neatly by a leader grant from the United States, though naturally this was not the intent of the grant. Baleeiro will leave for Washington on April 12. Asked by Consul what position he would hold when he returned to Salvador, he said this would be up to the Governor, but intimated clearly that he would not ask for his old

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crops will be spent in repairing the flood damage. With the development planning now in control of the Superintendencia do Desenvolvimento do Nordeste (SUDENE) under the able and non-political Celso Furtado and with the flood relief master-minded by a Federal administrator, Dr. Amaral Peixoto, there may not be much political capital to be made out of the situation by the UDN. Bahia, of course, is too closely tied to the Nordeste to go along with the extreme elements of the party who consider the issue of the Nordeste to be poison, but enthusiasm for a closer identity has waned considerably. The realization that under the new tax arrangement the State of Bahia would be contributing some 50% of the funds collected among the nine northeastern states did not help. With the PSD as the major party in the state and with new industrial vistas opening up, Bahia may be at the parting of the ways. The relationship between Bahia and the Nordeste is not unlike that between Texas and the Old South. Only Bahia does not have a Lyndon Johnson to quickly urge realignment with a comparable California and a comparable Southwest.

It is worth noting that the floods in the State of Bahia may put a crimp in Governor's Magalhães growing reputation as an economic builder. In an interview which the Consul had with him recently, Juracy stated flatly that all the funds he had earmarked for new construction in the state would be absorbed in the rebuilding of the stricken areas. The floods, he said, were the worst in the state's history, surpassing in damage and misery even those of 1914.

III: Leandro Maciel

Maciel is a name that does not carry much weight in Bahia. For one thing, he hails from Sergipe, a state almost too small to be counted. For another, ever since his nomination as a vice-presidential candidate he has proved to be a negative quantity, unable to hold his own with Janio. The Consulate has not heard of any organized move in Bahia to replace Maciel with a more desirable candidate but certainly there are many who agree with the dissatisfaction expressed recently by the udenistas in Rio. In the temptation to write off Maciel, however, one note of caution should be sounded. If the explorations for oil in Sergipe continue to be successful, the economic factor might be decisive in the Bahian reaction. The promise of an eventual petrochemical industry clustered about Salvador has substance, and a new, nearby source of petroleum would be pleasant news, especially since Sergipe is tied traditionally to Bahia for its economic outlets.

IV: Janio's Visit to Cuba

On the surface, the reaction in Bahia to Janio's pronouncements out of Havana would appear to follow what is reported to be the national pattern -- added distrust and even alarm at the "eccen-

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handling crowds and the ability to appropriate and personalize popular issues -- the traits, in short, which are usually necessary for capturing national attention and which, by contrast, Janio Quadros has in ample measure. Juracy, though personally charming and a cultivated man, seems to be more of a bureaucrat than a politician. He has been a good Governor and in general opinion a vast improvement on his predecessor, Governor Antonio Balbino. Though he is not immune to the Brazilian vice of over-planning, he has a sharp eye for what is good for Bahia and takes energetic action. He is harder-headed than most about the necessities of long-range economic development and on several occasions to the writer's knowledge has sharply reprimanded Bahian business men for expecting the State to underwrite their enterprises. Add to all this the fact that he is known to be pro-American -- President Kubitschek gave the signal honor but dubious political gift of making him the official consultant for President Eisenhower's visit to Brazil -- and you have a man who is highly respected and even admired but is at the same time often a political inconvenience.

Juracy's national stature appears to have suffered sadly during the past four months. His indecision and withdrawal may be the effect rather than cause of the chaotic conditions within the UDN, but he must take part of the blame. He has been unable to provide himself, or to help the UDN provide itself, with a usable platform. He seems not yet to have acquired the flexibility, so essential in Brazilian politics, of being able to discuss deals, if not make them, with other candidates and other parties. In fact so many famous political personages have aborted their scheduled visits to Salvador that the capital is acquiring something of an inferiority complex. President Kubitschek was to visit Salvador on February 15 and changed his mind, substituting at the last minute a visit to Brasilia. Invitations to the reception were already distributed. After three false starts Marechal Teixeira Lott gave up the idea of appearing at the regional convention of the PSD. Janio, Ademar and Goulart each cancelled a scheduled visit to Bahia. The most embarrassing instance, however was probably the cancellation of the widely announced visit of Governor Adlai Stevenson. Governor Juracy sent out a score or more invitations to a highly select State dinner in Stevenson's honor and was obliged, as in the case of the Kubitschek visit, to recall them with apologies. Ironically enough, Luiz Carlos Prestes, titular head of the outlawed Partido Comunista Brasileiro (PCB), did come to Salvador on March 26, as advertised, and was largely ignored. (See Despatch no. 28, March 31, 1960).

II: UDN and the Northeast

The disastrous floods in the Northeast appear to have set back development planning for that area to the conditions that obtained in the equally disastrous drought in 1958. Much if not all the money intended for new industry, irrigation, roads and experimental

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FROM : Amconsul SALVADOR, Bahia, Brasil				-31- DESP. NO.	
TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.				April 8, 1960 DATE	
REF :				DEPARTMENT OF STATE BUREAU OF INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS	
20 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION REC'D 4-23-60	DEPT. IN OTHER CIA-10 451A-10 NAVY-3	APR 26 1960		
SUBJECT: Political Summary					

With the uneventful passing of April 2, the day of "desincompabilização", Governor Juracy Magalhães lost his last chance of entering the race for the presidential succession. Short of a political miracle, he will not be a contender, even as a last-minute, "national" candidate. This fits in with the trend that has been clear since last November. Despite Juracy's national stature and his strong influence within the UDN, Bahia has become a somewhat isolated political area, due, in part at least, to the untenable position in which the UDN now finds itself as an opposition party. Few party members in Bahia relish the prospect of being in opposition to President Kubitschek's industrial program and strong elements within the party appear to have lost their taste for Janio, who, on the other hand, seems to be less than happy about his UDN running mate, Leandro Maciel. Additionally, the creation of the Superintendency for the Development of the Northeast (SUDENE) just before the first of the year is interpreted as taking much of the say-so about the development of the Northeast out of the hands of the nine Governors who formed the Board of Directors of CODENO, thus giving some of the problems there a bureaucratic rather than a political cast. Bahia's ties with the Northeast and Juracy's close identity with the redevelopment of the area were weakened by the realization in the state capital that the tax in support of SUDENE would mean that Bahia would be contributing approximately 50% of the funds coming from the nine Northeastern states. Juracy's reputation as a conservative, long range builder of the economy may also be affected by the fact that funds earmarked for new construction in Bahia will be used instead for repairing the damage caused by the worst floods in the State's history.

I: Governor Juracy Magalhães

Juracy describes himself, in his accented but fair-to-middling English, as "a good half-mile, but a poor hundred-yard dash man". On several occasions he has stated emphatically, "I am not a candidate". This self-description would appear to be accurate. Considered as a possible presidential candidate, he lacks the dash, the flair for

JMFlanagan:ym
REPORTER

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From Curitiba

In the past few weeks the Santa Catarina gubernatorial race has become more crystalized. The PSD has formally nominated Celso RAMOS. Senator (and ex-governor) Irineu BORNHAUSEN has been all but nominated by the UDN. And Doutel de Andrade has been carrying on an active campaign to keep absolute control of the PTB. During the third week of March a conference of PTB directors from western Santa Catarina pledged themselves to support Andrade for governor if he should want the party nomination. The PTB delegates from Crisciuma also have made the same promise.

UNCLASSIFIED.

This leaves Andrade in the enviable position of being wooed by both the UDN and the PSD. The PSD wants him to support RAMOS. The UDN will be satisfied if he keeps the PTB independent and uncommitted. It is very likely that the directors of both parties are offering both money and political aggrandizement to Doutel in order to get his cooperation. LIMITED OFFICIAL USE.

CONCLUSIONS

Doutel de Andrade expects to become governor of Santa Catarina in five to ten years. He expects to do it by controlling a strong, virulent, renaissant state PTB. He cannot maintain this position of growth for the PTB by re-merging its interests with those of the PSD. It would appear, therefore, that he will attempt to have his party fail to formally nominate a candidate for governor. (He might ruin himself if he tried to run this year, though the UDN might be able to talk him into it). If this happens, the Santa Catarina UDN should have a considerable advantage at the polls next October. LIMITED OFFICIAL USE.

Edward M. Rowell
Edward M. Rowell
American Consul

* (UDN and PSD)

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FROM: Amconsulate, Curitiba 44 APR 5 1960
 TO: THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON. DATE APR 6 1960

REF: APR 6 1960

20 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION REC'D 4-22-60	DEPT. N OTHER 4-22-60	4-22-60	4-22-60	4-22-60
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SUBJECT: BRAZILIAN LABOR PARTY DEVELOPMENTS IN SANTA CATARINA;
 DOUTEL DE ANDRADE.

The Consulate is in the process of collecting enough information to untangle the political situation in Santa Catarina. In the meantime, the following fragment is particularly important in interpreting events in that state. OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

In the last three years the state PTB (Brazilian Labor Party) has become firmly knit into a strong, virile body. The leader who has done this is Federal Deputy DOUTEL DE ANDRADE. Whereas in earlier years the PTB was largely dominated by the PSD (the Social Democrats), in 1958 Doutel de Andrade broke away from PSD domination and managed to have himself elected on the PTB ticket. Today the Santa Catarina PTB is estimated to control about 100,000 votes. (UDN strength is estimated at 300,000, PSD at 200,000). OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

Before the PTB achieved its independence, Santa Catarina politics were controlled by two parties, the UDN (National Democratic Union, run by the BORNHAUSEN family) and the PSD (run by the RAMOS family). The political weight was fairly evenly divided between the two groups. There is no doubt that the present situation seriously weakens the PSD, and gives a political advantage to the UDN. OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

When Doutel de Andrade was elected in 1958 the bulk of his support came from the Graciosa Coal Basin in southeastern Parana, and from certain other urban industrial centers (Joinville among others). At the same time the UDN dominated all the politically vocal business groups in the same areas. There had long been an insistent rumor that much of Doutel de Andrade's financial support in 1958 came from UDN coffers, and it is even said that UDN party workers gave a certain amount of moral support to PTB workers supporting Andrade. LIMITED OFFICIAL USE.

EMRowell/jtb
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 APR 26 1960

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From São Paulo

Lott more than Janio. While reports indicate great prestige for Adhemar outside of São Paulo, his prestige in São Paulo remains low. He will attract two categories of voters in São Paulo--(1) those who violently dislike Janio Quadros (there is a strong anti-Janista current) and would prefer Adhemar against Lott for one reason or another, (2) the hard core significant number of Adhemaristas who remain ever loyal to him. Because Janio has virtually made a career out of running down and attacking Adhemar, faithful Adhemaristas would generally find it hard to support Quadros. Local political observers consulted, pro-Lott or otherwise, generally agree that Adhemar's candidacy does more damage to Lott in São Paulo.

7. Vice-Presidential Candidates (Official Use Only)

Vice-presidential candidate Fernando Ferrari was in São Paulo twice this past week--once in the city of São Paulo, once in the coffee port of Santos--to autograph copies of his new book, "Mensagem Renovadora", and to do some political campaigning. He said that São Paulo would be his campaign base, that he would spend some time campaigning in the state of São Paulo every month. Regarding party proceedings in Rio Grande do Sul to expell him from the PTB, Ferrari said that he would not recognize the proceedings. With reference to charges that he was a candidate under another party banner (PDC), Ferrari recalled that other distinguished pro-laborites like Getulio Vargas had had their candidacy launched by other parties. Ferrari reiterated his oft-repeated assertion that his pro-labor outlook was a part of him which no one could remove. There was the usual reference to dictators who have ensconced themselves in the party's high command.

From UDN quarters came the announcement that campaigning by vice-presidential candidate Leandro Maciel in São Paulo which had been programmed for the past week, had been indefinitely postponed.

Comment: (Confidential) To all appearances Maciel's campaign is not going to take hold in São Paulo. In fact, it would appear to be evaporating. A local UDN leader privately advised recently that he had urged that Maciel permit Ferrari to join the Quadros caravan, that Maciel had made a mistake on this issue. It appears that other local UDN leaders share this view.

The quiet on the Goulart vice-presidential campaign front would appear to be the lull before the storm--a lull which may extend for yet another few weeks.

cc: Amembassy Rio

William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

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From São Paulo

Interrogate all members of the metropolitan committee. Interrogation of Benedito Rocha has occurred. While there have been no public pronouncements, it is understood that the metropolitan president reiterated his loyalty to the party but remained steadfast in his criticism of the organization of the Quadros campaign.

From local PSB quarters come reports that the party's Paulista contingent is willing to settle for no national commitment on the national presidential contest. Regional PSB president Alipio Correia Neto this past week told reporters that the conflict between pro-Lott and pro-Quadros forces could produce an intra-party divergence dangerous to the party. For this reason, he said, the Paulista contingent, though pro-Quadros, would be willing to consider the proposal of the party's Minas Gerais contingent that the party leave open the question of support for a presidential candidate.

Regional PTB president Ivete Vargas this week recanted on a previously declared intention to resign her local party office. This intention was reported last week along with indications that national PTB president Goulart was moving personally into São Paulo to take charge of the PTB effort during the presidential campaign. Apparently Ivete no longer feels that others can build upon the "strong party foundations" she has established. Ivete now announces that she will take a "leave of absence" to devote herself more fully to campaigning for Lott and Goulart.

Comment: (Confidential) The discontent within PTN ranks is still present--it remains to be seen what will flow from it. The local PSB, while pro-Quadros, contains a strong anti-Quadros component which has contributed to party enfeeblement locally in recent times. Ivete Vargas, previously ready to quit in pique over non-support from higher party command, has apparently decided not to "cut off her nose to spite her face".

6. Adhemar for President (Official Use Only)

In local circles, there is increasing mention of PRP national president Plinio Salgado as vice-presidential running mate for national PSP president Adhemar de Barros. This comes from local PRP and PSP quarters.

PSP federal deputy Marshall Mendes de Moraes, in town for a pro-Lott TV appearance, told the press that Adhemar would take votes away from Janio in São Paulo but not too many away from Lott outside of São Paulo.

Comment: (Confidential) As this post has previously observed, it would seem that Adhemar's candidacy in São Paulo would hurt

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nation-wide prestige of Carvalho Pinto, Janio undoubtedly places a high value on the active, vocal support of the incumbent São Paulo Governor. Some local sources say that the São Paulo Governor is staying out of the campaign until action has been taken on a pending national bill which would shift sales and transactions tax proceeds from the state in which sales occur to the states in which the purchases are consumed (the Governor cannot afford to antagonize pro-Lott deputies who might be otherwise convinced to vote against this bill; São Paulo, as the major producing state, now obtains sizeable revenues from the tax). Others, as previously reported, declare that Carvalho Pinto will continue pro-Janio as a matter of obligation without campaigning vigorously for him. It seems very likely that the incumbent Governor will be subjected to heavy pro-Quadros pressures for more active support.

4. Pro-Lott Developments (Official Use Only)

At the installation of new student officers this past week at the politically powerful University of São Paulo Law School, defense and eulogy of the incumbent national President Kubitschek was the major theme. Foreign Minister Horacio Lafer was a last minute substitute for guest-of-honor President Kubitschek. Student and faculty orators "pulled out all stops" in an "onward and upward" extolling of the Kubitschek regime. Kubitschek's message, read by Lafer, pictured the President as unjustly accused and maligned for the various positive works he had undertaken for the future of Brazil.

Comment: Some local sources report that Janio has instructed supporters not to attack Juscelino Kubitschek personally. It will be recalled that strong criticism by Janio Quadros was credited with helping Adhemar de Barros to win the mayoralty election in São Paulo in 1957. It would seem that Quadros has an unhappy choice in his attack--either being put in the position of criticising one who is increasingly becoming a national hero (Kubitschek) or shifting his attack to opposing candidate Lott, with attendant risks of resentment from supporting military quarters.

5. Political Party Support (Official Use Only)

During the past week there were local developments affecting the presidential campaign in at least three political parties--the PTN, the PTB and the PSB. Following reports that the PTN metropolitan president Benedita Rocha was negotiating with Lott supporters (as previously reported by this post), regional PTN president Chaves Amarante announced early this week that the party's state executive had established an inquiry committee to

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Janio's trip--was picked up this past week by another leading newspaper. A Gazeta editorially rejected Castro's views, citing Brazil's experience, Janio's political climb, and the recent Argentine elections to support their vigorous rejection.

Conservative O Estado de São Paulo, without retreating from its recent unsympathetic attitude toward the Castro regime, put out two more editorials in the past week in defense of Janio's Cuban trip. Earlier in the week O Estado cited Khrushchev's visits to the United States and France and Nixon's past and Eisenhower's forthcoming visit to the U.S.S.R. A later editorial attacks the sincerity of critical newspapers which months earlier had hailed the opening of commercial relations with the U.S.S.R.

Comment: (Confidential) While Janio has evidently lost ground, at least for the moment, among conservative, upper-class and intelligent elements in this area, soundings by various officers of this post do not produce the same picture for students, workers and other "little people". In the latter category, it appears that Janio's Cuban trip may have cost him some support among the uncertain or wavering of which there are a far smaller number in São Paulo than elsewhere. The signs at Janio's political rallies of last weekend, reported above, indicate that supporters may exploit the Cuba trip to attract extreme nationalist votes without directly involving Janio.

Press sentiment in this area is divided and relatively mild on the Cuban trip in contrast with a strongly critical press understood to prevail in some other parts of Brazil.

3. Government "Support" of Candidates (Confidential)

From a number of sources comes word that national government officials are exacting contributions for the Lott campaign. Responsible local business sources privately advise that those who do business with the national government or need its support to do business, are being "asked" to contribute 10% of the amount involved to Lott's campaign chest. From a responsible anti-Janista source comes word too that Janio has recently said that he must have the support of São Paulo governor Carvalho Pinto to win.

Comment: In the absence of proof, rumors some weeks back that Janio had asked that the São Paulo state administrative machinery be used to support his presidential campaign can be dismissed as political propaganda (Janio knows from past experience that his ex-Secretary of Finance, Governor Carvalho Pinto is allergic to any significant perversion of government processes for political ends). However, in view of the increasing

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Twice the United States received favorable linking to this new program. The Governor's message, speaking of allied programs, mentioned expanded credit to facilitate land purchases on the order of "what was done in the United States." State Secretary of Agriculture José Bonifácio Goutinho Nogueira, at the ceremonies of the signing of the Governor's message, recalled that General MacArthur introduced land reform into Japan and it was later emulated in other Far Eastern countries.

Comment: (Confidential) The limited linking of the United States with the plan may be somewhat helpful in countering stereotype capitalist exploitation themes which get heavy play in Brazil's current presidential campaign.

Also this latest São Paulo program will probably have an effect on the campaigning of both of the two leading candidates. It may take the steam out of any Quadros advocacy of land reform, Cuban style, which Janio may bring back from his current trip (Janio has mentioned land reform several times in connection with Cuba). The program may also be cited to highlight the kinds of things that are done as a part of the continuing program of constructive state government inaugurated by ex-governor Quadros. (A speech at the time of the signing of the Governor's message pointed out the "do nothingness" of the national government in declaring that this is the first land reform action in Brazil many years after endorsement by the UN and the FAO).

It is not clear that the plan proposed by conservative Governor Carvalho Pinto will significantly reduce large land holdings or materially increase the number of small farm holdings.

2. Janio in Cuba (Official Use Only)

Last weekend before departing for Cuba, Janio Quadros attended a number of neighborhood political rallies in the city of São Paulo, at which there were in evidence Castro-Quadros signs--"Cuba Needed Fidel - Brazil Needs Janio" and "Janio and Fidel Castro, Two Great Nationalists". At the São Paulo airport Janio explained that it was his duty to get first hand information and judgments, that he was going without preconceived ideas or feelings. Toward the end of the week, pro-Quadros O Estado de São Paulo reported that Janio had telephoned aides in São Paulo to instruct them to repeat his denial of criticisms of the Export-Import Bank attributed to him by a Cuban newspaper.

Fidel Castro's reported observations that elections are a myth and democracy never functioned in Latin America--used by Folha de São Paulo, as reported last week, to condemn editorially

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH					
FROM :	Amcongeng São Paulo	DESP. NO.	359	April 4, 1960	
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.			DATE	
REF :				APR 5 - 1960	
35 For Dep. Use Only	ACTION REC'D 4-8	DEPT. RMIR-2 1RC-8 CIA-10 NAVY-2 ASIA-4 OCB-1			
SUBJECT: Presidential Campaign Highlights During Week Ending April 1, 1960					

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5. Political Party Support
6. Adhemar for President
7. Vice-Presidential Candidates

1. Agricultural Reform in São Paulo (Official Use Only)

At a time when Janio is reported as commenting favorably on Cuba's agricultural reform, when the national administration is admittedly vulnerable for neglect of the agricultural sector (pro-administration candidate Lott so recognizes), São Paulo's Governor Carvalho Pinto this past week sent a message to the legislature calling for passage of a land reform bill to stimulate the cultivation of the land and to provide for the redistribution (in small parcels, 50 hectares or less) of state-owned or to-be-expropriated lands. A graduated tax based on size of holdings would finance the program. Tax refunds and penalties would stimulate cultivation. One source estimated a billion cruzeiros annual revenue and a thousand new small farm holdings in the first year. Allied programs already in effect for the farm sector--health, schooling, food storage, free seed, credit, electrification, etc.--were cited (despatch on land reform program being prepared). Initial reaction in press and political circles was favorable.

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a first reaction to Castro's renunciation of the Rio pact. "Anti-Continental Attitude" was the title of the editorial carried by Correio Paulistano on Fidel Castro's denunciation of the Rio de Janeiro Treaty. "Fidel Castro is destroying continental unity of the American peoples because it is against his own personal interests. By repudiating the anti-communist Pact of Rio de Janeiro, Fidel Castro has shown no consideration for the signing nations. The dictator spitefully turns his back on the Americas. It is a reprisal for Brazil's refusal to attend the 'Underdeveloped Countries Conference.'"

8. Argentina's Elections (Unclassified).

The elections in Argentina and President Frondizi's party's defeat at the polls received ample news treatment along with the results and statements made during the Camp David meeting of President Eisenhower and British "premier" Harold MacMillan. Commenting on the Argentina's election scene O Estado de São Paulo said that, "...the President and his party maintain power by the slightest possible margin in the Assembly," while Diario de São Paulo said, "the political situation in Argentina becomes more complex" and "Frondizi has shown he is unable to stamp out 'peronismo'."

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William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

Contributors;
Burton/Shea/Hanna

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COMMENT: Many leading São Paulo trade union leaders who belong on the non-communist side of the fence are well aware of the communist preparations. Nevertheless, they continue naively to believe that because the majority of delegates will come from non-communist organizations, it will be easy to control the communist minority. However, if they continue to neglect to take necessary steps to contain the communist majority, there is a real danger that both congresses will be under considerable communist party influence.

Psychological

5. African Racial Conflicts (Unclassified).

For the second consecutive week, the Racial Conflicts of South Africa remained top news in the local newspapers which carried banner headlines spotlighting these events, from the U.N.'s Security Council actions to the Vatican's censure of the "Apartheid" policy.

Paradoxically, the importance given by the newspapers to the events that are taking place in South Africa contrasted with the number of editorials (only one) published on the subject. Under the title of "The Crime at Sharpsville", São Paulo's Diário de São Paulo traces a parallel between the Hitler massacres and the events now taking place in South Africa. Condemning the "Apartheid" policy, the editorial points out that "the attitude adopted by the 'Afrikanders' is a crass mistake" and that, "the massacre at Sharpsville shows that 'Apartheid' is not accepted by the majority of the population, i.e., the Negroes." "Let's hope that this blood bath...awakens the conscience of the whites." The editorial goes on to conclude that, "If the white minority of South Africa does not find a 'modus vivendi' with the Negroes...the world will watch the bloody disintegration of a State..."

6. Khrushchev in France (Unclassified).

Almost as important as the South African developments was Khrushchev's visit to France still rating as one of the top news events for the second consecutive week. In his second week in France, Premier Nikita Khrushchev's visit to the interior was noted in many editorials. O Estado de São Paulo commenting on Khrushchev's trip to Verdun and Reims, said "Khrushchev forgot what he had learned in his first contact with DeGaulle and put forth the same mediocre thesis he couldn't sell back in Paris. There are things you cannot explain; Khrushchev is an intelligent, sly and subtle diplomat but his speech in Reims does not reveal this. Worse than that, the Reims speech was most imprudent." A Gazeta's Erwin Theodor said that "the first phase of Khrushchev's visit is through...but the meeting between Khrushchev and DeGaulle should not be underestimated."

7. Castro and Rio Pact (Unclassified).

On the national scene, extensive publicity was given to the trip to Cuba of presidential-aspirant Janio Quadros. Also there came

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Labor

4. Leftists Prepare for Labor Conventions. (Confidential).

In recent weeks a group of communist and fellow travelling trade union leaders have concentrated on preparations for two trade union congresses scheduled to be held in the city of São Paulo during April.

The meeting, convoked by the Conselho Sindical da Capital, (the City of São Paulo Trade Union Council) will be held April 8-10. Some seventy affiliated local unions are expected to participate. Seven São Paulo trade union leaders have been chosen as an executive commission, ~~charged~~ and charged with the organization and internal functioning of this meeting. Three members of this commission, José Bustos, secretary-general of the powerful metalworker's local union, Salvador Rodrigues, president of the woodworker's local union, and Luiz Terrorio de Lima, president of the dairy worker's local union, are notorious Communist Party members while two others, Thimoteo Spinoia, president of the streetcar worker's local, and Oswaldo Carezatto, are regarded as fellow travellers. Sylvio Vasconcellos, chairman of the commission and president of the Conselho Sindical da Capital, and Leopoldo Brissac, president of the Gasworker's local, are the only members of the Commission with consistent non-communist records. Representation at the congress will be on the basis of one delegate for every thousand workers. Theoretically, this will give the non-communist majority within the Conselho control of the meeting. However, the large local unions of metalworkers, textile workers, construction workers, and the militant bank clerks local union, which are under considerable communist influence, will be entitled to a sizable representation. As a result, the disciplined, well-organized communist minority may be able, as has been demonstrated many times in the past, to control the meeting.

The second congress on which the communists are concentrating is the statewide convention of São Paulo State Trade Union Council (CST). It is scheduled for April 27-May 1. A nine-man executive commission has been chosen to direct this meeting. Two members of this commission are members of the communist party, while two are fellow travellers. Four are considered to be non-communists and the president, Dante Pellacani, is a former Communist Party member who broke with the communists in October, 1958.

Delegations from the CST have been travelling to Santos and the interior cities of São Paulo, beating the drums for the statewide congress. The communists and their fellow travelling trade union leaders have been particularly active on all of these delegations. In one case, according to a reliable non-communist trade union leader, three members of the communist party made up the entire delegation sent to the interior city of Moji das Cruzes to whip up enthusiasm for the coming conclave.

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political life. The municipal bloc of the state legislature has apparently been killed off as a significant force in the previously reported fight for the assembly presidency.

3. Venezuelan, Dutch, Austrian Visitors (Official Use Only).

High Venezuelan, Dutch and Austrian officials--passing through or visiting in São Paulo during the week--made significant comment on disarmament, free trade, the European common market and other topics.

Wolfgang Larrazabel, former head of the junta which ran the Venezuelan Government after the fall of Perez Jimenez, was quizzed by reporters at the São Paulo airport regarding the Cuban situation. The former junta head, presently Venezuelan ambassador to Chile, was passing through on his way to Rio. He declared himself in favor of Latin American Disarmament as proposed by Chilean President Alessandri, but sidestepped questions on Cuba. He could not comment on Castro's reported denunciation of the Rio pact because all he had at hand were press reports thereon. Cuba is presently engaged in an experiment which one cannot yet judge either good or bad. As for agricultural reform, the Venezuelan official felt that each country has a right to pursue agricultural reform in its own way.

The Netherlands' new ambassador to Brazil, Baron E. J. Lewe van Aduarde, made a special bid for channelling Brazil's trade with Europe through his country. He suggested that Hollanders be considered agents in liberalizing the European common market; that Brazil regard the Netherlands as its bridgehead and Rotterdam as its principal doorway to the common market. The ambassador spoke in favor of free trade and hoped for a relaxation soon of Brazil's trade restrictions. The Baron mentioned the contribution of Dutch industry and investment in Brazil's development. Important to all the peoples of the free world, said the Netherlands' Ambassador, is the continued maintenance by Brazil's leaders of its position as "one of the great democracies of the world."

Austrian minister Bruno Pitterman's declared objectives were increased commercial and cultural exchange. The Austrian Philharmonic is scheduled for this year, the Vienna Children's Choir for next year in Brazil. The minister is more optimistic that there will be an accord at the Geneva disarmament conference than at the forthcoming summit conference. Minister Pitterman also acknowledged the possibility of a younger replacement soon for Chancellor Raab because of the latter's age and heart trouble; but this would not, he said, alter the policy course of the Austrian Government.

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equal to 10% of the value of the transaction at hand. Very likely true also is the report that Janio seeks Governor Carvalho Pinto's active support as essential for victory. In view of Carvalho Pinto's growing nationwide prestige, active support from the incumbent São Paulo Governor should be worth many votes.

Among local political parties, there have been a number of developments bearing on the national campaign. The head of the local pro-Quadros PSB says that they are willing to settle for a national party convention uncommitted on the presidential contest. The PTN is investigating a rebellion amongst local party leadership against the organization of the Quadros campaign. Ivete Vargas, whose intended resignation as regional PTB president was announced the week previous along with indications that Goulart was taking over in São Paulo, now declares that she will take a leave of absence from the regional presidency.

Vice-Presidential candidate Fernando Ferrari was in São Paulo campaigning during the week. The campaign of vice-presidential candidate Leandro Maciel appears to be evaporating. The quiet surrounding Goulart's candidacy appears to be the lull before the storm. In local PSP and FRP circles, there are rumors that FRP national president Plinio Salgado will be vice-presidential running ~~mate~~ mate of Adhemar de Barros. (For more details on local developments in presidential campaign, see São Paulo Despatch No. 359, April 4, 1960.)

2. Other Local Political Developments (Official Use Only).

During the past week, there were some significant changes on the Governor's immediate staff. Portugal Gouveia, chief of civil staff, was appointed to the Tribunal of Accounts. Rumors that incumbent Secretary of Finance Vicente de Azevedo would soon resign to be replaced by Gouveia were denied by the Governor's office. The Governor's private secretary, Joaquim Bicudo, also resigned during the week because of press of personal business.

The legislative front was relatively quiet. The PSP contingent, a previously vocal opposition, has recently been noted by its substantial absenteeism from legislative sessions. Rumor has it that commitments by some UDN legislators in their successful fight for the State Assembly presidency will limit the UDN in its quest for key committee chairmanships. The municipal bloc met only twelve strong in Sera Negra where these deputies discussed tourism and allied subjects.

COMMENT: The Tribunal of Accounts post has frequently been a valued temporary residence for those interested in a continued active

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH					
FROM :	Amcongen, SAO PAULO		360	April 4, 1960	
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON		DESP. NO.	DATE	
REF :	ACTION		DEPT.	APR 5 1960	
For Dept.	ARMY-4	IN	ARMY-4	ARMY-4	
Use Only	ARMY-4	OTHER	ARMY-4	ARMY-4	
SUBJECT: Sao Paulo Weekly Summary No. 40, Week Ending April 1, 1960.					

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 - 5. African Racial Conflicts
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 - 8. Argentina's Elections
- Miscellaneous
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Political

1. Presidential Campaign Developments (Confidential).

Proposals from Sao Paulo's Governor Carvalho Pinto this past week for a state land reform bill to stimulate cultivation and to multiply small farm holdings can play a significant part in presidential campaigning. (Despatch in preparation; see also Despatch No. 359, Item April 3, 1960.) It could take some of the steam out of any agricultural reform proposals candidate Janio Quadros might bring back from Cuba (home-grown vs. imported). It could be used to highlight national administration neglect of agriculture and lend support thus to Quadros' criticism of national failings. Regarding Janio's trip to Cuba, informal soundings by various officers of this post indicate that Janio has thereby lost some support locally mainly among the conservative, the upper-class, the intelligent elements, with at most limited losses amongst the few wavering or uncertain of the student and labor groups and the general masses, who have been heavily pro-Janio in Sao Paulo.

Turning to campaign financing, according to several responsible sources, those who do business with the national administration are being "asked" to contribute to the Lott campaign chest in an amount

See last page:tar

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VI PSYCHOLOGICAL

1. Press Topics (UNCLASSIFIED)

The local press for the past week has been preoccupied with international affairs, notably Khrushchev's visit to France, the Argentine elections and the Quadros visit (and reception) in Cuba. A Tribuna carried a continued feature article, lavishly illustrated, on the new capital. O Diario closely followed Marshal Lott's campaigning, and both papers gave heavy coverage to the floods in the Northeast.

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Benedito Cabral, President of the Stonecutters Union

Pro-Lott but Occasionally Cooperates with Communists

Odair Ribereiro Leal, President of the Small-Boat Engineers Union

Pro-Lott

Henrique Mathias, President of the Construction Workers Union
Expedito Guedes Rodrigues, President of the Coffee Loaders and
Sackers Union

Armando Ferrari, President of the Wheat Industry Workers Union

Pro-Quadros

Antonio Vitor dos Santos, President of the Streetcar Workers
Union

Oswaldo Rodrigues Martins, President of the Shipping Agency
Clerks Union

Alcides Luiz, President of the Taxi-Owners Union

Urias Gouveia, President of the Taxi-Drivers Union

Vitelbino Ferreira de Souza, President of the Metalworkers Union

Orlando dos Santos, President of the Port Tallyclerks Union

Joao de Morais Chaves, President of the Urban Industries Workers
Union

Ynel Alves de Camargo, President of the Bookkeepers Union

Nivaldo Dias Tavares, President of the Union of Office

Assistants in the Coffee Trade

Camila de Almeida, President of the Nurses Union

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The informant is a self-admitted ex-communist who now strongly and actively favors Janio Quadros. The reporting officer feels that the pro-communist, fellow-traveller and pro-Lott identifications are probably accurate, but that the pro-Quadros listing may be somewhat optimistic.

III ECONOMIC - Negative.

IV CONSULAR

1. General (UNCLASSIFIED)

Consular operations have continued normally during the past week and there is nothing especial to report.

V ADMINISTRATIVE - Negative.

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Enclosure No. 1
Sao Paulo Desptach 356

OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM

TO: American Consulate General, Sao Paulo Date: March 30, 1960
FROM: American Consulate, Santos ~~VPR~~
SUBJECT: Weekly Comment on Events in Santos
REF:

I POLITICAL

1. Local Scene in Santos Quiet (UNCLASSIFIED)

It has been a quiet week in Santos, with little new and startling political, labor or economic activity. Local eyes are trained on Janio Quadros' visit to Cuba (viewed with skepticism by many of his followers here and compared by his ardent supporters to the visits to Russia by certain U.S. Presidential candidates) and upon Brasilia, soon to become the nation's capital.

II LABOR

1. Political Line-up of Local Labor Union Bosses (LIMITED OFFICIAL USE)

A reliable informant has provided the reporting officer with the following information regarding the political orientation of the leaders of most of the principal labor unions in Santos:

Communists:

Oriando Sposito, President of the Graphic Industries Workers Union
Antonio Guarneri, President of the Bank Employees Union
Valdemar Neves Guerra, President of the Port Services Employees Union
Vitorino Teixeira, President of the Hotel Employees Union
Antonio Moreira, President of the Bakers Union
Bernardo de Abreu Madeira, ex-President of the Commerce Employees Union

Fellow Travellers or Communist Dupes

Laerte Carneiro da Silva, President of the Stevedores Union
Manoel de Almeida, President of the Port Services Workers Union

Possibly Inclined to Communism

/Benedito

VPRandolph, III/vpr

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AIR POUCH
PRIORITY

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

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FROM: Amcoengen, SMO PAULO

TO: THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.

DATE: April 1, 1960

REF: APR 5 - 1960

SUBJECT: Santos Weekly Report

For Dept. Use Only: ☒ RM/R 2 REP 1 IRC-6 SY-2

For Other Use Only: ☐ OTHER CTR-6 ANMP-4 NMP-3 AIR-6 OSD-1

LAB-6 FBI-1

Transmitted herewith for the information of the Embassy and the Department is the weekly report from the American Consulate at Santos, dated March 30, 1960. With reference to Item II, the Consulate General's Labor Officer has been informed by Luis Menossi, president of the SMO Paulo State Trade Union Council, and president of the SMO Paulo State Federation of Construction Workers, that Sr. Henrique Mathias is supporting Presidential candidate Janio Quadros. Mathias, however, is regarded in labor circles as an extremely slippery character and a complete opportunist always ready to make a deal. Therefore, it is quite possible he is now supporting Marshall Lott.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
 Consul General

Enclosure: Santos Weekly Report, dated March 30, 1960

cc: Amembassy, Rio

REPORTER: J.Burton/J.Fisher/tar

ACTION	REPORTER	ACTION	DATE	DIRECTION
ASSIGNED TO		TAKEN		TO RM/R
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APR 1 1960

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even though not on the Ferrari payroll.

5. The fact that Ferrari is running much stronger than Janio in many areas might tempt Janio to tie himself more closely to Ferrari in future campaigning. The low vote for Maciel might not have influence but the prospect of getting some Ferrari popularity rubbed off on himself might tempt Janio, at least in certain areas.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

cc: Amembassy, Rio

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Dr. Helio Cyrino concludes:

1. No one has won the election. Janio must wage a vigorous campaign to win.

2. Janio is stronger than appears because the undecided vote is mostly rural where Janio has greatest appeal as against the big city vote which is heavily influenced by national patronage.

3. Ferrari is, without doubt, the next vice-president.

Dr. Cyrino advised that Janio Quadros makes use of various polling services. Dr. Cyrino said that this was the first poll that he had conducted and he therefor had no basis for assessing comparative growth or decline in popularity of candidates.

COMMENT:

1. While there is no way of assessing the technical competence of the poll, it would seem that every effort was made to get a reliable result since the information was to be used for campaign planning, not for propaganda. Dr. Helio Cyrino made it very clear that he was speaking for our private information. The data he furnished likewise sustains the above impression.

2. While Dr. Cyrino apparently feels that the undecided vote should be weighted in Janio's favor, this appears debatable for two reasons. Virtually all the undecided vote is outside of São Paulo, yet Janio's margin nationwide is only four percent despite a 70% strength in São Paulo. One can conclude that Janio ran well behind Lott outside of São Paulo. If this advantage to Lott is applied to the undecided voters in the areas outside of São Paulo, then Lott would probably forge ahead. Second, there is no reason to believe that Janio will have greater vote-appeal in rural areas or that national "political" influence will be weaker in such areas.

3. Ferrari would appear far from a sure winner since Goulart and the PTB machine have not really gone into action. As previously reported by this post, many competent local observers speak very respectfully of the potential of Goulart and the PTB.

4. According to the publisher of top-circulation Folha de São Paulo, Ferrari has put many newspaper people on his payroll and therefor gets a very favorable press. This is true, the publisher privately advises, even of his own people who respond to fellow members of the craft

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Dr. Cyrino highlighted the following results:

1. For President, nationwide, 25% for Janio Quadros, 21% for Teixeira Lott, and close to 50% undecided.
2. For vice-president, nationwide, 37% for Fernando Ferrari, 22% for Joao Goulart, 4% for Leandro Maciel, and 19% undecided (in the nature of the conversation no attempt was made to obtain a precise and complete tally totalling 100%).
3. Janio had 70% of the vote in São Paulo with few undecided.
4. Ferrari had 80% of the decided votes in Rio Grande do Sul and was running stronger than Janio in some parts of São Paulo.
5. In Recife, Janio for president got 20% of the vote while Ferrari got 68% of the vote for vice-president.

At our request, Dr. Helio Cyrino, gave the following resume of Janio's state by state strength in the poll (figures show only percentage of decided votes):

Rio Grande do Sol	Close
Parana	80%
Sao Paulo	70%
Mato Grosso	90%
Minas Gerais	35%
State of Rio	20%
Espirito Santo	75%
Bahia	42%
Ceara	weak
Maranhao	weak
Amazonas	weak
Para	strong
Piaui	close but Janio ahead
Sergipe	close but Janio ahead
Alagoas	weak
Goiias	loses
Santa Catarina	loses
Rio Grande do Norte	wins
Pernambuco	loses
Federal District	58%

CONFIDENTIAL

0376

AIR POUCH		CONFIDENTIAL (Security Classification)		DO NOT TYPE IN THIS SPACE	
PRIORITY		FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH		732.16	
FROM :	Amcoengen, SÃO PAULO	DESP. NO.	350	March 30, 1960	
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.			DATE	
REF :				APR 5 - 1960	
For Dept. Use Only	ACTION REC'D	DEPT. IN OTHER	ARMY 2 NEP / INC 6 P. 3 CIR 10 - US / A 10 NAVY 3		
SUBJECT: Nationwide Poll on Presidential and Vice-Presidential Candidates					

SUMMARY

A recent nationwide poll conducted for the private use of presidential candidate Janio Quadros shows a surprising number of undecided voters, close to 50%. Nationwide, Quadros led Lott 25% to 21%. Janio obtained 70% of the São Paulo vote with few undecided in that state. For vice-president, nationwide, Ferrari leads Goulart 37% to 22%, with 19% undecided. Maciel polled only 4%.

Dr. Helio Cyrino, an avowed supporter of presidential candidate Janio Quadros and owner of nine radio stations and four newspapers (as well as several plantations) in the President Prudente area of São Paulo, recently informed the information officer and the deputy principal officer at this post of a nationwide poll conducted on presidential and vice-presidential candidates. It was conducted under his direction as a service for Janio Quadros so that the latter could assess areas of strength and weakness for purposes of planning future campaigning. Dr. Cyrino said that some 150 students were hired from faculties of economics (sic) in Rio and São Paulo. The students worked during the recent summer vacation. Travelling in pairs, they dressed as workmen, travelling salesmen, and the like so that they could gauge the public pulse without alerting people to the fact that this was happening.

RJB RJBurton/tar		CONFIDENTIAL		DEPARTMENT OF STATE 33 BUREAU INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS APR 11 1960	
REPORTER		ACTION		APR 19 1960	
ASSIGNED TO:	NAME OF OFFICER	TAKEN	DATE OF ACTION	DIRECTIONS TO RM/R	
OFFICE SYMBOL		ACTION COPY - DEPARTMENT OF STATE			

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732.00/3-3060

CLASSIFIED FILE

0375

WITHDRAWAL NOTICE

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0374

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DEPARTAMENTO DE ESTATÍSTICA DO ESTADO
Divisão de Estatísticas Administrativas e Políticas
EXECUTIVOS E LEGISLATIVOS MUNICIPAIS
Eleições em 4 de Outubro de 1959

E R R A T A

ACRESCENTE-SE

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Pag. 5 - Atibaia - Vereador UDN - Sebastião de Mauro
Pag. 7 - Bofete - Vereador UDN - Abílio Vivam
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Pag. 12 - Cedral - Vereador PDC-PSP - Antonio dos Santos Calante
Pag. 53 - Tatui - Vereador PSD - Simeão José Sobral

LEIA-SE

Pag. 5 - Barbosa - Comparecimento - 694 e não 654
Pag. 16 - Gabriel Monteiro - Comparecimento - 1 016 e não 1 076
Pag. 18 - Guararema - Comparecimento - 1 034 e não 1 033
Pag. 21 - Inúbia Paulista - Prefeito - PDC-PSD-UDN e não PDC-PSP-UDN
Pag. 23 - Itararé - Vereadores - PSP-PTB e não PTB e PR-PTN e não PR
Pag. 25 - Jaci - Vereador PDC - Luís André Caetano e não Luís Andr Caetano
Pag. 28 - Mairinque - Prefeito - PDC-PR-PTN e não PTN-PDC-PR
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Lopes - PNT-PR e não PSP-PRP
Pag. 37 - Pindamonhangaba - Vereadores - PSP-PIN-PTB-PSD e não PSP-PTN-PTB-PSB
Pag. 37 - Piracicaba e não Piracicicaba
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Pag. 49 - São Pedro do Turvo - Vereador - PSD - Anibal Gonçalves Damasceno e
não Anibal Gonçalves Namasceno
Pag. 50 - Serra Azul - Vereador - PSB - Otávio da Silveira Taverna e não Otá-
vio da Silverira Taverna
Pag. 52 - Taboão da Serra e não Taboa da Serra

EXCLUAM-SE

Pag. 5 - Atibaia - PR-PSP - Francisco Pinto Nunes, João Robles e Otávio Sil-
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0373

*Dest. Envelope no. 7
São Paulo Municipal no. 349*

1414

DEPARTAMENTO DE ESTATÍSTICA DO ESTADO
Divisão de Estatísticas Administrativas e Políticas
EXECUTIVOS E LEGISLATIVOS MUNICIPAIS
Eleições em 4 de Outubro de 1959

E L E I T A

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0372

PRIORITY

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(Security Classification)

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732.00/3-3060

FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

FROM : Amcongen, São Paulo

349

March 30, 1960

TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.

REF : Amcongeng Despatch No. 277, February 9, 1960

55 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION	DEPT.	DEPARTMENT OF STATE BUREAU OF INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS
	REC'D	IN OTHER OFFICE	
	ARMY-2	IRAC-8	
	#15	CIA-10	USIA-10
SUBJECT:			APR 1950
Errata to Municipal Election Results in São Paulo			

SUBJECT: Errata to Municipal Election Results in São Paulo

Transmitted herewith for the information of the Embassy and the Department are a number of copies of an errata issued by the São Paulo Department of Statistics which correct minor errors in its report on the municipal elections of October 4, 1959, copies of which were transmitted by the despatch under reference. Official returns, which will ultimately be provided by the Regional Election Tribunal, will be forwarded as soon as available.

Since the corrections are confined to a limited number of aldermen, no significant change results in the basic patterns and relative strength of the political parties as previously reported.

The number of aldermen elected by the PTN-PRP coalition (which failed to elect a single mayor or vice mayor) is reduced from 5 to 3; that of the PSP-PR from 31 to 28; the total elected by the UDN is reduced from 594 to 591, and that of the PR from 206 to 203. The PDC-SP coalition, the PDC, and the PSD gained one each, to elect 17, 811, and 375 aldermen respectively.

For the Consul General:

Ralph J. Burton
Ralph J. Burton
American Consul

Enclosures: *att*

Six Copies of São Paulo Report
(4-Department, 2-Rio)

LAPY 123/tar

UNCLASSIFIED

REPORTER		ACTION		1960	E
ACTION ASSIGNED TO.		TAKEN			
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FILED

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Vereadores:(11)

PSP - João Rubens Gigo, Lauro Cardoso de Toledo, Manoel A. Vasconcelos, Thomaz Didona.
PTB - Adauto J.C. Dall'Orto, Erotides P. de Camargo José Costa Camargo, Osmar Miranda.
PDC - Geraldo Barejan, Luiz Falivene Filho, Oswaldo Roncolato.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.909

TACIBA

Prefeito - José Batista de Souza - PSD

Vice Prefeito - Gastão Vigna - PSD

Vereadores:(9)

PSD - Alberto Silva, João Ozório Zorzetti, José Carlos Silva, Luiz Carbonario, Luiz Perazolo, Serafim Fuzetto.
PDC - Ademir Antonio Pasquinelli, Angelo Ferro, José Vitorio Campos.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.025

TATACU

Prefeito - José Baú - PSB

Vice Prefeito - Antônio Novaes Almeida - PDC

Vereadores:(9)

PSB - Antônio Machado Netto, Antônio Scabini, Guerino Molaro, Orlindo Debagge.
PSP - Alfredo Cadamuro, Guido Pedrazzoli, José Bueno Godoi, Pedro Domingos Sciarra.
PDC - Walter Feres.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 745

URU

Prefeito - José Paschoal Leite - PTB

Vice Prefeito - Gabriel Flaminio - PTB

Vereadores:(9)

PDC - Hordácio Prestes, Fermino Linaldi, João Catanha da Silva Filho.
PSP - Agide Terenciani, José de Brito, Sebastião Tirado.
PTB - Jacyr Braghetto, Jurandyr Reio de Araújo, Orlando Trizzi.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 664

VALINHOS

Prefeito - José Spadaccia - PSP

Vice Prefeito - Rubens Ribeiro dos Santos - PTB-PTN

Vereadores:(13)

PTB - Albino Bonon, Anesio Capovilla, Germano Brandini, Geronymo Alves Corrêa, Guilherme Mamprim.
PSP - Antonio de Castro, Serafim Rafael Morelli, Waldemar Spiandorelli.
PDC - Jonas Ramos de Sá, José Ribeiro de Oliveira.
PSD - Fernando Spadaccia, Silvio Antoniazzi.
PTN - Paulo Oscar.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 4.492

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Informante: Agências Municipais de Estatística.

0370

SANTA FÉ DO SUL

Prefeito - Deraldo da Silva Prado - PSP-PTB

Vice Prefeito - Emidio Antônio de Araujo - UDN

Vereadores: (11)

PSP - Aloisio Silva Nascimento, Estore Botura, Joaquim Saiki, Sebastião Evangelista de Souza, Simão Jorge de Oliveira.

PDC - Ermelindo Castano de Souza, Gemy Luiz Gazzotto, Miguel Renda.

UDN - Alberto Pacheco, Antônio Pacheco Sobrinho, Antônio Ramão do Amaral.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.564

SANTA MERCEDES

Prefeito - André Puertas - PSP-PSD

Vice Prefeito - Adail da Costa Siebra - PSP-PSD

Vereadores: (9)

PSP - Casubô Ynone, Horácio Pereira de Souza, Manoel Bezerra da Costa.

PSB - João de Almeida Silva, Sebastião Cardoso.

PSD - Antonio Ribeiro Godoy, Victorio Marco.

PTB - Angelo Menini, Ulysses Dadd.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 778

SANTO ANTÔNIO DE POSSE

Prefeito - Fioravante Milani - PDC-PSP

Vice Prefeito - Hermelindo Alves Felipe - PDC-PSP

Vereadores: (9)

PSP - Alcides Menuzzo, Antônio Terezan, Attilio Berço, Durval Berço.

PSD - Flávio Gonçalves Leitão, Pedro João Mórís.

PTN - Darcí Mariotoni, Salvador Lala.

PDC - Antônio Angelo Milani.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.599

SANTO ANTÔNIO DO JARDIM

Prefeito - Geraldo Peres Domingues - UDN

Vice Prefeito - José Luiz Guido - UDN

Vereadores: (9)

UDN - Antenor Rabelo de Oliveira, Edvino Simionato, Guerino Maltempi, José Elias, Walter Peres Ferreira.

PSB-PSP - Antônio Castro Rezende, João de Luca Netto, Miguel Naman, Pedro Diogo Marcondes.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.097

SÃO JOSÉ DOS CAMPOS

Prefeito - Elmano Ferreira Veloso - PTB

Vice Prefeito - Getúlio Orlando Veneziani - PSD

Vereadores: Eleições em 3/10/955

Comparecimento de eleitores - 13.740

SERRA NEGRA

Prefeito - Jovino Silveira - PSD-UDN

Vice Prefeito - Luiz Carlos Cavenaghi - PSD-UDN

Vereadores: Eleições em 3/10/955

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.884

SEVERÍNIA

Prefeito - José Souza de Moraes - PSB-PDC

Vice Prefeito - Geraldo Ferrarezi - PSB-PDC

Vereadores: (9)

PDC - Adelino Mialichi, Durvalino Ducatti, João Antonio Lopes, José Marcelino de Almeida, Miguel Galib Tanuri.

PSB - João Basso Lujan, Narciso Spegiorin, Nazir Madruz, Nelson Pedro da Silva.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.309

SOCORRO

Prefeito - Antonio Floriano Barboza Júnior - PSB-PDC

Vice Prefeito - Oswaldo Paiva - PSB-PDC

Vereadores: Eleições em 3/10/955

Comparecimento de eleitores - 4.068

SUMARÉ

Prefeito - Leandro Franceschini - PSP

Vice Prefeito - Henrique Pedroni - PTB

0369

RIBEIRÃO PIRES

Prefeito - Francisco Arnoni - PTN

Vice Prefeito - Adquir Prisco - PTN

Veradores:(13)

PTN - Achilo Mário Alessina, Antonio Simões, João de Toledo, Raimundo Batista Via

na.

FDC - Mário Ideriha, Renato Costa, Renato Zampol.

PSP - Manofredo Carrascosa von Glehn, Mário Netto.

PTB - Ozires Grecco, Wilson dos Santos Ferreira.

PSD - Victoriano de Paula Piedade.

UDN - Fausto Décimo.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 5.133

RIBEIRÃO VERMELHO DO SUL

Prefeito - José Ferreira Filho - PTB-PSP

Vice Prefeito - Lázaro Gonçalves de Oliveira - PTB-PSP

Veradores:(9)

PTB-PSP - Antonio Moreira Ramos, Fabricio Vieira de Lima, Fernando Batista de Melo, Germiniano de Oliveira, José Batista de Almeida, Pedro Percival Fom

seca.

PDC - Aparecido Lúcio Martins, Artur Corrêa Machado, Joaquim Biglia.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.374

RIOLÂNDIA

Prefeito - Luiz Ferreira da Silva - PDC-FRT

Vice Prefeito - Osvaldo Alves Toledo - PDC-FRT

Veradores:(11)

PDC - Ayrão Dias de Castro, Jair Alves Toledo, José Lucas da Costa, Quirino Lu

cas Ferreira, Ricardo da Silva, Rubens Ribeiro de Mendonça.

PSP - Antonino Pereira de Melo, Antonio Alvin de Magalhães, Celso Pinheiro, Jo

ronimo Martins de Souza, Odílio Pereira Costa.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.401

SABINO

Prefeito - Hélio Savazzi - UDN-PSB

Vice Prefeito - Vicente Olpe - UDN-PSB

Veradores:(9)

PSD - Arthur Bonetti, Benedito Braz Alves, Eid David Eid.

UDN - Arthur Di Merlo, Luiz Caramelo, Orlando Savazzi.

PSP - Jesus Plaza Dias, José de Medeiros Maia.

PSB - João Confetti.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.047

SALTO DE PIRAPORA

Prefeito - Roque de Barros Leite - PSD

Vice Prefeito - Salvador Leme dos Santos - PSD

Veradores:(9)

PSD - Alexandre de Góes Vieira, Amarílio Vieira Proença, Benedito Batista, Gon

çalo Corrêa Filho, Isidoro Gomes de Almeida, Neief D. Haddad.

PSP - Euclair Dias Ribeiro, Newton Guimarães, Odilon Pissinato.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.401

SANTA BÁRBARA DO RIO PARDO

Prefeito - Don Nicolau De Flus Gut - PSD-PSP

Vice Prefeito - Augusto de Godoy Bueno - PSD-PSP

Veradores: Eleições em 3/10/655

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.108

SANTA CRUZ DA CONCEIÇÃO

Prefeito - Paschoal Ganeo - PSP

Vice Prefeito - José Gagneggi - PSP

Veradores:(9)

PSP - Acacio Tessari, Carlos Keck Habermann, Elpidio Motta, Laerte Ganeo, Victo

rino Tessari.

PSD - Carlos Ravanini Sobrinho, José da Silva Pereira, Juvenal Leme Mourão, La

erte Ravanini.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 473

0368

Vice Prefeito - Alberto Sophia - PSD-PTB

Veradores: (9)

PSD - João Evangelista de Santana, Joaquim José Lopes, Laércio de Barros Latorre, Lyono Koroichi.
PDC - Frederico Rossatto, José Galvão.
PTB - José Siqueira Maia, Sebastião L.M. Nascimento.
PSP - Oswaldo Quinquinato.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 751

PANORAMA

Prefeito - Milton Noronha Gustavo - PDC-UDN

Vice Prefeito - Genesio Clindo de Souza - PDC-UDN

Veradores: (9)

PDC - Lício Arruda Botelho, Mario Rodrigues Fernandes, Yoshio Kashiura.
UDN - Augusto Narciso Oliveira, Nelson Gonsalves de Souza, Oscar Torquato da Silva.
PSP - José Joaquim de Oliveira, Nelson Peligrini.
PSB - Rubens Martins.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 723

PARAÍSO

Prefeito - Jomo Carósio - UDN-PSP

Vice Prefeito - Antonio Vilela Rosa - PST

Veradores: (9)

UDN-PSP - Antonio Stefane Nascimbén, Diolindo Mansini, Durval Ribas, Farid Felício Cassab, Onésimo da Costa, Osório Berchior, Paulino Alberguini, Victorio Nascimbén.
PST - José Fonseca Brandão.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 780

PARQUEIRA-AGU

Prefeito - Cícero Zanella - PR

Vice Prefeito - Narciso Adrião - PR

Veradores: (9)

PR - Floramante Alves Pinto, Gentil de Ramos, Haroldo Zanella, Henrique Adorno Vassão, João Kotowski, Plácido da Silva, Sydney C.M. Egydio.
PSP - Benedito Gauglitz, José Redis.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.142

PIACATU

Prefeito - Augusto Stevenelli - PSP-PTN

Vice Prefeito - Leonardo Laudelino Vendrame - PSP-PTN

Veradores: (9)

PSP-PTN - Antônio Dias Castilho, Antônio Vergínio Schiavon, Armando Navachi, João Sebastião Martins, Kazumi Aramaki, Manoel Alves de Souza.
PDC - Anésio Galvão, Claudino Laudelino Vendrame, Laurindo Del Monaco.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.704

PLATINA

Prefeito - Antonio Carlos do Nascimento - PSP

Vice Prefeito - Antonio Francisco Nogueira - PSP

Veradores: (9)

PSP - Edimar de Almeida, João Serafim de Souza, Nestor de Souza Pereira, Salvi no Lopes, Sebastião dos Santos Filho, Tíreo Camargo Lima, Vicente Severino da Costa.
UDN - Antonio de Mello Dória, Ary Aparecido da Silva.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 616

POLÔNIA

Prefeito - José Maria Ferreira Filho - PSD-PSB

Vice Prefeito - Clarindo Borsato - PSD-PSB

Veradores: (9)

PDC - Antonio Ferreira Neto, Antonio Maria Sergi, Genesio Antonio Fedocci, Savio Fochi.
PSB - Antonio Rodrigues de Carvalho, Cândido Poloni.
PSP - Antonio Pereira dos Santos, José Ferreira Filho.
PSD - Francisco Rodrigues de Souza.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.343

0367

PSP - Ailton Venansi, André Peres Galera.
PTB - José Peres Martins, Raimundo Andrade Arrais.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.712

MAUÁ

Prefeito - Elio Bernardi - PSD
Vice Prefeito - Guilherme Primo Vidotto - PSD
Veradores: (13)
PTB - Alberto Zambignani, Arsídio Fernandes, Clayton Fernandes, Vicente Orlando.
PDC - Antonio Polisel, Edgard Grecco, Ennio Brancalion.
PSP - Anselmo H. Walendy, José Mauro Lacava, Pedro Madeu.
UDN - Alberto Ratti, Inocêncio Pedro.
PSD - Dimas Chiarotti
Comparecimento de eleitores - 5039

MIRANTE DO PARANAPANEMA

Prefeito - João Augusto de Almeida - PSP
Vice Prefeito - Venancio Alves Maciel - PSP
Veradores: (11)
PSP - Aimar Joppert, Benvidio Moraes de Souza, Domingos Machado Vasconcelos, Francisco Ferreira Lima, José Marcolino Sobrinho, Lourenço Alves Favela, Maemyra Satoshi.
PSB - Antonio Felizardo Primo, Hypolito Penitente, José Pereira Lima, José Quirino Cavalcante.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.450

MONTE CASTELO

Prefeito - José Martimiano Seixas - PSP-PTB
Vice Prefeito - Anézio Tobias - PSP-PTB
Veradores: (11)
PSP - Adelino Frederico, Antônio Fernandes Filho, Cláudio Guedes Xavier, Joaquim Bernardi.
PSD - Aurélio Nogueira, José Ferreira Ferro, Manoel dos Santos Esgalha.
PDC - Dimas Tartari, José Guilherme da Gama.
PTB - Armando Sillas, José Bolognin.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.477

MURUTINGA DO SUL

Prefeito - Bruno Calistine - PDC
Vice Prefeito - Manoel Messias Dantas - PDC
Veradores: (9)
PDC - Gentil Storti, João Miguel, Oswalter Pato, Otelo Calistine.
PTB - Celso Justo, Eduardo Manrique, Mario Pereira do Nascimento, Manoel Reque de Mello.
PSP - Atilio Storti.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.182

NIPOÁ

Prefeito - João Leal Júnior - UDN-PSD
Vice Prefeito - Felipe Jorge - PSP
Veradores: (9)
PSP - Cassiano Victorino Rodrigues, Durval Dionísio de Souza, João Ferreira Barbosa, Luiz Martinho Almagro Veiga, Manoel Francisco Netto.
PSD - Emigdio Antonio Nogueira, Jaime Rodrigues de Lima.
UDN - José de Paula Filho, José Nogueira.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.268

NOVA EUROPA

Prefeito - Francisco Metidieri - PTN-PSD-PSP-PTB
Vice Prefeito - Orlando Valdivieso - PTN-PSD-PSP-PTB
Veradores: (9)
PSP - Alfredo José Gröner, Naur Gonçalves, Pedro Benes.
PSD - Gustav Lutz, Pedro Barbosa.
PTB - Francisco Emiliano de Oliveira, Geraldo Ferreira Viana.
PTN - Euclides Robert, Pedro Gregorio Antonio Serafini.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.024

OURO VERDE

Prefeito - Olavo Ribeiro do Val - PSD-PTB

0366

PTN - Eliezer Passos, Leolino dos Santos.
PL - Leonor Guarato Figueiredo.
Comparecimento - 1.871

JAGUARIÚNA

Prefeito - Adone Bonetti - PR-PSD
Vice Prefeito - Luiz Fernandes Costódio - PR-PSD
Vereadores: (9)
PR - Braz Pinto Catão, Celso Ataliba Moraes, Serafim Abib.
PSD - Adelmo Carpi, Pedro Abrucês, Reynaldo Chiavegatto.
PST - Cicero Poltronieri, Guido Marchioli, Pedro Silveira Martins Júnior.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.053

LAGOINHA

Prefeito - José Oliveira Santos - PR
Vice Prefeito - José Martins Corrêa - PR
Vereadores: (9)
PR - Albertino José Ferreira, Benedito José Dias Sobrinho, José Maria de Oliveira Filho, Pedro Alves Ferreira.
PSB - Benedito Lino de Souza, Braz dos Santos, Geraldo Antonio de Souza.
UDN - Genesio de Abreu Leite, José Nicacio de Campos.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 912

LUCIÂNÓPOLIS

Prefeito - Alcyr Paulo Sérgio - PSP
Vice Prefeito - Irenio Zaninotto - PSP
Vereadores: (9)
PSD - Adelino Baratelli, Francisco Roberto Toassa, Jacintho Canedo, Mario Githy Nabuco de Araujo, Paulino Filgueira.
PSP - Ary Gouveia de Almeida, Hilário Zaninotto, Olival Bim, Quirino Canavez.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 579

LUPÉRGIO

Prefeito - Irac Iemanioto - PSP-PDC-PSD
Vice Prefeito - Avelino José de Souza - PSP-PDC-PSD
Vereadores: (9)
PDC - Antônio José Conselhan, Ernesto Daun, Jorge Lughani, Newton Romano Alves Costa.
PSD - Delso Kemp, Rodolfo Quikole, Sebastião de Paula e Silva.
PSP - Antônio Rabelo Kemp, Mirko Galino Genta.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 832

MAGDA

Prefeito - Manoel Martinez Alegria - PTN
Vice Prefeito - Wilson Túbero - PTN
Vereadores: (9)
PTN - André Ribeiro da Silva, Antonio Geantomassi, Decilides Cardoso da Silva, Joaquim Messias Teixeira, José Marangoni, Osvaldo Félix Alves, Ricieri Albano Vanucci, Walter Alcasas Gomes.
PSB - Moacir Luiz Marques.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 573

MARABÁ PAULISTA

Prefeito - João Augustinho Panucci - PTN
Vice Prefeito - Nilo Furlan - PSP
Vereadores: (9)
PTN - Antonio Jorge Leite, Antonio Roque Tassca, Enedino Gomes, Nelson A. da Silva, Kiniyo Koreeda.
PSP - Agenor X. Mendonça, João Ambrósio, Joaquim Dipecerri, Joaquim F. dos Santos.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.310

MARIÁPOLIS

Prefeito - Benedito Antônio João - PTN
Vice Prefeito - Erminio Moreira Castilho - PTN
Vereadores: (9)
PTN - Antônio Miguel dos Santos, Ary Toledo da Silva, João Bottam, Joaquim da Costa e Silva, Luiz Thomaz de Aquino.

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IGARAÇU DO TIETÊ

Prefeito - José Perazzoli - UDN

Vice Prefeito - Vitório Maniero - PDC -UDN

Vereadores: (9)

UDN - José Conti, Nereu Maganha, Olímpio Abile, Paschoal Ruiz.
PSP - Arvírio Alves da Silva, José Michel Mucare, Michel Rayes.
PSD - Ângelo Domezi, Aparecido João Domingos.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.578

IGARATÁ

Prefeito - Alfredo Manoel Francisco - PTN-PDC

Vice Prefeito - José Augusto Barbosa - PTN-PDC

Vereadores: (9)

PTN - Alcides Pinto, Gentil Barbosa, João de Souza Pereira, Moacir Priante Chaves.
PDC - Flárencio Antonio de Moraes, João Cintra Machado.
PSP - Francisco de Sousa, José Ramos Andrade.
PSD - Francisco Barbosa.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 582

INDIAPOBÁ

Prefeito - Claudio Ribeiro Corrêa - PSP-PSB

Vice Prefeito - Antônio Pinheiro do Nascimento - PSP-PSB

Vereadores: (9)

PSP - Adelino Francisco do Nascimento, Atacil Luiz Arantes, Francisco David Teixeira, José de Oliveira Souza, José Pinheiro da Silva.
PDC - Antônio Gonçalves Franco, Mauritti Paglioli.
PSB - Benedito Honório de Andrade, Djalma Castanheira.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.065

IRACEMÁPOLIS

Prefeito - Antonio Omette - PSP

Vice Prefeito - João Omette - PDC

Vereadores: (9)

PDC - Constante Pavan, Domingos Ducatti, José Chinelatto, Luiz Omette, Paulo da Silva Castro, Vicente Magaldi.
PSP - Antonio Guarino dos Santos, Cesarino Borba, Palmiro de Paresqui Demarchi.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.087

IRAPURU

Prefeito - Angelo Meneguesso - PSD-PSB-UDN-PDC-PTB

Vice Prefeito - Petronilo Soares da Silva - PSD-PSB-UDN-PDC-PTB

Vereadores: (9)

UDN - Alvaro Leite Ribeiro, Antonio Bernardino de Lima, Juracy Salem Leite Ribeiro, Laerte Batista Dias, Suohiro Ito.
PSP - Antonio Bezerra dos Santos, José Fortes, José Julião Cardoso, Rosalve Amarante da Souza.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.052

ITAJU

Prefeito - Pedro Lopes de Oliveira - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Domingos Felício Crêfics - PSP

Vereadores: (9)

PSP - Arvelino Modelin, Cândido Machado Filho, Dario Gomes, Edgard Benedito Bugno, Henos Fereira Barbosa.
PDC - Aristides Honório Frigerio, Aurélio de Souza Freitas, Cândido Fernandes de Godoy, Florêncio Camargo Guimarães.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 713

ITAGUAQUECETUBA

Prefeito - Domingos Milano - PSP

Vice Prefeito - Alfredo Gonçalves Ferreira da Silva - PSD-PTN

Vereadores: (9)

PSP - Benedito Barbosa Rocha, Benedito Marcos Ribeiro, Luiz Carlos Gonçalves Diniz, Menezes Martinez.
PSD - Eugenio Deliberato, Otílio dos Santos Pires.

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Vice Prefeito - Benedito Sebastião de Paula - PSP
Vereadores: (9)

PSD - Claudio V. de Moraes, José R. dos Santos, Manoel Gonzales, Miguel F. do Nascimento.
 PSP - Benedito Granado, Eleazar A. Gonçalves, Hildário G. Leal, João S. de Paula.
 PTN - José Alferes Filho.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.082

GASTÃO VIDIGAL

Prefeito - Jovallino José Francisco - PSD

Vice Prefeito - José Francisco Pereira - PSD

Vereadores: (9)

PSD - Augusto Piovesan, Izidoro R. dos Santos, Olávio Moraes, Salvino F. de Souza.
 PTB - Francisco M. da Silva, Ozirio S. Pereira, Sebastião G. Ferreira.
 PDC - Belgio Fellicano.
 PTN - Ursulina Queirós de Senna.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.018

QUAIÇARA

Prefeito - Martiniano Cruz - PTN-PSP-PTB

Vice Prefeito - Herminio Paican - PTN-PSP-PTB

Vereadores: (11)

PSB - Adelmo Crema, Antonio Mateus, Hilario T. da Silva, João S. Pereira, Leandro B. Pereira.
 PSP - Antonio Buzinaro, Florindo Garozzi, Martiniano Azevedo Bitencourt.
 PTN - Paulo Norberto Arruda de Paula, Pedro Zanotto, Toshitaka Hirata.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.038

QUAIMBÉ

Prefeito - David Ferreira de Souza - PTB-PTN

Vice Prefeito - Clovis Pereira Barreto - PTB-PTN-PSP

Vereadores: (9)

PSD - Antonio Joaquim de Oliveira, José Vieira de Toledo, Saburo Takano.
 PDC - Hilkinsa Penha, Massayuki Miyazato.
 PTB - Joaquim Pereira, José Francisco de Matos.
 PSP - Alvaro Fidelis da Silva.
 PTN - Osiris de Souza e Silva.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.299

QUAPIACU

Prefeito - Guilherme Spezaniglio - PTN

Vice Prefeito - Angelo Zanchetta - PTN

Vereadores: (9)

PTN - Honorival de Abreu, João S. Lopes, José Brasilino, Rubens Melazi, Vitalino Longo.
 PSP - Percides Angeloletti, Tito de Jesus.
 PTB - Alberto Basilio de Almeida, Joaquim Rinaldi.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.638

IBATE

Prefeito - Dagnino Rossi - PSP-PTB

Vice Prefeito - Darcio Baccarin - PRT

Vereadores: (9)

PRT - Antonio de P. Souza, Dagoberto Rossito, Deolindo Milori, Horacio Petrilli Filho, José Manoel Paganelli, Zulmiro Camilo.
 PSP - Bento Salles, João Ibelli, Julio de Capua.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 948

IBIRÁ

Prefeito - Rubens de Aquino - PSP

Vice Prefeito - Adacyr Ferreira - UDN

Vereadores: Eleições em 3/10/955

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.020

ICEM

Prefeito - Antônio Galdino de Oliveira - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Simpliciano Ribeiro da Silveira - PDC

Vereadores: (9)

PDC - Horácio Borges F., José A. Pereira, José F. Athanázio, Militão B. Carmo, Orlan do Gil.
 PTB - Antônio S. Vieira, José S. da Costa, Otacílio F. Matos, Waldemar G. Martins.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.139

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CAMPOS DO JORDÃO

Prefeito - José Antônio Paderan - PSB-PTB-PDC
Vice Prefeito - Mario Colla Francisco - PTN
Veradores: Eleições realizadas em 3/10/955
Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.490

CASTILHO

Prefeito - Alípio Aparecido de Oliveira - PSD-PDC
Vice Prefeito - José Leandro de Souza - PTB
Veradores: (11)
PSD - Antonio Brito, Mitsuhaki Shiro, Sebastião Antonio da Silva, Vicente Delbo
ne.
PSP - Antonio Lucinde de Oliveira, Dejandiro Maciel de Oliveira, Firmino Perei
ra, José Ascêncio Dias.
PTB - José Gonçalves Teixeira, Raymundo Severino Carvalho
PDC - José Alexandre Trindade.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.617

CHARQUEADA

Prefeito - Herminio Mariotti - PTN-PTB
Vice Prefeito - Luiz Vicentini - UDN
Veradores: (9)
PSP - Alcides Malaghetta, Antenor Marques, Agostinho Jorge de Moraes.
PTN - José Pedro Mariotti, José Turchi, Julio Joaquim Joly Pena.
UDN - Antonio Vicentini Neto, Lazaro Trevisan.
PTB - Estevam de Castro.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.491

CLEMENTINA

Prefeito - Alfredo dos Santos - PSP-PDC
Vice Prefeito - Francisco Rodrigues Martinez - PSP-PDC.
Veradores: (11)
PSP - Domingos Redondo, José Gibran, Massato Adissaka, Otávio Faria Brito, Tikao
Shigue.
PDC - Garabed Kuymjian, João Cândido dos Santos, José Garcia.
PR - João Costacurta, Manoel Teodósio, Takassi Yda.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.980

DIVINOLÂNDIA

Prefeito - Alcindo Cardoso de Paiva - PSB
Vice Prefeito - Luiz de Marce - PSB
Veradores: (9)
PSB - Antonio de Sordi, Celso Bernardo de Souza, João Cabrera, Marie Mandoni,
Sebastião Benedito Alves.
UDN - David Zanetti, João Darcie, Olinde Cunha, Sylvie Elisio Ballerini.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.040

FERRAZ DE VASCONCELOS

Prefeito - Pedro Paulo Paulino - PTB
Vice Prefeito - Tacito Zanchetta - PTB
Veradores: (11)
PSP - Diomar Novais, José Trevisani, Milton Ferreira Sabag.
PSB-UDN - Alexandre Secundino Leite, Geraldo Aires do Nascimento Filho.
PSU - Afonso de Rogatis, Waldomiro Silvino.
PST-PTN - Isamu Otsuka, Munis Abrahão.
PTB - Daniel Riente, Elycio Trionfini Hungria.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.985

FLORA RICA

Prefeito - Rolando Emboaba da Costa - PSD
Vice Prefeito - Dominício Minga da Silva - PSD
Veradores: (9)
PSP - Altino Alves Amorim, Guilherme Businêre, José de Oliveira Aguiar, Severi
no Cardoso, Manoel Rodrigues Pereira.
PSD - João Paulo Emboaba da Costa, Nilo Vecchiati, Raimundo Antonio Araújo.
PDC - Juvelino Ribeiro da Silva.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 937

FLORÍNIA

Prefeito - Antônio Grande - PSP

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BALBINOS

Prefeito - Fernando Delci - PSP

Vice Prefeito - José Garbelini Filho - PSP

Vereadores: (9)

PSP - Arsindo Bolgueroni, Felício Modolo, João Possato, Lourenço de São José Veiga, Otávio Perin.

PTB - Francisco Feroldi, Francisco S. Banhos, João Galeano Martinez, Uacir Araújo.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 647

BÁLSAMO

Prefeito - Aristides Antonio Arantes - PSD-PTN

Vice Prefeito - João Lourenço Munhoz - PSD-PTN

Vereadores: (9)

PSD - Elson Pelissoni, Jerônimo Porfírio da Silva, João Marques Silva, José Pedross do Couto, Salvador Lourenço Munhoz.

PST - Geraldo Soares Lima, Orlando Casado.

PTN - Inácio Rodrigues da Silva, Jerônimo Francisco de Paula
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.053

BARRINHA

Prefeito - Gilzo Gonçalves - PSD

Vice Prefeito - Arnaldo Sartori - PSB

Vereadores: (9)

PSB - Adiron Marques Gontijo, Joaquim de Paula, Manoel Faria.

PTB - Júlio Marcari, Luiz Shiromaro, Miguel Francisco Oliveira.

PSD - Júlio Ferreira Dourado, Reynaldo Silvério.

PSP - Mamud Assim Sucaria.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.037

BRAUNA

Prefeito - Orlando Carreiro de Mello - PSP

Vice Prefeito - Batista Rossani - PSD

Vereadores: (11)

PSD - Alcides de Araújo, José Ramos da Silva, Juvenal Rodrigues de Brito, Onofre de Souza, Ramão Cortez, Sizuo Serizawa.

PSP - José Vicente da Silveira Júnior, Lorival Machado, Luiz Garcia Medina, Moisés Antonio da Silva, Waldomiro Pazin.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.763

BURITIZAL

Prefeito - Antonio Ignácio Sobrinho - PSP-PTB

Vice Prefeito - Luís Pinheiro - PSP-PTB

Vereadores: (9)

PSP-PTB - Eliet Bichuette, Jamil Paulo, João de Oliveira e Souza, Paulo Garcia da Silveira, Pedro Schiavotello Sobrinho.

PSB - Aníbio Vieira, Antonio de Pádua Pinheiro, Jamil Fied.

UDN - Bahig Maluf.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 896

CAIABU

Prefeito - Ezequiel de Souza Freire - PR

Vice Prefeito - Marzino Machado - PR

Vereadores: (11)

PR - Ernesto Magni Fruguli, Francisco Batista Pedreira, Jaime José da Silva, José Gomes Ribeiro, Pedro Liberato da Rocha, Siede Kaimoto.

PDC - Adolfo Santelo, Dinário Severino de Souza, Paulo Quintiliano de Oliveira, Quintino Xisto Vilela.

PSP - Anísio Silva.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.387

CAIUA

Prefeito - Francisco Francini de Souza - PSD-UDN

Vice Prefeito - João Batista Gomes - PSD-UDN

Vereadores: (9)

PST - Adolfo Honório Lopes, Luiz Dege, Lydia Maria Gomes, Nazarino O. Camargo, Osvaldo S. de Almeida, Primo Furlan.

UDN - Aldo Pereira, José M. Dias Monteiro, Joviano Medeiros.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.438

ESTADO DE SÃO PAULO
ELEIÇÕES MUNICIPAIS EM 3 DE OUTUBRO 1.958
Executivos e Legislativos Municipais

AGUAS DA PRATA

Prefeito - Basilio Caschini - PSP
Vice Prefeito - Luiz Bonilha Martins - PSP
Vereadores: Eleições realizadas em 3/10/955
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.450

AGUAS DE LINDOIA

Prefeito - Luiz Barbosa - PSB-PTB
Vice Prefeito - Lazaro de Souza Godoy - PSB-PTB
Vereadores: Eleições realizadas em 3/10/955
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.793

AGUAS DE SÃO PEDRO

Prefeito - Armando Brandini - PSD
Vice Prefeito - João Gaiani - PSP
Vereadores: Eleições realizadas em 10/3/957
Comparecimento de eleitores - 563

ALTO ALEGRE

Prefeito - Sebastião Silva - PDC
Vice Prefeito - José Borges - PDC
Vereadores: (11)
PDC - Fausto Cardoso, Gabriel Kfourir, Hideaki Iseri, João Simão Parra, Laire Aparício Capute, Roberto Pedro Pereira.
PSP - Elídio Vedovato, Lindolfo Rodrigues Alves, Mariano Arroyo Garcia.
PSD - Daniel Marques Simões, Pedro Carrilho Parra.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.489

AMPARO

Prefeito - Raul de Oliveira Fagundes - PSD
Vice Prefeito - Roberto Pastana Câmara - PSD
Vereadores: Eleições realizadas em 3/10/955
Comparecimento de eleitores - 6.793

ANHUMAS

Prefeito - Patrocínio Martins - PRT-PTN
Vice Prefeito - Domingos Vieira da Silva - PRT-PTN
Vereadores: (9)
PRT - Angelo Plassa, Altino Anitelli, Manoel Joaquim da Silva.
PSP - Alziro Arantes Rodrigues, João Afonso do Nascimento, José Pelizari.
PDG - Macário Rodrigues Mar, Mario Pivaro.
PRP - José Evaristo.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.485

ATIBAIA

Prefeito - Marco Vinício Chiochetti - PR
Vice Prefeito - Attilio Russomanno - UDN
Vereadores: Eleições realizadas em 3/10/955
Comparecimento de eleitores - 5.996

AURIFELAMA

Prefeito - João Matarese - PDC-PTN
Vice Prefeito - João Pacheco de Lima Filho - PDC-PTN
Vereadores: (9)
PDC - Aguiar Alvarenda, Felício Gersani Junior, Raul de Oliveira.
PSD - Claudio Jento Inezzi, Moyses Silva.
PSP - Miguel Botelho de Carvalho, José Geronimo Gomes.
PTB - Martiniano Ferras.
PTN - Lazaro Silva.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.607

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ESTADO DE SÃO PAULO
ELEIÇÕES MUNICIPAIS EM 1 DE DEZEMBRO DE 1957
Executivo e Legislativo Municipal

GUARULHOS

Prefeito - Fioravante Iervolino - PSD-PTN

Vice Prefeito - João Marques Luiz - PSD-PTN

Vereadores: Eleições em 3/10/55

Comparecimento de eleitores - 9.925

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Informante: Tribunal Regional Eleitoral do Estado de São Paulo.

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Vereadores:(21)

PDC - Altamiro Dias da Motta, Antônio Rodrigues Cordeiro, Fábio Michelin
Ventura, Hermogenes Braido.
UDN - Antônio Bovolento, João Cambauva, Luiz R. Neves, Oswaldo Giampietro.
PSP - José Marun Saab, Orlando de Souza, Urames Feres dos Santos.
PTB - Anacleto Feres, Armino Ortega Martins, Olga Montanari de Mello.
PR - Jaime da Silva Reis, Lauriston Garcia.
PST - Nilo Ribeiro Figueiredo, Silas Rodrigues.
PTN - Conceto Constantino, João Anhe.
PRP - Glaucio Perrella.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 29.909

SÃO PAULO

Prefeito - Adhemar Pereira de Barros - PSP-PRP
Vice Prefeito - Cantídio Nogueira Sampaio - PSP-PRP
Vereadores: Eleições realizadas em 3/10/955
Comparecimento de eleitores - 841.862

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Informante: Tribunal Regional Eleitoral do Estado de São Paulo.

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ESTADO DE SÃO PAULO
ELEIÇÕES MUNICIPAIS EM 24 DE MARÇO DE 1957
Executivos e Legislativos Municipais

BARUERI

Prefeito - João Acácio de Almeida - PTB-PSD
Vice Prefeito - Nestor Camargo Oliveira - PTB-PSD
Vereadores: (13)

PSD - Feres Hadad Neto, Mário Camargo da Silveira, Miguel Antonio.
PTB - Amos Maucci, Antonio Arlindo Nastulevitch, Constantino de Camargo.
PR - Adonai de Almeida Silos, Wágih Sales Nemer.
PSB - Bento Vieira de Albuquerque, Hélio Berzaghi.
PSP - Dimitri Souciuc, Orestes Braz.
PTM - Oswaldo Leme da Silva.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 4.626

CUBATÃO

Prefeito - Armando Cunha PSB-PSP-PRT
Vice Prefeito - Clovis Henriques de Campos - PSB-PSP-PRT
Vereadores: (13)

PSP - André de Vita, Aristides Lopes dos Santos, Domingos Pucciariello, Francisco Alberto Trombino.
PSD - Antonio Alô, Francisco Vicente da Silva, João Martins Cruz.
PR - Manuel Lourenço dos Santos, Nestor Luiz Silva.
PSB - João Batista Henriques de Campos, Luiz de Camargo da Fonseca e Silva.
PTB - João Faustino Alvarenga, João Soares Filho.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 6.644

ITAPETI

Prefeito - Fidelis Gastbarro - PR
Vice Prefeito - José Ferreira Franco - PSD
Vereadores: (11)

PSD - Antônio Alves Carneiro, Mário Santana, Pedro Higa, Octacílio Dantas, Teófilo Tamasiro, Zimpo Kubagawa.
PTB - Antônio Manoel Tavares, José Matias, Oswaldo Zanella.
PR - Gabriel de Castro Roque, Oswaldo Haider.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.158

JUQUÍÁ

Prefeito - Olympio Adorno Vassão - PR
Vice Prefeito - José Miadaira - PR
Vereadores: (11)

PR - Antônio José de Souza Filho, Erasmo Franco de Oliveira, Hitoshir Owiya, José Camargo Andrade, Matathias Vassão.
PTB - João Calisto de Barbosa, José Teixeira, Manoel Soares da Costa, Seisico Hatanashi.
PL - Henrique Morato de Pontes, Pedro Vieira de Camargo.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.517

PEDRO DE TOLEDO

Prefeito - José Petténá - PR
Vice Prefeito - Moisés Talib - PSP
Vereadores: (11)

PSD - Fermino José da Costa, Jasonias Leite da Silva, Odette Lellis Soares, Pedro de Oliveira.
PSP - Brasil de Carvalho, Joaquim de Sá Lemos, Nelson Rainho, Yoneo Simabukuro.
PTB - Fironobu Simabukuro, Maria Ignez Gonçalves Petténá, Oswaldo Fleury.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 908

SANTOS

Prefeito - Silvio Fernandes Lopes - PSP-PTB-PIN
Vice Prefeito - Jayme Peres - PTN
Vereadores: Eleições em 3/10/955
Comparecimento de eleitores - 57.570

SÃO CAETANO DO SUL

Prefeito - Oswaldo Samuel Massei - PR-PRT-PTN-UDN
Vice Prefeito - Lauro Garcia - PR-PTN-UDN

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Vice Prefeito - Belmiro Niero - PSP-PRP

Veradores:(11)

PSP - Antonio Bichara, Antônio Elias, Aurélio Niero.

PTN - Armando Izoldi, Joaquim de Almeida, Luiz Rotela.

UDN - Gil Celidônio Gomes dos Reis, Odilon Leite Ferraz, Reducine Martins Cruz.

PSD - Paulo Storani, Serafim Piffer.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.641

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Informante: Tribunal Regional Eleitoral do Estado de São Paulo.

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PSP - Antônio Martins, José Bernardino.
PTB - Antônio Rachid.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.252

TAIÚVA

Prefeito - Sérgio Lanconi - PTB-PSP
Vice Prefeito - Danton Ribas - PTB-PSP
Vereadores: (11)
PTB - Jesus Ubirajara Soares, José Pedro Rapetti, Joselyn da Fonseca Brandão,
Oswaldo Pereira, Serafim Dourado.
PSP - João da Silveira Rocha, José de Oliveira, Waltemar Zambrano.
UDN - Aristides Cardoso da Cunha, José Gonçalves da Fonseca, Rubens Cardoso
Bruno.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 982

TERRA ROXA

Prefeito - Calvisio Cavali - PSP-PSD
Vice Prefeito - Dionísio Pizzo Marostica - PSP-PSD
Vereadores: (11)
PSB - Agostinho Chiarelli, Alfredo Cervi, João Arcílio Tremonte, Pedro Orlando.
PSP - Abdulatif Abrão, Benedito Francisco de Almeida, Newton Santos Oliveira,
Salomão Zacitite.
PSD - Elcídes Carreira de Mello, Lauro Fernandes, Nelson Augusto de Souza.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 948

TIMEURY

Prefeito - Francisco Vianna - UDN
Vice Prefeito - João Vieira Campos - UDN
Vereadores: (9)
UDN - Álvaro Osório Alves Lima, Antônio Rocha Buscato, Hildrio da Silva Pinto,
João Vianna Simões, José Fernandes dos Santos, Lindolpho Camargo Alves,
PSP - Anibal de Barros Moreira, Camilo dos Passos Freitas, Fausto Zanforlin.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 990

TUPI PAULISTA

Prefeito - José Fortes - PSD-UDN
Vice Prefeito - Adílio Antonio de Lourdes - PSD-UDN
Vereadores: (13)
PSD - Aderson Fursino Ferreira, Belmar Ramos, Gabriel Lima Dourado, José Esteves
Martins de Andrade, Olívio Rigotto.
PTB - Carlos Faria de Andrade, Luiz Alves Cardoso, Octávio Rabello Bacellar.
PSP - Antônio Cesário Sabino, Hiroshi Heto.
UDN - Antônio José Gonçalves Fraga, Servásio Fernandes Cunha.
PSB - Deoclécio Paulino da Costa.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 4.352

UBIRAJARA

Prefeito - Albino Carboni - UDN-PSP
Vice Prefeito - José Guerra Filho - UDN-PSP
Vereadores: (11)
UDN-PSP - Abdiel da Silva Maia, David Lourenço Brigues, Eufrásio Paulino dos
Santos, Joaquim Euzébio Negrão, José Ferreira Dias, Lázaro Machado de Oli
veira, Mathias Alves Negrão, Pedro Jacintho Filho, Porcino Antônio de L^a
ma, Siqueira de Moraes, Wanderlei Massuci.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 972

VALENTIM GENTIL

Prefeito - Arthur de Oliveira - PRP
Vice Prefeito - Gustavo Pantaleão de Lima - PSD
Vereadores: (9)
PRP - Eugênio Buosi, José Lucas de Melo, José Safioti, José Vicente, Manoel de
Souza.
PTB - Jayme Antunes de Almeida, Onésio José Lopes, Vergílio Lopes de Oliveira.
PSB - João Parmegiani.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 717

VINHEDO

Prefeito - Abrahão Aun - PSP-PRP

0354

RIFAINA

Prefeito - João Batista Correia - PSD-UDN-PSB

Vice Prefeito - Casemiro Cosme Biondi - PSD-UDN-PSB

Veradores:(9)

UDN-PSD-PSB - Antonio Paula Vieira, Camal Helló, José Batista dos Santos, Manir Salomão, Manoel Antonio Novo, Olyntho Florentino da Silva, Sebastião Gonçalves Sebastião.

PSB - João Vieira Pinho, José Benedito Rodrigues.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 654

RINCAO

Prefeito - Natale Chierici - PSD-UDN

Vice Prefeito - Antonio Lazari - PSD-UDN

Veradores:(11)

PSD-UDN - Antônio Pinto, Antonio Quirino de Oliveira, Clóvis Braga Pinto Ferraz, Donato Antonucci, Duílio Rocha, Fauzi Jorge Cury, Henrique Ródel.

PTB - Arthur Urbano, Euclydes Alves Ferreira de Campos, Jayme Baptista.

PTN - Antônio Joaquim dos Santos.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.040

RUBIÁCEA

Prefeito - Francisco Guimarães Sobrinho - PTB

Vice Prefeito - Dante Jorge Bombarda - PSP

Veradores:(11)

PTB - Hamilton Gomes, Hélio Moza, Luiz Ferreira Marques, Sebastião Leite da Moura, Sebastião Thomistodes de Carvalho, Zé Laranjeira Pimentel.

PSP - Fauzi José Saab, Francisco de Paula Leite Nogueira, João Castano de Souza, João Zaffaron, Virgínio Garbelini.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 822

SANTA GERTRUDES

Prefeito - Alfredo Garandina - PTB-PSB

Vice Prefeito - José Giacominini - PSP

Veradores:(11)

PSB - Earnabé Tonon, Geraldo Aparecido Rocha, Izidoro Demarchi,

PSP - Guerino Codo, Oscar Rafael da Rocha, Oswaldo Rafael da Rocha.

PTB - Eugênio Secco, Luiz Ribeirão, Orlando Ferrenti.

PSD - Alcides Soave, Carlos Augusto Buschinelli.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 984

SÃO JOSÉ DA BELA VISTA

Prefeito - André Limonta - UDN-PTB

Vice Prefeito - José Orlando Caramori - UDN-PTB

Veradores:(9)

UDN - João Floro Filho, João Geraldo Raimundo, Sebastião Queiroz.

PSD-PSB - João Cassis Neto, Jorge Luiz.

PTB - Jaime Panício, José Mário Bereta.

PTN-PSP - Euclides Furlan, Rafael Liria Gasparini.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.194

SERRANA

Prefeito - João de Aguiar - PSD-PTB

Vice Prefeito - João Pereira Maia - PSD-PTB

Veradores:(11)

UDN - Durval Garavazzo, Evandil Fausto da Silva, Farid Issa, Hermenegildo Mango, Maurilio Biagi, Plácido Martins de Assis.

PSD-PTB - Isaltino Fermino da Silva, Lucídio Garavazzo, Luiz Licerias, Mário Montanari, Melchior Moura Navarro.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.660

SUZANO

Prefeito - João Alves Machado - PSD-PR-PSP

Vice Prefeito - Paulo Portella - PRP-PTB-PSP

Veradores:(13)

PRP - Alberto Nunes Martins, Herculano Américo Pero, Mardo Candelária,

UDN - Luiz Pavésio, Massaxi Nagai, Norton da Costa Soares.

PSB - Ezequias Dias da Rocha, Leônidas Dias Ferreira.

PSD - Agenor da Cunha Pinto, João Antônio Medolo.

0353

PARAÍZINHO

Prefeito - Manoel Marques Silva - PSP-PSB
Vice Prefeito - Francisco Moreira - PSB-PSP

Veredores:(15)

PSP - Celso Alves, Francelino Fernandes, Geraldo Salim Jorge, Horácio Januário,
José Joaquim de Araújo.
PR - Antônio Paulo de Abreu, Aurélio Gonçalves dos Santos, José Inácio da Sil
va, Roque Sevilha.
PSB - Arnaldo Ruiz, Djalma Barbosa de Oliveira, Heitor Pedro de Araújo.
PSD - Joaquim Divino Pantarotto, Plauto Ramos Pereira Barreto.
PTB - Abílio Augusto Cepeda.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.076

PLANALTO

Prefeito - Gelsomino Toley - PSD
Vice Prefeito - José Lopes Marques - PSD

Veredores:(11)

PSD - Angelo Arnoni, Antônio Teixeira dos Santos Filho, Ben-Hur Junqueira Ribe
ro de Andrade, Francisco Vicente Tenseiro, José Norberto da Silva.
PSB - Guilherme Bernardes, João Belchior Sobrinho, Manoel Lemes da Silva.
PSP - Ernesto Alves Moreira, Luiz Camarin Neto, Nemesio Rodrigues Chaves.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 747

POÁ

Prefeito - José Lourenço Marques - PTB
Vice Prefeito - Pedro Esperidião Hoffer - PTB

Veredores:(13)

PTB - Antônio Souza, Delfim Gomes, Farid Domingues, João Alves de Carvalho Ju
nior, Miguel Regiani, Odésio Chearelli, Pedro Calil.
PSD - Armando da Silva, José Pereira, Lúcio Franco Pinto.
PSB - Cipriano Osvaldo Mônico, Eulálio Nunes da Silva.
PSP - Guido Guida.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.674

PONGAI

Prefeito - Guido Campitelli - PSD-PTB
Vice Prefeito - Antonio Augusto Gonçalves - PSD-PTB

Veredores:(11)

PTB - Francisco Henrique, Gonzalo Cardoso da Silva, José Andrade José Fabem Fi
lho, Olímpio Capelli.
PSD - Alexandre Buzalai, Armando Stevanato, Gerino Luiz de Castro, Honório Perez.
PSP - Joaquim dos Santos, Otávio Cardoso de Moraes.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.031

PRESIDENTE EPITÁCIO

Prefeito - Temístocles Maia - PTB-PSD
Vice Prefeito - Vicente Linhares Frota - PTB-PSD

Veredores:(11)

PTB-PSD - Armando Rosas, Elson Gomes da Rocha, Ernesto Coser, Gerônimo Ribeiro,
Waldyr Reis Loyola
PR - João Ferreira da Silva, José Theodoro de Souza.
PSB - Caio Leão, Nelson Lopes.
PSP - Joel Irineu Fialho.
UDN - Nildo Macedo.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.503

REGINÓPOLIS

Prefeito - Hilário Spuri Jorge - PTB
Vice Prefeito - Natalino Trizi - PTB

Veredores:(11)

PTB - Atílio Ferro, José Ramos de Oliveira, Mário da Silva Corrêa, Pedro Gotar
di, Raduan Miguel, Silvio Barbosa de Quadros.
PDC - João Benvido de Camargo Filho, João Ribeiro da Silva, Zeferino Lazari.
PSB - Antônio Garcia de Almeida, João Cavioli.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 754

0352

PDC - José Zanelli, Sebastião Martinelli, Silvio Longui.
PSB - José Natal de Oliveira, Luiz Rodrigues Simões, Redemacio Braguini.
PR - Bartolomeu Flores, Waldomiro Marques de Oliveira.
PTB - Braz Campanholo, Paulo Garcia Nand.
PRP - Agenor Olivieri
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.604

MONTE ALEGRE DO SUL

Prefeito - Nereu Beneduzzi - PSD
Vice Prefeito - Claudio Tedeschi - PSD
Vereadores: (11)
PSD - Antenor Pavia, Antônio Ferreira Neves, Antônio Granzoto, Jayme Peterlini,
Maurício Paiva Lopes, Rubens Vitta da Silva, Vitorie Garzeri.
PDC - Adão Rodrigues de Campos, João Fernandes da Silva, Lupércio da Silva, Oví
dio da Paiva Simões.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 726

MONTEIRO LOBATO

Prefeito - Fernando Sennowand Filho - PTN-PR-PTB
Vice Prefeito - Benedito Monteiro de Prado - PTN-PR-PTB
Vereadores: (9)
PTN-PR-PTB - Antônio Ballerini, Francisco Assis da Costa, Fued Rachid, José B
enedito Monteiro, Josué Leopoldine.
PSB - Abílio Pereira Dias, Benedito Justino Filho, Castane Manzi Sobrinho, João
Gonçalves dos Santos Filho.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 948

OSCAR BRRESSANE

Prefeito - José Ambrásia dos Santos - PTN
Vice Prefeito - Maria Girette - PTN
Vereadores: (11)
PTN - Alcides Giroto, Antonio Rodrigues Barrionueve, Eugénie Doratjotte, Fran
cisco de Rossi, João Camilo, Luiz Peralta Demartins, Oscar Picchi.
PDC - Anizie Persira de Lage, Delmiro João da Silva, Laurindo Pedro Camilo, O
lando Camilo
Comparecimento de eleitores - 826

PACAEMBU

Prefeito - Renato Pedro Batisten - PSP-PSD
Vice Prefeito - Pedro Schiavo - PSP-PSD
Vereadores: (15)
PSD - Antônio Alves Pereira, Benedito Felipe Fonseca, Evaristo Rodrigues Leite,
Galdine Stefane Bassan, Marie Kawakami, Sebastião Vieira, Tomé Hizeze, Te
sie Shigueta, Yoshite Kawaguti.
PSB - Alayr da Silva Spinola, Anesie Zeminian, Benedito Silva.
PTB - Guido Cavicchioli, Oswaldo Vicente Neves.
PSP - Sadue Tashire.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.819

PAULICÉIA

Prefeito - Kire Sentarre - PTB
Vice Prefeito - Antonio Carlos da Costa - PTB
Vereadores: (11)
PTB - Adalgize de Macedo, Antônio Tessarini, Euzire Santos, Aymeré Santos Mates,
Joel Aureliano de Sá, José Gonçalves Pereira, Sabina Salim Berige.
PSD - Francisco Lopes de Barros, Gilberto Silva,
PSP - Manoel Laudemiro Rodrigues, Vicente Pereira dos Santos.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 425

PIQUEROBI

Prefeito - Júlio Bariani - PSB-PSP
Vice Prefeito - Hacuzi Yamada - PSB-PSP
Vereadores: (11)
PSB - Antônio Biffe, Antônio Gianelli, José Leandro de Almeida, Marcelo Dassie,
Matheus Bariani, Pedro Fabris, Virgílio Francisco Rezende.
PSP - Antônio Carreira Bernardine Filho, Cláudio Cerra, Jayme Ribeiro, João J
lio Bonillo Barnabé.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 680

0351

ITIRAPUÁ

Prefeito - Francisco Coelho do Nascimento - PSD-PSP

Vice Prefeito - Sebastião Alves da Silva - PSD-PSP

Vereadores: (9)

PSP - Amaro Alves da Silva, Arnaldo Theodoro de Souza, Francisco Ferreira Faria, José Antônio Pereira, José Cândido de Oliveira, Olívio Faleiros, Onofre Moretti.

UDN - Antônio Pires Sobrinho, Aristeu Laspinasse.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 917

JABORANDI

Prefeito - Luiz Ferreira - PL

Vice Prefeito - Angelo Paro - PSD-PSP

Vereadores: (9)

PL - Amadeu Pagliuso, Anísio Justino da Silva, Antônio Ferreira, Antônio Maçon, Antônio Simão Marques.

PSD-PSP - Benedito Ferreira de Souza, José Tavares, Mohamed Salim, Nader Nadruz,
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.282

JALES

Prefeito - Euphly Jales - PTN-PSP-PDC

Vice Prefeito - Anóric Amadeu - PTN-PSP-PDC

Vereadores: (15)

PSD - Alexandre de Moraes, Armino Pilharne, Braulino Martins Gonçalves, Eduardo Ferraz Ribeiro do Vale, Pedro Nogueira, Roberto Vale Roemberg.

PSP-PTN - Domingos Paz Landim, Elvo Pigari, Izalas Leura de Amorim, João do Carmo Lisboa, José Nogueira de Souza, Vicente de Paula Prado Gonçalves.

PDC - Arnaldo Silveira, Ilton de Carvalho, Yosihito Takaki.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 5.126

JARINU

Prefeito - Guilherme Zanoni - PSB-PTB

Vice Prefeito - Anselmo Contesi - UDN

Vereadores: (9)

PSD - Antenor Antonio Manara, Antônio Pintor, Deusdedit Parise, Edgard Maximo Zambette.

UDN - Ernesto France de Moraes, Pedro Lerencini, Rodolfo Seranz,

PSB - Alcides Garcia Lopes.

PSP - Angéle Bernucci.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.061

JÚLIO MESQUITA

Prefeito - Silvie Costa - PDC-PR

Vice Prefeito - José Escomila Alarcen - PR

Vereadores: (9)

PRT - Joaquim Mesquita, Lindolpho Fernandes Sobreiro, Terezinha Alves.

PR - Boghes Meguerditchian, Jandira Fava Magaldi.

PSP - Elpidio Salvador Cotrim, Siguitosi Sato,

PDC - Iberts Prado de Val.

PTB - Sebastião Vital Galinde.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 639

JUNQUEIROPOLIS

Prefeito - Alvaro de Oliveira Junqueira - PDC-PSP-PTN

Vice Prefeito - Sebastião Vieira da Cruz - PSP-PDC-PTN

Vereadores: (11)

PSB - Antônio Infanti, Ciro de Andrade Fogaça, Isami Obara, Rubens dos Santos Bodini.

PDC - Afonso de Almeida Filho, Antônio Suedade, José Aly.

PSP - Diego Estrada Arroyo, Levy Bravo Nogueira, Watari Fude.

PTN - Adhemar Fernandes.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.882

MAGAUHAL

Prefeito - João Nimer - PDC-PR

Vice Prefeito - Laurindo Guimarães - PTB-PSB

Vereadores: (11)

0350

ESTRELA D'OESTE

Prefeito - Wilson Nogueira Lapa - PTB-PSD-PSB

Vice Prefeito - Oliveira Pires da Silva - PSB-PSD-PTB

Vereadores: (11)

PSB - Abílio Brassalotti, Agenor Rodrigues Gomes, Santos Sartoretto.

PDC - Avelino Fernandes, Olímpio Mero.

PSD - Orlando Ribeiro da Silva, Raul Pereira Leite.

PSP - Antonio Carta, Paulo Spadon de Andrade.

PTB - Antônio Miotto, João Prato.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.336

FLÓRIDA PAULISTA

Prefeito - Guilherme Spanghero - PSD-PSB

Vice Prefeito - Wilson Tozzoni Decarlis - PSB

Vereadores: (13)

PSB - Aguinaldo Chucro, Eugênio Cardoso, Frederico Barros, Hélio Chaves de Oliveira, Joaquim de Oliveira Ramos, Sebastião Pereira Lopes.

PSP - Antenor Finotti, Geraldo Chaves, Yodomi Ide.

PSD - Antônio Luiz Stefani, José Carrasco Vicente.

PTB - Domingos Travesso.

PTN - Osvaldo Gouveia.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.667

GUAPIARA

Prefeito - João Antunes Alexandre - PSD

Vice Prefeito - Daniel Pássaro - PSD

Vereadores: (9)

PSD - Adalberto Vasconcelos Batista, Antônio Victor Pereira, Bernardo Raimundo de Freitas, Eurico de Camargo, Francisco Sacomano, Joaquim Raimundo Gomes, Mauro Venturelli, Pedro Pássaro, Toshimaro Kacuta.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 988

GUARACAI

Prefeito - José Marques da Silva - PSD-UDN-PTN-PTB-PRP

Vice Prefeito - Márcio Justo - PSD-UDN-PTN-PTB-PRP

Vereadores: (13)

PSP - Altino José Braz, Benício Martins Basso, Clindo Pereira dos Santos, Sebastião Diniz.

PTB - Artur Fernandes de Paula, Manoel Rodrigues Marques, Marcos Fugishima, Misael Ferreira Pinto.

PSB - João Casero Berlanga, Vitório Gaiotto.

UDN - Ary Silveira, Osvaldo Gastti.

PRP - Juventino Nogueira Ramos.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.668

INDIANA

Prefeito - Elias Salomão - PSP-PR

Vice Prefeito - Francisco Belo Galindo - PR

Vereadores: (11)

PSP - Alberto Leite, Antônio Gimenez, Jorge Antônio Salomão, Marcos de Oliveira Castro, Nelson de Oliveira, Raul Kuhn.

PSD-UDN - Américo Polato, Eliseu Stuaní, Tucumai Y Goya.

PSB - Alfredo Dias Massoli, José Ferro.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.021

IPUA

Prefeito - Antonio Crisóstomo Coimbra - PSP

Vice Prefeito - Antonio Francisco D'Ávila - PSP

Vereadores: (11)

PSD - José Buranelo Neto, Procópio Ignácio de Oliveira, Sebastião Faustino Rocha, Waldemar Ávila.

PSP - João Batista Conrado, José Junqueira Reis Filho, Takesi Maruno, Waldomiro Dias Cardoso.

UDN - Morum Gabriel Cury, Tufi Noé Marcos.

PSB - Alcides Montanher.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.317

0349

Vice Prefeito - José Domingues do Amaral - PSB-PSD-PTB-UDN-PSP

Vereadores: (11)

PSD - Alvin José dos Santos, Audelino Pansani, Salvador Castreghini.
PSP - Dorotheo Ribeiro Baido, João Alves Filho, José Luiz do Carmo.
PRP - Osvaldo Gonçalves Machado, Paulo Guilhermes da Silva.
UDN - Amador Camilo Nogueira, Gabriel Ribeiro Neto.
PSB - Renato Andreghetto.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.104

CERQUELHO

Prefeito - José Orestes Corradi - PST

Vice Prefeito - Francisco Gaiotto - PST

Vereadores: (11)

PST - Abel Rosa da Silva, Adib Canon, Arnaldo Rodrigues, Gildo Bellucci, João Baptista Geriboni, João Glegue, João Sanson, José Marques, José Modaneze, Mário Pilon, Pedro Gaiotto.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.759

CONCHAL

Prefeito - José Ferreira de Melo - PST

Vice Prefeito - Maximiliano Mason - PDC

Vereadores: (11)

PST - Adelino Fernandes de Mello, Anselmo Zani, Antônio Maiochi, Sebastião Camargo, Sebastião Ferreira de Campos, Urbano Archângelo.
PSP - Afonso Moretti, Francisco Magnussen, João Magliatto.
PDC - Arsênio Corte, Paulo Corte.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.320

CORDISÓPOLIS

Prefeito - Jamil Abrahão Saad - PSP-PTB

Vice Prefeito - Pedro Antonio Mespanhol - PSD-UDN-PDC

Vereadores: (11)

PSD-UDN - Itamar Arrais Fior, Manoel Pereira dos Santos, Orlando Zanetti.
PSP - Braz Della Coletta, Lúia Beraldo, Orlando de Luca.
PTB - Antonio Luiz Cicolin, Luiz Milare, Mário Zaia.
PDC - Cássio de Freitas Levy, Moacyr Dias.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.190

CORUMBATAÍ

Prefeito - Dorival Monteiro - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Olívio Mina - PSP

Vereadores: (9)

PSD-PTB - Gabriel Joia, Mário Gobato, Germano Habermann, Osvaldo Sacomani.
PSP - Flávio Aparecido Doimo, Paulino Perin, Olívio Mina.
PDC - Hilário Dell'Antonio, José Cassab.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 752

COSMORAMA

Prefeito - Aristides Vendramini - PSB

Vice Prefeito - Ananias Alves Rodrigues - PTB

Vereadores: (13)

PSB - Antônio Ribeiro de Moraes, Benedito Carlos Stachissini, Francisco Cândido Lopes, Honório de Paula Ribeiro, Plácido Cambiaghi, Vasco Parreira Duarte, Wenceslau Wilson Portugal, Osvaldo José Ribeiro.
PTB - Américo Penariol, Antônio Teixeira Dória, Christovam Melhado, Francisco Scriboni, José Cassiano da Silveira.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.434

DRACENA

Prefeito - Juvenal Pezolato - PSB-UDN-PDC

Vice Prefeito - Manoel Gomes Gonçalves - PSD-PTB-PRP

Vereadores: (13)

PSD - Arthur Pagnozzi, Outi Atuzi, Pêrsio Tabajara de Oliveira Carlos, Venâncio Pedrino Guedes.
PDC-UDN - Emilio Vidotto, Norberto Martins da Fonseca, Olímpio Mura.
PSB - Celso Vieira, Leordino Silva Costa, Magid Zacarias.
PRP-PTN - Adolfo Gomes, Olindo Monteiro.
PTB - Archimedes Manso Vieira.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 5.257

0348

-2-

PSP - Antônio Florêncio Vicente, Francisco De Vilar Horta.
PTB - José Martins Garcia, Miguel Barrile Netto.
PSB - João Lucas da Silva.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.593

AREALVA

Prefeito - Adelino Mendonça - PSP
Vice Prefeito - Vitorio Giatti - PSP
Vereadores: (11)

PSP - Antônio Lima, Claudio Pegoraro, Francisco Jacinto Cardoso, Job Garcia de Almeida, José Teixeira Leite, Nelson Moço.
PTB-UDN - Adib Burihan, Antônio Cyro Forna, Antônio José Cruz, Paulo Genovese, Sebastião Baio.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.141

ARTUR NOGUEIRA

Prefeito - Severino Tagliari - PST
Vice Prefeito - Jacob Stein - PST
Vereadores: (11)

PST - Armando Tagliari, Dionísio Berton, Domingos Pelóia, José Barvinde, Luiz Spadaro, Cropanian, Orlando Furim.
PTN - Amadeu De Faveri, Antônio Sia, Bruno Tebalde, Elysio Quinteiro, Leonardo Del'Alame.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.234

BENTO DE ABREU

Prefeito - Miguel Vieira - PSP
Vice Prefeito - Sebastião José Mondini - PTB
Vereadores: (11)

PSP - Antonio Gilberto, Ferrúgio Turini, José Beccaria, José Franco Negrão, Luiz Moreira Neto, Michel C. Haddad Filho.
PTB - Lúgerio Alexandra de Oliveira, Luiz Dutra de Moraes, Oswaldo Valente.
PTN - João Batista Grillo, Marcello Viotto.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 787

BURITAMA

Prefeito - Lázaro Barbosa de Toledo - PSB
Vice Prefeito - Liberato Alves Teixeira - PTN
Vereadores: (11)

PTN - Antônio Alves Teixeira, Antônio José dos Santos, Elizário Severino Pereira, José Domingues.
PTB - Guilherme Guerra Filho, Jerônimo Angelo Cintra, José Florêncio de Ataíde.
PSB - Aparecido dos Santos, Arthur Pereira de Castro.
PSP - Alcides da Rocha Mendes, Altino José Peroldi.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.965

CABRALIA PAULISTA

Prefeito - José Soares Pereira - PSD-PTB
Vice Prefeito - Pedro Portaluppi - PSD-PTB
Vereadores: (11)

PSD-PTB - Alfredo Mendes da Rosa, Antônio Moreno Garrido Sobrinho, Antônio Vaz de Lima, Astor de Matos Carvalho, Benedito de Almeida Teixeira, Humberto Toledo Papa, Joaquim dos Santos Campones, José Madrigal Ruda, Mathews Rigga de Oliveira, Olímpio Mangilli, Theodoro Faria da Costa.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 802

CAMPOS NOVOS PAULISTA

Prefeito - Edgard Bonini - UDN
Vice Prefeito - Wilson de Maio - UDN
Vereadores: (9)

UDN - Arlindo Antônio de Oliveira, Arthur Spinelli, Fernando de Maio, João Botelho de Mello, João Carneiro dos Santos, José de Oliveira Neto, Reynaldo Augusto Paes.
PSP - João Alexandre da Silva Filho, Vivaldo de Souza.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 649

CARDOSO

Prefeito - Felício Libano - PSB-PSD-PTB-UDN-PSP

0347

ESTADO DE SÃO PAULO
ELEIÇÕES MUNICIPAIS EM 10 MARÇO DE 1957
Executivos e Legislativos Municipais

ADAMANTINA

Prefeito - Cônego João Batista de Aquino - PRP

Vice Prefeito - Antônio Cescon - PRP

Vereadores: (17)

PSP - Ernesto Theodoro Simon Júnior, Euclides Romanini, Francisco Gimenes Roda Filho, Iessa Lima Netto, Manoel Antônio de Azevedo, Tosio Niyama.

PRP - Eloy Russafa, Francisco Dario Toffoli, Gervazio Rodolpho Pozzetti, Kioto Kahi, Roldão Simioni.

PSB - Abdon Prado Lima, Primo Fioravanti Vicente.

PSD - Fioravante Tassi, Oswaldo Rodrigues da Freitas.

PTB - Bráulio Porto Costa, Domingos Martins.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 4.249

ÁGUAS DE SÃO PEDRO

Prefeito Nomeado - Armando Brandini

Vereadores: (11)

PSD-PRP - Angelo Nogueira Vila, Armando Brandini, Carlos Rogério de Algodual Mauro, Célio Gibertoni, Cesarino Sant'Andréa, João José Antonelli, João Miguel de Oliveira, João Possatto, Maximiano Rodrigues da Silva, Oswaldo Posselli, Sebastião da Silva.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 367

ALFREDO MARCONDES

Prefeito - Gabriel de Campos - UDN-PSB

Vice Prefeito - Américo João Cauneto - UDN-PSB

Vereadores: (13)

PSB - Antônio Rodrigues Jorge, Joaquim de Campos, Joaquim Watanabe, José Ferreira de Lima, Natálio Guerriero, Nilo Mazini, Oswaldo Costa, Paulo Calderan.

PSP - Antonio de Padua Carlos, Bartolomeu José dos Passos, Nelson Ochiali,

PSD - Reinaldo Marques, Waldemar Tinti.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.728

ÁLVARES FLORENCE

Prefeito - Antônio D'Oliveira Guimarães - PSD-UDN

Vice Prefeito - Jeronimo Alves Bfigido - PSD-UDN

Vereadores: (11)

PSP - Adão Luís Corrêa, Angelo Magossi, Diogo Ruiz Delgado, João Soares, José Abdalla.

PSD - Cassiano José Silva, Francisco Luís de Souza, Leandro Alves de Oliveira, Santo Baradelli.

UDN - Nelson do Valle, Lirio Gasparino.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.613

ÁLVARO DE GARVALHO

Prefeito - Júlio Marcondes de Moura - PSP

Vice Prefeito - Estanislau Ferreira de Castilho - PSD

Vereadores: (9)

PSD - José Bosquê, Manoel Simões, Mauro Ribeiro Mendes, Orlando Romani, Otacílio Pereira Nobre.

PSP - Cornélio Marcondes de Mello, Joaquim Del Castilho Filho, Josias Francisco Rodrigues, Wanda Trevisan da Silva Passos.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 589

AMÉRICO DE CAMPOS

Prefeito - Mário Jabur - PSD

Vice Prefeito - Francisco Alves Goulart - PSD

Vereadores: (11)

PSD - Eurico Gonçalves de Oliveira, José Vilar Pontes, Marcelino Shumacher, Paolino Nelson Pastore, Rachid Zeitums, Vicente Gonçalves de Souza.

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DEPARTAMENTO DE ESTATÍSTICA DO ESTADO
Diretora Geral: Celeste A. de Sousa Andrade

DIVISÃO DE ESTATÍSTICAS ADMINISTRATIVAS E POLÍTICAS
Diretor: Francisco M. Rodrigues Alves Filho

SEÇÃO DE ESTATÍSTICAS DA ADMINISTRAÇÃO, POLÍTICA E
FINANÇAS PÚBLICAS
Chefe: Paulo Roberti Moreira

Av. Brigadeiro Luís Antonio, 849 - Telefone: - 34-6278
Caixa Postal: - 8223 - São Paulo

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*Expt - Envelope No 1
San Paulo Dispatch No. 348*

HPR

GOVÊRNO DO ESTADO DE SÃO PAULO
DEPARTAMENTO DE ESTATÍSTICA DO ESTADO
DIVISÃO DE ESTATÍSTICAS ADMINISTRATIVAS E POLÍTICAS

EXECUTIVOS E LEGISLATIVOS MUNICIPAIS

ELEIÇÕES REALIZADAS EM 10 DE MARÇO DE 1.957

ELEIÇÕES REALIZADAS EM 24 DE MARÇO DE 1.957

ELEIÇÕES REALIZADAS EM 1 DE DEZEMBRO DE 1.957

ELEIÇÕES REALIZADAS EM 3 DE OUTUBRO DE 1.958

São Paulo

1960

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AIR POUCH		UNCLASSIFIED (Security Classification)	DO NOT TYPE IN THIS SPACE 732-00/3-3060
FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH			
FROM : Amcongen, SÃO PAULO	348 DESP. NO.	March 30, 1960	XR 832-50
TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		DATE	
REF : Amcongen Despatch No. 277, February 9, 1960			
ACTION For Dept. Use Only REC'D 4/5	DEPT. IN OTHER RM/A-2 CTA-10 USA-10	DEPARTMENT OF STATE BUREAU OF INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS APR 3 1960	SUBJECT: Municipal Election Results in São Paulo

Transmitted herewith are a number of copies of the State of São Paulo Department of Statistics Report on the municipal elections of March 10 and 24 and December 1, 1957, and October 3, 1958.

The October 4, 1959 election results in other municipalities of São Paulo, as compiled by the Department of Statistics, were transmitted by the despatch under reference.

For the Consul General:

Ralph J. Burton
 Ralph U. Burton
 American Consul

732.00/3-3060

Enclosures: *att*

Six Copies of Election Report
 (4-Department, 2-Rio)

CAA

LAT *tar*

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ACTION ASSIGNED TO	TAKEN
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Problems in Cuba, ranging from an American plane being shot down to a Cuban rebel taking asylum in the Brazilian Embassy, were featured.

The death of Polly Thompson, Helen Keller's principal "contact" with the world, was front-paged on March 22 in many papers.

No editorial comment or news reports on Caryl Chessman were noted in the local press this week.

Miscellaneous

13. List of Substantive Despatches

- 336 - São Paulo Bank Report Discusses Brazilian Economics in 1959
- 337 - Request for Publication U.S. Business and Labor in Latin America
- 338 - Annual Message of the Governor of São Paulo to the State Legislature
- 339 - New Plant of Timken Roller Bearing Company at São Paulo
- 340 - Request for Blacklisting During Last War
- 341 - Russian Technicians on Oil Shale Development in São Paulo
- 342 - Weekly Economic Review, March 18 - 24, 1960
- 343 - Santos Weekly Report
- 344 - Proposed Expansion by Corn Products Company in State of São Paulo Poses Financing Problem
- 345 - Presidential Campaign Highlights, Week Ending March 25, 1960

For the Consul General:

Ralph J. Burton
Ralph J. Burton
American Consul

Contributors:

Burton
Shea
McLean
Sampson
Pyle

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Salvador, Santos

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11. Lafer in the United States and Canada (Unclassified)

Brazilian Foreign Minister Lafer's trip to Canada and the United States received ample attention by the local media and gave rise to a spat between O Estado de S. Paulo and Diario de S. Paulo. On March 22, the Diario wrote an editorial praising Operação Pan-Americana and the official communique signed by Secretary Herter and Foreign Minister Lafer. The same day O Estado attacked the communique, alleging it to be "entirely empty of meaning". O Estado continued to attack the manner in which Brazilian foreign policy is being conducted by President Kubitschek and Minister Lafer. Two days later, the Diario answered O Estado, accused it of following, to a fault, its anti-administration line, of underestimating OPA, of unfairly criticizing Minister Lafer. Meira Mattos in Correio Paulistano praised Lafer's visit to the United States. On another point of American-Brazilian relations, the Diario de S. Paulo lamented that Brazil's well-meant offer to mediate between Cuba and the United States was put forward in such a way that the American government had no choice but to decline politely. The paper quoted with approval the story of President Lincoln talking to the French and Brazilian ambassadors. The French ambassador had offered to mediate between North and South in the Civil War. Lincoln promptly declined but said that if he ever would consider such a thing, the Emperor of Brazil would be the mediator. One conclusion drawn was that "mediation is a thing that is never offered. It must be discussed secretly..."

12. Press Round-up (Unclassified)

São Paulo newspapers gave considerable attention to race riots in South Africa and strongly condemned them editorially and by the tone of their headlines.

Nikita Khrushchev's visit to Paris was widely reported but little editorial comment has appeared yet.

Adlai E. Stevenson received a warm press in São Paulo, second only to President Eisenhower among American visitors in the past two years. O Estado de S. Paulo published the first installment of Mr. Stevenson's article in January, 1960, Foreign Affairs; Visão magazine gave him a very favorable cover story; his press conference was well attended; and several magazines and newspapers tried for exclusive stories.

Activities of terrorist groups in Argentina and governmental efforts to curb them were extensively reported.

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elections can be held.

Comment: Leading São Paulo trade union leaders, local labor reporters and labor ministry functionaries have informed the Consulate General's Labor Officer that Deputy Rocha Mendes Filho had for months been openly backing Rodrigues and his henchman in an attempt to wrest control of the local union from the deceased Nogueira and his fellow officers who were identified with the local FDC party. Anselmo Farabullini Junior, a left-wing state deputy who is being mentioned as a possible mayoralty candidate, also had close ties with the opposition. However, the consensus of opinion is that Rocha Mendes Filho is the leading culprit. Whether or not the viciousness of the Communist tactics opens the eyes of a number of São Paulo labor leaders who have had close ties with Communist Party trade union leaders remains to be seen.

Subversive

9. Communists and Farmers (Confidential)

According to local CAS sources, the Brazilian Communist Party is thinking of establishing communist-controlled rural leagues throughout the state of São Paulo patterned after those successful in Pernambuco. An internal party document being distributed amongst party faithful in this area says that the party has fallen behind with the rural masses because of following a leftist and sectarian line. The document proposes support to various rural workers' organizations, talks in rural areas, advocacy of wage and labor legislation for rural labor and lower rents, technical assistance and credit for sharecroppers.

Psychological

10. Disarmament (Unclassified)

In a week of exciting international developments, careful negotiating in Geneva and an apparent change in the Soviet position on disarmament constituted high points for local newspapers. The importance of the conference was reflected in the serious concern given to disarmament by leading newspapers. While some newspapers lauded the Soviet move and saw it as a harbinger of hope, Theophilo Andrade in the Diario de S. Paulo called it an "illusion". He maintained that negotiation was starting at the wrong point and thought that if principal political problems were solved, disarmament differences could be quickly resolved. Erwin Theodor in A Gazeta disagreed: "It is undeniable that the USSR gave proof that it is disposed to cooperate in a program to alleviate world tensions." O Estado de S. Paulo, also hopeful, opined: "Moscow now accepts the criterion and practice of mutual inspection. This is what is really important."

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favorable cover story, also before he arrived. The gist of both the O Estado and Visão comments was that Brazil should realize the great significance of Governor Stevenson's visit. Visão particularly called on the national government to make suitable arrangements so that the Governor would have ample opportunity to trade ideas with leading Brazilian officials.

Comment: (Official Use Only) It is possible that the above published comments, added to the evident interest São Paulo showed in Governor Stevenson's visit, prompted the national government to make him an official guest during his stay in Rio de Janeiro.

Labor

8. Communist Agitation and Union Gun Battle (Confidential)

The president and vice-president of the São Paulo Local Union of Warehousemen and one of the leading members of an opposition group within the same local were shot to death after a violent gun battle which terminated a turbulent three hour meeting on March 18. The meeting had been convened to vote on the expulsion of three members of an opposition slate which, spurred on by PTE state deputy José Rocha Mendes Filho (a member of the Communist Party), had for some months been hurling apparently unfounded charges of graft and corruption at the incumbent officers.

Pedro Rodrigues de Andrade of the opposition group started the shooting during the course of a secret ballot. Realizing that he was at the point of expulsion after being informed by a number of union members in no uncertain terms that they had voted against him, he whipped out a pistol and blazed away at the presiding officers. This set off a violent gun battle and after the smoke had cleared, the local's president and vice-president, Amácio Nogueira and Durval Chabariber, were found mortally wounded, and the corpse of Rodrigues lay in the center of the union hall riddled by bullets of five different calibers. Three other union members were wounded during the fray. Nogueira and Chabariber died after being removed to a nearby hospital. Two police agents who had been called to maintain order, and who had whiled away the time during the course of the violent meeting in an adjacent room, began an investigation.

As of this date, no arrests or formal charges have been made. Nevertheless, the Federal Ministry of Labor has seized control of the union and appointed a government interventor until new union

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as "excellent". The Governor then met with leaders of the American Chamber of Commerce at a luncheon given by the Consul General; called on Governor Carvalho Pinto; and that evening attended a reception in his honor given by Mr. and Mrs. Hickman Price, Jr. (she is Michigan Democratic Committeewoman).

The Governor and party spent their second full day at the Swift cattle ranch near the town of Presidente Prudente. On the day of his departure Governor Stevenson attended a labor seminar at the Syndicate of Telephone Workers; visited the Mercedes Benz factory (at the invitation of its director, Hickman Price, Jr.); and held a press conference at the Syndicate of Professional Journalists.

The Governor's press conference covered a wide variety of subjects. Governor Stevenson declared that the countries of Latin America could set an example to the world by reducing armaments; he lamented the deterioration in American-Cuban relations, which had resulted from the actions of Fidel Castro and those in his government sympathetic to Communism; the errors of the former Batista government did not provide justification for mass executions; he said that Chessman was a common criminal guilty of many crimes, but that all his life he has opposed capital punishment. Stevenson observed that President Eisenhower had visited many countries in order to understand their problems and to establish friendly relations; that Khrushchev probably had visited Asiatic countries recently in an attempt to change the bad impression created by the aggressions of Communist China. Governor Stevenson thought that a Democratic victory in the United States would lead to improved relations with Latin America; when pressed for specifics, he cited the prevailing notion that the United States is friendly to dictators and undue emphasis on promoting business rather than development.

Before the seminar of the local Telephone Workers conducted in cooperation with the Postal, Telephone and Telegraph International, Governor Stevenson congratulated the participants for their initiative. He also stated that "one of the things we are fighting for is cultural diversity" and that therefore no society should simply copy or imitate the American example. The Governor noted that students, intellectuals and trade unions are the primary target groups of the Communists.

The Governor received excellent press coverage (see item 12 below). O Estado de S. Paulo commented editorially prior to Governor Stevenson's arrival and Visão published an extremely

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6. Party Command in State Legislature (Official Use Only)

The selection of the majority leader in the São Paulo State Assembly is expected to occur after committee members and chairmen have been chosen. The UDN has already put in a bid for the Justice Committee chairmanship. Meanwhile deputies of the various parties are proceeding to pick their legislative leaders. The UDN re-elected Antonio Mastrocola. The PTN chose Costabile Romano. The PSD is split down the middle due to the recent fight for State Assembly offices--with six PSD deputies for re-election of Luciano Nogueira Filho and six led by PSD Assembly vice-president Conceição da Costa Neves opposed to this.

Comment: (Confidential) Assembly president Abreu Sodré advises privately that President Kubitschek told Luciano Nogueira Filho not to oppose Sodré's candidacy because Sodré would become Governor if Carvalho Pinto became unity candidate for president (Kubitschek would find an ambassadorship for vice-governor Porfirio da Paz). There are frequent private reports from competent local political observers that Kubitschek is not entirely happy with Lott and would prefer a good unity candidate.

The fight for the two key committee chairmanships, Justice and Finance, provoked much political jockeying last year. The maneuvers for these posts this year may give some insight into party alignments. If the PDC gets the majority leadership of the State Assembly with UDN support, as some expect, this would indicate a PDC-UDN alliance which could give the two political domination in the state.

7. Governor Stevenson's Visit (Unclassified)

Former Presidential aspirant and Democratic Party leader Adlai E. Stevenson arrived in São Paulo from Montevideo on the afternoon of March 21 and departed for Rio on the afternoon of March 24.

The former Governor was briefed by the Consul General and staff during an hour long session at the Consulate General on the morning following his arrival. Accompanied by the Consul General and his Principal Deputy Officer, Governor Stevenson and some of the members of his party were then briefed by the State Secretary of Public Works and other state officials on the Governor's "Plan of Action" for the development of the state. Governor Stevenson was presented with a copy of the Plan in English and described it

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resigned recently as Secretary of Education in pique over a rebuke from the Governor. The rebuke came because invitations to a PDC pro-Ferrari-for-vice-president cocktail party were distributed to mayors and aldermen attending a celebration of the Governor's first year in office at the Governor's Palace. The Governor took advantage of the occasion to register also some complaints on administrative failings. Queiroz Filho reportedly submitted his resignation, not expecting it to be accepted (the Governor less than a week previous had declared that his Cabinet would remain unchanged throughout his term of office). Whatever may have been his expectations, Queiroz Filho reputedly prefers politics and dislikes administration.

5. Visitors from Poland (Official Use Only)

Six members of the Polish parliament, accompanied by a Polish journalist, arrived in São Paulo from Brasília on the evening of March 23 for a two day visit. The principal purpose was to reciprocate a visit to Poland by Brazilian legislators but also they would try to create a climate favorable to commercial, cultural and diplomatic relations between Brazil and Poland. On disembarking, spokesman Oskar Lange made the usual nice remarks about Brasília, São Paulo and the good reception given Polish immigrants. Lange plugged disarmament as the only way by which peace can prevail in the world. He also endorsed visits by national leaders to other countries, observing that the press throughout the world reacted favorably to Krushchev's visit to France.

During their first day, the party paid courtesy calls on the Governor, the Mayor and the State Assembly, visited the local Willys automotive plant, and attended a dinner given in their honor by Federal Deputy Herbert Levy. On the weekend there will be sight-seeing, a press interview and a reception.

The party includes Polish parliamentary president Oskar Lange (also professor of economic sciences at Warsaw University), Jan Karol Wende (chairman of the parliamentary committee on culture and fine arts), Josef Olszewski (chairman of the parliamentary committee on heavy industry, chemicals and minerals), Tomaz Malinowsky (member of the parliamentary committee on agriculture and food industries), Roman Nowak (also member of parliament), and woman journalist Berta Babat.

Comment: Herbert Levy informed this post's Deputy Principal Officer that the small dinner for sixteen was in return for hospitality extended when he and others were in Poland during the past. Oskar Lange advises that he taught economics at the University of Chicago from 1938 to 1945.

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Comment: (Confidential) The Catholic Church has a very clear partisan interest in the pending bill which gives private schools a share in running the country's total educational program as well as a share in public expenditures for education. Now that student manifestations (previously reported) against these features and "in defense of public education" have subsided, the church representatives are evidently moving to blunt pressures for amendments of the bill, now pending in the Senate.

4. The Governor's Program (Official Use Only)

Three items in São Paulo Governor Carvalho Pinto's program caught headlines this past week and will doubtless add to his political fame and popularity. On March 25, the Governor signed twelve contracts for almost two billion cruzeiros of highway construction in the interior of the state, bringing the total thusfar contracted by the Governor for this purpose to some 2.7 billion cruzeiros. Secondly, the Governor submitted a proposed bill to the State Assembly completely revising vocational training for workers and education in home economics and applied arts for women. There will be an industrial orientation course of two years for apprentices which would overlap a four-year basic industrial course (high school level), a four-year technical industrial course (college level), as well as teacher training. The college level course would produce the assistants to the engineers and administrators in industry. New school facilities would be built; existing facilities would be renovated and re-equipped. The program would meet urgent needs of industry and broaden education to serve all categories, especially the less favored. One objective, said the Governor, is creation of a worker's "elite"--more technicians and fewer doctors (not of medicine, just "educated").

Also at the end of the past week came word of a message from the Governor to the Legislature to be delivered in early April which would rank second in importance only to the Governor's four year Plan of Action. It will cover agricultural reform. It is expected to include tax incentives for the productive cultivation of the land.

Comment: (Confidential) It appears that the Governor now has strength in all key cabinet posts except Health (occupied by Fauze Carlos, brother of PTN national president Emilio Carlos). According to UDN deputy Abreu Sodré, PDC national president Queiroz Filho

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While a great hunger for the presidency and an extreme irritation with Lott may explain the firming of Adhemar's resolution to run for the presidency, another possible explanation is a hope that Adhemar will take from Janio more votes of discontented masses elsewhere in the nation than he will take anti-Janista votes from Lott in São Paulo.

The local PTN has threatened expulsion of those who do not go along with party support for Quadros. This is in response to reports that Benedito Rocha, president of the PTN metropolitan directorate, is negotiating with Lott representatives. This reflects another of the local undercurrents of local discontent among Quadros supporters.

While in São Paulo, Lott denied that he had been invited or intended to go to Cuba. He also said he had made known his disapproval of certain practices of the Castro regime, during Fidel Castro's visit to Brazil. Top circulation *Folha de São Paulo* editorialized that in view of Castro's remarks against elections and democracy and doing Janio the justice of crediting him with contrary views, the trip to Cuba was divested of any rationale. (For further details on local developments in the presidential campaign, see São Paulo despatch 345, March 28, 1960.)

3. Church Supports Education Bill (Official Use Only)

D. Helder Camara, assistant archbishop in Rio, accompanied by Bishop Wilson Schmidt (also from Rio) passed through São Paulo on their way to Campinas to talk at the end of the week on the pending education bill (*Lei de Diretrizes e Bases de Educação*), agricultural reform, and nationalism. D. Helder informed the local press that this is part of a national campaign undertaken by the church for public enlightenment, that they have been traveling through various Brazilian cities "for the purpose of enlightening Brazilian youth in the face of great national problems". In addition to Campinas, there will be a talk later in the Paulista city of Ribeirão Preto. "No one should find it strange that we, coming from the Church, are taking these attitudes," said D. Helder, "we are not committing any interference (*intromissão*) as many assert, because, from a non-partisan position and strictly in the realm of principles, we are cooperating to help the people to take a firm position in the face of Brazilian problems."

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possible future PDC-UDN understandings. To the press, Sodré said that support for Ney Braga shows that the UDN does not look at party labels, that Ney Braga is a Udenista at heart. Privately, Sodré said that the PDC leadership had become more responsive since its defeat in the recent fight for the presidency of the São Paulo state assembly, that previously they had had illusions that they could take over control of the state on their own. Now Sodré envisions a deal whereby the two parties would join forces in support of a PDC candidate for São Paulo mayor and a UDN candidate for governor (UDN State Secretary of Agriculture José Bonifácio Coutinho Nogueira). Sodré anticipates UDN support for someone other than the announced PDC mayoralty candidate, federal deputy Franco Montouro (who has used strong language against the UDN)--perhaps young Plínio de Arruda Sampaio on Governor Carvalho Pinto's staff, who has become identified with the Governor's very popular Plan of Action as the Coordinator of the Plan (in the current year alone, young Plínio has made some sixty speeches to various local groups, explaining the Plan). Sodré admits that the mayoralty aspirations of PTN national president Emilio Carlos will present problems. There are rumors that Governor Carvalho Pinto will lend his auspices to a UDN-PDC approximation, dispensing special benefits and support to both. This post has in the past reported strong, insulting language from some local PDC leaders in rejecting suggestions from UDN quarters for a PDC-UDN alliance.

2. Presidential Campaigning (Confidential)

In São Paulo to formally inaugurate state campaign headquarters, presidential candidate Lott advocated various measures and programs designed to capture the rural and city vote. The local reception for Lott was good but not impressive. The PSD, apparently fighting off extreme nationalist influences, has captured certain key posts in the Lott campaign organization in the state. While Goulart did not accompany Lott, he is expected to move into São Paulo with his henchmen and take personal command of PTB forces in the presidential campaign. Rumors of a Paulista in the Ministry of Labor and the impending resignation of regional PTB president Ivete Vargas are indicators that the PTB is getting ready to campaign aggressively. The impact of the PTB effort will very likely be felt by local labor leaders. Leftist and nationalist excesses are also likely if there is a vigorous PTB effort. While perhaps losing more votes than they gain, these tactics can produce a great deal of turbulence on the local political scene.

PSP national president Adhemar de Barros is apparently a serious presidential aspirant. Some who accompanied the São Paulo mayor's campaigning in southern states say that he has more prestige there than in his home state.

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

732.00/3-2860

FROM : Amoenon, São Paulo

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DESP. NO.

TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.

March 28, 1960

DATE

REF :

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SUBJECT: São Paulo Weekly Summary No. 39, Week Ending March 25, 1960

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2. Presidential Campaigning
3. Church Supports Education Bill
4. The Governor's Program
5. Visitors from Poland
6. Party Command in State Legislature
7. Governor Stevenson's Visit

Labor

8. Communist Agitation and Union Gun Battle

Subversive

9. Communists and Farmers

Psychological

10. Disarmament
11. Lafer in the United States and Canada
12. Press Round-up

Miscellaneous

13. List of Substantive Despatches

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
BUREAU OF
INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS
APR 4 1960

Political

1. UDN-PDC Rapprochement (Official Use Only)

Passing through São Paulo on his way back from the UDN convention in Paraná, UDN national president Magalhães Pinto said that the convention's support for Ney Braga, PDC candidate for Paraná Governor, (142 votes to 48) will be the beginning of new understandings between the two parties nationally, and especially in São Paulo. PDC national president Queiroz Filho told São Paulo reporters that in his judgment, the UDN action in Paraná will "contribute to the creation of an atmosphere of understanding between the two parties in the entire country".

Comment: (Confidential) While UDN president of the São Paulo state assembly Abreu Sodré publicly ignored the subject of PDC-UDN relationships, he privately advised this post's Deputy Principal Officer of

see last page:mlf

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IV CONSULAR

1. Consulate Assists American Travellers (UNCLASSIFIED)

On March 23, in accordance with instructions from the Embassy, the reporting officer met and assisted the departure from the S.S. Argentina of General and Mrs. Bell of the Joint Brazil-U.S. Military Commission, and their party.

On the same day the reporting officer met and extended courtesies to Mr. and Mrs. John H. Lucas of Pittsburgh, Pa., who were recommended by the Hon. James G. Fulton, Member of the House Foreign Affairs Committee.

V ADMINISTRATIVE

1. New Local Employee Begins work at Consulate

On March 21 Mr. Oroncio de Carvalho Filho began work at the Consulate as Consular Clerk.

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the port of New York. After visiting the Santos port facilities in company with Dock Company officials, a cocktail party at the Hotel Parque Balneario was offered local officials and businessmen by the Port Authority representatives, during which a color film, in Portuguese, was shown describing the many facilities offered by the port of New York.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

The Consulate assisted Messrs. O'Hara and Marçal in every way it could and was able to obtain considerable advance publicity for the visit in the local press. On the day after the visit a picture of Mr. O'Hara and the reporting officer appeared on the front page of O Diario, and A Tribuna gave the cocktail party good coverage, also with photographs.

Several businessmen have since told the reporting officer that the visit was a complete success.

2. Local Branch of the Royal Bank of Canada to Close (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The reporting officer is reliably informed that the Royal Bank of Canada's branch in Santos (and also in Recife) will be shut down, probably within six months. This will leave only branches in Sao Paulo and in Rio de Janeiro.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The reason advanced for the compression in Brazil is the current expansion program of the Royal Bank in Canada itself, which has tied up much of the bank's resources at home, as well as a shortage of managerial personnel. Among the 60 banks in Santos, the Royal Bank of Canada's deposits are fairly low and it is alleged that the Bank has not "kept up with the times".

3. Magazine Sellers Invade Santos (UNCLASSIFIED)

Over the last few days Santos has been host to a group of comely young ladies (including 3 Americans) touring South America by selling U.S. magazine subscriptions to defray their expenses. The girls accumulate points by their sales in a contest sponsored by the Local Readers Service, Inc. of Chicago, which awards \$1,000 to the winners.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

The girls have made their presence felt in most of the larger businesses here, and one businessman described their campaign as a "ton of bricks falling on Santos".

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Enclosure No. 1
São Paulo Des. #343

ARRH

OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM

TO: American Consulate General, São Paulo Date: March 24, 1960
FROM: American Consulate, Santos *VPR*
SUBJECT: weekly Comment on Events in Santos
REF:

POLITICAL

1. Janio Quadros Visits Santos (UNCLASSIFIED)

On March 18 Janio Quadros briefly visited Santos to attend the inauguration of the "Janio Quadros Central Committee" (see Weekly Comment dated February 3, 1960), located at 343 rua Senador Reijo. Speakers included State Deputy Athie Jorge Coury, Mr. Ariosto Guimaraes, Interparty Committee President Jose Carlos Junior and Forum Sindical de Debates President Expedito Guedes Rodrigues, who is President of the Sindicato dos Carregadores e Enscadores de Santos. The pro-Quadros A Tribuna gave the affair much publicity.

Janio also met privately with local labor leaders and was quoted as saying he was against abuses of import privileges which let "deputies acquire Cadillacs".

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The reporting officer has heard considerable local comment along the lines of "I like Janio, but" Most of the "buts" introduce references to his instability, as evidenced by his "irrevocable withdrawal" last fall and his projected visit to Castro's Cuba. Lott, on the other hand, after a very slow start locally, appears to be picking up some support from people who are drawn to his image of a solid, steady father-figure.

II LABOR - Negative.

III ECONOMIC

1. Port of New York Authority Representative in Santos (UNCLASSIFIED)

On March 18 Mr. Clifford B. O'Hara, Chief of the Port Commerce Division of the Port of New York Authority, accompanied by Mr. Joseph N. Marçal, Jr., its Brazilian representative, were in Santos to meet local business and shipping leaders to promote trade for the port.

VPR:ndc lph, lll/vpr

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PRIORITY		FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH		732.00/3-2560	
FROM : Amcongen, SÃO PAULO		DESP. NO. 343		XR 832.00	
TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		DATE		March 25, 1960	
REF :					
ACTION		DEPT			
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3/30		CIA-10 USA-10 LAB-6 COM-10 OSD-4			
SUBJECT: Santos Weekly Report					
Army-4 Navy-3 TA-3 FRD-3 Xm134					

Transmitted herewith for the information of the Embassy and the Department is the weekly report from the American Consulate at Santos, dated March 24, 1960.

For the Consul General:

Ralph J. Burton
Ralph J. Burton
American Consul

Enclosure:

Santos Weekly Report
dated March 24, 1960

cc: AmEmbassy, Rio

RJBurton:tar

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From Belo Horizonte

Another prominent national candidate, Fernando FERRARI, PDC (Christian Democratic Party) candidate for the Vice Presidency, descended quietly on Belo Horizonte on February 20 and initiated his Minas Gerais campaign. It is reported that Mr. Ferrari just as quietly departed this city on February 23. During his stay Ferrari confined himself to visiting various places of interest and meeting with prominent party political figures. On February 22 he granted a TV interview to a group of press and radio reporters. According to a Diario da Tarde news report, Mr. Ferrari's visit made little or no impact on the Minas Gerais political front. In his TV interview Ferrari informed the public that he had divorced himself from the PTB, charging it to be "a party of inaction". He also denied that his campaign was being sponsored by "capitalist trusts". He claimed that he would be victorious in the October election because "he has clean hands". Ferrari is being loudly endorsed by the super-nationalist "student" group, the DCE.

COMMENT.

While the consensus is that this year's electoral victory will be PSD's, the road to October 3 is still a long one. Given the facts that political parties can be mercurial; that the electorate is far from maturity; and that maneuvering for position has only made a beginning, the salient fact remains - anything can happen.

We know that it is still within PR's power to upset the coalition's applecart. Bernardes Filho's party is opportunist to the last degree. While it is not the powerful political force created by Bernardes Senior in the Vicosia municipality, it nevertheless appears to have grown in stature since the fall of 1958. With some 17 seats in the State Legislature against UDN's 11 and with a stout share of political Secretariats resulting from its 1958 alliance with PSD, PR can afford to sit back and await results since it has become almost axiomatic among political analysts here that no party can win without PR's support. It appears to be conversely axiomatic that PR will not move until it is assured of a lion's share in the spoils - no matter which party assures it.

In any event, it will be a hard political battle with neither side over-confident at this time.

Anthony E. Starcevic
Anthony E. Starcevic,
American Consul

(1) TRE predicts that the registered electorate will top 3 millions in the State's 1960 registry. 1958 electorate was approximately 2½ millions.

Copies to Political Section and Sup. Consul General/ Rio

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was that there was great misunderstanding and strife at the upper UDN level. Governor Maciel as well as gubernatorial candidate Magalhães Pinto are said to have assured newsmen that all was well in the UDN household. Mr. Magalhães Pinto told newsmen of the Diários Associados that he was extremely satisfied over the successful development of the Quadros campaign, and he took this occasion to deny that Leandro Maciel had ever contemplated stepping down from his role as his candidate for the Vice Presidency.

In Belo Horizonte on March 15 Jânio Quadros spoke to a gathering of several thousand people in a pouring rain. He told all and sundry that he was a free agent; that he had made no promises which he could not or would not keep; he vowed that he would make a clean sweep of Brazil from one end to the other.

MAGALHÃES PINTO.- José Magalhães Pinto, UDN Federal Deputy for Minas Gerais and its National President, is one of the most prominent bankers in Minas Gerais, if not in the country itself. The Banco Nacional de Minas Gerais is one of the fastest growing financial institutions in the country, it is said. It will be recalled that in May, 1959 the relatively insignificant Minas Gerais sector of the Partido Libertador (PL) under the leadership of Eduardo RIOS NETO, ex-candidate for Vice Mayor of Belo Horizonte, suddenly nominated banker José Magalhães Pinto as its candidate for Governor of Minas Gerais. In as much as this gubernatorial nomination was the first to be formally recorded with the TRE (Regional Electoral Court), it is said that Mr. Pinto holds an advantage over all other candidates since his name will appear at the head of the list under the "Chapa Unica" system. This would place Mr. Pinto in a very strategic position if one were to accept the premise that the psychology of being first on the list would induce many unwary voters to accept the easy way out by voting the first name.

Up to this time Mr. Pinto's campaign has been a sporadic one. He has made several short trips "of familiarisation" throughout the State. It has been said that he is moving at a turtle's pace when he should be racing like a greyhound. However, those close to his campaign headquarters state that there is a valid reason for this apparent lack of vigor. The UDN has not yet held its all important State Convention. This meeting is expected to take place during the end of April, if not before. At that time the UDN will formally nominate Magalhães Pinto as its candidate. Thereafter, his campaign will be intensified. Mr. Magalhães Pinto has informed the reporting officer that he expects to step down from the presidency of the Bank, yielding it to his able young son Eduardo. The candidate spoke freely regarding his chances to win the governorship, which he considered to be good. He admitted the coalition against him was indeed powerful, and that his campaign would have to be an intensive one. On the other hand, he disclosed in confidence that he had been assured of considerable PR and PSD support in the interior, where there appears to be some dissatisfaction over the operation of the PSD in the Belo Horizonte area.

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support the candidacy of San Tiago Dantas, National PTB Federal Deputy and party leader.

The Minas political waters are indeed troubled. Nevertheless, "smart money" says that these are minor troubles which will be eliminated, and that the PSD-PTB-PR coalition will be successful.

The latest word to reach the Consulate is that PSD will "sign up"; that PSD will support Clovis Salgado; and that PTB's San Tiago Dantas will step down to accept at least a senatorship in exchange for his nuisance value. In this sense it is being rumored that Dantas' "certain-to-be successful" maneuver will set an example for São Paulo's Adhemar de Barros and "integralista" Deputy Plínio SALGADO, who though they have no chance at election do have, on the other hand, a powerful nuisance value which can be exchanged for a profitable position. It is a matter of "common gossip" here that Plínio Salgado controls five million votes.

JÂNIO QUADROS' first whirlwind tour through Belo Horizonte on January 2 left mixed impressions. There is as yet no way of gauging "Jânio's" popularity in Minas Gerais. It appears to this observer that there are as many "swords" as there are "brooms". Some fence straddler politicians, such as the Director of O Diário, suggest that the "broom" symbol is becoming more and more evident.

During his brief several hours in this city Mr. Quadros accompanied by the National UDN Chief, Federal Deputy and banker José Magalhães Pinto, spoke briefly at various points along the party's Av. Afonso Pena route. Later in the day the Presidential candidate spoke informally to commercial and industrial groups. A number of "analysts" from these groups are said later to have told press reporters that their impressions of Jânio Quadros were that "he spoke much but said little". All in all, it is felt that the press generally has given Mr. Quadros full coverage. The only variation from the factual reporting evident to the present time comes from the opposition press, the Folha de Minas, which without giving any reason informed its readers that "Jânio will resign his candidacy once again".

"Jânio" returned to Minas Gerais on March 13, descending at the air base at Lagoa Santa, some 35 miles north of Belo Horizonte. Following his several speeches in the area, the UDN Presidential candidate suddenly returned to São Paulo after a flying visit to and speech in Belo Horizonte on March 15. At Lagoa Santa Mr. Quadros, according to the press, is said to have distinguished himself by discoursing at length on the importance of the local Lagoa Santa pineapple crop and its place in the national economic scheme. Present with Quadros were Governor Leandro MACIEL, candidate for the Vice Presidency; and Deputy Magalhães Pinto. As is natural many rumors resulted from this meeting, chief of which

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On March 14, PTB State Deputy Hernani Maia delivered a vicious attack on de Barros during a session of the State Legislature. It is said that at the height of his speech Maia trembled with anger. He charged de Barros with incompetence and declared that had he (Maia) run for Mayor in 1958, "he would have been elected and Belo Horizonte would have been a better place to live in".

Unfortunately, the Mayor - who is a known "lush" - has no ability as an administrator and many important items tend to slip through his fingers. To add to de Barros' misfortunes he is the heir to a municipal debt of untold millions of cruzeiros. Up to the moment he has been successful in securing "stop gap" money from the Federal Government. His most recent trip to Rio in early December bailed him out of the Maintenance Employees' strike, which saw garbage strewn all over the streets of Belo Horizonte for a period of eight days. The maintenance workers, whose salaries were three months in arrears, were paid two months' salary prior to the Christmas season. Now, again Municipal workers threaten a strike; salaries, exceedingly low, are once more in arrears. The Mayor threatens that if a strike is ordered he will "call out the troops".

PR's long and impatiently awaited State Convention was finally staged here on March 10, and once and for all settled the matter of which way the PR ball would bounce. PSD's Secretary of Finance and candidate for Governor Tancredo Neves was declared the PR choice, and its own star performer Minister Clovis Salgado was nominated for Vice Governor. For months in advance of its convention the cagey PR director Arthur BERNARDES Filho, former Senator (defeated by UDN's Milton CAMPOS '58) and son of the party's founder, is said to have dribbled insignificant but provocative news items to the press and to have spread tantalizing rumors. Twenty-four hours before the announcement of the final PR decision, "curbstone" politicians were wagering that the PR would name Jose MAGALHAES PINTO for Governor. Such talk appeared to carry weight at that time in view of a March 15 manifesto issued by a somewhat rebellious Montes Claros PSD contingent which called upon Bias Fortes and Benedito Valadares to break with the PR, charging that the PSD had never gained anything from its association with the PR except bickering and opposition.

In announcing its decision to back PSD's Tancredo Neves for Governor, the PR let it be known that the cost of this support was the requirement that the PSD-PTB coalition nominate PR's favorite son, Clovis Salgado, to the Vice Governorship. However, despite the public announcement of an agreement between PSD-PR, the mutual pact has not yet been signed by either party.

It is a known fact that the PR will not become signatory to this protocol until the PSD publicly and formally before the TRE (Electoral Court) acknowledges Clovis Salgado as its candidate for Vice Governorship. There appears to be a small fly in this ointment, however, as the PSD in ratifying its own recent "mutual assistance" pact with the PTB, swore to

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who anticipated the 1960 gubernatorial elections by bolting party control in April, 1959 in his acceptance of a nomination for the Vice Governorship by the PST (Social Labor Party). According to PTB precepts this is tantamount to heresy, and Saulo Diniz was formally read out of the party in October, 1959. This has not seemed to disturb Mr. Diniz. On October 8, 1959 he informed the Diario da Tarde that "expulsion did not bother him at all; that he had led a clean political life; that it is President Nogueira da Gama who should be thrown out".

Privately, Diniz is known to have accused both Nogueira da Gama and San Tiago Dantas of using the party for personal advancement, charging that they are "fair weather PTB members". Diniz, however, continues to fill his Deputyship. It is told in this connection that in the Executive Committee session which voted Diniz out of the PTB party, members Hernani MAIA and Glodsmidt RIANI were the two votes opposing his expulsion.

A noteworthy event involving PTB State Deputy Hernani Maia occurred in early February, 1960 when Maia publicly announced that he was "considering an enticing offer from Adhemar de BARROS to nominate me /Maia/ as PSP (Social Progressive Party) candidate for Governor of Minas Gerais". Maia, who was recently elected President of the powerful Minas Gerais Taxi Drivers' Union and who appears always as champion of the working classes, is known to display "supernationalist" tendencies. Although the Consulate has no corroborative evidence, it has been reported that Maia was a ~~prominent~~ card-carrying communist and may still be a CP member. To date there has been no word on his acceptance of the Adhemar de Barros offer.

For weeks Waldomiro LOBO, PTB State Deputy and part time circus performer, wrestler, etc., who is better known for his attempt to lead a mob on the USIS Library in 1954, has been carrying on a running fight with his PTB colleagues, accusing them of failing to support his projects. When his threats to resign from the PTB failed to create a stir in the local party, Waldomiro announced that he would carry on but would "henceforth take orders from Jango and Jesus Christ only".

Generally, PTB party activity following its convention is quiet. PTB is committed to sponsoring the PSD in the coming elections on the strength of terms which to this point have been made entirely public. It is a known fact, however, that the PTB is insisting that San Tiago Dantas be the coalition candidate for the Vice Governorship on the PSD Tancredo Neves slate.

In the municipal government sector PTB Mayor Amintas de BARROS has been harassed from all sides by problems ranging from striking unpaid municipal employees, to undiluted and bitter criticism of his stewardship by a bloc of eight oppositionist members of the City Council. Moreover, there has been considerable public talk, emanating apparently from within the PTB itself, charging incompetence; a disgrace to the party; and demanding his removal from office.

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH				732.00/3-2360	
FROM :	ANCONSUL, Belo Horizonte	DESP. NO.	17		
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.	DATE	March 23, 1960		
REF :	Consulate's despatch No. 15, dated 3/15/1960				
20 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION ARA-4 REC'D 9-5-60	DEPT. N P OTHER CIA-10	PM/R-2 IPC-8 USIA-10 NAVY-3	DEPARTMENT OF STATE BUREAU OF INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS APR 6 1960	R/HR
SUBJECT: POLITICAL: General Roundup					

To date the Minas Gerais political front is being entirely dominated by PSD (Social Democratic Party) "and Company". As a result of recent agreements with the PTB (Brazilian Labor Party) and the PR (Republican Party) (latter still to be ratified), the PSD is an impressive, offensive adversary.

There is little doubt that the "situacionista" coalition, statewide as well as at the national level, has more than consolidated its position since the 1958 elections.

Moreover, there is no doubt whatsoever that the combine generates power which at this stage of the game is of such force as to permit the prediction that UDN's National and State candidates for President and Governor, respectively, have little chance of carrying the State of Minas Gerais to victory next October.

MARSHAL LOTT and company invaded Minas Gerais for the second time at Poços de Caldas on March 22. Lott accompanied by Governor RIAS FORTES; Candidate for Governor Tancredo NEVES; João GOULART; Clovis SALGADO; Benedito VALADARES; and PTB Deputies San Tiago DANTAS and Camilo Nogueira da GAMA, spoke brief words to a cheering crowd estimated at 20,000 persons. Principal speakers were PR's Clovis Salgado, who confirmed his candidacy for Vice Governor (it is significant that no mention was made of San Tiago Dantas' candidacy for the same post); Vice President Goulart, who answered several QUADROS' criticisms; and Tancredo Neves, who promised to modernize the Minas educational system.

Mr. Lott's first appearance in his Minas campaign occurred on March 2 at his birthplace, Sitio. It was here that Lott is said to have declared for nationalism as a part of his platform; and to have said that Brazilians would never again be slaves.

The local PTB has been the source of many rumors of strife within the party for the past six months. Dissension among the members is said to have begun with the ousting of Saulo DINIZ, "nationalist" PTB deputy

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João Firmino LUZIA

- President of Cabinet Workers' Union and member of the Municipal PTB Executive Committee. Was in Moscow when the first Sputnik was released. (Said to be communist.)

Raimundo de LELIS

- Member of Masons' Union.

Hélio ASSUNÇÃO

- Lawyer

Lucio Coelho de OLIVEIRA

- ---

Sinval BAMBIRRA

- President, Textile Workers' Federation and Union. (Said to be a fellow traveller.)

Delmir Fernandes VILELA

- President of Hydroelectric Workers' Union; member of Municipal PTB Executive Committee. (Said to be communist.)

Odilon MIRANDA

- Member of Printers' Union.

Sady FIGUEIREDO

- ---

COMMENT:

It is firmly believed that this organization was created to function especially during this election year. The organization is generally committed to supporting the national PSD/PTB coalition. Various members of this organization made great to-do over the pronouncement of Candidate Lott in Juiz de Fora early in March, in his first campaign invasion of Minas Gerais. Lott is said to have declared himself for agricultural reform and nationalism. He is said also to have promised the people that "never again would Brazilians be slaves to anyone".

Anthony E. Starcevic,
American Consul

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José Milo TAVARES - Student; newspaperman; ex-president of DCE. (A true rabble rouser. Still active in student circles. Said to be communist.)

Sebastião BICALHO - President of UNEP (National Union of Government Employees), a Government employee himself.

Clodsmidt RIANI - PTB Deputy. (Said to be a fellow traveller. Uncorroborated by fact.)

GENERAL SECRETARY: Fabricio SOARES e SILVA

DESIGNATED AS KEY MEMBERS (Reason Unknown)

Fausto DRUMMOND - Leader of Bank Employees.

Expedito CHAVES - City Councilman and leader of Street-Market Vendors.

José Renato Pimentel MEDEIROS - Student; President of UMES (Minas Gerais Union of Secondary Students).

TREASURERS: Leopoldo Garcia BRANDÃO (ex-PTB Councilman);
Aluisio RIBEIRO -
Vinicius Caldeira BRANT (Student).

SPECIAL BOARD DRAWN FROM PROFESSIONAL, RURAL, LABOR AND MANUFACTURING SECTORS

Antonio ROMANELLI - Lawyer; President of Lawyers' Union.

Afonso Silviano BRANDÃO - --

Walter ROSA - --

Miguel ESTEVÃO - Laborer

Francisco NASCIMENTO - Laborer; leader of slum dwellers.

Braúlio DINIZ - Government employee

José Renato Pimentel MEDEIROS - Student

Sebastião de OLIVEIRA - --

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principal targets, of course, were the American Can Company, the Electric Bond & Share -- AMFORP group --, the Canadian Telephone Company, and any other organization which had its origin and its ties with the "Morgan trusts". Soares returned to Belo Horizonte in June of 1959 with the onset of the Força e Luz troubles (Light & Power Company) and publicly espoused the cause of the "common man" by joining the PTB (Brazilian Labor Party) and announcing to all and sundry that "he had returned to work in the cause of Brazil -- Nationalism".

Recently the Consulate received confirmation of the actual formal creation of a nationalist movement in Minas Gerais. We have been informed that this movement will work through student groups, probably the DCE. This latter fact ~~seems~~ seems to have been borne out. The group is patterned, it is said, on the structure of the national organization. There follows an organization chart as provided us by an anti-communist league member of Belo Horizonte:

BOARD OF THE NATIONALIST MOVEMENT IN MINAS GERAIS

Otelino SOL	- PSD Deputy Socialist Democratic Party)
Hernani MAIA	- PTB Deputy (Braz. Labor Party). (Said to be a card-carrying communist).
Frederico PARDINI	- PSD State Deputy. (Said to be communist member of the PSD)
Lucio de SOUZA CRUZ	- ---
João Batista Alves dos REIS	- Physician of IAPIC (Retirement & Pension Institute for Freight & Cargo Workers) and an ex- City Councilman.
Geraldo BISOTTO	- PTB City Councilman - Physician.
Oswaldo GUSHÃO	- Member of PSB (Brazilian Socialist Party) and former candidate for Mayor of Belo Horizonte - Lawyer. (Noted for his marked supernationalist views.)
Fabricio SOARES e SILVA	- Lawyer; former UDN Deputy. (Without doubt the actual head of this organization and its guiding light. Said to be communist.)
Renato FALCI	- Tradesman; former candidate for Mayor of Belo Horizonte. (Sometimes bitterly opposed to the U.S. and quite nationalist in his views. Said to be communist.)

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH					
FROM :	AMCONSUL, Belo Horizonte, Brazil		DESP. NO.	15	
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		DATE	March 15, 1960	
REF :	---			15 MAR 1959	
ACTION		DEPT.			
For Dept.	REC'D	OTHER			
Use Only	3/20	C.I.A. USE 4-10 May-3 HEW-2 HAB-6			
SUBJECT: NATIONALIST AND STUDENT MOVEMENT IN BELO HORIZONTE					

For the past year the Consulate has noted an increased tempo in the activities of local university student groups, especially the Directorio Central de Estudantes (DCE), one of the more vociferous. These activities appear to be under very able and professional directorship. Since May, 1959 the DCE student group has espoused no less than five separate causes and has attempted to shout each crusade to victory, in some cases successfully. The facts may bear out the DCE claims, as in the case of the primary school teachers' strike for higher wages in October, 1959, which resulted in markedly improved financial conditions of local secondary teachers. Another example of active DCE participation was the November strike of the City of Belo Horizonte's Maintenance Employees, who walked out in protest of salaries more than three months in arrears. The DCE backed the municipal workers to the end of the strike, which was called off only after Mayor de BARROS journeyed to Rio de Janeiro for the purpose of securing money to pay salaries.

More recently the students taking the cue from the national UNE (National Students' Union) in Rio de Janeiro, successfully "buried in effigy" Minister of Justice Armando FALCÃO, who is held responsible by the students for the roughing up of national student leader Conrado RIBEIRO in Rio de Janeiro on March 7, 1960. During one of his protest speeches, ex-President of DCE José Nilo TAVARES called the Federal Government "Fascist" and a "Police State".

It is the Consulate's opinion that the improved techniques evident in student organization activity is due largely to the activity of Fabricio SOARES. It will be recalled that Soares, an attorney, was UDN (National Democratic Union) State Deputy in 1958, and in September of that year announced that he would accept the UDN nomination for Mayor of Belo Horizonte. This nomination was not forthcoming and in angry protest he resigned his Deputyship, gave up his membership in the UDN and departed for residence in São Paulo. It may be noted here also that Fabricio Soares, prior to his departure for São Paulo, was one of the most active leader participants in all mass meetings or popular movements against United States interest, or the United States itself, etc.

AEStarcevic:kfk
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From Sao Paulo

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329 Santos Weekly Report
330 Weekly Economic Review, March 11-17, 1960
331 Request Information re Organization Typical American
Professional Municipal Fire Department.
332 Expert Request of Pedro Peres and Filha, Socorro, Brazil,
for Assistance in Establishing Trade Contact.
333 Manganite Oil Company, Champion Compression Rings,
Champion Piston Rings, Supposedly of Detroit,
Michigan.
334 Presidential Campaign Highlights, Week Ending March 18,
1960

William P. Ceehran, Jr.
Consul General

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commentators appeared anxious not to let these hopes rise too high. In A Gazeta, Erwin Theodor praised the western plan, said it seemed clear and fairly simple to put into execution but feared that national passions would make the task of disarmament very difficult. Barreto Leite Filho in Diario de São Paulo thought he saw some hope because for the first time it might be in the Soviet interest to cooperate: "I confess that I have never become very interested in disarmament conferences because to bring about peace this way is like trying to cure a cancer with an aspirin... For the first time in 15 years... not only the democratic countries but also the totalitarian Soviets have a real interest in disarmament. This is the basis of the moderate, cautious optimism that characterizes the beginning of the conference." U.S.-hating Adalgisa Nery in Ultima Hora saw it all as a "farce" because the military interests in the United States would never permit real disarmament: "To believe that the way to peace and respect for humanity might come from the United States is like believing that there are no oceans." In Correio Paulistano, Meira Mattes was gingerly hopeful: "The only hope is that Khrushchev who may wish to prove his peaceful intentions in order to gain prestige for the forthcoming Summit Meeting would order his delegates to accept some points."

9. Other Press Highlights (Unclassified)

News of the death penalty being established in Argentina was given heavy play in this country which is predominately opposed to capital punishment.

President Kubitschek's rejected offer to mediate between the United States and Cuba was a sensational but short-lived story.

Successful launching of a United States space satellite was headlined in newspapers late last week and early this week. A clear plus for the United States.

Other items of mere than passing note were the death of Chile's Benjamin Cohen, the postponement of Khrushchev's visit to France, Assistant Secretary Rubottom's remarks about Latin America, and the sense of frustration sounded in O Estado de São Paulo commentaries on American foot-dragging after the successful visit of President Eisenhower.

Miscellaneous

10. List of Substantive Despatches

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Press Reaction

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regarded as a follower of Vice-President Jango Goulart. Harry Nermanten, president of the Paulista railroad workers local union, is a federal deputy from the PTN party and has recently been active in local pro-Janio committees. Dezzo and Nermanten, according to a number of informed São Paulo union leaders met secretly prior to the strike and agreed not to sign an agreement until both unions had won the major portions of their demands. Nermanten, however, was in a weaker bargaining position as the Paulista management had recently introduced a number of labor saving devices, and was looking for an opportunity to pare its labor force.

On March 10, at 11 a.m., sharp the railroad workers on the Santos Jundiai struck and at midnight the workers on the Paulista followed suit. Two days later, however, Dezzo settled with the Santos-Jundiai for increases ranging from 10% to 32%. Federal intervention helped considerably in reaching of an agreement.

On March 14, the Regional Labor Court granted Paulista workers a wage increase of only 10%, the same amount management had offered prior to the strike. In addition, the court agreed that strikers who had engaged in acts of violence during the strike would be subject to disciplinary action, i.e., dismissal. (An excellent chance to pare down payroll.) The union refused to accept this clause. Police assigned to the strike were reinforced. Two more days of bitter discussion followed. Finally and only through the direct efforts of Governor Carvalho Pinto the railroad was persuaded to amend the clause, and simply stated that the striking railroad workers would not be punished. The Union accepted this and Nermanten "proclaimed" a great victory.

COMMENT: Charges of betrayal for settling separately are now being hurled by Nermanten forces at Dezzo and his supporters and are being denied with equal vigor. The fact that Santos-Jundiai wage increases appear substantial when compared with those of the Paulista provides political ammunition to Goulart and the PTB in future political attacks on Janio Quadros and Nermanten in seeking the votes of the railroad workers.

Psychological

6. Disarmament Conference (Unclassified).

The beginning of the "Conference of the Ten" at Geneva to discuss disarmament was the top international news story of the week in São Paulo papers. Considerable space and attention were devoted to the comprehensive western proposal for a three-stage disarmament program. The conference, while a top news story, attracted relatively little editorial comment. The prevailing theme of the four editorials noted was cautious hope, but

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presidential election contest. The aforementioned sectional rivalries and fears would seem a more plausible explanation.

6. Students Return to Classes (Official Use Only).

Student life in the State of São Paulo for the most part returned to normal on March 14 when university students who had joined in a nationwide student strike called off the movement and returned to classes. The strike in pretest of alleged brutality on the part of Rio de Janeiro police in suppressing a student demonstration against increases in Rio streetcar fares closed down 22 institutions of higher learning in the capital city and five in the interior of the state.

The strike for the most part was peaceful in São Paulo and no major incidents of violence between striking students and police were reported. The São Paulo students among other demands insisted on the immediate resignation of Federal Minister of Justice Armande Faigão whom they considered responsible for the alleged police brutality, and on the morning of March 12 they staged a mock funeral and cremation of the aforementioned cabinet official in downtown São Paulo. On the afternoon of the same day the Executive Council of the São Paulo State Union/University Students met in the auditorium of the School of Medicine of the University of São Paulo. A vigorous resolution condemning Sr. Faigão, and insisting on his immediate resignation was adopted. However, after a bitter debate the Executive Council by a close vote decided to call off the strike.

COMMENT: (Confidential) São Paulo's professional Communist agitators lost the support of the important São Paulo university students in their nationwide strike to get rid of a cabinet official who has a record of being tough on the Communists. Student life returned to normal with the exception of a) a strike of interns over inadequate quarters and b) a strike of engineering students at Mackenzie College against professors they regard as severe graders.

Labex

7. Railroad Strikes and Politics (Confidential).

Railroad strikes which tied up considerable rail traffic on the important Santos-Jundiaí and Paulista lines during the past week had a number of side issues of a political nature. The strikes involved approximately 23,000 railroad workers employed on the aforementioned railroads, and were lead by union leaders from opposite political camps. Antonio Dosse, president of the railroad workers local union which bargains for the 8,000 workers on the Santos-Jundiaí line is a member of the Communist Party, and

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COMMENT: (Confidential) In private conversations with the deputy principal officer of this post, PDC Secretary General France Monteura recently pointed out that the PDC is in the second stage of a three-stage program (1955-58 consolidate state position, 1959-62 extend power nationally, 1963-66 consolidate power nationally -- laid out with some variations in 1955 party document). Ney Braga and vice-presidential candidate Ferrari are two of the key figures in this second stage effort, according to Monteura. Whereas the PDC program for the first stage reflects a systematic organization of the party and its program in the State of São Paulo (like a large U. S. business firm's sales organization and programs), plans for the second stage, as described by France Monteura, seem to give heavy emphasis to a building around key political personalities wherever they can be found. And yet, with all of its organization and program, PDC attachment to key personalities (e.g. ex-Governor Quadros and incumbent Governor Carvalho Pinto) has been perhaps the major factor in its recent growth in the State of São Paulo.

5. Offices for Local PSD Politicians (Confidential).

Any expectations for an invigorated PSD in São Paulo were dissipated by arrangements of the past week to retain Cyrille Junior as regional party president even though he will be abroad as newly-appointed ambassador to Belgium. To avoid an internal fight for the presidency, the PSD regional directorate gave Cyrille Junior a leave of absence, and, as has happened in the past, regional vice-president José Ferreira Keffler was designated to take command. Ferreira Keffler may not give strength, but he has maintained harmony in the party organization.

The appointment of political chameleon Aure Moura Andrade, senator from São Paulo, to be majority leader in the national Senate appears in part at least a belated payoff for his shift to PSD ranks a year ago, a shift "officialized" with much ceremony in local PSD circles.

COMMENT: It appears that the PSD gives little attention to building up basic party strength in the state of São Paulo. Men who might be better able to carry through such a mission are enlisted for other tasks. For example, federal deputy Ulysses Guimarães has been recruited to head the State Letter-for-President Committee. Perhaps the PSD national membership fears an undue concentration of power or dominance by the São Paulo PSD contingent. Some observe that the PSD is weak in São Paulo and therefore receives less attention from national party leadership than other areas where the PSD has strength. This seems strained reasoning in view of the tremendous voting strength in São Paulo against which a substantial counterbalance now has to be built elsewhere in the nation in order to win victory in a

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in the 1960 program, 21 are devoted to agriculture.

COMMENT: (Confidential) Now that Carvalho Pinto has moved in on the political front (see Item 1 above and previous weekly reports from this post), his future political possibilities look increasingly bright. While this post has previously reported on parallels that have been drawn with ex-Governor Lucas Negueira Garses (1950-54) (who also enjoyed and then lost a considerable popularity), there are important differences. By the time Negueira Garses left office, state finances were in chaos and the state virtually bankrupt. Negueira Garses was surrounded by PSP politicians, even after his break with PSP national leader Adhemar de Barros. Governor Carvalho Pinto, on the other hand, has maintained financial soundness and effectiveness in the state government; while he has made political appointments, he has not gone so far as to subordinate public office to political ends. The heavy emphasis on agriculture in the 1960 program reinforces the "common gossip" observation that State Secretary of Agriculture José Benifácio Coutinho Negueira is Carvalho Pinto's choice for the São Paulo governorship in 1962.

4. FDC Moves Beyond São Paulo (Official Use Only).

FDC leadership in São Paulo moved out of the state at the end of the week to do their party politicking elsewhere in Brazil. Paulista national party president Queiroz Filho and Paulista national party secretary general (and federal deputy) Franco Montoro moved on to a national party convention in Porto Alegre (Rio Grande do Sul) where the FDC will consider revising party statutes and intensifying the Quadros-Ferrari campaign (for president and vice-president). Ney Braga, FDC federal deputy and candidate for governor in Paraná, left São Paulo after a week of conferences with national party leader Queiroz Filho and others. Looking optimistically for support for his candidacy for governor at the UDN convention in Paraná this coming week, Ney Braga told local reporters that he believed that understandings of national UDN president Magalhães Pinto and newly-elected São Paulo state assembly president Abreu Sodré (both leave for the UDN convention in Paraná this coming weekend) with the FDC in Paraná, could bring favorable repercussions for the approximation of the FDC and UDN in São Paulo. Also there is a strong anticipation locally, out of the Ney Braga conversations, that presidential candidate Janio Quadros, federal deputy from Paraná, would, at the opportune moment, endorse Ney Braga's candidacy for Governor of Paraná. *Fro-PSD Diário de São Paulo* on March 19 reports that the FDC "is growing and taking roots in practically all the states." (The main strength and growth of the FDC has been in São Paulo.)

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was "fed up" with presidential candidate Janio Quadros, would continue his endorsement of Quadros but would not give vigorous support. The Governor's eulogy of the Kubitschek administration at the recent luncheon for U. S. President Eisenhower bears this out in view of Janio's heavy campaign attacks against the national administration.

During the week, a pro-Lott campaigner in São Paulo identified Brasília as a Paulista achievement from which São Paulo industry had drawn and would continue to draw large profits -- another example of a pro-Lott tactic of tailoring campaigning to appeal to local pride and interests. Janio Quadros' campaigning in this area appears to veer to an old successful pattern -- the little man defender of the little people, imminent victim of calumny, with little support from press, radio or TV. Also during the week there were additional gestures of defense and support for Janio's trip to Cuba. An O Estado de São Paulo editorial condemning President Kubitschek's offer to "mediate" and praising U. S. handling of Cuba should encourage readers to react likewise against Janio's impending Cuba trip.

Officers of this post have been informed of a recent nationwide poll on presidential and vice-presidential candidates for Janio's private use (not for propaganda purposes). It shows Janio leading Lott by 4% (25% to 21%) nationwide, with almost 50% undecided. Janio's vote in São Paulo was 70% with few undecided. Given the evidently strong Lott sentiment and the large undecided vote outside of São Paulo, one can conclude that an adjustment in the undecided votes as between São Paulo and the other states to eliminate this distortion factor would swing the national figures to give Lott the lead. (For more details on the presidential and vice-presidential campaign, see São Paulo Dispatch No. 334, March 21, 1960.)

3. The Governor's Annual Message (Official Use Only).

Governor Carvalho Pinto's message to the state legislature this past week took the form of a 135 page book, reviewing last year's achievements and setting forth a 45 point program for the current year. The 1960 program gives heavy emphasis to two areas in which the national government has been recently criticized -- neglect of individual well-being in pursuit of economic development and neglect of agriculture. The first of three parts into which the 1960 program is divided relates to the "betterment of living conditions" and calls for a considerable construction of schools, increased technical training, new health centers, more child care centers, the expansion of water and sewer supply, etc. On the agricultural front, there are proposals for storage and silos, seed distribution, extension services, mechanization, experiment and demonstration services, financing, etc. Of the 45 points

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2nd Vice-President	Gustave Martini (PRT), 81 votes
1st Secretary	Araripe Serpa (PTN), 53 votes against 35 for Cyro Albuquerque (PSP)
2nd Secretary	Vicente Botta (PR), 83 votes
3rd Secretary	Carlos Kherlakian (PRP), 56 votes against 28 for Benedito Matarazzo (PTB).
4th Secretary	Anibal Hamam (PTB), 36 votes against 21 for Edouarde Barnabe (PSB).

The winning slate captured votes from all parties except the PSP and the FDC.

COMMENT: (Confidential) Two questions arise. Does the victory indicate that there will be a better organization and functioning of majority forces in the state legislature? Secondly, is Christian Democratic Party strength shaken by the defeat? On the first point, one notes that the Assembly acted on 129 proposals in the first three days of the new legislative session. Skeptics point out that these were in first reading and are generally noncontroversial. Skeptics further observe that opposition legislators are supporting bills likely to be vetoed by the Governor (not local projects of state deputies) in the hope of ultimately generating ill-feeling toward the Governor among some of his legislative supporters. On the other hand, as previously reported, Governor Carvalho Pinto has been "talking" with various legislators in support of the winning Sedra slate. One competent political observer privately admitted that the Governor was dispensing favors but pretended that the Governor was not exploiting thousands of state jobs to political ends as did his predecessor ("He is an honest and proper man"). The Governor may have now "bought" a more smoothly functioning legislature.

On the second point, spokesmen for the chief executive pointed out that the FDC holds many key offices in the State Government, including Coordinator of the all-important four year Plan of Action. Last year the Governor indicated that he favored retention of the Assembly presidency amongst major parties. FDC defeat for the Assembly presidency in itself does not augur any weakening of FDC political strength.

2. Presidential and Vice-Presidential Campaigning (Confidential 1).

An officer of this post was informed this past week by a reasonably reliable source that São Paulo Governor Carvalho Pinto

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AIR POWER

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

FROM : **Ameongen, São Paulo**

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DESP. NO.

TO : **THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.**

March 21, 1960

DATE

REF :

20 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION	DEPT.	1 RM/K 20 JACB 2 OTHER 3-25-60 C/H 10 7-14-10 52D-4 Using 4 Mar 3 Rev-6
	REC'D	OTHER	

SUBJECT: **São Paulo Weekly Summary No. 38, Week Ending March 18, 1960**

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2. Presidential and Vice-Presidential Campaigning
3. The Governor's Annual Message
4. PDC Moves Beyond São Paulo
5. Offices for Local PSD Politicians
6. Students Return to Classes

Labor

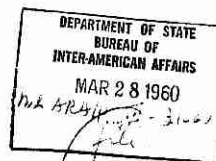
7. Railroad Strikes and Politics

Psychological

8. Disarmament Conference
9. Other Highlights

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Political

1. State Legislature's New Command (Official Use Only).

The slate of candidates unofficially supported by Governor Carvalho Pinto won a smashing victory in the election of state assembly officers last weekend, defeating the slate organized by the Christian Democratic Party (PDC), which could not even muster a full list of candidates. The results were as follows:

Office

President

Results

Roberto Costa Abreu Sodré (UDN) 25 votes against 32 for José Adriano Lopes Castelo Branco (PDC)

1st Vice-President

Maria da Conceição Costa Naves (PSD) 54 votes against 33 for José Maria Leal Costa Neves (PSD).

See last page for

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immigrant visas and collected \$669.50 in consular fees. During 1959
270 U.S. vessels cleared the port of Santos.

V ADMINISTRATIVE

During the period under review the reporting officer, acting under instructions from the Department, sought and located new office space for the Consulate. On March 14 the Consulate received notification that the Department had approved the Consulate's proposals to move, and preparations were put underway at once to have the Consulate move into its new offices by May 1.

In the meantime, the status of the Consulate's lease with the owners of its present building remained in confusion, with the owners twice refusing to sign a new lease agreement for the Consulate's present inadequate quarters, despite the fact that the Embassy had made every effort to tailor the agreement to suit the landlords' wishes.

On February 16 William P. COCHRAN, Jr., Consul General in Sao Paulo, and on March 8 Supervising Consul General William C. ARFELD, Jr. visited the Consulate. During their visits both inspected the new premises the Consulate will occupy.

During March the Consulate processed the application for employment of a local Brazilian to fill the new position of Consular Clerk recently authorized the Consulate by the Department.

Virgil P. Randolph
Virgil P. Randolph, III
American Vice Consul

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holding a meeting to censure him. On March 9, after many vicissitudes, the union finally ousted Madeira as President. It is generally agreed by local observers that Madeira is a communist sympathizer.

On March 11 a strike by the Santos freighthandlers was averted by the Captain of the Port (acting as Maritime Labor Delegate), who sent Brazilian Marines onto the waterfront to deal with a few acts of violence which occurred. The freighthandlers' demands for a monopoly over certain kinds of work were strenuously opposed by the Santos Dock Company and by trucking companies in Santos and Sao Paulo.

III ECONOMIC

On January 6 Joao de Oliveira FREITAS became the new Guarda-Mor of Santos. He is the first Negro to hold this important position in the customhouse for a long time.

On January 13 the 38,000 ton Dutch ship Rotterdam visited Santos on its maiden voyage. Two days later the new 33,000 ton supertanker Presidente Wenceslau arrived in Santos to join the Frota Nacional de Petroleiros (FRONAPs), while on March 10 her sister ship Presidente Floriano also arrived here from her shipyard in Japan to enter the service of FRONAPs.

On January 23 the 10,000 ton East German freighter Freunuschaft visited Santos to discharge a cargo of potash and ammonium sulphate and to load coffee for East Germany. On February 7 the 22,000 ton Royal Mail liner Amazonas touched Santos on its maiden cruise.

During the 4-day Carnival period (January 27-March 1) Santos was jammed with vacationers, causing most local prices to rise. Many never quite fell back to pre-Carnaval levels.

On March 2 a near collision occurred between the Moore-McCormack liner S.S. Brasil and the Amazonas, when the latter unwisely attempted to pass the former in fog in the Santos estuary.

On March 15 the Santos branch of the First National City Bank of New York celebrated the roof-raising of their new office building, to cost Cr\$40,000,000.00.

IV CONSULAR

The only noteworthy incident occurring during the period was the Consulate's assistance in arranging transportation to the U. S. for Norman Wayne WILLIAMS, a U.S. seaman who had been held in jail in Brazil for 10 years. Williams left Santos February 24 aboard the first Moore-McCormack ship to call at Santos after his arrival here.

During the calendar year 1959 the Consulate issued 190 non-

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persons in some way connected with the Brazilian Government. On March 10 the Santos portworkers established a "Nationalist Port Committee" in favor of Lott's and Jango GOUALART's candidacies. Both these committees contain a number of communists and ex-communists. As of March 15, Janio appeared leading Lott in Santos by a fairly wide majority.

11 LABOR

The 50-odd Santos labor unions refused to join in the general strike called in Sao Paulo at the end of November to protest the high cost of living, recognizing that the strike was politically motivated by communist elements and ran an unwarranted risk of encouraging unwanted Government intervention.

During the month of December the workers at the Petrobras Cubatão refinery were active in agitating for a 45% general wage increase in the face of determined opposition from the management of Petrobras. By March 15 the workers had yet to gain any increases. On December 17 Camila de ALMEIDA was chosen President of the Santos Nurses Union, the first woman in Brazil ever elected to such a position. Although described by the local labor newspaper last October as a communist sympathizer, reliable information furnished the reporting officer from labor circles indicates her election was a victory for the anti-communist members of the union. For some months the union has been engaged in a running feud with the management of the Santa Casa de Santos, where many of the nurses are employed.

On December 23 Santos suffered the effects of a national strike by the officers of Brazilian ships, which tied up about 20 ships in port. The strike was quickly settled after Government intervention, and no local violence was reported.

On December 18 Pan FIDALGO, often described as a communist sympathizer, was ousted as the long-time President of the Motormen's Union, to be succeeded by Antonio Vitor dos SANTOS.

In January the long-simmering feud between the members of the Commerce Employees Union and their veteran President, Bernardo de Abreu MADEIRA, erupted in public with charges that Madeira was guilty of malfeasance in office. Madeira, in turn, repeatedly refused to allow the union's books to be audited.

While this dispute continued, on February 6 the tallyclerks of the port of Santos struck for a retroactive wage increase, tying up the unloading of 19 ships in port. The next day the shipping companies yielded to the strikers, complaining of lack of support from the local public authorities and protesting that the tallyclerks' demands were totally unjustified. A few days later President Madeira of the Commerce Employees Union defied the union's members by locking them out of their local and so preventing them from

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH					
FROM : Amconsul Santos		DEPARTMENT OF STATE BUREAU OF INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS		MAR 22 1960	
TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON		MAR 31 1960		DATE March 19, 1960	
REF :		ARA/EXB		APR 8 1960	
20 For Dept. Use Only		ACTION ARR-4 REC'D 3-29-60		DEPT. IN OTHER C/470	

SUBJECT: Summary of Events Occurring in the Santos Consular District
December 1, 1959 - March 15, 1960

The following is a summary of events occurring in the Santos consular district from December 1, 1959, through March 15, 1960, and is based largely upon the "weekly comment on events in Santos" submitted by the reporting officer to the Consulate General in Sao Paulo by operations memoranda. The reporting officer hopes to prepare such a summary every quarter.

1. POLITICAL

Janio Quadros' withdrawal as a Presidential candidate in November 1959 was calmly received here, and most Santistas were not surprised when shortly thereafter he re-entered the political fray. However, it is likely the gesture cost him a certain amount of esteem, if not votes, in Santos.

On January 1 last-minute candidate Jose AFLALU Filho (PSF) was elected President of the City Council. The election was considered a defeat for the supporters of Janio Quadros, who failed to secure any representation on the City Council Directorate, as well as a challenge to the leadership of Mayor Sylvio Fernandes LOPES, who had favored another candidate.

On January 20, in a show of political partisanship, opposition Vice Presidential candidate Fernando FERRARI was barred from entering the Government-run Petrobras Refinery at nearby Cubatao. Ferrari at the time was visiting Santos to kick off his local campaign.

On February 1 the "Janio Quadros Central Committee" and the "Janio-Ferrari Committee" were established in Santos, supported by a number of prominent professional, business and labor figures. Marshal LOTT's campaign got underway a week later with a visit to Santos by Edna LOTT, the Marshal's daughter. About the same time Vice Presidential candidate Leandro MACIEL also visited Santos, with what less attenuant publicity.

On March 5 the "Pro Marshal Henrique Lott Committee" for Santos was inaugurated in the presence of many of his local supporters, mostly

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transferred to the Escola Superior de Guerra in Rio de Janeiro.
no replacement has been made yet. ... Major General Benjamin
Rodrigues SALGADO has finally arrived in Curitiba to assume com-
mand of the Fifth Military Region and the 5th Infantry Division.
(UNCLASIFIED)

Edward M. Rowell
Edward M. Rowell
American Consul

cc: Supervising Consul General
Ambassy, Rio de Janeiro

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From AMCONSUL, Curitiba

public secondary schools, and organized student groups. The most interesting part of the protest, however, is that in spite of the fact that the National Student Union (UN) in Rio de Janeiro and the Student Union of Rio Grande do Sul sent professional organizers to Curitiba to stimulate the Parana Student Union (UPA) into more active and formal protest against the proposed law, the organizers were unable to push the UPA leaders into declaring a quorum for more than four weeks. As a result, the bulk of Parana protest has been carried by the university and teachers' organizations. It was only after the rector of the University of Parana declared the basis on which the university opposed the law, that the UPA achieved a quorum and the students fell into line with the rest of the protesters. SOURCE: Personal observations. (UNCLASSIFIED)

COMINT: The fact that the law was being discussed during summer vacation undoubtedly contributed to the lack of a quorum. However, the reporting officer has observed student organizations in Recife and Rio de Janeiro, and the UPA is the least politically inclined of all he has seen. (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

9. Miscellaneous Cultural Items: Santa Catarina Medical School, Italian Government Scholarships, Homage to Rockefeller Foundation Director

A University of Santa Catarina Medical School has been inaugurated this year. It is accepting 20 students. ... The Italian Consulate General has announced the availability of an indefinite number of scholarships for Brazilians and Italians permanently settled in Brazil. There are two types of scholarship, one for university level and fine arts students (ages 18-25), and one for advanced studies for high school teachers and artists (ages 22-35). ... Harry H. MILLER, retired associate of the Rockefeller Foundation's Medical and Natural Sciences Department, is being honored in extensive ceremonies in Curitiba. For ten years Miller visited Curitiba annually, and it was largely through his interest that the Foundation has financed scholarships, exchange professorships, books and research equipment for the University of Parana. (UNCLASSIFIED)

MILITARY
Military transfers

10. The former commander of the divisional artillery of the 5th Infantry Division, Brigadier General Oromar CSORIO, has been

transferred to the

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c. is found in a forest - 2. or 3. in the

001441; Campos was nearly fired last October and was severely injured. The personal intervention of Boulet, apparently because Boulet knew that Campos was keeping the labor unions of southern Brazil loyal to Boulet. In view of serious losses in the strike in Pernambuco due to the "huffed blockade", and in Curitiba due to the failure to involve unions of national and local leaders, Boulet apparently believed that Campos was too weak to counteract the anti-union which he was engaged in the interior and north of the state. (CG-TOLEA, 23-1-44)

On March 10-12 the Para & Roraima local workers' union sponsored a convention of all Brazilian Metallurgical workers' unions in Curitiba. The convention was held behind closed doors. It is reported, however, that in addition to the standard social security type discussions, it was suggested that the leaders of Brazil's metallurgical workers hold a 1-monthly meeting throughout the year. It also is believed that at the national convention (reportedly scheduled for next 15), that there will be a proposal to invite other South American unions to join in a "Latin American Metallurgical Workers' Association". See also personal conversations and observations.

CULTURAL AFFAIRS

A new federal education law significantly modifying the present educational system has been subjected to increasing criticism from nearly all parties concerned: the universities, public secondary

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From: AmConsulate, Curitiba

COMMENT: The two local sponsors of the seminar are Aristides ATHAYDA, PTB, wildly leftist president of the city council; and Marcelo Leon PERES, UDN, nationalist, who was acting president of the State Legislature when Corbisier came to Curitiba. No date for the seminar has been set, and Peres is no longer in charge of the Assembly, which makes it possible that the seminar may be cancelled. (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

2. Creation of New Counties in Paraná

A bill to create 15 new counties in Paraná has passed its third reading in the State Legislature, and needs to pass only once more to become law. The bulk of the new counties are located in the coffee district of northern Paraná, although several are in the southwestern frontier districts. (U.S. Feb. 23.)

(UNCLASSIFIED)

COMMENT: The coffee district is dominated by the opposition PSD and UDN, an creation of the counties would unquestionably reduce PSD representation in the State Legislature to a small minority. For this reason the incumbent PSD is expected to resist passage of the law until after October's elections, while the opposition will press for approval. Approval of the bill is in doubt. (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

3. Miscellaneous Activities of Polish Consulate General

The Polish Vice Consul, Ryszard HARBAS, is being transferred back to the "Ministry" in Warsaw permanently. On inquiry the Polish Consulate General said that so far no replacement has been named. (UNCLASSIFIED)

The Polish government is stepping up its campaign to strengthen ties between the southern Brazilian states of Paraná, Santa Catarina and Rio Grande do Sul, and Poland. There are about 800,000 persons of Polish descent in this region. So far the main effort has been to show Paraná that because it produces a major portion of Brazil's coffee ~~XXX~~ and because Poland buys "much" (sic) of this coffee, that the Polish Brazilian government should recognize Paraná's contribution to the Union by using some of the foreign exchange thus earned to expand Paraná industry, preferably by implanting Polish originated industries. (U.S. Feb. 20. Personal conversations and observations, Curitiba, Feb. 20.)

(UNCLASSIFIED)

COMMENT: Paraná is

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Air Pouch PRIORITY FOREIGN-SERVICE DESPATCH FROM : <u>Consulate, Curitiba, Brazil</u> TO : <u>THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.</u> REF : ACTION : <u>ARR-4</u> RECD : <u>3-23-60</u> DEPT. : <u>IN</u> OTHER : <u>VIA 10 7-2-60 10 49.3</u>	DO NOT TYPE IN THIS SPACE <u>73 2.00/3-1860</u> <u>EX-110</u> <u>MAR 18 1960</u> <u>March 11, 1960</u> DATE SUBJECT: <u>W.S. SUMMARY (MON-1500510) ON 2-23-60, X, 1960.</u>
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- CONTENTS
1. ISLR Comes to Curitiba
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 3. Miscellaneous Activities of Polish Consulate General
 4. President Eisenhower's Visit
 5. Unemployment
 6. Dismissal of National Labor Delegate
 7. Metallurgical Workers Meet
 8. Federal Election Reform Law
 9. Miscellaneous Cultural Items
 10. Military Transfers
- *****

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
BUREAU OF
INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS
MAR 25 1960

POLITICAL EVENTS

1. ISLR Comes to Curitiba

Ronald CORBISIER, controversial director of the Pioneer Institute of Brazilian Studies (ISLR) appeared on a "Meet the Press" radio program in Curitiba. Most of the questions during the program revolved around the degree of Corbisier's communism. Corbisier was unconvincing in his defense.

Corbisier also announced that ISLR will conduct an eight day seminar for the Paraná legislature and the Curitiba city council. Corbisier will give the opening and closing sessions. Other lecturers are to be federal Deputy Sergio L. AMARAL ("Foreign Capital"), federal Deputy Dagoberto SALLES ("Atomic Minerals"), federal Deputy José JOHILLY ("Nationalization of Bank Deposits"), federal Deputy Gabriel PASSOS ("Robore"), and Candido MENDES ("Nationalism and Development"). SOURCE: Personal observations, Estado do Paraná, Feb. 17, 1960. (UNCLASSIFIED)

COMMENT: The two

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V ADMINISTRATIVE

1. Consulate to Move its Offices (UNCLASSIFIED)

On March 14, the reporting officer was informed by the Embassy of the welcome news that the Department had approved the Consulate's request to remove its offices from its present inadequate quarters into a brand-new, airconditioned building located on the main commercial and financial artery of Santos.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

The Consulate plans to move into the new building on April 30. The work of partitioning has begun, and will take about 30 days.

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Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The reporting officer has been informed by a knowledgeable source in labor circles here that Madeira does in fact have communist tendencies.

III ECONOMIC

1. First National City Bank Constructing New Building (UNCLASSIFIED)

On March 15 the reporting officer was present for a celebration marking putting on the roof of the new 4 (American) story building being constructed for the First National City Bank of New York's branch in Santos, which employs 50 persons.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

The new building will cost Cr\$ ^{40,000,000.00} ~~40,000,000.00~~ and will be ready by September 30. Located a block from the Consulate's new quarters on the Rua 15 de Novembro, the structure will allow the bank to expand considerably its operations, which have become increasingly cramped in its present location.

IV CONSULAR

1. Americans Involved in Possession of Narcotics (UNCLASSIFIED)

On March 12 police from the Santos Dock Company discovered 5 capsules each containing a gram of cocaine in the hatband of Gaster Garcia Rodriguez, variously described as a Spanish or U.S. sailor from the S.S. Hormacwren. Garcia professed ignorance as to how the cocaine got there and accused a fellow crewmember Eusebio Valle, described as a Puerto Rican, of having planted it there. Garcia stated that in Buenos Aires a few days before Valle had secreted in his cabin a matchbox containing 6 or 7 similar capsules of narcotics. Garcia said that he had at once turned the box over to the Captain of the Hormacwren, and the Master confirmed this to the Santos Police. Police searched Valle's effects, but found nothing.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Both sailors are being held by the local police pending further investigation. Neither the crewmembers nor the Master of the Hormacwren so far have attempted to contact the Consulate concerning the affair.

Consular operations have continued normally during the past week and there is nothing otherwise to report.

/ADMINISTRATIVE

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II. LABOR

1. Santos Freighthandlers Strike Averted (UNCLASSIFIED)

For some time trouble has been building up regarding the exact sphere of activity of the workers of the Sindicato dos Arrumadores de Santos. (Arrumadores are freighthandlers who move, arrange in warehouses and load onto trucks cargo already offloaded by stevedores and brought into warehouses by longshoremen.) The arrumadores claim the exclusive right to load cargo, including coffee from and onto trucks in the Dock Company's premises; trucking companies insist that their own teamsters can perform at least part of the work. On March 11, threatening a strike just as the Santos-Jundiai railroad was paralyzed by a strike, the arrumadores won from the Maritime Labor Delegation in Santos (Captain of the Port Ernesto de Mello, Jr.) a promise that determination of the exact locations in which the arrumadores may work would be made, but only after Captain Mello, in a show of force, had sent a company of Brazilian Marines to the warehouses to prevent trouble and after the trucking companies had secured an injunction against the arrumadores from interfering with the teamsters. Nevertheless, some acts of violence were reported.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The arrumadores, since their union's founding in 1959, have been struggling to stake out claims to exclusive, and lucrative, rights to handle cargo after it has been deposited in the Santos warehouses and before it is transshipped to its final destination. During this time the union has been strenuously opposed by the Santos Dock Company, the Captaincy of the Port as the Maritime Labor Delegation, and most powerfully, by the trucking companies themselves.

At the moment the arrumadores have not really gained very much, other than official recognition of the wages they are to be paid, since they have yet to win anything like a monopoly of the handling of cargo in the warehouse areas.

Note: A despatch on the arrumadores question is being prepared by the reporting officer.

2. Provisional Head of Commerce Employees Union Named (UNCLASSIFIED)

Ulisses Serrano, a member of the interim governing board of the Sindicato dos Empregados no Comercio de Santos, has been designated President of the union's Provisional Council until a new President can be elected to replace Bernardo de Azevedo e Almeida, ousted last week (see Weekly Comment dated March 10, 1960).

Comment:

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MAR 17 1960

OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM SAO PAULO, BRAZIL

TO: American Consulate General, Sao Paulo Date: March 17, 1960
FROM: American Consulate, Santos *VPR*
SUBJECT: weekly Comment on events in Santos
REF:

1. POLITICAL

1. Santos Portworkers Organize for Marshal Lott (UNCLASSIFIED)

On March 10 a large group of Santos portworkers met, at the PTD headquarters here, to establish the "Nationalist Port Committee" in favor of the candidacies of Marshal Lott and Jango Goulart. Elected President of the directorate was Antonio Rodrigues, a director of the Sindicato dos Operarios nos Servicos Portuarios de Santos. Elected vice Presidents were Manoel de Almeida, President of the same union; Valdemar Neves Guerra, President of the Sindicato dos Empregados na Administracao nos Servicos Portuarios de Santos; Ernani Leite Ribeiro, Santos Regional Delegate of the Sindicato Nacional de Talleiros, Culinarios e Rancilicadores Maritimos; Joao Augusto de Brito, Santos Regional Delegate of the Sindicato Nacional de Contra-Mestres, Marinheiros, Moços e Remadores em Transportes Maritimos, and Henrique Aguiar dos Santos, a rather obscure member of the Sindicato dos Operarios nos Servicos Portuarios de Santos. Incidentally, on March 26 Marshal Lott is scheduled to visit nearby Cubatao (seat of the large Petrobras refinery).

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Rodrigues in October 1959 was elected PTD 1st alternate to the City Council. At the time he was described by the local labor newspaper O Expresso as "o mais recomendado pelos dirigentes comunistas".

On March 14 the reporting officer was told by Lt. Colonel Francisco Alfredo Gouveia Horcadas, Commander of the Santos Air Base and a local prime mover in Lott's campaign, that the latter's candidacy was coming along "wonderfully". However, Colonel Horcadas added that he was about to leave Brazil for a two-months tour of Europe and the United States.

On March 10 the reporting officer was told by a former President of the Sindicato dos Estivadores de Santos that Lott's candidacy has wide support among the local unions, but that many of their members are dissatisfied with Goulart and favor Ferrari for Vice President.

/11 LABOR

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH		329		March 18, 1960	
FROM :	Amcoengen, São Paulo	DESP. NO.		DATE	
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.				
REF :					
20 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION # ARR-4 REC'D 3-25-60	DEPT. N OTHER	RM/R2 REP1 IRC-8 ID-4 SCS-2 FBO-1 SY-2 CIA-10 USIA-10 LAA-6 COM-6 TR-3 FBI-1		
SUBJECT: Santos Weekly Report OSD-4 Army-4 Navy-3 Air-6 RMR					

Transmitted herewith for the information of the Embassy and the Department is the weekly report from the American Consulate at Santos, dated March 17, 1960. With reference to Item 1 it should be noted that Janio Quadros has built up a considerable following among Santos trade union leaders and rank and file. However, Marshal Lott does have strength among certain categories of port workers many of whom are under considerable Communist influence.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

732.00/3-1860

Enclosure: att M/M

Santos weekly report,
dated March 17, 1960

cc: Amembassy Rio

RJB JFS
Robertson/JFShearstar

ACTION		ACTION		DIRECTIONS	
ASSIGNED TO	TAKEN	DATE OF	TO RM/R		
NAME OF OFFICER	ACTION				
& OFFICE SYMBOL					

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Desp. No. 33
From PORTO ALEGRE

a. President Eisenhower: President Eisenhower's visit was given complete and sympathetic coverage in the press here and evoked a generally sympathetic popular response, although one Correio do Povo editorial echoed Governor Brizola's somewhat sceptical reception of the "Declaration of Brasilia" as representing something to be proved by deeds.

Comment: RGS is hurting these days and is generally sceptical of pronouncements, emanating from Rio, Brasilia or other points North, which imply aid and comfort unless they are specifically aimed at relieving the economic plight which the "Gauchos" believe they have on their hands.

b. Iron Curtain Visitors: As noted above (item 2, and the Consulate's despatch No. 31, March 10) an East German representative visited RGS during February for the purpose, inter alia, of inviting the Governor to the Leipzig Fair.

Comment: This visit follows one by an East German visit to RGS in January (item 6, Desp. No. 29, Feb. 12) and that of a Czech group in December 1959 (item 3 Desp. No. 19 Jan. 11).

c. Additional American farm groups, arriving here under the People to People program, continued to receive favorable publicity and make a good public impression.

7. Japanese Consulate General for RGS: According to RGS State authorities, the Japanese Government has established its new consular post in Porto Alegre as a Consulate General with the following officers:

Consul General - Masao Fujimoto
Consul - Tamotsu Yatayama
Vice Consul - Peruo Yamakawa

The Japanese Consulate General is occupying temporary quarters at the Plaza Hotel.

Percy Warner
Percy Warner
American Consul

Contributor: Consul da Silveira

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Desp. No. 33
From PORTO ALEGRE

the Presidential elections, press reports say, would a State convention be called to elect a permanent State committee.

c. Janio Quadros: The "Movimento Independente" (ref. item 2b Desp. No. 29, Feb. 12) announced that Janio would make a swing about this State touching Porto Alegre and points in the central and frontier areas, between April 8 and 13.

d. Fernando Ferrari: The MTR movement continued its well organized drive on behalf of Fernando Ferrari, gaining two headline adherents in José Mariano Beck (PTB) former Secretary of Education who was dropped from the State cabinet in the Governor's year-end re-shuffle (ref. item 4 Desp. 22, Jan. 13) and Sucupira Vianna (PTB) who as Vice Mayor succeeded Brizola as mayor of Porto Alegre when the latter became Governor. Sucupira announced his support of MTR after what he described as "sordid maneuvering" to eliminate him from the PTB Regional executive directorate because, as he put it, he did not place the Porto Alegre municipal machinery at the disposal of Wilson Vargas for the latter's unsuccessful mayoralty campaign.

e. Communist participation in Lott campaign: The RGS communists are busily carrying out a party directive to infiltrate pro-Lott nationalist committees throughout the state. The state coordinating committee for these "Pro Lott nationalist committees" contains at least four commies, including João Susseia, the financial secretary for the PCB in RGS.

4. New ISEB Course: The Instituto Superior de Estudos Brasileiros (ISEB) is starting another course in Porto Alegre in March. Weekly sessions will be held in a downtown theatre. A previous two month course concluded on October 22. (ref. item 5 Desp. No. 13, Nov. 3, 1959).

Comment: It was previously reported that this earlier course "received extensive and sympathetic publicity" (op.cit.). However, the commie influence in ISEB has recently received considerable press attention; it will be interesting to observe what effect these charges may have on the new course.

5. Porto Alegre edition of "Ultima Hora": Preceded by a heavy publicity barrage, the Ultima Hora began publication in Porto Alegre on February 15. Previously the São Paulo edition had been flown in with a special local page inserted. In its first two weeks it displayed the same anti-U.S. trend coupled with disregard for the facts familiar to those at this post who have read the Ultima Hora as published elsewhere in Brazil.

6. Visits:

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From PORTO ALEGRE

the State PSD to this maneuver has ranged from cold silence to heated opposition.

Comment: A PSD reconciliation with the PTB in the State is unlikely. Although Jango may be running for Vice President on the PSD ticket, he and Brizola have for many years now personified the opposition to the PSD in this State. As a consequence, most if not all members of the local PSD, even those willing to adhere to the national directives of their Party, find it extremely distasteful to succumb to the Governor's blandishments and come out openly in support of Jango. The Governor's bold move, moreover, is interpreted as being motivated chiefly by his anxiety over the possibility of Jango's defeat in his own State at the hands of Ferrari. Such a defeat would constitute a serious setback to Brizola's political ambitions and would be hard to live down. Indeed the reluctance of local PSD elements to cooperate with the PTB emanates in part also from their belief that Jango's political star is setting while Ferrari's is rising. In their view more votes would be lost than won by their support of Jango, and the image of the PSD as a distinct party would be blurred in the eyes of the electorate.

b. PSD Intra-Party Struggle Between Janistas and Lottistas: Dissidence in the hierarchy of the State PSD, which became evident during the 1959 electoral campaign for the mayoralty, has progressively worsened. It now stems from those elements who, contrary to national directives, are openly supporting Janio Quadros for the Presidency. The local press reported on February 26 and 27 that the president of the State PSD had proposed to the national committee the purge of all members of the State committee who declare themselves in favor of Janio Quadros. It listed the names of fourteen out of the ninety members who form the State committee as having at that time come out publicly for Janio. Present reports are that the number of dissident committee members has increased to twenty-six.

Comment: A growing number of Party officers throughout the State are declaring themselves for Janio Quadros. The dissidents feel apparently strong enough to be pressing for a convocation and vote of the State committee. Through such a maneuver, if they succeeded in getting a majority of the votes, they would gain considerable publicity for themselves and force a dissolution of the committee. At least one important PSD municipal committee--Pelotas--has been dissolved in that fashion and then reorganized because of the open declaration of support most of its members gave Janio. According to the latest press reports, the State PSD executive board is trying to get the State committee to resign en masse without previous discussion of political matters. In that event, the national committee would appoint a new State committee on a temporary basis made up entirely of Lottistas. Only after

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MAR 15 1960

FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

FROM : Amconsulate PORTO ALEGRE

33
DESP. NO.

TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.

March 15, 1960
DATE

REF : ---

20 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION	DEPT.
	REC'D	OTHER
3-23-60	3-23-60	3-23-60

SUBJECT: RIO GRANDE DO SUL POLITICAL SUMMARY - No. 6 February 1960

1. General
2. Governor Brizola's Activities
3. Presidential Campaign Developments
4. New ISEE Course
5. Porto Alegre edition of "Ultima Hora"
6. Visits
7. Japanese Consulate General for RGS

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
BUREAU OF
INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS
MAR 25 1960This Document must be Returned
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1. General: A summer lull prevailed during the month with many seeking relief from the summer heat at the seashore or in the mountains before the late Carnival holiday put an end to the vacation seasons and families returned to town to put their children in school, etc.

2. Governor Brizola's Activities: The summer lull did not slow down the Governor who continued busily about attending the PTB national convention in Rio, hobnobbing with his neighbour governors of Santa Catarina and Paraná, developing a formula for the reconciliation of local PTB-PSD differences (see item 3 a below) and, finally, departing at the month's end on his previously postponed European trip (item 4 Desp. No. 29 Feb. 12). His planned European itinerary called for visits to Holland, Leipzig (for the Fair), Bonn, Milan, and Paris. The Governor decided to include Leipzig on his itinerary following an invitation from the head of the East German Trade Mission (ref. item 4 Desp. No. 31, March 10), although the primary purpose of his trip continued to be announced as the conclusion of arrangements for the settlement of Dutch emigrants in the coastal region of this State.

3. Presidential Campaign Developments:

a. Governor Brizola Proposes Reconciliation of PTB-PSD in State of RGS: On his return from one of his frequent trips to Rio, Governor Brizola told the press on February 20 that he considered all divergences between the PTB at an end and that he intended to take the initiative in promoting a meeting of the executive boards of the two parties to discuss the Presidential campaign. The response from

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From São Paulo

and the balanced, objective, assured, "solid-citizen" Lott. By this maneuver Lott supporters would try to convert certain of Janio's attractiveness to voters into a liability, certain of Lott's unattractiveness into an asset.

3. The PSB and the Presidency (Official Use Only)

Various reports have it that PSB agents from São Paulo, armed with inducements from Janio Quadros, returned this past week from unsuccessful forays into PSB quarters in other parts of Brazil. Although the PSB from São Paulo will have 78 of the some 240 votes at the party's forthcoming national convention, and although most of these 78 votes will probably go to Janio, it is expected that the Paulista contingent will fight in favor of no commitment by the party on the presidential contest, this to forestall a break between strong opposing factions (pro-Lott vs. pro-Quadros) within the party.

At a meeting of PSB mayors and aldermen in São Paulo during the week, Pernambuco deputy Francisco Julião was strongly endorsed for vice-president. Despite this, there are those like Federal Deputy Afranio de Oliveira, who strongly support UDN vice-presidential candidate Leandro Maciel, and others who support PDC vice-presidential candidate Fernando Ferrari.

Comment (Confidential): If the PSB nationally fails to commit itself on the presidential race, will this necessarily apply to the PSB in São Paulo? If the PSB in São Paulo gives organized, effective support to Janio Quadros and Janio wins, then local PSB political fortunes should gain thereby. If the local PSB does not give such support, then its deteriorating position of the last few years, due to indecisiveness and internal conflict in State politics, should continue.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

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From São Paulo

PSD forces together in São Paulo (a difference allegedly arose because each has its own candidate for São Paulo mayor and wanted to merge mayoralty and presidential campaigns). Vote-getting São Paulo Vice-Governor Porfirio da Paz was accepted into the fold as vice-president of the State Pro-Lott Committee. Porfirio wrapped himself and Lott in the folds of nationalism and true catholicism. Also students from various universities in São Paulo during the week formed the State University Committee for the Candidacy of Lott. Antonio Carlos Canton, president of the politically powerful XI de Agosto student organization of the University of São Paulo law school, was chosen president of the University Committee.

Most significant was the word picture of Lott painted by the majority leader in the National Assembly, Abelardo Jurema. The Federal deputy from Pernambuco was in São Paulo to appear on a weekly fifteen minute pro-Lott TV program. Jurema pictured Lott as the solid, respected citizen, admired even by the opposition; no seeker of quick popularity; discreet, assured, objective, balanced.

Also it seemed that anti-Lott O Estado da São Paulo gave the ex-War Minister an unintentional boost. Commenting on Lott's speech at the closing of the PSD convention held in Goiás during the week, O Estado on March 9 editorially noted the wide difference between Lott and his PTB, supernaturalist and communist supporters. While attempting to stress the illogic of this, the editorial appeared to stress more the soundness of Lott. The speech of Lott was "incisive, dry, objective" with "no half measures or palliatives". Lott was against diplomatic relations with the Soviet Union and saw little prospective gain in commercial relations with the Soviets. The editorial noted Lott's stress on the need for adequate preliminary measures first, as a basis for agricultural reform. Lott left no room for doubt, said the editorial, that he was categorically opposed to extremism and to any dialogue with Moscow. News accounts indicate that Lott was enthusiastically received by the people of Goiânia at the airport, along the streets and at the PSD convention. According to reports on Lott's speech in Goiânia, the ex-War Minister painted a rosy picture for Goiás as the future provisioner of the nation's future capital, growing along with the planned development of Brasília and environs, aided by drastic reform of lending facilities to provide easy long-term agricultural credits at low interest rates.

Comment (Confidential): Two aspects of these developments in the past week are suggestive of possible future patterns of pro-Lott campaigning. First, Lott's treatment of the future role and needs of Goiás hints at the possibility that Lott's speeches will be more sharply tailored to the problems and needs of the individual areas. Janio's speechmaking, at least within the area covered by this post, appears thusfar to cover certain stereotyped patterns, deliverable anywhere in Brazil. More noticeable is the tendency in pro-Lott quarters to suggest or build toward contrasts between the temperamental, demagogic, vote seeking Quadros

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From São Paulo

self of one defect only to acquire another. He exposes his flanks, says the Folhas editorial, to those "who will exploit him as a voluntary enemy of the United States, who will not fail to remember his absence from ceremonies in homage to President Eisenhower although invited."

PDC Federal deputy from São Paulo, Paulo do Terso (bearer of the invitation to Janio), charged at the São Paulo airport that those who would isolate Cuba from her sister American republics are anti-christian. The Bishop from nearby industrial Santo André, D. Jorge Marcos de Oliveira, regrets that health does not permit him to accept the invitation of his good friend, Janio Quadros, to go along on this useful trip. A member of the UDN regional directorate, a responsible business man, confessed privately to an officer of this post that, while he would have predicted a smashing victory for Quadros a few months ago, the Cuba decision on top of other events now left him far less optimistic. The brother and private secretary to São Paulo Governor Carvalho Pinto, Luis Carvalho Pinto, commented privately to an officer of this post that the Cuba trip was more of Quadros' demagoguery, that Janio might come back from Cuba with a beard so that the little people could hail him as the Castro of Brazil. Another officer of this Consulate General was directly approached by Quadros and influential supporters to obtain an offsetting invitation to Janio to visit the United States.

Comment: While consistently acknowledging Janio's great abilities, shrewdness, and political acumen, past analyses by this post of Janio Quadros' political career in São Paulo have also consistently refused to accept a very popular thesis that Janio's every move is calculated and carefully planned, that he is "crazy as a fox". On the contrary, Janio does react too quickly and not always rationally in many situations. The decision to visit Cuba, like his renunciation of the presidential candidacy some months back, seem in the latter category. At the moment, even Janio and his supporters recognize that an unpopular decision has been made.

Barring a change of heart on Janio's part, one might expect that Janio will work hard to counterbalance the adverse reaction against his trip to Cuba. This could in turn produce words and actions by Janio beneficial to the United States in its relations not only with Cuba, but also with Brazil and other countries.

Many in Brazil could be seriously concerned with Janio's assertion at the São Paulo airport upon returning from Rio, that he would "seek above all to understand the meaning and direction of agricultural reform" in Cuba.

2. Lott in São Paulo and Goiás (Official Use Only)

Developments of the past week in the Lott campaign in both São Paulo and Goiás would appear favorable to Lott's candidacy. According to various accounts, Lott's son-in-law, Federal deputy Mario Pacheco, was able to bring PTB and

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

FROM : Amcongen SAO PAULO
 TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.
 REF :

324
DESP. NO.March 14, 1960
DATE

20 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION	DEPT.
	REC'D	OTHER
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		CIA-10 USIA-10 NAVY-3

SUBJECT: Presidential Campaign Highlights, Week Ending March 11, 1960.

Table of Contents

1. Janio and Cuba
2. Lott in São Paulo and Goiás
3. The PSB and the Presidency

1. Janio and Cuba (Confidential)

A variety of local developments in the past week reflect the concern of Janio Quadros and his supporters over possible adverse repercussions to Janio's decision to accept an invitation to visit Cuba. A lead editorial of conservative, respected, pro-Quadros *O Estado de São Paulo* on March 10 notes a wave of criticism on grounds that the visit will have a divisive impact on interamerican relations, and seems to manifest a solidarity with Fidel Castro at a time when Castro appears to follow the Moscow line. That the Quadros visit occurs this month while the Cuban-called conference of underdeveloped nations occurs in September, says the editorial, disproves such possibilities. Senator Afonso Arinos is quoted approvingly to the effect that the objective is to reduce tensions between Cuba and the United States. The editorial suggests, almost hopefully, that Janio will be a virtual ambassador of the Brazilian people and as such "must show that he possesses circumspection, discretion and a sense of proportion."

The anti-Quadros *Folha de São Paulo* labels it a useless trip. In an editorial of March 11 titled "Useless Trip", it is concluded that Janio will not benefit because the problems of Cuba and Brazil are different and Cuba is in the midst of a chaotic revolutionary process. The editorial suggests that the real motive is to refute charges of "entreguismo" and pro-Americanism. By "making a bow to the dictator who incarnates today, in Latin America, the most rancorous anti-Americanism," however, Janio forces him-

RJB
R.J. Burton/lmw

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From Sao Paulo

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contacts not only with South-American statesmen, but also with the peoples of the countries he visited." Said Correio Paulistano: "In fact, the trip of the World War II Supreme Commander will result in activating the development of a 'New Deal' for Latin America, in which the United States will play a very important role as leader of the democratic world."

The United States' position in the Cuban issue has been well understood by the São Paulo press, which in general sympathized with American patience. O Estado de S. Paulo, for example, said that "the Cuban leaders insist on keeping artificially tense their relations with the United States and virtually with the Western World."

Miscellaneous

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William F. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

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exist vis-a-vis the State administration. The state committee prefers to avoid strikes and like aggressive measures; the local committee feels that the only way that the party can stop losing ground is by an aggressive approach leading to aggressive actions.

Labor

7. Railroad Strikes (Unclassified).

Railroad strikes involving an estimated 23,000 workers on the important Paulista and Santos-Jundiai lines caused Governor Carvalho Pinto to cancel an appearance at a dinner honoring Mr. Harold T. Thomas, president of the International Rotary Club, on March 10. The railroad workers are striking in support of their demands for higher wages. The Governor has been holding a series of meetings with State representatives of the railroads, the unions, and both State and Federal authorities. The strikes started on March 10 and up to now have been peaceful. No clashes between strikers and police have been reported. A large segment of economic activity in the state has been paralyzed. (The strikes have halted approximately 40 per cent of São Paulo's rail traffic, and involve 23,000 of São Paulo's 70,000 workers.)

COMMENT: (Official Use Only) The President of the Santos-Jundiai Railroad union, Antonio Dozzo is a member of the Communist Party. The President of the Paulista railroad, left-winger Harry Normantin, was one of the few labor leaders elected to the Federal Chamber of Deputies in elections held in October 1958. Nevertheless, the strike appears to be a pure and simple demand for an increase in wages.

Psychological

8. Press Highlights (Unclassified).

President Eisenhower's trip to Latin America is still top news in São Paulo newspapers -- for the third consecutive week. The Cuban issue (French freighter explosion, Castro's accusations and Herter's statements) also got large headlines in all papers. Other international news extensively covered were: The meetings of the Western powers to discuss world disarmament, the Italian political crisis, and the cultural agreement recently signed between Brazil and Paraguay.

Commenting on the speech delivered by President Eisenhower in Puerto Rico before the Caribbean Assembly, the influential O Estado de S. Paulo said complementarily that what was really new in his speech is "how sure of himself the President appears now when he speaks about Latin-America, after having had direct

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students are striking in protest of alleged brutalities committed by the Rio de Janeiro police in suppressing student demonstrations against an increase in streetcar fares; and are demanding the resignation of the Federal Minister of Justice Armande Falcão. Other issues which have complicated the situation include protests against increases in tuition, and student disapproval of an education bill passed by the Federal Chamber of Deputies which would grant considerable subsidies to private schools and allegedly jeopardize public education. The strike is in its third day, and approximately 20,000 university students in the state of São Paulo are participating in the movement. No clashes between police and students have been reported.

A public demonstration has been scheduled by the striking students against Minister of Justice Falcão for March 12. Meetings to decide whether or not to continue the strike have been called for March 15. High School students attending São Paulo's Mackenzie college after a marathon meeting of sixteen hours on March 10 decided to join in the strike as an act of solidarity with their fellow university student.

A companion strike of high school students, initiated earlier, turned out to be a dismal failure. This strike, lead by São Paulo Union of Secondary Students (UPES), initiated at first in defense of public education and against a pending education bill, protested the recent increases in tuition, disapproved the aforementioned education bill, and also demanded the resignation of the Minister of Justice. (See previous weekly reports from this post for earlier developments.) A number of flying squads of pickets travelled from school to school throughout the city urging high school students to strike but the response was practically nil. The President of the Union of Secondary Students returned from Rio on March 10 and announced in an apparent face-saving statement that President Kubitschek had accepted most of the student's demands and the Union was calling off the strike.

Subversive

6. Conflict in Communist Party (Confidential).

According to local CAS sources, the São Paulo municipal committee of the Communist Party of Brazil has refused to prepare a self-critical analysis on dissensions between the municipal committee and the party's state committee. The analysis had been prepared by the party praesidium. In reply the municipal committee suggested that the praesidium draft such an analysis. The matter was scheduled for study by the party central committee. Differences appear to arise from the greater aggressiveness of the municipal committee. The state committee favors indirect attack against the national administration unless an issue has wide popular support; the municipal committee prefers a frontal attack. Like differences

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municipal bloc. The bloc, formed around the turn of the year, initially seemed to have some meaning as an insurgent force in the state legislature which could become a balance of power in disputes and even an added obstruction to the Governor. With perhaps half its numbers from pro-administration ranks, it seemed in part a possible protest against the Governor's limited "political" accommodation to friendly deputies. Now that the Governor himself seems to have become more "friendly," the bloc will very likely disappear.

4. Adhemar vs. City Council (Official Use Only).

Indiscreet boasting has gotten São Paulo PSP Mayor Adhemar de Barros in trouble with his City Council. Meeting with a group who had suffered from recent torrential rains, Adhemar acknowledged that an extraordinary executive credit of nearly a billion cruzeiros which he had established due to the rains, was perhaps outside the law. Adhemar boasted of his initiative and made strongly disparaging remarks about the "cowardly" City Councilmen. The City Council Committee of Justice thereafter announced that it was studying the possibility of impeachment. Further denunciations came in the City Council on account of: a) the illegal opening of credits b) hostile and undignified criticism of the City Council c) ordering expenditures not authorized by law and d) failure to transfer schools to the state to operate. The denunciation called for a consideration of impeachment proceedings.

COMMENT: (Confidential) Adhemar has always shown a talent for abusing and falling out with friends and supporters. In recent times, this talent seems to have carried to injudicious extremes; a flailing out against national, state, and local entities for failing to give support. In part this seems to be a concomitant of the politically weak position of the PSP national president whose support now commands a low price across the political bargaining tables. This latest petulance of Adhemar may have damaged a recently formed coalition in the City Council which was giving him an effective support which he had been lacking for over a year. This coalition with opposition UDN and PDC aldermen had been negotiated by Adhemar's son-in-law, City Councilman Figueiredo Ferraz.

5. Students Support Nationwide Strike (Official Use Only).

A nationwide strike of university students this past week stole the spotlight from an earlier initiated strike of secondary students. According to the State Student Union, this later strike has closed down 22 institutions of higher learning in the capital city, and an additional 5 in the interior of the state of São Paulo. The

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State Assembly has produced a bitter fight within the PSD. Abreu Sodré had recruited Assembly 1st vice-president Conceição da Costa Neves as candidate for re-election on his slate. Luciano Nogueira Filho, PSD leader in the state assembly first promoted the thesis that a vote for Sodré was adverse to the interest of presidential candidate Lott, then later announced that the PSD bloc had met and decided to support the PDC-organized slate. PSD deputy Conceição da Neves denounced both actions, asserting that a) Minister of Justice Faleiros had by phone assured Governor Carvalho Pinto that the national administration would be agreeable to the Governor's choice and b) a vote by five of twelve PSD deputies could not reflect PSD views.

COMMENT: A news account of past battles for the Assembly presidency counsels caution against last minute changes. In 1954, Adhemar de Barros' PSP had by far the most deputy seats and newly-elected Governor Janio Quadros sought to align PDC, UDN, and PSD strength behind a PTB candidate (Vicente Botta). On the eve of elections the PDC made a deal with the PSP and got its own man (Franco Montoure) elected president. In 1955, Quadros had taken a firmer hold and assured a check on votes (though by secret ballot) by having each committed deputy vote for himself for fourth secretary. Janio got Ruy de Almeida Barbosa elected Assembly president. Franco Montoure refused to recognize a challenge of the ballot. Sodré is expected to win this time without benefit of similar "shenanigans."

3. Collapse of Municipal Bloc (Official Use Only).

The municipal bloc of state deputies, some 21 strong, met in Mauá last weekend with some 20 local mayors participating. At the meeting, no mention was made of candidates for State Assembly president. A deputy spoke affirmatively of the bloc's support of the Governor's program. Another deputy proposed reduced interest charges for certain categories of state loans to municipalities. Avalone Junior, vice-leader of the state assembly majority, read a declaration on municipal objectives. Nothing really happened.

Then, later in the week, a group of bloc deputies sent the Governor a telegram urging that he not intervene in the contest in the state legislature. At the demand of bloc president Pedro Pascoal, Avalone Junior resigned from the bloc after denouncing its request on the Governor. Other attempts to bring together the bloc during the week failed for non-attendance.

COMMENT: (Confidential) It seems that Governor Carvalho Pinto has killed off the municipal bloc in negotiating the Assembly presidency. Excluding the presidency and first vice-presidency, four of the five other candidates on the Sodré slate (see 2 above) for various state assembly offices are members of the

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Pre-Lott campaigning in São Paulo and Goiás during the week suggest two possible developments in the future pattern of pre-Lott campaigning. First, one sees a tendency toward tailoring propaganda to fit in part the problems and needs of the different individual states -- an appeal in Goiás, for example, to special local interests and aspirations. Second, and more sharply, there appears to be an attempt to picture Quadros as the unpredictable demagogue, vote seeker, in contrast with Lott as the balanced, assured, objective, "solid citizen" -- to transform thus some of Janio's assets into liabilities, some of Lott's liabilities into assets.

The São Paulo contingent of the PSB was reportedly unsuccessful in attempting to sell Janio Quadros to party members in other parts of Brazil during the past week. It is understood that the São Paulo representatives will attempt to keep the party uncommitted on the presidential contest at its forthcoming national convention to avoid a "falling out" between factions. If this non-committal posture should apply locally in São Paulo, the deterioration of the last few years in the political strength of the local PSB (due to weakness in state political activities of the party) should continue. (For further local developments of the past week in the presidential campaign, see São Paulo Dispatch No. 324, March 14, 1960.)

2. Interparty Battle for Assembly Presidency (Official Use Only).

With the presidency and other offices of the state legislature to be decided this coming weekend, Governor Carvalho Pinto seems to have in hand his first purely "political" victory in the state legislature. Most estimates have the slate headed by Abreu Sodré (candidate for president of the State Assembly) winning by at least ten votes. The PTN voted to support the slate and PTN regional president Chaves Amarante had to consult the Governor before the party could decide which of its deputies should have the first secretary candidacy. The PR got the second secretaryship and also voted its solid support for the Sodré slate. PTB deputy Anibal Haman conferred at length with Governor Carvalho Pinto and afterwards informed the press that he and three PTB colleagues would support Sodré.

Only the PSP appeared to be aligned solidly with the PDC in the latter's attempts to retain control of the Assembly presidency. In addition, the PDC had partial support from PSD, PTB, and PSB ranks. (See previous weekly reports from this post for earlier developments.)

Apart from possible added fuel to the long standing fight between the UDN and the PDC, the current election contest in the

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

FROM : **Amesgen, SÃO PAULO**

325

DESP. NO.

TO : **THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.**

March 11, 1960

DATE

REF :

20 For Depts. Use Only	ACTION ARA-4	DEPT. Rm 14-2 IACB	Rm 14-2 Jan 10
	REC'D 3-18-60	OTHER CIA 10 050-4 Army 4 Navy 3 Civ-6	

SUBJECT: **São Paulo Weekly Summary No. 37, Week Ending March 11, 1960**

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HBS

Political

1. Presidential Campaign Highlights (Confidential).

Top story in Brazil's presidential campaign this past week was Janio's decision to visit Cuba. From Quadros and supporters came indications locally that the decision had been injurious to Janio's popularity. Pre-Quadros O Estado de São Paulo acknowledged a wave of protest. Other supporters refuted criticisms or protested the virtues of the visit. Some in pre-Quadros quarters privately deprecated or lamented Janio's decision. Janio himself approached an officer of the Consulate in Havana to obtain an invitation for an offsetting visit to the United States. Barring a change of heart by Quadros and his friends, Janio will be under pressure to speak and act vis-a-vis his Cuban trip as an attempt to counteract present adverse reactions. This, it would seem, should in turn benefit the United States in its relations with Brazil, Cuba, and other Latin American nations.

See last page for

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From: Anápolis, Curitiba

them in our national life through aarian legislation which makes the poor less miserable and the rich less powerful. Only nationalism can promote, through the reformation of the economic-financial policies of the country, the indispensable means for industrialization without the escape of wealth, (only nationalism can promote) 1/ the creation of education for all and not the privileged few.

This is, in synthesis, the essence of Paraná, the essence of the nationalist aspirations which brought me to your house and with which I take your leave. In making them, with thanks, I call on you to close ranks behind those who, guided by the glorious banners (legends) of the 1930s and 1940s, wait for you at the polls on the third of October as interpreters of the ideals of the economic restruct. on of our country.

For this I will you, for us and our children, for Brazil -

BRASIL LOTT (até LOTT 2/3) ... my countrymen across Paraná!

1/ Phrase in brackets added by translator for clarity.

2/ Also, on cards at the Porto Alegre Paraná, São Paulo, which means "goodbye for a while" (polite, non-slavery form of "so long").

Translated by L.L. Rowell.

Rowell:bb

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From AmConsulate, Curitiba

Notice published in "Gazeta do Povo", Curitiba, March 10, 1960.

PEOPLE OF PARANÁ

Edna Lott

At this moment in which I am leaving your lovely capital, this "Smiling City", which captivates and dazzles, I wish to express my deep gratitude for the gentle reception which was given me.

In spite of the unfortunate circumstances of my arrival which were caused by an involuntary delay for which I ask your pardon, you were able to display in a most unequivocal manner the warmth of your hospitality in your student life, in contacts with your workers, in dealing with the directors of this prodigal and cultured land.

To all who attended me with such kindness, my regards (reconhecimento) and my nationalist salutations.

I take with me the certainty that in Paraná the strong diaspora resounds, which from day to day identifies the Brazilian people and draws them into unison in their clamor for the economic liberty of our common fatherland. Yesterday our heroes fought to break the political yoke. They molded with their blood the immensity of the national territory which fills us with pride; today the patriots return to the battle so that they shall not submit to modern (contemporaneo) slavery, the economic slavery of imperialism, trusts and cartels both within and outside the country. There is in the streets, in every corner of Brazil a new message of faith in ourselves which rebels and shouts: "Fetters, not even of gold!" In this conviction (anselo) the Brazilian people have no obligations of sectarian beliefs, philosophies, doctrines, regimes or systems of government. They only desire, believe in and will fight without quarter for a Brazil which is more the master (dono) of itself, which does not count beyond its frontiers the product and the fruits of the persevering labors of its sons, whether born here or adopted. This people is engaged in a fight which will never again accept for Brazil a peripheral position in reserve or in someone's backyard. The people want, too, a Brazil which knows how to plant, to harvest its flour and its coffee, but which also knows how to sell them without foreign interference; a Brazil which generates energy without stragulation provoked by firms divorced from national progress; which polices the exorbitant and acknowledged (declarada) remittance of profits which goes to foreign riches and well being in other parts of the world; a Brazil which does not abdicate dominion over its coveted raw materials and minerals. It is with nationalism, I repeat, that the Brazilian people will humanize the terrible void of our brothers in the countryside, incorporating them in our

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Dana LOTT statement to Curitiba Press, published in Gazeta do Povo,
March 9, 1960, in response to question, "What is the basic
content of your father's candidacy?"

"His candidacy is clearly nationalistic, and its fundamental
principals are the economic emancipation of Brazil, free and
obligatory education, the limitation of the remittance abroad
of profits of foreign enterprises, the preservation (defesa) of
our natural riches so that they can be developed (explorados)
exclusively for the benefit of the country, the development of
agriculture and national industry, more humane and efficient
social security without the characteristics of gifts and alms
which it has today, and agrarian reform, a measure which cannot
be resolved in five years of government because of its complexity,
but which can be studied so that a solution may be started in
accordance with the necessities of national development. This
development cannot be harmonious or progressive without a democratic
agrarian reform."

Translated by E.M. Rowell.

EMRowell:bb

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From Curitiba

CONCLUSIONS

In Parana there is no way to know how Marshall Lott really feels concerning the economic bogey-men cited above. We cannot predict his intentions. But, if he should be elected on the basis of his present campaign, it is difficult to see how he could avoid taking some actions which would be repugnant to foreign investors, and especially to foreign public utilities operating in Brazil. It seems likely that the state and municipal entities controlling public utilities in Parana will be even harder on foreign firms operating here than they are now if the Marshall is elected. E

(LIMITED OFFICIAL USE)


Edward M. Rowell
American Consul


Enclosures: all in m.

1. Edna Lott Statement to Curitiba Press,
Gazeta do Povo, March 9, 1960
2. Edna Lott Farewell Message to Curitiba,
Gazeta do Povo, March 10, 1960

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democratic, agrarian reform". The tone of the talks was hyper-nationalist. All the old "bogey-men" were raised -- trusts, cartels, economic imperialists, foreigners growing fat from Brazilian toil, strangulation of the nation's growth by greedy, self interested companies, etc. Although care was taken to mention the danger of unethical national business firms, the emphasis was clearly on the threat of the foreigners. The two translations of news reports of Lema's activities which are enclosed with this despatch are good examples of the nature of the campaign talk.

(UNCLASSIFIED)

COMMENTS: The opening gun of the campaign seems to have been directed mainly toward labor groups in urban southeastern Parana. Although labor in this region has been well organized behind the PTB, and Lott has always been more popular in this part of the state, in recent months many workers and their unions have grown resentful of Joao Coultart and the Brazilian Coffee Institute (and, therefore, of the National PTB) because of the way they have let the port of Paranaguá become choked with coffee, and because of the failure of the government to pay retirement pensions and railway workers. The call to unity behind a nationalist, patriotic banner presumably is intended to focus the blame of local troubles elsewhere.

(OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

In relationship to Parana politics it is noteworthy that the only important members of the state PTB who attended Lema Lott at the airport were Curitiba's mayor, and state deputy Waldemar G. M. This indicates that Lema has been fairly accurate in determining that the main pitch of her first visit needed to be toward the worker backbone of the PTB.

(OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Concerning nationalism in general, we have observed that even fairly prosperous businessmen in Curitiba, supposedly sophisticated in an economic sense, are bitten by the nationalist bug. In various discussions of businessmen's and civic groups we have noticed that these people are easily convinced that the Brazilian government must develop all its own public utilities and much of the nation's mineral wealth itself. (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

CONCLUSIONS

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AIR FORCE		LIMITED OFFICIAL USE (Security Classification)		DO NOT TYPE IN THIS SPACE	
PRIORITY		FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH		732.00/3-1160	
FROM : AmConsulate, Curitiba		39		DATE: March 11, 1960	
TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON		BUREAU OF INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS		MAR 25 1960	
REF :					
20 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION ARA-4 REC'D 3-23-60	DEPT 1 OTHER CIP 10			

SUBJECT: MARSHALL LOTT'S PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN IN CURITIBA OF PARANA MATTOALIST PARTY HIS DAUGHTER: LOCAL NATIONALIST COMMITTEE FOR LOTT FOUNDED.

Arriving half a day late because of an airline strike, Edna LOTT, daughter of Henrique Teixeira LOTT, came to Curitiba March 7 to kick off the Marshall's presidential campaign. She was met at the airport by Governor LUFION (PSD), various state secretaries, the local airbase commander, the acting commander of the Fifth Military Region, Major MATTOIS of Curitiba (PTB), the leaders of the to-be-formed Nationalist Committee for Lott, and others. (UNCLASSIFIED-D)

In her two and one-half day stay Edna kept a punishing schedule of visits to legislative, labor, student, civic and social groups. She held press conferences, the most important of which was an appearance on Curitiba's "Meet the Press" radio program (Encontro Marcado). High points of the visit were a street corner meeting in which she took part in the formal inauguration of the Curitiba Chapter of the Nationalist Committee for Lott, and a meeting which followed at the Sindicato of Commercial Workers. The meeting at the Sindicato of Commercial Workers was run by Professor Dalton POUGHART (University of Brazil) who unequivocally demonstrated to an over-flow crowd how foreign enterprises are bleeding Brazil dry by remitting profits abroad (Ford, according to Poughart, has remitted 486L, the Light -- Canadian Power firm -- 15/0%, and "private banks" 2000%). The professor's exposition supposedly was based on published profit and loss statements. (UNCLASSIFIED)

At every stop Edna outlined the main elements of Lott's political platform, which are, according to her, (1) nationalism, especially in the sense of a "struggle against economic imperialism", (2) the limitation of profits remitted abroad, and (3) "carefully reasoned,

democratic, avarian

+ The Committee leaders, all known leftists, are: Waldemar DAROS, State Deputy (PTB), Jose SCHLINKMAIN, teacher; Dilo GODOY, labor leader; Jairo REGIS, newspaper reporter; and Nereu Lima SANTOS, teacher.

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At the root of the dispute is the fact that agents seizing contraband are entitled to 50% of the proceeds from the public auction (conducted by the Customshouse) of the seized goods.

IV CONSULAR

1. General (UNCLASSIFIED)

Consular operations have continued normally during the past week and there is nothing especial to report.

V ADMINISTRATIVE

1. Supervising Consul General Visits Santos (UNCLASSIFIED)

On March 8 Supervising Consul General William C. Affeld, Jr. visited the Consulate. During his stay in Santos he took the opportunity to inspect the premises to which the Consulate hopes to remove its offices.

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The ship was turned over to PRONAP on January 25 of this year in Yokohama, from whence it proceeded to Ras-al-Tamra in the Persian Gulf, where on February 16 it took on 32,489 tons of crude oil for delivery to the "Presidente Bernardes" refinery at Cubatao. The vessel is a sister ship of the Presidente Wenceslau, is 203.556 meters long and has 45,930 cubic meters cargo capacity.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Before arriving in Santos the ship discharged part of its cargo of oil to another tanker off the Island of Sao Sebastiao, in order to reduce its draft to enter Santos.

2. Near Collision in Port of Santos (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

About 7 a.m. on March 2 a near collision occurred in the estuary leading into the port of Santos when, in a fog, the Royal Mail Motor Vessel Amazonas passed to port the U.S. Brasil, which was also entering port. The move was especially ill-advised since the Brasil was keeping to port of a Delta Lines ship also entering port.

Due to the configuration of the estuary the Amazonas had to turn to starboard, apparently just as her Commodore realized the crowded state of the channel. The Amazonas scraped paint from the Brasil's port side.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

No damage appears to have been sustained by either vessel, although Moore-McCormack Lines considers the Amazonas to have been entirely at fault for the incident, due to the Amazonas insistence on trying to be the first ship to come alongside.

The near-miss obviously could have developed into a major disaster (both ships had a full passenger load) and points up the congested condition of the Santos estuary.

3. Contraband Stirs Intra-Mural Police Dispute (UNCLASSIFIED)

Dr. Francisco de Campos Morais, chief of the Brazilian Maritime and Air Police in Santos, has declared that there exists no jurisdictional conflict between his department and the agents of the Santos Customhouse.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Dr. Morais' words are belied by a recent dispute as to which authority had jurisdiction over the capture of a cargo of contraband deoderants and by the recent detention by Maritime Policemen of two plainclothes customs inspectors in "reprisal" for the latter's energetic seizures of contraband deemed by the Maritime Police to have fallen within its purview.

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by a vote of 61 to 3, ousted Bernardo de Abreu Madeira from the presidency of the union. Present were representatives of the Labor Ministry and the Regional Labor Delegation. Madeira for many weeks has been under heavy fire for malfeasance in office, specifically, failing to account for a number of expenditures made in the union's name and refusal to allow the union's books to be audited. (See Weekly Comment dated January 15, 1960, et sequitur.)

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Madeira, who was accused of communist sympathies by the local labor newspaper O Expresso on October 3, 1959, has fought bitterly to retain control of the union, of which he has been president for some years (see Weekly Comment dated February 10, 1960). His last act of defiance was to lock the union's members out of their headquarters so that the March 9 gathering had to be held at the Sociedade Humanitaria dos Empregados no Comercio.

After the meeting jubilant comerciantes bore a coffin through the streets to symbolize the death of Madeira's "tyranny" over the union.

Madeira's successor has not yet been named.

2. Taxi Drivers Stage Protest Strike (UNCLASSIFIED)

All taxicab service in Santos, except for emergency calls, was suspended for the 24 hours following 8 a.m. March 9 as the Sindicato dos Condutores Autonomos de Veiculos Rodoviaros declared a strike in protest of the recent deaths of three union members which, the union charges, have not been properly investigated by the police.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The death on March 8 of union member Norberto Soares was a murder, reportedly provoked by drug traffickers who thought Soares had informed to the police concerning their activities.

It is also reported that a number of condutores autonomos (persons who own their own taxicabs) often carry dope peddlers about Santos in order for the latter to make contact with their customers.

III ECONOMIC

1. New FRONAPE Tanker Arrives in Santos (UNCLASSIFIED)

On March 10 the 34,000 ton tanker Presidente Floriano arrived in Santos to join the Frota Nacional de Petroleiros (FRONAPE). The second tanker built in Japan for FRONAPE, the ship's keel was laid on June 23, 1959, and the vessel was launched October 17. /The

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Enclosure No. 1
São Paulo Despatch No. 322

AAA

OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM

TO: American Consulate General, São Paulo
FROM: American Consulate, Santos *VPR*
SUBJECT: Weekly Comment on Events in Santos
REF: MAR 11 1960
AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL
SÃO PAULO, BRAZIL

I. POLITICAL

1. Inauguration of Local Lott Campaign Committee (UNCLASSIFIED)

On March 5 the "Pro-Marshal Henrique Lott Committee" for the city of Santos was inaugurated in the presence of Santos State Deputies Antonio Moreira and Juvenal Rodrigues de Loraes, former Santos Customs Inspector Henrique Soler, current Customs Inspector Mario Dutro Dantas, Santos Air Base Commander Lt. Col. Francisco Alfredo Gouveia Morcadas, Public Prosecutor Joao Batista Amaral Gama, retired Colonel Antonio Maximo, Professor Rafael de Lossis, and customs employees Rubens Futuro and Joao de Aquino. A number of other persons were also present.

Comment: (Official Use Only)

Professor de Lossis reportedly has communist tendencies. It will be noted that the other persons named are in some way connected with the Government.

So far as the reporting officer can determine, Marshal Lott's candidacy has not generated much enthusiasm in Santos.

2. Greek Ambassador Visits Santos (UNCLASSIFIED)

On March 9 Santos was visited by the Greek Ambassador to Brazil, John Limperopoulos. He was greeted by the local Greek Honorary Vice Consul, Demetre Jean Pavromichalis.

Comment: (Official Use Only)

There is a small Greek colony in Santos.

II. LABOR

1. Commerce Employees Union (Finally) Ousts President (UNCLASSIFIED)

On March 9 the Sindicato dos Empregados no Comercio de Santos, /by

VPhando lph, lll/vpr

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SUBJECT:		Santos Weekly Report			
		FBI-7 LAB-6 TR-3 AMUPY NAVY-3 AR-6 OSD-4			

Transmitted herewith for the information of the Embassy and the Department is the weekly report from the American Consulate at Santos, dated March 10, 1960.

For the Consul General:

Ralph J. Burton
Ralph J. Burton
American Consul

Enclosure:

Santos Weekly Report
Dated March 10, 1960

cc: Amembassy, Rio



RJBurton:tar

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Mrs. Sternier, DCL

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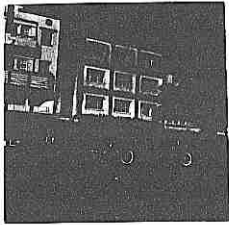
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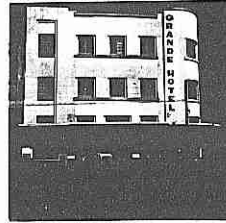
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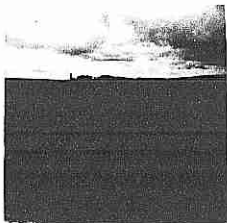
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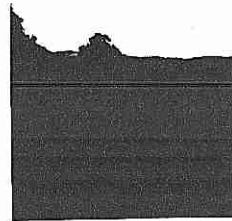
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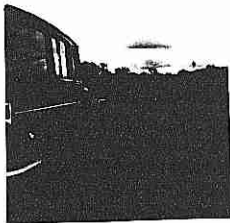
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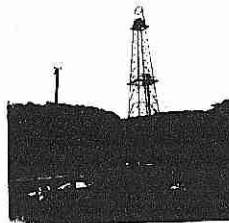
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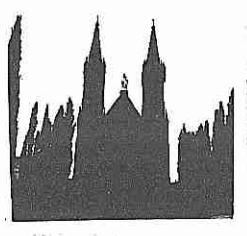
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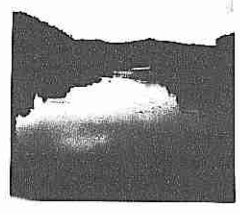
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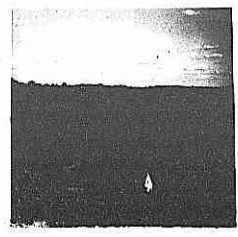
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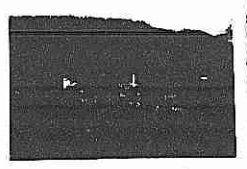
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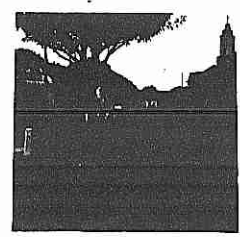
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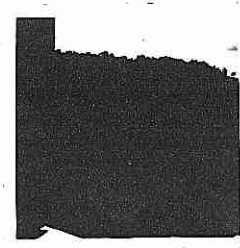
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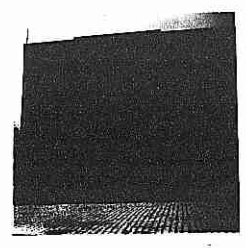
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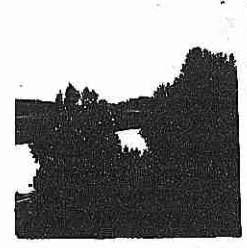
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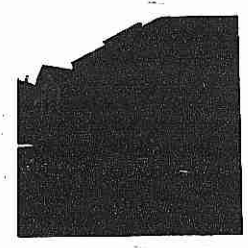
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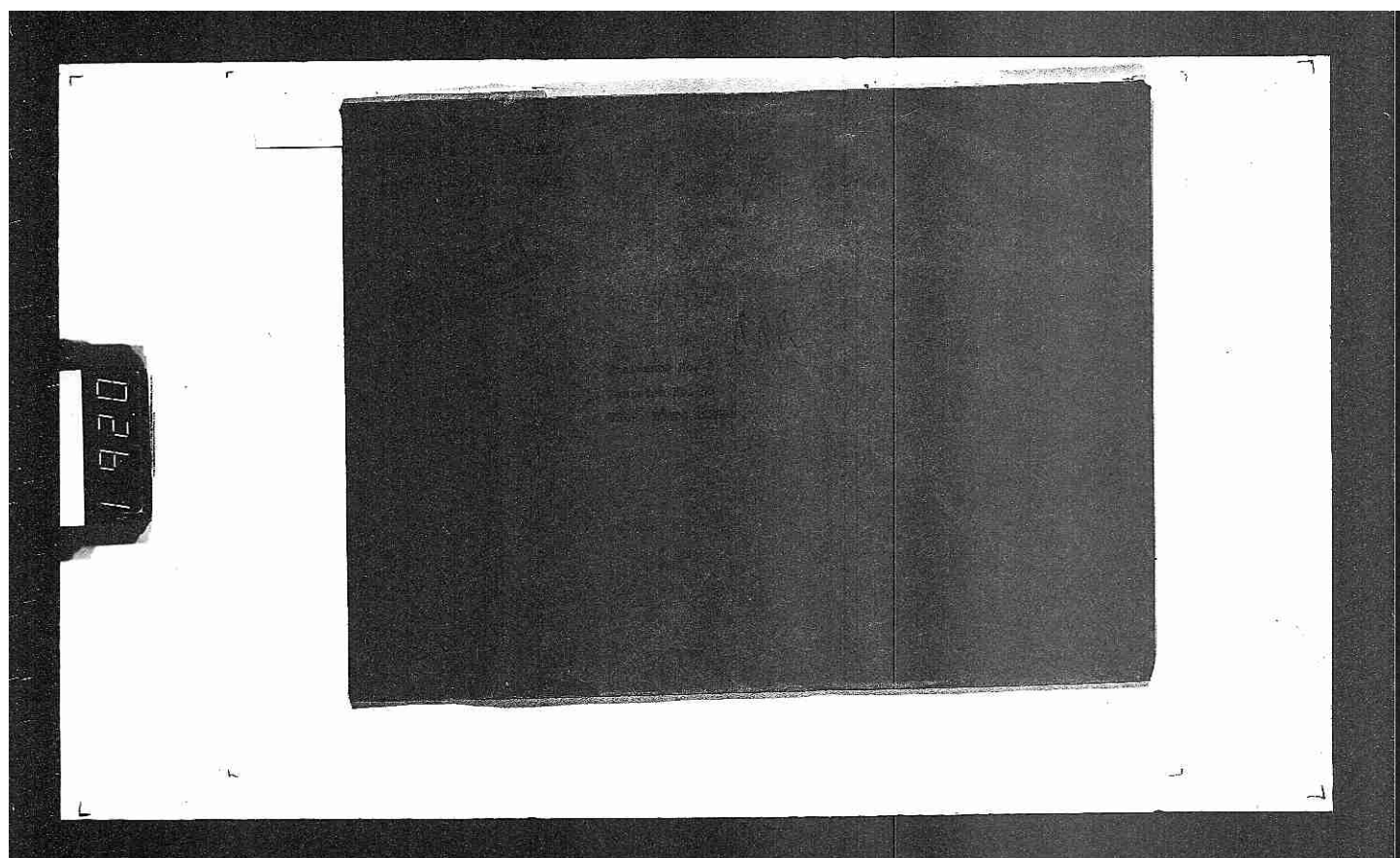


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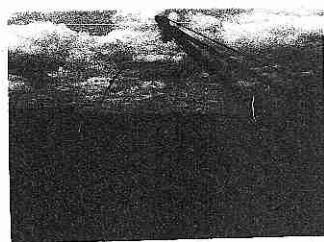


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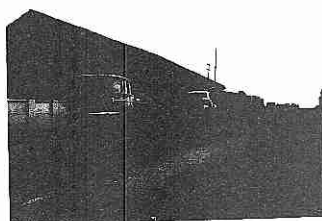
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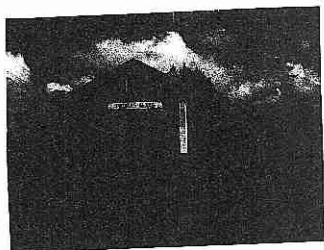
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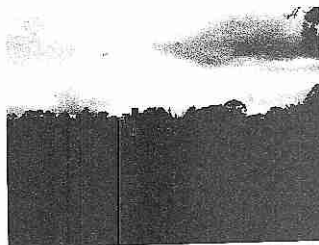
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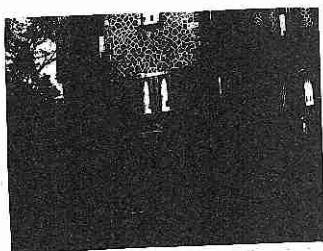
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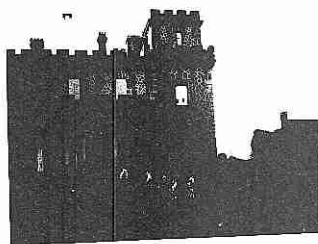
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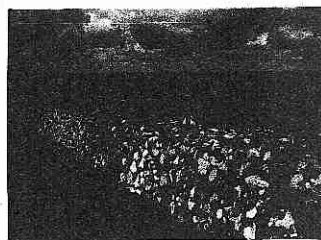


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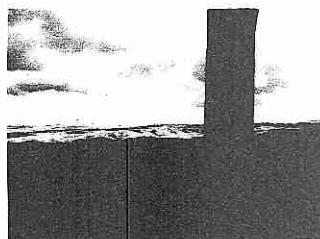
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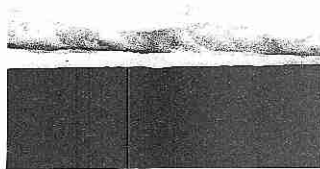
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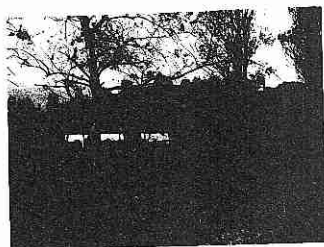


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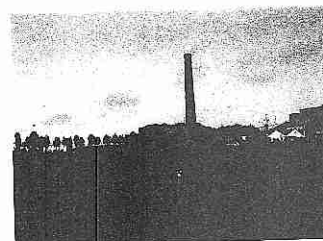


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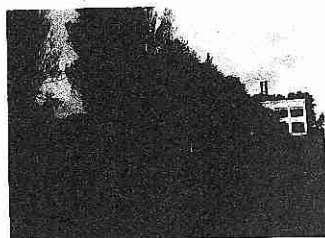
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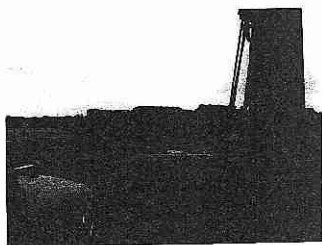


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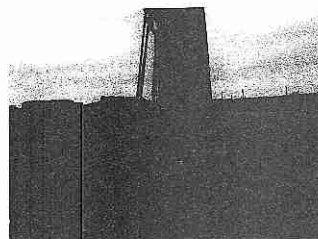


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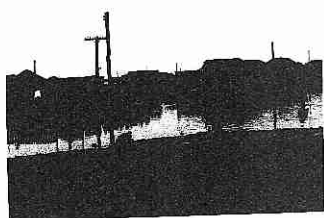
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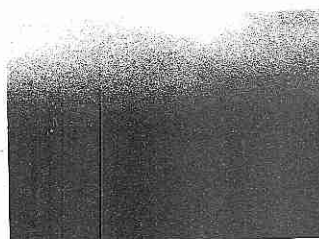
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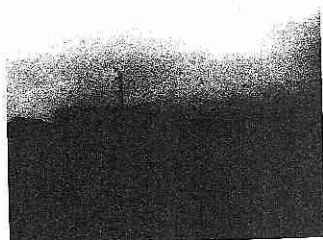
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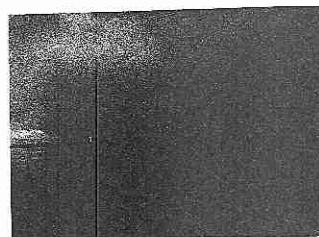
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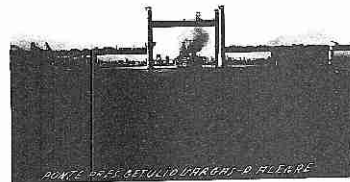


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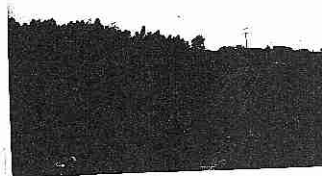
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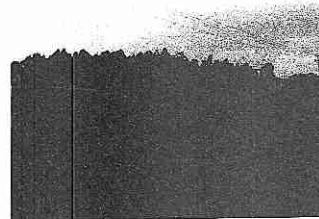
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From PORTO ALEGRE

CAPTIONS TO PICTURES ON CONSUL DA SILVEIRA'S REPORT

1. Vacaria--Cathedral. Picture taken from town's main square.
2. River das Antas as seen from bridge north of Caxias do Sul.
3. View of Marcelino Ramos. Land on other side of River Uruguai is already part of State of Santa Catarina.
4. Partial view of Marcelino Ramos seen from main square.
5. Marcelino Ramos: Point where River Pelotas enters River Uruguai.
6. Marcelino Ramos: View of River Uruguai at point where ferry crosses. Ferry is seen reaching opposite bank.
7. View of River Uruguai from hotel window in Marcelino Ramos.
8. View of Grande Hotel in Marcelino Ramos where I stayed.
9. Gaurama countryside.
10. Erechim Hotel where I stayed.
11. View of Hotel Excelsior in Passo Fundo where I stayed. Picture taken from city's main square.
12. Grande Hotel in Carazinho where I stayed.
13. View of road near Sananduva.
14. View of road on approaches to Marcelino Ramos.
15. View of road near Erechim.
16. Picture of colonos taken in front of cachaça still.
17. View of Straist of Uruguai River, near Marcelino Ramos.
18. View of Straist of Uruguai River, near Marcelino Ramos.
19. View of family of colonos. One child is missing from the picture.
20. View of Petrobrás derrick on the bank of River Uruguai near Marcelino Ramos.

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From Porto Alegre

municipality told me that Brazil and all other countries in the non-Communist world owed a debt of gratitude to the United States for keeping Communism from taking over. This role of the United States was so much taken for granted, he added, that people tended to overlook its value.

I should like to note that the news of my visits, as given in newspapers and on the air was everywhere couched in warm and flattering terms. Also, I found people everywhere aware of United States activities to assist in the development of the State of Rio Grande do Sul.

Edmund A. da Silveira
Edmund A. da Silveira
American Consul

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From Porto Alegre

that the State leaders were trying hard to avoid an outright show of dissidence and that a device might be found whereby Party members could support the candidate of their individual choice without violating Party directives. Another mayor told me that in his opinion the PSD dissidence regarding the choice of a Presidential candidate stemmed from the fact that the PTB and the PSD were on opposite sides within the State. Many PSD members, he felt, simply could not bear the thought of supporting the same candidate the PTB backed.

The over-all impression I gathered from talking to municipal officials, newspaper men, and others who cared to voice a political opinion was that Marshal Lott was the favored candidate. Insofar as the PTB is concerned I felt that support of his candidacy was based on the wishes of Governor Brizola and Vice President Jango Goulart rather than on ideological grounds or any strong personal liking for Lott. Governor Brizola is not blamed in the least for the economic crisis; the Federal administration is. The Governor's political views command, therefore, serious consideration.

Attitudes Toward the United States

Insofar as I could ascertain, I saw no indications of animosity toward the United States, whether in newspapers, radio programs, or in conversation. I perceived quite often pronounced nationalistic leanings and met on rare occasions with some criticism of United States foreign policy. Such criticism, as there was, however, was uttered in a friendly fashion indicative of an effort to be objective and constructive.

One conversation I vividly remember along these lines took place with the editor of one of the two daily papers in the largest town I visited. This was a PTB paper. The editor, in expressing approval of the fundamental principles on which United States foreign policy was based, felt that we did not take sufficient cognizance of the fact that underdeveloped countries like Brazil could not withstand free competition against countries already fully developed. Competition, he affirmed, would nullify the efforts of underdeveloped countries to raise their standard of living. He was, accordingly, critical of remarks allegedly made by Secretary Herter favoring a policy of free competition among nations. He maintained that the emphasis ought to be on cooperation. He was fully aware of the many instances of cooperation between the United States on the one hand and Brazil and other underdeveloped countries on the other, and he qualified his remarks by stating that his purpose was to point to what seemed to him fallacious reasoning on the part of a high U.S. foreign policy making official.

Most of the people with whom I spoke, and they gave me the definite impression of being sincere, had only sentiments of admiration and friendship for the United States. One old-time PTB mayor of a large

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These speculators were now, I was told, almost entirely out of the way, and the field was in the hands of professional farmers who were diversifying their crops so as to minimize bad years for any given crop. The impression I received was that this year's wheat crop was considered fair. The chief complaint had to do with price rather than yield. Evidence that wheat growing is not as of now considered too bad a proposition is the fact that new areas, such as the municipality of Vacaria--150 miles north of Porto Alegre--are introducing the cultivation of wheat and seem satisfied with the results obtained so far. Many silos for wheat storage have been constructed in the region. I saw a number of them in Sananduva--10,000 tons capacity--and Carazinho.

In Sananduva I learned that there was a group of six American technicians drilling for oil for Petrobras on the approaches to Marcelino Ramos. The derrick stands on the bank of the Uruguai River right at the water's edge (20). I stopped to see the American technicians who told me that as of then--December 8--the drilling had reached a depth of 7,900 feet and that no oil had yet been found. The drill head had fallen at the bottom of the hole, and they were trying to "fish" it out. They told me that that derrick was too big for the place and that Petrobras was considering replacing it with a smaller one.

The Political Situation

The area I visited is a stronghold of the Brazilian Labor Party (PTB). This predominance is not so surprising when one considers that Governor Leonel Brizola was born in Carazinho, one of the area's main towns. He is viewed and admired as the local boy of humble origin who made good in the big city. What is perhaps more significant is that the region increased the number of its Labor mayoralties during the recent municipal elections at a time when some of the largest population centers elsewhere in the State went over to the opposition Social Democratic Party (PSD). Of the few non-PTB mayors in office in December in the area visited, all but one were succeeded as a result of the last election by PTB men. The PTB now holds all but one of the mayoralties in the area.

Despite this one-sided situation, I had the opportunity to talk to several PSD mayors, since the new mayors took office only on January 1. In those areas where the PSD is strongest, I learned that the local Party leaders were divided on the question of a Presidential candidate. One PSD mayor of a municipality with a population of approximately 40,000 told me that he believed that the vast majority of the electorate in his municipality would vote for Janio Quadros. He felt that if the Party leadership at the State level insisted on supporting Marshal Lott, the only solution would be the formation of a new party by the dissident wing of the PSD. He added, however,

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From Porto Alegre

The Economy

The economy of the region is varied. The main commercial products are wine, corn, wheat, sugar cane, lumber, hogs, and cattle. From an economic point of view, the area is going through a crisis like the rest of the State, although the depression is not readily apparent. The pace of life as I observed it was brisk. The stores were busy and the hotels full; the people looked well fed and energetic. Movie houses and cafes did a thriving business, and there was what seemed to me an abundance of private social clubs in the larger towns, all of which led a very active life and some of which were engaged in such expensive projects as the building of swimming pools and recreational centers.

Although all these activities are indicative of wealth, there was an undercurrent of serious economic discontent and pessimism, shown in criticism of the low prices farm products received and of the inflationary situation. Worst of all in my estimation was a pervasive pessimism that underlay the belief that no solution was in sight and that things would get a lot worse before they got better.

One PTB mayor of a large town, who has had 20 years of service off and on as the head of his municipality, told me that the present crisis is part of a much more serious and longer-term crisis. According to him, he had seen things getting progressively worse for many years past and felt that this condition resulted from a socio-economic displacement. People were becoming increasingly aware of higher standards of living elsewhere in the world, he said, adding that the trouble was that they wanted also more leisure along with the material benefits of a high living standard. The result was, he concluded, that productivity decreased as desires and discontent rose. By way of evidence he pointed to some appeals made by Governor Brizola to his people for some relatively slight sacrifices, appeals which had gone entirely unheeded.

One of the few notes of optimism I encountered regarding the economy came from the hog raising farmer, who was well satisfied with the price he received for his product. Wheat growers were highly critical of the low prices the Government had fixed in the past for their crops and of the regulations it imposed for the planting of wheat. These regulations, they told me, were based on climatic conditions in the southern part of the State which differed greatly from those in their area. Some well established wheat farmers told me, however, that an important factor in the poor yields of wheat crops in the past was speculation on the part of people who knew nothing about the cultivation of wheat and got into the business solely to make a fast buck. A typical story was that of a physician who rented a large tract of land for the specific purpose of growing wheat and lost everything including his personal automobile.

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These new immigrants became as a rule small property holders, the small tracts of land where they settled being known as colonias. This type of land settlement was so prevalent that to this day, the area where they settled retains the generic name of colonia, and their descendants of several generations are still called colonos, or settlers. Confusing but true is the fact that there are also large farms, known as granjas, in the general area of the colonia. The granja, in sharp contrast to the colonia, represents a large scale, mechanized operation. The trend with respect to the granja, as I was told and had occasion to verify, is away from monoculture and toward the diversification of crops.

Of all the memories I have of my trip, the most vivid is that of the colono and his life. Although I had to go considerably off the beaten track to see him, and at times felt that even the Jeep could not get me back out again, I consider the experience well worth the effort.

The colono is the real settler in the sense that he holds on to his land with a tenacity that resists all kinds of adverse factors. His everyday life is characterized by hardship, and he and his family stand virtually alone. He is so isolated that were he in need of a doctor in the direst of emergencies, for example, he could hardly get one. Most of the crops he grows are for self-subsistence. A few money crops hardly suffice to buy those things which he cannot do without.

A colono I saw, whose property bordered on the Uruguai River, near Marcelino Ramos, grew among other things corn, vegetables, a little wheat, fruit trees, and sugar cane out of which he made cachaça in an old-fashioned still (16). He also raised a few head of cattle, pigs, and chickens and caught fish in the river which ran a little way down from his unpainted frame house (17 & 18). His family consisted of a wife and eight children, the children born a year apart (19). His father had come to Brazil from Italy (he did not know what region) by way of several countries in Western Europe and the United States. He had been born not far from the place where he was now living and had never been farther away than Marcelino Ramos. He had legal title to his property. A picture he showed me of himself and some relatives, taken not more than ten or twelve years before, portrayed the face of a handsome young man in whom I could barely recognize the person I was talking to.

The faces of these colonos have a determined but sad expression. The colono seems to hold on to life out of sheer stubbornness. He is soft-spoken and has a quiet dignity that rejects even unvoiced sentiments of pity toward him.

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gravel beds, and some of them offer at best precarious means of communication in rainy weather (13, 14 & 15). Certain sections are occasionally closed to traffic in the winter season. Nevertheless, there are regular bus lines to practically all points, and I encountered everywhere a great deal of truck and bus traffic. Although railway extends also to some points, people prefer buses to trains for their travel.

The People

The region's livelihood is based on agriculture and cattle and hog raising, and the way of life is entirely rural. The villages and towns that dot the landscape do not modify in any significant way the rural aspect. The people who pursue these agricultural activities come from various stocks-- the native Indian, some Negro, the Portuguese, and, more recently, the Italian and German. In colonial days, Spain held a considerable part of the area I visited which was then occupied by the Spanish Jesuit missions. The Indians, who lived then under the care and protection of these Missions, felt a deep loyalty to the Spanish Crown and attachment to the land where they lived.

As a direct result of this attitude, the Indians never conformed to the transfer of that land from Spain to Portugal and fought its occupation by the Portuguese until the virtually total destruction of the Missions. Without ever acknowledging defeat, the survivors dispersed throughout the land and, with the passage of time, mixed with Negro and Portuguese blood, forming a racial type known as the caboclo. The term caboclo, however, has long ago acquired an economic connotation and is applied to the very poor among the rural population who have no visible means of livelihood or work as hired hands on the farm and have no steady jobs.

The Portuguese settlers reached this region by two different routes. The first ones came originally from the Azores to the coastal area of Santa Catarina and gradually made their way into the eastern section of the plateau. They became wealthy landowners but showed little adaptability to changing social conditions, and their descendants have long ago ceased to play an influential role in the life of the region. The second wave of Portuguese settlers came from the São Paulo area and have grown with the community.

Today, however, it is those descendants of the Italian and German immigrants who are most active in the economic, social, and political life of the region. This is true particularly with respect to those of Italian descent, the Germans having settled for the most part on the lower lands along the river valleys. The prominence of the settler of Italian stock is the more remarkable when one considers his relatively recent arrival--in the latter part of the nineteenth century.

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of the radio station, I decided to turn back north to Marcelino Ramos on the following day by a back country road to see and talk to some typical small farmers, called "colonos." My decision was based on some remarks made by a member of the city council, whom I had met at the newspaper's office, to the effect that the colono was the "real hero" of Rio Grande do Sul.

After two nights and one day in Erechim (10), I proceeded south to Passo Fundo, calling on the way on the mayor of Getulio Vargas, the owner of a large and modern brewery which he had his manager and partner show me from top to bottom. As I was told, the brewery was very favorably located, Getulio Vargas being in the center of the largest barley growing region in the State.

Passo Fundo (11) is the largest city of the region, having a population of approximately 50,000, two daily newspapers, and two radio stations. In addition to the mayor, I called on both newspapers and radio stations. My next and last stop was Garazinho (12), a city of approximately 22,000 inhabitants and the center of a wheat producing area. After my official calls I spent several hours visiting a large farm operated, and owned in partnership with members of his immediate family, by another former participant in a Point Four program who was in the United States about three years ago.

The Land

The region I visited forms part of a mountainous plateau separated on the east from the Atlantic Ocean by the Great Escarpment and on the north from the State of Santa Catarina by the Rivers Uruguai and Pelotas and extending to the western border of the State. It is in fact the southern end of the great Brazilian plateau, its edge almost bisecting the State of Rio Grande do Sul from east to west.

The steepness of the slope to the plateau varies. North from Porto Alegre, the way I started, it goes from sea level to an altitude of 3,100 feet in Vacaria in a distance of 147 miles. Farther west, from Soledade to Taquari, the route I took coming down, the descent goes from an altitude of 2,376 feet to 25 feet above sea level in a distance of 119 miles.

The angular, vegetation covered mountains that mark the slope form some of the most beautiful landscape to be seen anywhere. The plateau itself is mountainous, the mountains, however, being less pronounced. The terrain in certain parts may even be described as rolling.

With the exception of certain portions of the Federal highway, the road network is of poor quality. Most of the roads have dirt or

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APR 8 1960

Orientation Trip to Northern Zone of Rio Grande do Sul

During the week of December 6-13, 1959, I made a trip in the Consulate's Jeep station wagon to the northern-central part of the State for the purpose of gaining a first-hand impression of the political outlook of the area and its general economic situation. In every town I stopped I made a point of calling on the mayor, newspaper editors, and radio stations managers. In addition, I spoke to business and professional people and visited large and small scale farmers.

I encountered everywhere a friendly atmosphere on the part of the official authorities I called on regardless of their political affiliations and noted a willingness on their part to be frank and informative in their discussion of the political and economic situation. Most if not all of the places seen had never received the visit of an American consul, and I felt that the people with whom I spoke, whether they were public officials or private individuals, were appreciative of the fact that an American consul was sufficiently interested in knowing their area and finding out about their problems to come to them in person.

Itinerary

My first official stop was Vacaria (1), a town of 20,000 inhabitants, 147 miles north of Porto Alegre, on the main Federal highway (2). After calling on the mayor and the manager of the local radio station, I turned northwest and proceeded through Lagoa Vermelha to Sananduva, a small town with a population of between 2,000-3,000 where I stayed for the night and part of the following day. Among the people I talked to were both the incumbent and newly elected mayors and the city judge who kindly invited me to stay at his house.

From Sananduva I went north to Marcelino Ramos (3 & 4), a town of approximately 4,000 inhabitants on the bank of the Uruguai River at the point where the Pelotas River enters the Uruguai (5), the two forming the border between the Rio Grande do Sul and Santa Catarina States (6 & 7). I spent a full day and night in Marcelino Ramos (8), my calls including visits to the mayor and vice-mayor. The vice-mayor, who had been to the United States as a participant in a Point Four program, invited me to see his hog farm, a prosperous enterprise which I visited on my way south to Erechim, a city with a population of 30,000. On the way to Erechim I stopped in the small cities of Viadutos and Gaurama (9) to call on their mayors. Both cities are the capitals of very recently created and modest municipalities.

From Erechim, after having called on the vice-mayor, the mayor being out of town, the editor of the city's daily, and the director

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CAPTIONS TO PICTURES ON PRINCIPAL OFFICER'S REPORT

1. The new bridge linking Porto Alegre with the opposite side of Rio Grande do Sul and the main Federal Highway to Pelotas and Uruguaiana. (view 1)
2. The new bridge (view 2).
3. Flood damaged bridge between Camaquã and Pelotas (view 1).
4. Flood damaged bridge between Camaquã and Pelotas (view 2).
5. Flooded Pelotas streets near ferry to Rio Grande.
6. Flooded Pelotas waterfront from river.
7. Anglo plant (view 1).
8. Anglo plant (view 2).
9. Cable ferry from Pelotas to Rio Grande (view 1).
10. Cable ferry (view 2).
11. Bridge under construction.
12. Swift Guest House in Rio Grande.
13. Swift Club House in Rio Grande.
14. Swift Guest House in Rio Grande (view 1).
15. Swift Guest House (view 2) showing office and side of Club House.
16. New bridge over the Piratini River.
17. "Pampas" near Pedras Altas - RGS (view 1).
18. "Pampas" view 2).
19. Stone walls built on the road above.
20. Road to Pedras Altas - Stone walls.
21. Railroad station to Assis Brasil estate.
- 22.- 24 Views of the "Castelo Inglês" (Assis Brasil estate) in P. Altas.
25. Blocked ford over flooded river at Olimpo Cerrito.
26. Flat car service across the river.

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had both worked together.

COMMENT:

The trip afforded a good introduction to the important south-east area of the consular district and some acquaintance with its principal sea-port. Despite strenuous municipal electioneering in the home state of the PTB with its nationalistic and even xenophobic overtones we, as Americans, found nothing but courtesy and friendliness at all levels. Everyone was primarily preoccupied with the disruptions caused by repeated floods and bad weather in their daily lives and in the economy of the area. Under the circumstances and on what was after all an acquaintance visit, it was not considered appropriate to probe deeply into attitudes. However contacts were established and background was obtained which should aid from an over-all and balanced reporting standpoint.

Percy Warner
Percy Warner
American Consul

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There is an unmarked landing strip on a neighboring farm which is said to be about 500 meters in length at about the same altitude (370) meters as the Assis Brasil residence. The reporting officer plans to return by light airplane when conditions permit and will make a more exact report on this landing facility. Pedras Altas is served by narrow gauge passenger and freight trains operating between Pelotas and Bage; some with steam-locomotives (5-6 hours Pedras Altas-Pelotas); some with diesels (3 hours Pedras Altas-Pelotas).

October 15, Thursday - Pedras Altas-Herval-Pelotas (200 km)

The passing cold front of the night before brought in a strong cold wind from the South which cleared skies, lowered temperatures to topcoat levels, and dried the roads. At Olimpo Cerrito the highway and railroad bridges had been washed away and a temporary highway bridge was already awash and blocked by a stranded truck (25). However, a temporary trestle had been erected to keep the railroad in operation. For a standard fee of 300 cruzeiros, a flatcar was provided to take the Jeep across the river (26).

At Pelotas, the bi-national center (Instituto Cultural Brasileiro Norte-Americano) offered a well attended reception from 6 pm on. The center has a conveniently situated location in the downtown section with two adequate classrooms, a general reception room, a small library and several utility rooms. It has 300 members but English class enrollment had dropped, due to current economic difficulties in the area, to about 200.

October 16, Friday - Pelotas-Porto Alegre (250km)

Continued good weather and prompt road crew work made an almost unbelievable improvement in road condition for the return to Porto Alegre. At least eight road-scraper were at work over the unpaved 120 km between Pelotas and Camaqua. Thus the trip took only 4 1/2 hours and was completed shortly after midday.

- 2/ The visit to this interesting place and its gracious hostess was suggested by João Paulo Rio Branco, grandson of the renowned Brazilian statesman and now in the Brazilian Embassy in Washington. He is a godson of Mme. Assis Brasil. The association between godson and godmother is closer than usual because the Assis Brasil's arranged a place in the Brazilian diplomatic service for young João Paulo. His mother, a French woman still living in Paris, insisted that her son go to Brazil because he belonged to that country as a grandson of the Baron of Rio Branco. Assis Brasil and the elder Rio Branco were close friends and among the treasured relics in the house are the two pens with which they signed the Treaty of Acre with Bolivia, on which they

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The 40 km run from Pinheiro Machado to the village of Pedras Altas lay along ridges which afforded a beautiful view of what are termed locally "the pampas" (17 & 18). These are not the flat plains usually associated with the term but undulating hills and meadows which remind one of the foot hills of the Blue Ridge near Middleburg. Many sheep grazed with cattle on these well drained uplands away from the lowland wet which has raised such havoc with the sheep flocks during the past few months. Well built stone walls, which recall New England, were frequently in evidence (19 & 20). These were constructed years ago with slave labor by contractors, predominantly Irish and German, and are preferred by stock raisers over wire fencing because they are believed to prevent the spread of hoof and mouth and other infectious animal diseases. However, such walls are not found economical to build in this area since the passing of slavery. Local progressive fazendeiros, who consider the pasturage here underfertilized and overgrazed, are concerned over appearances of erosion. Here some sources believe these conditions will prevent an increase in livestock production in this area, despite Federal and State official pressure for such an increase.

On the outskirts of Pedras Altas, the Jeep's spark-coil gave out. While awaiting a replacement in the first few drops of rain, we were met by Miss Joaquina Assis Brasil of the family to which we carried introductions. After repairs, we drove through the village, over the railroad tracks (21) to the Assis Brasil estate, one of the high points of the trip. There we were received by Madame Assis Brasil, widow of the last Brazilian Minister to the United States and the immediate predecessor of Ambassador Nabuco. Madame Assis Brasil, her other maiden daughter and Miss Joaquina Assis Brasil live in an English style manor house (22-24) referred to locally as the "English Castle" (Castelo Ingles). Now 81, Mme. Assis Brasil with her two daughters supervise a farm comprising some 1700 hectares on which they maintain sheep and a small pure-bred Jersey dairy herd. The family possesses large fazendas near Uruguaiana and Alegrete, their principal source of income.

The manor house, which dates from 1911, is filled with mementos and associations of the full life of Assis Brasil, an outstanding Brazilian idealist who died in 1938. Authographed photographs and other tributes from Secretary of State Elihu Root, President Franklin D. Roosevelt, Ambassador Edwin Morgan, Henry Ford, Jr., and other heads of state are everywhere. Of great interest is the library, still largely unclassified and uncatalogued, part of which fills about 13,000 cubic feet of shelves in a room measuring approximately 45 feet long by 20 feet wide by 20 feet high. One of its treasures is a complete edition in beautiful condition of the Diderot Encyclopedia of 1755 which escaped destruction by the ecclesiastical authorities because it belonged to the Portuguese Embassy in Paris. (See footnote 2 on page 4).

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complete, adjacent. There is no other land surface route between Porto Alegre and Pelotas-Rio Grande. Thus the heavy road traffic between the three of the most important centers in the state was completely dependent on this one dilapidated bridge. Pelotas sources said it had broken down some days before because of use by overloaded trucks while the bridge approaches were weakened by the heavy rains. Passing through Pelotas to the ferry connecting the mainland with the large inland on which Rio Grande is situated, flooded streets were seen near the river bank (5 & 6) not far from the site of the large Anglo slaughter plant (7 & 8). The cable ferry (9 & 10) which is operated by the State Highway Department, carries about 100,000 vehicles per year. A large bridge is under construction (XXX 11) to replace the ferry but is still far from completion. Arriving at Rio Grande in the latter part of the afternoon, we were made comfortable at the Swift Guest House (12 & 13) by its capable manager, Mrs. Kerr. This Guest House is situated in a compound adjacent to the packing house (14 & 15). The compound also contains six or seven houses for company executives, a club house with a tennis court, basketball court, and a small golf course. All show signs of decreasing use and limited maintenance. This Swift establishment, which includes its own docks, is at some distance from the rest of the town.

Comment: Operations of the Swift plant at Rio Grande are apparently so far from capacity that some of its officers are said to anticipate its closure. 1/

Besides being the most important seaport of RGS, Rio Grande is next to Porto Alegre in industrial production. It is a clean city with a fine central park, some wide, well planned avenues, and pervaded by the tang of the sea.

October 14, Wednesday - Rio Grande-Pinheiro Machado-Pedras Altas (250km)

An early start was offset by a halt in the ferry operation between Rio Grande and Pelotas. Leaving Pelotas finally at 9 am., on a sunny morning, the new Federal highway going west to Pinheiro Machado was taken inadvertently. This turned out to be as well, however, because other routes proved to have been blocked at the time because of the previous bad weather. The road is in a state of construction and the Jeep was frequently in four wheel drive during the four hours needed for the 120 km to Pinheiro Machado. The bridge across the Piratini river was good (DSC 16). The way rose steadily through the rolling hills, wheat fields, and wooded patches of the crystalline outcroppings up to an elevation of about 300 meters.

1/ Since this trip, the Swift plant has closed down.

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Summary

Accompanied by Professor Stuart Rothwell of the Geography Department of the University of Miami, the reporting officer made a jeep trip to the southeastern section of Rio Grande do Sul, leaving Porto Alegre on October 13 and returning at midday on October 16. Overnight stops were made at the industrial seaport of Rio Grande, the Assis-Brasil residence at Pedras Altas, and the regional industrial and marketing center of Pelotas.

The trip in all totalled approximately 1000 km., mostly over dirty roads in poor condition due to unusually heavy and sustained rains over the past two months. Nearly all of it lay in the crystalline outcropping which dominates the Livramento-Pelotas-Porto Alegre triangle and which produces soils quite different in character from the lava formations in the north eastern part of the state. The countryside was characterized by rolling grassy hills and small mountains (maximum altitude on the trip probably did not exceed 500 meters) with now and then extensive rows of eucalyptus acacia, and other woodland. Some palm and orange trees were often in evidence. A conspicuous feature of the landscape was the wheat fields, then about a month from harvest, which are replacing former cattle and sheep growing areas on the slopes. Many times these slopes appeared steeper than the 8% considered feasible for mechanized farming. Erosion was often in evidence and the overfull streams, creeks, and rivers were heavily colored by the soil being drained away to form channel clearance problems in the bay of Lagoa dos Patos with its narrow channel to the sea at Rio Grande.

The Trip

October 13, Tuesday: Porto Alegre-Rio Grande (300 km)

Starting from Porto Alegre at 6:30 am., with overcast skies and some drizzle, crossing the Guaíba bridge (1 & 2) which was inaugurated in early 1959, and which saves previous long detours or prolonged waiting for ferry boats. The road, Federal Highway BR-2 provides a good paver surface as far as Camaquã (approximately 120 km.). It leads through ricefields and some beef cattle pasturage along the margin of hills which mark the eastern edge of the crystalline formations referred to above. Four hours were required for the next 120 km stretch from Camaquã to Pelotas; an unpaved surface quite muddy and badly rutted by heavy truck and bus traffic. A coffee-break was taken at a wayside botequim (restaurant store) which was filled with card playing drivers of a dozen heavily loaded trucks; some had halted for 18 hours waiting for better weather. From this point on swollen waterways and a swamped country side were increasingly evident. A short distance later a bridge in serious disrepair was encountered (3 & 4) with a new bridge, to thirds

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

FROM (1): Amconsulate PORTO ALEGRE

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DEPT NO

TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.

March 8, 1960

REF : Consulate desp. Nos. 13 of Nov. 3, 1959 and 22 of Jan. 13, 1960

24 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION	DEPT.
	REC'D	INFO OTHER

SUBJECT: Consular field trips.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
BUREAU OF
INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS

APR 15 1960

There are enclosed two reports of field trips in this Consular district, one (Encl. No. 1) by the Principal Officer December 13-16 to the southeast section of the State, the second (Encl. No. 2) by the Consular Officer December 6-13 to the northern central area of Rio Grande do Sul.

The preparation of these reports in final form has been delayed by the other higher priority demands for the one secretary at this post and by the desire of the Principal Officer to accompany at least the action copy with a set of illustrative photographs which are keyed in with the parenthesized numbers in the text.

Despite the delay it is believed that these reports have sufficient value and timeliness to justify their despatch at this time. However, post capacity will be adjusted in the future to such reporting order that it may be more timely.

Numbers in parenthesis in the texts identify photographs which have been included as a supplement to the action copy.

Percy Warner
American Consul

BRANCH
SUBJECT RECORDS
1944

Enclosures: Nos. 1 and 2
(with one set of pictures each)
cc. Ambassador RIO (without pictures)

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The action office must return this permanent record copy to DC/E files with an enforcement of action taken.

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- 300 - São Paulo Councilwoman's Letter to President Eisenhower
301 - 1958 Criminal Statistics
305 - Santos Weekly Report
307 - Kissel and Lea Tour of South America on Inter-American Conference
309 - ~~Activities~~ Activities of the Taiyo Fishery Company
310 - Weekly Economic Review

William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

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Psychological

6. President Eisenhower's Trip (Unclassified)

Although he had left Brazil, President Eisenhower was still by far the top international news of the week as he continued his good will trip to Argentina, Chile and Uruguay. At this writing, the President was in Puerto Rico after having scored notable triumphs in the four most southern Latin American countries. The São Paulo press printed many editorials, column after column of news material and dozens of radiophotos on the President in the three sister republics. Editorial comment was uniformly favorable. Several commentators noted that the trip was excellent but must be followed by concrete action. O Estado de S. Paulo sounded this theme in a March 4 editorial: "President Eisenhower has returned to the United States. He leaves the southern part of the continent with hopes that his trip means more than another additional personal victory but rather the practical application of an effective hemispheric economic policy." Student demonstrations in Uruguay were prominently reported in most local papers but even from Montevideo the news was preponderantly favorable to the President and the United States.

7. Other Press Highlights (Unclassified)

The earthquake and floods in Agadir, Morocco, were headlined in newspapers later in the week.

Nikita Khrushchev's trip to Southeast Asia was widely reported but far overshadowed by President Eisenhower's visit to this part of the world.

Princess Margaret's engagement to a commoner won headlines and radiophotos and sparked a number of feature stories.

Caryl Chessman returned to a prominent spot in local papers when the date of May 2 was announced for his execution. Several stories were printed on the chances of California abolishing capital punishment, most of them indicating doubt that the measure would pass the Legislature.

Carnaval, Brazil's yearly pre-Lenten pageant, occupied more space than any other event in local papers -- even in São Paulo where many lament the virtual passing of Carnaval. Photos of American stars Kim Novak, Linda Darnell, ~~and~~ Julie London and Zsa Zsa Gabor graced the São Paulo press frequently throughout the week. They were in Rio to participate in the festivities.

Miscellaneous

8. List of Substantive Despatches

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4. Goiás, Mato Grosso Politics (Official Use Only)

The PSD, according to reports from Goiás, will hold its State convention in that State this coming weekend. The convention is expected to endorse Federal Deputy Mauro Borges Teixeira for Governor. This culminates a fight of many months between pro-Borges Teixeira forces and supporters of ex-Governor José Ludovico de Almeida. National PSD president Amaral Peixoto is expected to attend the convention. Leaders of the dissident faction have reportedly been expelled from the party.

Meanwhile, reports from Mato Grosso indicate that the PTB of that State will also hold their State convention this weekend. The convention is expected to endorse Deputy Wilson Fadul for Governor. National PTB president Goulart will preside over the convention's closing ceremonies.

Labor

5. Union Leaders Criticize Goulart (Confidential)

On March 15 a number of São Paulo trade union leaders will travel to Rio to urge the Brazilian Congress to immediately enact pending legislation which would reform the present social security system. The delegation will be headed by Sr. Dante Pellacani, secretary-general of the São Paulo State Trade Union Council and a backer of presidential candidate Quadros. Pellacani has been publicly criticizing Vice President Goulart for keeping the proposed legislation bottled up in the Senate. (The proposed legislation if enacted into law would set up a tripartite board made up of employers, employees and representatives of the Government to administer a unified social security system. The present program is administered under the general supervision of the Ministry of Labor which is under Vice President Goulart's control and is the source of much political patronage, and monies expended in financing political activities of the Brazilian Labor Party (PTB).) According to Pellacani it would be much more difficult for the Vice President to control the new set-up if enacted into law. Therefore Goulart, while publicly advocating the passage of this legislation, is actually doing all in his power to prevent its enactment, especially during an election campaign in which he is an active candidate.

Comment: During a meeting with the Consulate General's Labor Officer, Dr. Paulo Marzagão, Secretary of Labor for the State of São Paulo and one of Janio Quadros' active campaigners, recently expressed concern over Goulart's campaign and mentioned Goulart's control of the social security institutes as one of the factors which should greatly enhance his campaign possibilities in the coming vice-presidential race against candidates Fernando Ferrari and Leandro Maciel. Inasmuch as Pellacani has been working closely with and taken orders from Dr. Marzagão during the past year, it is probable that Pellacani's recent blasts stem from the São Paulo State Secretary of Labor.

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Comment (CONFIDENTIAL): It would appear that the Governor has definitely abandoned his apolitical attitude toward the State Legislature. These latest developments could signal a broader attempt by the Governor to take political command and pay the political price for support amongst the lesser political leadership. If this should be the case, it will be interesting to see whether the Governor can succeed and at the same time emerge with shining armor untarnished. Brought to mind are recent scattered, but unconfirmed, rumors that Governor Carvalho Pinto was giving thought to organizing political support in the State to elect his chosen successor to the governorship in 1962 and to support his own bid for the presidency in 1965.

3. Student Strike (Official Use Only)

At the end of the past week, the São Paulo State Union of Secondary Students, responding to a call from the national organization, launched a strike in protest against the education bill pending in the national Senate. Starting next week, it was announced, student pickets will attempt to prevent school attendance. Meanwhile, leaflets are being distributed and street meetings are being held in support of the strike. The State Student Union has issued a manifesto asserting that only public schools can integrate children of diverse parentage into a homogeneous whole. The issue, says the manifesto, is the right of Brazilians -- regardless of origins or religious or political beliefs -- to a common and democratic elementary education to give a common awareness of Brazil's problems and a national conscience.

In direct contrast, the São Paulo State Federation of Workers' Clubs issued a manifesto during the week in support of the education bill. The manifesto argues that the choice of education should rest with the family, that the role of the State is to supplement existing facilities via public schools or subsidies to private schools. Pope Pius XI, Pope Pius XII, the Bishop of Goiana and other religious sources are quoted. State monopoly, says the manifesto, is totalitarianism, fostering irreligion, hate and socialism.

In between these two extremes is the University Council of the University of São Paulo which a week earlier recommended various corrective amendments and urged that elementary education should be made compulsory and free of charge.

Comment: Early reports indicate that the strike had not taken hold at the end of the week. A low school attendance was attributed to the preceding holidays (Carnaval). A local police head is quoted as saying that the police are taking discreet steps to "protect" students against agitators and communists. There are rumors that student strike headquarters are concocting propaganda to prove discrimination on the part of private schools. The strike should bring some kind of showdown in the coming week (see previous weekly reports from this post for earlier manifestations for and against the pending education bill).

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Governor Porfirio da Paz was in the Paulista community of Aparecida last weekend to greet candidate Lott who came to attend a mass which he spoke of as symbolic of the inauguration of his campaign (Lott would surely benefit if he received ^{active} campaign support from the Vice-Governor who has great vote appeal amongst a considerable segment of the masses, especially the football fans). Lott's campaign is just getting organized in São Paulo; this in turn contributes to the difficulty of making even a preliminary estimate of relative local strength of the two leading presidential candidates. Local PSB leaders indicate that the PSB representation from São Paulo will support Quadros at the party's forthcoming national convention; also sentiment in favor of Federal Deputy Fernando Ferrari for vice-president is reported strong in PSB ranks. A local PRP leader announced that Quadros has requested a meeting with PRP national president Plinio Salgado, that this meeting will take place soon after Carnaval. It will be recalled that the PRP president is still a party to the "third force" alliance (however tenuous) with PSP national president Adhemar de Barros, who is Quadros' long-standing political enemy. (For further details on these ~~local~~ local developments in the presidential campaign, see São Paulo despatch 312, March 7, 1960).

2. Municipal Bloc and Assembly Presidency (Official Use Only)

Reports of further conversations during the past week among São Paulo State Deputies and local party leaders indicate that the municipal bloc of State Deputies (see São Paulo despatch 288, February 19, 1960, item 1) a) will not influence the choice of this year's president in the São Paulo State Legislature, b) will not create a threat to administration and party influence in the State Legislature. The Governor and his lieutenants have talked with bloc president Pedro Pascoal and other deputy members of the bloc. It is expected that the bloc, when it meets in Bauru this weekend, will be non-committal on the Assembly presidency and will also make friendly gestures toward the State Administration.

Ruy de Melo Junqueira is reportedly adamant against importunings from PDC colleagues to seek reelection to the assembly presidency (the incumbent president was with Governor Carvalho Pinto during Carnaval holiday). Also during the week PR State Deputies met with PR State Secretary of Government Marcio Porto and some of them afterwards told reporters that they would vote for the Governor's favored candidate, UDN State Deputy Abreu Sodré. The PTN is expected to meet shortly and pick its man on the slate to be headed by Abreu Sodré. There are even scattered reports of support for Sodré from opposition PSP and PTB ranks.

CONFIDENTIAL

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AIR POUCH		CONFIDENTIAL (Security Classification)		DO NOT TYPE IN THIS SPACE	
PRIORITY		FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH		732.00/3-760 CUNHA BUENO, HOD, 7/10	
FROM :	Amcongen SAO PAULO		311 DESP. NO.	March 7, 1960 DATE	
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.				
REF :					
20 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION REC'D 3-11-60	DEPT. IN OTHER CUBA-451A-10 053-4 Army-4 Navy-3 Air-6			
SUBJECT: São Paulo Weekly Summary No. 36, Week Ending March 4, 1960					

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Political

1. Presidential Campaign Highlights
2. Municipal Bloc and Assembly Presidency
3. Student Strike
4. Goiás, Mato Grosso Politics

Labor

5. Union Leaders Criticize Goulart

Psychological

6. President Eisenhower's Trip

7. Other Press Highlights

Miscellaneous

8. List of Substantive Despatches



Political

1. Presidential Campaign Highlights (Confidential)

Because of four days of Carnaval followed by Ash Wednesday, newsworthy local developments -- political or otherwise -- were few in the past week, except for certain occurrences on the presidential campaign front. In private conversation with an officer of this post, local PSD leader and Federal Deputy Cunha Bueno contended that Janio Quadros is losing targets of attack due to increased public acceptance of national administration achievements. For example, Brasília is no longer a profitable object of criticism. This will soon be true, he said, of the nation's automotive program, after the inclusion shortly of tractors and highway equipment. Cunha Bueno estimates that a) the administration candidate for president starts with a 15% vote advantage just by virtue of being the administration candidate, and b) to gain the presidency, Janio Quadros' victory margin in the State of São Paulo must be large enough to offset losses elsewhere in Brazil -- more than a million votes, estimates Cunha Bueno (while one might quarrel over the precise amount, both points appear well taken). A campaign speech by Janio at the end of the week produced a possible major campaign slogan -- the broom is the sword of the people (Janio's campaign emblem -- the broom, Lott's -- the sword). São Paulo Vice-

see last page /fmw

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732.00/3-760

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(Classification)

Page 5 of
Encl. No.
Disp. No. 312
From Sao Paulo

for vice-president, that only the PDC monopoly of Ferrari's candidacy will cause difficulty.

According to local PRP leader Rui Arruda, Janio Quadros has requested a meeting with national PRP leader Plinio Salgado. Mr. Arruda (who is also city Secretary of Juridical Affairs under São Paulo Mayor Adhemar de Barros) informed the press that both men have been busy travelling but that the meeting will take place after Carnaval. However, the PRP leader insisted that the "third force" presidential campaign alliance between Plinio Salgado and PSP national leader Adhemar de Barros (long-standing political target of Quadros) was still in full force and effect.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

cc: Amembassy, Rio

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(Classification)

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Encl. No. 312
Disp. No.
From São Paulo

bring a number of additional votes. Campaigning for Lott in São Paulo is just beginning to take shape. This contributes to the difficulty of even any preliminary assessment of the relative strength of the two leading presidential candidates in São Paulo.

4. Maciel vs. Ferrari (Official Use Only).

At the end of the past week, PDC deputy Roberto Cardoso Alves, who accompanied Janio Quadros in his Sorocabana "Victory Train" campaigning of the previous week, reported thereon to national PDC president Queiroz Filho. It is understood that the chief issue covered in the report was excess discrimination against PDC vice-presidential candidate Fernando Ferrari in favor of UDN candidate Leandro Maciel. It is understood that the report charges, a) an excessive UDN participation in Janio's entourage -- four representatives from the UDN against one each from the PDC and the PL and none from the PTN, and b) undue stressing of the Quadros-Maciel slate as a combination. Other than this report, there was no significant activity noted locally on the vice-presidential campaign front. However, Ferrari is scheduled to return this weekend and will campaign in the Paulista city of Riberão Preto and in neighboring municipalities.

COMMENT: More than the PDC among Quadros supporters are impatient with UDN attempts to "take over" in the state of São Paulo. On the other hand, it is debatable that Maciel will reap much harvest in São Paulo if he relies largely on Janio's once-a-month "quicky" four day train rides to win votes. It appears that Janio will often move off on his own while in São Paulo, frequently with little or no advance scheduling. Janio's campaign co-ordinator, newspaperman José Aparecido de Oliveira, is credited with saying that the effort to hold tensions between supporting factions in check, would turn his hair grey by the end of the campaign.

5. Some Minor Party Alignments (Official Use Only).

While there is no clear indication that a follow-up on an earlier meeting between Quadros and PSB leadership has occurred to firm up "understandings," most of the local PSB representatives will support Janio at the party's impending national convention. Subsequent to a meeting of the party's local leadership this past week, PSB regional president Alípio Correia Neto told reporters that the São Paulo representation will vote in favor of Quadros at the national convention. There are also local reports that PSB elements from São Paulo will go to Bahia this weekend armed with inducements from Janio to win over the Bahian contingent. São Paulo's PSB regional secretary Iraj Carneiro is credited with saying that the predominant tendency in the party is in favor of Fernando Ferrari

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(Classification)

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Disp. No. 312
From Sao Paulo

accounts, thousands attended and Janio was carried to the speaker's platform on the shoulders of admirers. Only the people, said Janio, are behind me -- but this is enough. The social security system, the automotive program, the neglect of the farmer, profits for the few and burdens for the masses -- these were Janio's targets. "Positively," Janio would lead the fight for democracy, would "christianize" the government, would end the sharp differences between the high and the low.

COMMENT: While the speech was very much "in pattern," Janio did coin a phrase which could become an effective slogan. The broom, said Janio, is the sword of the people (the broom, "to clean house," it will be recalled, is Janio's campaign symbol, while the sword is Lott's).

A post-mortem on Janio's Sorocabana campaign trip in the preceding week (Sao Paulo Despatch No. 297, February 27, 1960, Item 2) offers an interesting sidelight on Quadros' temperament. Attacks against Lott were made on the third day of the trip in the municipality of Palmital where one could see pro-Lott slogans painted on a wall. Janio's attacks against Lott recurred at the next two train stops after which there was lunch and a rest. These attacks were not resumed in the afternoon, nor in the next (the last) day. (The source of this story, the daily Folha de Sao Paulo, is anti-Janio but has generally been reliable in its factual reporting of political events.) It would appear that Janio's notorious temper again got the better of him, that he is trying at least at present to avoid sharp criticism of ex-War Minister Lott.

3. Pro-Lott Organizing (Official Use Only).

During the week, a spokesman announced the establishment in permanent headquarters in the Sao Paulo capital city of the State pro-Lott Committee. A formal opening will be held within the next few weeks at which Lott and running mate Goulart will be present along with ministers of the national government and other national leaders. Also during the week the pro-Lott Committee inaugurated a weekly fifteen-minute TV program. Lott himself appeared briefly in Sao Paulo last weekend to attend a mass in the municipality of Aparecida. Lott labeled this the symbolic opening of his campaign. While refusing to comment on reports that Janio Quadros was losing ground while he was gaining, Lott did express great satisfaction over the popular reception being given to his candidacy. Significantly present in Aparecida to greet Lott was Sao Paulo's vice-Governor Porfirio da Paz.

COMMENT: (Confidential) If Porfirio da Paz should campaign for Lott, the vice-governor's considerable popularity with the unwashed masses (workers and especially football fans) should

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(Classification)

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Disp. No. São Paulo

From

Cunha Bueno was not afraid that Lott would "put his foot in his mouth" in the course of campaigning. He recalled that successful candidate Dutra (President, 1946-50) bumbled through the reading of speeches, skipping from page one to five and back to two, with his audience loving him for it. So too, says deputy Bueno, Lott's refusal to yield to importunements from labor and other groups will win him votes as "autentico" -- the people want someone in whom they have confidence, more than a shirt-sleeved man of the masses (look at Paulista Mayor Adhemar de Barros' loss of vote appeal, says Cunha).

Cunha Bueno acknowledged two major areas of uncertainty which could decisively affect the election outcome. First, for example, if Janio is too much identified with the UDN he loses "little people" support; but if he moves otherwise, he may lose UDN support. This is illustrative of Janio's general problem of holding together the conflicting forces supporting him. Second, if inflation breaks loose again, if key shortages reappear, or if the economic situation otherwise goes awry, resulting public discontent will redound to Janio's benefit.

Statistically, Cunha Bueno cited two factors which must be weighed in election forecasting -- (1) the administration handicap (2) the offset between São Paulo and the rest of Brazil. The administration candidate, says deputy Cunha Bueno, has a natural advantage over the opposition by virtue of administration support. The PSD deputy would give this advantage a numerical measure of fifteen per cent (it is believed that this would have been even higher in pre-Vargas days). Secondly, granting Janio will win in the state of São Paulo, he must win by enough to offset the rest of Brazil. Cunha Bueno puts this offset factor at around a million votes. In other words Janio's victory margin in São Paulo must be well above a million to assure victory; he will lose with less than a million.

COMMENT: While the assessment of personal vote appeal needs to be discounted and while the precise percentage and offset figures are open to argument, the general evaluation appears otherwise sound. Janio, in a neighborhood meeting with a small group of supporters in the city of São Paulo last weekend, is reported to have said that he would win only if he could split the electorate in the other states, that in the state of Rio de Janeiro his candidacy was not well received and work was needed there.

2. Janio's Campaigning (Official Use Only).

Returning from the seaside at week's end, Janio Quadros, in the company of PDC capital city alderman Valerio Guili, attended a neighborhood rally in the capital city. According to news

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AIR POUCH		CONFIDENTIAL (Security Classification)		DO NOT TYPE IN THIS SPACE	
FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH		312		732.00/3-760	
FROM :	Amcongen, SÃO PAULO	DEPT. NO.	312	DATE	March 7, 1960
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.				MAR : 8 1960
REF :					
55 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION REC'D 3/11	DEPT. N P O	A/M/A-2 IAC-8		
SUBJECT: Presidential Campaign Developments, Week Ending March 5, 1960					

732.00/3-760

Index

1. Evaluation of Lott vs. Quadros
2. Janio's Campaigning
3. Pro-Lott Organizing
4. Maciel vs. Ferrari
5. Some Minor Party Alignments

1. Evaluation of Lott vs. Quadros (Confidential).

A private conversation during the past week between pro-Lott PSD federal deputy Cunha Bueno and the reporting officer produced the following interesting evaluation of the strengths and weaknesses of the two leading presidential candidates, Janio Quadros and Teixeira Lott. Acknowledging that Janio had been a good state governor and is a very skillful politician, Cunha Bueno went on to say that Janio as opposition candidate is being progressively deprived of targets (the prime role of the opposition is to stir up discontent and a desire for change). For example, Janio no longer attacks Brasília. Also, the vulnerability of the nation's automotive construction program will soon end with the inclusion of tractors and road construction vehicles (Janio has recently belabored these deficiencies). Furthermore, the thousands of employees of the local Willys plant and other auto plants do not relish attacks against their means of livelihood. On the other hand, Cunha Bueno admitted that Janio's criticisms of the social security system were unanswerable. The PSD deputy also acknowledged that the pro-Lott forces would need to respond to Janio's charges that the sacrifices and burdens of Brazil's development program fall upon the masses for the enrichment of the few.

AB BURTON:star

CONFIDENTIAL		DEPARTMENT OF STATE BUREAU OF INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS	
ACTION ASSIGNED TO	ACTION TAKEN	MAR 15 1960	
NAME OF OFFICER & OFFICE SYMBOL	DATE OF ACTION	TO RM/R	

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0226

AIR POUCH PRIORITY		OFFICIAL USE ONLY (Security Classification)		DO NOT TYPE IN THIS SPACE 732.00/3-360	
FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH		305 DESP. NO.		March 3, 1960 DATE	
FROM : Amcongen, SÃO PAULO				MAR 8 1960	
TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.					
REF :					
FOR Dept. Use Only	ACTION ARR 3/14	DEPT. IN F O	RM/R-2 NEP-1 IRC-5 CIA-10		
SUBJECT: Santos Weekly Report					

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
BUREAU OF
INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS
MAR 8 1960

Transmitted herewith for the information
of the Embassy and the Department is the weekly
report from the American Consulate at Santos,
dated March 2, 1960.

William P. Cochran, Jr.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

Enclosure: 75

Santos Weekly Report,
dated March 2, 1960

cc: Amembassy, Rio

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& OFFICE SYMBOL		DIRECTIONS TO RM/R	

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DESP 297

FR SAO PAULO

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The Consulate is processing the application of Mr. Oroncio de Carvalho Filho to fill the new position of Consular Clerk recently authorized by the Department. When all the supporting documents for his application have been received, they will be promptly forwarded to the Embassy for action.

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U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1954-380155

0222

7

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IV PSYCHOLOGICAL

1. Eisenhower Visit Stirs Local Enthusiasm (UNCLASSIFIED)

Santos is enthusiastic over the visit to Brazil of President Eisenhower, and many Santistas plan to visit Sao Paulo February 25 to get a glimpse of him. On February 23 and 24 the pro-American daily A Tribuna devoted virtually its entire front page to the Eisenhower visit with three-column pictures of Ike and Juscelino. The leftist Ultima Hora complained that Eisenhower is being received as a "demigod" and that too much money is being spent on his welcome. Still, Ultima Hora urged he be received with feeling and goodwill.

Comment: The very limited number of tickets to the luncheon to be held in Sao Paulo for the President available to Santos businessmen have been snapped up, and the local populace is gratified that the President will visit Sao Paulo State. O Diario has conducted a poll among well-known Santistas asking their opinion of the visit, and the responses have been uniformly enthusiastic.

2. Local Reaction to Chessman Reprieve (UNCLASSIFIED)

The people of Santos have been closely following the struggle of Caryl Chessman through full accounts in the local press and over the radio. Chessman's 60-day reprieve was hailed by all the local newspapers (O Diario: "Public Opinion Saved Chessman"). The local press prominently reported the part that Assistant Secretary Roy R. Rubottom's telegram to Governor Brown played in influencing the latter's decision.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Most people in Santos appear to be sympathetic to Chessman as an articulate champion of the rights of the individual, but at the same time unaware of the enormity of Chessman's crimes.

V CONSULAR

1. General (UNCLASSIFIED)

Consular operations have continued at a normal level during the past week and there is nothing especial to report.

VI ADMINISTRATIVE

1. New Local Employee for the Consulate (UNCLASSIFIED)

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0221

7 32 00/2-26-60

Enclosure - Amcongen
Sao Paulo Des. No. 296

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM

TO: American Consulate General, Sao Paulo Date: February 24, 1960
FROM: American Consulate, Santos *WPR*
SUBJECT: Weekly Comment on Events in Santos
REF:

I POLITICAL

1. General (UNCLASSIFIED)

The week's local happenings, other than the massive preparations for Carnival, were overshadowed by Governor Brown's stay of execution of Caryl Chessman and the arrival in Brazil of President Eisenhower, both of which events excited much local comment (see Psychological item 1).

II LABOR

1. New President of Tallyclerks Union (UNCLASSIFIED)

On February 22 Serafim Mendes was elected President of the Sindicato dos Conferentes de Carga e Descarga do Porto de Santos, by a vote of 237 to 205.

2. Status of Commerce Employees Union Dispute (UNCLASSIFIED)

Alberto de Carvalho, leader of the members of the Finance Committee of the Sindicato dos Empregados no Comercio de Santos seeking to oust President Bernardo de Abreu Madeira on charges of malfeasance, has issued a statement to A Tribuna that the dissident faction has the support of 200 union members but that Madeira is being protected by the Chief Inspector of the Regional Division of Labor in Santos, whom he described as Madeira's "political co-religionist."

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Madeira seems to have frustrated, for the time being, all efforts to remove him from office.

III ECONOMIC - Negative.

VPR:andolph, III/vpr

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PRIORITY		FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH		732.00/2-2660 ESTD	
296		296		February 26, 1960	
BESP. NO.		BESP. NO.		DATE	
Amoongen, SÃO PAULO		THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.			
20 For Dept. Use Only		ACTION 4		DEPT. 1 RM/R-2 REP-1 JRS P-3 E-3 JCA-11	
32-60		REC'D		CIA-10 LMB-6 HSA-10 OSD-4 Dunsy-4 Hunsy-4 Hunsy-4	
SUBJECT: Santos Weekly Report				DEPARTMENT OF STATE BUREAU OF INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS MAR - 4 1960	

Transmitted herewith for the information of the Embassy and the Department is the weekly report from the American Consulate at Santos, dated February 24, 1960.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

Enclosure: *ATTN: RM*

Santos Weekly Report,
dated February 24, 1960

cc: Amembassy, Rio

REPORTER		OFFICIAL USE ONLY	
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ASSIGNED TO:		DATE OF	DIRECTIONS
NAME OF OFFICER		ACTION	TO RM/R
OFFICE SYMBOL			

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MAR 18 1960

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02 18

CONFIDENTIAL

Page 3 of
Desp. 832
Rio de Janeiro

Enough and sufficiently prominent spokesmen in the United States have spoken to convince Brazilian leaders of the rightness of their ways and of the error of the ways of the Executive branch of the American Government. Thus she may determine to go her own way seeking help wherever it can be found hoping that a change in administration may improve understanding of and sympathy for Brazil's "irreversible aspirations".

For the Ambassador:

Philip Raine
Philip Raine
Counselor of Embassy
for Political Affairs

Enclosures:

1. 3 Copies of Manchete
February 6, 1960 Issue.
2. 3 Copies of Manchete
February 20, 1960 Issue.

Distribution: USIS, ECON(2), CAS, POL(4), Service Attachés, CF(2);
All consulates in Brazil.

CONFIDENTIAL

0217

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Page 2 of
Desp. 832
Rio de Janeiro

The foregoing is not to say that evidences of economic development in Brazil do not raise as many questions as they answer, or that the people of Brazil do not still have to contend with burdensome problems resulting from a perhaps too rapid leap forward with galloping inflation and an exchange crisis among its by-products. It attempts simply to reflect a state of mind created by a democratic leader who has apparently given Brazilians a vision of their country as one of the great nations of the world. He has shown them its present and potential wealth and how it can be exploited with feats never done or dared by Brazilians before, unless they can be compared in daring with the exploits of the pioneering Bandeirantes who set the pattern for the geographic limits of the country, according to some writers.

A subtle shift in public attitudes resulting from the President's big offensive is that this projection of boundless faith in his mission and the energy with which he pursues it, have dwarfed the two principal candidates to succeed him. If he can sustain this euphoria, and keep inflation within sufferable limits until October 3, he may well take much of the vitality out of the once seemingly irresistible determination of the people to force a sweeping change of administration.

The fact is that President Kubitschek's brand of nationalism, which he is so successfully selling to the Brazilian people, is a far subtler and perhaps far more effective form of the phenomenon than that being peddled by ultra-nationalists whose excesses repel more than they attract. The President has called for sacrifices from the people to achieve development as much as possible with Brazilian tools, capital and manpower. This call to sacrifice may well prepare Brazilians to accept discomforts and shortages in the name of progress, which would call forth violent reaction if they came from a less persuasive leader. Whether the political opposition can make enough people believe that this could also be a way to cover up Administration shortcomings remains to be seen but indications are that the Opposition may be as unimaginative and ineffective in the present instance as it has been in the past.

The change in attitudes described in this report may have far-reaching implications for Brazilian-U.S. relations. Brazil is likely to act more independently in its quest for economic support. In some respects the country may be even more demanding than she has been in the past since she has apparently convinced herself that hers is a friendship to be prized by other countries.

CONFIDENTIAL

02 16

AIRFOUR

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(Security Classification)

FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

FROM : AmEmbassy, Rio de Janeiro 832

TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.

February 26, 1960

REF

24	ACTION	DEF.	REC'D	IN	OTHER
3/1	ARMY-2	REPT	IR-5	E-7	ICA-11
	CIA-10	ARMY-4	C		

SUBJECT: President Kubitschek Sells His Program to the Brazilian People

Enclosed herewith are three copies each of the February 6 and February 20, 1960 issues of the large circulation Weekly Manchete. Pages 31 to 73 of the February 6 issue afford a good example of the effective publicity that has appeared over the past two months on the achievements of the Kubitschek regime. Such pictorial evidence of solid accomplishments over the past four years coupled with presidential messages and notably his nearly three hour radio-television performance, are largely responsible for the significant and in some respects startling change that in recent months took place in the attitude of Brazilians toward President Kubitschek, mentioned in the Embassy's telegram No. 1224 of February 11, 1960.

Evidence is abundant that the President has been able to catch the imagination of his countrymen with the demonstration that he has produced and made real what many believed (encouraged by an often carping political opposition) would remain words. As the President is quoted in a flight of rhetoric which has more than just a grain of fact in it, "I shook Brazil from North to South. I awakened the giant."

If President Kubitschek has not shaken the Brazilian out of the inferiority complex that has plagued most of the people of Latin America from the time of their beginnings, he has certainly brought him far along the road to that goal. A nation that can build with its own hands in less than four years a new habitable capital which gained world-wide fame and which in little more than a year can build a Belem-Brasilia highway that crosses more than 2,000 kilometers of "impenetrable", largely unexplored forests and jungles (to say nothing of other achievements) cannot avoid believing that it has constructive capacity comparable with some of the more advanced nations of the world.

See enclosed February 20 issue of Manchete for report on the "Caravanas de Integração", convoys of trucks, jeeps, and buses Brazilian manufacture which converged on Brasilia from the approximate limits of Brazil.

FRaine/nlk

REPORTER

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0215

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NACOTIAA/MC/D-1

PRESIDENT'S GOODWILL TRIP

TO SOUTH AMERICA

Feb. 24, 1960
1:30 p.m.
Sears & Roebuck
Rio de Janeiro

SUBJECT: Ambassador Donnelly's Remarks at Sears & Roebuck Luncheon

PARTICIPANTS: Amb. Walter J. Donnelly - Nat'l Adv. Com. on Inter-American Affairs
Mr. Charles A. Meyer - " " " " " "
Members of the American Chamber of Commerce, Rio de Janeiro
Officials of Sears & Roebuck Co.
Mr. LeRoy E. Colby - American Embassy, Rio de Janeiro

COPIES TO: ARA - Mr. Rubottom
S/S - 2
IRC - 6
ARA - Mr. Devine (12)
ARA:REA
ARA:HNT - Mr. Boenstra/Mr. Briggs
ARA:HST - Mr. Hamba
E
American Embassy, Rio de Janeiro

RM/R-3

APR 13 1960

732.00/2-2460

Upon arrival in Rio de Janeiro, two members of the National Advisory Committee on Inter-American Affairs, Amb. Walter J. Donnelly and Mr. Charles A. Meyer, were guests of honor at a luncheon given at the Sears & Roebuck Restaurant by members of the American Chamber of Commerce and Sears & Roebuck officials.

The principal speaker at the luncheon was Ambassador Donnelly. He told of the "magnificent progress" being made in the construction of Brasilia and predicted a "great future for Brazil", which he considered the leading nation of South America. In his opinion, Brazil and other Latin American countries had not been "neglected" by the United States in favor of Western Europe and other "critical" areas of the world. In emphasizing the great and traditional friendship between the United States and Brazil, he remarked that during the past hundred years Brazil could have "gone either way", politically speaking, but had chosen the way of democracies rather than of totalitarianism.

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visited Rio de Janeiro to complain to President Kubitschek and to Vice President Goulart that the Santos Serviço de Assistência Médica Domiciliar Urgente (SAMDU), a benevolent medical society for the use of union members, was not able to function properly due to neglect by the Government. The committee was composed of Expedito Guedes Rodrigues, President of the Forum and of the Sindicato dos Carregadores e Ensayadores de Café; Urias Govea, President of the Sindicato dos Condutores de Veículos Rodoviários; and Manoel de Almeida, President of the Sindicato dos Operários nos Serviços Portuarios de Santos.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Doubtless the local unions cross as a time to complain a period when the Kubitschek administration is angling for labor votes by demonstrating it is really interested in the wellbeing of the working man.

III ECONOMIC - Negative.

IV CONSULAR

1. General (UNCLASSIFIED)

Consular operations have continued normally during the past week and there is nothing especial to report.

V ADMINISTRATIVE

1. Consul General Visits Santos (UNCLASSIFIED)

On February 10 the Consulate was visited by William P. Cochran, Jr., Consul General in Sao Paulo. The Consul General took the opportunity to visit the new office space proposed for the Consulate.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

While in Santos the Consul General and the reporting officer paid a courtesy call on Chief Customs Inspector Mario Daltro Dantas and the Guarda-Mor of Santos, Joao de Oliveira Freitas.

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THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

FEB 13 1960

SÃO PAULO, BRAZIL

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752 0013-17-60
OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM

TO: American Consulate General, Sao Paulo Date: February 17, 1960
FROM: American Consulate, Santos *VPR*
SUBJECT: Weekly Comment on Events in Santos
REF:

I. POLITICAL

1. Decrease in Local Political Activity (UNCLASSIFIED)

Local politics are being laid aside in Santos in preparation for its 4 day Carnival, which starts on February 27, when all Santos go mad. After Carnival local politicking is expected to pick up as the Presidential campaign moves into high gear.

2. New Captain of the Port of Santos (UNCLASSIFIED)

On February 13 Capitao de Mar e Guerra Ernesto de Melo Junior assumed charge as Captain of the Port of Santos and Maritime Labor Delegate for the port. He succeeds Capitao de Mar e Guerra Jose Luiz de Araujo Goiano, who is being transferred.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Captain Melo was born in Santos and moved away when he was 11 years old to prepare for entry into the Brazilian Naval Academy.

3. Força Publica Commander Retires (UNCLASSIFIED)

On February 10 Lt. Colonel Luiz de Cicco, Commander of the Sixth Batalhao de Caçadores of the Força Publica of the State of Sao Paulo, retired on account of age. Command of his detachment has temporarily passed to Major Jose Limonagi França.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Colonel de Cicco was an able and well-liked officer.

II. LABOR

1. Unions Protest Government Neglect of SARDU (UNCLASSIFIED)

A committee of the local Forum Sindical de Debates last week visited

vPhandolph, lll/vpr

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THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

FEB 1960

SÃO PAULO, BRAZIL

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See Journal in 1000

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TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		DATE: February 19, 1960			
REF :					
20 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION REC'D 2-25-60	DEPT. IN P O OTHER	RMR-2 REPI IRC-8 E-3 ICA-11 CIA-10 USIA-10 LRB-6 NAVY		
SUBJECT: Santos Weekly Report		DEPARTMENT OF STATE INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS FEB 25 1960			

Transmitted herewith for the information of the Embassy and the Department is the weekly report from the American Consulate at Santos, dated February 17, 1960.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

732.00/2-1960

Enclosure: *all m/m*
Santos Weekly Report
dated February 10, 1960
cc: Amembassy, Rio
1960 FEB 22 PM 1 10

RJB
RJ Burton:tar

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Consular Affairs

10. Norman Wayne Williams Case (Unclassified)

The Brazilian authorities have just granted authorization for Norman Wayne Williams to leave Brazil for return to the United States. It is expected that the actual exit visa will be issued today. Appropriate assistance in arranging transportation will be extended by the Consulate General. It will be recalled that Norman Wayne Williams was recently paroled after serving nine years of an 18-year sentence. Parole for Williams had been sought over a number of years. A separate despatch on the subject is in preparation.

Miscellaneous

11. List of Substantive Despatches

- 284 - Presidential Campaign Highlights, Week Ending February 12, 1960
- 285 - Local Company Starts Manufacture of Fountain Pens
- 287 - Presidential Campaign Highlights, Week Ending February 18, 1960

William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

Contributors:

Burton
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McLean/Rentschler
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From

Psychological

8. France's Atom (Unclassified)

The Sahara test explosion of France's first atomic bomb reverberated in São Paulo headlines this week and succeeded in overshadowing most other news stories, including the impending visit of President Eisenhower. Editorial opinion ranged between two polar extremities: on the one hand was Ultima Hora's belittling scorn, and on the other, was Correio Paulistano's frank admiration. Generally, however, a note of apprehension and concern seemed to obtain, with the traditionally French-oriented O Estado de São Paulo most nearly voicing the editorial mood in this city: "The atomic bomb is not only a sign of power, nor does it confer only status and prestige to the country which possesses it; the bomb is also a deadly instrument of mass destruction, the potential means of suicide for all of humanity."

9. Other Press Highlights (Unclassified)

Nehru's invitation to Red Chinese Premier Chou-en-Lai was factually reported and stirred little press comment.

The Garry Chessman case was again squarely in the news this week as the date of execution, February 19, approached. Articles on Chessman's continuing and energetic effort to evade the gas chamber were front-paged in most São Paulo papers with treatment becoming more sensational as the week progressed.

President Eisenhower's request for more than \$4,000,000,000 in aid funds was prominently carried in most local papers but little editorial comment was noted to date.

News on President Eisenhower's impending visit was carried heavily in all papers. Official announcements of the President's program in Brazil were made as well as many stories on preparations for his visit (see item 2 above).

The phantom submarine off Argentina continued to be an intriguing item but lost place during the week, largely through the absence of important developments in the case.

Announcement of the birth of Queen Elizabeth's third child is being eagerly awaited by São Paulo papers.

The FOLHAS chain of three newspapers is publishing a series of Reports from the Twenty-First Century, written by two Russian scientists and dealing with aspects of futuristic life. The 28th installment of the series was published on February 18.

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From

labor. Many opponents talk of suppressing or correcting undesirable features, which is what the Minister of Education proposes should happen during consideration by the Senate.

6. Other Political Highlights (Official Use Only)

State Secretary of Agriculture José Bonifácio Coutinho Nogueira inspected various agricultural projects in the municipality of Avaré this past week. There was a caravan through the city, with banners and flags saluting the Secretary along the way. At various projects there were the usual pointing-with-pride and speeches-in-praise. All this culminated in a testimonial banquet at which 20 municipalities were represented. This type of event is quite common in the "apolitical" life of José Bonifácio. Also he has been called upon on occasion to work out a compromise with difficult deputies in the Legislature. Both he and State Secretary of Public Works Faria Lima are targets of frequent testimonial manifestations in appreciation of local benefits achieved.

São Paulo Mayor Adhemar de Barros continues a winner in the City Council, though the going is rougher. Three vetoes of bills naming streets were upheld, thus sustaining the Mayor's contention that this is an executive prerogative. However, in each case, a goodly majority of the aldermen voted against the Mayor (but not enough for a two-thirds overriding of the veto).

Labor

7. Communists Retain Control of Bank Clerks (Confidential)

In an election held on February 15 Milton Maresendes, FFB city councilman, was elected president of the São Paulo State Federation of Bank Clerks. Maresendes, a notorious communist fellow traveller and collaborator succeeds the equally notorious fellow travelling FFB federal deputy Salvador Romão Lessa as president of the State Federation. Maresendes' election was unanimous as no opposition slate was offered. As a result the militant, well organized and disciplined bank clerk federation remains under communist control.

Comment: The Consulate General's Labor Officer feels that Lessa stepped down as president of the federation in order to devote his full time and energy to trade union activities on a nationwide scale. In addition to being a federal deputy, Lessa is an executive board member of the recently founded National Confederation of Bank Clerks which is also under considerable communist influence (this organization is scheduled to hold a nationwide convention of bank clerk unions in Rio de Janeiro March 24 to March 28).

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From: São Paulo

there is a presidential campaign organization already formed under the leadership of Ulysses Guimarães which appears to be moving ahead aggressively.

4. Presidential and Vice-Presidential Campaigning (Confidential)

UDN vice-presidential candidate Leandro Maciel and his supporters seem to be heading for troubled waters in São Paulo. Maciel, speaking locally, labelled himself the true opposition candidate and identified Fernando Ferrari as pro-administration. This can be the start of bitter UDN-FDC feuding, harmful to common presidential candidate Quadros. Also there has been an effort to tie Quadros to Maciel's campaigning in São Paulo or vice-versa. Here too the too common identification of the UDN with the "privileged" classes makes it profitable for Janio to avoid appearing too much the property or ally of the UDN. In the Lott camp, statements by Ulysses Guimarães as head of the pro-Lott Committee in the State, suggest that Lott will stand on, but not be stuck with, President Kubitschek's record. While hardship was a concomitant of great progress, certain causes of hardship, said Guimarães, could and would be corrected--Lott was aware of the problems and had formulated plans to resolve them. A private conversation with UDN Senator, father Calasans, returned from a political side-up trip in the northeast, leaves one feeling that poverty, communist opposition and related forces will offer considerable obstruction to Janio's presidential hopes in that area. Janio's active campaigning in São Paulo and elsewhere during summer vacation and carnival time lead one to wonder whether Janio needs some new campaign managers or whether he is deliberately at this early date building confidence in the opposing forces to discourage thoughts of a coup (for further details on local developments of the past week in the presidential and vice-presidential campaign, see São Paulo Despatch 287, February 19, 1960).

5. The Education Bill (Official Use Only)

A majority of the Council of the State's Student Union last weekend approved the Union's campaign against the Lei de Diretrizes e Bases da Educação. Opposition came mainly from private school representatives. Representatives of 41 establishments are reported to have attended the meeting. On February 16 there was a rally of professors and students in opposition to the bill. Students in opposition have also contacted labor unions and labor leaders. The Center of Paulista Professors decided to combat the bill in these aspects harmful to public schools or too generous to private schools.

Comment: Despite continued furor, much of the potential steam seems to have evaporated from the opposition. No great protest manifestation has yet been observed from the ranks of

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From

Governor said that this must be viewed as a sign of the growing economic importance of São Paulo. A major local newspaper (*A Gazeta*) labels the visit as of the highest political, administrative and economic importance for Brazil, implying recognition that Brazil is moving toward the role of a great power. Urging students, workers and all groups to go all out in receiving President Eisenhower, the newspaper declares that "we must mark Ike's presence as a historic moment for São Paulo and Brazil". The Federation of Industries, the President's principal luncheon host, had 50,000 Brazilian and American flags made and 500 special posters showing Presidents Eisenhower and Kubitschek. The Social Service for Industry (SESI) was rehearsing 3,000 of its members in "God Bless America" which will be sung for the President as he motors through the heart of the city. It is hoped that loud speakers will be able to carry the music over much of the downtown area. In addition, the National Apprenticeship Service (SENAI) plans to congregate 1,500 of its members near the center of the city. The president of a local publicity agency is credited with estimating that the visit is worth a billion cruzeiros of publicity for Brazil, with all TV, radio and newspaper attention in the United States focused on Brazil for a number of days. Several gifts and letters, including a pencil portrait of the President, have been received at the Consulate General.

3. FED Succession in São Paulo (Official Use Only)

The recent appointment of FED regional president Cyrilo Junior to an ambassadorship has revived speculation over a possible successor to the post of party regional president. One school of thought would have Cyrilo Junior take leave without resigning as did national FED president Amaral Peixoto while ambassador to the United States. Proponents of this viewpoint argue that the party cannot afford a fight over the presidency of the local party contingent as it enters into a crucial national presidential campaign. Others argue that a strong party leadership is needed for the very same reason.

Comment: (Confidential) Prominently mentioned to succeed Cyrilo Junior are Ulysses Guimarães, Cunha Bueno, and Aure de Moura Andrade. Guimarães, head of the State Left for President Getulista, is popular amongst colleagues in the national legislature and amongst many local party directorates. Cunha Bueno, vice leader of the FED in the national legislature, is also popular. Senator Moura Andrade, a peer third for Governor in 1958, was evidently promised a prominent role in party leadership to induce him to join FED ranks last year. The FED fared poorly in 1958 and 1959 elections in the State, in part due to a lack of decisive leadership (Cyrilo Junior has been more in the nation's capital, occupied with affairs there, even after his replacement as Minister of Justice). The same may not be true in 1960 since

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From São Paulo

forcing withdrawal of two of its members from and for boycotting, the Bloc. First frantic reactions of the UDN took shape in the form of a meeting of UDN presidential candidate Abreu Sodré with some of the members of the Bloc, at which time Sodré tried to assure that the UDN was not against the Bloc. Later in the week UDN leader in the State Assembly Antonio Mastrocella announced that the UDN was not against the Bloc and requested membership for himself and his colleagues. Denial of the request, said Mastrocella, would prove that the Bloc was formed not for professed objectives, but for personal political advantage. The Bloc has scheduled another meeting for March in Bauru to discuss itself further on the Assembly presidency and on Bloc objectives. Meanwhile political parties with members in the Bloc (for example the PTB) were meeting to determine party policy on the presidency as if the Bloc were not a competing force.

Comment: (Confidential) The Bloc, claiming as many as 70 members, includes the vice-leader of the Assembly majority (Avalens Junior, PTB), and the leaders of the PTB (Araripé Serpa), PDC (Roberto Cardoso Alves), and PR (Francisco Franco) in the State Assembly. Allegedly formed to pursue the interests of the municipalities, the Bloc could disrupt party organization and take the play away from the majority coalition. One might question whether it is not an insurgency against the Governor, implying either a failure to meet municipal needs or a need for the legislature to reassert itself. It remains to be seen whether the latest UDN tactic (i.e., if you can't beat 'em, join 'em) will strengthen or weaken the Bloc. It is difficult to believe that Governor Carvalho Pinto truly believes the Assembly presidency to be beyond the realm of executive concern. Either he refuses to pay the political price that intervention entails or else he fears a loss of prestige if his intervention fails. Apparently legislative leaders, including opposition leaders, by their seeking out the Governor and his aides on the subject, do not agree that this is a matter for the deputies alone to decide.

2. Welcome President Eisenhower (Unclassified)

Many evidences of a warm welcome for President Dwight D. Eisenhower, are beginning to take shape in São Paulo. The Governor and Mayor are giving public employees a holiday. The Federation of Industries and the Association of Commerce have suggested to their members that they facilitate participation by their employees in the welcome to Doc. Forty of the forty-five São Paulo City Council members signed a proposal to designate President Eisenhower a citizen of São Paulo (a few leftist members took issue and delayed action). To the press Governor Carvalho Pinto declared that the visit will significantly (sensivelmente) strengthen Pan-Americanism. Noting the inclusion of São Paulo, the only non-capital city on the President's itinerary, the

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AIR POUCH		CONFIDENTIAL (Security Classification)	DO NOT TYPE IN THIS SPACE
FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH		288	73200/2-1960
FROM :	Amoengen São Paulo		DESP. NO.
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		
REF :	February 19, 1960 AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL		
		FEB 22 1960	
24 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION REC'D 2/28	DEPT. IN F O OTHER	SÃO PAULO, BRAZIL DEPARTMENT OF STATE BUREAU OF AMERICAN AFFAIRS FEB 22 1960
SUBJECT: São Paulo Weekly Summary No. 3, February 18, 1960 *			

This Document is to be RM/R

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8. Franco's Atom
9. Other Press Highlights

Consular Affairs

10. Norman Wayne Williams Case

Miscellaneous

11. List of Substantive Despatches

Political

1. UN vs. Municipal Bloc (Official Use Only)

The Municipal Bloc of State deputies, organized slightly over a month ago, threw a new obstacle in the way of UN efforts to gain the presidency of the State Assembly. Last weekend 17 deputies members of the Bloc plus various local officials attended a meeting of the Bloc in the municipality of Botafouro where it was decided not to support any UN candidate for the Assembly presidency. This was reportedly in reprisal for the UN

period one day shorter this week due to holiday (Washington's Birthday).

See last page:mif

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From AmConsulate, Curitiba

administration (PSD) and certain northern UDN elements favorable to this administration. The election is being contested as a fraud by the losers. SOURCE: Local newspapers. (UNCLASSIFIED)

COMMENT: The board of directors can be expected to channel federation funds in such a way as to help those rural associations favorable to the PSD, and to deny assistance to those in opposition in the state political scene.
(OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Edward M. Rowe
Edward M. Rowe
American Consul

cc: Supervising Consul General
American Embassy, Rio de Janeiro

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COMMENT: The significance of this document is that under a Republican Administration the United States might have to expend greater effort to convince people of its genuine interest in Latin America than it would have to expend under a Democratic Administration. . . . This opinion regarding American political parties seems to be especially strong among the military, and may be a product of formal training in staff schools.

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10. U.S. Cuba Relations and Havana "Hunger" Conference

The press throughout Paraná and Santa Catarina has been universally critical of the excesses of the Castro Regime, and equally favorable to present U.S. policies on Cuba. (There is one exception, a leftist editor of O Estado of Florianopolis.) The press also supports Brazil's decision not to take part in the Havana Conference, and attacks the conference as a communist subterfuge which would undermine Operation Pan America, and therefore is inimical to all Western Hemisphere interests as well as to Brazilian interests. SOURCES: All local papers.

(UNCLASSIFIED)

MISCELLANEOUS EVENTS

11. Southwest Brazil Development Plan

President Kubitschek has formally established a Superintendency of the Plan for Economic Revaluation of the Southwest (Superintendência do Plano de Valorização Econômica da Fronteira Suloceste do País). Waldemar Borges has been made superintendent. Theoretically, funds for the Superintendency have been accumulating since 1957 at a rate of Cr\$100 million per year for Paraná, Cr\$ 80 million for Santa Catarina, and Cr\$ 500 million total accumulations for all the Southwest. Total kitty to date is Cr\$ 2 billion. SOURCE: Personal conversations, O Estado do Paraná.

(UNCLASSIFIED)

COMMENT: Before Borges was appointed there was no one who could approve the expenditure of Superintendency funds. The appointment of a man at this time appears to be a political move designed to release a sackful of federal money during the election campaign.

(OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

12. Elections in Paraná Federation of Rural Associations

The election of a new board of directors of the Paraná Federation of Rural Associations resulted in a landslide victory for the incumbent slate which is supported by the present state administration (PSD) and

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being replaced by Ultima Hora of São Paulo which already maintains a small editorial and business staff in Curitiba, and which expects to start printing a Curitiba edition in Curitiba within the next six months. SOURCE: Personal conversations. (UNCLASSIFIED)

7. Lopes Mateos Visit and Operation Pan America

The visit of Lopes Mateos, President of Mexico, received banner headlines, and was used generally as a basis for editorializing (1) on the need for all American nations, including the United States, to work together against under-development, (2) on the importance of Operation Pan America, and (3) on the folly of economic intervention (made mostly in reference to possible economic reprisals by the United States against Cuba). Because the U.S. supports Operation Pan America, the Lopes Mateos visit was beneficial to U.S.-Brazil relations. (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

8. Eisenhower Visit to Brazil

The President's visit to Brazil is receiving banner headlines. Most comment is very favorable, and enthusiastic regarding the implications for "Rubitschek's Operation Pan America". There have been some muted comments that it would be better for the President of the U.S. to come to Brazil at the beginning of his administration instead of the end. SOURCES: All local papers, personal conversations. (UNCLASSIFIED)

COMMENT: There is much speculation about the "true nature" of the President's visit, i.e., is it just a trip, or will concrete offers of assistance be made. Wherever possible, the consulate has taken advantage of these speculations to point out that a great deal of new American help for Brazilian and Latin American Development has appeared in the past year, as evidenced by such institutions as the Inter-American Development Bank. One of the chief advantages of the President's visit will be to make the extent of such American assistance known. (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

9. Brazil and the U.S. Presidential Election

Whether merited or not, there is a deep seated conviction among many thinking Brazilians in Curitiba that the Democratic Party in the United States is traditionally more friendly to and interested in Latin America and its development than the Republican Party. The U.S. election is being watched closely. SOURCES: Personal conversations. (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

COMMENTS: The significance of

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stunts hurt him in southeastern Paraná, though many conservatives who are openly appalled at his grand-standing still say they support Quadros for fear of the kind of men who would enter office with Lott. SOURCES: Local press. Personal conversation.
(OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

4. Relative Strength of Quadros and Lott in Santa Catarina

In Santa Catarina Jânio seems stronger than in Paraná. He has solid "grass roots" UDN support. Further, the Santa Catarina PTB has a pro-Ferrari complex and is not so leftist nor ultra-nationalist as the national party. This may help Quadros. The PTB is strongest in the Cresciuma coal basin (Southeastern Santa Catarina), and is greatly influenced by the Rio Grande do Sul PTB. SOURCES: Personal conversations, O Estado (leftist Florianopolis paper), and A Gazeta (UDN dominated Florianopolis paper).
(OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

5. Leandro Maciel Compares Poorly with Ferrari in Curitiba

When UDN vice presidential candidate, Leandro MACIEL, appeared on a Meet The Press radio program in Curitiba, he was wholeheartedly booed by both pro-Jânio and pro-Lott elements. He tried to tell his audience that they should pay much more attention to the Northeast. His statement that "the Kubitschek administration has shown no planning whatsoever", also antagonized the audience. On the same program a few weeks earlier, Fernando FERRARI completely won over his audience in a brilliant display of personality, stage presence, and good intentions regarding Brazil's future. SOURCES: Personal conversations, observations.
(UNCLASSIFIED)

COMMENT: Maciel could be liability to Quadros in Paraná, although the fact that the voters need not (and probably will not) select a president and vice president from the same party, minimizes the liability.
(OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

PSYCHOLOGICAL EVENTS

6. Television Stations Open; Communist Newspaper Quits

During January Curitiba's first television station, T.V. Emissora Paranaense (Channel 12), began broadcasting experimentally two hours per night (8 PM to 10 PM) using U.S.I.S. films. A second television station owned by the local Diarios Associados (T.V. Parana, Channel 6), hopes to begin experimental telecasting in May. ... During December a locally published communist daily, Tribuna do Povo, went bankrupt and ceased publication. It is being replaced

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any chance of winning the election. ... Maculan is closely associated with the coffee growing interests of northern Parana and has considerable UDN support from that area. ... He was chosen partly because of his former good relationship with Parana's hero, the late Senator SOUZA NAVES. ... Ney Braga is running entirely on his own popularity, which is great in southeast Parana, especially in Ponta Grossa, Curitiba and Paranagua. Laborers in Paranagua seem to have switched their allegiance to Ney since Souza Naves' death. ... The result of the UDN nominating convention, scheduled for March, will be a prime factor in determining which candidate has the best chance.

(OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

2. Gubernatorial Candidates in Santa Catarina

Although none of the Santa Catarina parties have held nominating conventions, the UDN is expected to nominate Irineu BORNHAUSEN and the PSD Celso RAMOS. These individuals represent the two families traditionally dominant in Santa Catarina politics. In addition, the PTB national directorate has given the Santa Catarina PTB approval to put up its own candidate, who would be federal deputy Doutel de ANDRADE, state party president. The Santa Catarina PTB is estimated to have about 100,000 votes, the UDN a little less than 300,000 votes and the PSD a little more than 200,000. SOURCES: O Estado (Santa Catarina), A Gazeta (Florianopolis), personal conversations. (UNCLASSIFIED)

COMMENT: Politicians in both the PSD and the UDN are becoming restive under the present two-family rule which has continued for almost 30 years. However, internal dissention seems to be greater in the PSD than in the UDN. ... The PTB has emerged as an important force only in the last few years, and is due mainly to the organizing drive of Doutel de Andrade. Its membership has been carved mostly from PSD ranks. ... There is an outside chance that the PSD will support Doutel if internal dissention makes it impossible for the party to agree on a regular PSD man for governor. ... If there are three candidates next October, the UDN will be favored. It is rumored that Doutel de Andrade is paying off a political debt to Irineu Bornhausen by running for governor. The UDN supposedly helped Doutel become a federal deputy in 1958.

(OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

3. Relative Strength of Lott and Quadros in Parana

Although Janio Quadros still seems to be stronger than Marshall Lott in Parana, Lott's popularity is increasing, especially in southeastern Parana where there are large urban masses whose natural inclination and party leadership (mainly PSD and PTB) urge them to vote for Lott. Janio's emotional publicity stunts hurt

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TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		FEB 19 1960 February 19, 1960 DATE
REF :	Curitiba Despatches #35 and #36, both Feb. 16, 1960		
20 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION REC'D 3-9-60	DEPT. IN OTHER CIN 10 ASIA 10 NAVY 3	
SUBJECT: NEWS SUMMARY FOR JANUARY, 1960			

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2. Gubernatorial Candidates in Santa Catarina
3. Relative Strength of Lott and Quadros in Paraná
4. Relative Strength of Quadros and Lott in Santa Catarina
5. Leandro Maciel Compares Poorly with Ferrari in Curitiba
6. Television Stations Open; Communist Newspaper Cuts
7. Lopes Mateos Visit and Operation Pan America
8. Eisenhower Visit to Brazil
9. Brazil and the U.S. Presidential Election
10. U.S. Cuba Relations and the Havana "Hunger" Conference
11. Southwest Brazil Development Plan
12. Elections in Paraná Federation of Rural Associations

POLITICAL EVENTS

1. Paraná Gubernatorial Candidates

On January 31 the Paraná PSD named Plinio Franco FERREIRA DA COSTA its gubernatorial candidate for 1960. On February 3-5 the state PTB nominated Nelson MACULAN its candidate for governor, after considerable urging from Vice President João Goulart. A third gubernatorial candidate, Ney BRAGA has been supported so far only by the small PDC, though he has had his hat in the ring for almost a year. (See Curitiba D-35 and D-36, both of Feb. 16, 1960). SOURCES: All local press, personal observations and conversations. (UNCLASSIFIED)

COMMENTS: Plinio's nomination represents a defeat for traditional PSD party elements which have been implicated in the corruption scandals of the past few years. He is the only man acceptable to a majority of the PSD who has any chance.

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PTB convention yesterday nominated Lott and Goulart as candidates for President and Vice-President respectively. Convention speeches and maneuvering confirmed recent shift in PTB position national scene. This shift is a collateral effect of strengthening of President's position (See EMBTEL 1224) which has resulted weakening of bargaining position of PTB and Goulart vis-a-vis administration with which it still maintains uneasy alliance. (See EMBTEL 958, December 29).

It becomes increasingly apparent Jango's reluctance to run as Vice-President (virtually an imperative for Lott candidacy) is based not only on fear of defeat, still a possibility if not probability, but on justifiable (PTB eyes) complaint of cut-off in administration support dating back more than year. As President consolidated his political position administration's legislative program became more conservative and funds and other political favors to PTB were cut back to point where latter all but openly rebelled. PTB demands and Goulart's apparent reluctance to run (See WEEKAS 49 (December 4), 3, 4 and 5) were predicated on administration's weakness.

President's newfound strength has brought PTB closer into line, with its radical demands on administration sharply whittled down, and Goulart now willing to "sacrifice" himself for party which will probably now go all out for his and Lott's candidacy and with a minimum of dissension from Quadros and Ferrari supporters within party. It does not seem too much to say that Goulart's political survival dictates his candidacy and his victory. With even modicum of administration support Goulart would have good chance to win because of weakness UDN Vice-Presidential candidate and lack of Ferrari political organization despite great personal popularity. Key element is effective PSD support which will be reluctant in any event.

CABOT.

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Assuming that one of the present gubernatorial candidates is elected, it is possible to make a preliminary sketch of the over-all trend of state government under each one. This is done separately in Curitiba D-36 (Feb. 16, 1960) for classification reasons. OFFICIAL USE ONLY

This despatch is unusually detailed so that future spot reports on election year events can be quickly interpreted within the over-all electoral framework in Parana. UNCLASSIFIED.

The information contained here is compounded from personal observations, material taken from various newspapers, and personal conversations between the reporting officer and (1) newspaper political reporters, (2) party leaders from the state UDN, PTB, and PSD, (3) labor leaders in Curitiba, (4) travelers from all parts of Parana, (5) important local American and Brazilian businessmen, and (6) certain opinion molders from Curitiba. LIMITED OFFICIAL USE.


Edward M. Rowell
American Consul

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effect of the state campaign on U.S. - Brazil relations will come largely as a reflection of certain national questions, such as: the role of foreign private enterprise, government control of remittances abroad, foreign investment in public utilities etc. OFFICIAL USE ONLY

On the whole, these national problems should be relatively subdued in the Parana campaign. The situation is helped by a very favorable press. Newspapers supporting the PSD and Lott (especially the local Diario Associado, Diario do Parana) have taken a positive, favorable editorial stand regarding U.S. - Brazil relations, the advantages of having American private enterprise in Brazil, and American foreign policies in general. There is only one important opposition newspaper, O Estado do Parana, and it, too, is favorable to the United States, even when some of the candidates it supports espouse causes which are objectionable to the American point of view. OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

The campaign of Plinio da Costa and Ney Braga can be expected generally to ignore problems of foreign investment in Brazil and so-called "entreguismo." It is quite possible that Nelson Maculan's campaign will try to make more of such issues, but, relatively speaking, they should be a minor part of his campaign, and should leave no permanent effect on public opinion, unless these issues become dominant in the national race. OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

VIII CONCLUSIONS

There are still eight months to go until the votes are cast. So many things can happen in the meantime that it is impossible to predict who will win the gubernatorial election, or how Parana will vote for president (though at present the state still favors Quadros.). However, most signs point to a campaign generally favorable to good U.S. - Brazil relations. Similarly, although some personal antagonisms may run high, and riots may erupt in Parana due to economic pressures, the general tenor of the social and political scene in Parana is peaceful. LIMITED OFFICIAL USE.

Assuming

Page 2/ There is one exception, O Dia, which is a newspaper with very small circulation. It is controlled by PSD Governor Lupion, and used by him for personal, local political purposes. Much of the newspaper's editorial staff is leftist-orientated on international issues, and U.S. - Brazil relations. The paper's influence is thought to be minimal. LIMITED OFFICIAL USE.

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B. PTB

The PTB has repeatedly delayed its convention to name a presidential candidate. Undoubtedly this is partly because the national party has not yet formally committed itself. But it is also because the bulk of the party's strength is in northern Parana where the voters favor Janio Quadros. The PTB will depend on those voters to elect its local and state candidates. Because Maculau has formally committed himself to Lott, because Goulart is putting every available pressure on the state party to support Lott, and because the party has no leader of its own to direct it otherwise, it is probably that eventually it will nominate Lott for president. However, the word has gone out to the party's ward heelers (cabos) on an informal basis that whenever the party may officially name, the Parana PTB likes Quadros, and local campaigning should clearly indicate that the party supports Quadros. LIMITED OFFICIAL USE.

C. PDC, PTN

The PDC, Ney Braga's party, has formally endorsed Janio Quadros as its candidate. In addition, the PTN seems to be solidly in the Quadros camp. Each party is attempting to obtain Janio's formal backing for its own gubernatorial candidate (PDC for Braga; PTN for Accioly Filho). Janio is unlikely to do this until the state UDN has committed itself, and even then may refuse. UNCLASSIFIED.

D. UDN

The UDN can be expected to nominate Quadros when it finally convenes in late February or early March. As is the case of the other parties, principal Quadros support in the UDN will be based in the coffee counties, which are the seat of UDN strength in Parana. UNCLASSIFIED.

*** It is noted that Quadros support has ebbed recently among UDN adherents in the Paranagua-Curitiba-Ponta Grossa axis. This latter group consists primarily of well-educated professional people, and families of considerable wealth, together with better class merchants and brokers. Janio's pyrotechnics disturb these people very much. However, this southeastern UDN wing in Parana is not expected to upset the party applecart at this time.

VII EFFECT OF CAMPAIGN ON U.S. - BRAZIL RELATIONS

The bulk of the political campaign will revolve mainly around domestic issues: personalities, accusations, local corruption, and disagreement over federal policies. Any effect

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C. Ney Braga and the PDC

Ney Braga is running entirely on his own popularity. More than half of his support is in Curitiba where he was mayor from 1955 to 1959. (In the 1958 election, Ney won 30,000 votes in Curitiba, 27,000 votes in the hinterland.) Ney is respected for his honesty, his competence, and his achievements during his term as mayor of Curitiba. Until recently, however, he was almost unknown in northern Parana, though lately he has been campaigning intensively in that area. Unfortunately for Ney, the PDC adds almost no strength to his personal appeal (the party is estimated to have polled about 5 percent of the votes in October 1959). UNCLASSIFIED.

If Ney is able to win UDN support, his position will be much better, though at this juncture his chances of winning still would seem poor. In addition to providing much stronger party support, the UDN would add badly needed geographic balance to Ney's campaign, because the heart of UDN strength is in the coffee country. OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

D. The UDN

As the third strongest party in Parana, the UDN holds about 20 percent of the municipalities in the state. The bulk of its support comes from conservative farmers in northern Parana. UNCLASSIFIED.

Obviously, its small size and restricted geographic nature limit the UDN's effectiveness in Parana. However, if it should ally with the rest of the small parties (unlikely), such an alliance would make an effective "third force" vis-a-vis the PSD and the PTB. Were the UDN to join the PTB (also unlikely), it would make Maculan almost a sure winner. If it fails to support one of the three candidates already named, the UDN will be wasting its strength, and probably could lose important ground in the state. At present, it seems most likely that the UDN will support Ney Braga, a combination with some strength. OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

VI PARTY POSITIONS ON NATIONAL CANDIDATES

A. PSD

The PSD is the only Parana party which has formally committed itself to support Marshall Lott. It is behind him 100 percent. UNCLASSIFIED.

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V STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES OF NOMINEES

A. Plinio da Costa and the PSD

In terms of personal characteristics, the PSD has named the strongest candidate available to it. Plinio is greatly respected by all who know him for his competence, honesty and experience in public administration. Plinio has two detractors: First, he is relatively unknown outside southeastern Parana. Second, his family owns a company (in which Plinio shares) which has been engaged in the construction of the Curitiba-Paranagua highway for nine years. The company is now worth several hundred times its original value, which may cause Plinio to become implicated in corruption charges. LIMITED OFFICIAL USE.

The PSD should be able to maintain its voter strength and party discipline intact, in spite of dissension over Plinio's nomination. Enmity with the PTB is traditionally so great that few party members are expected to vote for Maculan. The PSD is much stronger than it was in November 1959, when the PTB's Souza Naves had almost succeeded in uniting the UDN and some smaller parties with the PTB. Now the PSD's opposition is split, and the party still controls the administrative apparatus of the state which is sure to be used effectively during the coming campaign. OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

B. Nelson Maculan and the PTB

Except for the coffee region around Londrina and Maringa, Maculan is virtually unknown in Parana, and has no large personal following. The Londrina-Maringa region contains an estimated 40 percent of the registered voters in Parana. Therefore, if Maculan is to be elected, he must depend to a certain extent on the party strength of the PTB. OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

PTB strategy is (1) to identify Maculan with Souza Naves (who is already a hero in Parana), thereby taking advantage of charismatic voter trends; and (2) to continue its role as spokesman for the opposition, thereby taking advantage of voter discontentment. Already Souza Naves' older brother has publicly endorsed Maculan. To the extent that the Maculan-Souza Naves identification is successful, the PTB will be strong, perhaps strong enough to win the election. In Curitiba, Ponta Grossa and Paranagua labor groups appear disposed to support Maculan, provided his resemblance to Souza Naves can be demonstrated. Even UDN elements in northern Parana may vote for Maculan, partly because Maculan once belonged to the UDN there, and partly because the UDN probably will not have its own (party member) candidate. OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

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At present, there are UDN groups favoring each of the three candidates already announced. Support for Maculan comes from northern Parana (Maculan belonged to the Londrina UDN before 1958), while UDN circles in Curitiba favor Plinio Costa. However, the UDN is committed to Janio Quadros, as is Ney Braga, and the PSD, (Plinio Costa and the PSD are committed to Lott; PTB support for presidential candidates is ambiguous.) Ultimately this may incline the weight of the UDN into the Braga camp. (The state president of the UDN, Newton CARNEIRO, thinks the party will nominate Braga.) OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

In any event the question is undecided, and regardless of whom the party nominates, there is a good possibility that many dissidents will jump the party line when they vote for governor next October. OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

E. The National Labor Party (PTN) AND Other Small Parties

For many months there was talk of a "third front", a union of small parties sponsoring a single candidate in opposition to the present regime.^{2/} Now that the PTB has named its candidate, and the UDN seems determined to act independently of the other small parties, support for a "third front" has collapsed. The small parties probably will not hold conventions until May or June, at which time they are expected to endorse deals arranged by the party leaders with the three biggest parties. OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

The only small party still talking of a separate nominee is the PTN, which is supposedly considering Francisco Accioly Rodrigues da Costa (known as Accioly Filho). Accioly Filho is chief of the PSD dissidents, and represents a sizeable group from the interior who (1) are disgusted with the Lupion administration, and (2) want a proven party man for governor. Although there is quite a bit of bally-hoo about the Accioly Filho nomination, we believe that it is intended more to gain concessions for the PTN from the PSD, or concessions for the Accioly Filho group, rather than to seriously present a candidate. Accioly Filho himself is afraid to accept the nomination because he believes it would ruin his political career which is tied to the PSD. However, if Accioly Filho were nominated, the PSD vote would be badly split next October, which would help the PTB. OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

^{2/} In the 1958 election the UDN, PR and PSP formed such a group called the Democratic Parliamentary Front (FDP). Since then, however, the UDN has decided to go its own way, and the PSP has largely fallen under the influence of the PSD.

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Some of the back-room politics surrounding the nomination of Plinio were so rugged and dirty, that there is serious dis-
sentiment in the party. Chief antagonist was Moyses LUFION, party
president and governor of Parana. The victim was Acting Governor
Carneiro. However, the only PSD member who is in a position to
openly to oppose Plinio now, is Accioly Filho (see IV-E below),
and for personal reasons he is unlikely to run. Thus, because
of a lack of alternatives and because of party discipline, the
PSD is expected to support Plinio solidly for election.
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B. The PTB Convention and Nelson Maculan

There were actually two PTB conventions. One was held in
Londrina, Parana, and attended by Joao GOULART and Governor BRIZZOLA
of Rio Grande do Sul. The other was the formal convention in Curi-
tiba on February 3-5 which rubber-stamped the Londrina proceed-
ings. OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

Maculan was nominated as a last-minute substitute for the
late Senator Souza Naves. (Maculan has replaced Souza Naves in the
Senate.) To a large extent the nomination of Maculan was dictated
by Joao Goulart in order to end intra-party feuding between var-
ious would-be substitutes for Souza Naves from all parts of
Parana. He was an easy choice for Goulart because of his popu-
larity in northern Parana, and because of the fact that he has
spent the past year in Italy working for the Brazilian Coffee
Institute (IBC), and therefore has not generated any of the
animosities which are a natural product of continued residence
in the local political melee. Maculan also has made statements
favoring Lott for President which endeared him to Goulart (Souza
Naves openly supported Quadros.)

C. Ney de Barros Braga and the PDC

Ney Braga announced his own candidacy more than nine months
ago, and this was the first 1960 gubernatorial candidate in Par-
ana. He launched himself early in the hope that the small parties
(PR, PL, FRP, PSP, PTN, UDN, PDC) would support him as a "united
opposition" candidate. So far the only party to nominate him
formally is his own PDC. UNCLASSIFIED.

D. The UDN

The UDN will hold its nominating convention around the be-
ginning of March. It is expected to support one of the already
announced candidates, because the party is too weak to elect a
man on its own. OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

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1958, the bulk of his support came from the northern part of the state. UNCLASSIFIED.

Although all the issues enumerated here reflect forces originating outside Parana, they affect intra-state politics as well. The resentments are all directed against the federal government, and the national PSD. By association the state PSD also suffers from these antagonisms. The most striking sentiment for anything, is for Janio Quadros, an opposition candidate, and this strengthens opposition groups in Parana. UNCLASSIFIED.

C. Trends: Voter Independence

In the last few years voters have shown a marked tendency to think for themselves. The single most important element in producing this tendency is probably the cedula unica, a consolidated ballot of all candidates and parties. The cedula unica makes the ballot truly secret, which it was not before the cedula unica was introduced in 1958. OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

Another factor fostering an apparent voter independence is the mysticism of Brazilian politics. Mysticism favors voting for people rather than parties. However, heretofore the fact that the ballot was not completely secret made it possible for party chiefs (variously called "colonels" and sabos -- corporals) to ensure that the voters in their districts voted the party line. This can be done no longer. The consequence is that there are many places where the voters may choose a man from one party for national office, and a man from an opposing party for state office. OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

IV GUBERNATORIAL CANDIDATES

A. Plinio Franco Ferreira da Costa and the PSD

On January 31 the PSD nominating convention elected Plinio da Costa its candidate for governor by 198 votes to 165. The loser was Guatacara Borba Carneiro, currently acting governor, and old-line party man. Most of Plinio's support came from southeastern Parana. He was chosen for two main reasons. First, there is almost no chance that a regular PSD politician can be elected next October because of the stigma of party corruption. (Plinio is not formally affiliated with any party. In the Lupion administration he has been considered an independent loosely allied with the PSP.) Second, Plinio is the only non-PSDer who is acceptable to a majority of the party, and who has a reasonable chance of election. OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

Biographic Reports, FS-405, are being submitted on all the principal contenders listed in this despatch: Plinio da Costa, Nelson Maculan, Ney Braga, and Accioly Filho. UNCLASSIFIED. Some

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B. Issues Affecting Both National and State Politics:
Coffee, Paranagua, 1958 Marcha da Producao, &
Janio's Sao Paulo Road Program

There is considerable dissatisfaction with IBC and Bank of Brazil coffee credit practices in northern Parana. The growers have discovered that in spite of higher cruzeiro income, they are having a hard time getting ahead because of inflation. They want a much higher exchange rate for dollars earned with coffee exports (ideally they want conversion at the free exchange rate), which is something the government is unlikely to grant, although some token increases may be allowed. The growers have recently denounced new Bank of Brazil coffee credit plans as being discriminatory against Parana, and as fostering unworkable farming practices. UNCLASSIFIED.

The people of Paranagua and southeastern Parana are extremely resentful of the federal government, of Joao Goulart and the PTB, AND OF THE IBC, because IBC practices have prohibited coffee exports (except for nominal amounts) from Paranagua since September 1, 1959. Paranagua's port activity is 90 percent dependent on coffee exports (there is no significant import trade). Exporters of commodities other than coffee are hurt, too, because no ships are calling at Paranagua to take their merchandise. Recent IBC attempts to whitewash the situation have been so weak that they are laughable to even the most illiterate members of the public. When he was in Londrina, Joao Goulart offended a protest delegation from Paranagua by brushing them off very high-handedly. (See also Curitiba D-12, Oct. 23, 1959, D-31, January 20, 1960) OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

In 1958 the coffee growers organized a Marcha da Producao, consisting of a truck cavalcade to Rio de Janeiro, to protest certain IBC financing and exporting policies. The Marcha was stopped short when then-Minister of War Lott set up road blocks manned by troops with machine guns and barbed wire. The coffee growers and their employees consider that this was a personal decision by Lott (and, therefore, the PSD) against them. UNCLASSIFIED.

One of the major accomplishments of Janio Quadros' regime as governor of Sao Paulo was to improve the highway net connecting northern Parana with the cities of Sao Paulo and Santos. Northern Parana long has been tied emotionally to the coffee region of Sao Paulo. This physical connection convinced the Parana coffee people that Janio Quadros will protect them. When Janio was elected a federal deputy (PTB) from Parana in

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because it represents a fairly restricted group of people who are well educated, and conservative. In recent years it has gained strength in northern Parana where the coffee farmers, though completely uneducated, have come to realize that federal economic policies of recent years have hindered the wealth and progress of Parana as much as they have helped. The UDN's perennial status as an opposition party has increased its strength as discontent has grown. In 1959 the UDN increased its control of towns where elections were held from eight to 12, the registered voters in these towns being 5.4% and 18 percent of the total number of voters, respectively. The UDN and PTB on a joint ticket captured Londrina (84,000 registered voters) in the heart of the coffee district in 1959. UNCLASSIFIED.

By itself the UDN has no hope of capturing the state government. But because no party has an absolute majority of voter strength, UDN support is valued by all parties. UNCLASSIFIED.

D. The Small Parties

The main small parties are the Christian Democrats (PDC), the Republican Party (PR), the Liberator Party (PL), the National Labor Party (PTN), the Progressive Republicans (PRP) and the Social Progressives (PSP). All of these except the PSP are conservative. Each of these parties represents a fairly homogeneous group with clear-cut objectives. In the case of the PSP the objective is to support Adhemar de Barros rather than to advance any particular moral or philosophical concept. Most of these small parties have a very charismatic flavor, that is they are strongly bound to certain individuals. Altogether, these parties were able to win only 16 of the 103 municipalities holding elections in 1959. The 16 municipalities represent 18 percent of the registered voters in the 103 townships concerned. As a general rule, one characteristic of the small parties is that internal party discipline is lax. UNCLASSIFIED.

III ISSUES AND VOTING TRENDS

A. State Issues: Inflation and Corruption

The issues which were dominant in the 1959 mayoralty campaign are still ascendant in Parana. (See Curitiba D-11 of Oct. 22, 1959) They are: (1) resentment and fear of the inflationary spiral, and (2) corruption in the incumbent government. Issue (1) is most important in urban areas, and in the coffee region around Londrina and Maringa. OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

B. Issues

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very rough, probably corresponds to the party's voting strength in Parana today. LIMITED OFFICIAL USE.

As a result of the notoriety of the state government, in 1959 several prominent PSD leaders formed a dissident wing, mainly in an effort to keep themselves from being tainted with the general disapprobrium. Although it is remotely possible that these dissident leaders (chief: Francisco Accioly Rodrigues da Costa, known as Accioly Filho) might support a non-PSD gubernatorial candidate, it is very unlikely that they will do so. The PSD is the best disciplined party in Parana. Its members know that regardless of how badly the party may do in any given election, each individual politician would fare much worse if he bolted the party altogether. OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

B. The Labor Party - PTB

The Parana PTB is essentially a gathering of individuals, each striving for personal power. In comparison with the state PSD it has little institutional *raison d'être*, and it expresses no great philosophical, cultural, or economic movement in Parana. Although supposedly a party of the proletariat, in many ways the Parana PTB is more representative of a growing small bourgeoisie. Lacking orientation, except for the objective of gaining power, its leaders often tend to be little more than demagogues. Lacking previous administrative experience, the PTB is unprepared to assume the responsibilities of state government. LIMITED OFFICIAL USE.

Thus far the Parana PTB has survived by opposing the PSD, and, in northern Parana, by opposing actions of the present federal government which Parana coffee growers believe discriminate against themselves. The one man who seemed capable of firmly orientating the PTB, of giving it cohesion, and of bringing it into reasonable union with other opposition groups was Abilio de Souza Naves, who died December 12, 1959. OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

In spite of internal weaknesses, the PTB is strong in Parana, mostly because people are dissatisfied with present policies of both the state and federal governments. In northern Parana the coffee people want changes in federal policy. In southern and eastern Parana people want an end to corruption. As a result of this "vote against" psychology, in towns where elections were held in 1959 the PTB increased its control of Parana municipalities from 12 to 42 (registered voters in these towns were 13.5 percent of the whole and 34 percent of the whole, respectively). UNCLASSIFIED.

C. The National Democratic Union - UDN

The UDN has always been a weak third in Parana, mostly because

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Because both pro-incumbent and pro-opposition newspapers in Parana are favorable to the United States and its present policies regarding Brazil, the campaign should not exacerbate problems between the United States and Brazil. Neither Plinio da Costa nor Ney Braga are expected to pay much attention to U.S. - Brazil relations (including foreign private investment problems) in their campaigning. Nelson Maculan may attack this subject unfavorably to the United States, if it remains a major issue in the national elections. LIMITED OFFICIAL USE.

There are still eight months before the poll booths open, and a lot can happen in the meantime. It is not possible to try to predict who will become governor of Parana in 1961. Nor can one say whether Parana voters will favor Lott or Quadros, though at present the indication is for Quadros. However, it does appear that the campaign in Parana will be relatively subdued, and no major political or social upheavals are expected between now and election time. Further, assuming that one of the present nominees will be elected, it is possible to sketch what the over-all trend of government would be under each one. (Done separately in Curitiba D-36, Feb. 16, 1960, for classification reasons.) LIMITED OFFICIAL USE.

II MAJOR PARTIES AND THEIR STATUS

A. The Social Democrats - PSD

The PSD, direct descendant of Getulio Vargas, is the incumbent party in Parana. In 1946, immediately after the fall of Vargas, the PSD was swept into power because it was the only party whose leaders expressed Parana's greatest needs: to be recognized as an important state, to defend Parana coffee interests vis-a-vis Sao Paulo interests, and to return to state control the Territory of Iguaçu which had been expropriated by the federal government. Though moderately successful in achieving these objectives, the party was corrupt, and was replaced by an opposition coalition composed of PTB-UDN and small party elements in 1950. The opposition was unable to govern coherently, and consequently the PSD was re-elected in 1955, again because it was the only party truly expressive of Parana's desires. UNCLASSIFIED.

Since 1955 the PSD government has been so corrupt that it is completely discredited both in the state and nationally. In 1959 PSD control of cities where elections were held was reduced from 75 percent to about 30 percent. This latter figure, though

very

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(Classification)

Page 2 of 14
Encl. No. 35
Disp. No. 35
From Curitiba

I SUMMARY

During the past four years the relative strength of Parana political parties has changed considerably. Using the 1959 municipal elections as a measure, the PSD now is estimated to have about 30 per cent of the registered voters, the PTB about 34 per cent, the UDN about 18 per cent and six small parties (PDC, PR, PL, PTN, PRP and PSP) the remaining 18 per cent. UNCLASSIFIED.

The main 1960 campaign issues in Parana are: (1) dissatisfaction with the spiralling cost of living, (2) corruption in the incumbent state government, (3) coffee financing and export problems, and (4) lack of coffee exports from Paranaguá. In addition Marshall Lott's abrupt suppression of the Marcha da Produção in 1958, and Janio's success in building roads to provide exits for northern Parana coffee when he was governor of São Paulo, are important attitude factors. Finally, it should be noted that there is a growing tendency for electors to vote for individuals rather than parties, so that next October Parana may support a man from one party for President, and someone from the opposition for Governor. OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

Three gubernatorial candidates have been named, and it is unlikely that there will be more. The PSD has chosen Plinio Franco Ferreira da Costa, the PTB Nelson Maculan, and the PDC Ney Braga. The UDN is expected to support one of these three candidates, but the party is split and the vote will be close. Most likely to receive UDN support is Ney Braga, but at October's elections many party members may vote for the other candidates. OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

The PSD's candidate is an able administrator, and known for his honesty and ability as a trouble shooter. He is relatively unknown outside southeast Parana. The PTB's candidate is running on a certain amount of personal popularity in northern Parana, on his opposition to the incumbent government of Parana, and on an attempt at personal identification between himself and the PTB's late Senator Abilón de Souza Naves, who is a Parana hero. Maculan is not known outside northern Parana. Ney Braga is running entirely on his personal popularity, which is strongest in Curitiba. He is relatively unknown outside the state capital. OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

A great deal depends on whom the UDN nominates. If it supports Ney Braga, Plinio da Costa may win the election because the opposition will be split. If the UDN names Nelson Maculan, he will have an excellent chance of winning. There is very little chance that the UDN will support Plinio Costa or that it will name a fourth candidate. OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

FROM : Amconsulate, Curitiba 35

TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON. DESP. NO.

REF : Curitiba Despatches #100 (Oct. 24/58), #11 (Oct. 22/59), #13 (Oct. 23/59), #23 (Dec. 15/59), #31 (Jan. 20/60) and #36 (Feb. 15/1960) DATE
February 16, 1960

20 For Dept. Case Only	ACTION ARR-4	DEPT. 1 N O	1 RN/R 2 JAC 8 F OTHER CIN 10 USIA 10 NAVY 3
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SUBJECT: A PRIMER OF PARANA POLITICS FOR ELECTION YEAR 1960. P. L. R.

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ADMINISTRATIVE MARKING
E.O. 12065, Section 6-102
BY WARS, Date 12/2/77

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MAR 17 1960

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FR SAO PAULO

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FR SAO PAULO

TO STATE

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IV CONSULAR

1. General (UNCLASSIFIED)

Consular operations are back to normal with the return from sick leave of the Consulate's Senior Consular Assistant on February 8.

V ADMINISTRATIVE

1. Consulate Seeks New Quarters (UNCLASSIFIED)

After considerable searching, the reporting officer has located what he believes to be eminently suitable new quarters for the Consulate and its USIS unit. Recommendations from this post are being submitted to the Embassy via the Consulate General in Sao Paulo, in accordance with 1. FSM III 742.

On February 10 the proposed quarters were inspected by the Administrative Officer of the Consulate General.

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0177

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

"bow before the impositions of labor unions".

2. Commerce Employees Union Dispute (UNCLASSIFIED)

Last week a group of directors of the Sindicato dos Empregados no Comercio presented their resignation in protest against the refusal of union President Bernardo de Azevedo Madeira to allow the union's books to be examined, and called for Madeira's resignation. Madeira refused to receive the protest and the resignations, which were sent to Roberto Gusmano, Regional Labor Delegate in Sao Paulo.

On February 5 another group of directors wrote Madeira to say they had not resigned with the others, and on February 7 Madeira ran a notice in the press branding as illegal a union meeting called for February 9 by his opponents to vote on Madeira's removal and to study the resignations of the union's directors.

On February 9 events climaxed in Madeira's locking out the union members from their headquarters and disconnecting the telephone within. A crowd of angry commerce employees milled about the headquarters for some time, but were unable to hold the meeting and dispersed without taking any action.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Press reports of the affair have become increasingly critical of Madeira, and there is no doubt that the union's prestige has suffered as a result of the quarrel. Also without a doubt the anti-Madeira faction will continue to press for Madeira's removal.

III ECONOMIC

1. New British Liner Arrives in Santos (UNCLASSIFIED)

On February 7 the 20,000 ton Royal Mail liner "Amazon" arrived in Santos on its maiden voyage, departing late the same night for the River Plate. Equipped with stabilizers, the vessel can carry 487 passengers. "Amazon" has a capacity of 445,000 cubic feet of refrigerated cargo and 45,000 cubic feet of general cargo.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

"Amazon" is one of three new sister ships replacing the old "Highland" class vessels. In Santos the Royal Mail Company threw a small cocktail party for local officials and high company officers who were travelling on board.

/IV CONSULAR

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February 6, accompanied by a group of UDN Federal Deputies. In a speech before the "Junio Quadros" Central Committee Maciel attacked the "miserable contrasts" between rich and poor in Brazil and the poor economic planning of the present administration. Maciel also briefly visited Sao Vicente, Guarujá and Cubatão before heading back to Sao Paulo.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Maciel declared that the welcome he received in Santos "surpassed his best expectations".

II LABOR

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On February 6 the Sindicato dos Conferentes de Carga e Descarga de Santos went on strike, tying up the unloading of 19 ships in port. Since the Conferentes were supported by the other local stevedore unions, the strike paralyzed all port operations. The afternoon of the same day the shipping companies yielded to the demands of the Conferentes, who called off the strike at once. By February 8 all port operations were again normal. No violence was reported during the strike.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The strike grew out of a dispute concerning the timing of a wage increase granted the Conferentes in mid-1959. The latter claimed the increase commenced the date their contract was signed; the shipping companies insisted the increase began only when the agreement became legal, i.e., 10 days after publication in the Diario Oficial. Lloyd Brasileiro and one or two other shipping concerns, anticipating future difficulties with the union, granted the increase retroactive to the date of signing. They were not affected by the strike. The bulk of the shipping companies did not agree to grant the unions the few days difference in wages, and the strike broke out on this account.

A shipping company official whose operations were seriously threatened by the strike told the reporting officer the shipping lines considered the Conferentes' demands a species of blackmail based on the threat of a costly strike, since by law the strikers had no right to a retroactive raise.

On February 7 the shipping companies published an advertisement stating that despite a legal decree denying the validity of the strikers' demands, they had yielded to the strikers because they had received no support from "inert" public authorities who
/ "bow

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0175

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Enclosure
São Paul Despatch No. 282

OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM

TO: American Consulate General, São Paulo Date: February 10, 1960
FROM: American Consulate, Santos *VPR*
SUBJECT: Weekly Comment on Events in Santos
REF:

I POLITICAL

1. Lott Campaign Begins in Santos (UNCLASSIFIED)

On February 8 Edna Lott, daughter and ardent supporter of Presidential Candidate Henrique Lott, arrived in Santos at the head of an automobile cavalcade to kick off her father's local campaign. In a whirlwind tour of Santos and environs, according to the *Projeto Quadros* daily *A Tribuna* she "held conversations for the formation of 'nationalist fronts' in Santos and in nearby cities, conferring with elements of the Brazilian Labor Party and of the Communist Party." She also visited the Mayor and Bishop of Santos and local newspapers. In the evening at a public rally attended by about 2,000 persons Edna was joined in speeches by local businessman and lawyer Artur Alves de Amorim, Jr.; Valdemar Neves Guerra, President of the Sindicato dos Empregados na Administração nos Serviços Portuarios de Santos; Flavio Conceição Paiva, defeated PSD candidate for the Santos City Council and well-known local lawyer; and several other lesser lights. Edna left Santos the same night after also having visited the Mayor of São Vicente.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The reporting officer by chance was with City Council President Jose Afonso Filho in his office and was presented to Edna and entourage (largely feminine) when they entered the office for a courtesy call. The reporting officer had pointed out to him by a high functionary of the City Council some half-dozen members of Edna's 25-member group who, he stated, were Communists. Edna Lott personally appears to have made a good local impression, but the reporting officer doubts if she was able to stir up any real enthusiasm for her father in this city, where Janio Quadros Lott considerably in local popularity.

2. Leandro Maciel Visits Santos (UNCLASSIFIED)

UDN Vice Presidential Candidate Leandro Maciel was in Santos on February

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

732.00/2-1200

FROM : Amcongen, SÃO PAULO

282

DESP. No.

February 12, 1960

TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.

DATE

REF

PER-2-5K-2 SCA-3 FBO-1

For Dept. Use Only	ACTION	DEPT.
	REC'D	OTHER
2/16	ARM-4	NAVY-2 REP-1 IRC-6 E-7 ICA-11 EUR-5
		CIA-10 USA-10 ARMY-4 NAVY-3

SUBJECT: Santos Weekly Report AIR-1 OSD-4 COM-12 LAB-6

TR 3

Transmitted herewith for the information of the
Embassy and the Department is the weekly report from
the American Consulate at Santos, dated February 10,
1960.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

Enclosure:

Santos Weekly Report
Dated February 10, 1960

cc: Amembassy, Rio

RJBurton:tar
REPORTER

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0172

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"bow before the impositions of labor unions".

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/ "bow

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Enclosure
São Paulo Despatch No. 282

ANA

OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM

TO: American Consulate General, São Paulo Date: February 10, 1960
FROM: American Consulate, Santos *VPR*
SUBJECT: Weekly Comment on Events in Santos
REF:

I POLITICAL

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Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

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UDN Vice Presidential Candidate Leandro Maciel was in Santos on

February
CONSULATE GENERAL OF
THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

VPRando lph, ill/vpr

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH		282		732.00/2-1260	
FROM :	Amcongen, SÃO PAULO			DESP. NO.	
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.			DATE	February 12, 1960
REF	PER-2 SY-2 SCA-3 FBO-1				
ACTION	DEPT.	N/A-2 REP-1 IRC-8 E-7 ICA-11 EUR			
For Dept.	REC'D	CIA-10 USIA-10 ARMY-4 NAVY-3			
Use Only	2/16	SANTOS WEEKLY REPORT AIR-1 OSD-4 COM-12 LAB-6			
SUBJECT: Santos Weekly Report					

Transmitted herewith for the information of the Embassy and the Department is the weekly report from the American Consulate at Santos, dated February 10, 1960.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
BUREAU OF
INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS
FEB 18 1960

William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

RECEIVED
ARA/EXD

FEB 13 1960
AM 7,8,9,10,11,12,1,2,3,4,5,6 PM

Enclosure: *cc*
Santos Weekly Report
Dated February 10, 1960
cc: Amembassy, Rio

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Disp. No. _____
From _____

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Page 1 of _____
Encl. No. 1
Disp. No. 29
From Porto Alegre

ENCLOSURE NO 1

FILHA DE LOTT ATACA POLITICA FINANCEIRA DO GOVERNO FEDERAL

"Sabemos que a política econômico-financeira ora adotada em nossa Pátria é a única responsável por esta situação. Estejamos certos de que na chefia da Nação o marechal Teixeira Lott somente terá como centro de suas preocupações o interesse nacional. E esse interesse nacional é um Brasil de brasileiros para brasileiros. O 3 de outubro nos espera como desafio aos nossos brios de brasileiros."

Mais adiante, voltando a atacar a política financeira do atual governo, d. Edna Lott procurou isentar seu pai de qualquer culpa pelos seus erros dizendo:

"O Marechal Teixeira Lott nunca foi ministro da Fazenda, nem presidente do Banco do Brasil... Na sua área de compromisso com o povo brasileiro jamais faltou ao estrito cumprimento de seu dever de soldado, de defensor da democracia tantas vezes ameaçada por traidores. O 11 de novembro de 1955 aí está para testemunhá-lo."

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Page 3 of
Encl. No. 29
Desp. No. 29
From PORTO ALEGRE

there were really only two presidential candidates-Lott and Quadros. Speaking of Lott he said that the Marshall "although a conservative, is undoubtedly a patriot and a declared enemy of imperialism". Of Quadros he remarked that Janio is "linked to Brazilian groups which all recognize as 'entreguistas'" and of Quadros "false nationalist promises". Further he considered Quadros and Frondizi (of Argentina) alike. As to vice presidential material Prestes said there was plenty and that for him, "João Goulart, Sergio Magalhães, Leonel Brizola, Roberto Silveira, or Parsifal Barroso would do ('serviriam')".

4. Governor Brizola's Activities: The Governor demonstrated his political skill and resilience by patching up his differences with the PRP. (Ref. item 3 and 4-Desp. No. 22, Jan. 13, 1960).

He postponed his trip to Holland, receiving the necessary legislative authorization to make it in February or March instead of January. It appears that the Governor's plan for settling Hollanders in RGS is running into some snags.

5. American Farmers' Visit: The visit of the first of several American farmer groups, as part of the People to People program, received considerable favorable publicity, and public response in the predominantly agricultural area.

6. East German Officials' Visit: In order to establish contact with local authorities and businessmen, four members of a Commercial Mission from the East German government made a brief visit to Porto Alegre. They were listed as George Bienik, economist; Paul Reising, engineer; Werner Reinheimer, chemist; and Alfred Moller. They indicated an interest in developing trade for East German manufactured products in return for RGS agricultural products. It was stated that this visit was a preliminary and that others would follow. The Consulate will report further developments.

7. Japanese Consulate established: The Japanese Government took steps to establish a consulate in Porto Alegre. The Consulate will report further when its address and other details are known.

Percy Warner
Percy Warner
American Consul

Encl.: 1 att m m.

cc. Amembassy RIO

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Page 2 of

Encl. No.

Disp. No. 29

From PORTO ALEGRE

communist infiltration into the so called Nationalist Pro-Lott committees. Federal Deputy Cunha Bueno (PSD-São Paulo), in Porto Alegre as guest-speaker of the Circulo Militar on the subject of the "Brazilian Automobile Industry", gave a press interview in which he estimated that Lott would win more than a million votes in São Paulo.

b. Janio Quadros: Organization of various groups favoring Janio followed on the heels of his whirlwind visit at the end of December. The "Movimento Independente" (PSD dissident), PL, UDN, PDC, and nationalist elements are being welded into a machine of impressive proportions to work in RGS for this candidate. Meanwhile reprisals were taken on some military officers who signed a manifesto favoring Janio and criticising Lott (Ref. Encl. No. 4-Disp. No. 22, Jan, 13, 1960).

c. Ademar de Barros: With headlines announcing that he had chosen RGS to begin his campaign, Ademar de Barros made a poor beginning. He received perfunctory press attention and the public generally seemed not interested in him. Consul da Silveira observed Ademar working hard at a rally in the principal square of Pelotas in the afternoon hour when office workers gather there normally for transportation to their homes. Few, perhaps not more than 150-200, were paying any attention whatsoever to this man who once commanded attention wherever he went.

d. Fernando Ferrari: The Movimento Trabalhista Renovador (MTR) continued its carefully planned organization drive throughout the state on behalf of Ferrari as vice president. A practiced politician of the PSD, who tends to be pro-Janio Quadros but not pro-Ferrari, estimates that as things now stand Ferrari would pull about 20% of the PTB rank-and-file to Quadros, with the cautious caveat that, while with good organization and conditions favorable to Ferrari and Janio this percentage could be increased, much could still happen before election day to alter the situation.

e. Jango Goulart: The month was evidently one of doubt and soul-searching for Jango who spent much of the time in seclusion at his ranch in far western São Borja. The resounding defeat suffered in November by the Jango-Brizola forces in RGS municipal elections, particularly Porto Alegre, must be causing Jango doubt as to his most effective role in the forthcoming campaign and as to his ability to remain in an elected office after it is over. The PTB regional forces selected February 16, the day before the PTB National Convention, for the selection of their delegates to that convention.

3. Luiz Carlos Prestes Visits RGS: During a brief visit to Porto Alegre for the declared purpose of seeing relatives, Prestes had an undeclared meeting with communist party representatives. On departing he gave a press conference at which he stated that

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH					
FROM	Amconsulate PORTO ALEGRE		29	February 12, 1960	
TO	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.				
REF	---				
20 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION REC'D 2-18-60	DEPT. IN OTHER CIA 10 AIR 10 NAVY 3	FEB 12 1960		
SUBJECT: RIO GRANDE DO SUL POLITICAL SUMMARY - No. 5 January 1960					

1. General
2. Presidential Campaign Developments
3. Luiz Carlos Prestes visits Rio Grande do Sul
4. Governor Brizola's Activities
5. American Farmers' Visit
6. East German Officials' Visit
7. Japanese Consulate Established

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
BUREAU OF
INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS
FEB 23 1960

1. General: Although staffing shifts and summer vacations caused no official travel during January, Consul da Silveira made a vacation trip by car via Pelotas and Jaguarão returning via Ijuí, Santa Vitória do Palmar, Rio Grande, and Pelotas, important routes in the south eastern part of the district which had suffered extensive flood damage seen by the Principal Officer in October (item 1 Desp. No. 13, Nov. 3, 1959.) On January 24 the Principal Officer made a solo flight of five hours to Pelotas and the outlying Sampaio farm, and return which went low enough over the Porto Alegre-Pelotas highway and neighboring bay area to ascertain the extensive repairs to roads, bridges, etc. that had taken place since October, and which were confirmed by Consul da Silveira's surface trip over the same road.

2. Presidential Campaign Developments: Despite the summer lull in general activities, some initial marchings and counter marchings in the forthcoming presidential campaign took place in Rio Grande do Sul as briefly summarized below.

a. Lott campaign: Edna Lott, the Marshall's daughter, visited RGS rallying support for him. At one point she made a statement which appeared an attempt by Lott forces to dissociate him from the economic-fiscal plight of the country and the economic-fiscal policies of the present administration (Enclosure No. 1). Col. Neme Canabarro made a ten-day visit to the state to form pro Lott groups for the Lott National Committee with headquarters at 8 Largo da Carioca, Rio de Janeiro. He caused a flurry in PSD ranks here by denouncing

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FROM: Rio de Janeiro

TO: Secretary of State

NO: 1232, February 12,

Supplementing EMBTEL 1224.

Increase in administration prestige has commensurately weakened political opposition including electoral possibilities Janvo Quadros. While still too early make firm predictions many observers believe Quadros early lead has been cut down to point where strong possibility exists President will be able install his party's candidate, Marshall Lott as his successor.

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February 12, 1960

7:30 p.m.

CABOT

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Excl 4
Sao Paulo 276

the Consulate received from the Embassy December 15. The next day he gave the reporting officer his own version of how the lease should be drawn up and requested it be referred back to the Embassy.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

The reporting officer's patience with Mr. dos Santos is commencing to wear a bit thin, in view of the fact that the lease which he refused to sign had already been redrawn once to conform with his wishes. A detailed comparison between the dos Santos' version of the lease and the Embassy's is being prepared by the reporting officer for submission to the Embassy, with a copy for the Consulate General in Sao Paulo.

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Camila de Almeida, President of the Santos Nurses Union, has been elected to the Fiscal Committee of the Federacao Inter-Estadual dos Enfermeiros e Empregados em Hospitais e Casas de Saude. Oswaldo Pacheco da Silva has been elected President of the Federacao dos Estivadores, and Domingos Alvarez has been elected President of the Federacao dos Metalurgicos.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

A Tribuna, which supports Janio Quadros, commented that the Labor Ministry has refused to recognize Alvarez' election as President of the Confederation because the Ministry, "which has always been in the hands of the PTB and communist elements, could not now, during the Presidential elections, allow the Federation to fall into the hands of Janio supporters."

2. Motormen's Union Election (UNCLASSIFIED)

On December 18 Antonio Vitor dos Santos was elected President of the Sindicato dos Trabalhadores em Empresas de Carris Urbanas, Trolley-bus e Cabos Aereos de Santos by 363 votes to 320 votes received by Carlos Gonzalez, 205 received by Pan Fidalgo and 162 received by Rodrigues Pereira.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Pan Fidalgo, long-time President of the union, was most unhappy at being defeated for election and reportedly threatened to contest the election, a threat which did not materialize apparently owing to his decisive defeat. Fidalgo is often described by labor observers as a communist sympathizer.

III ECONOMIC - Negative.

IV CONSULAR

1. General (UNCLASSIFIED)

Consular operations continued at a normal level. During the month of December the Consulate issued 6 non-immigrant visas and revalidated 3 others.

V ADMINISTRATIVE

1. Status of the Consulate's Lease (UNCLASSIFIED)

On December 30 Alvaro Pedro dos Santos, one of and acting for the four owners of the Consulate's office building, informed the reporting officer that he could not sign the revised lease which

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OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM

TO: AmConGen, Sao Paulo
FROM: AmConsul, Santos *VPR*
SUBJECT: Weekly Comment on Events in Santos
REF:

Date: December 31, 1959

I POLITICAL

1. Apparent Death of Project to Increase Number of Santos City Councilmen (UNCLASSIFIED)

The bill before the Legislature of the State of Sao Paulo to increase the number of city councilmen for Santos and other municipalities appears to have died a natural death, since it must have passed in time to be put into effect on January 1, 1960, when the new city councilmen elected October 4 take office and elect the new officers for the Santos city council.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

The measure was supported principally by ex City Council President Remo Petrarchi, defeated in the October 4 elections, who thus saw a way to regain his seat on the council. The measure has been strongly opposed by many sectors, including the influential Santos daily A Tribuna and local labor groups.

2. Portuguese Consul Departs (UNCLASSIFIED)

On December 31 the Portuguese Consul in Santos, Manoel Emygdio da Silva, is scheduled to depart for Montevideo, where he will become Charge d'Affaires of Portugal.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Silva, Consul here for the past five years, has been energetic, effective and popular. He had told the reporting officer that he wished to remain in Santos permanently and that he expects to return here to live. On December 30 Silva was given a testimonial banquet by 500 civic, business and Portuguese colony leaders.

II LABOR

1. Local Labor Figures Elected to Positions of National Influence (UNCLASSIFIED)

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*Encl. 5
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been solaced with the position of Director of Personnel for the Municipality.

2. Santos Customs Inspector Accused of Political Activities
(UNCLASSIFIED)

Mario Daltro Dantas, Customs Inspector for the port of Santos, has denied charges by a Rio newspaper that he maintains a slush fund for any political candidate. Accused of supporting Marshal Lott for the Presidency, Dantas declared in a statement to O Diario that "nobody can prevent me from having my own personal sympathies for any one candidate". Dantas also denied being in league with local customs brokers.

Dantas added that during 1959 the Santos customhouse collected Cr\$17,709,575.700,60 and had already during the first few days of 1960 collected Cr\$60,976.176,50, as compared to Cr\$46,914.719,10 during the same first days of 1959.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Dantas has held his position in Santos for about six months and is generally considered to be honest.

II LABOR - Negative.

III ECONOMIC

1. New Santos Guarda-Mor (UNCLASSIFIED)

On January 6 Joao de Oliveira Freitas entered on duty as the new Guarda-Mor of Santos, succeeding Lourival Henriques dos Santos.

Comment: Freitas, who is a Negro, comes to Santos from the Congonhas airport in Sao Paulo. (UNCLASSIFIED)

IV CONSULAR

1. General (UNCLASSIFIED)

Consular operations continued at a normal level. During the calendar year 1959 the post issued 190 non-immigrant visas and collected \$669.50 in consular fees. During the same period 270 American vessels entered the port of Santos.

V ADMINISTRATIVE - Negative.

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OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM

TO: AmConGen, Sao Paulo
FROM: AmConsul, Santos *VPR*
SUBJECT: Weekly Comment on Events in Santos
REF:

Date: January 8, 1960

I POLITICAL

1. Election of Santos City Council Officers (UNCLASSIFIED)

On January 1 the 31 city councilmen (vereadores) elected October 4, 1959, for the three-year period 1960-1963 were sworn into office and proceeded to elect the council's new officers. The new President of the City Council is Jose Aflalo Filho (PSP). Elected Vice President was Alfredo das Neves (PST); First Secretary, Domingos Fuschini (PSD); and Second Secretary, Paulo Ferreira Lima (PL).

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

The voting for the new President was very close. Up to the last minute Luiz La Scala, Jr., Director of Public Works for Santos and protegee of Mayor Sylvio Fernandes Lopes (who is a supporter of Adhemar de Barros) was the Mayor's candidate for President of the City Council. However, just before the balloting began it became evident that La Scala could not be elected, and the Mayor's faction decided to put up as a compromise candidate Aflalo, an engineer and PSP member, who was *persona grata* to the Mayor but who had entertained no aspirations to the Council Presidency. The first ballot produced a 15-15 tie between Aflalo and Pedro Castro Rocha (UDN), the former being supported by the PRT, PSP, PTB and PL; the latter by the PDC, PTN, PST, PSP and UDN. The Council's election by-laws provide that in case of a tie the eldest candidate is proclaimed winner; and Rocha gracefully accepted Aflalo's word that he was the elder by four years and permitted Aflalo to be declared elected.

The election is interpreted as a defeat for the partisans of Janio Quadros, who failed to secure any representation on the City Council mesa. The election was also a challenge to the leadership of Mayor Sylvio Lopes Fernandes, who has been grooming La Scala to succeed him.

Incidentally, Remo Petrarchi, outgoing Council President, has

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IV PSYCHOLOGICAL

1. Anti-Semitism in Santos (UNCLASSIFIED)

The world-wide rash of anti-semitism has broken out in Santos with the appearance of swastikas and anti-Jewish slogans on several walls here. Two swastikas have been daubed near a predominantly Jewish-occupied apartment house and slogans, in English, of "Go to Home" and "Go to Your Home" have appeared in the Jose Menino residential area, accompanied by other swastikas.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Mayor Sylvio Fernandes Lopes deplored the outburst saying, "This appears to be real proof of racism carried out by good-for-nothings, since no one can understand how in a city like this or even in Brazil traces still exist of Nazi ideology carried to their most repugnant extremes."

V CONSULAR

1. General (UNCLASSIFIED)

Consular operations continued at a normal level, and there is no especially significant development to report.

VI ADMINISTRATIVE - Negative.

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act in the person of its President, Ynel Alves de Camargo, who a few days before had rushed into print supporting the Finance Committee and disparaging Madeira. The latter replied to him in insulting terms in a paid advertisement in the press, and the union's assembly resolved to disavow Madeira's blast against Camargo.

Madeira, unsuccessful candidate (PL) for the Santos City Council in October 1959, was accused of communist leanings by the local labor newspaper O Expresso on October 3, 1959.

III ECONOMIC

1. Increase in Santos Public Transportation Fares (UNCLASSIFIED)

On January 13 Mayor Sylvio Fernandes Lopes before a public meeting of labor groups, transit company officials and the general public announced that due to the general increase in operating expenses, streetcar fares must be raised from Cr\$3,50 to Cr\$5,00 and bus fares from Cr\$5,00 to Cr\$8,00. The Mayor added that the municipally-owned transportation company is already being subsidized by the City of Santos to the tune of Cr\$100,000,000 a year.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

The Consulate understands that these increases are effective February 1. The increase was received without much public protest since it is generally recognized the hike was inevitable. The only person at the meeting who flatly opposed the increase was Antonio Guarnieri, President of the Sindicato dos Empregados em Estabelecimentos Bancarios de Santos and often described as a communist.

Incidentally, for some months the Sindicato dos Trabalhadores nas Empresas de Carris Urbanos, Troleibus e Cabos Aereos de Santos has been pressing for a wage increase, which may now be possible.

2. Dutch Luxury Liner in Port (UNCLASSIFIED)

On January 13 the new 38,000 ton Dutch ship "Rotterdam" arrived in Santos with 506 passengers aboard. The ship carries accommodations for 1400 first-class and 900 tourist-class passengers, and a crew of 700.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

According to the press, the "Rotterdam" is the largest luxury liner to arrive in Santos since the French "L'Atlantique" in 1932, and is rated the fifth largest passenger ship in the world.

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OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM

TO: American Consulate General, Sao Paulo Date: January 15, 1960
FROM: American Consul, Santos *VPR*
SUBJECT: Weekly Comment on Events in Santos
REF:

I POLITICAL

1. New Mayor of Sao Vicente (UNCLASSIFIED)

On January 1 Dr. Roberto Andraus, elected Mayor of Sao Vicente in October, assumed his duties, replacing Jose Beneditino Ferreira.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Andraus is a well-known and well-to-do Sao Paulo builder and promoter who is also proprietor of the "Cidade Ocian" in Praia Grande. Energetic and apparently very pro-American, he returned from an extended trip to the United States only in December and has told the reporting officer he knows the U.S. well from previous visits.

His first two weeks as Mayor have been auspicious, since he has taken steps to reorganize the municipal government, left in chaos by his unpopular predecessor, under whose administration Sao Vicente had stagnated and who had allowed the municipal employees to go without pay since early last summer.

II LABOR

1. Dispute in Commerce Employees Union (UNCLASSIFIED)

The long-smouldering feud between Bernardo de Abreu Madeira, President of the Sindicato dos Empregados no Comercio de Santos, and the union's Finance Committee flared up in public on January 12 at an extraordinary meeting of the union. The Finance Committee accused Madeira of irregularities while in office, including raising his own salary without authorization and making improperly-receipted expenditures. Madeira replied that the assembly itself was illegal and that he was being persecuted by "a half-dozen crooks", which caused tumult. Eventually, by a vote of 49 to 21, the anti-Madeira stand of the Finance Committee was approved by the assembly, although a vote for Madeira's resignation was postponed.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The Sindicato dos Contabilistas de Santos also got into the

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V ADMINISTRATIVE

1. Raises (UNCLASSIFIED)

The Consulate's morale received a boost when official word was received January 15 that the Department had approved an upward revision in local salary schedules as a result of the post's November survey of local salaries, and had included Santos on the local salary schedule for Sao Paulo.

Summary: (UNCLASSIFIED)

The post's two General Program local employees were granted raises by the Embassy in December, and an additional new position of Consular Clerk has been authorized for Santos by the Department. The Consulate is now in the process of recruiting a local employee for this new position which, when filled, will take much of the pressure from the two General Program employees, who will then be able to be spared some well-deserved and much-postponed leave.

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being buried daily in the press. Madeira accuses the Finance Committee, which includes several of his opponents, of incompetence and trouble-making, while the Committee charges Madeira with misuse of union funds (see Weekly Comment dated January 15, 1960). On January 20 the Finance Committee once again demanded to examine the union's books, and once again was refused by Madeira. One member of the Committee commented that "it is obvious that Madeira is trying to hide something".

III ECONOMICS

1. New Brazilian Supertanker Arrives in Santos (UNCLASSIFIED)

Considerable play was given in the local press to the arrival in Santos January 15 of the 13,000 ton supertanker "Presidente Getulio Vargas", the first unit of its kind for the Frata Nacional de Petroleiros to be delivered by the Japanese firm Ishikawajima Heavy Industries Co. Ltd.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Interest in the ship's arrival was heightened by the report that the ship was carrying contraband. Before arriving in Santos the vessel was intercepted by units of the Brazilian Navy and searched, but it was announced that no contraband was to be found. The local press complained of being cold-shouldered when the ship arrived and of not being allowed on board until after the ship had berthed.

2. More Water for Santos (UNCLASSIFIED)

Santos Mayor Silvio Fernandes Lopes described Sao Paulo Governor Carvalho Pinto as the "best Governor Santos ever had" as the latter signed on January 19 ten public works contracts, including a Cr\$11,600,000,00 project to construct a 172,800,000 liter water filtration plant for Santos. Nearby Guarujá also benefits from the new contracts, for a Cr\$11,225,000,00 school project for that town was included among the contracts.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Santos and Sao Vicente presently suffer from a water shortage, aggravated during the summer season by the influx of hordes of vacationers whose consumption of water regularly produces a dearth of water in those sections adjacent to the beach.

Analysis: - Negative.

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Sao Paulo Dispatch 278

OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM

TO: American Consulate General, Sao Paulo Date: January 21, 1960
FROM: American Consulate, Santos
SUBJECT: Weekly Comment on Events in Santos
REF:

I POLITICAL

1. Fernando Ferrari Barred from Petrobras Refinery (UNCLASSIFIED)

Visiting Santos to kick off his campaign for the Vice Presidency, PDC and MRT candidate Fernando Ferrari was barred from entering the Petrobras Presidente Bernardes refinery at Cubatão on January 20. Ferrari expressed surprise and dismay at the prohibition, protesting that he was not going to the plant "to make politics". Petrobras Superintendent Col. Ivo Sardenberg explained that the order had come from higher-up and applied equally to all candidates, including Marshal Lott.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

Local reaction to Petrobras' action appears to be that it was needlessly offensive to a national figure.

II LABOR

1. Motorists' Union President Installed (UNCLASSIFIED)

Antonio Fm Fidalgo, outgoing President of the Sindicato dos Trabalhadores em Carris Urbanos, Troleibus e Camoes Autocarro de Santos, refused to appear at the union's headquarters on January 16 to turn over his office to Antonio Victor dos Santos, his rival and the union's new President (see Weekly Comment dated December 31, 1959). The next day Fidalgo placed a notice in the newspaper that the new officers would be installed on January 23. Exasperated, on January 18 dos Santos and his adherents travelled to Sao Paulo and returned to Santos with Roberto Gama, Regional Labor Delegate, who forced Fidalgo to turn over the union to the new directorate.

2. Continued Dispute in Comercio Employees Union (UNCLASSIFIED)

The dispute in the Sindicato dos Comerciantes continues: charges and counter-charges between embattled President Bernardo de Abreu Madeira and his Finance Committee, led by Alberto de Carvalho, are

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authentic representative of the commerce employees group. (See Weekly Comment dated January 15, 1960, et sequitur.)

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

L'affaire Madeira has attracted a good deal of local publicity, mostly unfavorable to the embattled union President. Almost daily, paid advertisements appear in the local press in which now one and then the other side accuses the other of improper activities, arbitrary acts and anti-union spirit. Some local observers are inclined to believe that Madeira has lost the confidence of local labor and that he will be forced to yield to the clamor to examine the books and possibly give up his office of President.

III ECONOMIC - Negative.

IV CONSULAR

1. General (UNCLASSIFIED)

Consular operations have been slowed during the past week owing to the absence on sick leave of the Consulate's local employee handling visa, passport and citizenship matters.

V ADMINISTRATIVE

1. Consulate Endeavoring to Find New Office Space (UNCLASSIFIED)

During the past few weeks the reporting officer has exerted himself to locate suitable office space for the Consulate, so it may move from its present woefully inadequate quarters. Several possibilities have been investigated, but without results. In the meantime, the Consulate has received no word from the Embassy as to its wishes regarding the lease agreement with the owners of the Consulate's current quarters, which was returned to the Embassy for further study at the end of the year.

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II. LABOR

1. Union Opposed to Recent Transit Fare Increase (UNCLASSIFIED)

On January 25 the Forum Sindical de Santos, representing over 50 local labor groups, met to discuss the recent increase in public transportation fares (see below) of January 15, 1960. All the union leaders present, with the exception of the President of the Motorists' Union and the President of the Commerce Employees Union, declared themselves opposed to the increase, which went into effect January 15. The Forum voted to select a group of union leaders to inquire, especially with a committee of thirteen named by the Municipal Council, into the operation of the Municipal Transit Company and determine if the fare increase was really justified. The Forum also voted to have published "for the enlightenment of the public" a pamphlet emphasizing that the Santos unions were never authorized by Mayor Sylvio Fernandes Lopez when he authorized the fare increase, and that they are opposed to it.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

When the Mayor announced the fare increase, only one union leader (Antonio Guarnier, a Communist) came out against it. This belated opposition appears to be the reaction to a recent article appearing in the Santos edition of Ultima Hora stating that the fare raises were sanctioned by local union leaders. The union protest is also a political attack against Mayor Fernandes Lopes, as many of the local labor leaders want to frustrate any ambitions he may have for other political office after his mayoralty term ends.

2. Dockworkers Demand a Raise (UNCLASSIFIED)

On January 31 a large meeting of the employees of the Companhia Docas de Santos was held with its 3 categories of employees - dockworkers, white collar workers and truckers - present. Sparked by the dockworkers, the meeting discussed the cost of living spiral and decided the Dock Company should be asked to grant to all its employees an across-the-board 10% capita wage increase of \$197,000.00, but with this demand being conditional upon the approval of a new collective labor contract currently being negotiated between the Dock Company and its employees.

3. Dispute in the Commerce Employees Union (UNCLASSIFIED)

The local labor newspaper O Expresso on January 28 criticized Bernardo de Azevedo, President of the Sindicato dos Empregados no Comercio de Santos, as the "owner" (donor) of his union, castigating him for refusing to allow the union's books to be examined by the union's Finance Committee, and alleged he is not an authentic

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Enclosure No. 1
Sao Paulo Dispatch 278

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OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM

TO: American Consulate General, Sao Paulo Date: February 3, 1949
FROM: American Consulate, Santos
SUBJECT: Weekly Comment on Events in Santos
REF:

POLITICAL

1. Janio Quadros Campaign Headquarters Open (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Janio Quadros' campaign gained local impetus with the opening, both on February 1, of the "Janio Quadros Central Committee" and the "Janio-Ferrari Committee". The former, well attended by notable business, professional and labor circles, elected as President Dr. Ariosto Guimarães, a well-known lawyer and reformed Communist. Among the several Vice Presidents are Oswaldo Rodrigues Martins, President of the Sindicato dos Empregados em Escritorios das Empresas de Navegacao de Santos; Inei Alves de Camargo, President of the Sindicato dos Contabilistas de Santos; Expedito Guedes Rodrigues, President of the Sindicato dos Carregadores e Embarcadores de Cafe de Santos and President of the Forum Sindical de Debates; and Roberto Santini, Managing Editor of A Tribuna. The Committee's feminine section is headed by Camila de Almeida, President of the Sindicato dos Enfermeiros de Santos; its recruitment section is led by Olavo Paulo Borges, a distinguished local lawyer; its publicity section by Hamleto Rosato, a reformed Communist long employed by A Tribuna; and its finance committee is chaired by Aiceu Martins, a wealthy coffee broker active in civic affairs. The Committee's First Secretary is Juarez Bahia, another ex-Communist and employed by A Tribuna as a political writer.

More out-of-town figures (such as Sao Paulo State Deputy Unives Guarante, retired General Severino Gombra de Albuquerque etc.) were in evidence at the inauguration of the Janio-Ferrari Committee. Local figures in attendance were four city councilmen, State Deputy Athie Jorge Coury (who was also present at the Central Committee inauguration), and a few second-rank labor figures.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

It is the reporting officer's opinion that considerable, and growing, sentiment in favor of Quadros exists in Santos, and that he leads Marshal Lott in local popularity by a wide margin.

/s/ LAROR

V. Randolph, All/SP/152

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It has been announced that an agreement has been signed between the Sindicato de Empleados de Comercio Hotelero y Similares de Santos and representatives of the local hotels to raise hotel employees' salaries by 5% above the level in effect in September 1958, with a minimum increase of Cr\$ 300.00. (See Weekly Comment dated December 11, item 2.)

IV CONSULAR

Consular operations have been at a normal level and no development is worthy of special mention this week.

1. Status of the Committee's Issues (UNCLASSIFIED)

The dos Santos family, owners of the office building in which the Consulate has space, is still studying the revised lease agreement received from the Embassy on December 15. It is expected that the lease will be signed before the end of the year.

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Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

At this writing the port of Santos is clogged with unloaded merchandise and congested with ships awaiting a berth alongside the quays. The Consulate has been informed by the union's legal representative in Santos, Viriato Correa da Costa, that the union seeks acceptance of 29 demands, including a salary increase, and that the Government, which considers the strike illegal, will put into effect possibly on December 24 Decree No. 9070, intervene in the strike, set aside the union's directorate and order the strikers back to work as if they were Naval Reservists.

2. Controversy Over Nurses Union Election (UNCLASSIFIED)

The Consulate understands that Jose Sadi, Administrator of the Santa Casa de Santos, has requested the Labor Ministry to declare illegal the December 17 election held by the Sindicato dos Enfermeiros, Empregados em Hospitais, Casas de Saude, Duchistas e Massagistas and order new elections held, in an effort to unseat Camila de Almeida, its newly-elected President. The nurses union charges that during the election Sadi showed undue favoritism toward Miss Almeida's opposition, which was decisively defeated. Several other unions have jumped into the fray and have publically denounced Sadi as anti-union, pledging their support of the nurses union new slate.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Although a reprint from O Estado de Sao Paulo inserted in the local press this week as a paid advertisement described Miss Almeida's victory as one for the opponents of communism, she is widely regarded here as a communist sympathizer, and several of the unions backing her are communist-infiltrated. Sadi, on the other hand, is known as a staunch anti-communist. (See Weekly Comment dated December 18, item 2)

3. Petroleum Workers vs. Petrosbras (UNCLASSIFIED)

The Sindicato dos Trabalhadores nas Industrias da Refinacao do Petroleo de Cubatas, whose members have been in permanent session since December 15 (see Weekly Comment dated December 18, item 1), on December 23 heard its President state that Petrosbras had requested the union henceforth deal directly with Petrosbras Superintendent Cel. Irso Sardenberg concerning its requests for a wage boost. Union President Ubirajara de Araujo Franco told the union that repeated meetings with the Petrosbras management had been fruitless and that Petrosbras had refused to inform him of the salary /increases

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Sao Paulo: Dec 24, 1959

AAA

OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM

TO: AmCenGen, Sao Paulo
FROM: AmConsul, Santos
SUBJECT: Weekly Comment on Events in Santos
REF:

Date: December 24, 1959

I. POLITICAL

1. Janio Quadros Briefly Visits Santos (UNCLASSIFIED)

Janio Quadros briefly visited Santos on December 19, ostensibly to meet a friend arriving on the S/S BRASIL and to act as godfather to an admirer's child (who received his name), but apparently to mend his political friends. He was observed by the writer to be greeted enthusiastically by his friends and to be travelling with at least two bodyguards.

Comment: (UNCLASSIFIED)

While here Janio made a statement to A Tribuna that he did not believe his withdrawal and subsequent re-entry into the Presidential race had hurt his popularity.

II. LABOR

1. Maritime Strike Ties up Santos Shipping (UNCLASSIFIED)

At midnight on December 23 the national Sindicato dos Officiais de Nautica went on strike, tying up nineteen ships in the port of Santos. The local pilots, supporting the ship's officers, although continuing to guide ships into port, refused to pilot them out of the harbor. Since ships already in port could not leave, a number of inbound vessels are being forced to wait for want of docking space.

Only Brazilian ships are affected by the strike, which has proceeded without violence, and the movement of foreign flag vessels (including American ships) was uninterrupted. However, in the early hours of December 23 the Brazilian tanker PARANA managed to leave port without a pilot.

/Comment:

VPRandolph,III/vpr

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IV CONSULAR

1. General (UNCLASSIFIED)

Consular operations have been at a normal level and no development is worthy of especial mention this week.

V ADMINISTRATIVE

1. Status of the Consulate's Lease (UNCLASSIFIED)

The status of the Consulate's lease for its office space is once more in confusion. Although a verbal agreement on terms for a new lease was reached in September between the Embassy, the Acting Principal Officer and Sr. Alvaro Pedro dos Santos, one of and acting for the 4 owners of the Consulate's officer building, when copies of the new lease arrived in late November for execution Sr. dos Santos refused to sign the lease, claiming among other things that the lease should commence (at the agreed higher rental) on September 1 and not November 1, 1959, as stipulated in the copies received by the Consulate. A full explanation of Sr. dos Santos' objections together with the copies of the lease were forwarded to the Embassy at once, and the Consulate is now awaiting its guidance for further negotiation.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The Principal Officer will exert himself to the utmost to locate suitable office space for the Consulate elsewhere in Santos.

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Enclosure No. 2
São Paulo Despatch 278

AAA

OPERATIONS MEMORANDUM

TO: AmConGen, São Paulo
FROM: AmConsul, Santos
SUBJECT: Weekly Comment on Events in Santos
REF:

Date: December 11, 1959

732.00/29-60

I POLITICAL

1. Local Reaction to Abortive Coup and Quadros Reentry (UNCLASSIFIED)

Santos received calmly the news of last week's abortive coup by dissident officers of the Brazilian Air Force, for which little or no enthusiasm was displayed. Jmaio Quadros' decision to re-enter the Presidential campaign did not surprise most Santistas, many of whom had felt that Quadros' reconsideration of his earlier withdrawal, although inevitable, would not be taken before next spring. The week's universal topic of discussion in Santos was futebol, notably the December 10 Santos-Bahia match, which was won by Bahia.

Comment: (OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The prevailing mood among responsible citizens here is that Brazil's current economic and political difficulties, although grave and requiring drastic reform, cannot be solved by violent means, which could only precipitate bloody civil strife and render chaotic the country's internal affairs.

II LABOR

1. Hotel Employees Threaten Strike (UNCLASSIFIED)

It is reported in the press that the Santos Hotel Workers Union has threatened to strike unless its members are granted a 20% wage hike, i.e., a 60% increase over their 1958 salaries. The union's demand is now before the Regional Labor Court, and according to Union President Vitorino Teixeira, hotel employees are strongly in favor of striking if the Court's decision is not favorable to their interests.

Summary - Negative.

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PRIORITY		(Security Classification)		44-960	
FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH		278		XR 832-000	
FROM :	Amoongen, São Paulo		BESP. NO.		
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		February 9, 1960		
REF :	FBO-1 EUR-5 SCA-3		FEB 9 1960		
For Dept. Use Only	REC'D	IN	OTHER	[REDACTED]	
SUBJECT: Santos Weekly Reports					

Transmitted herewith for the information of Embassy Rio and the Department is the weekly report of February 3 from the American Consulate at Santos.

Also transmitted herewith are the weekly reports from Santos dated December 11, December 24, December 31, January 8, January 15, and January 21. The delay in forwarding these reports is due to a misunderstanding as to the new procedure for handling them, instituted in December.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
 William P. Cochran, Jr.
 Consul General

Enclosures: (11)

As stated above

cc Amembassy Rio

*Enclosures 4, 5, 6 removed
 Other enclosures not suitable
 for reproduction*

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Vice Prefeito - Octavio Viscardi - UDN-PDC

Vereadores: (15)

PDC - Cristovão de Haro, Donato Laridondo, Gabriel Jabur, João Doimo, José Ignacio Fontes Filho, José Nunes Pereira.

UDN - Antonio Gomar, Antonio Pagliarani, Eduardo Cavalin, Nelson Frandini Galha, Roberto de Lima Campos, Ultimatum Fava.

PSD - Deocleciano de S. Viana Filho, João Gonçalves Leite.

PR - Sinval Branco.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 6.444

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(*) - Estâncias Hidro-Minerais e Base, eleição só para vereadores.

(**) - Para o município de Bocaina, haverá eleição suplementar em 24 de abril de 1960.

Informante: - Municípios onde houve eleição e número de vereadores, fornecido pelo T.R.E. Demais informações, Agências Municipais de Estatística.

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Vice Prefeito - Herminio Martini - PDC

Veredores: (9)

PDC - Aparecido Juracy Botton, Edmundo Pereira Neto, Elvio Figari, Pedro Florian, Pedro Gimenes.

PTB-PSB - Alcebiades R. da Silva, Alfredo Augusto de Oliveira Gonçalves, Francisco Molina Molina, José Rodrigues Sobrinho.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.991

URUPÊS

Prefeito - Chafik Saab - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Roberto Mário Perosa - PSP

Veredores: (11)

PSP - Antônio Rocca, Daniel Paschoal, José dos Santos Lima, Jorge Welhem Cury, Vergílio D. Jerônimo.

UDN - Andreilino Possari, Avelino Abreu Izique, João Furlan, Santo Marmiroli.

PDC - Antônio Paschoal, José Salvadego.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.166

VALPARAÍSO

Prefeito - Manoel Ocério da Cruz - PRP

Vice Prefeito - Frederico Stevanato - UDN

Veredores: (15)

PTN - Azemiro Benez, Benedito Gomes, Francisco Rodrigues dos Santos, João Pedro Carvalho D'Ávila, José David Pimentel, Regende Nery Sant'Ana, Taketoshi Higuchi.

PSP - Antônio Simões de Carvalho, Joaquim Ignacio, Jozino Joaquim de Almeida.

PRP - José Campos, José Teófilo de Lima.

UDN - Alcides Fernandes, Nelson Galdino da Costa.

PTB - Agostinho Fugina.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.292

VARGEM GRANDE DO SUL

Prefeito - Gabriel Mesquita - PSP-PSD

Vice Prefeito - Arlindo Carmineti - PSB-UDN-PDC

Veredores: (11)

UDN-PSB - Antero Rodrigues, Cândido Aleixo Pereira Neto, Henrique de Brito Naves, Laercio Milan, Natalino Lopes Aliende.

PSP - Cristiano D. do Nascimento, Geraldo Gadiani, Gregorio Pasquini.

PDC - Antônio Avanzi Sobrinho, Mécio Cossi.

PSD - Janor Costa.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.644

VERA CRUZ

Prefeito - Paulo Guerreiro - PTB-PSP-PSP

Vice Prefeito - Rubens Fupo - PTB-PSP-PSP

Veredores: (13)

PTB-PSP-PSP - Arthur Bertoni, João Manoel da Silva, Lino Volpato, Luiz Guerreiro Pass, Odárcio Correia de Moraes, Ruy Duarte Nunes.

UDN - Aldo Bello, Amadeu Deotti, Antônio Franco Furtado, Mário Devito, Salvador Furtado.

PDC - Arlindo Bonadio, Fábio Zalaf.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.341

VIRADOURO

Prefeito - Roberto Borelli - PDC-PSP-PTN

Vice Prefeito - João Rodolfo da Silveira - PDC-PSP-PTN

Veredores: (11)

PDC-PSP-PTN - Antonio Selmini, Carlos Galvão, João Tomicioli, José Salomão Gibran, Mateus Conceição, Sebastião F. Balieiro.

PSD - Francisco Carlos Pereira da Silva, Humberto Tortorelli, João Severino Pereira, João Sisdeli, Vicente Marques Beato.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.850

VISTA ALEGRE DO ALTO

Prefeito - Irineu Julião - UDN-PSD-PTN

Vice Prefeito - Gregório Todaro - UDN-PSD-PTN

Veredores: (9)

UDN-PSD-PTN - Aldemiro Campanha, Aldo Bassoli, Antônio Aparecido Fiorani, Aurelio Botini, Douglas Freitas de Jesus, Estevinho Fiorim, Etelvino de Souza Júnior, José da Cunha Vilela, José de Almeida Miranda.

Comparecimento de eleitores - ...

VOTUPORANGA

Prefeito - Hernani de Mattos Nabuco - UDN-PDC

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PSD - Carlucci Rochiti.
PTB - Hohnny Luiz Bortelai.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.901

TREMÊME

Prefeito - Otaciano Xavier de Castro - PTN
Vice Prefeito - José B. Rossi - PTN
Veradores: (11)
PTN - Antonio Ribeiro dos Santos, Artur de Souza Fraça, Edesio Pereira de Carvalhe, José Benedito Vargas, José Costa Alvarenga, Quintino Eretero de Assis.
PDC - Américo Barbosa de Queiroz, João Nazezi, Luiz Guilherme Porto Pereira.
PSD-PR - Benedito Barbosa, Maria Gonçalves Santos.
Comparecimento de eleitores - ...

TRÊS FRONTEIRAS

Prefeito - Miguel Renda - PDC
Vice Prefeito - Pedro Deare - UDN
Veradores: (9)
UDN - José Francisco da Silva, José Viana Alves, Raul Biscaro.
PDC - Arlindo Pelete, Manuel Ferreira Soares.
PSP - Eurico Leão Mendes, Gilberto Mercante.
PSD - Antonio Gonçalves.
PTN - Felício Marciano da Silva.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.437

TUPA

Prefeito - José Lemes Soares - PDC
Vice Prefeito - Edú Teixeira de Mendonça - PDC-PR
Veradores: (17)
PDC - Antônio Caran, Célio Costa, Diogo Caparroz Filho, Francisco Sevilha Morenatti, Idemolphi Semeghini, Ilceu Jaccaud, João Geraldo Iori, José Morábito, Salvador Pence.
PSP - José Sanches, Oscar Elias Bueno.
PTB - Íris Spinardi, José Nora Ferreira Ribeiro.
UDN - Orlando Modelli, Takeshi Gushiken
PR - Teshiro Yoshino.
PSD - Américo Carnocalli.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 9.149

TURIUBA

Prefeito - Otaviano Cardes - PSD-PTN
Vice Prefeito - Antonio José dos Santos - PSD-PTN
Veradores: (9)
PTN - Alberto Marquelli, Antonio Belizário dos Santos, Antonio José dos Santos, Gervasio Moura Vasconcelos, José Soares da Silva.
PSD - Aparecido Cardoso, João Pío, João Serafim da Silva Filho, José Luiz da Oliveira Netto.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 514

UBATUBA

Prefeito - Wilson Abirached - PSP
Vice Prefeito - Altivo Simonetti - PSP
Veradores: (11)
PDC - Alcides Aradjo Tabatinga, Cristovam Augusto da Oliveira, José Alberto dos Santos, Lauristano Olinto Carvalho, Silvino Teixeira Leite.
PSP - Arthur Santiago, Mário C. Guisard Gembranelli, Orlando Carneiro.
PSB - Alexandre Radovitch, Benedito Cunha Bueno.
UDN - Arlindo Alves Torres.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.608

UCHOA

Prefeito - Miguel Chadea - PDC
Vice Prefeito - Antonio Candolo - PDC
Veradores: (13)
PDC - Antonio Bertelli, Armando Pinto, Carim Kfour, Leonildo Birolí, Umberto Santá, Wilson João Barata.
UDN-PTN - Francisco Dada Silva, Mario Tertuliano Jardim Ornelas, Roque Carnaval
11, Rubens dos Santos.
PSD-PSP - Paulo Birolí Neto, Sérgio Bizelli, Vanderlino Faria.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.840

URÂNIA

Prefeito - Benedito Pinto Ferreira Braga - PDC

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TAPIRATIBA

Prefeito - Luiz Armando Ribeiro da Costa - PSB

Vice Prefeito - Jonas Scaff - PSD

Vereadores: (11)

PSD - Antonio Saturnino Pedrosa, Aristides Fernandes Gonçalves, Batista Ximenes, Joaquim Siqueira Prado, Laudelino Pires, Manoel Araújo Neto, Mario Cunha Rezende, Pascoalino Satti, Paulo Ferreira Martins.

UDN - Antonio Alarcon Ximenes, Mauricio Fanuele Ribeiro.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.614

TACUARITINGA

Prefeito - Adail Nunes da Silva - PDC-PTN-UDN-PR

Vice Prefeito - Manoel Dantê Buscarde - PDC-PTN-UDN-PR

Vereadores: (15)

PTN-UDN-PR - Antonio Abramides, Atilio Andrequetto, Avelino Boselli, Edgard Jodas Martins, Fideo Kamada, Heitor Carvalho Gomes.

PSP - Euclides Parise, Pedro Coletti, Silvio Basso, Waldemar D'Ambrósio, Wilson Martins Pereira.

PDC - Fortunato Cavicchielli, João Aiello, Mauro Previdelli, Sérgio Pinto Costa.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 5.533

TACUARITUBA

Prefeito - Nicanor Camargo - PTN

Vice Prefeito - Josias Gomes - PTN

Vereadores: (9)

PTN - Carlos Francisco Buene, Gabriel dos Santos, Joaquim Vaz Gabriel, José Picasso Chamorro, Pedro Pereira Fogaça, Waldomiro Rodrigues.

PSP - Antonio Pereira, Domingos Carbelotti, José de Almeida.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.173

TATUI

Prefeito - João Batista Lisboa - PTN

Vice Prefeito - Ary Villa Nova - PTN

Vereadores: (15)

UDN-PDC - Acácio Pinto da Silveira, Cicero Machado, Fulgêncio de Almeida, José Coelho de Almeida, José Thomaz Borges, Josué Fernandes Pires, Medardo da Costa Neves, Olívio Junqueira.

PTB-PSP - Aido Luis Lourenço, Antônio Jarbas V. de Barros, Caio Alves de Toledo, Pedro de Alcântara Kalume.

PTN - Aniz Boneder, Manoel Vieira de Camargo.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 6.386

TAUBATÉ

Prefeito - José Ribeiro da Cunha - PSP-PDC-PTB

Vice Prefeito - Milton de Alvarenga Peixoto - PSP-PDC-PTB

Vereadores: (19)

PSD-PSB-PL - Antonio Jorge, Irineu Cardoso Malta, Juarés Guisard, José R. Bueno de Matos, Thiers de Carvalho.

PTB - Benedito Cursino dos Santos, Hélio Zamith, Moacyr Peixoto, Ulysses F. Bueno.

PDC - Benedito Silveira Moraes, Edvalde C. de Vasconcelos, Guido Ninfa.

PSP - Amelito Marino, Benedito Elias de Souza, Ezio Pacini.

PTN - João de Oliveira Costa, Ubaturim Lotufo Garcez, Wilson de Carvalho.

UDN - Moacyr Freire.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 17.750

TIETÊ

Prefeito - Antonio Romano Schincariol - UDN-PTB-PST-PSD-PSP

Vice Prefeito - André Parducci - UDN-PTB-PST-PSD-PSP

Vereadores: (13)

PTN-PDC - Florindo Scatena, Isnard B. Bonadia, João Baccili, José Geraldo de Pontes Fabri, Plínio de Toledo Moraes, Waldo de San Juan.

PTB - Alfredo Melaré, André Bazzo, Angela Uliana, Cicero de Arruda Stein.

PSD-PSP - Augusto Assis Cruz, João Pescarini Filho, Miguel Abdalla.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 4.878

TOBRINHA

Prefeito - João SEKER - UDN

Vice Prefeito - Angelo Della Collata - UDN

Vereadores: (9)

PSB - Antenor Pereira da Silva, Carlos Felício Balestrero,

PSP - Hildebrando Colínelli, Marcos Seber Filho.

UDN - Francisco Luiz Hubner, João Domingos Santucci.

PDC - José Valencio Neto.

PSP - Augusto José de Souza, José Beneyanuto, José Porto.
PDC - Idice Pellegrinetti, João do Nascimento.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 569

TABAPUÁ

Prefeito - José de Valle Pereira - PSP
Vice Prefeito - Waldomiro Cassiano Santana - PDC
Veradores: (11)

PSP - Antonio Sanchez, José Gil Martins, Orlando Ricardo de Toledo, Romeu Gandel
fi, Theodoro Ferreira Mendes.
UDN - Adinésil Moreira, João Batista Machado, Paschoal Blasques, Ribelli Marassi.
PDC - João Fátore.
PTN - Artur Spínola de Mello.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.500

TABATINGA

Prefeito - Sante Marchezi - UDN
Vice Prefeito - Benedito de Lima Pozza - UDN
Veradores: (11)

UDN - Abdalla Miguel, Antonio Dionísio Lazarini, Benedito Kfourí, Mário Aravéchia,
Sylas Freitas de Oliveira, Valentim Inercio Stainle.
PTN - Alcides Rossi, Euclydes Marques de Andrade, Miguel José da Silva, Rubens
Giansante, Wilson Dameto.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.740

TABOÁ DA SERRA

Prefeito - Nicola Vivilechie - PTN
Vice Prefeito - José Domingues de Moraes Filho - PTN
Veradores: (9)

PTN - Antonio Tucunduva, Bernardino Ferreira Torres, Elde José de Freitas Cunha,
José Martins.
PDC - Alberto Carlos de Oliveira, Mituzi Takeuti, Oswaldo Cezario de Oliveira.
PSP - Ednan Vasconcelos.
UDN - Artur Felix.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.612

TAGUAÍ

Prefeito - João Gobbo Sobrinho - PSD
Vice Prefeito - Vitorio Bergamo - PSD
Veradores: (9)

PSD - Clovis Augusto Gobbo, Emilio Seldera, José Bergamo, Luiz Bergamo.
PSP - José Boranga, Luiz Lourenço Lança.
UDN - Fernando André Mazzeto, Salvador Gobbo.
PDC - Lauro Carbonera.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 653

TAMBAÚ

Prefeito - Brasibérico Batista Esteves - PR-PSP-UDN
Vice Prefeito - Edmundo Peiruzzi - PR-PSP-UDN
Veradores: (13)

PR-PSP-UDN - Arthur Costa, Aquilino Steter, Geraldo J. Aloyse Riocierdi, José Ni-
colela, Lelían Alves Carneiro, Lourival Vilela Meireles, Ruy Sobreira, Wal-
ter Bagatta, Wilson Martins Lara.
PSD - Angeline Lepri, Angelo Bisali, Henrique Assalim, Jatir Marostegan.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.686

TANABI

Prefeito - Veniseles Papacosta - PDC
Vice Prefeito - Waldemar Alves da Costa - PDC
Veradores: (13)

PDC - José Siriani, José José Paglioni, Manuel L. Torres Sobrinho, Marcílio C. da
Silveira, Marcos Guirado Garcia.
PSP-PTB - Alberto Victole, Enedine Alves Pereira, Gilde Savatin, Masatoki Ikeda,
Santo Albertini.
PR - José Francisco de Paula, Juvenal Ribeiro, Pedro Ovidio.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.760

TAPIRAÍ

Prefeito - Shincashiro Matsumura - UDN
Vice Prefeito - Anthemo Vetro Pílan - UDN
Veradores: (9)

UDN - Francisco Garcia de Sales, José Moreira Lima, Keiti Matsuda, Masasi Yugawa,
PSP - Armando Batistella, Diosene Miguel Batista, José Antonio de Souza.
PR - Adolfo Nimitz, José de Moura Glasser.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 255

SERRA NEGRA

Prefeito - (*)

Vice Prefeito - (*)

Vereadores: (13)

UDN-PRP - Alcides de Almeida, Angelo Marchi, Antonio Barbosa Pinto da Fonseca, Braz Eduardo de Castro Blotta, Hugo Scachetti, Irineu Saragiotto, José Salvador Padual, Mauro José Marchi.
PSP-PST-PTB - Aízi Macedo Th. Padula, Jorge Antonio José, Paulo Pimentel Mangeon, Romeu Ricci, Romualdo Ferrarese.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.788

SERTÃOZINHO

Prefeito - Egisto Sicchieri - PSD-PTN

Vice Prefeito - Antonio Furlan Júnior - PSD-PTN

Vereadores: (13)

PSD - Albino Baptista Sicchieri, Alexandre Ali Mere, Antonio Paschoal, Ettore Zani, Luiz Fernandes, Octavio Verri, Pedro Ganesin Filho, Pedro Strini.
PSP - Attilio Balbo, Edgard da Silveira Fagnano, Primo Guidoni.
PDC - Arnaldo Bonini, Geraldo Paulo Nardelli.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 4.857

SETE BARRAS

Prefeito - Sebastião Madaleno de Morass - PR-PTN

Vice Prefeito - Herculan Ricardo - PR-PTN

Vereadores: (9)

PDC - Benedito Eurice da Costa, Higino Gervasio Rocha, Manoel Morato da Costa.
PTN - Higino Apolinio da Silva, Ismael Balbino de Pontes, Joaquim Manoel de Souza.
PR - Antonio Valentim do Amaral, Zacarias André de Souza.
UDN - Domingos Apolinario de Ramos.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.563

SILVEIRAS

Prefeito - Manoel Bueno da Silva - UDN

Vice Prefeito - Alekmin Luiz dos Santos - UDN

Vereadores: (9)

UDN - Djalma Ferraz de Andrade, Evaristo Quintanilha Neto, Hercilio Carlos de Carvalho, José Bueno da Silva, José Gonçalves da Silva, José Maria Lemos, José Ribeiro de Araujo, Osvaldo de Paula Cardoso.
PSP - Paulo Pinto de Carvalho.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 779

SOCORRO

Prefeito - (*)

Vice Prefeito - (*)

Vereadores: (15)

PSB-UDN-PSP-PSD - Alvaro Pinto Teixeira, André Andreucci, Armando Palmiro Beneduzzi, Benedito da Silva Pinto, Dionesio Ferreira de Andrade, Domicio de Souza Araujo, Felício Raymundo de Souza, Geraldo Barbosa, Herculan Henri que de Souza Neto, João Bernardi, José Franco Craveiro, Mario Tavares de Toledo, Pedro Patricio da Veiga, Ulisses de Oliveira Santos.
PTN - José Aranha.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.694

SOROCABA

Prefeito - Artidoro Mascarenhas - PL-PRT

Vice Prefeito - Emerenciano Prestes de Barros - PL - PRT

Vereadores: (21)

PDC - João Simões Cardoso, José Carlos Paschoal, Pedro Augusto Rangel.
PL - Humberto Berlinck, Manoel F. Venâncio, Osvaldo Duarte.
PR - Durval Souza Pinto, Hélio Teixeira Calado, Vicente Azevedo Sampaio.
PSP - Antônio Aidar, Bortolo Celso, Juvenal de Campos.
PSB - Hélio Rosa Baldy, José Lozano.
PST - José Moreno Pinter, Rubens Bastos.
PTN - Antônio Arroyo Peres, Florindo Sanches.
PRT - Edward Marciano da Silva.
PTB - Guarino Fernandes dos Santos.
UDN - Nelson Borman.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 39.954

SUD MENDOÇA

Prefeito - Cícero Castilho Cunha - PSP

Vice Prefeito - Mauricio Alves de Lima - PSP

Vereadores: (9)

PTN - Antonio Garcia Castanheda, Antonio Paulino Gonçalves, José Antonio Rocha, Salvador Catalao.

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Vereadores: (9)

PSD - Benedito Eduardo de Moraes, João Batista Fernandes, Zino Militão dos Santos.
PDC - Josué do Amaral, Maurício Faustino.
PL - José Machado Rosa, Venino Fernandes Moreira.
PSP - Carmo Ricotta, João Batista Ferraz.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.292

SÃO SEBASTIÃO DA GRAMA

Prefeito - Araken Cruz - PSB-PSP

Vice Prefeito - Alberto Gomes Nabo - PSB-PSP

Vereadores: (11)

PSB-PSP - Arlindo Francisco Pereira, Armando Ferreira de Vasconcelos, Hildo Ferreira da Cruz, José Alves de Sá Filho, José Vasconcelos dos Reis, Mario Ferreira da Cruz.
UDN - Alberto Abbá Pólico, Antonio Ferreira de Andrade, Julio Zambuzzi, Leonidio de Andrade Dias, Manoel Soares Júnior.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.553

SÃO SIMÃO

Prefeito - Chaffy Jorge - PR

Vice Prefeito - Rubens Guedes de Azevedo - PR

Vereadores: (13)

PR - Fausto Pires de Oliveira, Helio de Oliveira Portugal, José Alves Ferreira, José Franco, Pedro Toffoli, Roberto Bealin, Simão Inácio de Carvalho.
PDC - Benedito Mielli, José Paulo Garcia Palma.
PL - Francisco dos Santos, Guido Antenor de Oliveira Louzada.
UDN - Francisco Pereira Vianna Sobrinho, José Naysa
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.789

SÃO VICENTE

Prefeito - Roberto Andraus - PR-PL-PSD-PTB-PSP

Vice Prefeito - Orlando Antonio Emilio Intrieri - PSD

Vereadores: (17)

PR - Antônio Conceição, Emil Fonseca, Ricardo Gonçalves Rocha, Saul Gil.
PDC-PRP - Miguel Pasquarelli, Nicolino Simone, Oswaldo Teschi.
PSP - Angelina Pretti da Silva, Maria Luiza Infantini, Oswaldo dos Santos,
PSB - Manoel Elaz Rodrigues, Walter Antonio Melarato.
PSD - Jonas Rodrigues, Tade Bastos.
PL - Rubens Passa.
PTN - Oswaldo Marques.
UDN - Caio Ribeiro de Morsis e Silva.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 15.556

SARAPUI

Prefeito - Rosalvo dos Santos Filho - PDC

Vice Prefeito - João Batista Pires - PTN

Vereadores: (9)

PTN - Alcides Fogaça de Oliveira, Alexandre Chauar, Benedito Bento de Medeiros, José Corrêa da Cruz, Luzardo Camargo da Silva.
PDC - Francisco Gomes Filho, Juvenal Damas de Almeida.
PSD - Benedito Holtz, José Cerqueira Holtz.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 947

SARUTATÁ

Prefeito - Pedro Alcantara Júnior - PSP-PTN

Vice Prefeito - José Torres Rossi - PSP-PTN

Vereadores: (9)

PSP-PTN - Adhemar Murare, Alfredo Vecchia, Antonio Avango, José Domingues Ferreira, Mário F. Piacenço.
UDN - Antonio Riatte, Cassim Hamud Neto, Celso Marques de Matos, Simeão Sella Frias.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.197

SERRA AZUL

Prefeito - Osmar Candido Lourenço - PSD

Vice Prefeito - Antonio Mancin Sobrinho - PSD

Vereadores: (9)

PSD - Admar L. Margathe, José Osório Lemos Soares, José Palm da Silva, Clave de Carvalho Freitas, Sebastião Lunardelo.
PSB - Octavio da Silverira Taverna, Waldir Villola.
PSP - Galdino Taveiros, João Polastro.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 970

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PDC - Vicente Galerani.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 5.224

SÃO MIGUEL ARCANJO

Prefeito - Francisco Fogaça de Almeida - PDC
Vice Prefeito - Cassiano Vieira - PDC

Veredores: (11)

PDC - Agenor Ferreira Lopes, Francisco Pezzato, João de Lima Camargo, Miguel Rodrigues Ferreira, Nestor Fogaça, Vadi Miguel Hakim.

UDN-PTN - Geraldo Piedade, João Jabur, José Dias da Silva, José França, Mivaldo Galvão Arnoldi.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.391

SÃO PAULO

Prefeito - (Adhemar de Barros - eleição realizada em 24 de março de 1957)

Vice Prefeito - (Cândido Sammaio - eleição realizada em 24 de março de 1957)

Veredores: (45)

PSP - Antonio Hélio Xavier Mendonça, Aurelino Soares Andrade, Italo Fittipaldi, João de Luca, Manoel Figueiredo Ferraz, William Salem.

PDC - Emilio Meneghini, Francisco Santos Batista Filho, Joaquim Monteiro de Carvalho, Valério Giuli, José Gomes de Moraes Neto.

PSD - Luiz Domingues de Castro, Nazir Miguel, Ruth Guimarães, Shiro Kyono.

PST - Agenor Mônoco, Ariovaldo Rescoto, João Brasil Vita, Pedro Geraldo Costa.

PTB - Davino Renato de Oliveira, Fernando Pereira Barreto, Milton Pereira Marcondes, Rio Branco Paranhos.

PTN - Antonio Prestes Franco, Benedito Rocha, Scalamar André Júnior, Tarcílio Bernardi.

UDN - Dario de Lorenzo, Dulce Salles Cunha, Homero Silva, Marcos Molega.

PL - João Batista da Silva Azevedo, José Augusto da Silva Ribeiro, Gouveia Franco.

PR - Ary da Silva, Ermano Marchetti, Herotildes Carvalho de Araújo.

PRP - Antonio Lamanna Júnior, Edison Lemes da Silva, Sebastião Gabriel Sayago Laet

PRT - Carlos Gomes Machado, Januário Mantelli Neto, José Sabino,

PSB - José Molina Júnior, José Freitas Nobre.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 934.794

SÃO PEDRO

Prefeito - João Baltieri - PSD-PRP-UDN

Vice Prefeito - Crestes Luiz Azzina - PSD-PRP-UDN

Veredores: (13)

PSD-PRP - Aocacio Nouer Júnior, Adolpho Bonifácio Bragala, Antonio Marques de Oliveira, Atílio Battistella, Geraldo Nouer, Itagyba Leite, Joaquim Armando Balção, Walmy Modesto.

PSP - Flóridio Guiretti, Leo Silveira Melo, José George Wachad, Pedro Bertochi.

PDC - Expedito Cardoso.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.861

SÃO PEDRO DO TURVO

Prefeito - Osmar Viara - UDN

Vice Prefeito - José Henrique do Nascimento - UDN

Veredores: (11)

PSD - Alfredo Teodoro de Souza, Aníbal Gonçalves Namasceno, Antonio Cândido Vieira, Durval Pinheiro.

UDN - Constantino Neves, Gabriel Tavares da Silva, Leonidas Basilio Nogueira, Manoel Gomes Azoia.

PR - José Antonio Teodoro, Sebastião Teixeira Coelho.

PDC - Herminio Piccin.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.179

SÃO ROQUE

Prefeito - Mário Luiz G. de Oliveira - PTN-PR

Vice Prefeito - Vasco Barioni - PTN-PR

Veredores: (13)

PTN - Henrique Luiz Arnóbio, Júlio de Lucca, Moacyr Victorio, Rubens Benedito de Andrade.

PDC - Aracari Leite Cavalcanti, Faustina Maria das Dores, Raul da Silva Martins.

PR - Humberto da Silva, Niasi Calixto Maluf, José Fernandes Garcia.

PSP - Júlio Arantes de Freitas, Osmar de Castro Boccato, Taufik Elias Fandi.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 7.185

SÃO SEBASTIÃO

Prefeito - Gil Pacini - PL-PSD

Vice Prefeito - Alvaro Doris Orselli - PSP

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Veradores: (9)

UDN - Aureliano S. Gomes dos Reis, José Ferreira do Prado, José Pinto Costa, Ulysses Tavares Resende.
PSP - José Guimarães Rodrigues, Rubens Monteiro de Andrade.
PTN - Almir Cesar Freire, Luiz de Marins Freire.
PDC - Theclo Antero Monteiro.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 914

SÃO JOSÉ DO RIO PARDO

Prefeito - João Gabriel Ribeiro - PDC-PSD-PSP-PR

Vice Prefeito - Gabriel Nasser João - PDC-PSD-PSP-PR

Veradores: (15)

PSD - Agripino Ribeiro da Silva, Antonio Pereira Dias, Francisco Braghirolli, José Ramos Barretto, Sérgio Ribeiro.
PDC - Neje Farah, Waldemar Poggio, Wilson Lodi.
UDN - Alexandra Olga Pourrat Campos, Francisco Dessimoni, Itagiba D'Ávila Ribeiro.
PTB - Djalma Darin, Lupercio Torres.
PR - Badzio Sackis Abichabki.
PSP - Francisco Consolo Filho.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 5.336

SÃO JOSÉ DO RIO PRETO

Prefeito - Philadelpho Gouveia Netto - PDC-PRP-UDN

Vice Prefeito - Málio Negrelli - PDC-PRP-UDN

Veradores: (21)

PTB-PTN-PRT - Anselmo Liso, Benedito Rodrigues Lisboa, Gumercindo Sanches Filho, José Barbar Cury, José Jorge Júnior, Walter Dias.
PSP-PSB - Aluizio Cherubini, Lázaro Ehme, Orlando de Arruda Barbato, Vicente Polachini, Washington Paschoal Simardi.
UDN - Alberto José Ismael, Carlos Roberto Oliveira, Heitor Botura, Radovir Antonio dos Santos.
PDC-PRP - Alberto Targas Filho, Francisco Gutierrez, Raul Francisco Tauyr.
PR - Antonio José da Silveira Coelho, Sebastião Caselli.
PSD - Solon da Silva Varginha.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 18.496

SÃO JOSÉ DOS CAMPOS

Prefeito - (*)

Vice Prefeito - (*)

Veradores: (17)

PR - Antônio Sebastião Pereira, José Prianti Chaves, Mário de Paula Ferreira, Nadin Rahal, Neif de Oliveira Mattar, Oswaldo Martins de Toledo.
PTB - Adão Soares Jardim, Francisco Moreno Ariza, Jorge Vieira da Silva, Waldemar Ramos.
PDC - Benedito Alves Silva, Luiz Carlos Veneziani, Sebastião Henrique da Cunha Pontes.
UDN - Francisco Pereira de Faria, Onadir Marcondes.
PSP - José Ferze Tau.
PTN - Agostinho Bensedetti.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 14.117

SÃO LUIZ DO PARITINGA

Prefeito - Nelson Ferreira Pinto - PDC-UDN

Vice Prefeito - Wilson de Campos Coelho - PDC-UDN

Veradores: (11)

PDC-UDN - Antonio Ebran, Arlindo José de Almeida, Benedito Pizzo Sobrinho, José de Castro Monteiro, René da Silva Velho, Sebastião Pinto Figueira.
PTN - Benedito de Campos, Benedito Geraldo de Gouvêa, Celestino Campos Coelho, João Batista Cardoso, Manoel Soares Pereira.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.471

SÃO MANUEL

Prefeito - Carlos Delgallio - PR

Vice Prefeito - Adhemar Augusto - PSP

Veradores: (15)

PSD-UDN-PTN - Alceu Rossolino, Antônio Saenz Surita, Arlindo Silva, Cauby Lopes Maira, Daniel de Oliveira Neves, Eugênio Theodoro Mendes, Horácio Santalúcia.
PSP - Atílio Padovan, João Mariano de Almeida, Paulo René de Barros, Pedro Pagan Sobrinho.
PR - Antonio Pedro José, Carlos Parenti, Fernando Koike.

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Vereadores: (11)

PDC - Francisco Alves Pereira, Noé Alves Ferreira, Procópio Marcos Azeredo, Reng
to Gomes Vieira.
PRP - Cecília Ferreira A. Leite, Ivo José Ferreira, Sebastião Ferreira dos Santos.
PSD - José Galdino Barbosa, José Geraldo da Costa, Luiz Ferreira da Costa.
PSP - José dos Reis Coutinho.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.167

SÃO BERNARDO DO CAMPO

Prefeito - Lauro Gomes de Almeida - PDC-PTB-PSD
Vice Prefeito - Hygino de Lima - PDC-PTB-PSD

Vereadores: (15)

PTB - Hamilcar Browne Paranhos, Hugo Afonso Bassani, Irineu Ferreira da Silva,
Leocadio Montebeller.
PR - Aldino Pinotti, Geraldo Faria Rodrigues, Laerte Francisco Pinchiari,
PSD - João Nunes Vitória, Lenildo de Freitas Magdalena, Rubens Marques Cardoso.
PDC - Indrô Rovai, Roque Menucelli.
PTN - José Avilez, José Rocha Netto.
PSB - Antonio Dias Amorim.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 17.040

SÃO CARLOS

Prefeito - Antonio Adolpho Lobbe - UDN
Vice Prefeito - José de Campos Pereira - PDC

Vereadores: (19)

UDN - Alfredo Petrilli, Belmiro Favoretto, Carlos Torres de Campos, Ernani Pinhei
ro Lima, José Fernando Porto, Mário Tolentino.
PR - João de Santi, José Ferrazini, José Marrara.
PTB-PSP - Alderico Vieira Perdigão, Francisco Silva Maia, Francisco X. Amaral F.
PDC - Ary Pinto das Neves, Benedito Carlos Pereira.
PRP - Mario Maffei, Romualdo Pozzi.
PTN - José Bento Carlos Amaral, Orlando Marques.
PSB - Antonio Stella Moruzzi.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 15.891

SÃO JOÃO DA BOA VISTA

Prefeito - José Ruy de Lima Azevedo - UDN-PDC-PSP
Vice Prefeito - Octávio da Silva Bastos - UDN-PDC-PSP

Vereadores: (17)

PDC - João Batista Bernardes, Licínio Vita da Silva, Olímpia de Oliveira André
de, Thomaz Nora, Virgílio Marcondes de Castro.
UDN - Aluizio Pereira de Carvalho, Elyseu Freitas Valle Germano Filho, José de
Freitas Nogueira, Juarez Rabelo de Andrade, Luiz Banho de Andrade.
PTB - Durval Nicolau, Hélio Corrêa Fonseca, José Trafani, Wilson Lourenço Gomes.
PSP - José Peres Castelhamo, Sebastião de Andrade Godoy.
PTN-PR - João Nasser.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 8.784

SÃO JOÃO DO PAU D'ALHO

Prefeito - Olívio Rigotto - PTB-PSP
Vice Prefeito - Manoel Bernardo Matias - PTB

Vereadores: (9)

PTB - Afonso Aderaldo de Souza, Luiz Hissamura, Luiz Puga, Natalino Marchis.
PSP - Aderson Purcino Ferreira, José Marinho Fortes.
PSP - Seyo Tihara, Thomaz Fernandes.
UDN - Antônio Alves Farias.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 802

SÃO JOAQUIM DA BARRA

Prefeito - João Mattarai - UDN-PDC
Vice Prefeito - Virgolino Nascimento - UDN-PDC

Vereadores: (13)

UDN-PDC - Abner Parada, João Leny Reis Alves, José Abdala Jabur, Luiz Mattarai,
Pedro Chediak, Valdovino de Carvalho.
PSP-PR - Adolfo Ferrero, Crisogono Paulo de Castro, Julio de Lolo, Odaltir Nicó
lau.
PRP - Antônio Zelesnikar, José M. Maund, José Ribeiro Fortes.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.866

SÃO JOSÉ DO BARREIRO

Prefeito - Josias de Marins Freire - PTN-PDC
Vice Prefeito - José de Almeida Santos - PTN-PDC

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UDN - Antonio Zacharias, Arthur Yossihissa Otsuzi, Martin Ozores Fernandes, Pedro Ortiz.
PR - Avelino Benvenho, Tertuliano de Arêa Leno, Walter Ambrosio Moiano.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 4.447

SANTO ANDRÉ

Prefeito - Oswaldo Gimenez - PRP

Vice Prefeito - José Silveira Sammaio - PRP

Veradores: (23)

PDC - Bruno José Daniel, Carlos Vicente Gerchiari, João Insuela, Luiz Olivieri.
PSP - Cid Flaqueer Scartezzini, Edson Lazari, Luiz Aparecido de Campos, Noêmio Spada.
PSD - Affonso Maria Zanei, Antonio Ferreira dos Santos, Hercílio Bueno da Silveira.
PTB - Ário de Barros Rangel, José Gustavo de Paiva, Jurandir Alécio Rodrigues.
PTN - João Antônio Cara Valentim, Leonardo Vito Molinaro, Manoel Venâncio Neto.
UDN - Angelo Ferrari, Clovis Sidney Thon, Massayuki Ikubaru.
PSB - Geraldo Milani, José Villegas.
PRP - Armando Gimenez

Comparecimento de eleitores - 52.700

SANTO ANTONIO DA ALEGRIA

Prefeito - Fioravante Belutti - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Antônio Martins de Assis - PDC

Veradores: (9)

PDC - Fábio Vieira Garcia, João Batista Neves, José Augusto Teixeira, Manif Cury, Sebastião José Arantes, Tito Lívio de Paiva.
UDN - Benedito Custódio da Silva, Edmilson Alberto da Costa.
PR - Antônio Borges Dias.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.046

SANTO EXPEDITO

Prefeito - Vergínio Cabral da Silva - UDN

Vice Prefeito - José Ferreira de Lima - UDN

Veradores: (9)

UDN - Fausto de Souza Ramalho, José Ferreira de Lima, Miguel Moises de Oliveira, Nilo Mazini, Yoshio Miyazaki.
PSB - Bartolomeu José dos Passos, José Gomes de Oliveira, Clinto Nogueira de Castro, Roque Ardivino.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 538

SANTOPOLIS DO AUAPE

Prefeito - Manoel Bento Neto - PDC

Vice Prefeito - José Pinheiro de Brito - PDC

Veradores: (9)

PDC - Horaciano Pereira da Silva, Joaquim Dantas de Oliveira, Leonildo Rodrigues da Alcantara, Sérgio dos Santos, Yoshiko Uruda.
UDN - Camerino da Silva Pontes, José Moreira da Silva, Nelson Lima Silva, Shigueki Kawae.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.048

SANTOS

Prefeito - (*)

Vice Prefeito - (*)

Veradores: (31)

PDC - Angelo V. Ramos, Aristóteles Ferreira, Artur Rivan, Francisco S. Leal.
PRT - Antonio De Carlis, Carlos Moraes Carneiro, Dirceu de Souza Lima, Newton de Lima Azevedo.
PSD - Amorim Filho, Domingos Fuschini, Jdlio Moreno, Orlando de Almeida Matos.
PSP - Fernando Dias Oliva, José Afalo Filho, Luiz La Scala, Osvaldo Justo.
PTB - João Inácio de Souza, Joaquim Coutinho Marques, José Gomes, Valdemar Nosche.
PL - Nelson Antunes Matos Paulo Ferreira Lima, Wanderlan Lopes de Moraes.
PSB - Esmeraldo Soares T. Campos Filho, João de Moraes Chaves, Mário Capp.
PST - Alfredo das Neves, Elias Karum, Roberto Assef.
PTN - Agostinho Ferramenta da Silva.
UDN - Pedro de Castro Rocha.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 73.023

SÃO BENTO DO SAPUCAÍ

Prefeito - Benedito Gomes de Souza - PSD-PSP-PDC

Vice Prefeito - Maurílio Costa Manso - PSD-PSP-PDC

PSD - Bernardino Gonçalves Trindade, Fioravante Romano, Idarilho Gonçalves Nascimento, João Luiz Quagliato Neto, Joaquim Severino Martins, Luiz Vidor, Otaviano Botelho de Souza.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 9.599

SANTA ISABEL

Prefeito - João Pires Filho - UDN-FL

Vice Prefeito - Padre João Antunes de Moura - UDN-FL

Veradores: (11)

FL - Francisco Pedreira Ribeiro, Gustavo Claudiano, José Baccaro, José Roberto Friebolm.

UDN - Antonio Dias Barbosa, Benedito Joaquim Pires, João Godci, Osvaldo Rodrigues da Silva.

PSP - Benedito Alves Beraldo, Dario Vieira de Paula, Mario Rosendo da Silva.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.303

SANTA LUCIA

Prefeito - Jayme Calvo - PDC-PTB-PTN-UDN

Vice Prefeito - Geraldo Marani - PDC-PTB-PTN

Veradores: (9)

PTN - Américo Pongelune, Cândido de Prince, Tanics Sbeide, Virgínio Rabin.

PDC - Itamar Caiado de Castro, João Oravio de Freitas.

UDN - Antônio Carlos Abusbud, Joaquim Meireles de Rezende.

PTB - Demétrio Morelli.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 584

SANTA MARIA DA SERRA

Prefeito - Adib Cury - PSP-PDC

Vice Prefeito - João Della Coleta - PSP-PDC

Veradores: (9)

PSP-PDC - Antonio Olivio Tramontini Gravena, Ernesto Bortoloto, João Pratti, Jorge Cury, José Dias.

UDN - Belmiro Feruchi, Domingos Gregolin, José Garcia da Costa, Magno Della Coleta.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 543

SANTANA DE PARANAÍBA

Prefeito - Iris da Costa Machado - PDC-PR-UDN

Vice Prefeito - Octavio de Abreu Sampaio - PDC-UDN

Veradores: (11)

PDC - Gabriel Marques da Silva, Joaquim Soares Costa, Washington Hidalgo dos Santos, Wilson Pinto Marques.

PSP - Abimaél Branco Chaves de Oliveira, Hormes Villar, João Antonio Motta Navarro, Miguel Alonso Gonzalez Júnior.

PTN - Benedito Leite Pedrosa, Dalcídio Pires, José Antunes da Silva.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 872

SANTA RITA DO PASSA QUATRO

Prefeito - Oscar de Oliveira Alves - PR-PTB

Vice Prefeito - Alcides de Souza Martins - PR-PTB

Veradores: (11)

PR - João Assuane, João Michelan, Luiz Colussi, Ney Pontado de Castro.

PTB - Roberto Sampaio Gandra, Santo Nardezi, Victor Anibal Rossin.

PDC - Jaime Nori, João de Freitas.

UDN - Antonio Calixto Leal, Brasil Paulista da Silva Prado.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.803

SANTA ROSA DE VITERBO

Prefeito - Vergínio Meloni - PTN-PDC

Vice Prefeito - Cassio de Assis Cunha - PTN-PDC

Veradores: (13)

PTN - Elias Mancel de Barros, José Dilermando Ribeiro, José Queiroz, José Vitor Vilas Boas, Luiz Bertti, Manoel Pereira, Sélis Cury.

PDC - João de Oliveira, Orvaldo Sérgio, Paschoal Galliari, Paulo Xavier, Sebastião Izidoro da Silva.

PR - Edison Fonseca Duarte.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.663

SANTO ANASTÁCIO

Prefeito - Argemiro Lagatta - PTN-PSD

Vice Prefeito - Gabriel Real - PTN-PSD

Veradores: (15)

PSD - Alcísio Lopes Fernandes Vicalvi, Getúlio Negrão, Kiyoshi Fugimoto, Vergílio Marín.

PTN - Estefano de Lucca, João Sanchez Postigo, Mancel Fresneda Sanchez, Roberto Infiesta.

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Vereadores:(9)

PSD - Agnelo Leite da Silva, Antonio Galvão, Antonio Valdevino Sobrinho, Aristides Cavalli, Ildesonso de Souza Magalhães, José Teixeira Vasconcelos.
PDC - André Pereira Ferro, Antero Gonçalves de Mello, Vicente Neto Pereira.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 496

SANTA ADÉLIA

Prefeito - Anuor Nahes - PDC-PSP

Vice Prefeito - Waldomiro Bonjardim - PDC-PSP

Vereadores:(11)

PR - João Carlos Balista, Nicanor Vister Stocco, Oliverio Gibertoni, Wilson de Souza Marques, Zildo Della Valle.
PDC - David Rizzo, José Geraldo da Silva, Ubirajara José Martins Ortega.
PSP - Abelardo Marcos Rodrigues, Avenir Guerzoni, José Antenor de Assis Xavier.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.656

SANTA ALBERTINA

Prefeito - Armindo Pilhalarmi - PSB-PSP

Vice Prefeito - Dario Uzan - PSB-PSP

Vereadores:(11)

PSB - Euclides Zeferino da Silva, Mário Samrjassi, Olímpio Estevão de Lacerda, Sebastião Prudente de Moraes.
PDC - Antonio Valério Neves, Jarbas de Moraes, Olívio Laine.
PSB-PSP - Francisco Mori, Ipío Batista de Queiroz.
PSD - Antonio Galves Galdino, Aylton Pedrosa C.de Toledo.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.428

SANTA BARBARA D'OESTE

Prefeito - Dirceu Dias Carneiro - PTB-PRP

Vice Prefeito - Hélio Furlan - PTB-PRP

Vereadores:(13)

PTB - Luiz Antônio Panaggio, Luiz Gonzaga Maluf, Virgílio Pinto, Walter Aranha de Oliveira, Walter Landucci, Wilson A. Biondi.
PRP - Armindo Bento, Francisco Benedito Libardi.
PSP - Júlio Pires Barbosa Júnior, Xisto Sans.
UDN - Brálio Pio, Sérgio Leopoldino Alves.
PTN - Benedito da Costa Machado.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 4.888

SANTA BARBARA DO RIO PARDO

Prefeito - (*)

Vice Prefeito - (*)

Vereadores:(11)

UDN - Aristides Garcia, Benedito Elias Nunes, Benedito Gregório de Oliveira, Sebastião Aparecido Ferigo.
PSD - Norácio Corrêa, Joaquim de Godoy Bueno, Luiz Antunes Munhoz.
PDC - Abdala Bacri, Manoel da Silva Prado.
PTN - Antonio Soares de Sá Sobrinho, Hélio Antunes Garcia.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.122

SANTA BRANCA

Prefeito - Benedito Samuel de Oliveira - PSD-PSP-UDN-PDC

Vice Prefeito - Sérgio Luiz de Souza - PSD-PSP-UDN-PDC

Vereadores:(9)

PDC - José Ramos dos Reis, Newton D'Amico, Oscar Benedito Bittencourt Porto.
PST - Itamar Leal Rocha, João Ferreira dos Santos, Sebastião Lobo de Carvalho.
UDN-PSD-PSP - Arnaldo Michelletti, Bento Faria Melo, Jair Rocha.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.607

SANTA CRUZ DAS PALMEIRAS

Prefeito - Luiz Piccolo - PSP-PSD

Vice Prefeito - Aurélio Brunelli - PSP-PSD

Vereadores:(9)

PR-PDC - Affonso Luzzi, Armando Zanatta, José Deperon Filho, Lauro Alves Barreira, Manoel Mendes Ramos.
PSP-PSD - Antonio Piccolo, Duílio Posses, Gumercindo Guerreiro, José Antonio Bussó.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.470

SANTA CRUZ DO RIO PARDO

Prefeito - Onofre Rosa de Oliveira - PDC-UDN

Vice Prefeito - José Osiris Piedade - PDC-UDN

Vereadores:(15)

PDC-UDN - Anísio Zacara, Benedito da Silva Santos, Derly Ribeiro, Elídio Crivelli, Fernando José dos Santos, Lúcio Casanova Neto, Paulo G. Machado Ramos, José Rodrigues Martins.

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SACRES

Prefeito - Atilio Sani - PSD

Vice Prefeito - Pedro José Bonfim - PSD

Veradores: (9)

PSD - Jovino Firmino Gonçalves, Kioshigue Fukuda, Lucas Gastano de Souza, Pedro Clapis, Ulisses Vitor Gervásio.

PTN - Francisco Alves de Souza, Francisco Primo da Silva, Juliano Luciano da Silva, Pedro Gomes dos Santos.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 370

SALES

Prefeito - João Pagani - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Seme Calil Nicolau Eid - PDC

Veradores: (9)

PDC - Altino Cardoso de Moraes, Jorge Antonio dos Santos, José da Costa Marques, Sebastião Batista Siqueira, Vicente Valentim Valente.

UDN - Floriano Tarsitano, Henrique Modes, João Nardachioni, Neide Furlan Villa Real.

Comparecimento de eleitores - ...

SALES OLIVEIRA

Prefeito - José Coutinho Pereira - UDN-PTN

Vice Prefeito - Benedito de Aguiar Azevedo Souza - PSP

Veradores: (11)

UDN - Achilles Turim, Adhemar de Souza Prado, Augusto Barradas, Paulo de Castro Prado.

PSP - Acyr Bonadio, Batista Marconi, Vitorino Nonino.

PTB - Luiz Cettas Videira, Roberto Orsi.

PTN - Benedito Moura Rodrigues, Pedro Bergamo.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.384

SALESOPOLIS

Prefeito - Antônio Cardoso de Siqueira - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Adélio Ramos Veloso - PDC

Veradores: (9)

PDC - Adhemar Belina, Antônio Paulino de Miranda Júnior, Francisco Wué, João Batista de Moraes, Massaiyo Ueno.

PRT - Elias Daiba, Itys Fides Bueno de Toledo.

PSP - Atônio Camargo Primo, Thiago Rodrigues de Camargo.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.085

SALMORÃO

Prefeito - Antônio Dias - PSP

Vice Prefeito - Euclides Colato - PSD

Veradores: (9)

PDC - Bruno Dozuani, Fidélis Franco Maioli, Luiz Zanatta, Manoel dos Santos.

PSD - Augusto Colato, Carmine Barbosa de Almeida.

PTN - Febo de Carvalho, José Rodrigues.

PSP - Manoel José do Nascimento.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 553

SALTO

Prefeito - Vicente Scivittaro - PTN

Vice Prefeito - Jono Baptista Dala Vechia - PTN

Veradores: (11)

PTN - Anezio Bovolam, Flavio Della Paschoa, Henrique Milhassi, José Baptista Aguiar, Joseano Costa Pinto, Valentim José Noschini.

PTB - Adelio Millioni, Helio Steffen, Mario Dotta.

PSD - Jono Baptista Milioni, Mario Effori.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 4.548

SALTO GRANDE

Prefeito - José Adorino Sinício - PDC-UDN-PTB-PSD

Vice Prefeito - José Silverio de Souza - PDC-UDN-PTB-PSD

Veradores: (11)

PDC-UDN - José Cara Sanches, Lucídio Correa Gomes, Paulo Sylvio Pocay, Raphael Galdhardi Neto, William Cury.

PRP - Eneas Laino de Oliveira, Hamilton Viganó.

PSD-PTN - Afonso Ribeiro de Carvalho, José Silverio de Moraes.

PSP - Julio Cardim, William Ferraz

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.921

SANDOVALINA

Prefeito - Antonio Narciso Sandoval - PSD

Vice Prefeito - Miguel Gregório Nascimento - PSD

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PTN - Adalberto Cristo das Dores, Adelino Domingos Lambert, Jonas Pontes de Oliveira, Salvador da Silva Pereira,
Comparecimento de eleitores - 918

RIBEIRÃO BONITO

Prefeito - Luiz Caron Celestino - PR

Vice Prefeito - Antonio Walfrido de Godoy Moreira - PTN

Vereadores: (11)

PR - Francisco Mello, George de Almeida Freitas, Hildo Ferro, Luiz Fabbri Sobrinho, Luiz Gonzaga Pallone.

PTN - Alcides Queiroz, Dalvo Lucato, Germano Galdino, Orlando Veiga.

PSB - Agostinho Campaner, Sebastião de Godoy Moreira,
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.492

RIBEIRÃO BRANCO

Prefeito - Irany Cardoso - PR

Vice Prefeito - Angelo dos Santos Penteado - PR

Vereadores: (9)

PR - Alcides Ferreira da Silva, Antonio Setembrino Pereira, Galins de Souza, Galins Rodrigues Machado, João Dias Batista Prestes, José Rodrigues Ubaldo, Luiz Bertti, Moises Siqueira, Pedro Rodrigues Garcia.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 707

RIBEIRÃO PRETO

Prefeito - Alfredo Condeixa Filho - PSP

Vice Prefeito - Orlando Jurca - PSP

Vereadores: (21)

PRP - Adalberto Teixeira de Andrade, Admar Penha, Antonio Reis Vilalobos, Mario Davidson.

PSB - Antonio Rios Neto, José Bonpani, José Velloni, Pedro Arlindo Pereira.

PSP - Celso Paschoal, José de Barros, Said Issa Hallah.

PTN - Aureo Norberto da Silva, Gavino Virde, José Mortari.

UDN-PR - Juvenino Miguel, Oswaldo Sampaio, Roberto Benedetti.

PDC - Horacio Fassini, Welson Gasparini.

PL - Chanaan Pedro Aldem, Joao de Paula e Silva.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 38.155

RINÓPOLIS

Prefeito - Joaquim Olde - PSD-UDN-PDC

Vice Prefeito - José Tavares de Mello - PDC

Vereadores: (11)

PSD - Antenor de Matos, Arnaldo de Oliveira Alves, Domingos Olde Aguiar Filho, Helvécio Silveira Tolentino, Joao dos Santos Pinheiro, Orlando Francisco Luiz Pagliuso, Vicente Feres de Arruda.

PDC - Ary Tamona, Sines Carmona Martinez.

UDN - Antonio Farina, José Olde.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.257

RIO CLARO

Prefeito - Francisco Scarpa - UDN-PTB-PTN-PL-PSB-PRP

Vice Prefeito - Oreste Armando Giovani - UDN-PTB-PTN-PL-PSB-PRP

Vereadores: (19)

PDC - José Capretz, Manoel José Silva, Nicolino Mazziotti, Oswaldo Cazella, Syllas Biancini.

PTN - Antonio Maria Marrote, Argemiro Mauricio Höffling, Fausto Pacheco de Aguirre, João dos Santos Neves.

UDN - Pedro Kury, Pedro Partezani, Ruy Cassavia,

PL - Hélio Hussein, Waldemar Karan,

PTB - Antonio Fabris, Cezario Montezello.

PR - Roberto Cesar

PSB - Silvio Cassavia Filho,

PSP - José Rodrigues Jordao Filho.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 16.830

RIO DAS PEDRAS

Prefeito - Alvaro João Bianchini - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Joaquim Cyrillo da Silva - PDC

Vereadores: (11)

PDC - Antonio Arzella Sobrinho, Antonio Buciolotti Filho, Euclides Guidolim, Olívio Barrichello, Orides Arthuso, Valério P. Silveira Martins.

UDN - Caetano Oscar W. Gramani, Edison Fadigas de Souza, Frederico Pupin Natividade de Schiavon, Reynaldo Delfini.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.455

PSD - Floriano de Paula Martins.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.369

QUELUZ

Prefeito - Antonio C. Maciel França - UDN
Vice Prefeito - Ernesto Nestor Pereira - UDN
Vereadores: (9)

PDC - Antonio G. Oliveira Garcez, Armênio José Gaggini, José Leite Fernandes, João Monteiro da Silva, Sebastião Cândido Oliveira.
PTB - Geraldo da Silva, Hélio Maciel Pereira, Sebastião Quintanilha, Sérgio Fontanini.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.095

QUINTANA

Prefeito - Olímpio Muzati Buim - PTB
Vice Prefeito - Alfredo Aristides Zeros - PTB
Vereadores: (11)

PDC - Alcides Nunes da Silva, Aldo Pedro Gonellian, Augusto Angelo, José Medeiros.
PTB - Alfredo Aristides Zeros, José Emilio de Castro, José Mário Nery de Souza Campos, José Vieira.
PSP - Luiz Antônio Domingues, Pedro Marum, Reinaldo Soares de Oliveira.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.523

RANCHARIA

Prefeito - Elpidio Marchiani - PR-PSF-PDC-PTB
Vice Prefeito - Pedro Carlos de Souza - PR-PSF-PDC-PTB
Vereadores: (15)

PR - Américo Fábris, Antonio Gulin, Francisco Batista Leopoldo, Jarbas Antunes Araujo, João Borges Frias, Pedro Pereira.
PTN - Carlos Baccarin, Homero de Araujo, João Batista Vasconcelos, Julio Tamisco, Rubens Garcia.
PDC - Benedito Martins Barbosa, Jonas Lopes Pereira, Luiz Antonio Martins Barbosa.
PSP - Otávio Martins.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.969

REDENÇÃO DA SERRA

Prefeito - Manoel Rocha Filho - PDC
Vice Prefeito - Lauro Sodré Moreira - PDC
Vereadores: (5)

PDC - Antonio Pereira de Souza, Belmiro Custódio de Andrade, José Trindade Marcondes, Manoel Francisco Ribeiro, Maria José Abrahão de Abreu.
PTN - Alberto Luiz, Cardoso, Amâncio Calderaro, José João de Oliveira, Olavo de Barros.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 972

REGENTE FELIJO

Prefeito - Antonio Ledesma Filho - PR-PDC
Vice Prefeito - Mauro Esnei Pressa - PR-PDC
Vereadores: (15)

PDC - Afrânio Cardoso Lima, José Carlos da Rocha, Severino B. Pereira, Vicente Fidelis de Souza.
PR - Francisco G. Alves, José Alves Paixão, Juvenal Domingos Fiori, Miguel José Nador.
PSB - Francisco Ruel Filho, José Antunes, José Carlos Borjano, Miguel Viana Torres.
PTN - João Augusto Feres Junior, Oscar Carlos Avalone Filho.
UDN - Sidonio Freitas Vellozo.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.865

REGISTRO

Prefeito - Jonas Banks Leites - PR-PTB
Vice Prefeito - João Peci Junior - PTN
Vereadores: (11)

PTN - Benedito Teixeira, João Batista de Oliveira Filho, Paulo Gomes de Oliveira, Riuza Yamazaki, Romou Dernellos.
PR - Alair José Corrêa, Clarício Marques, Fuad Aby Azar, Joaquim Antonio de Campos.
PTB - Antônio Lopes Teixeira, Yutaka Maeji.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.179

RIEIRA

Prefeito - Deodoro Carlos Pereira - PDC
Vice Prefeito - Otaciano Gabriel de Oliveira - PDC
Vereadores: (9)

PDC - Augusto de Pátris, Darci Gabriel Akim, Elias Nagib, Elizario Dias Matins, João Martins Dias Batista.

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PRESIDENTE ALVES

Prefeito - Fábio Iuan - PTN

Vice Prefeito - Salvador Palumbo - PSP

Vereadores: (11)

PSP - Alcides Moreira de Oliveira, Alcyr Egas dos Santos, Belsirio dos Santos, Uriel Valdomiro Gonçalves.

PDC - Dionísio Guiso, Geraldo Carvalho Lopes, Mario Garcia Julio.

PTN - Benedito Gonçalves, José Alves Gonçalves, Manoel Freire Sobrinho.

PDC - Nelson Pereira de Rezende.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.393

PRESIDENTE BERNARDES

Prefeito - Leonildo Denari - PSB-PRT-UDN-PDC

Vice Prefeito - Clemente Morata Ramon - PSB-PRT-UDN-PDC

Vereadores: (13)

PSB-PL - Agenor Alves da Silva, Antonio Pátaro, Attilio Sássi, Hiroshi Inoue, José Romero, Trajane da Silva Pontes.

PSB-PRT-UDN - Eptácio Amaral, João Custódio Rodrigues, José Toneto, Pedro Gardenal, Romildo Bonini.

PDC - José Bonini, Rubens de Maio Vellasco.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 4.572

PRESIDENTE PRUDENTE

Prefeito - Luiz Ferraz de Sampaio - PSD-PRT

Vice Prefeito - Hugo Lacôrte Vitale - PTB-PSB-FR

Vereadores: (19)

PSB-FR - Ataliba Pires de Campos, José Leite, Sílvia Domingos Roncador, Thomé Atala.

UDN - Elisiário Ramos Filho, Francisco Lopes G. Corrêa, Ippo Watanabe, Moacyr Miranda.

PDC - José Jorge Tannus, Watal Ishibashi, Walter Cassetari.

PRT - Ivan Nogueira de Almeida, Plínio de Arruda Armelin, Sebastião Coutinho.

PSD - Antônio Sandoval Netto, Aurelino Alves Coutinho, Rinaldo Sandoval Lima.

PSF - José Del Pozzo Pérez, José Fernandes Bernar.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 15.181

PRESIDENTE VENCESLAU

Prefeito - Ernane Murad - PSP

Vice Prefeito - Inocêncio Erhela - PSP

Vereadores: (15)

PDC - Abílio Rodrigues, Felix Domingos Barrios, Francisco Lanziani, Manoel Rainho, Mineo Matsura.

PTN - Antonio Pinto da Silva, Carlos Platzack, José Cirino de Campos, Zwinglio Ferreira.

PSF - Joaquim Gomes Ferreira, Manoel Vieira Netto, Pedro Aparecido Camargo.

PSD - Jorge Antonio Sobrinho.

PTB - João Fiorentino.

UDN - Antonio Franco

Comparecimento de eleitores - 4.202

PROMISSÃO

Prefeito - Bruno Sammarco - UDN

Vice Prefeito - Gonçalo Feres Dias - UDN

Vereadores: (15)

UDN - Américo Golfieri, Angelo Férro, Benedito Silva, José Ferreira, Milton Ferreira Grama.

PR-PTB - Elídio Merighi, Manoel Balsalobre Lopes, Rubens Polo Ferrate, Shigeyuki Yoshikuni.

PSF - Alberto Barrera, Anibal Rodrigues Pinto, Antonio Figueiredo Navas, Sebastião Capelanes Martins.

PDC - Hakuo Yaseunaga.

PSD - Evilazio Franco de Oliveira.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 4.581

QUATÁ

Prefeito - Benedito Dalla Pria - PTN

Vice Prefeito - Antonio Boim - PR

Vereadores: (13)

PTN - Antonio Pellini, Benedito Osório Rosa, Fabio Rocha Soares, Mauro Doering, Moisés Catellani, Modesto Caroni, Nelson Jorge, Sifrido Averoldi.

PSF - Antonio Pereira dos Santos, Basílio Petcov, José Jerônimo Velga, José Paganotto.

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PSP-PTN - Elídio de Souza, Nelson Alves Bastos, Yasuki Horiuti.
UDN - Milton Pereira.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.902

PONTAL

Prefeito - Calil Damiao - PTB
Vice Prefeito - José Camilo de Oliveira - PTB
Veradores: (11)
PTB - Edson Albertin, Manoel Carneiro, Manoel Lopes Junqueira, Waldemar da Castro Tostes, Warley Fupo.
PSD - Armando Pedro, Darcy Geraldo da Costa Freitas, Edio Quaranta, Maurilio Siochieri.
PSF - Arnaldo Favaretto, Luiz dos Reis.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.282

POPULINA

Prefeito - Santos Sartoreto - PTN-UDN
Vice Prefeito - Rolando Martinelli - PTN-UDN
Veradores: (9)
PTN - Abilio Brassalotti, Agenor Rodrigues Gomes, Francisco Molina, João Simão,
PDC - Luciano Junqueira Franco, Mario Marcelino de Toledo.
UDN - Paulo Vono, Sebastião Pontes Furtado.
PTB - Alfredo Thomaz de Mesquita.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 916

PORANGABA

Prefeito - Benedito de Oliveira Vaz - PTN-PSD
Vice Prefeito - Horácio Domingues - PSD
Veradores: (11)
PSD - Acácio Domingues, Agostinho Angelini, Antônio Leme da Silva, Antônio Nunes Diniz, Carlos Hessel, João S. Vieira, Mário A. Nogueira, Rivaldavia S. Spinola.
PTN - Ataliba da Costa Avila, Guilherme Wagner, Nestor de Almeida Machado.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.564

PORTO FELIZ

Prefeito - Benedito Aranha Júnior - PDC
Vice Prefeito - Pedro Paiffer - PDC
Veradores: (11)
PDC - Antônio Pires de Almeida, Francisco Abibo, Francisco Rojas, João Esquerdo, João Gastardelli, Osvaldo Teixeira Lopes, Walter Castelucci.
PSP-PTN-PSD - José Lisboa Sobrinho, Lauro Maurino, Cláudio Moraes, Sérgio Bettiol.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 4.972

PORTO FERREIRA

Prefeito - Joaquim Coelho Filho - PRP
Vice Prefeito - Francisco Peripato - PSB
Veradores: (11)
PSB - Benedito Bitencourt de Andrade, Benedito Sebastião Antonini, Hermínio Machado, Osvaldo da Cunha Leme, Salvador Tomaiolo.
PRP - Joaquim Rangel Filho, Jorge Pedro Assaf Junior, Orindo Francisco de Oliveira.
PDC - Constantino João.
PR - Alzemiro Teixeira.
PSP - Maria Margarida Fermi.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.147

POTIRENDABA

Prefeito - Luiz Antonio Maurício Colombo - UDN
Vice Prefeito - Annibal Roberti - UDN
Veradores: (11)
UDN - Altamiro João Damiano, Alvaro Matos Cunha, Américo Ferrari, Antonio Garcia Dias, Darwin Mantovani, José Afonso Amato, José da Silva, José Mac Donald Amato, Licurgo Malvezzi, Mário Veneziano, Nicolino Casela.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.202

PRADÓPOLIS

Prefeito - Nelson Ometto - PDC
Vice Prefeito - Januário de Souza - PDC
Veradores: (9)
PDC - Agenor Pavan, Dorival Rossi, Geraldo Ferraz, Hugo Lourenço Del Picchia, José Ramos Mesquita, Mauro Teixeira Franco, Orlando Ometto, Otavio Giovannetti, Sérgio Rosseti.
Houve coligação sendo registrados pela legenda do P.D.C.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 441

0125

PTN - Augusto Cezário Garcia Júnior, Augusto Zanferlin, Israel dos Santos Guerra, Joaquim Ribeiro Filho, Naby Assaf.
UDN-PDC - Conrado Belmiro Blanco Vega, Faad José Pedro, José Domingues dos Santos.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 4.937

PIRAJUI

Prefeito - Sérgio Fiza - UDN
Vice Prefeito - Elias Aruth - PDC
Vereadores: (15)
PSP - Agenor Nogueira Ramos, Aziq Tuma, Joaquim Ribeiro Sampaio, Rubens Inforzato.
PTB - Antonio Eurico Pereira Martins, Fausto Franco Filho, Galeno Motta, Persio Borges Leal.
UDN - Lázaro Fenteado Fagundes, Mário Anciutti, Torquato Montalvão.
PDC - Jaime Soares, Oswaldo Marangon.
PTN - Cezar Falavinha, Waldemar Pfeifer.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 5.637

PIRANGI

Prefeito - Octavio Medeiros - UDN
Vice Prefeito - Guido Gambuggi - PDC
Vereadores: (11)
UDN - Americo Sardinha ly Ponte, Euclides Polachini, Ilah Camargo, João Martins Ramos, Joaquim Manoel Vieira, Sebastiao Vanzato.
PSB - Helio Buck, Luizinho Mestrinalli, Ozor Braga.
PDC - João Teixeira, Lázaro Caceres.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.038

PIRAPORA DO BOM JESUS

Prefeito - Antonio dos Santos Brito - PDC
Vice Prefeito - Novolal Mimoto - PDC
Vereadores: (9)
PDC - Benedito de Ramos, Honório José de Brito, João Bucci.
PSP - Argeu Moraes Missé, Guerino Merli, Ubaldo Cesar Lolli.
PTN - Líbio Torrezan, José Bucci, Paulo de Arruda Baccarat.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 752

PIRASSUNUNGA

Prefeito - Lauro Pozzi - PDC-PTN
Vice Prefeito - Fausto Vitorelli - PDC-PTN
Vereadores: (15)
PDC - Fausto Faggion, Jorge Devitte, José Francisco Ribeiro, José de Oliveira Costa, Laurindo Cellin.
PSP - Angelico Berretta, Anthero Boller de Souza, Olympio Guiguer, Palmiro Steola.
PRT - Alzire Pozzi, Elias Mansur, Francisco Domingos.
PTN - Ivo Xavier Ferreira, João Aggio Neto, Oswaldo Orselini.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 5.659

PIRATININGA

Prefeito - Firmino Silveira Franco - PDC
Vice Prefeito - Olimpio José Theodoro - PSP
Vereadores: (11)
UDN-PTN-PTB - Aguilmar Cardoso Franco, Antonio Dias Soares, Eugenio Verones, Jovercy Fabbro, Wilson Mario dos Santos.
PDC - Maximiano Gonçalves da Silva, Munif Hallim Farha, Olimpio Fernandes.
PSP - Antonio Ferreira do Espirito Santo, Argemiro Fernandes, José Manuel Alvares Rodrigues.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.233

PITANGUEIRAS

Prefeito - Elpidio Marchesi - PSD
Vice Prefeito - José de Falcão - PTN
Vereadores: (11)
PTN - Antonio Carlos Cristiano, Benedito Nazareno, João Gonçalves Lordello, Oswaldo Bergamasco, Vicente Sprone Filho.
PSP - Carlos Clemente, Gabriel Sicchieri, Manoel Pereira Pires, Sebastião Dutra.
PSD - Arsilio Fernandes, Silvio Fuccinalli.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.618

POMPEIA

Prefeito - Florentino Favoreto - PSD
Vice Prefeito - Marcilio de Jesus Siena - PSP
Vereadores: (15)
PSD - Artur Rotoli, Carmelino José Dalsenter, Durval de Carvalho e Silva, Francisco de Princi, Manoel Gracia Scler, Nestor de Barros, Yasuhiko Endo.
PTB - Francisco Farra Valderrama, José Gonzaga da Silva Neto, Sérgio Francisco Barguil, Zacarias Teles de Oliveira.

Vereadores: (15)

UDN-PDC-PSB - Angelo Paz da Silva, Benedito Marcondes França, Carlos Goffi Goulart, Francisco Piorino Filho, João Antônio Salgado Neto, Jofre Alves Fourquim, Jorge Bargas Mathias, Lloyd Figueiredo Pereira Rocha, Tulio Campello de Souza.
PSP - PTN-PTB-PSB - Anibal Leite de Abreu, Antonio Leopoldi, Arlindo Paim, Francisco Romano de Oliveira, Paulo Emilio D'Alessandro.
PR - Alfredo Molinari.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 7.469

PINDORAMA

Prefeito - José Guardia - PTN-PSP-PTB
Vice Prefeito - Sergio Luiz Perosa - PTN-PSP-PTB
Vereadores: (11)

PDC-PSB-UDN - Antonio Betini Netto, Ary Attab, Attilio Busnardo, Elísio Busnardo, Jorge Miguel Attab, José Fecchi.
PTN-PSP-PTB - Aristides Godas, Carlos Camargo Lourenço, Luiz Ortega Fernandes, Manoel Guardia de Amo, Raul de Almeida.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.832

PINHAL

Prefeito - Antonio Costa - PSP-PSB-PDC-PRT
Vice Prefeito - Glauco Baldassari Mandadori - PSP-PSB-PDC-PRT
Vereadores: (15)

PSP - Abílio Pinheiro, José Antonio Coimbra Filho, José Felipe Vuolo, Nilton Bernardino Farias.
PR - Atílio Giardini, Silviano Lda Motta, Walter F. Ferreira da Silva.
PSB - Antonio Medeiros Batista, Célio P. Fernandes, Hélio Vergueiro Leite.
UDN - Antonio Carlos Marinelli, Mauro Del Guerra, Romildo Miranda.
PDC - Adélio D'Arcadia, Agenor Agostinho Feigo.
Comparecimento de eleitores - ...

PIQUETE

Prefeito - Luiz Vieira Soares - PL-PR-PSP-UDN
Vice Prefeito - Cristiano Alves da Rosa - PL-PR-PSP-UDN
Vereadores: (11)

PDC - Geraldo Ferreira Pinto, Jacob Meyer Junior, Paulo R. Aguiar.
PR - Antônio Brasilino, José Gomes de Siqueira, Norival Crispim de Castro.
PL - Aleny Oswaldo Soares, Raimundo P. Maduro.
PSP - Gabriel Benício Nunes, José A. Castro Ferreira.
PTN - Diocesano Ramos da Silva.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.396

PIRACATA

Prefeito - Alziro Brandão - PL
Vice Prefeito - Manoel Bueno - UDN-PR
Vereadores: (11)

PR - Benedito Gonçalves Filho, Clovis Bueno, João de Moraes Goes, Sebastião Antonio da Silva, Silvino Júlio Guimarães Neto, Jonas Vieira da Silva.
PL - Autharis Ostini, José Ayres, Raimundo Custodio Pinto, Sebastião Cunha.
UDN - João Ferreira Barbosa.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.750

PIRACIGABA

Prefeito - Francisco Salgot Castillon - UDN-PSB
Vice Prefeito - João Batista Viazoli - PSP
Vereadores: (21)

UDN - Armando Piselli, Eugênio Botens, Manoel Rodrigues Lourenço, Pedro Bortoloto, Sebastião Rodrigues Pinto.
PDC - Antonio Fidelis, Francisco Antonio Coelho, Maria Benedita Fenezzi.
PRP - José Eduardo Medeiros de Carvalho, Mario Stolf, Sidane Antonio Sturion.
PSB - Artur Domingues da Mota, Jaime Cunha Caldeira, Silvio de Gilos.
PSD - Alcides Fernazier, Antonio Stolf, Oscar Manoel Schiavon.
PTE - Jorge Antonio Angeli, Jorge Moisés.
PTN - Emilio Sebe, Geraldo Carvalhães Bastos.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 22.124

PIRAJU

Prefeito - Angelo Dell'Agnello Sobrinho - PSP
Vice Prefeito - Antonio Cezário Garcia - PTN
Vereadores: (13)

PSP - Claudio Dardes, Florentino Dognani, Joaquim O. Silveira Camargo, José Alves da Silva, Miguel Mário Napolitano.

FEDREIRA

Prefeito - Humberto Fiva - PTN

Vice Prefeito - Osvaldo Teixeira de Magalhães - PTN

Vereadores: (11)

PTN - Adolfo Lenzi, Amadeu Canesso, Gerson Ornelas de Avila, José Braga da Silva, Mario Geronias, Osvaldo Bonetto, Renato Bacci.

PDC - Aírton Amaral Gonçalves, João Ferreira, José Nazareno Oazi, Lázaro Alves de Oliveira.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.537

PENAFOLIS

Prefeito - Nagib Sabino - PR

Vice Prefeito - Orlando Christotomo de Oliveira - PR

Vereadores: (15)

PR - Adherbal Antonio de Oliveira, Benone Soares de Queiroz, João Casella, Jorge Abdo Sabino, Mario Sabino.

PTB - Antonio Alves Penteado, Benedito Falleiros, José Xavier de Oliveira, Leor - mendo Anhegine, Ramalho Franco.

PSE - Dirceu Gastão dos S. Peters, Socrates Makrakis.

PL - Lauro Ferraz de Carvalho.

FSP - Kamil Rahal.

PTN - Armando Elio Franceschini,

Comparecimento de eleitores - 5.465

PEREIRA BARRETO

Prefeito - Giro Maia - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Demival Franceschi - PDC

Vereadores: (13)

PSP-PTN - Aloisio F. Batista Barreto, José Honda, José Saldanha da Rosa, Osvaldo Thereza, Santo Canevari, Takeo Siguemoto.

PDC - Benedito de Oliveira, Dorival de Assis Gomes, João S. de Souza, Milhem C. Farhat, Wilson Garcia.

PSB - João Batista de Oliveira, José Maria Toledo.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.648

PEREIRAS

Prefeito - Joaquim Silveira Leite - PSB

Vice Prefeito - José Gica da Paz - PSB

Vereadores: (9)

PSB - Antônio Felli, Argemiro da Silva Marques, Egildo Pasqualucci, Humberto Fra letti, José Sperândio, José Vieira de Campos, Natalino Craspi, Pedro de Mora es Toledo, Pedro Pereira.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.100

PERUITIM

Prefeito - Geraldo Russomano - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Albano Ferreira - PDC

Vereadores: (9)

PDC - Afonso Morsch, Benedito Marcondes Sodré, Bernardino Ataúlo, Décio Chaves Luna, João Beshir, Noel Antonio Rosa, Pedro Sabino.

PTN - Adolfo Hamashiro, Alessio Lacerda.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 498

PIEDADE

Prefeito - Antonio Augusto da Silva Filho - PRT

Vice Prefeito - Benedito Cicero Rosa - PTN-PTB

Vereadores: (13)

UDN - Agenor Soares da Silva, Alvim Tardelli, Benedito C. Ayres de Camargo, Eurico Cerqueira Cesar, Jorge Shimizu, Ovidio Pereira Domingues, Ruy de Camargo Ayres.

FSP - Abilio Pereira da Silva, Juracy Rosa Soares, Roberto Rolim da Silva.

PTB - Anibal Fucetti, Jorge Lian, Wilson de Souza Lopes.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.908

PILAR DO SUL

Prefeito - Gabriel Válio - UDN

Vice Prefeito - Antônio Lacerda - UDN

Vereadores: (9)

UDN - Antônio Batista de Frença, Francisco Domingos D'Avila, José Maria de Carvalho, Paulo Nunes de Frença.

PDC - Jovino Gomes Ribeiro, Odilon Jordão, Roque Takahashi.

FSP - Pedro Batista, Roldão Castanho Trindade.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.235

PINDORAMA

Prefeito - Manoel Cesar Ribeiro - UDN-PDC-PSB

Vice Prefeito - José Prates da Fonseca - UDN-PDC-PSB

0122

PDC - Antônio Antunes David, Jaime Domingues da Silva, João Amado, Moacir de Souza Poca, Nicanor de Camargo Neves.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.973

PARANAPANEMA

Prefeito - Joaquim Ferreira - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Rui Domingues de Araujo - PDC

Veradores: (9)

PDC - Adão Ferreira de Albuquerque, Ademar Domingues de Araújo, Antenor de Souza, João Domingues de Oliveira, Lázaro Theodoro Menck.

UDN - Benedito Camargo Sales, Francisco Pereira Mello, Wilson Franco, Zacharias Augusto Pereira.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.039

PARAPUÁ

Prefeito - José Morales Agudo - PDC-PTN

Vice Prefeito - Lauro Franco - PDC-PTN

Veradores: (11)

PTN - José Maria Camargo, Oséas Teixeira da Silva, Raul Casseb, Salvador Rafael Ricco.

UDN-PSP-PR-Francisco Chagas, Franklin Ramirez, Lahib Jorge José, Schiti Hara.

PDC - Antônio Bolsoni, João Amigo Martins, Thomas Perez Fernandes.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.830

PARDINHO

Prefeito - Amâncio da Rocha Camargo - PSP

Vice Prefeito - João Coruli - PSP

Veradores: (9)

PSP - Benedito Brasilio, Benedito Rossi, Faustino S. Leitão, Gentil Nery, Oscar Eziquel, Rafael Rodrigues.

PTN - Hildário Viver, Renato Pauleti.

PSD - Procópio Pinto de Carvalho

Comparecimento de eleitores - 593

PATROCÍNIO PAULISTA

Prefeito - Ederval José dos Reis - UDN

Vice Prefeito - Custódio Faleiros do Nascimento - PSD

Veradores: (9)

UDN - Agostinho D'Aro de Barros, Antonio Goulart de Andrade, Carlos Nunes Monteiro, Cláudio do Couto Rosa, Cristóvam Barcellos.

PSP - Eros Bertelli, Hélio Garcia Lopes, Saul de Andrade Lopes.

PSD - Hudson Carlos Faleiros.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.526

PAULO DE FÁRIA

Prefeito - Queid Tufale Huxiam - PSB-PSP

Vice Prefeito - Antonio Azeredo Pontes - PSB-PSP

Veradores: (11)

PTN - Alvaro Cavalheiro da Silva, Antonio Eduardo da Silveira, Geraldo Roberto de Queiroz, Paulo Ruiz de Almeida, Silvio de Mello.

PSP - Alceu Kfourl, Jovino de Paula Pacheco, Sebastião Alves de Menezes, Teófilo Ribeiro Pontes.

PSB - Waterloo Luiz da Costa, Alceu Ribeiro da Silveira.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.226

FEDERNEIRAS

Prefeito - Antônio Guerri - PTN

Vice Prefeito - José Reis Pereira - PTN

Veradores: (13)

PTN - Antonio Fernando Minguilli, Miguel Barbado, Pedro Lopes Torres, Orlinto Arantes Pereira.

PDC - Alberto Clementino Moreira, Orlando Spoliante, Michel Neme.

PSB-PR-UDN - Durval Arantes Pereira, Elias Simão, João Dela Coleta.

PSP - João Moscatelli, José Luiz Pinheiro, Ulisses Figueira.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 5.369

PEDREGULHO

Prefeito - Paulo de Castro Corrêa - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Joaquim Barbosa Lima - UDN

Veradores: (11)

UDN - Antônio Odilon Diniz, Jerônimo Venâncio Bispo, José Gonçalves Dias, Mafaldo Jacobini, Osler Barbosa Biasoli, Sebastião Tomaz de Aquino.

PSP - Antuani Jorge Said, Iraci Biasoli, Itamar B. Lopes, José T. da Silva, Mário Cigtra Coelho.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.335

0121

PDC - Alceu Rubens Morandini, Arlindo Morandini, Idelvar Pereira.
PR - Abel Cabral.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.598

OSVALDO CRUZ

Prefeito - Osvaldo Martins - PTN-PR
Vice Prefeito - Sylvio Vasques Calçada - PTN-PR
Vereadores: (15)

PTN-PR - Henrique Conca, Herminio Elorza, João Nagano, José Carmona Morales, Lourival Ferreira Caldas, Rafael Dóscio Filho.
PDC-PSD - Arthur Verri, Celso Mazzoni, Gino Kuniyosi, José Alvaronga, Orlando Baggio.
UDN - Alípio Silvério de Oliveira, Félix Matta, Oliveiros Valin,
PSF - José João de Aquino.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 5.890

OURINHOS

Prefeito - Antônio Luiz Ferreira - PDC-UDN
Vice Prefeito - Norival Vieira da Silva - PDC-UDN
Vereadores: (15)

PDC - Esperidino Gury, João Newton Cesar, Lauro Migliari, Sadao Suzuki.
PRP - Alfredo de Almeida Fessa, Felismino Vieira, Oriente Mori.
UDN - Cassio Cesar de Camargo, Hélio Silva, Salvador Fernandes.
PTE - Alvaro Ribeiro de Moraes, Dirceu Custódio.
PTN - Augustin Sangali Breve, Paris Salim Freua.
PSF - José Maria Paschoalick.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 6.422

PALESTINA

Prefeito - Bento Miguel Gomes Ferraz - PDC
Vice Prefeito - Cândido Barbosa Filho - PDC
Vereadores: (11)

PDC - Alcides José Soares, Antônio Moreira da Silva, Francisco Bissoli, Jorge Manoel Garcia, Vergilio Maioli, Wilson Lelis.
PTN - Antônio Albino da Silva, Castano Garbin, Deraldino José Soares, Francisco de Carvalho Filho, Oswaldo Sonego.
Comparecimento de eleitores - ...

PALMEIRA D'OESTE

Prefeito - Manoel Pantaleão - UDN-PDC-PSF-PSD
Vice Prefeito - Francisco Garcia Otarcia - PSP
Vereadores: (9)

PDC - Agostinho Bulzico, Antonio Fredi, Bráulio M. Gonçalves, Hitoshi Yamamura.
PSF - Joaquim de Oliveira, Jonas Gomes de Menezes, Kunio Adati, Otaviano Ribeiro.
UDN - Manoel da Silva.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.106

PALMITAL

Prefeito - Waldyr Faro - PSP-PDC
Vice Prefeito - Eduardo Garcia da Silveira - PSP-PDC
Vereadores: (13)

PR-UDN - Benedito Eugenio da Silva, Feres Canahan Tanus, Fuade Haddad, José Vasconcelos Leite, Manoel Leão Rego, Manoel Messias Neto.
PDC - Filomeno Leone, José Florencio Dias, José Pasquarelli, Udine Ramiro.
PSF - Arnaldo Valente, João Gero de Góis Lima, Octavio Taques de Oliveira.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.739

PARAGUACU PAULISTA

Prefeito - Benedito Benício - PSD
Vice Prefeito - José de Castro - UDN
Vereadores: (15)

PSD - Djalma Faria de Novaes, João Vicente de Campos, Luiz Silveira da Penna, Mozart Barbosa de Carvalho, Waldemar R. Silva.
PRT - Edmundo Couto, João J. Rosa, José Maria Deliberador, Victor Labate.
PR - Jaime Monteiro, Luiz Milton Vedovati, Manoel A. de Souza.
UDN - Emiliano Vieira de Carvalho, Shiguen Yonashiro.
PDC - Massaro Nagamatsu.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 4.331

PARATUNA

Prefeito - José Osias Calazans de Araújo - PDC
Vice Prefeito - Joaquim Alves de Oliveira - PDC
Vereadores: (11)

PR-PSF - Alcides Alves Pereira, Antônio Nogueira Santos, Henrique Cabral Guedes, José Ribeiro dos Santos, Lauro Vieira Gonçalves, Máximo M. dos Santos França

0 120

PDC - Ataíde Gomes, Elizeu Magnusson, Romeu Fraschetti.
PTN - Artur Rodrigues Azenha, Geraldo de Oliveira, Reinaldo de Alencar Maluf.
UDN - Linaldo Lieknig.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.679

NOVO HORIZONTE

Prefeito - Euclides Cardoso Castilho - PDC-PTB-PTN
Vice Prefeito - Gino de Biasi Filho - PDC-PTB-PTN

Vereadores: (15)

PDC-PTB-PTN - Carlos Magagnini, Chafik Massud Haddad, Clóvis de Moraes, Guilherme Rodrigues Sanches, Hugo Barbieri, Jamil Jacob, João Mansur, José J. Borges Netto, Lourival Alonso, Luiz Doro, Salvador Delatoni, Trajano Roque.
UDN - Elísio de Castilho Fonseca, José Alves de Oliveira, Mário Teixeira de Lima.
Comparecimento de eleitores - ...

MUPORANGA

Prefeito - Antônio Silva Melo - UDN-PSP
Vice Prefeito - Waldir Canavari - UDN-PSP

Vereadores: (11)

PSP - Antônio Aleixo Sobrinho, Antônio de Oliveira Mafra, Antônio Ferreira Viana, Fábio Soanavez, José Mei Filho, Luiz Janolio, Marino Peruzzi.
UDN - Anésio Bianchini, Isalino Bonato, José Uria de Oliveira, José Valdo de Castro.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 962

OCAUCU

Prefeito - Mário Colombo - UDN-PSP
Vice Prefeito - José Marcondes Freire - UDN-PSP

Vereadores: (9)

PR - Alziro Furlan, Celso Vicençone, Olineto Ferreira Pass,
PSP - André Menegucci Neto, Elídio Bráulio de Menezes, Francisco Gomes Arantes.
UDN - Benedito Casagrande, José Moraes Barbosa, Victor Antônio La Selva.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.037

ÓLEO

Prefeito - Salustiano Marques do Valle - UDN
Vice Prefeito - Affonso Garcia - PSD

Vereadores: (9)

UDN - Antônio Cacchoni, Antonio Marcos Hernandez, Jaci Nunes de Siqueira, João Batista Romualdo, Sebastião Lucio Netto.
PSP - Alcides Francisco da Silva, Francisco Forteza, José Francisco de Moraes.
PDC - Paulo Alfredo Passarelli.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.378

OLÍMPIA

Prefeito - Wilquem Manoel Neves - PSB
Vice Prefeito - Orlando Galetti - PSB

Vereadores: (15)

PSB - Egidio Giaccia, Florencio Forti, Guilherme Loureiro, Niceu Alves Pereira, Osvaldo da Silva Mello.
PSP - Afonso Lopes Ferraz, Angelo Ittavo, José Ferreira de Oliveira, Luiz Salata Neto.
PDC - Francisco Bernardes Ferreira, José Constantino Ferratto, Walter Maziotti.
PTN - Alvaro Britto, Osvaldo Ruiz, Pedro Antunes Ferreira.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 8.336

ORIENTE

Prefeito - Lázaro Findaro Figueiredo - UDN-PDC
Vice Prefeito - Domingos Ferreira Prado - UDN-PDC

Vereadores: (11)

PSP - Amil Chedid, Carlos Lopes, Joaquim Jozué S. Santos, Mick Carter Moris,
UDN-PDC - Antônio Lorente, Haruitsi Matgubara, Mário Sabbag, Nilo B. Figueiredo.
PRP-PTN - Benedito de Oliveira, José Eleutério Pupo, Waldemar Lorenzini.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.561

ORLÂNDIA

Prefeito - Pedro Tassinari Filho - PTN-PSP-PDC
Vice Prefeito - Aparecido de Assis - PTN-PSP-PDC

Vereadores: (13)

PTN - Aziz Abrahão, Geraldo Leite de Moraes, Júlio Bucco, Pedro Bordin Neto, Pedro Bordin Neto.
PSP - Cyro Armando Catta Preta, José O. Galvão Junqueira, José Vieira, Sebastião Miele.

des de Castro.
PDC - Joao Nicolau Pereira de Barros, Orlando Antunes, Pedro Cascaldi, Rui de Mel
lo, Urbano Lopes Franca
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.047

NAZARE PAULISTA

Prefeito - Francisco Pinheiro - PSD
Vice Prefeito - Estanislau G. Pinheiro - PDC-UDN
Vereadores: (11)
PSD - Benedito Carvalho Sobrinho, Benedito Claudio Pinheiro, Benedito Pinheiro
da Cunha, Joao Batista Pinheiro, Luiz Pinheiro de Souza, Manoel Alonso Almen
dra, Rafael Rodrigues dos Santos.
PDC - Joao Ramos, José Verissimo de Moraes.
UDN - Antonio Ramos, Luiz Gonzaga Pinheiro.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.151

NEVES PAULISTA

Prefeito - Olavo Fleury - PDC-UDN-PSF
Vice Prefeito - Antonio Bogaz - PDC-UDN-PSF
Vereadores: (11)
PDC-UDN-PSF - Antonio Luiz Figueiredo, Ignacio Vasques, Joao Negrilli, Joao Noguei
ra, Joaquim Suzano, Felagrino Bilachi.
PRP - Diogo Romero Ramires, Joao de Jesus, Mathias Chanes Gasquel, Paschoal Sgarbi,
Roque Botoni.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.942

NHANDEARA

Prefeito - Mauro Abbas Casseb - PSD-PTB-PSF-UDN
Vice Prefeito - Antonio Bento de Oliveira - PDC-PTN
Vereadores: (13)
PSF - Alcides Alves de Lima, Demosthenes Alves Pereira, Joaquim Belchior da Silve
ra, Wilson da Cruz.
PDC - Antonio de Paula Peres, Octaviano Cardoso Filho, Santo Poltronieri.
PTN - Higino Fávoro, Pedro Rodante, Simão José da Silveira.
PSD - Saad Abib, Cândido Ferreira Duarte Filho.
PTB - Tranquilo Galavotti.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.652

NOVA ALIANÇA

Prefeito - Chicrala Boulos - PTN
Vice Prefeito - Liberato Coccena - PTN
Vereadores: (11)
PTN - Abdo Alruth, Benedito Soares Dias, Bento Inocêncio do Amaral, Enoch Braz de
Mendonça, Geraldo Patini, José Coseto, Valdemar Amorim, Valdemar Pala.
PDC - Leonardo Alves, Natal Molinari, Pedro Santo Albarello.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.129

NOVA GRANADA

Prefeito - Felix de Lima Figueiredo - PDC
Vice Prefeito - Antonio de Souza Barbeiro - PDC
Vereadores: (13)
PDC - Antonio Navarro Couto, Carlos Aurélio Mota de Souza, Esmeraldino da Silva,
Marcolino de Oliveira, Mário Secchas, Salustiano Pereira de Almeida, Ulysses
Simões de Oliveira.
PSF - Felício Milhim, Francisco Catanoca, João Baptista Silva, Joao Sanches Rose -
lhães Júnior, José Prates, Miguel Mansor.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.346

NOVA GUATAPORANGA

Prefeito - Gervásio Fernandes Cunha - PTN
Vice Prefeito - Ricardo Pires Ramos - PTN
Vereadores: (9)
PTN - Antonio Paçola, Castano Romanini, Gabriel Lima Dourado, Joao Junqueira de Sou
za, João Rosa.
PDC - Gercino Alves da Rocha, José Américo Zanetti.
PSF - José Balbino de Amorim, Walmiki Barbosa Lima.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 608

NOVA ODESSA

Prefeito - Alexandre Bassora - PSF-PTN-PDC-UDN-PTB
Vice Prefeito - Fernando Freitas Crissiuma - PSF-PTN-PDC-UDN-PTB
Vereadores: (11)
PSF - Arnaldo Jádio Mauerberg, Ferruccio Humberto Gazzetta, Pedro Abel Jankovitz,
Olavo Adorans Sileikis.

Aquino Zorzetto, Bernardo C. Camargo, Décio Mariotoni, Estanislau Dias, Ex.
pedito Silva Ferreira, Humberto Brasi, José Antônio Neto.
PSP - Cyro Bueno, Manoel Martins de Oliveira.
UDN-PTB - Humberto Barros Franco, José Bonel Guerreiro.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 5.088

MONGAGUA

Prefeito - José Cesário Pereira Filho - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Vahan Varaglian - PSP

Vereadores: (9)

PTN - Dina Belli de Araujo, João Batista Dias, João Dias de Oliveira, José Fer
nandes da Silva, Rosalino Alves,
PSP - Antonio Cerri Veiga, Reinaldo Reis.
PDC - José Santino de Sousa.
PTB - Natalino Domingues.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 414

MONTE ALTO

Prefeito - Antônio Mazza - PSD-PDC-UDN-PSP-PSB-PTN

Vice Prefeito - Silvio Serafim - PSD-PDC-UDN-PSP-PSB-PTN

Vereadores: (13)

PSP-PSB - Antônio Sudano, Cassio Abrahão, Diogo Simão Filho, José Jesuá V. Rodri
gues, José de Paula Eduardo, Silvio Govoni.
PSD-PDC-UDN - Fioravante J. Canale, Gervasio Gomes Azeredo, Ismail Crescêncio de
Castro, Júlio Raposo do Amaral.
PTN - Acácio de Oliveira Nunes, Nelson Rossi, Orelis Buzeto.

Comparecimento de eleitores - ...

MONTE APRAZIVEL

Prefeito - Geraldo Berardo - PL

Vice Prefeito - Nônio Céléri - PL

Vereadores: (15)

PL-FRP - Edmundo Janini, Frederico Baia, Helio Pelegriani, Jorge Marques Teodosio,
Luiz Paçola, Miguel Arangues Sanchez, Romeu Medeiros, Rubens Mantovani,
PSP - Edgard Mário Soares, Heitor de Souza, Pedro Antonio Maset.
PDC - Armando Costa Netto, Junio Teixeira Carvalho.
PSD-PTB - Elias Chibeba, Hyercílio Eloy Pessoa de Barros Neto.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 4.765

MONTE AZUL PAULISTA

Prefeito - Sylvio Goulart de Faria Filho - PSD

Vice Prefeito - Pedro David - PSD

Vereadores: (11)

PSD - Alberto Degani, Alcides Patrício de Moraes, Ardelino Vidotti, Higinio Fi
oreze, João Fumero, José Bolzan Netto, Mário Camozzi, Nelson Roncaglia.
PTN - Aparício dos Santos, Paulo Gurjon, Sebastião Baraldi.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.106

MONTE MÓR

Prefeito - Elias Mascud - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Antônio Gonçalves Neto - PDC

Vereadores: (11)

PDC - Benedito Mateus Filho, Carlos Luiz Stefno, Francisco Lucas, Fued Maluf,
João Benedito Aguirre, José Ross Mateus, Lauro Alves Pereira, Moacir Fol
queti, Onofre Baldioti, Flínio Cavalcanti Albuquerque, Rubens Hadad.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.992

MORRO AGUDO

Prefeito - Celso Torquato Junqueira - UDN-PDC

Vice Prefeito - Oswaldo Alves de Oliveira - UDN-PDC

Vereadores: (11)

PSD-PTB - Benedito Pereira de Oliveira, José Garcia, Nelson Tormena, Waldemar
Garcia.
UDN - Antônio Manoel de Assis, Celso Rosalino, Gutemberg Prado Santos, José Ben
to de Carvalho Dias.
FRP - João Ferrato, Manoel João de Souza.
PDC - Paulo Nogueira.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.831

NATIVIDADE DA SERRA

Prefeito - José Pereira de Castro - PDC

Vice Prefeito - José Fernandes da Silva - UDN

Vereadores: (11)

PSP - Benedito Fernandes de Castro, Benedito Pinto dos Santos, José de Oliveira
Santos, José Vicente Pinto, Octacílio Fernandes da Silva, Sebastião Fernan

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Vice Prefeito - Aparecido Cabrini - PL

Veradores: (13)

PSP-PSD-UDN - Alcides Faleiros, Arnaldo Rodrigues Eid, Nelson Juraceque, Saverio Tramonte, Tooru Kamigo.

PDC - Alcides Gomes Rabelo, Antônio Sanvito, Lourenço Marcos Fernandes, Orlando Justino Daquino.

PL - Altino Lorena Machado, Gabriel Sécoto Ruiz.

PTN - Alcino Nogueira de Syllos, José Fiernas.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.512

MIRASSOL

Prefeito - Leopoldo Gotardi - PSD

Vice Prefeito - Djalma Rubens Lofrano - PDC

Veradores: (15)

PDC - Cristovam Ibernem, Eclair Ramos Sampaio, José Madi, Maria Luiza Prado Alves.

PSD - Amílho Berto, Américo Setto, José Emygdio de Faria, José Ricci.

PTN - Alfredo Blundi, Benecio Mendonça de Melo, Iris Bazetti, Nascer Abdo Dalul.

UDN - Elias Thomé, Emilio Abdo José Nunes, José Maria de Campos Maia.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 4.076

MIRASSOLÂNDIA

Prefeito - Francisco Broisler - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Sebastião da Silva Bastos - PDC

Veradores: (9)

PDC - Adélio Vessani, Aldemir Almeida Brito, Antonio Lima, José Cardoso S. Pondé Filho, Mário Vacari Texeira, Sebastião Marouas da Silva.

PTN - Alviador Tridico, Arnaldo Romano, Eugênio Veloni Ponchio.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 741

MOÇA

Prefeito - José André de Lima - PSD

Vice Prefeito - Christovam Lima Guedes - PSD

Veradores: (15)

PSD - Carlos Lima Dias, Clóvis Gonçalves Dias, Edgard de Freitas, Francisco Ala or Iório, Geraldo Costal Pecin, Guilherme Brisighelo, Jacintho Pisani.

PSP - Antônio Carlos de Abreu, Clóvis Marques Dias, Levindo Ferreira Pinto, Paulo Rezende de Carvalho.

PDC - Augusto Amatto, Nelson Nêro.

PR - Aloysio Taliberti, Luciano Marchese.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 5.304

MOGI DAS CRUZES

Prefeito - Rodolpho Jungers - PSD

Vice Prefeito - Maurílio de Souza Leite - PSD

Veradores: (19)

PTN - Carlos Ferreira Alves, Fernão Guedes, Oswaldo Regino, Roberto Nobuo Sato, Toshio Kitahara.

PDC - Aldo Raso, Alfredo Salvador Grisaro, Farjalla Zacharias, Mauricio Nagib Najjar.

PSP-PRP - Carlos Alberto Auerback, Jacob Lopes, Sergio Moreti.

PSE - Ivan Siqueira, Walter Monteiro de Castro.

PSD - Jaime Antonio de Souza, Nescalar Faria Guimarães.

PTB - Afrodizio Witzel, José Alves.

PL - José de Moura Santos

Comparecimento de eleitores - 18.008

MOGI GUACU

Prefeito - Altino Martini - PTB-PDC-PSP-PSD-UDN

Vice Prefeito - Antônio G. Lanzi - PTB-PDC-PSP-PSD-UDN

Veradores: (11)

UDN - Cid Chiarelli, José Sebastião Martini, Nelson da Silva Albino, Reclus Gerbi, Vergílio Caveanha, Vicente Ortiz de Campos.

PSP - Antônio Giovanni Lanzi, Antônio Xavier de Campos, Euro Albino de Souza, Victor Bueno.

PSD - Wilson Chioratto.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.678

MOGI MIRIM

Prefeito - Luiz Franklin Silva - PDC

Vice Prefeito - João Avancini - PDC

Veradores: (15)

PDC - Adh Chaib, Antenor Gurjão Campos, Antônio Morari, Antônio Roberto Costa,

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Vice Prefeito - Theodomiro Viana de Freitas - PTB-PTN

Veredores: (15)

PSP-PR - Arlindo de Oliveira, Francisco Olavo de Souza, Geraldo Porto, Jacinto Fialho de Brito, Orlando Franco de Godoy, Thomas Gouveia.
 PSD - Antonio Alves Maia, Joaquim Honório, José Paschoal, Ocilom de Andrade A
 rrales.
 PDC - Firmo Ferreira de Neves, Osmar Teixeira Serra.
 PTB-PTN - Antonio Salim Sarkis, Nelson Pereira de Almeida.
 PRT - Paulo Longo.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - ...

MATÃO

Prefeito - Antonio Natalino Artimonte - PRP

Vice Prefeito - Armando Bambozzi - PRP

Veredores: (13)

PRP - Donato Antonio Caropreso, Ermelindo Rossi, Geraldo Monazzi, Jorge Cecche
 tto, Newton de Azevedo Gaivano.
 PR - José Tortorello, Luiz Américo, Luiz Falconi, Luiz Olinto Tortorello.
 PL - José Edson Franco, Rubens Ambrozio Bottura.
 PTN - Américo Parisi, Augusto Ferreira.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.477

MENDONÇA

Prefeito - Justiniano Rodrigues de Carvalho - PSD-PDC

Vice Prefeito - Ernesto Santinello - PSD-PDC

Veredores: (9)

PTN - Adherbal Abrão dos Santos, Assis Fernandes de Abreu, José Osvaldo Ber-
 gamo, Ludovico Galarotti.
 PDC - Alvaro Ferreira, Ettore Tagliari, Florio Fumes.
 PSD - Alfeu José do Carmo, Silverino Basote.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 593

MERIDIANO

Prefeito - Donato Marcelo Balbo - PDC-PSP

Vice Prefeito - Alderizi Zapparoli - PDC-PSP

Veredores: (9)

PDC - Antonio Ferreira Fontes, Elizeu Antonio Bueno, Fernando Morandin, Luiz
 Silverio Quadrelli, Raul Sossio Terra.
 PSP - Antonio Pereira Filho, Carlos Eugenio Masson, Luiz Rizzato, Orlando Riz-
 zato.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 379

MIGUELÓPOLIS

Prefeito - José Antônio da Silva Junior - UDN-PSB-PDC

Vice Prefeito - Geraldo de Paula Tosta - PDC-PSB-UDN

Veredores: (11)

UDN - Miguel Jorge, Moisés Jued, Norival Peraro, Pedro Cristino Neto, Romeu Bag-
 bossa de Freitas.
 PDC - Jacintho Fukuta Kotaro, João Gualberto Nogueira, Nicanor Batista, Silvio
 Humberto de Rezende.
 PSD - Miguel Barbosa de Oliveira, Orlando Guitarrari Moreira,
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.658

MINIÉROS DO TIETE

Prefeito - Carlos Alves Mamade - PDC-UDN

Vice Prefeito - Fermino Rizzo - PDC-UDN

Veredores: (9)

PDC - Arcílio Perassolo, José Ciro Chiaromonte, José Figueiredo, Orestes Basso.
 PSP - Antônio Teixeira Sobrinho, Mário Paes Moreira, Pedro de Oliveira Bran-
 dão, Vicente Napolitano.
 UDN - Joaquim Morales
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.179

MIRACATU

Prefeito - Paulo de Castro Oliveira - PTN-PDC

Vice Prefeito - Takasigue Yamafugufi - PTN-PDC

Veredores: (11)

PDC - Aldo Zangarini, Alfredo Thiotonio dos Passos, Edgar Georg Theodor Reitz,
 José Plácido de Carvalho, Seijo Onaga, Wilson Coffani.
 PTN - Gentil Ribeiro, Paulo Kamia, Sizai Toma.
 PSP - Flavio Xavier Gonçalves, Roberto Francisco Kruszinski.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.139

MIRANDÓPOLIS

Prefeito - Geraldo Silva Braga - PDC-PL

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PSP - Arlindo Eiras, João Ramos Moreira, Luiz dos Santos Lima
Comparecimento de eleitores - 739

MACATUBA

Prefeito: Carlos Damascena e Souza - PDC-UDN-FSD
Vice Prefeito: Armando Venâncio Feres - PDC-UDN-PSD

Vereadores: (11)

PDC-UDN-FSD - Antônio Basso, Antônio Gonçalves da Silva, Francisco Alves Nunes,
Noêmio Foltran, Sebastião Daré.

PSP - Arlindo Batista Artioli, Elpidio Rossini, Fernando Valezi, João Batista Pi
mentel Netto.

PTN - João Batista Cavallari, Oger Medola.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.233

MATRINQUE

Prefeito - Argemauto Ortoloni - PTN-PDC-FR
Vice Prefeito - José Francisco dos Santos - PDC-FR-PTN

Vereadores: (11)

PDC-FR - Ataliba da Silva, João Chesini, João Lucas Ferreira, José Angelino, Or-
lando Silva, Raul Cavallheiro.

PSP - Luiz Zapparolli, Severino Simões de Almeida, Waldemar Pereira.

PRT - Antonio Cezar Neto.

PSD - Abel Souto.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.760

MATRIPORÃ

Prefeito - Francisco Feliciano Ferreira da Silva Filho - UDN
Vice Prefeito - Jorge Salomão Chama - UDN

Vereadores: (11)

FR - Francisco Pinto, Luiz Salomão Chama, Rubens Boni, Tadafumi Harada,

PDC - Florencio Pereira, Francisco Pereira Brandão, José Eurico Pappalardo.

PTN - Euripedes de Oliveira, Lamartine Albuquerque Passarella.

UDN - Aristeu Caetano, João Rodrigues da Cunha.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.825

MANDURU

Prefeito - Miguel Marvullo - PSP
Vice Prefeito - Orlando Tozoni - PSP

Vereadores: (11)

UDN - Izidoro Achille Costa, José Marchetti, Taaso de Freitas Barros, Zoroastro
Alves

PSP - Antonio Marvullo, Manoel Antonio Justo, Sidney Viana.

PTN - Arnaldo Geraldo Bona, Olintho José Barreiros, Olívio Nicoletti.

PTN - Angelo Durante Filho.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.083

MARACÁ

Prefeito - Douglas Siqueira - PTN-PSP
Vice Prefeito - Manoel Ferreira Barbosa - PSP

Vereadores: (13)

PSP - Antonio Agulhon Neto, Durvalino Durigan, Francisco Venâncio Godoy, Gabriel
Zandonadi, Messias Silva Cavallheiro, Orlando Elefari.

PDC - Antonino José de Carvalho, João Abib, Patricia Zandonadi.

PTN - Antenor Eiras, Mansueto Vaceli, Vitorio Dainese.

UDN - Vivaldo Batista de Souza.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.083

MARÍLIA

Prefeito - Octávio Barreto Prado - PSP
Vice Prefeito - Miguel de Souza e Silva - PTB

Vereadores: (21)

UDN - Galdino Alfredo de Almeida Junior, Granadino de Baptista, José Guimarães
Toni, José Vieira da Costa, Lázaro Ramos Novais, Lourenço de Almeida Sene,
Rangel Petraróia, Sebastião Mônico.

PSP-PSD - Antônio Alcalde Fernandes, Durval Sprösser, José Brambilla, Nassib
Cury, Pedro Ortiz da Silva, Shiguetoshi Nakagawa.

PDC - Eulier Ubaldio Guidi, Gumerindo Muniz Sampaio, Hideharu Okagawa, Raul Pi
mazzone.

PTB - Henrique Zapparolli, Honorino Gomes Ribeiro.

PRP - Nicolau Cestala Filho

Comparecimento de eleitores - 16.001

MARTINÓPOLIS

Prefeito - Silvio Genaro - PSP-FR-PTB-PTN

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PRT - Alcides Teresa, João Loureiro, Vitorio Bortolan.
 PSP - Ibrahim Aguiar Barros, Jorge Abdalla, Jurandir da F. de Campos Freire.
 PTE - José Marcelliano da Costa Junior, Waldemir Jorge Schonor, Wandery Fanel-
 li.
 PDC - Antonio Guarino, Paulo Mesquita.
 UDN - Antonio Feres, Oscar Antonio Breda.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - ...

LINS

Prefeito - Gilberto Siqueira Lopes - PDC-PSD

Vice Prefeito - Luiz Noronha - PDC-PSD

Veradores: (19)

PDC-PSD - Bonifácio Urel, Cícero Bernardino de Faria, Cidene Silveira, Fauze
 Kfoury, Geraldo Passini, Ivanildo da Silva Miranda, Joaquim Meira Lessa,
 Luiz Corrêa de Barros.
 UDN - Enoch de Alencar, Geraldo Boaventura da Silva, Joaquim F.C.D. Junqueira.
 Manoel Ovinhas Junior, Sato Toshio.
 PTE - Alcides Ramos Antunes, Geraldo Sato, Nestor De Cunto.
 PSP - Miguel Antonio Zarvos, Sundar de Mello Abreu.
 PTN - Joaquim Rocha.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - ...

LORENA

Prefeito - Braz Pereira de Olivas - PDC-PTB-FRP

Vice Prefeito - Antonio Paulo das Chagas - PDC-PTB-FRP

Veradores: (13)

PSP - Antônio Tissé, Gelson Azeite, Jorge Honório Bezerra de Menezes, Nelson
 Pesciotta, Sebastião Lopes de Araújo.
 PTB - Carlos Edson Chagas, Geraldo de Paula Aquino, José Antunes de Vasconce-
 los Filho, José Oswaldo Barbosa, José Roberto Martins.
 PDC-FRP - Antonio Marcondes Romairo, José Giordani Filho.
 PTN-PSB - João Neri Martons.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - ...

LUCÉLIA

Prefeito - João Garcia Maldonado - PTN-PSD-PDC-PSP

Vice Prefeito - José Delafuria Chiavarelli - PTN-PSD-PDC-PSP

Veradores: (15)

PTN-PSD - Alcides Zago, Antônio Zanelli, Arnaldo Boschi, Carlos Belmonte de Bri-
 to, Tracy Terra, José Firpo, Octávio Francisco da Rocha, Pedro Cabelo da
 Silva.
 UDN - Antônio Ricardino Rossi, Isaac G. Novaes, Luiz B. Camargo, Luiz H. Miyagima.
 PDC - Isidoro Martinelli, Taro Mizutori.
 PSP - José Augusto da Silva.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.325

LUIS ANTÔNIO

Prefeito - Ilídio Pedrosa - PSD-PTN

Vice Prefeito - Otávio Brayn - PSD-PTN

Veradores: (9)

PSD-PTN - Aníbal V. Carneiro de Rezende, Cezar Corsini Darcy Ripamonti, Lúcio Ma-
 nosel de Campos Seabra, Luiz Antonio Junqueira, Mário Barbosa Vilela, Orlan-
 do Rozzati.
 PR - Nelson Sabóia Brito, Oswaldo Penha.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 459

LUSTÂNIA

Prefeito - Itamar Manzati - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Mário Frota Escobar - PDC

Veradores: (9)

PDC - Antônio Tertuliano de Brito, Armando Garcia Marchi, Dionizio Cervigne,
 Josias Bezerra da Silva, Pedro Alves de Lima, Pedro Castano da Silva, Pa-
 dro Nicolau do Carmo, Sidney Bittencourt.
 PSP - Alcides Rosa de Oliveira.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 523

LUTECIA

Prefeito - Jurandir Fiori - PSB

Vice Prefeito - Victor Botteri - PSB

Veradores: (9)

PSB - Alvinio Giroto, Américo Offerri, Antônio Vasconcellos de Carvalho, Gel-
 cio Paulo de Carvalho, José Antônio Rodrigues, Veridiano V. de Siqueira.

JUNDIAÍ

Prefeito - Osmair Zominhani - PRT

Vice Prefeito - Mário de Miranda Chaves - PRT

Vereadores: (19)

PL - Antenor Fonseca, Flávio Ceolin, José Pedro Raimundo, Walmor Barbosa Martins.

PDC - Carlos Franchi, Pedro Ribeiro, Tarcísio Germano de Lemos.

PSB - Antônio Galdino, Carlos Gomes Ribeiro, Waldemar Giarola.

PRT - Antônio Sacramoni, José Pacheco Netto Jr., Nelson Chacra.

UDN - Duílio Garbatti, José Godoy Ferraz, Nelson Figueiredo.

PTB - Alberto da Costa, Eliesser P. de Freitas Rocha.

FRP - Luiz Polli.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 27.534

LARANJAL PAULISTA

Prefeito - João Salto - PSB-PSP-PTN

Vice Prefeito - Said Padel Fadel - PSB-PSP-PTN

Vereadores: (11)

PSB-PSP-PTN - Antônio Belloto, Carlos Beneno, Ercy Moreira, Giovanni Costa, Her melindo Pillon, Luiz Rovai, Orlando Zalla, Osvaldo M. Liberato Pieroni, Paulo Pícolo.

UDN - Benedito Evangelista da Costa, Milton Pires de Arruda.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.474

LAVÍNIA

Prefeito - Carlos Giometti - FDC-PSD

Vice Prefeito - Fernão Pavesi - FDC-PSD

Vereadores: (13)

PSD - Divino Monti, Frederico Giometti, Rubens Franco de Mello, Zacarias Gonfi antini.

PSP - Luiz Nemoto, Nahame Cassab, Octávio Pereira Felício, Roberto S. Dias.

PDC - Eduardo Prudêncio Ribeiro, Olívio Gonfiantini, Osvaldo Oliveira Bonfim.

FRP - Antônio Pereira de Abreu Filho, Nelson Mantovani de Leão.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.587

LAVRINHAS

Prefeito - Joaquim Novais - PSP

Vice Prefeito - Antonio Nilo Ribeiro - PSP

Vereadores: (9)

PSP - Francisco Porroni, Hugo Lemes Varajão, João Ferreira Gouveia Filho, José Sebastião Novais, Sebastião Novais.

PTN - Carlos Giuppone, Darcy Sodero Horta, Dijalma Moreira da Silva, José Ri beiro.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 829

LEME

Prefeito - Orlando Leme Franco - UDN-PSB

Vice Prefeito - Joves dos Santos Carvalho - UDN

Vereadores: (13)

PSB - Arlindo Fávoro, Armando Coelho, João Baptista Rivera, José Antônio Fer cen, José Tomaz de Godoy.

PDC - João Francisco Fior, José Antônio Cavachioli, Salvador Quadagnini.

PSP-PTB-FRP - Armando Koch, Gastão Arrais de Almeida, Lineu Brassolotto.

UDN - Custódio Ângelo de Lima, Francisco Haiter

Comparecimento de eleitores - 4.281

LENÇÓIS PAULISTA

Prefeito - Antônio Lorenzetti Filho - UDN-PSD-PDC-PTN-FRP

Vice Prefeito - José Salustiano de Oliveira - UDN-PSD-PDC-PTN-FRP

Vereadores: (13)

UDN-PSD-PDC-PTN-FRP - Arlindo Torres da Silva, Bernardo Martins, Nicanor Perei ra de Godoy, Paulo Zillo, Renato Cicone, Vitorio Moreli, Waldemar Simões.

PSP - Archângelo Brega, Duílio Capotoni, Edílio Carani Filho, Ezio Pacola, Jacomo Nicolau Pacola, Mário Trecenti.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.793

LIMEIRA

Prefeito - Jurandir da Paixão de Campos Freire - PSP

Vice Prefeito - Vitorio Bortolan - PRT

Vereadores: (19)

PSD - Breno Machado Gomes, Dorival Fávori, Eugenio Giacón Netto, Mario de Sou za Queiroz Filho, Olindo De Luca, Renato de Almeida.

JACI

Prefeito - Anibal Zangrando - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Manoel Oskiano - PDC

Veradores: (9)

PDC - Euclides Gonçalves Caneira, Guarino Secches, João Berto, Luiz André Caitano, Nelson Justiniano.

PSD - Ricardo Siqueira de Mendonça, Serafim Bigatão.

UDN - Anísio Paracatê Oliveira, Antonio Laurindo.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 705

JACUPIRANGA

Prefeito - José Rodrigues Porto - PSB-UDN

Vice Prefeito - Antonio Grothe Sobrinho - PR

Veradores: (11)

PSB-UDN - Andrelino Pereira dos Passos, Antonio Duarte de Castro, Antonio Lourenço Gomes, Ignácio Rodrigues Mattos, Joaquim Anago Trigo, Luiz Ezequiel Júnior.

PSD - Antonio Zanon, Baldevino Guntura, Raul Ferreira Machado.

PR - Nivaldo Franco, Tancredo Carravieri.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.482

JAMBETIRO

Prefeito - Jorge Pereira - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Mozart Prado Leite - PDC

Veradores: (9)

PDC - Aloísio Faria Barbosa, Descio Mendes Pereira, Januario Plaster Tranin, João Leite Vilhena, Raul Jorge Cesar, Waldemar Alencar.

PSD - Antonio de Castro Leite, Joaquim Raphael de Almeida Gioffi, Joaquim Senes Almeida.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 537

JARDINÓPOLIS

Prefeito - Joaquim da Silva Sales - PTN-PSD

Vice Prefeito - Walter Antonio Geraldo Manfredi - PTN-PSD

Veradores: (13)

PTN-PSD - Alberto Rinaldi, Amado Santos Junior, Arthur Costacurta, Carlos Rodrigues da Silva, Iashimori Kinsui, Mário Menezes Caran, Olimpio Freiria Filho.

PDC - Antenor Maricek, João Batista Berardo, Jorge Saud Sobrinho.

PSB - Augusto Brigliadore, José D'Aflito, Newton Reis.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.845

JAÚ

Prefeito - Zien Nassif - PTN

Vice Prefeito - Sebastião Galvão de Barros Leite - UDN

Veradores: (17)

UDN - Alfredo Ianelli, Fernando de Almeida Prado Junior, Gilberto Gambarini, Hugo Gaeta, José do Amaral Mendes Braga, Luciano Aléssio Massola, Nicola Maselli, Orosimbo Loureiro Costa, Osvaldo Galvão de França.

PTN - Antonio Evaristo Morot, Armando Ribeiro Branco, Carlos Augusto Zen, Francisco Wilson Souza Campos, Reginaldo Goulart, Rolando Munerato, Roque João Tumolo, Waldemar dos Santos.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 11.424

JOANÓPOLIS

Prefeito - Antonio Garcia da Costa - PSB

Vice Prefeito - Sebastião de Oliveira Pinto - PSB

Veradores: (9)

PR - Djahyr Tucci, Gentil Zapa, José Maria Cucco, José Marques Padilha, Palmiro Teles.

PSB - Alípio Fernandes Cardoso, João da Silva Torres, Olavo Vilaça Valle, Teodoro José Quilici.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.186

JOSÉ BONIFÁCIO

Prefeito - Rubens Spinola do Amaral - UDM-PDC

Vice Prefeito - Jorge Felix de Mendonça - UDN-PDC

Veradores: (13)

PSB - Acir Murad, Antonio Peres, Manoel Greco Rey, Paulo Nimer, Ricieri Rodante.

UDN-PDC - Alberto Calvert Filho, João Felix de Mendonça, José Veiga Le Sueur, Tufi Murad.

PSB - Jamil Sulahia, Manoel Rodrigues Dourado, Vitorio Rossi.

PSD - Adolfo Orse Neto.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.601

Vice Prefeito - Benedito Toledo - UDN

Vereadores: (11)

PSD - Angelo De Maria, Carlos Jayme Piazza, Eugenio Santiago, Paulo Celestino da Silva, Vicente Chirinda,
PSP - Charles Ricardo Lobo, Humberto Vitorino Camalione, Brasilino Lolli, Pedro de Oliveira.
UDN - Antonio Geraldo Stengel, Waldemar Ferraz.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.168

ITIRAPINA

Prefeito - José Cário - PSD-PTB-PTN-PDC

Vice Prefeito - Agenor Schmidt - PSD-PTB-PTN-PDC

Vereadores: (9)

PSD - Elísio Salles da Silva, José Guimarães, José Mussearra.
PTB - Carlos Lucas, Dirceu José de Lima, Gilberto dos Santos.
UDN - Antonio Wicher, Eduardo Leme, João Bernardi.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.724

ITOBI

Prefeito - Alcebíades Pires - PDC

Vice Prefeito - José Álvaro Zapetta - PDC

Vereadores: (9)

PDC - Divino Abel Bernardi, Joaquim Pisani, José Eugênio Rodrigues, José Trogiani, José Valdes Conti.
PSD - Querubim Fuginetti, Raul Bagnatori, Renato di Santis.
PSP - Fidelis Romano Lopes
Comparecimento de eleitores - 909

ITU

Prefeito - Waldomiro Corrêa Camargo - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Luiz Nunes - PDC

Vereadores: (17)

PDC - Antonio Bazanelli, Galileu Bicudo, José Amaro Mendes P. da Silva, José Bruni, Lazaro Alves de Oliveira, Luiz Licco Neto, Paulo Bragagnolo, Manoel A. Ramos.
PSD - Francisco Aluisio Gazzola, José Leite Pinheiro Júnior, Luiz Guido.
PTN - Abílio Savi, Corinto Galvão de Toledo, José Gregório do Nascimento.
PR - Joaquim Galvão F. Pacheco Junior, Olavo Valente de Almeida.
PSP - Martinho Di Ciero
Comparecimento de eleitores - 9.042

ITUVERAVA

Prefeito - Salvador Cordaro Cruz - UDN-PDC-PTB

Vice Prefeito - Orlando Seixas Rego - UDN-PDC-PTB

Vereadores: (15)

PSP-PSD - Ademir Cassiano, Balduino de Freitas Barbosa Filho, Flávio Cavalari, João Athayde de Souza, João Beber Filho, José Ferreira Teles.
PDC-PTB - Abrão Miguel, Epaminondas Duarte, José Antonio Salgado, Oswaldo Galvão Anderson, Oswaldo Tanaka.
UDN - Antonino Amêndola, Benedito Ignácio Barbosa, José Alípio Furquim Fonseca, José Batista Pereira.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 4.365

JABOTICABAL

Prefeito - Antonio Arrobas Martins - PSD-PSP

Vice Prefeito - José Rodrigues Duarte - PDC

Vereadores: (17)

PSD-PSP - Américo de Biagi Teixeira, Ayres de Campos, Dorival Borsari, Duílio Poli, Francisco Bayona, Oswaldo Martins Cruz.
UDN - Afonso Carregari Martins, Ennio Poli, Nelson John de Biagi, Ulysses Morello.
PSB - Antonio Ferreira, João Frascá, Paulo Junqueira Braga.
PTN - João Bento Marques, Sinésio Domingos Rodrigues.
PDC - Maria Pereira Buoco.
PL - João Nicolau.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 7.370

JAGAREÍ

Prefeito - Antonio Nunes de Moraes Junior - PDC-PTB-PTN

Vice Prefeito - Jair Ferraz - PDC-PTB-PTN

Vereadores: (15)

PSP - Aparício Lorena, Luiz Benedito Máximo, Moisés Esper, Odilon Augusto de Siqueira.
PDC - Afonso Rosa da Silva, Jorge Rodrigues de Araújo, José Cristovão Arouca.
PTB - Jair Ferraz, João de Siqueira, Vitorio Lino da Silva.
PTN - Aldo Lopes da Costa, Benedito Sérgio Lencioni, Francisco Hodo Vieira da Rosa.
PR - Benedito Garboci, Roberto Shoji.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 8.311

Vice Prefeito - Romeu Manfrinato - PDC-FR

Vereadores: (11)

PDC - Américo Fernandes, Miguel Leonardo, Pedro de Oliveira Silva.
 PR - José Novais, Paulo Nunes, Sátiro Pedro Paiva.
 PSP - Cristino Gonçalves Júnior, Joaquim Mendes de Moraes, Mário Cavanha.
 PTB - Benvidé Moreira Neri, Francisco Nazario do Nascimento.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.757

ITAPIRA

Prefeito - Antônio Caio - PSD-PSP

Vice Prefeito - Palmiro Raymenti - PSD-PSP

Vereadores: (15)

PDC - Achilles Galdi, Antônio Serra, Benedito A. Camargo, Caetano Munhoz, David Mo
 ro, Orestes de Jacome, Wilson V. dos Santos.
 PSP - Alvarino L. Pinheiro, Cesar Bianchi, Eduardo Gramani, Heladio Borette, S
 bastião Pompeu.
 PSD - Sebastião A. Soares Camargo, Sezefredo Fecci, Soteneas Vasconcelos.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 6.887

ITÁPOLIS

Prefeito - Dante Campagne - PDC

Vice Prefeito - José Antonio Trevisan - PDC

Vereadores: (15)

PDC - Aldo Bonazzi, Antonio Collete, Francisco de Almeida França, Francisco J.
 Santarelli, Idiomar Semeghini, João Bone, Maria M. de Araujo, Milton J. Pa
 reira, Oswaldo Cavicchioli, Rubens F. de Arruda, Taquino Bellentani.
 PTB - Antonio N. Gentil, Francisco S. Garcia, Imael N. Palhares, Manoel W. Regis.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 5.810

ITAPORANGA

Prefeito - Rafael Vita - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Júlio Castardello - PDC

Vereadores: (11)

PR - Abelardo D. de Almeida, Jair Ferreira, José da Silva, Roque Rezende, Vi
 cente Peres do Amaral.
 PDC - Antonio Rodrigues, João Batista Gragel Mendes, João Batista Tonon Sobri
 nho.
 UDN - João Jarochynski, José Batista de Castilho Veiga, Nestr Orlando de Oli
 veira.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.446

ITAPUI

Prefeito - Waldomiro Guarinon - PSP-PTN

Vice Prefeito - Nestor Cardoso - UDN

Vereadores: (11)

UDN - Chain Chuffi, Horacio Sgavioli, João da Silva Fonseca, Rafael José Gia
 nini, Segundo E. Mazzei Massoni, Sylvio de A. P. Rocchi.
 PSP-PTN - Alvaro Ferreira de Souza, Amadeu Caffou, José Anibal Pereira, Oswal
 do Tomazelli, Walter Comini.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.959

ITARARÉ

Prefeito - José Carlos Magno Neto - PDC-UDN-PRT-PRP

Vice Prefeito - Antonio Pellissari - PDC-UDN-PRT-PRP

Vereadores: (13)

PDC-UDN-PRT-PRP - Araucy Pacheco Martins, Eugenia de Melo Veiga, Francisco Al
 ves Negrão, Hugo F. de Oliveira, Lazaro Gomes Pinheiro, Osiris M. Camargo,
 Raul Moreira Cortes, Salvador Rufino de Oliveira Neto.
 PTB - Castelar Pimentel, Rubens Lobo Ribeiro, Walter Coquemala.
 PR - João Capilé, Oswaldo Silva
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 4.987

ITATIBA

Prefeito - Pedro Mascagni - PSD-PSP-PRT

Vice Prefeito - Otalibe Pelliser - PSD-PSP-PRT

Vereadores: (13)

PSP - Deusdedit de Almeida, Lucio Flaiban, Oliver J. da Silva, Roberto Leoni.
 UDN - José Mattiuzzo, Rafael Ferrari Netto, homeu Aguiar.
 PRT - Miguel Calmon Du Pin Oliveira, Osvaldo Tescarolo.
 PST - João Dias da Silva, Rafael Ciarbello.
 PTB - Afranio Pires da Silveira, José Boava.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 5.969

ITATINGA

Prefeito - Renato Fanton - UDN

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Vereadores: (9)

PSP-PR - Antenor Portes, Derival Silveira Lopes, Jene Batista Cerdeira, Lazare Rodrigues Mac. ade, Roberto Evaristo C. Merais.
PRT - Jene Silva, Jene de Campos, Miguel de Oliveira Mole, Padre Almeida Leite.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.344

ITAI

Prefeito - Jene Michelin - UDN

Vice Prefeito - Benedito Camargo Duarte - UDN

Vereadores: (9)

PTN - Braz Gesualdi, José Antunes de Oliveira, Leonidas Seares de Oliveira, Mário Gonçalves, Nóberto Vaz de Almeida, Osvaldo Brandi Centrucci.
PDC - Absay de Almeida, Fortunato Favali, Yasuici Fujii.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.525

ITAJOBÍ

Prefeito - Atilio Zanen - UDN-PDC

Vice Prefeito - Vilma Luiz Callegari - UDN-PDC

Vereadores: (13)

UDN - Ademar Antônio Sambrano, Antônio Defendi, Delvirgo Ciova, Jene Barbizan, Jene
tine Caitano Ribeiro, Raul Galvani.
PTN - Frederico Diógenes Fievezana, Guido Pasiani, Zualdo Gradella.
PDC - Arthur Masini, Dirceu Antônio Gerlach.
PSP - Alde Betura, Salvador Ricci
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.741

ITANHÉM

Prefeito - Harry Fersscl - PDC-PSP

Vice Prefeito - Miguel Simões Dias - PTB

Vereadores: (11)

PSP - Ademar Martins Rivera, Paulo Batista de Andrade, Roberto Apelian.
PTN - Angeline De Bertoli, Antonio Mendes Aguiar, José Roberto Calvo.
PDC - Edison Belle, Osmar Rodrigues.
PTB - José Nélis Pellastrini, Marcelo das Santos.
PR - Angéle Guerra.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.639

ITAPICERICA DA SERRA

Prefeito - Francisco Pereira Buene - PDC-PSP

Vice Prefeito - Eduardo Roberto Daher - PDC-PSP

Vereadores: (13)

PDC-PSP - Alvaro Rodrigues Pereira, Archibaldo Costa, David Farah, Edgard Schmidt
de Couto, Fieravante Francisco, Jene Ferreira Domingues, Juarez Leite Menei
ra.
PTN - Abdias da Silva, Antonio Albuquerque Filho, Ary Pereira de Moraes, Miguel
Retger Dominguss, Padur Abs, Walter dos Reis .
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.902

ITAPETINGA

Prefeito - José Ozi - PSB-UDN-FL

Vice Prefeito - Juliana Fabiane Alves - PSB-UDN-FL

Vereadores: (15)

UDN - Alípio Fraletti Monteiro, Frank Célio Seares Hungria, Walter Tufio Cury.
PDC - Alceu Tambélii Fernandes, José de Melo Leonel.
PL - Geraldo Santos Ribeiro, José Relim Pinte.
PSB - Itaberay Marcendes Machado, Paulo Ozi.
PSD-PTB - Antonio Vieira Sebrinhe, Luiz Barretti.
PSP - Humberto Pellegrini, Teci Kira.
PTN - José Alcides Nerenha, José Benedito Moira
Comparecimento de eleitores - 10.321

ITAPÉVA

Prefeito - Jene Benedito Barbosa - PTB-PTN

Vice Prefeito - Antonio Cavani - PTB-PTN

Vereadores: (13)

PTB-PTN - Alfredo Vieira, Ezequiel Jergo, Jene Batista de Camargo Filho, Jene Ba-
tista Moreira Costa, José Vieira de Campos, Ricardo Campelim de Almeida Ne-
te.
UDN - Felipe Marinho, Ivalsem Prade, Luís Emilie de Oliveira, Simpliciano Campe-
lim Machado.
PDC-PR - Edison Oliveira Marthe, José Diniz Barbosa, Tite Livie Cerioni.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 5.293

ITAPÉVI

PREFEITO - Rubens Caramex - PDC-PR

0108

IGUAPE

Prefeito - Casimiro Teixeira - PSD

Vice Prefeito - Joaquim Ribeiro Netto - PSD

Vereadores: (11)

PSD - Cleonil Cardozo, Dario Martins, José Cezar Peniche, Latif Corrêa, Paulo Barreiros Júnior, Paulo Fortes Filho, Yosetsugu Yanagisawa.
PR - Francisco Luiz da Costa, Gabriel Costa de Oliveira, Osmar de Freitas Santos, Paula Ramos de Medeiros.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.682

ILHA BELA

Prefeito - Mariano Freccie de Carvalho - PTN-PDC

Vice Prefeito - Manoel de Moura Barbosa - PTN-PDC

Vereadores: (9)

PTN - Benedito Salento, Euripedes da Silva Ferreira, Geraldo A. Cunha P. Junqueira, Giorgio Sterace, Nice Cintra.
PDC - Ayres Pereira Carole, Caio Barbosa Tinece, Marcos Rafael Alves de Lima, Tomaz Mortensen.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 864

INDAÍATUBA

Prefeito - Alberto Brizola - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Odilon Ferreira - PDC

Vereadores: (11)

PDC - José Soliani, Medardo Wolf, Remeu Zerbini.
PRT - Caio da Costa Sampaio, Laura Buono de Camargo.
PSB - Antero Joaquim Santiago, Carlos Albertini.
UDN - Kyeji Imanishi, Sinesio Martini.
PL - Jacome Nazario.
PSP - Osvaldo Stein.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 5.252

INÚBIA PAULISTA

Prefeito - Cipriano Gomes - PDC-PSP-UDN

Vice Prefeito - Djalma Moralle - PDC-PSD-UDN

Vereadores: (11)

PSD - Jene Elvine, José Pinto Ferreira, Júlio Shugigushi, Manoel Sadaiki Sakai, Moacyr R. Gomes.
PDC - Cezário Ben Tempo, Miguel Benwart, Taufik Damit, Wilson Lopes Marques.
UDN - Jorge Moreira, Maximiano R. Nogueira Filho.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 653

IPAUCU

Prefeito - Fidelcino da Silva Guidic - PTB-PSP

Vice Prefeito - José Xavier de Oliveira - UDN

Vereadores: (11)

UDN - Carlos Alberto Viana Egreja, Faisal Adas, Luiz Maranhão, Nelson Mantevani, Olavo Chequer, Rafael de Souza.
PTB - Antonio da Silva Guidic, Aurélio Tinto, Fuad Macarles, Genesio B. Cavasalle, Luiz de Souza Coelho.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.527

IPORANGA

Prefeito - Anibal Ferreira de Souza - UDN

Vice Prefeito - Benjamin dos Santos Lisboa - UDN

Vereadores: (9)

UDN - Calmo Amat, Firmino Batista, José Maria dos Santos, Lauretine Vieira da Costa, Odeirio Maciel da Silva.
PR - Euclides da Silva Pereira Júnior, Jene Martins dos Santos, José Gonçalves da Mata, Osvaldo da Silva Pereira.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 637

IRAPUÁ

Prefeito - Luiz Zanini - PDC-PTB-PTN

Vice Prefeito - Rahal Tebet - PSP

Vereadores: (9)

PDC-PTB-PTN - Ayle Antonio Junco, Carlos Cicco, Indalécio Ignácio Aragão Redrigues, José Clevis Paganí, José Gonzaga da Silva.
PSP - Armando Breda, Gilde Pelacci, Mário de Souza Ribeiro, Pedro Veneziano.
Comparecimento de eleitores - ...

ITABERÁ

Prefeito - Eretides Gonçalves de Almeida - PRT

Vice Prefeito - Pedro Mariano de Oliveira Filho - PR

0107

IACRÍ

Prefeito - Agostinho José Cardoso - PSD-PDC-PSP

Vice Prefeito - Jone De Giuli - PSD-PDC-PSP

Vereadores: (9)

PDC - Francisco Garrido, Nelson Teixeira Lacerda, Orestes Veroneze, Pedro Barbi
zan.

PSP - Antonio Costa, Darci Miranda, Gumercindo da Silva Borba.

PSD - Jone Costa, Otávio Andreassa.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 734

IBIRÁ

Prefeito - (*)

Vice Prefeito - (*)

Vereadores: (11)

PSP - Elidio Paulino Buosi, Ernesto Tavares, José Antônio Bernardi, Moacyr Car-
valho Silva, Raul Tarsitano, Tibúrcio Pinto Ferraz.

UDN - Alcides Cabrera Gomes, Adílio Furlan, José Lopes de Souza.

PDC - Arolde Martinasso, Sebastião Antônio Zitto.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.869

IBIRAREMA

Prefeito - Osório Costa Aranha - PDC-UDN

Vice Prefeito - José Ramos Netto - UDN

Vereadores: (9)

PDC - Guilherme Dala Dea, José Ferreira Martins, José Ribeiro da Silva.

PSP - Eduardo Monteiro de Oliveira, Francisco Camacho Garcia, Gilberto da Oli-
veira.

UDN - Agnelo Jacintho de Moraes, Jair Alves da Silva, Serafim Duarte Correa.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.295

IBITINGA

Prefeito - Victor Máida - PSD

Vice Prefeito - Walter Secanha - PSD

Vereadores: (13)

PSD - Adriano Zapata Carroci, Álvaro Pereira Júnior, Antônio Viviani, Benedito
Marçal de Lorena, Djanir Storniole, Emílio Fernandes Vasques, Guido Izide
re Dall'Acqua Filho, João Oliveira Custódio, Rinaldo Raineri.

PDC - Ari Gaion, Hugo Calore, José de Paula Souza, José Jacinto de A. Gonçalves.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 4.913

IBIÚNA

Prefeito - Jamil Juni - PTN

Vice Prefeito - José Vicente Falci - PTN

Vereadores: (11)

PSP-PSD - José Clemente Machado, Raimundo de Almeida Lima, Tuffi Issa.

PTN - Benedito de Campos, João Nogueira, José Mendes.

UDN-PDC - Donato Relim de Freitas, Raimundo José Pereira, Satie Teramas.

PR - Hideo Kayano, Jone Batista Carmelo.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.827

IMBÉ

Prefeito - Alvaro Coelho - PR

Vice Prefeito - José Olímpio Filho - PR

Vereadores: (11)

PR - João Knox Rodrigues, Olavo Garcia de Oliveira, Osório Martins Lopes, Wal-
ter Ferreira Oliveira.

PSD - Francisco Ramos Pereira, Orlando Cater.

PTN - Antonio Rema, José Américo de Oliveira.

UDN - Benedito Antunes da Silva Neto, Joaquim Severiano de Almeida.

PRT - Jorge Bassil Dewar.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.136

IGARAPAVA

Prefeito - Antonio Ribeiro Soares - PSP-PR-PTB-PDC

Vice Prefeito - Lúmir Leal da Silveira - PSP-PR-PTB-PDC

Vereadores: (15)

PSP-PR-PTB-PDC - Fernando Bezela, Francisco Antonio Maciel, Jonathan Celestino
dos Santos, Lúcia Ribeiro Soares, Manoel José Abade, Manoel Ribeiro Soa-
res, Paulo David, Remu Nogueira Terra, Sebastião de Barros Rebelo, Newton
Faria Vieira.

PST - Antonio de Paula Gomes, Benedito Emídio, Lafaiete de Souza Machado, Geobal
de Bruns Lacerda, Manoel de Paula e Silva.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 6.540

PTB - Aracimir Martins Costa, Darcy Vieira.
UDN - João Martins de Abreu, Otávio Nascimento Monteiro.
PSD - Rogério Lacaz Filho.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 12.684

GUARÉ

Prefeito - Antonio de Oliveira e Silva - UDN
Vice Prefeito - João Zacarias de Barros - UDN
Vereadores: (9)

UDN - Abílio Egidio de Souza, Adolfo Rodrigues de Moraes, Aureo Cardoso do Amaral, Francisco Manoel da Silva, João Soares dos Santos Filho.
PDC - Ary Nogueira de Barros, Juvenal Augusto Soares, Raimundo José Soares, Rodrigo Momborg Soares.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.100

GUARIBA

Prefeito - Paulo Mangolini - FL
Vice Prefeito - Francisco Antonio Louzada - FL-PSP
Vereadores: (11)

PDC - Antonio José Rodrigues Filho, Francisco Alves Filho, José de S. Teixeira.
PSP - Eugênio Petrini, Gercino Grieco, Raul Bauab.
PTN - Claudio Amorim, Euclides Duarte Varella, Lauro Felizatti.
PL - Nicola Caporusso.
UDN - Emir Paulo Panico.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.703

GUARUJÁ

Prefeito - Jaime Daige - PSP-PTB
Vice Prefeito - José Bueno Camargo Assis - PSP-PTB
Vereadores: (15)

PDC - Aurélio Sorio, Pedro Mussa Gaze, Waldemar Gonçalves.
PSP - Alvaro Nunes da Silva, Joaquim Alves da Cunha, Raphael Vitiello.
PTB - Anibal Ardem dos Reis, Antonio Baraçal, José Alves de Oliveira.
PL - Benedito de Oliveira, Francisco Figueiredo.
FSB - Alcino José da Silva, Amaury de Souza.
PTN - Afonso Nunes.
UDN - Madalena de Oliveira.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 7.993

GUARULHOS

Prefeito - (*)
Vice Prefeito - (*)
Vereadores: (17)

FRP - Alfredo Antônio Nader, Antônio Ré, Aparecido Dias Cassiano, Gasparino José Romão, Milton Mesquita, Moysés José Zeraibe.
PDC-PSD - Francisco Antunes Filho, Heitor Maurício de Oliveira, Morio Sakamoto, Tólio Martelo Neto.
PSP-FSB - Antônio Prático, Enio Máximo Gonçalves, Timóteo Luís Machado.
PR - Gregório Rodrigues Dias, Lourenço Renato Biondi.
UDN-PL - Jaime Rodrigues de Arruda, Miguel Bento de Souza.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 14.088

HERCULÂNDIA

Prefeito - Francisco Rodrigues Simões - PDC
Vice Prefeito - Francisco Antunes Cintra - PSD
Vereadores: (11)

PDC - Américo Ferreira, Angelo Gentil, Armando Stangari, Chosuke Oshiro, Eneido Antonio das Neves, Francisco Amaruma, Helio Luiz Cabrine, Jaime Fernandes Sanchez, João Moreira Emed.
PSD - Benedito Tavares Sales.
PSP - João Garcia.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.403

IACANGA

Prefeito - Eduardo Garcia dos Santos - PSD-PDC
Vice Prefeito - Mário Paschoal Ticianelli - PSD-PDC
Vereadores: (11)

PTN - Abílio Pagliari, Antônio José Mixiara, Elias Nassif, José M. Ferreira Filho, Pedro Vicente Govedice.
PDC - Antonio Netto, Leonidio Barbosa de Quadros, Maurilio Biasconini.
UDN - Antonio Mólolo, José Apolinário de Souza, Luciano Mazuchini.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.122

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GUARÁ

Prefeito - Olave Borges de Assis - UDN
Vice Prefeito - Américo Migliori - UDN

Veredores: (11)

UDN - Américo Alves de Figueiredo, Domingos Populin, Generoso Junqueira Dias, Guerino Mestriner, Manoel Abrao Chaud, Marcial Borges de Freitas, Nelson Silveira, Urbano de Andrade Junqueira.
PSP - Alcides Furtado, Alde Antunes, Lucipias Silveira.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.825

GUARAGI

Prefeito - José Antônio Santana - PSD
Vice Prefeito - João Romero Lopes - PSD

Veredores: (11)

PSD - Alo Ferraz José, Benedito José de Moraes, Irineu Ribeiro de Lima, Joaquim Pedro de Oliveira, Lindolfo José dos Santos, Osmar Oliveira da Silva.
PSB - Deneval Alves de Figueiredo, José Custódio Sobrinho, José Nicolau, Lúcia Anseloni Miguel, Orlando Rodrigues de Sá.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.995

GUARANI D'OESTE

Prefeito - Antonio Hernandez - PTN
Vice Prefeito - Pedro Francisco de Oliveira - UDN

Veredores: (9)

UDN - Alacstre Roberto Santana, Luiz Carnielo, Paulo de Castro Teixeira, Sumito Nishimya.
PTN - Lucrocio Fernandes Sanches, Luiz Parra Fontes, Manoel Martins.
PR - Benedito Ignácio de Oliveira, Realino José de Menezes.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 459

GUARANTÁ

Prefeito - Antenor Ferrari - PR
Vice Prefeito - João Ricci - PTB

Veredores: (11)

PSP - Mário Mukay, Nivalde Maiela, Olave de Prado Queiroz, Salvinio Gonçalves de Lima, Waldemar Berteli.
PBC - José Costa Dias, José de Gedei Buene, Sille Ricci.
PR - João Evangelista da Silva, José Moreira da Rocha.
PTB - Deraldo Ferreira.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.896

GUARARAPES

Prefeito - João José de Souza - PDC-PTN
Vice Prefeito - José Garcia - PSP-PTB-PSD

Veredores: (15)

PDC-PTN - Abdul Aziz El Kadre, Amibal Rodrigues Moço, Arthur Bernardi, Edmir Dagnini, Joaquim Marques de Oliveira, José Martinez Cevidanis, Shuiguematsu Meril, José Lourenço dos Santos.
PSP - Antonio Guette, Aristides Liveratti, José Vieira da Silva, Minoru Takahashi.
PSD-PTB - Clíneo Almeida, Pedro Saud, Wilson Marques da Costa.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 4.223

GUARAREMA

Prefeito - Vicente Santana - PL
Vice Prefeito - Antonio Teixeira Muniz - PL

Veredores: (9)

PDC - João Torquato de Camargo, Pedro Clemente Fernandes, Alvaro Campagnoli.
PL - Edgar Pigatto, Maximino de Mello, Carlos Benitez Ariza.
PRT - Ari Carlos Schipfmann.
PSD - José de Oliveira Martins. José Romeiro Paniagua.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.033

GUARATINGUETÁ

Prefeito - José Armando Zellner Machado - PSP-PTB-PSD-PL
Vice Prefeito - Joaquim Júlio Germane Sigaud - PSP-PTB-PSD-PL

Veredores: (17)

PDC-PTN - Ademar Pereira de Araújo, Germane Antunes de Figueiredo, José Aguiar Marins, Luiz Carvalho dos Santos, Otavio Antunes de Oliveira.
PSP - Antonio Soares, Eduardo Kalil, Francisco de Assis Breca Meireles, Luiz de Oliveira França, Manoel Morone.
PL - Antonio Alsor de Almeida Cassula, José Jorge Bauri.

0104

PTN - Celso Bonini, Isaac Garib Neto, Jono Ottonicar, Jorge Rezek Andery, Romeu Scaramucci.
 PDC - Ignésio Garbin, Jono Castano, José Rodrigues.
 PSP - Manoel da Silva Juliao, Osvaldo Ferreira.
 PR - Alberto Martini.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.169

GARÇA

Prefeito - Rafael Paes de Barros - PSD
Vice Prefeito - Lucio de Oliveira Lima Sebrinhe - PSD

Veredores: (17)

PSP - Francisco de Assis Bosquê, Manoel Galdino de Carvalho, Manoel Joaquim Fox mandes, Maria José Vieira, Pedro Afonso de Oliveira.
 PSD - Argemiro Beghini, Flavio Freire Leal, João Tarora, Waldemir dos Santos.
 PDC - João Miguel Chaves, José Maurício Borges de Oliveira.
 PRP - Francisco Barbeiro Fernandes, José Porfirie.
 UDN - Durval Matias, José Kury, Sate Serikawa, Verissimo Fernandes.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 5.460

GENERAL SALGADO

Prefeito - Arcidie Castilhe - PDC
Vice Prefeito - Ronaldo Antonio Selige - PDC

Veredores: (11)

PDC - Angelo Veschi, Aparecido Octaviano, João Marques, José Cernelio Magalhães, Juvenio Rodrigues Santana, Paschoal Tanganelli.
 PSB - José Desidério Fernandes, Leobino José Nunes, Nadyr Garcia, Nelson Pires, Simão Martins.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.711

GETULINA

Prefeito - Wadi Neaime - PDC
Vice Prefeito - Nilo Falqueire - PDC

Veredores: (15)

PDC - Alfredo Frazeres, Clemente Gedei, Anahias José Barbosa, Cyro Imote, José Amância Alves, José Maria dos Santos, Octaviano de Oliveira, Waldemar José dos Santos.
 UDN - Bráulio de Lemos, Reque Tridrice, Takashi Shimizu, Waldemir de Oliveira.
 PSD - João Borges de Souza, Mauro Quereza Janeiro.
 PSP - Alcides Pereira da Silva.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.896

GLICÉRIO

Prefeito - Issa Assad Issa - PDC
Vice Prefeito - Odilon Nunes Soares - PDC

Veredores: (11)

PDC - Antonio Fujihara, Gimael Elias. Gimael, José Issa, José Lopes Pereira, Luiz Antonellini, Oscar Marques da Silva, Vicente Visani.
 PSD - Fuad Dib, José Castilhe Sebrinhe, Paulo Correia Blaitte, Walter Castilhe.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 625

GUATIRA

Prefeito - José Pugliesi Júnior - PTN
Vice Prefeito - Márie Garcia da Costa - PTN

Veredores: (11)

PDC-PSP-PSD - Antonio Garcia, Geraldo Napolitano, Joaquim Silvério de Oliveira, José Miyate Ishiara, Waldemar Chubaci, Washington Vianna.
 PTN - Arnaldo Manfré, Graciano Esperancini, Wagner Figueiredo Leal.
 UDN - Gabriel J. de Figueiredo Filho, José Silva.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.623

GUAPU

Prefeito - Fabie Luis Pinheiro - PTN
Vice Prefeito - Jemas Ferreira Costa - UDN

Veredores: (9)

PSD - Delcídes Essade, Narcizo Polizare,
 PSP - Ivo Garcia Barbosa, Waldyr Romeu da Silveira.
 PTN - Luiz Vasconcelles Polizare, Nazir Nassif.
 UDN - Joaquim Mendonça Ribeiro, Walter Coelho.
 PDC - Orlando Demiciamo da Silva.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.248

PRP - José Euzébio da Encarnação, José Longo, Olintho Dognani.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1927

FERNANDÓPOLIS

Prefeito - Edison Rolim - PSD-FR-UDN-PDC

Vice Prefeito - Pedro Malvazzi - PSD-FR-UDN-PDC

Vereadores: (15)

PSD-FR - Adhemar Monteiro Pacheco, Antonio de Freitas, Benito Musolino, Oswaldo Arruda Mendes, Seraphim Martins, Shuitti Torii.

PDC - André Malavazzi, Arnaldo Tondelli, Ramón Godói.

PSP - Antonio Marin, Fernando Jacob, Gentil Franco de Almeida.

UDN - Antonio Brandini, Carlos Giacomini.

PTB - José Nunes de Oliveira.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 4.533

FERNANDO PRESTES

Prefeito - Jayme Ribeiro Serva - PTN

Vice Prefeito - Guilherme Casan - PTN

Vereadores: (11)

PTN - Arlindo Remondini, Dante Ravazzi, Edmundo Mussi, Emilio Bellini, Pedro Pasquini, Santo Alves, Wilson Pinseta.

PSP - Acacio Felício Bergonovi, João da C. Camargo, José Bertolini, Vergílio Canale.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 991

FLOREAL

Prefeito - Guilherme Lejudice - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Alfredo Boracini - PDC

Vereadores: (9)

PDC - Antônio Pascoaloto, Gabriel A. Junqueira, João Belatti, Luiz Galoro, Sérgio Sbréggio, Ulisses Possetti.

PSP - Abel de Oliveira Marques, Fioravante Molegari, Procópio Davidoff.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 550

FRANCA

Prefeito - Flávio Rocha - PTB

Vice Prefeito - Cirilo Barcellos - UDN

Vereadores: (19)

UDN - Abílio de A. Nogueira, Delcídes Flausino, Jonas Alves Costa, José Brasil A. Rodrigues Alves, Tuffy Nassif, Walter Anavate.

PTB - Bernardino Pucci, Ismael Mijoler Moro, Manoel Silveira, William Salomão.

PTN - Helton Bernardes Mello, Mário José Pereira, Orlando Furini.

PDC - João Palermo Júnior, Maurício Costa França.

PSD - Lázaro de Araújo, Ronaldo Mange.

PSP - Helio Palermo, Luiz Gusuen.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 15.004

FRANCO DA ROCHA

Prefeito - Pedro Lelis de Souza - PSP

Vice Prefeito - Emilio Hernandez Aguilar - PSD

Vereadores: (13)

PR - Alfredo Larussi, Francisco Franco de Godoy, João Athaide da Silva Filho, José Alves Ferreira Filho, Nilson Morelato.

PSD - Antonio Anconi de Souza, Antonio Muzi Sobrinho, José Martins de Santana,

Juvenal Gomes de Monte, Pedro Greco.

PSP - Angelo Celeguim, Antonio Faganelli.

PTB - Luiz Simionato.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 4.009

GABRIEL MONTEIRO

Prefeito - João Pelci Filho - UDN

Vice Prefeito - Armando Lima de Castro - UDN

Vereadores: (9)

UDN - Angelo Feltrin, Gisto Fiorussi, Jordão Teixeira de Jesus, Osvaldo Fiorussi, Silvio Malagoli.

PDC - Antonio Clapis, João Bortolucci, José Lopes Belmonte, Takidi Toma.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.076

GÁLIA

Prefeito - João Ferreira - PTN

Vice Prefeito - Antonio R.C. de Albuquerque - UDN

Vereadores: (11)

DOLCINÓPOLIS

Prefeito - José Castagnelli - PDC-PSD

Vice Prefeito - Osvaldo Jalgare - PDC-PSD

Veradores: (9)

PDC - Antonio Delci, Antenor Saito, Augusto Vasconcelos, Didime Delbom, Fernando Viste Solera, Henrique Rissi, João Andreotti, João Fadiha, Joaquim Lopes.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.031

DOURADO

Prefeito - Edmar Monteiro - PTN

Vice Prefeito - José Colagrossi - PTN

Veradores: (11)

PTN - Braz Pasquale, Edmur Miranda Buzzá, Idyllo Carli, João Carlos Holl, José Ignácio C. Penteado, Moacyr Penteado Toledo.

PSP - Lucas Antonio Martins, Sergio Pedro Speranza, Wilson Casadei.

PSD - Raul Gomes, Sylvio Arruda Cruz.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.371

DUARTINA

Prefeito - Nacib Carlos - PTN

Vice Prefeito - Paulo M. Martins de Almeida - PTN

Veradores: (13)

PSP - Antonio José Ransani, Jair Marcelino da Silva, Sylvio Arêdes, Sylvio Zuin.

PTN - Adalberto do Amaral, Arnaldo de Campos Lima, F. Fares Auad, Gabriel Simão.

PSD - Júlio Segundo Benetti, Solamão Sabbag, Tutomu Murakami.

PDC - Adolpho P. Góes, Paulo S. Lemos.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.056

ENCHAPORÁ

Prefeito - Riodante Fontana - PSD-PSP

Vice Prefeito - João Batista Tavares - PSD-PSP

Veradores: (11)

PSD-PSP - Euclides Garcia Hidalgo, Hildário Carlos, Joaquim Alberto de Souza, José Alacalde, Laurindo Castelucio, Vicente Totti.

UDN - Albino Villa, Hélio de Oliveira Saldanha, Jamil Haddad.

PDC - Francisco Nascimento Lima, José Alfereis Lopes.

Comparecimento de eleitores - ...

ELDORADO

Prefeito - José Carlos Ribeiro - UDN

Vice Prefeito - Edesio de Mello - UDN

Veradores: (11)

UDN - Antonio Eduardo de Oliveira, Aparicio do Carmo Gomes, Asdrubal Mariano Pereira, César Leite de Souza, Durval Ferreira, Ideval Ribeiro, João Martins Rodrigues, Leoncio Marques Freitas e Silva, Leonidas Giani, Manoel Isair Lobo, Roderico de Mello.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.445

ELIAS FAUSTO

Prefeito - Lupercio Guedes Pinto - PTN

Vice Prefeito - Guilherme Thomé - PTN

Veradores: (11)

PTN - Alfredo Barrera, Calisto Mora, Comercindo Rocha, Helio Berteli, Hernani T. da Silva, João Caador, Thomé Rufolo, Vicente Bicudo,

PDC - Germano Quitzalt, Henrique Milani, Isidoro Juliani

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.186

EMBU

Prefeito - Annis Neme Bassith - PTN

Vice Prefeito - Carlos Koch - PTN

Veradores: (9)

PTN - Gastao Santana de Moraes Gonçalves, Norberto Vieira de Lins, Raphael Gomes Cadenete, Roque Valente.

PSP - Manoel Batista Medina, Nelson Antonio Nistal, Pascoal Nunciato.

PDC - Afonso Carpi, Spencer Cezario de Oliveira.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.112

FARTURA

Prefeito - Samuel Cipriano de Oliveira - PTN

Vice Prefeito - Antonio Vieira Sobrinho - PTN

Veradores: (11)

PTN - Benedito Garcia Ribeiro, Benedito Priolli, Carlos Stella, Leonidas Del Cistia, Leonidas Langa, Luiz Garcia Ribeiro, Maximiano de Andrade Júnior, Roberto Bertoni.

COTIA

Prefeito - Emilio Guerra - UDN

Vice Prefeito - Mário Isaac Pires - PSB-PDC

Vereadores: (11)

PDC - Carmelino Pires de Oliveira, Benedito Pires de Oliveira Filho, Oswaldo Sammartino, Silvio Pedrosa.

PSP - João Barbosa, Kenji Kira, Pedro de Moraes Victor Sobrinho.

PSB - Clécio Saldé, Rachid Nane.

UDN - Danilo Barquet, Luiz Ramos Palma

Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.008

GRAVINHOS

Prefeito - José Eduardo Vieira Palma - PDC-PTN

Vice Prefeito - Joaquim Azevedo Filho - PDC-PTN

Vereadores: (11)

PDC-PTN - Fioravante Menila, João Antônio Daia, João Anzanello, João Vessi, José

Eduardo Vieira Palma, Minervino Chaves, Trajano Stella, Walter Anzanello.

PSB-PSP - Luiz Duarte, Manoel Arantes Nogueira, Paulo Fracon.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.862

CRUZEIRO

Prefeito - Tranquellino A. de Freitas Júnior - PTN

Vice Prefeito - Avelino José Mariano - PTN

Vereadores: (15)

PTN - Alberto Gusson, Antero Neves Arantes, Arsenio Ferreira de Carvalho, Aurélio Novaes, José Carlos Caputo, José Noberto Pinto, Mário Sampaio Coelho, Miguel de Elias, Pedro Buzzato, Severino Virgílio da Silva.

PSP - Francisco de Souza Filho, Lázaro Alves da Costa, Paschoal Palazzo,.

PTB - José Leme Galvão, Zélio Paulo de Aguiar.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 7.801

CUNHA

Prefeito - Osmar Felipe - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Paulo Alves dos Santos - PDC

Vereadores: (13)

PDC - Antonio Acacio Cursino, Augusto Adolfo Hauke, Benedito Albano da Silva, Benedito Guido da Silva, Benedito Pires Loyola, Ezequiel Vaz de Campos, Jayme Alves de Carvalho, José Alves Fernandes, Paulo Salomão Murad, Roque Antonio de Araújo.

PSP - Eduardo José Monteiro, Jayme Manoel de Oliveira, Roque Batista dos Santos.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.675

DESCALVADO

Prefeito - Deolindo Zaffalon - PTN

Vice Prefeito - Waldomiro Bortoletto - PTN

Vereadores: (11)

PTN - Afonso Maringolo, Antônio Tessari, Geraldo Antônio Traldi, Gilberto de Souza Casati, Mário Bonitatibus, Mário Joaquim Filla, Vitorio Domingos Sabon gi.

FRP - Artur Fernandes, Jaime Regallo Pereira, Pedro Fuzaro.

PDC - João Francisco Ravasi,

Comparecimento de eleitores - ...

DIADEMA

Prefeito - Evandro Caiaffa Esquivel - PTN

Vice Prefeito - Orlando Okasaki - PTN

Vereadores: (9)

PTN - Bernardo Chuster, Durvalino R. de Souza, Giutaro Tanaka, Gustavo Sonerwend Neto, Pedro Falaschi.

PSP - Antonio Carlos de Freitas Martins, João de Almeida, Rubens de Oliveira, Sebastião Fernandes de Oliveira.

Comparecimento de eleitores - ...

DOIS Córregos

Prefeito - Antonio Gonçalves da Cunha - PSD-UDN

Vice Prefeito - Monayr Alberto Gamba - PSD-UDN

Vereadores: (11)

PSD - Alcides Sencio Paes, Benedito Ortiz, Gilberto Cesar Camargo, Herminio Zorzella, Luciano Bigarelli, Rui Barbosa, Waldemar Vieira.

UDN - Edmeu Carmesini, Francisco Polo, Jairo Alves de Lima, Valtair Nogueira dos Santos.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.268

Vereadores: (9)

PSD - Evaristo Antonio Pavan, Jad Simon, José Claudio Abreu, José de Lima, Luiz Lemos Moura Leite.
UDN - Clovis Cardoso de Oliveira, José Faleissone, Santos Neves, Sotero Machado.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.086

CESÁRIO LANGE

Prefeito - Aristheo Vasconcelo Leite - UDN
Vice Prefeito - Cesário Martins Ribeiro - UDN

Vereadores: (9)

PTN-PSP-PSD - Abel Antunes Neto, Artêmio Vieira Camargo, Gumercindo de Camargo Barros, José Vieira de Miranda, Lázaro Mendes Castanho, Orlando Batista de Almeida.
PDC - Almiro da Silva, Oscar Menezes Bueno, Osvaldo Vieira de Camargo.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.019

CHAVANTES

Prefeito - Antônio Fontes Filho - PDC-PTB
Vice Prefeito - Francisco Alves Faria - PDC-PTB

Vereadores: (11)

PDC - João Cadamuro, Luiz Antônio Honorato, Nicla Gimenes Ligeiro, Paschoal Iori, Vicente Paulo Bergamo.
PSD-PSP - Antônio Nakagawa, José Haddad Neto, Pedro Macedo, Wilson Nogueira.
PTB - Eugenio Donato, Hicari Assahida.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.882

COLINA

Prefeito - João Faro - PDC
Vice Prefeito - Antônio Daher - PSP-PTB-PDC

Vereadores: (11)

UDN - Agnaldo Ferreira, Fernando Vianna, Moacyr Vissotto, Wilken Mazzei Nogueira.
PSP - Atilio Faro, Francisco Terneli, Juvenal Abdalla, Nestor Silveira Guimarães.
PDC - Aimar Faro, Hédio Carlos de Toledo, João Henrique Faro.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.438

COLÔMBIA

Prefeito - Júlio Rodrigues de Paula - UDN
Vice Prefeito - Abraham Thomé - UDN

Vereadores: (9)

UDN - Benedito Rivas Pereira, Isaac Thomé, Júlio Simomura, Mouzart Beirigo, Virgílio Pereira de S. Almeida, Virgílio Witzel.
PSP - Eurímedes Franco de Oliveira, João Belchior dos Reis, Wataro Maibashi
Comparecimento de eleitores - ...

CONCHAS

Prefeito - Reineiro Donato Pastina - PSP
Vice Prefeito - Ferrdeio Toneli - PSD

Vereadores: (11)

UDN-PDC - Anivaldo Lopes, Fernando Zanin, Joaquim de Oliveira, Jorge Elias, Marcelino Rodrigues de Moraes, Miguel Jorge, Nicolau Pinfield.
PSP - Augusto Alfredo, Josias Miranda do Amaral, Manoel Luciano de Campos Filho, Raulfo Diano Ruiz.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.826

COROADOS

Prefeito - José Fakih - PST-PTN
Vice Prefeito - Nelson de Azevedo Marques - PDC

Vereadores: (11)

PDC - Castano Grigoletto, Claudino Lorenzetti, Haruo Tezura, Ortésio Lopes Gonçalves, Paulo Beltran.
PTN - Aurélio Tossato, Flaminio Pereira Fagundes, José de Melo, José Salvador.
PSP - Antônio Martins Romero, José Antônio Filho,
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.016

COSMOPOLIS

Prefeito - André Vieira Dias - PTN
Vice Prefeito - Bendicto de Moraes Machado - UDN

Vereadores: (11)

PTB - Aldohir Joaquim Migueis, Alvaro Decreci, José Garcia Rodrigues, José Zacharias, Saulo Tognoni.
PL - Luiz Nicolau Melondi, Orlando Kiosia, Romeu Alves da Silva.
UDN - Alcides Fabris, Antônio Ferrazzo, João Guilherme Paz Herrmann
Comparecimento de eleitores - ...

CARAGUATATUBA

Prefeito - Antonio Augusto Matheus - PR-PTN

Vice Prefeito - Avelino Ferreira - PR-PTN

Vereadores: (11)

PR - Benedito Paes Sobrinho, Plinio Passos, Osiris Nepomuceno Santana, Otávio Patricio de Moraes.

PSB - Antonio Nepomuceno, Mário Magalhães.

PTN - Altamir Tibirica Pimenta, Geraldo Nogueira da Silva

PSP - José Moraes Carvalho, José Silva

PTB - Euclides Ferreira

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.880

CASA BRANCA

Prefeito - Teóphilo Siqueira Filho - UDN

Vice Prefeito - Jono de Oliveira - UDN

Vereadores: (15)

UDN - Cássio de Vita Carvalho, Dorotheu Barboza, Edgard Luiz Dantas de Carvalho, Evaldo Azambuja Neves, Joaquim Falcão Filho, Lino Avancini.

PDC - Antonio do Prado, Manoel Rodrigues Paulo.

PSP - Mário Müller, Durval Rocha dos Santos Carvalho.

PTN - Anaximandro Câmara Pimenta, Mussi Mussi.

PSB - Carlos Horta de Carvalho.

PSD - Hélio Crispim.

PTB - Leonel Pontin.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 4.030

CÁSSIA DOS COQUEIROS

Prefeito - Antônio dos Reis - PSD

Vice Prefeito - João Vieira da Silva - PSD

Vereadores: (9)

PSD - Ernesto Magosso, Jacomo Belini, José Ferreira de Souza, Luiz José da Silva, Romualdo de Carvalho.

PSB-PSP - Antônio Corrêa Neves, José Custódio Moreira Júnior, Mário Cochoni, Sebastião Felix Viana.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 840

CATANDUVA

Prefeito - Antonio Stocco - PTN-PSP

Vice Prefeito - Iran Silva - PTN-PSP

Vereadores: (19)

PSP - Antônio Fernandes Leão, Athos Procópio de Oliveira, Carlos Machado, Constante Frederico Geneviva, Francisco de Castro Carballo, Gerson Sodré, Libano Pachá.

PTN - Armando Prandi, Lúcio Gacciari, Paulo Cretella Sobrinho, Teodoro Rosa Filho.

UDN - Aminda Mastrocola, Antônio Diasora, Arlindo Busnardo, Hamilton Carvalho.

PDC - Angelo Mestriner, Manoel de Lima Machado, Oswaldo Grecco.

PSD - Urbano Salles.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 9.751

CATIGUÁ

Prefeito - João Martini Calbo - UDN

Vice Prefeito - José Costa - PSP-PTN

Vereadores: (9)

PSP-PTN - Eduardo Paschoal, Fortunato Aguiar Moreira, João da Silva Laranja, João Luiz Bianchini, Wilson Veiga.

UDN - Álvaro Dalsin, João Blasques Maioral, José Vaz Pereira, Saul Borghi.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 842

CEDRAL

Prefeito - Antonio Facio - PTN

Vice Prefeito - Fernando Lucato - PTN

Vereadores: (11)

PTN - Fernando Buosi, Hélio Beolchi, Ilário Rodrigues, Luiz Guareschi, Marcílio Milani, Rafael Campanha.

PDC-PSP - Guido Pietrobom, Joaquim Perozin, José Furlan, Saul Bombarda.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.526

CERQUEIRA CESAR

Prefeito - João Cardoso de Oliveira - UDN

Vice Prefeito - Oswaldo Campos - UDN

0098

PTN-PRP - Jamil Gadia, Miguel Gonçalves
UDN - Ademar Nascimento de Lemos, Ruy de Paula Leite.
PDC - Alfredo Gomes Julio.
PR - Antonio Rodrigues Dos. Jônio Lucidio Gazzetti, Milton Pereira, Romeu Santini.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 54.675

CAMPOS DO JORDÃO

Prefeito - (*)

Vice Prefeito - (*)

Vereadores: (15)

PDC - Fausti Paulo, Geraldo Padovan, José W. Sprovieri, Júlio D. Pereira, Olegário Flávio,
PSP - Arakaki Masakazu, Fausto B. A. Camargo, Joaquim C. Cintra, Pedro Paulo F. Tarcísio Coutinho.
PTN - Jonas Felippini, Miguel Lopes Pina, Sigueji Okamura.
PTB - José Marques, Sebastião Alves Rodrigues.

CANANÉIA

Prefeito - João Carlos Brand Muller - PR-PTB

Vice Prefeito - Alceu de Almeida Paiva - PTB

Vereadores: (9)

PR - Antonio Pitondo, Armando Lisboa da Veiga, Osório Costa.
PTB - Antonio Jacy Teixeira, José Maria Zanzi, Pedro de Oliveira Barroso.
PDC - João Batista de Oliveira Teixeira, Luiz Alves.
UDN - João Izidio de Camargo.
Comparecimento de eleitores - ...

CÂNDIDO MOTA

Prefeito - José Bofarini - PRP-PTN

Vice Prefeito - Arlindo Cozzi - PTN

Vereadores: (11)

PDC - Angelo Pipolo, Lázaro Inácio Dias,
PRP - Safik Chadi, Teotônio Ribeiro.
PSP - Antonio Maia, Germano Gonçalves Zimmermann.
PTN - Antonio Morobo, Godofredo Silva.
PSD - Adão Fadlo Jabur.
PRT - Pedro Fabri.
PTB - Paulo Oliveira Mota.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 3,506

CÂNDIDO RODRIGUES

Prefeito - Corbônio Civalani - PSP-PTN.

Vice Prefeito - Oscar Balduino - PSP-PTN.

Vereadores: (9)

PDC - Aldo Del Grossi, Júlio Mancin, Libero Formigoni
PTN - Anibal Vilafanha, Nicola Natalício, Onélio Michelutti.
PSP - Geraldo Sebastião Balduino, Italo Ferretti.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 526

CAPÃO BONITO

Prefeito - Raul Venturelli - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Antonio Enzi Neto - PDC

Vereadores: (13)

PDC - Antonio Amaral Queiroz Filho, Faustino Cesarino Barreto, Ireno Carneiro de França, Noberto Maeno, Orlando Venturelli, Pedro Braz das Chagas, Yoshikatsu Kacuta.
PTN - Adib Elias Daniel, Domingos Francisco Ribeiro, Eliezer Gonçalves de Almeida, Luiz Batista da Silveira, Milton de Oliveira, Pedro Aliaga Perez.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.995

CAPIVARI

Prefeito - Geraldo T. Amaral - PTN-PDC-UDN-PRP

Vice Prefeito - João Assad - PSP

Vereadores: (15)

PTN-PDC-UDN-PRP - Francisco Orlando, José Carlos C. Colmagui, Júlio Forte Neto, Leonir Capensoli, Luiz Soderini Ferracini, Miguel Simão Neto, Tanus Maluf.
PSD - Antonio Costa, Daelto Datti, Gumercindo Manzato, Luiz Cerezer.
PSP - Anibal Augusto Filho, Eugenio de Oliveira, Fernando Quibau, Romeu Archino.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 6.009

CAJALÂNDIA

Prefeito - Adolpho Mesquita - PTN

Vice Prefeito - Elias Arut - PTN

Veradores: (15)

PTN - Assad Gabriel, Edsel Cremonesi, Hélio Gonçalves Pereira, Jayme de Lima, João Lázaro Martins, Massatugui Yano, Pedro Escudeiro, Waldemar Sanches.
UDN - Constantino Grossi, Oscar Maciel, Osório Cecchi.
PDC - Diego Martinez Y Martinez.
PSD - Waldovino Ramalho
PSP - Sebastião Ferreira Adorno
PTB - Feliciano Andrade Nunes
Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.562

CAJALIRAS

Prefeito - Gino Dártora - PR-PDC-PSB

Vice Prefeito - Milton Ferreira Neves - PDC-PR-PSB-PSD-PSP-PTN-UDN

Veradores: (9)

PDC - Alfredo Casaroto, José Carlos da Silva Junior, Olyndo Dártora.
PSD - João Henrique Macedo Mendes, Luiz Lopes Linsac.
PR - Alcides Ferracini, Theodoro Gonçalves Machado.
PSB - Américo Massimelli
PTN - Antonio Molinari
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.798

CAJAMAR

Prefeito - Antonio Garrido - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Mário Carvalho de Jesus - PDC

Veradores: (9)

PDC - Gino Rezahi, João Cardoso, José Rufino de Lima, Júlio Galeotti.
PR - Fernando José Goffi de Macedo, Islen Francisco de Toledo, Joaquim Janus
Penteado, Realino Costa Pinto Filho.
PRT - Antonio da Silva Esparrinha Júnior
Comparecimento de eleitores - 945

CAJOBI

Prefeito - Santo Geraldo - PTN

Vice Prefeito - Wilton Ribeiro de Carvalho - PTN

Veradores: (9)

PTN - Antonio Fernandes, Antonio Marson Sobrinho, Elias Najm, Fidelcino Inácio Ribeiro, Santiago Morante.
PR - Felício Aparecido Tamberlini, Ilidio Lopes de Oliveira
PSP - Alfredo Chimalo, Marcolino Ruiz Filho.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.669

CAJURU

Prefeito - Mário Antônio Tincani - PSP-PTB

Vice Prefeito - André Ruggeri - PSP-PTB

Veradores: (11)

PSP-PTB - Antônio Menta, Antônio Pinto de Araújo, Joaquim Antonio dos Reis, Omar Abdala, Paulo de Almeida Bessa, Raul Alves Carneiro.
PDC-PR-PTN-PSB-PSD - Alcides Corrêa Neves, Amaury Monti, Hordácio de Melo, Luiz Gonzaga Brandão, Moises Elias.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.494

CAMPINAS

Prefeito - Miguel Vicente Gury - PTB-PSD-PTN-PDC

Vice Prefeito - João de Souza Coelho - PTB-PSD-PTN-PDC

Veradores: (23)

PR - Antonio Rodrigues Júnior, Lucídio Cassoti, Milton Pereira, Romeu Santini.
PTB - Carlos Hosrri, Fêres Salim, José Ataliba O. Aboim Gomes, Pedro Magalhães Jr.
PRT - Ameriglio Fiva, José Laselva, José Nicolau Ludgero Mazzelli.
PSP - Adolpho Carlos Guimarães, Alduino Zini, Luiz Lot.
PSB - Acauto Ribeiro de Mello, Fortunato Galani
PSD - Adalberto Von Suben, Laerte de Moraes.
PTN-FRP - Jamil Gadia, Miguel Gonçalves.
UDN - Ademar Nascimento de Lemos, Huy de Paula Leite
Comparecimento de eleitores - 54.675

BRODOSQUI

Prefeito - Antônio Martins Barradas - PTN

Vice Prefeito - Augusto Piza - PTN

Veradores: (11)

PTN - Antônio Furlan Junior, João Fernandes, Mario Arantes Ferreira, Moacyr Leite, Vitorio Soriani.

PSD - José Abrahão Sadi, José de Castro Mendonça Furtado, Luiz Stoppa Honorato.

PSP - José Osmar Garcia, Lair Albarcello.

UDN - Alfredo Bueno.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.353

BROTAS

Prefeito - Alvaro Calado - PSP

Vice Prefeito - José Benedito Lopes de Castro - PSP

Veradores: (13)

PR - Antonio de Santis, Geraldo Batista, José Perricelli, José Pinheiro Piva, Mário Balastrero.

PSP - Alvaro Rodrigues, Antonio Bicaloto, Ary Mendonça, José Carlos Machado, José Nolla Filho.

PDC - Américo Boreli Filho, Desio Aldo Bagnariol, Santo Martinelli.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.299

BURI

Prefeito - Arnaldo Antunes Nogueira - PSP

Vice Prefeito - Dario Monteiro - UDN

Veradores: (9)

PTB-PTN-PR - Angelo Nunes de Barros, Arlindo Vieira de Medeiros, Carlos Alberto Faria Junior, Delfino Nunes da Fonseca, José Corrêa de Almeida Moraes.

UDN - Ismael da Silva Saraiva, Licínio Aires Camargo, Tertuliano Gonçalves de Albuquerque, Vitorio Pelechek.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.422

CABREÚVA

Prefeito - João Zacchi - UDN

Vice Prefeito - Mansueto Mesquita Togni - UDN

Veradores: (9)

UDN - Antonio Odilon Francischini, Ermelindo Zacchi, José Donato, Nelson Emanceli.

PTN - Durval Amirat, Nelson Xavier de Oliveira, Rubens da Silveira Camargo.

PSP - Guerino Mavezzi, Pedro Bertagni.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.252

CACAPAVA

Prefeito - Laurentino Marcondes - PST-PSP

Vice Prefeito - José de Paula Cardoso - PST-PSP

Veradores: (13)

PSP - Edith Provazzi Marcondes, José Orestes do Prado, Miguel Fonseca, Plínio Magalhães, René Nogueira de Souza.

PTB - Altamir Spinelli, Edmir Viana de Moura, José Miranda Campos.

PDC - Antonio Pereira Bueno, José de Noronha Ferraz.

UDN - João Guedes Machado, Osorio da Cunha Lara Neto.

PSD - José Francisco Natali.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 4.338

CACHOEIRA PAULISTA

Prefeito - Luiz Campos Alves - UDN-PSP

Vice Prefeito - Hacy Rodrigues do Prado - UDN

Veradores: (11)

PSP - Antonio Benedito Hummel, Erasmo Pompeia Pinto, Idulino Fernandes da Silva.

PTB-PSD - Francisco da Silva A. Netto, Manoel Ramalho Bittencourt, Mario Pacheco Filho.

PR - Paulo Heber de Moraes, Walter de Carvalho Dias.

UDN - Antonio Vieira, Thereza Schubert Barbosa.

PDC - Waldemar Magalhães.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.015

CACONDE

Prefeito - José Orrico - PSB-UDN-PDC

Vice Prefeito - Altino Candido Vasconcelos - PSB-UDN-PDC

Veradores: (11)

PSB-UDN-PDC - Agenor Ribeiro, Angelo Lomonge de Almeida, Aristodemo Ielo, Armando Marques da Silva, Heitor de Almeida Ribeiro, Jamillo Manoel Marcondes, João Cipolini.

PSD-PTB-PSP - Emilio Tardelli, João José Nigro, Luiz Zerbini Junior, Waldemar Carlos de Souza.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.005

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PDC - Durval F. Gianeti, Jêdo Batista de Oliveira.
PSP - Meacyr Soares Rana, Ricieri Prime.
PSD - Milton Sarterelli.
UDN - Washington Thame.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.266

BOM JESUS DOS PERDÕES

Prefeito - Luiz Franco de Camargo - PDC-PSP

Vice Prefeito - Juvenal Oliveira Bueno - PDC-PSP

Veradores: (9)

PDC-PSP - Aristeu Camargo, Diomar Antonio Rames, Guilherme Santos Silva, José Martins, Marins Nanni, Nely Bastos Franco, Oscar Mull'enneister, Sebastião Antonio Moraes, Tujio Kikutio.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 499

BORACIA

Prefeito - Cesar Augusto Sgavieli - PDC-PSP

Vice Prefeito - Osmindo Sgavieli - PDC-PSP

Veradores: (9)

PDC-PSP - Bráulio Antonio de Oliveira, Claudemiro de Freitas Nascimento, Faugtine Fontana, Guérine Beesse, Jêdo Rizzo, José de Freitas Pereira, Leonar de Sgavieli, Leonilde Mussucate, Sante Bassan.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 508

BORBORETA

Prefeito - Jêdo Mathaus Talle de Menezes - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Argeu de Almeida - PTN

Veradores: (9)

PDC - Antonio Santana Branco, Francisco Pinto Brandão, Gastão Imada, José Marques Mendonça Filho, Sebastião Lúcio de Lima.

PTN - André Caparroz Lopes, Jêdo Rames Netto, Manoel Gonçalves Mendes, Redelfo Brandelezi.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 797

BORBOREMA

Prefeito - José Augusto Peretta - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Nelson Resa da Silva - PDC

Veradores: (13)

PDC - Francisco Pinto de Oliveira, Hermes Fernandes Vasques, José Campos Rafael, Jêdo Torres, Júlio Luiz Pegerin, Leonel Vesseni, Miguel Juliano, Sebastião Bente dos Passos.

PTN - Afonso Certes, Antonio Presette, Manoel Viu Serrano.

UDN - Clementine Reque, Joaquim Paes de Barros.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.733

BOTUCATU

Prefeito - Emílio Peduti - PDC-PR-PSD-PTN-UDN

Vice Prefeito - Flívia Paganini - PTB-PSP

Veradores: (17)

PTB-PSP - Ademar José Petiens, Alberto Laurindo, Jairo Luiz de Andrade, Jêdo Batista Demene, Nelson Spera, Otacílio Paganini.

PSD - Jêdo Afonso Taborda, Jêdo Queiroz Reis, José Gualter Santos Pinto, Pedro Lessi, Remou Francisco Henriques.

UDN - Antonio Dalmante, Antonio Tílio Júnior, Laurindo Ezidere Jaqueta.

PTN - Progresso Garcia, Wadi Jorge.

PR - Vasco Bassio.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 11.933

BRAGANÇA PAULISTA

Prefeito - Angela Magrini Lisa - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Cyre Pievesan - PSB

Veradores: (17)

PDC - Adhemar Magrini Lisa, Antonio Celidônio Ruette, Ayrton Athanasio, Bente Haiashi.

PSP - Arthur de Prespere, Caetano Piccioni, Celso de Fiere, José Lamartine Cintra.

PRP - José de Carmo Nini, Marie Russe, Nabi Abi Chedid.

PTN - José Sergio Genti, Julie Vilchez, Olimpio Ferreira Cintra.

PSB - Arnaldo Martin Nardy, Silvio de Carvalho Pinto Junior.

PTB - Oswaldo Alves de Oliveira.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 9.691

0094

BERNARDINO DE CAMPOS

Prefeito - Hernani Correa de Moraes - PDC-PTN-UDN
Vice Prefeito - Antonio Giacomini - PTB-PSP-PSD

Vereadores: (11)

PDC - Alcides Dagola, Alencar Castanheira Camargo, Francisco da Rocha Melo, Maria Genivalves.
 PSP - Basilio Jacomini, David Cardozo de Oliveira.
 UDN - Daris Alves Rodrigues, Miguel Dagola.
 PSD - Washington Alves Garcia.
 PTB - Carlinda Rodrigues.
 PTN - Elpidio Teixeira Callado.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.430

BILAC

Prefeito - Ovidio Martinelli-PDC

Vice Prefeito - Jose Felizzaro - PDC

Vereadores: (13)

PDC - Adeline Natal, Adelfino Resette, Antonio Barbieri, Antonio Bernabé, Antonio M. Rodrigues Neto, Jose Martins Rodrigues, Jose Talarice, Manoel Cardozo Pereira, Reinaldo Betini.
 UDN - Benedito Mariano de Oliveira, Jose Antonio Marques, Tenesire Yahaze, Tenesire Kanegae.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.700

BIRIGUI

Prefeito - Renato Cerdeira - PTB-PTN-UDN-PSP

Vice Prefeito - Alceu Barreiros de Carvalho - PTB-PTN-UDN-PSP

Vereadores: (17)

PDC - Elizeu Lautenschlager, Florinda Let, Jorge Ferrari, Wilson Strass.
 PR - David Hunevitch, Euclides de Almeida, Maria Grem dos Santos.
 PSP-PTB - Antonio Sanches Granero, Arthur Cerdeira da Silva, Jose Sanches Filho.
 PTN-UDN - Alceu Barreiros de Carvalho, Arthur Gajardeni, Natal Massen Mazucatto.
 PL - Decio Bettencourt, Matias Cernack.
 PRP - Augusto Leonardi, Gessé Gajardeni.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 6.589

BOA ESPERANÇA DO SUL

Prefeito - José Felix dos Santos Filho - UDN

Vice Prefeito - Victória Geveni - UDN

Vereadores: (9)

PTN - Alberto Lombardi, Alfredo Rodrigues Nogueira, Antonio Agnello Lucio Filippi, Felipe de Lucca, Joaquim Evangelista de Camargo.
 UDN - Antonio Fernandes Braga, Cassio Costa, Francisco Braga, Orlando Costa.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.274

BOCAINA - (**)

Prefeito - José Gonçalves de Oliveira Netto - UDN

Vice Prefeito - Attilio Bellini - UDN

Vereadores: (11)

UDN - Aloysio Munis Barreto, Antonio Lages Netto, Darly Plinio Inferzate, Delson de Gedeia Silva, Enio Inferzate, Felício Febreni, Miguel Bacarin, Remualdo Menetti A. Chieschetti, Sebastião Gonçalves de Oliveira, Vicente Senesverino,
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.481

BOFETE

Prefeito - Silvio Pelegri Biagiolo - PTN-PDC

Vice Prefeito - Leontine de Oliveira e Silva - PTN-PDC

Vereadores: (11)

PTN-PDC - Antonio Eburne, Benedito Cerdeira de Campos, Dirceu Leme de Melo, Francisco Gerga, Francisco Henrique Betelhe, Lázaro Rodrigues de Lima, Ulisses Jose Bertencin.
 PSD - Benedito Vicente de Paula, Bruno Neves, José Ramos.
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.310

BOITUVA

Prefeito - Jose Rosa da Silva - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Maria Meschini - PDC

Vereadores: (11)

PTN - Abdias Gama, Afonso Madole, Guarini Albertoni, Jose Hernes de Arruda, Rafael Castane da Silva,

0093

BARRA BONITA

Prefeito - Vicente Antônio Zenaro Nanin - PDC-PTB-PSP

Vice Prefeito - Luis Saffi - PDC-PTB-PSP

Veradores: (11)

PDC - Elpidio Chacon, Ernesto Theóphilo Stanzioni, Herminio de Lima, Henrique Stolf, Orlando Lopes.

PTB - Abib Mucare, João Borges da Cunha, José Mucare, Walter Corrêa Braga.

UDN - Antônio Benedito Di Múgio, Artur Battistola.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.683

BARRETOS

Prefeito - Christiano de Carvalho - PSB-PR

Vice Prefeito - José Faleiros de Almeida - PSP

Veradores: (17)

UDN-PTN - José Olinto de Andrade Junqueira, Luiz Carlos Arutin, Matinas Suzuki, Nicomedes de O. Maffra, Rafael M. Campos, Ruy Menezes, Sebastião F. de Campos.

PSP - Circe Alfredo Bonatelli, Euclides Tegami, José Amândola Neto, Kalil Sales, Salim Abdala Thomé.

PSB-PSD - Abdalla Mehde Rezek, Cyro de Oliveira, Elpidio Medeiros, Euripedes de Paula Arantes.

PR - Gidráo Mefle Gidráo

Comparecimento de eleitores - ...

BASTOS

Prefeito - Tohero Nishi - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Alceu de Paula Pontes - UDN

Veradores: (11)

PDC - Hiroyuki Kobayashi, João Batista Nogueira, Mamoru Taroda, Tadao Hatanaka, Tomoya Shida.

UDN - Ateushi Tanigushi, Hitoshi Ono, Massaharu Matsubara, Toshio Goto.

PSP - Augusto Gomes de Oliveira, Osório Carnevalli.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.014

BATATAIS

Prefeito - Alberto Gaspar Gomes - PTB-PSP

Vice Prefeito - Jorge Nazar - PTB -PSP

Veradores: (15)

PSP - Carlos Junqueira Nogueira, Custódio Martins de Barros, Jorge Nazar, José Teixeira Sobrinho.

UDN - Antônio Carlos Prado Batista, Anselmo Testa, Joaquim Alves do Nascimento, Paulo Scatena.

PDC - Alfeu Gasparini, Mario Martins de Barros, Mozart Tristão de Almeida.

PSB - Egidio Ricco, Humberto Bianco, José Geraldo V. Lancelotti.

PTB - Roberto Pimenta Marques

Comparecimento de eleitores - 5.943

BAURU

Prefeito - Irineu Bastos - PTN

Vice Prefeito - Alfeu de Vasconcelos Sampaio - PSP-UDN

Veradores: (19)

UDN - Dagoberto Magalhães Zimmermann, Lúcio Luciano, Nilson Ferreira Costa, Paulo Pereira Rangel, Sérgio Túlio Coube.

PTN - Giro Ishicava, José Marques, Manoel Caçô, Nelson Reginato do Canto.

PSD-FRP - Aymoré de Oliveira Pinheiro, José Vicente Aiello, Nadir de Campos.

PSP - Edison Gasparini, João Castein Castilho.

PTB - Horácio Alves Cunha, Ivaldo Crivelli.

PDC - Oliciar de Oliveira Guimarães.

PR - Irineu Biancardi.

PRT - Antônio Duarte Brandão.

Comparecimento de eleitores - ...

BEBEDOURO

Prefeito - Hercules Pereira Hortal - PSD-PSP-PTB-PDC-PSB

Vice Prefeito - Rogerio Alves de Toledo - PSD-PSP-PTB-PDC-PSB

Veradores: (15)

PSD-PSP-PTB-PDC-PSB - Antonio M. Romero Filho, Domingos Faro Filho, Jonathan Lda Silva, José D. Ribeiro Filho, Julien Mutton, Luiz Veraldi, Oswaldo Schiavon.

PTN - Aurelio de Souza Braga, Francisco M. Alvarez, José C. Brunelli, Lellis de A. Campos, Octavio G. de Toledo.

UDN-PL - Agoncillo Caldeira, Manoel de Oliveira, Nivaldo Salvador.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 6.867

UDN - Alvares Cerreia Lima, Alvis Abramo, Edmundo Zanoni, Geraldo Cunha Barres
 PR-PSP - Francisco Pinte Nunes, João Robles, Otávio Silveira Cintra
 UDN - Carlos Silveira, Francisco Sante Ferre, Haroldo Bonini
 PDC - Cesar Memele
 Comparecimento de eleitores - 5.939

AVAI

Prefeito - Camile Mady - PSP

Vice Prefeito - Eduardo Redrigues Madureira - PDC-PTN

Vereadores: (11)

PDC-PTN - David Belizárie, João Germano, José Garcia Garcia, Júlio Rocha, Oswal
 de Edmundo Pascheal, Sérgio Silva de Toledo Arruda

PSP - Benedito Marques de Freitas, João Francisco dos Santos, João Garcia Alon
 se, Orlando Forti, Venâncio Ferreira

Comparecimento de eleitores - 984

AVANHANDAVA

Prefeito - Willian Pinte de Arruda - PTN

Vice Prefeito - Antonio de Paula Junqueira - PSP

Vereadores: (11)

PDC - Alessie Ferlini, Hemere Nanni Rinaldi, Joaquim Ferreira Grama, Lazare Fi
 el Ayres, Liberine Rizzate

PSP - Agostinho Tirintan, José Alzirio Bernardes, Manuel Vidal Trige, Naer Jer
 ge

PTN - Aristeu Marinho Nunes, Pedro de Negreiros

Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.179

AVARÉ

Prefeito - Misael Euphrasie Leal - PDC-UDN-PTN

Vice Prefeito - Antonio Ferreira Inocêncio - PDC-UDN-PTN

Vereadores: (15)

PSP - Anim Ismael, Diamantina Monteiro da Gama, Eduardo Vicentini, Bruce Paul
 coi, Luiz Gonzaga Bretas, Meacir Abreu Silveira

UDN - Alfredo Marques de Vale, Antonio Gomes Teixeira, Joaquim Lopes de Model
 res, Paulo Araújo Neves, Paulo Dias Neves

PDC - Raimundo Prestes Campos, Wilson Abdalla

PTN - José Ferreira Filho, Pedro Parace Filho

Comparecimento de eleitores - 6.983

BANANAL

Prefeito - Vicente de Paula Almeida - PTN

Vice Prefeito - Plínio Graça - PSP-PTB-PRP

Vereadores: (13)

PSP-PTB-PRP - Álvaro Brasil Filho, Antonio Ramos, Geraldo Oliveira Ramos, Ge
 raldo Verissimo da Silveira, José Prime Carrara, Luis de Oliveira, Ole
 garie Ramos

PTN - Anibal Guimarães, José Almeida Feres Filho, José Porfirio de Souza, Je
 só Rodrigues Leite, Rui Barbosa D'Ávila, Sebastião Diniz de Meraís

Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.080

BARBOSA

Prefeito - David Abdalla - PSP

Vice Prefeito - Nataline Melchhiades dos Santos - PTN

Vereadores: (9)

PSP - Otacilio Marques da Silva, Sebastião Jacob Alvares, Sebastião Redrigues
 de Campos, Teodoro Marques Santana

PDC - Paulo Nazareth Cherubini, Vaites dos Santos

UDN - Jaime Garcia Barbosa, Rezende Martins da Silva

PTN - Waldemar Messias de Souza

Comparecimento de eleitores - 654

BARIRI

Prefeito - José Jorge Resegues - PDC-PSP

Vice Prefeito - José Omar Giacconi - PDC-PSP

Vereadores: (13)

PSP - Enézie Benatti, Guilherme Belluzzi, João Domingues Ferreira, Joaquim An
 tenie Meça, Marcos Sanchez Garcia Filho, Oséris Oráfico, Wanderley Romão
 Bellini

UDN - Antonio Remere Gimenez, Aparecida Oséris da Silva, Lázaro Duarte, Nadir
 Mattiuzze

PDC - Benedito Pereira Aguiar, José Augusto de Azevedo

Comparecimento de eleitores - 4.126

ARARAS

Prefeito - Milton Severino - UDN-PSB-PDC-FRP -

Vice Prefeito - Vicente Ferreira dos Santos - PTN/PSP-PR-PTB

Vereadores: (15)

PTN - Alberto Franzini, Alberto Volpe Jr., Aristóteles Luz, Faustino Antonio Bovo, Francisco Nicola Cascella, João Natalino Rodini, João Zorzenon Filho, Júlio Guevara Filho, Lúlio Lagazzi, Luiz Batistella.

UDN - José Abílio Baggio, Maximiliano Baruto, Primo S. Antonio, Vergílio Buzan.

PDC - Alberto Fernandes de Souza.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 6.525

AREIAS

Prefeito - Paulo da Costa Sampaio - UDN

Vice Prefeito - Antônio Luiz do Prado - UDN

Vereadores: (9)

UDN - Altivo de Oliveira Ramos, Dolphando A. Koenigkam, José Serafim Neto, José Teixeira de Mesquita, Otávio Máximo de Carvalho.

PDC - Benedito de Oliveira Ramos, Gássio Coutinho Cunha, Ismael Thomas da Silva, José Quirino Rodrigues.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 666

ARRIÓPOLIS

Prefeito - Pedro Pupo da Silveira - UDN-PTN

Vice Prefeito - Ricieri Mantovani - UDN-PTN

Vereadores: (9)

UDN-PTN - Abílio Lourenço Blanco, Dácio Helene, Izaltino Francisco dos Santos, João Borcato Filho, Procópio Vieira Rodrigues.

PSP - Hélio Ramos de Oliveira, Indício Leite, José Francisco Bernardes, Oswaldo Cg qão.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 707

ARTIMANHA

Prefeito - José Carneleassi - PSP

Vice Prefeito - Antonio Angelotti - PSD

Vereadores: (9)

PSP - Antonio Ayusso, Caetano Motta, Italo Ruy Schettini, Miguel Hernandez, Ralphe Carneleassi.

PSD - Alcides Ferreira de Oliveira, Manoel Sader, Otávio Juliatto.

UDN - João Ayusso - Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.371

ARUJÁ

Prefeito - Júlio Barbosa de Souza - PSP

Vice Prefeito - Benedito Ferreira Franco - PSP

Vereadores: (9)

PSP - João Benedito Manoel, José Paulo Simões, Noburo Nakayama, Saturnino Barbosa.

PDC - Benedito Pedrosa de Almeida, Benjamin Manoel, Reinaldo Santangelo.

UDN - Amadeu Rodrigues Norte, Edmundo Ramos Barbosa.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 520

ASSIS

Prefeito - José Augusto Ribeiro - PTN-PSP

Vice Prefeito - José Norton de Andrade - PSD-PL

Vereadores: (17)

PTN - Ana Barbosa, José de Castro Moraes, Maio Virgílio, Túlio Torrezi.

PDC - Ary de Góes Kumpel, Juvenal Nelson Piedade, Túfi Jubran.

PTB - Antônio de Souza Andrade, Feliciano Barbosa de Oliveira, Oliveira Alberto de Castro.

FRP - Antonio Gonçalves de Oliveira, Pelegrino de Campos.

PSD - João Mota, Nelson Marcondes.

PSP - Almiro Binato, José Claudovino.

PL - Ary Ferreira da Costa.

Comparecimento de eleitores - 11.451

ATIBAIA

Prefeito - (*)

Vice Prefeito - (*)

Vereadores: (13)

PR-PSP - Cyro de Assis Teixeira, Emidio Fazzio, José Pires Alvim, Pedro Maturama, Pedro Tasso, Rosendo Corrêa de Aguirre, Tito Livio Garini.

ANHEMBI

Prefeito - Immanuel Morato do Amaral - PDC-PTN

Vice Prefeito - Angelo Lombardi - PSF

Vereadores: (9)

PSD - Calhim M. Abud, Cecílio Celate Neto, José Zacarias
PDC - Pedro Batista Domingues, Pedro Silveira Feres
PSP - Antônio Franco, Cláudio Morato do Amaral
PTN - Antônio Conceição Cunha, Victor Genálio Consentino
Comparecimento de eleitores - 759

APARECIDA

Prefeito - Solón Pereira - PTN-PSD

Vice Prefeito - Oswaldo Elache - PTN-PSD

Vereadores: (13)

PSP - Aristeu Vieira Vilela, Aziz Chad, Pedro Gonsain, Virgílio Monteiro Santos
França
PTN-PSD - Adriane Ferreira da Silva, Alvarine Marcondes, Liqueirne Cléto, Wilson
Pereira Lima
PDC - Guilherme Bitencourt, José Pereira da Costa, José Ribeiro
UDN - Francisco de Salles Souza, Paulo Macedo
Comparecimento de eleitores - 4.611

APIÁI

Prefeito - Antonio Dimpino Pontes - UDN

Vice Prefeito - Waldemir de Oliveira Barbosa - PRT

Vereadores: (11)

UDN - Astrogildo Antunes de Oliveira, Elizário Rodrigues da Silva, Dimas Dória
de Oliveira, João Prestes, Leonil Silva, Marcoline Chavita de Souza
PDC - Augusto Maira da Silva, Domil Chiodi, José Silva, Marcionili de Brito, Thaí
cilio Pacheco de Carvalho
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.557

ARACATUBA

Prefeito - João Batista Botelho - PSD

Vice Prefeito - Silvie José Venturelli - PSP

Vereadores: (19)

PSD - Delmar Ribeiro da Silva, Floriane C. Arruda Brasil, Irineu Varoni, Luiz
Martinez Marin, Milton Freire, Otacilio Venâncio de Carvalho,
PSP - Elmiro Pereira da Silva, Joaquim Geraldo Corrêa, Jorge Quintiliano, Le-
onidas Cerdeira
PTN - Dorival Ignácio de Medeiros, Joaquim Dibe, Julio Monteagudo Pinheiro
PRP - Isaac Iderlha, José Ferreira Batista Júnior
UDN - Hugo Lippe Júnior, Vanderlino de Souza
PR - Adeline Moreira
PTB - Hideo Tatamoto
Comparecimento de eleitores - 16.879

ARACOTABA DA SERRA

Prefeito - Antonio Duarte - PSP

Vice Prefeito - Pedro Monteiro Filho - PSD

Vereadores: (11)

PSF-PSD - Benedito Bertelaccini, Jair Ferreira Duarte, João Lopes, Orlando Fer-
reira Duarte, Paulo Antunes Ribeiro, Rubens Licínio Rodrigues de Souza
PDC - João Venâncio da Rocha, José Antunes Nogueira, José Delfino de Campos
Pôrto, Luiz Vieira, Otaviano Miranda
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.305

ARARAQUARA

Prefeito - Benedito de Oliveira - PDC-PTN

Vice Prefeito - Pedro Cruz - PDC

Vereadores: (19)

PDC - Flávia Thomaz de Aquino, Gelson Bucherani, José Mussi, José Pizani
PSP - Célio Biller Teixeira, Darcy Meralles, Elias Damus, José Galli
PTN - Álvaro Waldemar Colina, Anthere Rodrigues da Silva Júnior, Mário Amarias
Mário Parisi
PSD - Flávia Ferraz de Carvalho, José Migro Neto
UDN - Hermínia Pagotto, Miguel Tedde Netto
PL - José Washington Pinto
PTB - Armando Biagioni
Comparecimento de eleitores - 19.951

0089

ALVARES MACHADO

Prefeito - Antônio de Miro Mázzaro - UDN-PTN-PSB

Vice Prefeito - Olegário Corrêa dos Santos - UDN-PTN-PSB

Vereadores: (13)

UDN-PTN-PSB - Alcides Sanvesso, Alfredo Hirota, Antônio Longo, Arthur Boígues Filho, Hélio Athia, Hermínio Boígues, Hermínio B. Faria, José A. Fernandes Sdniga, José Sacco, Milton P. de A. Castro, Nobue Miyake, Orlando P. de A. Castro, Sebastião Antônio Pereira.
Comparecimento de eleitores - ...

ALVILÂNDIA

Prefeito - Sebastião Manzano - PDC

Vice Prefeito - Sebastião Afonso Lamunier - PDC

Vereadores: (9)

PDC - Antonio Aparecido, João P. da Silva, Joaquim F. de Assis, José Soares.
PSD - Estevam Leopoldino de Miranda, José Nakalino, Vicente Manzano.
PSP - Aires W. Belintani, Daniel Guarido.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 527

AMERICANA

Prefeito - Cid Azevedo Marques - PR-UDN

Vice Prefeito - Cidélcio Medon - PR-UDN

Vereadores: (15)

PR-UDN-PSB-PDC - Abdo Najar, Antônio P. Leite, Estevam Faraone, James R. Jones, Jorge Arbix, José R. Azenha Sobrinho, Wadhi Galil.
PSP - Antônio Zanaga, João B. O. Romano, Onofre Boer.
PSD - Lázaro R. Azenha, Nicolau João Abdalla.
PTB - Agenor Beraldo, José Valentin Casati.
FRP - Sidney Luchiani.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 11.106

AMPARO

Prefeito - (*)

Vice Prefeito - (*)

Vereadores: (15)

PDC-UDN - Adib Feres Sad, Antonio Andreta, Antonio de C. Nóbrega, Augusto Trevisan, Guerino Brunelli, Jesuino Bueno da Silva, João B. Cintra, Romulo Molinari.
PSD - Aristides V. Fabrini, João B. Francisco, José Carlos de Camargo Campos, Lucas Cardoso da Silva.
PSP - Antonio Casalini, João Jorge, Raul A. Fagundes.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 6.548

ANALÂNDIA

Prefeito - Ruy Cesar do Amaral - UDN

Vice Prefeito - Antônio Cândido Sobrinho - PDC

Vereadores: (9)

UDN - Albino Marchesano, Antônio Schalach, Euclides Pozzi, Isauro Pereira, José Nale, Nicolau Nicolau.
PDC - Carlos Franceschini, Cesare Chiare, Sírio Bertoli.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 452

ANDRADINA

Prefeito - Antônio Soares Moura Andrade - PSD

Vice Prefeito - Sebastião Lourenço da Silva - PSP

Vereadores: (17)

PSP - Alcides Alves, Benedito V. da Cunha, Clarindo Batista da Silva, Lázaro de Souza, Osvaldo Rodrigues Batalha, Tomaz Okabayashi Tosio.
PSD - Aristômenes F. Meirelles, Eglantino M. da Silveira, Humberto Passarelli, Joel Soares Leitão, Manoel Teixeira de Freitas.
UDN-PDC - Alvorindo Ravagnani, Antônio Morimoto, José A. Salomêao, José Gerayeb, Nelson Antônio Marão.
PTB - Fernando Roberto Humaytá.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 6.145

ANGATUBA

Prefeito - Ivens Vieira - PSD

Vice Prefeito - João Orsi Júnior - PTN

Vereadores: (11)

PSD - Américo Múolo, Bruno Pucci, Clovis V. de Moraes, Gumercindo de Souza, José Aleixo Machado, Natal Favali.
PTN - Antonio Bento Rodrigues, Benedito S. de Almeida, João M. de Oliveira, Ozilides Branco de Lima, Zenardo Sales Camargo.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.055

ESTADO DE SÃO PAULO
ELEIÇÕES MUNICIPAIS DE 4 DE OUTUBRO DE 1959
Executivos e Legislativos Municipais

ADOLFO

Prefeito - Adelfo Moreira Filho - PTN

Vice Prefeito - Enes Virgílio dos Santos - PTN

Veradores: (9)

PTN - Alvaro Queis, Anselmo Emílio Morelli, Elie Lúpa, Francisca José Lopes, José de Oliveira, Luiz Roberto de Souza Lima.

PDC - Jacyr Lopes, José da Silva, Paulo Azeite.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 377

AGUAÍ

Prefeito - Sebastião Bezze - PTB-PSP

Vice Prefeito - Ângelo Sílvio Selber - PTB-PSP-PDC

Veradores: (9)

PDC - Hêlio Ferreira Saenz, Joaquim Giraldi, Manoel Alfredo de Carvalho, Manoel Alves da Rocha.

PSP - Francisca Martucci, José Afonso Célia, José Gustavo Simen.

PR - Antônio José Célia, Sérgio Antônio Mese.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.215

ÁGUAS DA PRATA

Prefeito - (*)

Vice Prefeito - (*)

Veradores: (11)

UDN - Evandro Oliveira Souza, José Constantino, Manoel Clíneo Andrade Junqueira, Manoel Martins Benilha, Wilson Gonçalves da Silva.

PSP - Carlos Rodrigues Valla, Hermínia Ginelli, João Dias de Carvalho.

PTB - José Ferreira Correia, José de Freitas, Vergínia Vinício Beralde.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.302

ÁGUAS DE LINDÓIA

Prefeito - (*)

Vice Prefeito - (*)

Veradores: (11)

PTN-PTB - Agostinho de Souza Gadey, Antônio Toledo, Atilio Sillette, Benjamin Gradido, Geraldo Mentevani, Lázaro Artonia Barbosa.

PSD - Adelfo Mentevani, Aparecida José Pirani, Jevine de Gadey Moreira, Sedário José de Meraiz, Fieravante Armigliato.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 1.754

AGUDOS

Prefeito - José Nogueira de Abreu - PSD-PSP-PTB

Vice Prefeito - José André Guarido - PSD-PSP-PTB

Veradores: (11)

PR-UDN-PDC-PTN - Alcino Adeline Leão, Américo Delazari, Felesdeu Leão, Jergo Ayub, Ramílio Eugênio da Luz, Rubens de Almeida Francese.

PSD-PSP-PTB - Antônio Domingos Pereira, Antônio Miranda Filho, Arnaldo Zulian, Edie Sermani, Jacintho Sanches.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 3.333

ALTAIR

Prefeito - José Garcia de Souza - PSP-PR

Vice Prefeito - Simpliciano Elias de Oliveira - PSP-PR

Veradores: (9)

PSP - Francisco Orlando da Silva, Jerônimo Tomaz da Silva, Oscar Rodrigues da Silva, Takamatsu Ikebaro, Walter Mendes.

PR - Antonio Fugete, Manoel Mendes Filho.

PSB - Joaquim Nicácio de Figueiredo, Laurindo Tomaz da Silva.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 741

ALTINÓPOLIS

Prefeito - Muzet Elias Antônio - PSD-PSP-PTB

Vice Prefeito - Pio Antunes de Figueiredo - PSD-PSP-PTB

Veradores: (11)

PSP-PSD-PTB - Artur Rafaine, Elias Salim, Guido Bernardino da Costa, José Garcia de Figueiredo, Mansuetto José Zuccolotto, Miguel Angelo Sabá.

PDC-UDN - Arlindo Vicentini, Antônio Ramos Cabeti, Coimbra Damascio Zuccolotto, José Talles Meirelles, Paulo Garcia Palma.
Comparecimento de eleitores - 2.695

0087

732.00/3-9-60

Enclosure No. 3.
Dep # 277
Sao Paulo
29-60
ARA

GOVERNO DO ESTADO DE SÃO PAULO
DEPARTAMENTO DE ESTATÍSTICA DO ESTADO
DIVISÃO DE ESTATÍSTICAS ADMINISTRATIVAS E POLÍTICAS

EXECUTIVOS E LEGISLATIVOS MUNICIPAIS

ELEIÇÕES EM 4 DE OUTUBRO DE 1959

São Paulo
1959

0086

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, U. S. A.
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.
OFFICIAL BUSINESS

ENCLOSURE TO DESP. 377 from SAE Payco
732.00/2-9-60

5800

WITHDRAWAL NOTICE

RG: 059

TAB #: 44

ENTRY: CDF60-63

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0084

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From Amoenon, São Paulo

COALITIONS	MAYORS	VICE MAYORS	ALDERMEN
PTB-PDC-PRP	1	1	6
PTB-PTH-PRT	-	-	-
PTB-PSB-PRP	-	1	5
PTB-PTH-PR	-	-	8
UDN-PDC-PRP-PR	1	1	6
UDN-PDC-PTH-PR	1	1	-
UDN-PDC-PSB-PRT	1	1	-
UDN-PDC-PRP	1	-	-
UDN-PDC-PR	1	1	-
UDN-PSB-PL	1	1	13
UDN-PTH-PSB	1	-	8
UDN-PSB-PR	-	-	5
UDN-PSB-PRT	-	-	6
UDN-PTH-PR	-	1	-
PDC-PSB	1	-	-
PDC-PL	1	-	-
PRP-PSB-PR	1	1	-
PDC-PTH-PR	1	-	4
PSB-PR	1	-	1
PTH-PSB	-	-	5
PTH-PRP	1	-	-
PTH-PST	1	1	-
PRT-PL	1	-	-
Total	163	150	810

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(Classification)

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Desp. No. 277
From Amcconga, São Paulo

COALITION	MAYORS	VIGIL MAYORS	ALDERMEN
PSP-PSD-PTB-PDC-PSB	1	1	7
PSP-PSD-UDN-PDC-PSB-PTN-PR	1	-	-
PSP-PSD-PDC-PTN	1	1	-
PSP-PSD-PTB-UDN-PDC	1	1	-
PSP-PSD-UDN-PDC-PSB-PTN	1	1	-
PSP-PSD-PTB-UDN	1	1	-
PSP-PSD-UDN-PDC	2	1	-
PSP-PSD-PDC-PR	1	1	-
PSP-PSD-PTB-UDN-PST	1	1	-
PSP-PSD-PTB-PL-PR	1	-	-
PSP-PTB-UDN-PDC-PTN	1	1	-
PSP-PTB-PDC	2	4	-
PSP-PTB-PTN-PR	1	1	-
PSP-PTB-PRP	-	2	10
PSP-PTB-UDN-PTN	1	-	5
PSP-PTB-PST	-	-	5
PSP-PTB-PTN-PSB	-	-	5
PSP-PTB-PTN	1	1	5
PSP-UDN-PDC-PRP	1	-	-
PSP-UDN-PR-PL	1	1	-
PSP-PDC-PSB-PRT	1	-	-
PSD-PRT	1	-	8
PSD-PR	-	1	-
PSD-PL	1	-	4
PSD-PSB	-	-	-
PSD-UDN	1	1	-
PSD-PTB-PDC-PTN	1	2	-
PSD-PTB-UDN-PDC	1	1	-
PSD-PTB-PDC	1	1	-
PSD-UDN-PDC-PR	1	-	-
PSD-UDN-PDC-PTN-PR	1	1	7
PSD-UDN-PDC-PTN-PRP	1	-	6
PSD-UDN-PDC-PSB	-	1	-
PSD-UDN-PRP	1	-	-
PSD-PDC-PTN-PSB-PR	-	-	5
PSD-PSB-PL	-	-	4
PTB-PSB	-	-	2
PTB-UDN	1	1	-
PTB-PRP	-	-	2
PTB-UDN	-	1	-
PTB-PRP	1	1	-
PTB-UDN-PDC	1	1	-
PTB-UDN-PTN-PSB-PRP-PL	1	1	-
PTB-UDN-PDC-PTN	1	-	-
PTB-UDN-PTN	1	-	-

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(Classification)

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COALITIONS	MAYORS	VICE MAYORS	ALDERMEN
UDN-PDC	11	11	66
PDC-PTN	11	10	40
PSP-PSD	5	3	47
PSP-PTN	7	4	39
PSP-PTB	6	4	30
PSD-PTN	6	5	27
PSP-PSB	3	3	31
PSP-PDC	9	8	16
PSP-PR	1	1	31
PSP-PSD-PTB	3	4	26
PSD-PDC	5	5	17
UDN-PTN	3	2	24
PTB-PTN	2	5	14
PDC-PR	2	3	14
UDN-PR	1	2	16
PSP-UDN-PDC	5	3	15
PSP-PTB	-	3	14
PTB-PDC-PTN	3	3	17
PSD-UDN-PTN	1	1	16
PTN-PR	4	4	7
PSP-UDN-PR	1	1	13
UDN-PSB	3	-	11
PSP-PSD-PDC	2	2	6
PSP-PSD-UDN-PSB	-	-	14
PSP-PTB-PDC-PR	2	2	10
PSP-PSB-PTN	1	1	9
PSP-PDC-PTN	2	2	6
PSD-PRP	-	-	11
UDN-PDC-PTN	2	2	9
UDN-PDC-PSB	2	3	7
PDC-PRP	-	-	8
PSP-UDN	3	3	-
PTB-PR	3	1	4
PTB-PDC	1	1	5
UDN-PL	1	1	6
PSP-PRP	-	-	3
UDN-PRP	-	-	8
UDN-PDC-PTN-PRP	1	-	7
PRP-PL	-	1	6
PSP-PST	1	1	-
PSP-PSD-PRP	1	1	-
PSP-PTB	-	1	5
PSP-PSD-PTN	-	-	6
PSP-PSD-UDN	-	-	8
PSP-PSD-PTB-PL	1	1	-

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(Classification)

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From Amcogon, São Paulo.

<u>PARTIES</u>	<u>MAYORS</u>	<u>VICE MAYORS</u>	<u>ALDERMEN</u>
PSP	20	27	608
PSD	20	23	374
PTB	3	7	196
UDH	35	44	694
PDC	56	53	810
PTN	36	35	666
PSB	6	4	132
PRP	4	3	70
PRT	5	2	44
PST	-	-	22
PL	4	3	66
PR	6	6	206
Total	193	206	5, 678
Coalitions	163	160	810
Grand total	356	366	4, 488

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FOUCH

(Security Classification)

FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

FROM : Amcogen, São Paulo

TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.

REF :

277

February 9, 1960

732.00/2-960

XR 832.51

20 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION # ARR-4	DEPT. RM/R 2	OTHER IRC 8
	REC'D 2-16-60	CIA-10	USIA-10
			NAVY-3

SUBJECT: Municipal Election Results in São Paulo.

Transmitted herewith are a number of copies of the State of São Paulo Department of Statistics report on the municipal elections of October 4, 1959. This report is not official and contains some inaccuracies (e.g. listing in some cases more or less city aldermen elected than the actual number of vacancies to be filled). Official returns will ultimately be provided by the Regional Electoral Tribunal but will probably not be published for several months.

Attached are two tables indicating the total number of mayors, vice mayors, and aldermen elected by the various parties (attachment No. 1) or coalitions of parties (attachment No. 2). These totals were compiled by Foreign Service local Vera Sartorelli from the report of the State Department of Statistics.

While the totals submitted herewith are more complete and accurate than those used in this post's despatch of last December analyzing the election results, the basic patterns and relative strength identified in the latter despatch, as well as the analysis contained in that despatch, are not significantly modified by the more complete information at hand.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

Attachments: att 1, 2, 3.

1. Table of Elections, Various Parties.
2. Table of Elections, Coalitions of Parties.
3. Six Copies of São Paul Report. (4-Dept, 2-Rio)

RJB:tar

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From São Paulo

Judging from the 1958 campaign and election results for governor and state and federal deputies in São Paulo in which extremist nationalism fared poorly, the considerable role being played by extreme nationalist elements will likewise hurt Lott's candidacy in São Paulo. It appears that these elements, especially the communist component, are predominantly interested in tying Lott's candidacy to the party line rather than selling the total qualifications of Lott.

6. Adhemar's Shaky Candidacy (Official Use Only)

São Paulo Mayor Adhemar de Barros continued his travels to various other states this past week campaigning for the presidency and occasionally denouncing manifestations of non-support within PSP ranks. Meanwhile, from PSP ranks in and out of the state come expressions, direct or indirect, of hope that Adhemar will soon re-examine his presidential possibilities and desist upon finding them hopeless.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

cc: Amembassy Rio de Janeiro

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Comment: (Confidential)

This method of campaigning would deny to UDN vice-presidential candidate Leandro Maciel the opportunity effectively to associate himself with Janio's electioneering in the state of São Paulo. Janio has been resting with his family in the past week at the nearby oceanside, and there have been no statements from him which might shed further light on his relations with the UDN. (One could speculate that recently reported UDN attempts to bring Carlos Lacerda back from abroad are motivated by Lacerda's recent past history of fighting within his own party on Quadros' behalf, which might make Lacerda more influential toward Quadros in the UDN's behalf.)

5. Campaigning for Candidate Lott (Official Use Only)

While War Minister Teixeira Lott was the only announced candidate for president or vice-president not in São Paulo during the past week, he was represented by his daughter, Edna Lott. Arriving on February 4, Miss Lott took on a well balanced campaign diet in her first two days. She initially visited the local archbishop, Cardinal Mota, then a local children's hospital. On both days, she appeared on afternoon TV. On both days she visited a labor union headquarters (chemicals and pharmaceuticals, then textiles). At the close of the second day she visited the local nationalist front headquarters. Speaking at a luncheon on the first day, Major Kardek Leme (representing the National Movement for Lott's candidacy) is reported to have said that São Paulo will be the center of Lott's political activities, that candidate Lott should spend at least fifteen days in each month in São Paulo.

Also during the week O Estado de São Paulo denounced the newly formed Metropolitan Interparty Committee for Lott as communist dominated. The newspaper cited Armando Mazzo and Orly Andrezzo as members of the now legally abolished communist party and mentioned that others on the Committee were also communists or pro-communists. The Committee membership announced to the press included: from the PSD - Antonio Titto, Mario Barbosa, Waldemar de Sousa; from the PTB - Rio Branco Paranhos, Salvador Romano Lossaco, and José Veneza Barroso; from the labor and public sector - Armando Mazzo, Orly Andrezzo and Moacyr Lobo.

Comment: (Confidential)

From various accounts, it appears that the War Minister's daughter is a pleasant but unskilled campaigner, equipped with platitudes, but not too knowledgeable on campaign issues. Thusfar it does not appear that her efforts, at least in São Paulo, will contribute significantly to her father's campaign.

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his meetings have been well attended and that he has received declarations of support from numerous municipal officials and local political leaders. Vigorous endorsement of and identification with Janio Quadros' presidential candidacy characterize Ferrari's speechmaking. In connection with PDC national president Queiroz Filho's resignation as Secretary of Education in the state of São Paulo this past week (São Paulo despatch 273, February 8, 1960, item 4), the PDC leader in the state assembly Roberto Cardoso Alves said "The Ferrari candidacy is of the highest importance for the PDC, for the national growth of the party." (The resignation was submitted on the ground that the PDC president needed to devote himself more fully to the campaign of Quadros and Ferrari).

Comment: (Confidential)

For the moment Ferrari may be even stronger in São Paulo, at least in some sectors, than Janio Quadros. A poll among University of São Paulo law students, for example, reportedly shows Janio with 78% of the presidential vote and Ferrari with 87% of the vice-presidential vote. But the vice-presidential contest is less fully crystallized than the presidential contest. If the PTB should choose someone like the president of the Brazilian Coffee Institute, Paulista Renato Costa Lima (such has been rumored locally but Costa Lima denied in São Paulo that anyone has approached him on this), Ferrari's strength would suffer and candidate Maciel would benefit somewhat. The same would be true if PSP national president Adhemar de Barros should shift from presidential to vice-presidential candidate.

PDC expectations around a Ferrari victory lead one to wonder how to relate this to the expectation that Ferrari, if elected vice-president, would be in a strong position to take over the PTB.

4. Janio's Victory Train (Official Use Only)

Spokesmen for Janio Quadros announced this past week that Janio will campaign in high pressure fashion by special train in São Paulo. For four days out of each month Janio and his cohorts will live, work and campaign aboard this train. The train will have sleeping car, dining car, medical facilities and a special platform and loudspeaker for speech making. Only Janio would speak from the train and each speech would be about 20 minutes long. For February 22-25, for example, it is presently indicated that the train would cover some 39 cities in the Sorocabana area. Orators would speak in each locality both before the arrival and after the departure of the train. Janio would leave the train only to reach communities otherwise inaccessible. Perhaps more than 400 municipalities ultimately would be covered. According to one source, the train would be called the Victory Train.

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From São Paulo

the larger course of the presidential campaign. Unless future developments suggest otherwise and except as special work pressures on the limited staff resources of this post may occasionally prevent it, this weekly report on presidential campaign developments in the São Paulo consular district will be continued to and beyond election day, through the "post-mortem" period.

2. UDN Candidate Maciel Campaigns Alone (Official Use Only)

The "official" vice-presidential candidate of Janio Quadros, Leandro Maciel, arrived in São Paulo on February 5 for a week of campaigning, most of it to occur without the company of Janio Quadros. The ex-Sergipe governor and Janio are scheduled to be in São João de Boa Vista together on February 8 where they will attend a Congress of the provisioners of state health institutions.

Comments by Leandro Maciel upon his arrival in São Paulo shed some light on Maciel's prospects and on reported recent campaign tensions and strains within UDN ranks. Maciel did not deprecate or deny recent polls unfavorable to him; rather he said that he is a fighting man and will fight all the harder in the face of this information. He denied rumors that he would not accompany Janio in the latter's campaigning in states outside of São Paulo. He expressed disbelief that various mayors in the interior of São Paulo would not receive him (the UDN state directorate decided that Maciel must do more campaigning in São Paulo and had had a check made with the various municipalities as to the "convenience" of an immediate visit by Maciel).

Comment: (Confidential)

It is doubtful that campaign misunderstandings reported last week (São Paulo despatch 264, February 1, 1960, item 2) have been cleared up to the entire satisfaction of the UDN. Whether Janio can in any great measure be identified as the UDN candidate elsewhere, he certainly is not particularly such in the state of São Paulo. Janio thus far speaks of Maciel as his running mate in fulfillment of a political commitment. If Maciel's campaigning in São Paulo proceeds as an essentially UDN venture, without significant support from Janio or from non-UDN henchmen of Janio (and this pattern is presently indicated), the ex-Sergipe governor's vote-getting prospects in this state would appear weak. Some UDN leaders may well be wondering whether the party will gain or lose strength with a Quadros victory.

3. Ferrari Well Received (Official Use Only)

PDC vice-presidential candidate Fernando Ferrari is bringing to a close several weeks of successful campaigning throughout the interior of São Paulo. Reports from various sources indicate that

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AIR POUCH

FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

FROM : Amcongen São Paulo

TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.

REF :

275

February 8, 1960

SUBJECT: Presidential Campaign Highlights, Week Ending February 5, 1960.

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For Dept.
Use Only

REC'D
2/13

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USIA-10

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army-4

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R/M/R

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2. UDN Candidate Maciel Campaigns Alone
3. Ferrari Well Received
4. Janio's Victory Train
5. Campaigning for Candidate Lott
6. Adhemar's Shaky Candidacy

1. Introducing "Presidential Campaign Highlights" (Official Use Only)

Latest reports indicate that presidential candidate Janio Quadros will campaign intensively in São Paulo four days in every month (item 4 below) apart from time spent in São Paulo in between campaign visits elsewhere. A spokesman from the camp of candidate Lott says that Lott should campaign at least 15 days in every month in São Paulo (item 5 below). Vice-presidential candidate Fernando Ferrari is now winding up weeks of electioneering in the State of São Paulo and can be expected to return. UDN vice-presidential candidate Leandro Maciel has announced that São Paulo will be his main political encampment for the duration of the campaign. Various of these and other political leaders directly or indirectly identify the outcome in São Paulo as crucial to victory or defeat. Also the tempo of electioneering activity in São Paulo should accelerate as election day approaches.

A weekly report on "Presidential Campaign Highlights" therefor is initiated herewith in the hope that both Embassy Rio and the Department will find the material and interpretations presented helpful to them in their interpretation of

REPORTER: RMB:mlf

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DEPARTMENT OF STATE
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From São Paulo

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program on the American-settled town of Americana to coincide with the President's visit. Visão magazine plans a color photograph of Ike on its cover for its issue of February 25 while A Gazeta will also front page a color photograph of the President.

10. Other Press Highlights (Unclassified).

Syrian-Israeli tension was widely reported but most papers had little comment to make. An exception was O Estado de S. Paulo which criticized Nasser ("His playing with fire and with the latent passions of the Middle East is too dangerous for the United Nations to tolerate.") and praised the Brazilian government for insisting that Brazil's troops in the UN Police Force will continue to follow only the United Nations in seeking a better situation in the Middle East.

Senator Aiken's report on United States-Latin American affairs received very favorable press treatment in São Paulo. Correio Paulistano and O Estado de S. Paulo strongly praised the Senator and said he "saw clearly the reality of life in Latin America."

Fidel Castro was in the news because of continuing interest in the conference of under-developed countries and Anastas Mikoyan's visit to Cuba. No editorial comment yet on Mikoyan but Correio Paulistano and O Estado de S. Paulo saw only anti-United States political overtones in the proposed conference.

Miscellaneous

11. List of Substantive Despatches.

- 265 São Paulo Cost of Living Index - 1959.
- 266 Fourth Plenary Meeting of Industrial Federations at Goiânia, State of Goiás.
- 268 Santos Weekly Report.
- 269 Russian Technicians on Oil Shale Development in São Paulo.
- 270 Trade Complaint of Benjamin Deliveira Marrya vs. Parts Manufacturing Corporation.
- 271 American Free Trade Area discussed by American Business at São Paulo
- 272 Weekly Economic Review, January 29 - February 4, 1960

William F. Cochran, Jr.
William F. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

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strictly prohibited during the convention. (This, of course, would be a revolutionary development for the Brazilian trade union movement as most Brazilian unions up to now have been nothing more than appendages for political parties.)

The Consulate General's Labor Officer has been informed by trade union leaders and by a labor ministry technician that Governor Carvalho Pinto and President Kubitschek will grant subsidies to defray the expenses of the convention. Dr. Roberto Gummão, Regional Delegate of Labor, informed the Labor Officer that the President and the Governor will be the only official guests at the convention. Dr. Gummão also stated that Communists in attendance will be under strict surveillance and their activities curtailed. Dante Pelasani, a former Communist Party member, has several times informed the Labor Officer that the convention will be a step toward unification of all Brazilian trade unions, and that it also will mark the ascendancy of the São Paul trade unions in the Brazilian trade union movement. The convention, of course, fits in perfectly with the present Communist Party policy of unity, brotherhood and peace.

Psychological

8. Algeria (Unclassified).

Events in strife-torn Algeria, and President de Gaulle's impressive victory over rightist French "agions" were at the top of the international news in this week's Sao Paulo newspapers. The Sao Paulo press supported the General, saw no other solution for the thorny problems of Algeria but self-determination and roundly condemned the rebels. While several newspapers commented on the events, none was more eloquent than O Estado de S. Paulo which editorialised twice on the subject: "De Gaulle won this hand. It is the end of equivocation in Algeria. The road is now open for a just, democratic, and peaceful solution to the problem of 'unhappy Algeria.'" And again: "France, more than ever before, is being led by the greatest of her living sons, General de Gaulle. It is he who is the virtual saviour of his country which he has saved for the second time."

9. President Eisenhower's Trip (Unclassified).

Several newspapers are writing almost daily stories on plans for Kees' reception in São Paulo with a great deal of inaccuracy as it has not been possible to release official statements dealing with the São Paulo program. Folha de S. Paulo, Diários Associados, Correio Paulistano, and Diario de Comercio e Industria are all planning special supplements for February 25. TV-Tupi is preparing a special 40-minute television program as a salute to President Eisenhower. Radio America will broadcast a half-hour

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From São Paulo

in São Paulo. Representing Lott and campaigning for him was his daughter, Edna Lott. Most significant were indications that Quadros' running mate, Leandro Maciel, would be traveling relatively alone with little active campaign support from Quadros or his henchmen in São Paulo. On the other hand, PDC sponsored vice-presidential candidate, Fernando Ferrari, is getting a very good reception. From Quadros' quarters came reports of plans for a special campaign train which will carry Janio on a swift election-searing trip of 4 or 5 days duration in each month to reach ultimately over 400 interior cities of São Paulo. Thus far, candidate Lott's daughter appears pleasant but not too impressive or effective as a campaigner (for more details on local presidential campaign developments of the week, see São Paulo Dispatch No. 275 February 8, 1959).

Labor

7. First State Trade Union Convention (Confidential).

Officers of the São Paulo State Trade Union Council (CST) are continuing preparations for the first state-wide convention of São Paulo trade unions scheduled to be held in the capital city April 27-May 1. The CST is the successor to the Communist-dominated Frente de Unidade, (FUI) and consists of a non-Communist majority, and a militant well-disciplined Communist minority. The FUI no longer holds public meetings, and has not been mentioned in the local press for many months.

A meeting of the Executive Commission of the CST was held on February 3, and a tentative agenda for the convention was adopted. Items to be debated by the delegates in attendance include proposed federal legislation regulating the right to strike; revision of the existing social security system; enforcement of the labor laws; trade union autonomy; imposto sindical (trade union tax of one day's wages per year for each non-agricultural worker which is collected by the government and apportioned out to the unions); development of the Brazilian national economy; and many other items which have been debated ad nauseam in Brazilian trade union circles for the past fifteen years.

Dante Pelasani, secretary-general of the CST, has been chosen as chairman of a nine-man committee responsible for the preparations for the convention. In addition to Pelasani, the committee includes four reliable non-Communist trade union leaders, two militant Communist party trade union members, and a long time fellow traveling Communist who recently have been drifting somewhat away from the Communist Party direction.

COMMENT: According to members of the Executive Commission, all discussions and activities of a political nature will be

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exploitation of Queiroz Filho's incumbency in the office caused the resignation.

The new Secretary of Education, Luciano Vasconcelos de Carvalho, is one of the founders of the PDC and until recently was secretary general of the PDC regional directorate (biographic information will follow). This is his first public office. He was reportedly chosen from a list of alternatives submitted by the PDC.

COMMENT: (Confidential) It seems farfetched that Governor Carvalho Pinto, an old friend of Queiroz Filho, would respond to UDN pressures. On the other hand, there have been frequent complaints against political exploitation of the Secretaryship of Education. The cocktail party incident (Item 2 above) could have brought realization that the then incumbent Secretary of Education would inevitably be deeply involved in supporting Ferrari's vice-presidential candidacy. If PDC campaign activities were suffering for want of attention from the party's national president, there has been no advance indication or current proof thereof.

5. Frictions Within Local Political Parties (Official Use Only).

Both the PR and the PTN in the state of São Paulo have been suffering from friction within the party ranks this past week. The previously reported battle for control of the PTN regional directorate, tied in with competing aspirations for the São Paulo mayoralty office, is not ended. (São Paulo Despatch No. 189, November 30, 1959, Item 2.) Only 27 of the 47 members of the PTN directorate have resigned, leaving in office 20 of the dissident opposition. Although the Regional Electoral Tribunal accepted 27 resignations, the Tribunal refused to register any of the 47 newly elected directors in view of the continued incumbency of 20 directors.

The PR battle flows out of a decision of the state directorate to endorse Janio Quadros for the presidency to the party's national convention. A meeting of the metropolitan directorate to review this decision has been postponed. However, PR deputy Francisco Franco questioned the right of the metropolitan directorate which elected only three aldermen, to put itself above the view of the party in the interior which, he says, elected 40 mayors and over 300 aldermen.

6. Presidential Campaign Highlights (Confidential).

During the past week all the avowed political candidates for president and vice-president except War Minister Teixeira Lott were

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From São Paulo

received invitations for a cocktail party later in the day at the residence of national PDC President and State Secretary of Education Quairos Filho. The cocktail party is said to have been used for PDC politicking especially on behalf of vice-presidential candidate Ferrari. Some say that this contributed to the surprise resignation of the Secretary of Education (Item 4 below).

Secondly, the Governor's TV talk gave special emphasis to achievements in the agricultural sector. UDN Secretary of Agriculture Coutinho Nogueira has been prominently mentioned as a favorite candidate to succeed Carvalho Pinto in 1962.

3. Students Oppose Federal Education Bill (Official Use Only).

The state student union started active campaigning this past week against the Lei de Diretrizes e Bases da Educação Nacional approved by the National Assembly and pending in the Federal Senate. The main charge is that subventions and other help to private schools jeopardize the adequacy of public education facilities. Banners have been hung asserting "School is not only for the rich." Leaflets are being printed. A stand has been set up to collect protest signatures. The three state senators will be approached by student representatives. Student representatives from Rio Grande do Sul stopped in São Paulo to co-ordinate their opposition with local student groups; they will go on to Belo Horizonte and Salvador, and ultimately to the nation's capital. The head (reitor) of the University of São Paulo, Gabriel Teixeira de Carvalho, said that the bill would be discussed at a meeting of the University Council on February 15, that he would bring the Council's decision to a nationwide meeting of reitors on February 25 to be held in the nation's capital for the purpose of discussing this pending legislation.

COMMENT: UDN federal deputy and party leader Carlos Lacerda has appeared in the past in São Paulo to defend this bill. Current attacks associate the UDN legislator's name with the bill.

4. National PDC President Resigns State Office (Official Use Only).

The resignation of PDC national president Quairos Filho from the state office of Secretary of Education in the past week came as a complete surprise to all observers. In the weekend previous, the Governor had declared that his cabinet would remain unchanged throughout his term of office. The professed and defended reason for resignation was the need for the PDC leader to devote himself fully to the presidential campaign. Various observers speculated that pressures by the UDN and/or the PDC political advantage from

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(Classification)

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Encl. No.
Disp. No. 273
From São Paulo

Political

1. UDN vs. PDC in State Assembly (Official Use Only).

Though presently not in session, politicking for the presidency of the State Assembly (to be chosen when the State Legislature reconvenes in March) has been active. At week's end, the UDN candidate, majority leader Abreu Sodre, appeared in a weak position. The PDC was pursuing the same coalition with opposition parties that enabled it to win out over Abreu Sodre last year. (São Paulo Despatch No. 446, March 16, 1959, Item 1.) Although Ruy de Melo Junqueira has declared that he did not wish reelection, the PDC continues to push his candidacy. When Abreu Sodre, toward the end of the week, confronted Junqueira as to the latter's intentions, the incumbent State Assembly president is said to have replied that the last word rested with his party. Rumor has it that the governor's office made a check and concluded that the administration would suffer a defeat if it supported Abreu Sodre. Rumor further indicated that the administration may produce a compromise, with Sodre being appointed Secretary of Justice, the PDC retaining the State Assembly presidency, and the PTN taking over the majority leadership in the State Legislature.

COMMENT: (Confidential) This latest battle between the various leading parties in the state (PTN leadership has thus far indicated that it will support its own candidate for assembly president) continues to contribute to the "cult of personalities" in the state. While Governor Carvalho Pinto continues strong and powerful, he has not shown any interest or capacity in welding together the political parties either in or out of the State Legislature. A state secretaryship for Sodre would give the UDN two cabinet posts (the present Secretary of Agriculture belongs to the UDN) and would doubtless be resented by the other preadministration parties, especially the PDC and the PTN.

2. The Governor's First Anniversary (Official Use Only).

The January 30-31 weekend witnessed extensive celebrations of Governor Carvalho Pinto's first year in office. On January 30 there was a parade of some 700 new vehicles acquired in the past year for various sectors of the state administration. On January 31, at the Governor's palace, in the presence of hundreds of mayors and aldermen, with federal and state deputies also present, 40 contracts totaling almost a billion cruzeiros were signed for various municipal projects throughout the state. At night, over three TV stations, Carvalho Pinto spoke for more than an hour about his achievements. Using graphs and statistics, the Governor sounded more the college professor than the political chief of state.

COMMENT: Two possibly significant political incidents occurred during the ceremonies. At the Governor's palace, mayors and aldermen

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7

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55 For Dept. Use Only	ACTION REC'D	DEPT. OTHER	
ARA-4 RM-2 REP-1 IAC-8 F-3 ICA-11 P-3 2/12 CIA-10 OCB-1 USFA-10 OSD-4 Army-4			

SUBJECT: SJO Paulo Weekly Summary No. 32, Week Ending February 5, 1960.
HAB-6 Navy-3 air-1

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1. URM vs. PDC in State Assembly.
2. The Governor's First Anniversary.
3. Students Oppose Federal Education Bill.
4. National PDC President Resigns State Office.
5. Frictions Within Local Political Parties.
6. Presidential Campaign Highlights.

Labor

7. First State Trade Union Convention.

Psychological

8. Algeria
9. President Eisenhower's Trip.
10. Other Press Highlights.

Miscellaneous

11. List of Substantive Despatches.



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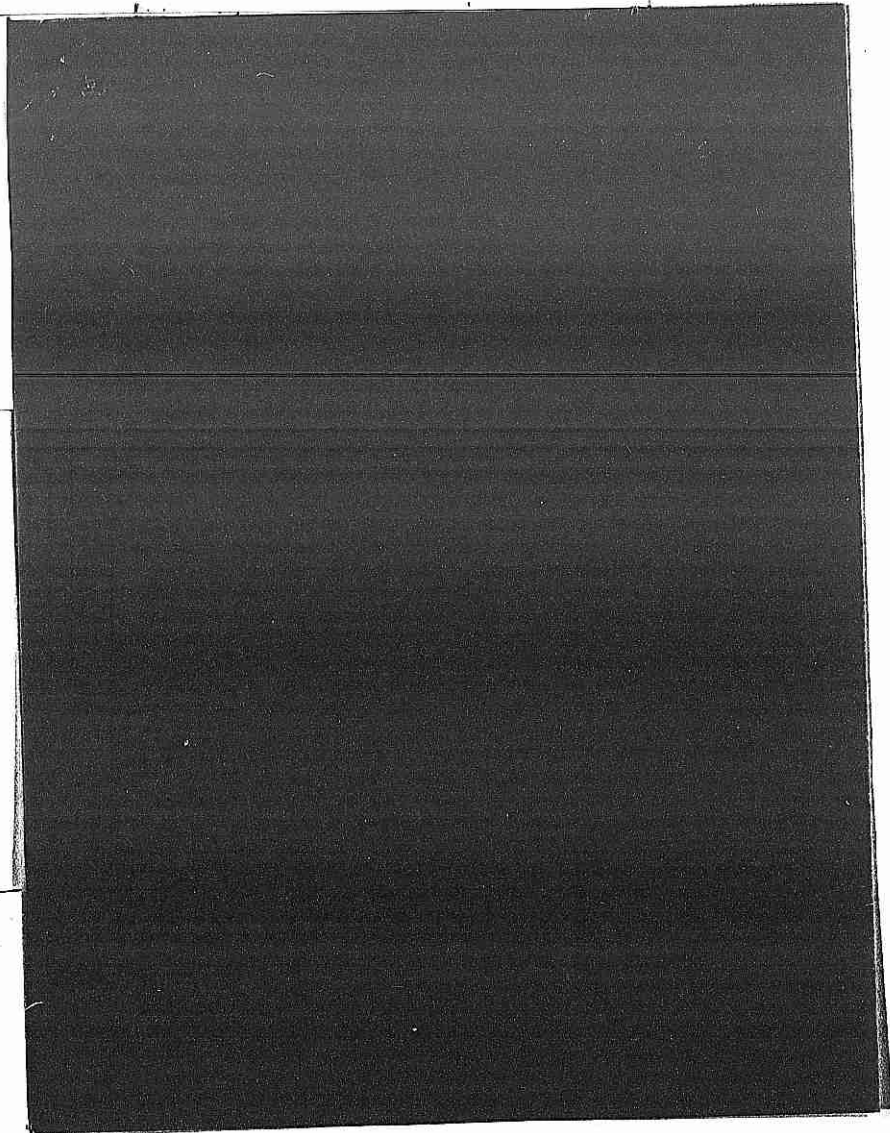
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2/11		OTHER		732.00/2-260	
SUBJECT: Santos Weekly Report					

Transmitted herewith is the weekly report of January 28 from the American Consulate at Santos. Item III - 1 on East German trade is particularly interesting.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

Enclosure: *all 7/11*
Operations Memorandum
Dated January 28, 1960



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TO: Secretary of State

SS

NO: 1133, January 30, 8 p.m.

G

SP

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INR

Embassy telegram 1132.

RMR

Embassy has indications President Kubitschek is displeased with Foreign Minister Lafer and that latter may be on way out. In any case, I believe Schmidt's influence with President will continue to be paramount for foreseeable future in foreign affairs and that we must continue to recognize this as fact of life however disturbing it may be to us.

CABOT

FJS/5

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Encl. No. _____
Disp. No. 31
From: Consulate, Curitiba

Official report was received from a political
dissemination between M. G. L. and M. G. L. (M. G. L.)
(M. G. L.)

Edward M. Powell
General Counsel
American Consul

re: Mexico, 1965, Rio de Janeiro

CONFIDENTIAL

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0060

IV - MISCELLANEOUS

On December 8 and 9, 1961, about 200 individuals (most of them white-collar) who were in the city and on Christmas street (the main thoroughfare) ran wild through the store windows and tearling down the city. Total loss was about \$1.3 million. The mob's action was directed against the department stores of Levantine ownership. There was riotous quality of many groups of persons in the city on December 9, and within minutes of evidence about some time before the day was known. A man: a Levantine 3-20.

(DECLASSIFIED)

Communist, state t, and Rural labor
participation in the violence seems to have
been practically nonexistent. However, the
case in which the rural is cited
indicates a general susceptibility to civil
disorder. (b)(1) (c) (x)

[illegible][illegible]

July 1. 1902

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0059

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
(Classification)

Page 4 of 6
Encl. No. 21
Disp. No. 21
From: CG-1000, Curitiba

some political way out of the plight of the railroad workers. Most workers blame the Federal administration (Lafayette) for their difficulties. This is attributed to both as well as local conditions. (Official Use ONLY)

The President's recent speech would suggest striking by public will this problem has been a major factor in preventing a strike on the railroad. (Official Use ONLY)

III. REVENUE IN R

C. on the pre-argued "Revolt"

The 1964-65 revolt of the Brazilian Air Force and Army officers was universally condemned by all "positivists" and virtually the entire population of the country. Persons sympathetic to the rebels are now being seriously investigated. Separates of new people are still about the present situation. At one time a full scale military intervention was feared. (Official Use ONLY)

7. President's recent visit to Brazil, Brazil, Brazil

The President's recent visit to Brazil has received the warmest reception of all his visits. Although there were no official ceremonies, the visit was a success. The President's visit to Brazil was a success. The President's visit to Brazil was a success. The President's visit to Brazil was a success. (Official Use ONLY)

Announcement of the President's visit to Brazil considerably changed the tone of these arguments to one of a more optimistic and optimistic over US-Brazil political relations and the prospects of increased US Government economic assistance to Brazil. (Official Use ONLY)

See also: Personal observations and of various sources, news items.

See also: In many respects the psychological atmosphere regarding Brazilian-US relations is compounded of various factors.

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From: Consulate, Curitiba

The PRATOS-TM LANC effect eliminates the last little chance of a PRATOS-TM alliance in Prato for the 1960 elections.
(OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

The council action provides a moderately leftist orientation to the city government. Further, since the Mayor's gubernatorial ambitions are still undiminished, and since he needs solid left support more than ever, it can be expected that he will be more out-and-out nationalistic than before. In order to regain left support, he will have to attract some American public utilities investments in Curitiba.
(OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

II. PRATOS

4. Curitiba City Government Aid to Labor Unions

State Governor Roberto de Oliveira (UDN) has signed a bill that would legally recognize labor unions as "personas jurídicas" or individuals. The state would then be liable for any damages caused by the unions. This bill is being pushed for passage by the state legislature (Parliament) in Curitiba.
(OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

While the bill is being pushed, a political movement is being organized in Curitiba. It is being organized by several labor unions, especially in the construction sector, which is a very strong one.
(OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

5. Non-Payment of Prato's Railways Salaries & Benefits

Failure of the Prato Government to pay retirement benefits to Prato's railway workers is blowing up into a major local political issue. The workers have one month's pay due and are owed over 200 million. In spite of repeated promises by Prato's municipal government, the railway workers are demanding that the state government pay them. However, there has been no word from the state government by now. Prato's railway workers are demanding that the state government pay them.
(OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

Curitiba's opposition groups (PR, UDN, etc.) are being to take political

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Page 2 of 6
Encl. No. 11
Dep. No. 11
From Amconsul at Curitiba

PSD is still as profound and unaltered still
looks like a winner in this state.
(OFICIAL USE ONLY)

Donna Javes was a strong pro-PSD
influence in the state PR. His in-laws
following his death is likely to split off
the PSD's moderate elements. This could well
produce a much more intense ultra-rightist
(leftist) PSD political campaign in Paraná
than otherwise would have been the case.
(OFICIAL USE ONLY)

Nominating conventions for all major
Paraná parties have been delayed, and the
official designation of candidates easily
could be put off until July or June. Because
of the proliferation of candidates in all
parties, the official mass campaign is to
final nominations. (Under Study)

2. Quadros Popular in Santa Catarina

Recent observations in Santa Catarina indicate that
Quadros' support is very popular in Santa Catarina. In the
absence of political leadership, the major parties in the
unsuccessful northern state would be the PSD. If
elections were held, the PSD would be the major party.
Personal observations, Curitiba 1-21. (Under Study)

3. Curitiba City Council: Its Mayor and State PR

Plans of Curitiba: Mayor, Paulo de Lencastre, and
Paraná police chief, Alfredo Lima Jr. (a PSD lieutenant),
last night, when the newly elected Curitiba city council began
all party discipline and elected Aristides Azevedo (PR) its
president. Mayor Lencastre was trying to develop a city PSD-PR
alliance which he could use to launch his own gubernatorial
ambitions. Advice for PSD cooperation was election of PSD-PR
José Maria de Azevedo as council president. PSD-PR local
newspapers, personal conversations. (Under Study)

COMMENTS: Iberê de Lencastre has been unpopular
with all major party in Curitiba since last
October's elections, because the Curitiba PR
believed Lencastre sabotaged the electoral
possibilities of some of the party's leftist
candidates for his own personal advancement.
(OFICIAL USE ONLY)

The PSD-PR-PRC

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The wave of anti-semitism continued to be an important news item. Several papers editorialized on this development, all expressing their disgust with anti-Jewish activities.

The visit of Mexican President Lopez Mateos to Brazil and other Latin American countries was carried in all papers but was drowned out by the excitement engendered by President Eisenhower's trip.

Miscellaneous

8. List of Substantive Despatches

- 241 - São Paulo Cost of Living Index - 1959
- 242 - Minister of Labor Revokes Annulment of Metalworkers' Elections
- 243 - Consul General Visits Mato Grosso and Goiás
- 245 - São Paulo Quarterly Review - 4th Quarter - 1959
- 246 - Government Efforts and Sales Methods of Countries Competing with U.S. for Brazilian Market
- 247 - Weekly Economic Review, January 8-14

William P. Cochran, Jr.
William P. Cochran, Jr.
Consul General

Contributors:

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McLean
Shea

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Psychological

Predictably, President Eisenhower's February trip to Brazil and three sister republics of South America was the international subject of greatest concern to São Paulo papers during the week. News coverage of the advance party's visit was heavy at the end of the week when the group was in Brazil. In addition, four editorials on the President's trip, two in Corrêio Paulistano and two in Diário de S. Paulo, praised the effort and looked for stronger Inter-American relations as a result.

President Eisenhower's State of the Union message received favorable editorial reaction in three São Paulo outlets, O Estado de S. Paulo, Correio Paulistano, and Folha de S. Paulo. Finest tributes to the United States came from pre-American but often-nagging Correio Paulistano in an editorial on the speech: "We can disagree with American policy and its incapacity in foreign affairs...with its Puritanistic ideas...We can disagree with all this but we cannot deny that the United States has contributed more to the common man than any other nation..."

Premier Khrushchev's statements about reducing the number of Soviet military personnel and hinting of a super-weapon were widely published. Little editorial comment was noted but Pelha de S. Paulo found small comfort in the making of more efficient weapons so that men could be released. The key to world security, Pelha felt, was to have mutual inspection. ~~There was no mention of a super-weapon in the Soviet press.~~

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From São Paulo

had failed badly in obtaining Assembly approval of a nomination by the Governor (see Sao Paulo Despatch No. 228, dated December 28, 1959, Item No. 4).

COMMENT: The pay increase bill is undoubtedly a popular act, calculated to augment Governor Carvalho Pinto's popularity with the sizable civil service in this state. Its adoption by the Assembly after lengthy debate reflects credit on the political ability of the Majority Leader, whom the Governor reportedly favors as his candidate for Assembly president in the coming legislative term beginning in March. END CONFIDENTIAL

4. Belgian Foreign Minister Visits São Paulo (Unclassified)

Belgian Foreign Minister Pierre Wigny arrived in São Paulo on January 10 for a two-day official visit. During his stay he toured the local Mercedes-Benz plant, called on Governor Carvalho Pinto (whom he decorated with the Order of the Great Cross of Leopold II) and Mayor Adhemar de Barros, granted a joint press interview, and spoke on the European Common Market before the São Paulo Federation of Industries.

To the press Minister Wigny expressed his amazement of the size, vigor and growth of São Paulo, stated his country's interest in continued fruitful economic and close cultural relations with Brazil, and discussed plans of his government to promote an independent Belgian Congo. In his speech at the Federation of Industries, the Belgian Foreign Minister described the economic advantages to Europe resulting from the European Common Market, which he asserted "neither impedes nor makes difficult commerce with other countries." He concluded with the statement that the European Common Market could bring advantages to other parts of the world, including Latin America, first, as a better trade market and, second, by providing an example that may be copied to solve problems confronting these areas. (See São Paulo Weekly Economic Summary, Despatch No. 247, dated January 15, 1960, Item No. 2.) END UNCLASSIFIED

Laber

5. Metalworker Officers Installed (Official Use Only)

The officers of the São Paulo State Federation of Metalworkers, who defeated the incumbent Gemma slate in elections held on December 5, were officially sworn in on January 12. The new President of the Federation is Domingos Alvares, president of the Santos Local Union of Metalworkers.

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From São Paulo

was received with mixed reactions by the local press and political leaders, with most commentators arguing that separate election dates would make for a more interesting mayoralty contest in São Paulo with its results more representative of the popular will. Most party spokesmen asserted that the TRE decision was beneficial to the candidates of their choice, while spokesmen of the pro-State Administration forces were visibly elated over the prospects that Governor Carvalho Pinto will be able to put forth his own candidate unencumbered by commitments in the presidential election campaign. The only discordant note was struck by PTN spokesmen, who criticized the decision and admitted that their Party's candidate, PTN national President Emílio Carlos, had suffered as a result, since Carlos' chances depend to a large extent on electoral commitments with the parties supporting the Quadras presidential candidacy. END OFFICIAL USE ONLY BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL

COMMENT: As a result of the TRE decision, Governor Carvalho Pinto should have an easier time in uniting the parties supporting him behind a single São Paulo mayoralty candidate, thereby avoiding difficulties that would occur should he have had to choose during the presidential campaign between the various candidates already picked (or to be picked) by these parties. In the São Paulo City Administration camp, Mayor Adhemar de Barros is now faced with the prospect that his chances of electing a picked successor depend to a large extent on the outcome of the presidential election and his role therein, either as candidate or supporter of the Lett candidacy.

3. State Assembly Votes Salary Increases for State Employees (Confidential)

At dawn on January 15, the State Legislative Assembly voted its approval of an Administration-sponsored bill raising salaries of State Civil Service employees by 30 per cent, at a total cost of approximately Cr\$ 10 billion. This action, coming on the final day of the special session convened primarily for consideration of the pay increase bill, followed weeks of "foot dragging" by the Assembly and obstruction by Opposition spokesmen. As originally presented, the measure provided for smaller percentage increases in salaries and left out or was prejudicial to several categories of state employees. Opposition deputies, as well as several representatives of the pre-Administration parties, introduced a large number of amendments drastically modifying the Administration's bill, which brought an announcement from Governor Carvalho Pinto that he would veto the measure if passed in this fashion. The bill finally approved represented a revision of the original Administration bill worked out and pushed through the Assembly by Majority Leader Abreu Sodré, who, only a few weeks ago

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From

unprecedented mass attendance. According to press accounts, it was in Cuiabá that Quadros set the tenor of his public statements during the northern tour, when he devoted special attention to the economic and social problems affecting Mato Grosso, vigorously criticized the federal government for allegedly neglecting the area, and outlined corrective measures he proposed to institute once elected to the presidency. However, throughout this and later appearances, Quadros has avoided direct attacks on President Kubitschek and his opposing candidate, Marshal Lott. Cuiabá crowds reportedly applauded Quadros' assertions that he is opposed to the movement favoring division of Mato Grosso into two states which is currently being promoted by the mere progressive cities in the southern part of the state. END OFFICIAL USE ONLY

BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL

COMMENT: The local press devoted considerable coverage to activities of the Quadros party in Mato Grosso and, later in the week, in other areas of northern Brazil. The growing interest he attracts in São Paulo, and according to press accounts, at all steps on his northern tour, is additional evidence that Quadros has all but recovered from the blow to his popularity brought on by the November renunciation fiasco. However, signs that all is not well in the local pre-Janio camp were noted during the week when a dispute broke out among directors of the State Interparty Committee for Quadros over the election of the Secretary General of the group, which resulted in a victory for the candidate put forth by Senator Lino de Mates. Amid recriminations from both sides, it was announced that the matter would be solved following Quadros' return from the north on January 25. END CONFIDENTIAL

2. São Paulo Mayoralty Elections (Confidential)

BEGIN OFFICIAL USE ONLY

On January 12 the Regional Electoral Tribunal (TRE) of São Paulo handed down a unanimous decision stating that municipal elections in the state capital and 65 other cities in São Paulo will be held in March 1961 rather than in October 1960 - as had been proposed to allow for coincidence of these and the presidential elections. Most important of the municipal contests is the election for São Paulo City Mayor.

The TRE decision was based on the thesis that while greater expenses will be involved in holding separate elections, the coincidence of the presidential and municipal contests would result in an overshadowing of the later and consequent disadvantages for the democratic processes of the country. The TRE action

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SUBJECT: São Paulo Weekly Summary No. 29, Week Ending January 15, 1960 1960					

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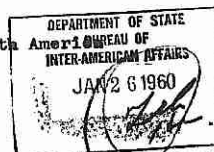
5. Metalworker Officers Installed

Psychological

6. President Eisenhower's Visit to South America
7. Press Round-up

Miscellaneous

8. List of Substantive Despatches



Political

1. Janio and Leandre Begin Northern Campaign Tour (Confidential)

BEGIN OFFICIAL USE ONLY

On January 9 presidential candidate Janio Quadres, accompanied by UDN vice-presidential nominee Leandro Maciel, political advisers and a sizable group of journalists, left São Paulo en route to Mate Grosso, Acre Territory, Amazonas, and other states in the north, on a tour that was billed as the official inauguration of Janio's campaign. Speaking to reporters prior to departure, Janio expressed confidence in the success of his first official campaign trip and stated that he is certain of victory in the October elections.

In its first step in Cuiabá, Mate Grosso State capital, the Quadres-Maciel party was welcomed by large crowds, and the candidates' rallies in that city reportedly attracted

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Afirmção do sr. Mendes de Moraes a este repórter: «O prefeito que mais nomeou gente, no Distrito Federal, de 1946 até hoje, foi o sr. Francisco Negrão de Lima. Arrasou as finanças do Distrito».



* O discurso do Marechal Lott, no encerramento da convenção do PSD, foi escrito pelo sr. Gustavo Capanema. Mas não é das melhores peças do ex-ministro da Educação.

... sua conduta... uma compo-
... termo de... que nin-
... sabe.

O sr. Siegfried de Lott, ficou famoso do-
... para a noite. Depois apenas que todos os
... imprimissem o seu próprio dinheiro.
... hora em que redigimos esta seção, o sr.
... não foi preso, nem internado numa
... psiquiátrica.

Os líderes da UDN, do PTN e do próprio
... estão impressionados com a penetração
... nome do sr. Leandro Maciel. Os que acha-
... que seria difícil elegê-lo, já estão frança-
... alimistas. E o PTN já pensa mesmo em
... lançar candidatura própria à vice, adotan-
... do sr. Leandro Maciel.

Trava-se nova luta na Rede Ferroviária
... ral, em torno de concorrências. O diretor
... Operações deseja fazer prevalecer o seu
... de vista a respeito de contratos já prático-
... mente realizados. Mas o atual Presidente,
... sr. Bentes, não deseja de maneira algu-
... se estabeleçam critérios de favoreci-
... pessoal. E na Rede, até bem pouco
... o que prevalecia quase sempre era
... critério pessoal.

O sr. Luís Carlos Prestes esteve em visita
... «Diário de Notícias», há dias. Está velho,
... gordo e decadente. Fala sem parar, sem pen-
... sar no que está dizendo, como quem despeja
... alguma coisa decorada e repetida diáritamente.
... Deixou impressão penosa. Os revolucioná-
... rios legendários não deviam engordar, nem de-
... viam aparecer em público com frequência. É
... um crime constatar que aquilo que em certo
... época foi uma esperança, hoje não é mais que
... uma triste e superada realidade. Como é dura
... essa constatação.

E o sr. Rui Gandara, genro do Governador
... Lupion, que com o mandato cassado con-
... tinua na Assembleia Legislativa do Paraná, fa-

lando e agindo como se deputado fosse? Na
... 5 meses que o seu mandato foi cassado e nada
... aconteceu.

São poucos os que se apercebem que há,
... não só um perigo, rondando a República bra-
... sileira, mas vários, entrelaçados, ligados, pa-
... ralelos, com o mesmo objetivo: a liquidação
... das eleições. E parece que só meio dúzia de
... oficiais da FAB se convenceu desse perigo, e
... pagou o preço exigido pela obrigação de aler-
... tar a Nação. Sacrificaram tudo: carreira, fami-
... lia, segurança, enquanto o resto do país dor-
... mia tranquilamente. Só os comunistas, acorda-
... dos, conspiram. E os poucos que percebem essa
... conspiração e se insurgem contra ela, são pres-
... sos e insultados. Essa é a realidade do Brasil
... de hoje.

O PR, em Minas, está numa situação ex-
... ceptional: os dois lados (Tancredo e Maga-
... lhães), consideram indispensável, para a vi-
... tória, o seu apoio. E nessa base, o PR vai
... obtendo o que quer, e se fortalecendo. Foi as-
... sim em 1954 e agora o fato se repete.

O sr. Augusto Frederico Schmidt, que era
... amicus curiae do sr. Negrão de Lima, derrubou-o
... do Ministério do Exterior, apenas para exerci-
... tar e experimentar sua própria força. Gastou.
... Nomeou então para o Itamarati o sr. Horácio
... Lafer, coisa que era considerada impossível.
... Agora, o sr. Schmidt já está novamente briga-
... do com o Chanceler e ameaça demiti-lo. E é
... bem capaz de fazê-lo. Força e prestígio não
... lhe faltam.

A fábrica Bangu está pensando em abrir
... uma casa que venda só os seus tecidos. Não
... seria uma casa pertencente à organização, mas
... nos moldes da que foi feita em S. Paulo. Uma
... senhora da sociedade receberia a concessão
... e os tecidos, naturalmente com preços favori-
... cados, e só venderia os tecidos Bangu. O local
... já foi escolhido: o «Shopping Center», do sr.
... Arnon de Melo. Está sendo escolhido, agora,

o nome da senhora que se encarregaria dessa
... «boutique».

O sr. Nelson Maculan, suplente do Sena-
... dor Souza Naves, que já foi da UDN e hoje
... é da PTB, está sendo trabalhado pelos dois
... partidos para integrar sua bancada no Sena-
... do. Como PTB e UDN estão empatados no Sena-
... do, o partido para quem o sr. Maculan pen-
... sará, ficará com maioria nessa Casa.

Em Mato Grosso parece que não have-
... rá mesmo alteração. De um lado (PSD-PTB),
... Filinto Müller. Do outro, Fernando Corrêa da
... Costa.

Em Santa Catarina, a UDN já está com a
... vitória assegurada por intermédio do sr. Irineu
... Bornhausen. Mas os Ramos ainda trabalham
... para um acordo de última hora, com o PTB
... do sr. Dautel de Andrade. O vice do sr. Irineu
... Bornhausen será o deputado Haroldo Carva-
... lho.

O deputado Paulo de Tarso está consul-
... tando juristas para saber se ele pode apresen-
... tar um projeto de anistia aos revoltosos de
... Aragarças antes de serem condenados. Se a
... resposta for favorável, ele entrará com o pro-
... jeto logo na reabertura do Congresso, no dia
... 18 de janeiro.

Começam a «quebrar» firmas no Ceará
... em decorrência da falência fraudulenta do
... grupo Audisio Pinheiro, protegido e assessorado
... por cearense de prestígio federal. Há 4
... dias falliu uma firma, com passivo de mais de
... 25 milhões. Agora, mais três ou quatro tam-
... bém estão ameaçadas, arrastadas pelo estor-
... bo de Audisio. Enquanto isso, a encampação
... do passivo do grupo Audisio está parada no
... Banco do Brasil, à espera que passe a onda.
... Quando a repercussão diminuir, eles tentarão
... concretizar o negócio.



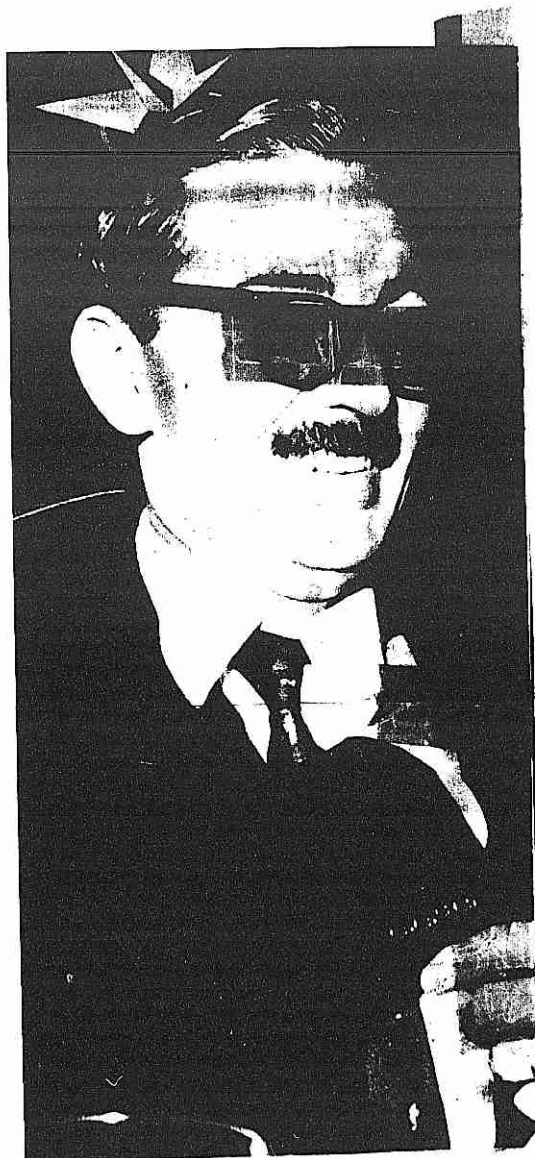
* O sr. Parsifal Barroso quer também ser can-
... didato a vice, na chapa do Marechal Lott. Mas
... o sr. Parsifal tem uma explicação (boa) para
... a sua candidatura: não lhe interessa ser vice-
... presidente da República; o que ele quer mes-
... mo é deixar o governo do Ceará.

HELIO FERNANDES

EXCLUSIVO

JÂNIO QUADROS, NO LIMAR DE 60, DI

**Aos patriotas,
estudantes,
proletariado,
classes produtoras,
homem do campo,
nacionalistas
- Ao Brasil m^oço,
esperançado,
inconspureado,
viril e brasileiro**



RIGE-SE ATRAVÉS DE MUNDO ILUSTRADO,

"**S** E JAM AS MINHAS PRIMEIRAS PALAVRAS DE CANDIDATO A PRESIDÊNCIA DA REPÚBLICA NESTE LIMIAR DE 1960 DE SAUDAÇÃO A FAMÍLIA BRASILEIRA.

ESTOU ENTRE OS QUE CONSIDERAM QUE INICIAMOS NESTE ANO DE 1960, JÁ NÃO SO NO BRASIL PARTICULARMENTE, MAS NO MUNDO INTEIRO, UMA DÉCADA GLORIOSA EM QUE A HUMANIDADE ACIMA DAS DIVERGÊNCIAS IDEOLÓGICAS E DE MIL DISPUTAS ESTEREIS ENCONTRARA O CAMINHO DA CONVIVÊNCIA PACÍFICA EM QUE OS ESFORÇOS SE CONJUGARÃO COM VISTAS A ATENUAR OS DESESNÍVEIS SOCIAIS ENTRE OS HOMENS E AS DISPARIDADES ENTRE AS NAÇÕES.

INICIAMOS UMA ÉPOCA EM QUE OS POVOS SUBDESENVOLVIDOS OU EM ESTÁGIO COLONIAL TOMARÃO CONSCIÊNCIA DE SUAS REALIDADES E OCUPARÃO SEU ESPAÇO ENTRE AS NAÇÕES LIVRES E AUTODETERMINANTES.

AO BRASIL CORRESPONDE EM NOME DAS SUAS MAIS CARAS TRADIÇÕES, GARANTIR AS LIBERDADES DEMOCRÁTICAS AOS SEUS FILHOS E ATRAVÉS DE UMA POLÍTICA EXTERIOR INDEPENDENTE, AUTÊNTICA, SERENA POREM FIRME E DESASSOMBRA DA DESDOBRAR-SE PARA QUE VIVA O MUNDO EM PAZ, LIBERTO DAS INFLUÊNCIAS IMPERIALISTAS DE QUALQUER TENDÊNCIA E DAS MANIFESTAÇÕES COLONIALISTAS E NEO-FACISTAS.

ESTE O EXEMPLO QUE O BRASIL PODE E TEM POR DEVER — OFERECER AO MUNDO.

NÓS QUE AMALGAMAMOS A NACIONALIDADE COMO BLOCO MONOLÍTICO FIEL AS SUAS ORIGENS LATINA, LUSITANA E CRISTÃ, QUE ASSEGURAMOS PACIFICAMENTE A INTEGRIDADE DA LÍNGUA, DOS COSTUMES, DAS INSTITUIÇÕES PARA O DESTINO COMUM, NOS QUE ASSIMILAMOS TODAS AS RAÇAS, QUE ABOLIMOS POR FORÇA DE LEI OS PRECONCEITOS, QUE SUPERAMOS AS MAIS GRAVES CONTRADIÇÕES INTERNAS SEM RECURSO A VIOLENCIA, SEM NOS EXPORMOS A FRAGMENTAÇÃO QUE PULVERIZASSE O BRASIL, QUE RECEBEMOS, NOS QUE EM MEIO A ADOLESCÊNCIA, JÁ FIGURAMOS ENTRE AS GRANDES NAÇÕES DO MUNDO E NOS AFIRMAMOS COMO A MAIOR POTÊNCIA ABAIXO DA LINHA DO EQUINÓCIO E NOS CONSTITUIMOS EM HERDEIRO MAIOR DA LATINIDADE, NOS PODEMOS OFERECER UM EXEMPLO.

NISTO SE ALIMENTA A NOSSA LUTA, AI REDOBRAMOS FORÇAS E NOS INSPIRAMOS PARA RENOVAR AS ENERGIAS PARA O BOM COMBATE DEMOCRÁTICO.

SOU, POR INDOLE, CONTRA O OBSCURANTISMO, CONTRA O REACIONARISMO NEGATIVISTA, CONTRA OS PREGOEIROS DO PESSIMISMO, CONTRA A INÉRCIA E A ESTAGNAÇÃO, CONTRA OS QUE DUVIDAM DO FUTURO DO PAÍS E DA CAPACIDADE DE SUPERAÇÃO DO SEU POVO.

REPRESENTO NESTA PORFIA, O COMPROMISSO DE UMA GERAÇÃO A QUE UM PASSADO SOMBRIO E RECENTE PROCUROU FRUSTRAR A SUA OPORTUNIDADE DE CONDUZIR OS SEUS DESTINOS.

PRETENDO, SI PARA TANTO TIVER O APOIO DESTA GRANDE COLETIVIDADE EM ASCENÇÃO DE MOÇOS CORPO E EM ALMA, ENCERRAR UM CICLO FECUNDO DE ENSINAMENTOS POLÍTICOS, SEM DOVIDA, MAS QUE VÁRIAS VEZES — LEVOU O PAÍS AS PORTAS DA DESINGRAÇÃO E DAS INCOMPATIBILIDADES IRREMEDIÁVEIS. SE HÁ UM COMPROMISSO IRRECUSÁVEL A QUE SUBMETO ATE A MEDIDA EXTREMA DAS MINHAS FORÇAS E DE QUE O BRASIL NÃO FALTARÁ AO ENCONTRO DO DESTINO HISTÓRICO.

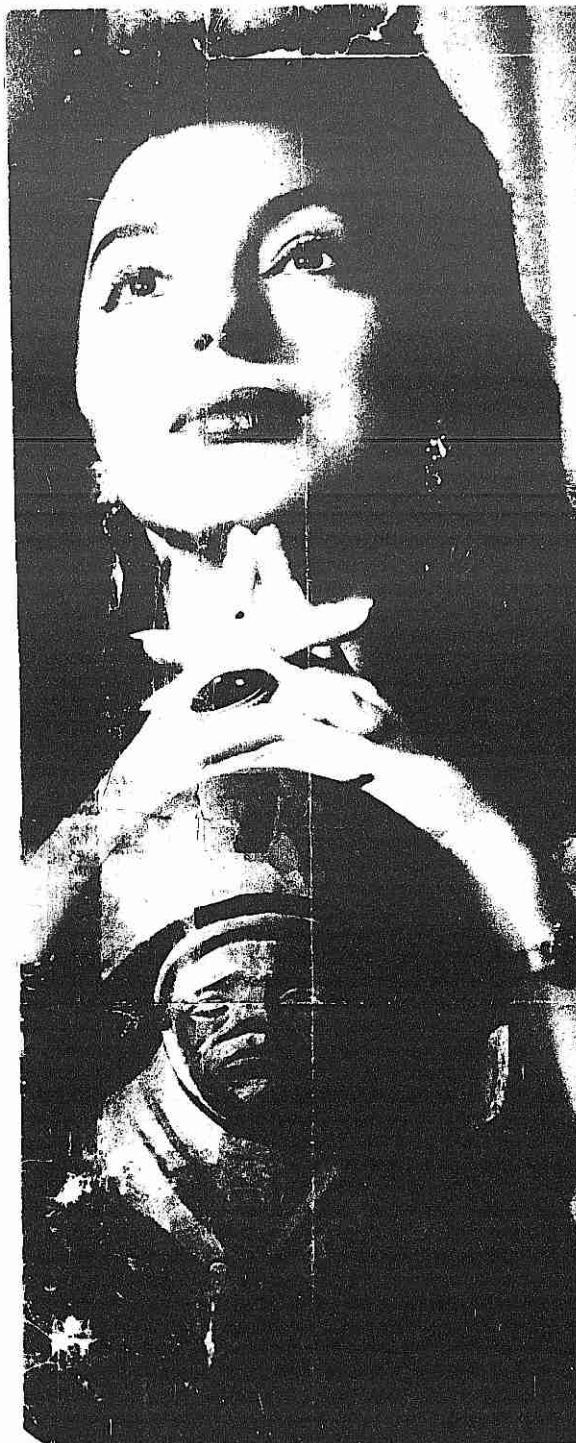
OS PROXIMOS TEMPOS SERÃO AINDA ASPEROS, MAS ESTOU CERTO DE QUE DESENCADEADA UMA POLÍTICA ECONÔMICA FINANCEIRA QUE CONSULTE EXCLUSIVAMENTE AOS INTERESSES DO PAÍS, SEM VACILAÇÕES OU DUBIDAMES DIANTE DE INFLUÊNCIAS ESTRANHAS E ALIENÍGENAS LOGRAREMOS CONTER O RITMO INFLACIONÁRIO EM TERMOS HARMÔNICOS COM O DESENVOLVIMENTO DOS INVESTIMENTOS PÚBLICOS PRODUTIVOS.

A MELHOR DISTRIBUIÇÃO DA RENDA NACIONAL, A FORMA AGRÁRIA QUE IMPEÇA A SOBREVIVÊNCIA E A MANUTENÇÃO DA PROPRIEDADE E A MANUTENÇÃO DA CRIE CONDIÇÕES A QUE IMENOS E MARGINAIS SE TORNEM FATORES DE SUBSISTÊNCIA; A DIVERSIFICAÇÃO DOS RECURSOS E A CRIAÇÃO DE MERCADOS IMPROPRIO PARA AS CONDIÇÕES INSTITUCIONAIS INTERNAS DE CADA UM, E UMA POLÍTICA INFLEXÍVEL DE APOIO AO EMPREENHIMENTO NACIONAL CONTRA O CAPITAL INTERNACIONAL COLONIZADOR QUE MUITA DAS VEZES, A FALTA DE UM CONTROLE RACIONAL, CIENTÍFICO E SOBRETUDO PATRÍOTICO DA PAZ DAS NOSSAS AUTORIDADES, DESCAPITALIZAM O BRASIL, EXPORTAR PARA O PAÍS DE ORIGEM O CAPITAL INVESTIDO, E SUCESSIVA E INDEFINIDAMENTE, A PRÓPRIA RIQUEZA NACIONAL.

ESTOU PERSUADIDO DE QUE A UM PROGRAMA DE NATUREZA NÃO RECUSARÃO SOLIDARIEDADE E COMPAENSAÇÃO OS HOMENS DE BOA VONTADE DESTES PAÍS, OS TRIOTAS, OS ESTUDANTES E O PROLETARIADO, AS CRISES PRODUTORAS, O HOMEM DO CAMPO, A GRANDE CORRENTE DO PENSAMENTO NACIONALISTA A QUE ESTOUCADO DESDE OS TEMPOS DAS BANCAS ACADÊMICAS, UMA PALAVRA, O BRASIL MOÇO, ESPERANÇADO, INCPURCADO, VIRIL, BRASILEIRO.

A ESTE POVO ESTENDO A MÃO E DIRIJO O PENSAMENTTO E ENVIO OS MELHORES VOTOS AOS PRIMEIROS INSTANTES DE 1960.

1.º de janeiro de 1960.



ARACARY DEIXA
O CANGAÇO

NEO-REALISMO
CHEGA À
BAHIA DE
TODOS OS
SANTOS

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Encl. to Desp #77
from Rio de Janeiro 1/13/60
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Rio de Janeiro

when once in office. Moreover, Quadros has deliberately cast almost all his ultra-nationalist opinions in vague terms, thus leaving plenty of room for future maneuver. Though it would certainly be comfortable to thus assume that Quadros is merely making speeches, his record unfortunately provides little basis for such an assumption. In a country where lack of political and party loyalties is the rule rather than the exception, Quadros has nonetheless managed to establish a reputation for instability and unpredictability. Indeed, it was largely for this reason that he was so bitterly opposed for the UDN presidential nomination by Bahia Governor Juracy Magalhães (and a considerable body of opinion within the UDN supported Magalhães judgment--see Embdesp. 620 of December 16, 1959). Thus, about the only thing that can be said with certainty is that no one really knows just what Janio's post-electoral intentions are.

This being the case, Quadros' public declarations remain the only extant guide to his intentions, however unreliable they may prove to be. In the realm of foreign policy, at least, Quadros' recent statements would appear to confirm a tendency toward neutralism which has been evident for some time (see Embdesp. 39 of July 13, 1959). In this regard, his statement in Mundo Ilustrado seems particularly significant--in that it tends to confirm similar statements as to Janio's alleged intention to shift Brazilian foreign policy to a more "independent" anti-colonial stance which were made two months ago in the same journal by Quadros' advisor and sometime confidant, João Dantas (see Embdesp. 551 of November 30, 1959).

For the Ambassador:

Harry A. Quinn
Harry Quinn
Second Secretary of Embassy

Enclosure: *MA*

3 Copies of Mundo Ilustrado
January 9, 1960 Article re
Janio Quadros.

APPROVED:

Niles W. Bond
Niles W. Bond
Deputy Chief of Mission

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✓ The one exception, of course, is the statement on electric energy, noted above.

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been eminently "popular" (whatever their actual beginnings and ultimate results), Quadros was hardly likely to let his enemies assume sole ownership of the nationalist toga by default. For one thing, he has previously made clear (both publicly and privately) his belief that nationalism will be an important issue in the campaign and thus, by implication, one upon which he could ill afford not tirelessly to ring the changes. For another, things have not gone as well for his candidacy in this regard as he probably initially hoped. Forced of necessity to ally himself with the party which is in fact probably most clearly identified in the popular mind as the party of reaction and "entreguismo" (the UDN) because it was the only party open to him which possessed a political machine of national scope, he has been a miserable failure in his subsequent attempts to free himself from what he doubtless considers its stifling (though fond) embrace. Indeed, his recent dramatic "withdrawal" from the race (which was universally interpreted as an attempt to free himself from electoral and psychological identification with the UDN) and his subsequent, and ignominious, return to the fold, left him more closely than ever identified with the party of "the Brigadierio" and the Latern Club in the popular mind. Thus, it is only natural that he should feel himself strongly in need of electoral counter-irritants. Apparently, he believes nationalist appeals to be just what the doctor ordered.

All this is not to say that Janio apparently has fallen into the trap of believing ultra-nationalism to be an electoral panacea. An astute politician, he has probably read, as accurately as most, the results of the 1958 congressional elections--which signalled the downfall of many who had put all their eggs in the ultra-nationalist basket. Thus, he has so far largely kept the emphasis of his campaign on such bread-and-butter issues as the cost of living, food shortages, the resultant social unrest, and the alleged graft and corruption of the present Administration. Even when sounding off on ultra-nationalist themes, many of Quadros' remarks have been cast in the form of criticisms of the present Government's alleged inability or unwillingness to provide the necessary "nationalistic" reforms of domestic or foreign policy.

The Policy Implications

It is unfortunately in the area of policy that Quadros' ultra-nationalistic remarks are most difficult to assess. In sum, does he really mean what he says? As might be expected, Quadros' supporters have on several occasions been at pains privately to assure Embassy officers that Quadros' present stance is purely for public consumption and will have no effect on his presumably pro-American policies

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this issue recently, Quadros first asserted that he had had insufficient time to study the Lacerda bill (despite the fact that he claimed to be "preoccupied" with the problem of education) and then went on to attack the "present methods" of education (which, the nationalists claim, Lacerda seeks to uphold) as inadequate.

In the international field, Quadros' statements are somewhat more generalized than his declarations on national affairs. Nonetheless, they seem all of a nationalist, neutralist piece--well calculated to appeal to the ultra-nationalist feeling that Brazil must break with its "colonial" past and initiate a new and independent foreign policy.

The most all-encompassing statement of these views is contained in an exclusive New Year's declaration which Quadros gave to the Rio weekly Mundo Ilustrado--owned and edited by his friend and sometime advisor Joao Dantas (who, it is rumored, may be his Minister of Foreign Affairs if he wins--see Embdesp. 551 of November 30, 1959). In these words to "the Brazilian people" Quadros begins by claiming that the coming decade will be a "glorious" one of "peaceful co-existence" above "ideological differences and a thousand sterile disputes...." Defining Brazil's rôle in this Utopia, he then calls for an "independent...firm and free" foreign policy in order that the world may be "free of imperialist influences of whatever tendency and of colonial and neo-fascist manifestations". Next Quadros attacks the "dark and recent" past in which attempts were made to "frustrate" Brazil's "opportunity to control its own destinies" and asserts--that if he becomes president--he will have done with a "cycle" of political teachings which, - though fecund - sometimes led the country to the brink of "disintegration". Finally, Quadros calls for an "economic, financial policy" which "exclusively consults" Brazilian interests, without fear of "foreign or alien influences" (see enclosure for text).

In recent campaign interviews, Quadros has several times reiterated his desire for an "independent" foreign policy--upon one occasion, for example, asserting that Brazil must not be afraid to declare to the world that it has "neither inseparable friends nor irreconcilable enemies".

The Campaign Implications

In large part, Quadros' new-found nationalism is a logical development of the current electoral campaign. As the Embassy has previously reported, most of the professional ultra-nationalists are to be found in the left (or, at least, anti-Quadros) camp. For some time, they have been assiduously working to label the ex-Paulista governor as the candidate of reaction, of the "trusts", and of the exploiting foreigners. As a politician whose campaigns have always

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AIR PRIORITY		CONFIDENTIAL (Security Classification)		DO NOT TYPE IN THIS SPACE 732.00/1-1360	
FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH					
FROM :	Ambassy Rio de Janeiro		717	DESP. NO.	
TO :	THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.				
REF :	Embdesp. 39, July 13; 551, November 30; 620, December 16, 1959				
20 For Dept. Use Only		ACTION * REC'D 1-18-60	DEPT. RM/R-2 OTHER CNA-10	DEPARTMENT OF STATE BUREAU OF INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS JAN 19 1960	
SUBJECT: Quadros Campaign Goes Nationalistic					
In a series of statements, interviews and speeches at the beginning of the new year, presidential candidate Janio Quadros has delineated what might be called the "nationalistic" side of his campaign. Rarely specific, these declarations have nonetheless served to put Quadros on record on at least some of the issues Brazil's ultra-nationalists consider of prime importance. Too, they may serve as indications (however vague and unreliable) of the policy outlines Quadros may adopt if he is elected to the Presidency. <u>The Statements</u> On the domestic side, Janio has, of course, hued loyally to the pro-Petrobras position which he first drew up in his letter of acceptance of the UDN program last July (e.g., the claim that he was a supporter of Petrobras long before the organization came into being and it became popular to be pro-Petrobras - see Embdasp. No. 39 of July 13, 1959). As to the burning (for ultra-nationalists) question of profit remittances, Quadros has adopted a position similar to that of his principal opponent, Marshal Lott: he believes they have been excessive and should, therefore, be regulated. Here, however, Janio has gone Lott one better; for, whereas Lott has merely approved the idea in principle (asserting that he was not in a position to judge the economic merits of pending ultra-nationalist legislation which has this goal as its putative objective), Quadros has stated that he approves the draft law for regulation of profit remittances which was introduced in the last session of Congress by PTB Federal Deputy Sergio Magalhães. In the field of electric energy, too, Quadros has left Lott standing at the post: he has proclaimed his opposition to participation of any private capital, either foreign or Brazilian, in this area--while Lott has as yet not taken a definite stand. Indeed, Quadros has even partially repudiated his staunch ally, Carlos Lacerda, in his fervent pursuit of the nationalist bandwagon. One of Lacerda's most cherished projects is an educational reform bill, which the ultra-nationalists have for months been attacking unmercifully on the grounds that it favors private over public education and does little to change the present antiquated structure of Brazilian schooling. When cornered by a reporter at					
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Dep. No. 23
From Porto Alegre

ENCLOSURE No 2

"Resumindo as declarações que fiz na Capital da Republica, com a impressão de que falei pela maioria dos rio-grandenses: 1) - Se a inquietação popular tende a aumentar todos reconhecem, será o caminho certo para um clima de exceção para o estado de sitio que é apenas um passo para o fim do regime. 2) - Ditadura em nada resolverá a situação. Apenas impora ordem pela força e não terá contendo moral ou ideológico. 3) - Pronunciei-me contra quaisquer golpes ou quarteladas, por eleições na data marcada e posse para os eleitos. O regime atual precisa ser reformulado em nosso entender. Mas muito pior será sem ele. 4) - Propugnei por um imediato programa de intensa produção agrícola coordenada pela União e realizado pelos governos locais, Estados e Municípios. E ainda por uma adequada revisão salarial permitindo aos que vivem de salários, diminuir suas aflições. 5) - É que o atual governo procedesse, antes da eleição do novo presidente, a uma reforma profunda da Constituição, abrindo oportunidades ao povo brasileiro para a superação das dificuldades da nossa época, tendo no futuro presidente da Republica, como depositario da confiança da nação, o executor daquelas reformas. 6) - Como trabalhista, fiel as manifestações já assumidas pelo partido, declarei também que via no Marechal Lott e no Dr. João Goulart as mais firmes condições como governantes, para executarem um programa assim".

Das declarações feitas pelo governador gaúcho no Rio de Janeiro, causou preocupação, em alguns círculos, a afirmativa de que o país marchava para uma revolução. Perguntado sobre as razões determinantes de tal pronunciamento, disse o Chefe do Executivo:

"Considero, efetivamente, que a nação brasileira pode cair numa ditadura. Basta, para isso, que o clima de inquietação atinja certos limites. E se isto ocorrer, apenas conseguira retardar o processo revolucionario em curso. Como governante, e como patriota, acho que tudo devemos fazer para evitar qualquer desastre que possa recair sobre o nosso país, seja a ditadura, seja a desordem, seja uma revolução com derramamento de sangue. Defendi, na capital da Republica, a ideia de que deveríamos, pela compreensão humana e cristã da realidade brasileira realizar essa revolução pacificamente, através das reformas, providencias e medidas que o povo brasileiro está reclamando".

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

FROM : PORTO ALEGRE

TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.

REF : RGS Pol. Sum. no 4 - Desp no. 22 of January 13 and
encl. 8 - Rio 9th of January 14, 1960

SUBJECT: Correction Item 5 a of Referenced Despatch

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January 15, 1960

DATE

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In item 5a (Encl. 1) of the despatch under reference it is stated that the Consulate had not observed the issuance of alarmist statements by Governor Brizola to the press here since his return from Rio de Janeiro before Christmas.

In so doing, the Principal Officer inadvertently overlooked just such a statement by Brizola on Dec. 15 (full Portuguese text (encl. 2) and desires to correct the record accordingly. This statement, which appeared on the day Minister Counselor Cottam called on the Governor, reiterates remarks as summarized in the first portion of item 5a.

Percy Warner

Percy Warner
American Consul

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
BUREAU OF
INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS
JAN 25 1960

cc.: Amembassy Rio

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ENCLOSURE NO 4

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Encl. No. 4

Disp. No. 22

From Porto Alegre

Na oportunidade da visita de Jânio a Porto Alegre, um grupo de generais e coroneis dirigiu aos seus "camaradas das forças armadas e das milícias estaduais" o seguinte manifesto:

"Os signatários do presente manifesto, oficiais generais e superiores de nossas Forças Armadas e da Brigada Militar, patriotas e nacionalistas, tanto quanto os que mais o sejam, hipotecam solidariedade a candidatura do eminente brasileiro, sr. deputado Jânio Quadros. Integrados no verdadeiro sentido do Nacionalismo, que não é privilégio de alguns, negamos o direito aos demagogos, totalitários verdes ou vermelhos de classificarem os brasileiros. Consideramos o sr. Jânio Quadros tão patriota como qualquer um de nós. Suas atitudes desassombradas, sua grandiosa obra de recuperação do Estado de São Paulo, atestou, por si só, seu esforço para o engrandecimento da Nação, seu valor como estadista clarividente e administrador honesto. Apoiamos Jânio Quadros porque queremos um Brasil forte e soberano, livre e democrata. Apoiamos Jânio Quadros porque desejamos uma Pátria varrida da fraude, do roubo e da corrupção. Apoiamos Jânio Quadros porque necessitamos de uma Democracia Integral e Cristã, fundada na boa-fé e honradez, guardiã autêntica da dignidade da pessoa humana e do bem comum.

Reconhecemos no Ex. Sr. Marechal Henrique Batista Duffles Teixeira Lott os característicos de um profissional completo, mas no Sr. Jânio Quadros os de um invulgar estadista e administrador. E, no momento, o que buscamos é uma solução política e não militar dos cruciantes problemas nacionais.

Aos Camaradas das Forças Armadas e das Milícias Estaduais, é nosso grito por um Brasil melhor, cerrando fileiras ao lado de Jânio Quadros.

(a) Gen. Rinaldo Pereira Câmara - Gen. Adroaldo Argeu Alves - Gen. Celso Mena Barreto - Gen. Amarílio Osorio - Gen. Walter de Andrade - Brig. Abel Veríssimo de Azambuja - Cel. Av. Breno Outeiral - Cel. Prof. Osorio - Tuyuti de Oliveira Freitas - Cel. Prof. Luiz Carlos Antunes Daudt - Cel. Antônio Mattos Ferreira - Cel. Pericles de Oliveira Feijó - Cel. Arão de Souza Guterres - Cel. Gonçaline Curie de Carvalho - Cel. Martin Cavalcanti - Cel. José Rodrigues da Silva - Cel. Fleriano Sebral - Cel. Wanderkolt de Freitas Marques - Cel. Carlos Leite Candida e Cel. José C. Mena Barreto Lampert.

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SE MEU... E DMS... DISSIMO...
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SEU... E DMS... DISSIMO...

ENCLOSURE NO 3

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Enc. No. 3
Dep. No. 22
From Porto Alegre

ENCLOSURE NO 3

-- Reconheço que sou um carreirista, mas de um modo inusitado: um carreirista das urnas. Não me atrai a política pela política, mas pelo que, através dela, pode se fazer em benefício do povo. Quando alguém se senta ao meu lado, para falar somente de política, isto me desagrada profundamente. Minha renúncia, posso descrevê-la com a imagem corriqueira do copo d'água que extravasa com uma simples gota a mais. Eu jamais achei que deveria ser, necessariamente, candidato a presidência da República. Acho que chegar ao governo, nesta hora de confusão, é um castigo, é uma pena, é uma punição. O que me causa assombro, assombro e também suspeita, é ver quanta gente quer ser candidato a presidência. Pergunta-me o senhor por que voltei. Voltei quando vi que minha esposa queria que eu voltasse. Quando vi que minha filha queria. Quando vi que os partidos queriam. Quando os operários de toda a nação desejaram que eu voltasse. Quando a classe média, em que me integro, também quis a minha volta. E, sobretudo, quando os meus adversários, com raras exceções, não queriam que eu voltasse.

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From Porto Alegre

ENCLOSURE N) 2

"Voltados para V. Excia. estão, sem dúvida, cheios de ansiedade, os menos afortunados. Impressiona, porém que como estes, todas as demais camadas sociais e aqui neste almoço elas se representam, nutrem as mesmas esperanças na futura ação de V. Excia. a frente dos destinos do Brasil. E que todos nós, independentemente de hierarquia social e do poder econômico, prevemos a derrocada irreparável que seria a continuidade de um estado de coisas que avassala o país, a continuidade de uma administração desastrosa e que o candidato situacionista, o sr. Marechal Teixeira Lott, se propõe prosseguir e mesmo que assim não o quisesse, teria de fazê-lo pela impossibilidade em que se encontraria de mudar as peças, já gastas e viciadas, do tabuleiro administrativo nacional, a que está vinculado, irremediavelmente."

Disse ainda o sr. Peracchi Barcelos:

"O Rio Grande o recebe animado do sincero propósito de sagrá-lo Presidente da Republica nas urnas em 1960 por que esta de fato convencido de que, assim o fazendo, antes de exaltar o homem publico de qualidades invulgaes, presta ao pais um inestimavel servico. V.Excia. e hoje o estuario das aspiracoes generalizadas de todas as classes sociais. V. Excia. e pois, indiscutivelmente o homem ideal para governar o nosso pais, tornando-o harmonico, operoso de independente. V. Excia. detem, por tudo isto, uma situacao privilegiada, contra a qual se nao de abater todas as manobras que o temor de sua inevitavel vitoria vem inspirando no situacionismo. que a cada dia passado e sem que se aperceba disto, e de presumir-se, pelo menos, vem revelando a sua fraude, e consequentemente a do seu candidato. Primeiro o mandato-tampao, depois, a manobra de candidatura unica, cujo sucesso seria a negacao da propria democracia, tirando do povo o direito de escolher e, agora, a projetada alianca legendas, que, apreciada antes de posto em termos definitivos o problema sucessorio, nada talvez contra ela se pudesse objetar. Nesta altura porem, reveste-se a iniciativa de caracteristicas golpistas, que cumpre a todo o bom brasileiro e democrata combater sem desfalcoimento."

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Desp. No. 22
From Porto Alegre

Recebido no salão de despachos do Piratini pelo Sr. Leonel Brizola, Jânio Quadros manteve com S. Excia. rápida palestra, durante a qual o chefe do Executivo riograndense colocou-se a disposição do ilustre visitante. Brizola ressaltou, na palestra com o Sr. Jânio Quadros, as funções altamente constitucionais que S. Ex. vem desempenhando, na qualidade de candidato a presidência da República, funções estas que devem merecer de todos os brasileiros o maior acatamento e o mais profundo respeito, porque dizem respeito com a sobrevivência das próprias instituições democráticas.

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From PORTO ALEGRE

The emergence of Prof. Francisco Brochado da Rocha from the background is also of interest; up to November very much in the background, he is reported to have been a key adviser and supporter of Brizola in the "encampação" action and other matters. The other non-PTB memberships of the cabinet are Lamaison Porto (Health) and Adalmo Moura, both of PSP.

Comment: This cabinet shift seems to represent a further concentration of Jango-Brizola PTB partisans; a moving away from moderate adherents such as Diniz, Neumann and Beck; a rebuke to the PRP for its November opposition (op cit.), and an extended hand to the PSP. Thus Brizola girds himself to cope with the Loureiro-Ferrari opposition and other struggles which lie ahead in the presidential campaign year.

5. Other Gubernatorial moves:

Brizola stirs the pot:

a. Shortly after the abortive attempt at an uprising by FAB officers, which apparently had little or no impact in Rio Grande do Sul, Governor Brizola stated on several occasions that the maintenance of public order was threatened; that Brazil was headed for chaos; and that matters could not continue thus. He has, however, quieted down on this topic since visiting Rio shortly before Christmas.

Comment: It may be surmised that the Governor was seeking to distract public attention from his own difficulties in RGS; that he was seeking a national issue; and that he was paving the way for certain constitutional revisions, now reported in draft by Francisco Brochado da Rocha and others, to be proposed by the "gaúcho" PTB at the Party's national convention. Local anti-Brizola sources gleefully report that he was told to "shut up" by Marshals Lott and Denis when he was in Rio and that he is heeding this warning. However, this may be, the Consulate has not seen alarmist statements of this type from the Governor in the Porto Alegre press since his Rio visit.

b. European Visit: The Governor obtained the necessary legislative endorsement to make a trip to Holland in the latter half of January.

Comment: There was some speculation that the Governor would visit France and other countries also but the French Consul informs the Principal Officer that Brizola has regretted that even a brief visit to Paris is impossible. It seems that this voyage will be principally for the purpose of concluding discussions with Netherlands authorities over the settlement of Dutch emigrants in RGS. (Ref. Econ. Sum. for December-Desp. No 19 of Jan. 11, 1960).

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From PORTO ALEGRE

organized activity against the U.S. There was noticeable dismay among all classes and in all localities over the economic plight of the region, the State and the Nation. This was coupled with a definite pre-disposition toward Janio Quadros, particularly among middle class and professional groups.

2. Ferrari Activities: Federal Deputy Fernando Ferrari organized centers in approximately forty well distributed locations throughout Rio Grande do Sul for his Movimento Trabalhista Renovador (MTR) which he had little more than announced on November 4 (Ref. item 2 Desp. No 17-Dec. 2). (For mention of Ferrari by Janio Quadros during the latter's visit here see item 3 below).

Comment: Zealous Ferrari partisans estimate that if the presidential election were to take place now that Ferrari and his MTR movement would pull as much as 25% of the Rio Grande do Sul PTB vote away from the Jango-Brizola machine; they hope that with effective organization and hard work this percentage can be increased by October 3.

3. Janio Quadros Visit to Porto Alegre: Janio Quadros spent a full day at Porto Alegre December 30 in a whirlwind of activity which appeared to satisfy and hearten his supporters here. After meeting with representatives of the Partido Socialista Brasileiro, he made a protocol visit to Governor Brizola. The latter in a press statement made a point of emphasizing his respect for the constitutional principles exemplified by the candidacy of Janio Quadros. (Encl. 1). He was then received by A.J. Renner, prominent businessman and PRP stalwart who was reportedly on the outs with Brizola over the November sales tax episode (Ref. item 3 Desp. No 17-Dec. 2). A luncheon followed at which Peracchi Barcelos, the PSD dissident leader spoke as head of the "Independent por-Janio Quadros Movement" ("Movimento Independente por Janio Quadros"). For remarks by Peracchi Barcelos which typify the attitudes of many Janio supporters in this area see Enclosure 2. In sum, Barcelos deplored the present plight of the country; blamed it on the administration; said that the "situationist" candidate, Marshall Lott, offered no prospect of relief, and that the people are turning to Janio.

On this and other occasions during his visit Janio hammered insistently at inflation; the "soma das legendas" electoral reform

1/ For an interesting demonstration of Janio support in military circles see Manifesto published in the press during his visit by a score of high ranking officers of the armed forces and the State Military Force (Brigada Militar) (Encl. No 4).

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH					
FROM : Amconsulate PORTO ALEGRE		DESP. NO.		132-00	
TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.		DATE		January 13, 1960	
REF : ---		See also Desp. 23		EE-4 JAN 13 1960	
For Dept.	Use Only	REC-1	REC-2	REC-3	REC-4

SUBJECT: RIO GRANDE DO SUL POLITICAL SUMMARY - No. 4 December 1959

See attached Inf. Desp. #23

1. General
2. Ferrari Activities
3. Janio Visit
4. Cabinet shake up
5. Other Gubernatorial Moves
6. Technical Cooperation
7. New Consulates Expected



732-00/1-1360 EMW

1. General: Consul da Silveira made a 2,000 kilometer swing by jeep through the area lying north and somewhat west of Porto Alegre including the centers of Erechim, Passo Fundo, Carazinho, and Soledade among others. As well as accompanying Minister Cottam to Pelotas (see item 6 below), the Principal Officer touched Bage and Livramento en route to and from Uruguay during the holidays. Thus, since October 1, the Consuls have visited key centers throughout Rio Grande do Sul except for the central and far northwest portions. This has been in furtherance of the Post's effort to establish grass roots contacts in the consular district. A principal object has been to assay current attitudes toward the U.S. at a time when the vigorous municipal election campaign was in full swing; its aftermath was prevalent; and the area was beginning to feel aroused over the coming presidential campaign.

Comment: Perhaps it is worth noting now that Brazilian courtesy and hospitality, coupled with their customary respect for consular and diplomatic personnel, were always in evidence and nothing to the contrary was encountered although both Consuls, of course, identified themselves as Americans on all occasions. ~~STW~~ exhibition of friendliness in personal contacts is not taken to mean a lessening of nationalistic, and even xenophobic, official attitudes which have resulted in such actions as the "encampação" but it does mean that one, as an American, is received amiably and pleasantly at all levels. No evidence of overt anti-Americanism was observed outside of Porto Alegre although at least one spot there were reliable reports of

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DESP 243

FR SAO PAULO

TO STATE

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 Despatch No. 240
 From Sao Paulo

Castro's proposal for a conference of underdeveloped countries
 receives little space in Sao Paulo papers. Only editorial noted was
 O Estado's strong condemnation of the suggestion as simply the act
 of a demagogue.

Miscellaneous

9. List of Substantive Despatches

- 235 - Hopeful Developments Affecting Binational Center of Sao Paulo
- 236 - Leftist Publicity of American's Death
- 237 - Weekly Economic Review
- 238 - Meeting of Board of Directors of Uniao Cultural Brasil-Estados Unidos on January 7, 1960
- 239 - Economic Conditions in Sao Paulo, Brazil: An Interview with Charles Taylor

William P. Cochran, Jr.

William P. Cochran, Jr.
 Consul General

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Simonsen
 Shea
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Disp. No. 240
From SPS Paulo

6. Paulo Pellissari Re-elected President of the National Federation of Typographical Workers (Unclassified)

Paulo Pellissari, Secretary-General of the State of São Paulo Trade Union Council, was re-elected President of the National Federation of Typographical Workers in elections held at Rio de Janeiro on January 6. Mr. Pellissari's reelection is a significant event for the São Paulo trade union movement. Since his public break with the Communist Party in October 1958 the Communists pulled out all stops in an attempt to head off his reelection but were unsuccessful (dispatch follows).

7. President Eisenhower's Forthcoming Visit to Latin America (Uncl.)

Much the most important international news story of the week for São Paulo papers was the expected announcement of President Eisenhower's visit to Brazil and other Latin American countries. After a spate of speculation as to when the President would come and where he would go, the White House announcement put to rest the doubts of local editors. Only remaining question was whether he would visit São Paulo and this too was answered by information given to reporters by Governor Carvalho Pinto's staff. Editorial comment, while not heavy, was very favorable. O Estado de S. Paulo lauded the decision to make the trip in two editorials. "Jornal da Manhã" in Corrida Paulista praised Eisenhower as the "apostle of peace" but said American foreign policy must be tied in more closely with the President's goals. Anti-American Adalgisa Mery wrote in Última Hora that the trip was fine but that in order to be really significant, it must have certain objectives. Otherwise, she said, it would be a lot of nice words.

8. Press Round-Up (Unclassified)

The wave of anti-Semitism that has caused concern in Europe, the United States and Latin America was widely reported in local papers. Diário de S. Paulo (two columns and one editorial) and Última Hora condemned the anti-Jewish activities but differed as to their importance. One idea was that it was simply the reappearance of repressed criminal tendencies while the opposing view saw the ominous rise of neo-Naziism involved.

The death of Albert Camus was prominently reported in all major São Paulo papers. No editorial comment was noted.

President Eisenhower's State of the Union Message was reported on front pages of major papers on January 6. O Estado de S. Paulo published the complete text. At this writing, newspapers had not had sufficient time for editorial comment.

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From _____

majority contest, possibly State Public Works Secretary Emilio Rian, but stated emphatically that the RIA would not join forces behind any majority choice Emilio Rian. Interestingly, the latter (see item 1) maneuvered during the week to obtain UNM support for his candidacy by stating publicly that the RIA would probably support Fernando Riera, UNM member, over Leandro Montiel, UNM member, as the candidate in the October vice-presidential elections.

Comment: Although it is still too early for definitive positions to have been adopted by the parties for both contests, it is obvious that Governor Carvalho Pinto has his hands full if he wishes to preserve the alliance of parties that supported his election in October 1970. While the Municipal Chamber officers elections was a favorable omen, various differences are already apparent between the pre-state administration parties over the Legislative Assembly, mayoralty and vice-presidential elections.

A further complication developed during the past week when a group of 25 State Deputies, representing a variety of parties, formed a "municipalist" bloc in the State Legislature for the announced purpose of defending the interests of the interior and influencing the outcome by the election for officers in the Assembly.

Regional Labor Delegate Resigning Position to Design (Official)

The Communist General's labor officer has been informed by a number of reliable trade union leaders that Sr. Roberto Gumbao, Regional Delegate of Ministry of Labor, Industry and Commerce, is reconsidering his recently announced decision to resign (see file dispatch 234, January 4, 1960, item 5). Governor Carvalho Pinto, according to these sources has personally appealed to President Kubitschek in an effort to keep Sr. Gumbao at his post. The Minister of Labor, Industry, and Commerce, Sr. Fernando Mobraeg, has also asked Sr. Gumbao to reconsider his decision, which he will probably do.

5. Minister of Labor Revokes Annulment of Metalworkers' Elections

Minister of Labor, Commerce, and Industry, Francisco de Paula, yielded on January 8 to a virtual horde's mass of protests from Brazilian trade union leaders, and revoked his own decree of December 18 which had annulled the victory of a non-Communist slate in the biennial elections of the important São Paulo State Federation of Manufacturers. The Labor Minister's action terminated the government's intervention and seizure of the Federation's headquarters, and will allow the victorious non-Communist slate headed by Luisinho Azevedo to be officially sworn in and installed on January 12 (dispatch follows).

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Desp. No.
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2. Regulation on Legislative Assembly and Municipality Election

2. Regulation on Legislative Assembly and Municipality Election

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FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

FROM: Ambassador SMO PAULO

DESP. NO.

TO: THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
BUREAU OF
INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS

REF:

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1/15RM/R-2 REPT IN-56 JAN 12 1960
CIA-10 AM/4-4 AM/4-3 ASD 4-05 CA-10SUBJECT: SMO Paulo Weekly Summary No. 25, Week Ending Jan 8, 1960
AIR-1 LAB-6

AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL

JAN 12 1960

732.00/1-1160

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2. Adhemar de Barros' Presidential Campaign
3. Speculation on Legislative Assembly and Mayoralty Elections

Labor

4. National Labor Delegate Reconsidering Decision to Resign
5. Minister of Labor Revokes Annulment of Metalworkers' Elections
6. Senate Fellows Re-elected President of the National Federation of Typographical Workers

Psychological

7. President Eisenhower's Forthcoming Visit to Latin America
8. Press Round-Up

Miscellaneous

9. List of Substantive Despatches

Political

1. Quadros and Maciel in SMO Paulo (Official Use Only)

During a week of relatively few developments on the local political scene, attention centered around the statements and activities of presidential and vice-presidential candidates Paulo Quadros and Leandra Maciel following their return to SMO Paulo from campaign appearances in the State of Minas Gerais. Passing through SMO Paulo on January 5, 1960, vice-presidential choice Maciel informed reporters that his candidacy is moving "full speed ahead" and that he expects to receive 75% support in the campaign. He also announced that the "povo de esquerda" project (SMO Paulo dispatch 634 dated January 4, 1960) is a good issue and that he anticipated

see last page/fm

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Rio de Janeiro

C. Relations with Latin America

A broader and more concerted offensive began on the Latin American front. Operation Pan America was still the keynote, but Foreign Minister Lafer's visit to Argentina, his postponed visit to Paraguay, the state visits of the Ecuadoran and Colombian Foreign Ministers, and plans for the visit in January of the President of Mexico, all betokened Brazil's search for support for its economic thesis at the Quito Meeting, as well as other understandings of a bilateral nature. There was but little doubt that Brazil was also attempting to prepare a climate for a possible radical change in her foreign policy, which sometime in the future might lead her to seek the support of the Latin American nations in the event relations with the United States deteriorated.

D. Relations with the United States

If Brazilian consultation with South American nations were not aimed directly at the United States, as noted above, at least one of their objectives was apparently to strengthen the Brazilian position in the event of increased misunderstanding between the two largest countries of the hemisphere. The Embassy over the past year has reported a number of times its concern that lack of enthusiasm on the part of the United States for OPA or some substitute therefor might lead Brazil to change the nature of its traditional relationship with this country. Reports that Brazil was about to make a policy shift reached the Embassy from a number of sources. The Brazilian attitude was summarized recently by one high official as "We shall henceforth treat the United States as any other nation--just as it treats us--with no special attention or privileges given or received." OAS received information that this policy was to go into effect January 1.

This threat to relations has temporarily at least been deflected. Informal talks were initiated with Schmidt, still a key (if not the key) Foreign Affairs Advisor to the Administration, in an effort to make U.S. policy clearer, and the Ambassador undertook to deliver several public addresses to the same end. Equally important were the series of effective statements and messages recently directed to Brazil by the President, the Secretary, and the Assistant Secretary for Inter-American Affairs, which have gone a long way to convincing Brazil that the so-called U.S. policy of neglect has changed and that the United States does support OPA. The effect has been no more than psychological, but the illness is psychological.

While it needs to be said that the present era of good feeling rests on a tenuous basis, nonetheless continued U.S.

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1. Communist Party, USA

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Foreign Ministers. Brazil launched an aggressive offensive the ultimate objectives of which were apparently to make her weight felt in the global field, to expand relations with the Soviet bloc of nations and to take leadership in political and economic affairs in South America. Policy vis-a-vis the United States was under close scrutiny.

As reported in the Brazilian press, the activities of the country's delegation at the General Assembly of the United Nations under the leadership of Augusto Frederico Schmidt, seemed to have as a principal objective to bring the name of Brazil to world attention. Schmidt's speeches and press statements, if they did not receive much attention elsewhere, were given good coverage at home and pride was high in the success claimed for the establishment of an economic development commission within the United Nations (over U.S. objection, according to the same press stories).

That Brazil (as well as other South American countries) was receiving more attention from European countries, was apparent from the succession of high ranking visitors, who included French Finance Minister Antoine Pinay, a Yugoslav delegation, and several Soviet bloc visitors. The Belgian Foreign Minister and the Austrian Vice Chancellor are expected early in 1960.

B. Relations with the Soviet Bloc

B. Relations with the Soviet Union

Brazil was still not ready to permit the visit of official Soviet representatives, although Russian delegates to the XI International Road Congress took every occasion to express friendly interest in the country and sympathy for its aspirations--as well as to spend as much time as their visas allowed visiting various parts of Brazil including the depressed Northeast (which had apparently also excited the interest of Russian delegates to the Inter-Parliamentary Union last year). A Czech parliamentary group visited Rio briefly, but the reaction it elicited was not impressive.

The big news of the quarter, if not the year, however, was the Brazilian initiative in sending a Mission to Moscow for the purpose of renewing commercial relations with the Soviet Union. The three-year agreement which resulted, while it gave supporters of closer relations something concrete to talk about, may yet prove a propaganda boomerang since it has not become apparent for all to see that possibilities of trade with the Soviet Union are small indeed compared with that of Brazil's traditional trading partners. Renewal of diplomatic relations with the Soviet Union appeared to be no nearer; in fact it seemed further away as a result of pressure lifted after the announcement of the Mission, and it seems all but certain that it will not be a problem for the remaining year of the regime.

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A. Prestes' Activities

Communist Party Secretary-General Luis Carlos Prestes in September requested and received court permission to leave the country for a period of 90 days. He attended ceremonies commemorating the tenth anniversary of the Communist takeover in Communist China and visited small Soviet Bloc countries. On December 15, shortly after his return to Brazil, Prestes announced that his party intends to support the presidential candidacy of War Minister Lott, at the same time that he characterized Quadros as the "candidate of reaction."

B. Municipal Elections in São Paulo

Municipal elections were held in 370 cities in the State of São Paulo on October 4, with results indicating substantial gains for the pro-state administration and pro-Quadros parties, PDC, UDN and PTN, and corresponding losses for Adhemar de Barros' PSP and the PTB. In the São Paulo city council election, Adhemar's PSP lost some strength but was not ousted from its position as the party with the largest number of seats. These election results represent a net gain for the Quadros presidential candidacy, added support for the Carvalho Pinto administration, and probably a decisive final blow to Adhemar de Barros' hopes as a presidential contender.

C. The ISEB Polemic

On November 3 Mr. Jorge Bhering de Matos, Vice-President of the Rio Industrial Center, launched an attack on the Superior Institute of Brazilian Studies (ISEB) as a Communist-dominated organization and a center of Communist propaganda. His speech was followed several days later by a unanimously-adopted motion of the Center and the Rio de Janeiro Federation of Industries, approving his denunciation and calling on the Minister of Education to heed Matos' remarks. A polemic between ISEB spokesmen and its critics ensued in the local press, with responsible press organs taking Bhering de Matos' side and calling for effective government action to end Communist influence in ISEB. By year's end the debate had died down appreciably and while no government action on ISEB has yet been forthcoming, the Communists and ultra-nationalists supporting ISEB have suffered a decided prestige blow. It is also possible that the Administration may be forced to modify the pro-Communist nature of ISEB operations.

IV. International Relations

A. General

With Horacio Lafer installed as Foreign Minister and returned from his diplomatic baptism at the Santiago Meeting of

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services in that city. Later in the month merchant marine officers and harbor pilots walked off the job, paralyzing government-owned ship movements throughout the country and in several foreign ports. São Paulo Governor Carvalho Pinto was confronted with a protest movement and incipient revolt in ranks of the local Força Pública state police force, a situation that put all police and several Army units on a state of alert for several hours. Finally, at year's end, military police and students clashed in the nation's capital when several hundred student demonstrators attempted to march on the presidential palace and to bury symbolically the Minister of Education, in protest against increased meal prices at their local student restaurant. To quell the demonstrators, the police used tear gas bombs and clubs, but finally opened fire "over their heads", wounding one student.

As indicated in reference despatch No. 658, these incidents are generally interpreted as resulting from widespread popular dissatisfaction over the inflationary rise in the cost of living, but observers have variously explained the developments as (1) attributable to the Communists, (2) provoked by the Administration with a view to preparing the climate for a state of siege and postponement of the October 1960 elections, (3) stimulated by Vice-President Goulart and his supporters, who are uneasy over FTB chances in the elections and wish to maintain the status quo, and (4) related to a military coup under preparation by extreme conservative or "golpista" (pro-coup) elements.

As also is indicated in despatch No. 658, it is likely that the present situation will not be followed by military coup or Administration-supported moves for a state of siege and military government. Thus, most responsible political leaders, including the main candidates, have expressed themselves as being adamantly in favor of holding elections. Secondly, the Army is united in support of the present form of government. Thirdly, while the Brazilian people are dissatisfied over present conditions, there are no signs of effective leadership for a planned overthrow of the government, while most people still support the Kubitschek program for national development. Under these circumstances, President Kubitschek's year-end message to the nation, in which he announced the government's determination to put down illegal strikes and the protest movements, as well as to curtail inflation and rebuild the cruzeiro's strength, is calculated to attract greater public confidence in the government.

III. Other Political Developments

III. Other Political Developments

A series of other less important political developments occurred during the period under review and warrant brief mention.

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no on the 1st of December
Goulart's departure to Rio de Janeiro
with the belief that he was
will occur in the near future
cooperation in the new election
which would allow the government
to go on with the new government

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Rio de Janeiro

southern states and is scheduled to accompany him in future trips to Minas Gerais and the north. As noted, Goulart is not yet a candidate, nor has he begun his campaign.

II. Social and Political Unrest

Indications of growing social and political unrest were apparent throughout the country, illustrated by an unusual number of violent popular outbursts, a large number of strikes, and increasingly frequent popular protest movements of one type or another. Early in the period the population of key Brazilian cities were suddenly confronted with shortages of meat and beans which, accompanied by rapid increases in costs of other basic foodstuffs and the inability of government organs to provide corrective measures, produced a considerable amount of popular dissatisfaction. On November 9 there occurred the "terrorist" bombings of two public offices and a high tension line in Rio, but the names of those responsible for these acts have so far not been announced by government authorities, if, in fact, they are known. On December 3, as previously noted, a small group of Air Force and Army officers initiated a revolt against the government by flying several captured airplanes to the interior town of Aragarças (on the Mato Grosso-Goiás border), after launching a manifesto describing as intolerable conditions in the country and advocating overthrow of the existing "corrupt" government. The government acted swiftly in putting down the revolt and seeking to capture the participants (most of whom succeeded in escaping to neighboring countries) but subsequently announced, through Justice Minister Armando Falcão, that the plot was nationwide in scope and envisaged military takeover of the government.

On December 2 Communist elements, supported by professional labor agitators and PTB members and enjoying the public support of Vice-President Goulart, sought to promote a 24-hour general strike in São Paulo in protest against rapidly rising living costs. This movement failed because of State and Federal Government countermeasures and due to opposition from responsible local labor leaders. On December 9 an incident between a military police officer and Syrian shop owner in Curitiba (Paraná State capital) precipitated a two-day major riot in which large numbers of business establishments, government offices, and public property were attacked and several persons injured before order could be restored by Army and police units. Somewhat similar if less violent riots occurred in Porto Alegre, which several weeks previously had been the scene of clashes between police units and a mob advancing on the State Legislative Assembly. Also in early December, domestic air services were interrupted by a nationwide airline workers strike, while a strike of government employees in Belo Horizonte (Minas Gerais State capital) paralyzed all public

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the measure for its abrogation...
should be brought, a petition...
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of the...
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Rio de Janeiro

G. Jango Goulart and the PTB

During September and October various manifestations of uneasiness over the existing political situation in Brazil were noted as well as rumors of plots, such as those involving Rio Grande do Sul Governor Leonel Brizola and Vice-President João Goulart. Both men, PTB leaders, were allegedly scheming to establish conditions to prevent normalization of the Lott candidacy and were said to be promoting unrest in various parts of the country, which would presumably establish appropriate conditions for a state of siege and thereby hamstring the Quadros campaign if not postpone elections. This lack of PTB enthusiasm for Lott was variously explained as arising from Goulart's dissatisfaction over the failure of the War Minister and PSD leaders to come to terms on an electoral alliance with the PTB and post-election commitments, and PTB dissatisfaction with its role as Administration ally whereby, with economic conditions steadily worsening, that party must share the blame with President Kubitschek and the PSD and, consequently, feels that it is losing ground with the voters in general.

On November 8 municipal elections were held in Porto Alegre and other Rio Grande do Sul cities, resulting in a surprising victory in the state capital for the dissident PTB forces led by Fernando Ferrari and the FDC and its allies, who succeeded in electing Loureiro da Silva over the candidate backed by PTB and Goulart-Brizola. Similar Ferrari and FDC successes were registered in other important gaúcho cities. The net effect of these election results was seriously to weaken Goulart's control over political machinery in his home state, not to mention PTB influence in other parts of the country. In succeeding weeks he and other leading PTB members, such as Brizola, sought to recoup some of this lost ground by openly espousing "popular" causes and seeking further to dissociate the PTB in the public mind from the unpopular aspects of the Administration's record. Thus, Goulart spoke out publicly in support of a general strike planned by Communist and other leftist elements in São Paulo on December 2 (see below), and later in December Brizola added to the climate of unrest by informing reporters that conditions in the country were so bad as to call for constitutional revision and the establishment of a stronger executive type of government in Brazil.

It is generally anticipated that PTB nomination of Lott will be eventually forthcoming, if and when, the War Minister, and PSD leaders can come to terms on an electoral alliance. However, Goulart and PTB leaders are faced with a serious dilemma at present time, since while they are unhappy in being forced to ally with the PSD and Lott they are virtually dependent on the PSD and the Administration for survival. Thus, the PTB needs financial and

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Lott's subsequent statement that he would withdraw his candidacy should the parliamentary reform amendment pass the Congress (and President Kubitschek's behind-the-scenes work against its passage), the movement for its approval lagged, and on November 18 the Chamber of Deputies voted overwhelmingly for its rejection.

Still not content to take their chances with the current rules of the game, some PSD and PTB politicians (aided by the PSP) resurrected an old electoral reform proposal known as "soma de legendas" (addition of votes for parties), intended as a boost to the Administration candidate. The measure would permit presidential candidates to run in coalition, with all votes accruing to the candidate within a coalition who received the highest number of votes; its resurrection was apparently based on the assumption that the Administration parties still attract more nationwide support than the Opposition parties, although one candidate (Janio Quadros) may be more popular than any other. By year's end this proposal also appeared a dead issue.

Another factor delaying PSD nomination of Lott was the division in PSD ranks in Minas Gerais State over which of several candidates the Party would support in the 1960 gubernatorial elections; the result was that any PSD progress toward convoking a national convention to nominate Lott was stymied for several weeks.

There was some evidence that the delay in nominating Lott may have stemmed from the willingness of the PSD to create an alliance of the Center in which Juracy Magalhães and the UDN would play a prominent part. This maneuver was intended to wreck the Quadros candidacy if it worked and, if it did not, at least to promote lasting divisions in the UDN.

On November 23 the War Minister made his long announced visit to PSD headquarters to accept formally the offer of the Party national committee to run as PSD candidate for the presidency in the October 1960 elections. On December 10-12 the PSD finally held its national convention and all but unanimously nominated Lott, but adjourned without nominating a vice-presidential running mate. This action was in startling contrast to 1955 when three state delegations walked out of the convention that nominated Juscelino Kubitschek. The PTB continued to delay calling its national convention, where Lott would presumably be nominated to head the PTB ticket and Goulart would be selected as his vice-presidential running mate. Lott's campaigning has not yet begun in earnest, but it has been reported that he will soon step down as War Minister in order to devote his full attention to the campaign.

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was also diverted by the December 3 revolt of a small group of Air Force and Army officers (see below) who, in a manifesto made public on the occasion referred in favorable terms to Quadros as the "candidate of the great majority...representing the hope of... moral and material recuperation...who has just shown that the only way to free the country" is revolution". Although Quadros disavowed any connection with the incident, the suspicion remained that he had prior knowledge of the revolt. In any case he no longer enjoyed the spotlight of public attention and on December 5- withdrew his withdrawal, under terms which were a virtual capitulation to UDN demands for the party's continued support. This episode unquestionably cost Quadros the support or at least the enthusiasm of large numbers of thinking voters; but there is no evidence that he lost the support of any of his mass following. On the other hand, there is some evidence that his unpredictability and emotional instability may have convinced some powerful military leaders that he cannot be permitted to assume the office of president, which if true, could prove in the end that his withdrawal was his most costly mistake.

In succeeding weeks, a coordinating inter-party committee of the Quadros campaign was established and Quadros began his campaign activities in earnest. Accompanied by Maciel, Quadros traveled to Rio Grande do Sul in December, where he was received by Ferrari and other local political leaders, as well as huge crowds of admirers. The mass demonstrations that he received in Rio Grande do Sul and his more reasoned and temperate approach to national problems, while still attacking the Administration, helped him recover lost ground, particularly in the UDN.

B. The PSD Nominates Lott

In the pro-Lott camp the picture was especially confusing during much of the period under review, with political leaders and Administration spokesmen assuming equivocal positions with respect to the adoption of the War Minister's candidacy and selection of his vice-presidential running mate. This uncertainty reflected doubt among Administration politicians (as well as within the PTB) that (1) Lott could win and (2) even if he did that this would be the best solution for the Social Democratic Party (PSD). Thus, important sections of the PSD in mid-September joined with PTB spokesmen in the Chamber of Deputies in reviving a legislative measure that would amend the Constitution so as to substitute a parliamentary for the present system of government in Brazil, including provision for the direct election of the president by Congress. The measure was immediately denounced by Marshal Lott, but President Kubitschek at first adopted a neutral position with respect to it. With Marshal

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At the raucous democratic UDN Convention of November 7-8, Quadros was nominated as the Party's presidential candidate (by a vote of 205-83) and, in a move calculated to hold Magalhães supporters in line, the Convention picked former Sergipe Governor Leandro Maciel as its vice-presidential choice. This compromise formula, however, created a new problem for the Party, since it was obvious that the little known Maciel would have little chance of defeating PDC nominee Ferrari in the October 1960 elections. In succeeding weeks the situation was aggravated by Quadros' equivocal attitude regarding Maciel and Ferrari. Although on several occasions he publicly voiced his intention of abiding by his commitment to support the UDN nominee as his vice-presidential running mate, Quadros also expressed admiration for Ferrari and recognized his right to run. Matters came to a head in late November as a result of verbal clashes between PDC and UDN spokesmen over whether Ferrari and Maciel should appear on the same platforms during the inauguration of the Quadros campaign in northern Brazil.

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AIR PRIORITY FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH FROM : Ambassy Rio de Janeiro TO : THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON REF : Embdesp. 658 of December 28, 1959.	CONFIDENTIAL (Security Classification) DESP. NO. 689 DATE JAN 8 1960 January 7, 1960	DO NOT TYPE IN THIS SPACE 732.00/1-760 JAN 8 1960 January 7, 1960 POSTAL
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DEPARTMENT OF STATE
BUREAU OF
INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS
JAN 12 1960

- OUTLINE**
- I. Presidential Succession**
 - A. The Opposition Picks Its Candidates
 - B. The PSD Nominates Lott
 - C. Jango Goulart and the PTB
 - D. Adhemar de Barros' Candidacy and the Position of the Lesser Parties
 - E. The Vice-Presidential Candidacies
 - II. Social and Political Unrest**
 - III. Other Political Developments**
 - A. Prestes' Activities
 - B. Municipal Elections in São Paulo
 - C. The ISKB Polemic
 - IV. International Relations**
 - A. General
 - B. Relations with the Soviet Bloc
 - C. Relations with Latin America
 - D. Relations with the United States

This despatch constitutes the first of a series of political reviews to be prepared by the Embassy on a quarterly basis.

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FROM: RIO DE JANEIRO

TO: Secretary of State

NO: 977, JANUARY 2

REFERENCE: EMBTELS 973 AND 974

PRESS REPORTS PRESIDENT'S SPEECH DECEMBER 31 AS READ BY
JUSTICE MINISTER CONTAINED "OFFICIAL" ANNOUNCEMENT, INSERTED
AT LAST MINUTE, THAT PRESIDENT EISENHOWER WOULD VISIT BRAZIL
IN FEBRUARY.

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JR

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AIR

RMR

FROM: Rio de Janeiro

TO: Secretary of State

NO: 975, January 1, 1 p.m.

Yesterday afternoon violent conflict occurred in Rio between military police and University and secondary students at student restaurant. Protesting against sharp rise in restaurant prices, students attempted march on Presidential Palace and conduct symbolic burial Education Minister. Unable restrain students with teargas and billies, police fired over their heads, shot one student, bruised three others. Order restored after several hours, due intervention university rector and conversations between student leaders and police authorities.

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TO: Secretary of State

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RE EMBTEL 973

PRESIDENT UNABLE DELIVER YEAR END SPEECH DUE SUDDEN
INDISPOSITION YESTERDAY. MESSAGE READ INSTEAD BY
JUSTICE MINISTER FALCAO.

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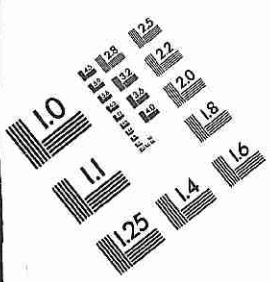
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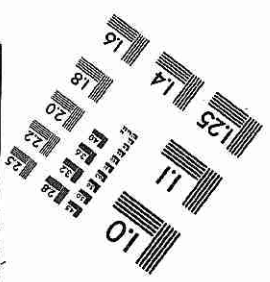
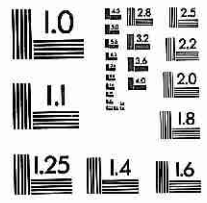
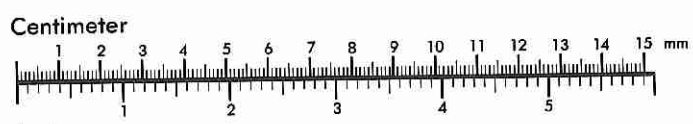
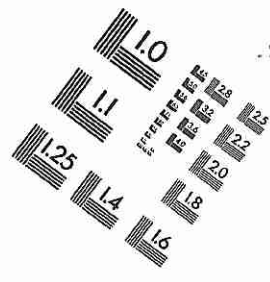
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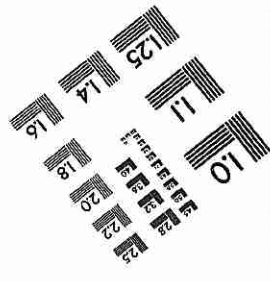
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9**	.84	Medical sciences (dentistry and human reactions to environmental elements, etc.)
	.841	Medical aspects of radiology, radioscopy, chemistry, and biology including warfare
	.85	Electronics (communications devices, radar, sonar, etc.)
	.86	Engineering
	.861	Civil engineering
	.8611	Sanitary and public health engineering
	.862	Mechanical engineering
	.863	Electrical engineering
	.864	Mining engineering
	.865	Ordinance engineering (propellants, pyrotechnics, etc.)
	.866	Aeronautical engineering (supersonic, etc.)
	.867	Engineering, Power plants
	.868	Chemical engineering
	.89	Other sciences, Philosophy

9**.	.8134	Optics
	.8135	Heat and Cold
	.8136	Electricity and magnetism (gyroscopes)
	.8137	Nuclear physics and nuclear chemistry, Cosmic rays, Heavy water
	.8138	Atomic and molecular physics
	.8139	Miscellaneous, Time, Calendar, Weights and measures
	.814	Basic chemistry (analytical)
	.815	Applied chemistry
	.8151	Liquid fuels and lubricants
	.8152	Resins, rubbers, plastics, auxiliary chemicals
	.8153	Pharmaceuticals and antibiotics
	.8154	High performance fuels (liquid monopropellants, solid propellants and explosives, bipropellants [fuels and oxidants], combustion and flame phenomena)
	.8155	High temperature materials
	.8156	Fats, fatty waxes, soap
	.8157	Other industrial chemical products
	.81571	Industrial explosives
	.81572	Gases
	.81573	Agricultural chemicals
	.81574	Leather and glue
	.81575	Inorganic NEC (potassium nitrate, sulfuric acid, etc.)
	.8158	Chemical warfare
	.816	Metallurgy
	.82	Earth sciences. For travels, expeditions, and explorations, see 031.**##
	.821	Geography
	.8211	Geographical names
	.8212	Mapping, map analysis, surveying
	.822	Physical geography
	.823	Geography of settlements
	.824	Military geography
	.825	Human geography
	.826	Political geography
	.827	Economic and commercial geography
	.828	Geology
	.829	Geophysics
	.8291	Geodesy (size and shape of the earth, variation of gravity, etc.)
	.8292	Geophysical prospecting for location of mineral resources
	.8293	Hydrology (distribution of water, underground water sources, dams)
	.8294	Meteorology
	.8295	Oceanography, Oceanic organizations
	.8296	Seismology
	.8297	Terrestrial magnetism
	.8298	Miscellaneous (vulcanology, tectonophysics, etc.)
	.83	Natural sciences
	.831	Biology
	.8311	Biological warfare
	.832	Botany
	.833	Zoology

- 9** .726 Sale, Purchase (** indicates nationality of purchaser), Charter, Registration,
License, Libel
.727 Documentation and inspection, Cargo, Manifests, Bills of health, Entry and
clearance
- .73 Water transportation, Merchant vessels, Merchant marine, Yachts (includes all water
transportation inland, coastwise or other). For water transportation reservations, see 9** .73-
RES
- .73## Water transportation between country or area ** and country or area ## (includes
regularly scheduled steamship lines) (smaller country number for **)
- .7301 Rivers, Canals, Flood prevention
- .731 Laws and regulations
- .732 Rates, Concessions, Contracts, Subsidies
- .733 Accidents, Disabled wrecked or stranded vessels, Repairs (** indicates nationality
of vessel; use name of vessel)
- .734 Harbors, Docks, Ports, Port facilities, Maintenance items and services available to
or rendered foreign vessels, Stevedoring
- .735 Taxes on navigation, Tonnage, light, harbor and port dues, Other taxes
- .736 Movements of vessels (** indicates registration of vessel)
- .737 Fueling and provisioning (** indicates country fueling vessel)
- .738 Documentation and inspection, Admeasurement, Cargo manifests, Bills of health,
Ship's papers, Entry and clearance
- .739 Sale, Purchase (** indicates nationality of purchaser), Charter, Registration,
License, Libel. For construction of vessels, see 8** .3334. Use name of vessel
for "libel" only
- .74 Navigation (land, air, and water), inland, coastwise and other
- .741 Aids and menaces to navigation, Signalling devices, Radar, Radio beacons, Light
houses, Lightsips. For "LORAN", see 900.741-LORAN
- .75 Personnel, Crews, Seamen, Airmen
- .751 Discipline, Insubordination, Mutiny, Illegal acts committed by the crew on vessels
and aircraft (ill treatment of seamen, desertion, abandonment). For seamen's
homes, see 8** .576
- .753 Merchant marine schools and academies
- .753## Admission of nationals of ## for visit or study
- 9** .80 Science (general)
- .801 Research and development
- .8011 Scientific institutions, Laboratories, Bodies
- .8012 Scientific publications, Films
- .8013 Scientific facilities and equipment
- .8014 Utilization of scientific and technical personnel
- .8015 Government's relation to science
- .8016 Scientific training program
- .81 Physical sciences
- .811 Mathematics (arithmetic, algebra, geometry, trigonometry, calculus, differential
equations, graphs, statistics)
- .812 Astronomy (theoretical and practical, celestial bodies, tables and atlases,
navigation)
- .813 Physics, Rheology, Crystallography
- .8131 General mechanics
- .8132 Mechanics of fluids
- .8133 Mechanics of gases

9**40 Radio, Radio broadcasting, Radio-telegraph, Reception, Monitoring (see also 5**44)
.401 Concessions, Contracts
.402 Laws and regulations
.403 Censorship

.41## Communication between country or area ** and country or area ##. Use smaller number for **

.42 Amateurs ("ham" operators)

9**50 Television, Facsimile transmission
.501 Concessions, Contracts
.502 Laws and regulations
.503 Censorship

.51## Communication between country or area ** and country or area ##. Use smaller number for **

9**60 Public press

.61 Newspapers, Clippings, Items

.62 Newsgathering agencies (including news broadcasting), Commentators
.62## Newsgathering agencies (** nationality of newspaper or magazine and ## country or area of operations)

.63 Magazines, Periodicals, Books, Book publishing

.64 Censorship of newspapers, books, and other printed material

9**70 Transportation (land, air, and water)
.701 Laws and regulations (general)

.71 Land transportation
.71## Land transportation between country or area ** and country or area ##. Use smaller number for **
.711 Laws and regulations
.712 Railroad, Railways, Rates, Demurrage, Accidents
.712## Rail transportation between country or area ** and country or area ##. Use smaller number for **
.713 Street railways, Subways, Buses, Taxicabs and other land transport, Accidents, Rates
.714 Automobiles (privately owned and operated), Trucks, Motorcycles, Accidents, Rates

.72 Air transportation (all types, non-military aircraft). For air transportation reservations, see 9**72-RES
.72## Air transportation between country or area ** and country or area ## (smaller country number for **) (includes regularly established airlines and non-scheduled flights, private flights [non-commercial], permission for flights). For movements of military aircraft, see 7**58##
.721 Laws and regulations (air pilot licenses)
.722 Rates (domestic and foreign), Concessions, Contracts, Subsidies
.723 Accidents (** nationality of plane), Repairs
.724 Airports, Landing fields, Landing aids, Radar, Landing rights
.725 Fueling

CLASS 9

COMMUNICATIONS, TRANSPORTATION, AND SCIENCE

- 9**00 Communications (general)
 - .01 Concessions, Contracts
 - .02 Laws and regulations
 - .03 Censorship
- 9**10 Postal
 - .101 Concessions, Contracts
 - .102 Laws and regulations
 - .103 Censorship
 - .104 Rates, Postage (domestic and foreign)
 - .105 Fraudulent use of the mails. For traffic in obscene matters, see 8**541
- .11## Transportation of mail between country or area ** and ##. Use smaller number for **
- .12 Parcel post
- .12## International parcel post transportation
- .13 Money orders (domestic and foreign)
- .14 Postal savings banks
- .15 Complaints against service
 - .151 Nondelivery, Delay, Misrouting
 - .152 Loss, Theft, Damage, Tampering with mail
- 9**20 Telegraph, Cable
 - .201 Concessions, Contracts
 - .202 Laws and regulations
 - .203 Censorship
 - .204 Rates (domestic and foreign)
- .21## Communication between country ** and country ##. Use smaller number for **
- .22 Codes (commercial and governmental)
- .25 Complaints against service
- 9**30 Telephone
 - .301 Concessions, Contracts
 - .302 Laws and regulations
 - .303 Censorship
 - .304 Rates (domestic and foreign)
- .31## Communication between country ** and country ##. Use smaller number for **
- .35 Complaints against service

8**	.56	Correction and punishment
	.561	Prisons, reformatories, jails, penal colonies, farms, etc.
	.57	Charities, Philanthropic organizations
	.571	Red Cross
	.572	Hospitals, Asylums
	.573	Salvation Army
	.574	Institutional homes, Almshouses, Orphanages
	.575	Soldiers' and sailors' homes (military and naval)
	.576	Seamens' homes (merchant marine)

- 8** .45 Amusements, Sports, Recreation
 - .451 Theaters, Stage, Operas, Museums, Carnivals, Concerts
 - .452 Motion pictures
 - .453 Sports, Athletics, Indoor amusements
 - .4531 Olympic Games
- .46 Societies (including social organizations)
 - .461 Better citizenship organizations
 - .4611 YMCA, YWCA
 - .4612 Boy Scouts, Girl Scouts, Camp Fire Girls
 - .4613 Military and veterans organizations
- .47 Etiquette
 - .471 Ceremonials
 - .472 Precedence
 - .473 Salutes
 - .474## Ceremonial communications, New Year's greetings, Felicitations on national anniversaries, ## country sending felicitations
- .48 Entertainment in country **
 - .481 By the country or its officials
 - .482 Audience with the chief executive or sovereign
 - .483 Presentation at Court
 - .484 By private persons and societies
 - .485 By resident officers of the United States
 - .486## By resident officers of other foreign countries, ## nationality
- .49 Calamities, Disasters, Earthquakes, Tomadoes, Cyclones, Typhoons, Famines, Fire, Relief measures (see also 8** .03)
- 8** .50 Public order, Safety and health, Charities
 - .501 National and state police
- .51 Municipal government
 - .511 Police organization
 - .512 Protection against fire
- .52 Crime, Criminal organizations, Suspects
- .53 Traffic in narcotics
 - .531 Liquors. For manufactures of liquors, see 8** .316
- .54 Sex relations, Prostitution, Procurement, White slave traffic
 - .541 Traffic in obscene matters, literature, etc.
- .55 Public health, Diseases
 - .551 Vital statistics, Birth, Marriage, Death
 - .552 Disposal of the dead, Cemeteries, Cremation
 - .556 Hygiene and sanitation, Quarantine against communicable diseases (home, school, vessels, aircraft)
 - .557 Supervision of food and drugs. For food and drug regulations, international trade, see 4** .##51. Materia medica
 - .558 Practice of medicine and surgery, dentistry, optometry, psychiatry, pharmacy, nursing, psychology

- 8**395 Beautician and barber equipment and supplies
- .396 Toilet preparations, Cosmetics
- .397 Scientific and professional instruments and equipment (surgical, dental, optical, etc.)
- .3971 Chemicals and dyes, Industrial alcohol
- .3972 Medicinal and pharmaceutical preparations, Drugs, Disinfectants. For illicit traffic in narcotics, see 8**53
- .3973 Fertilizers
- .3974 Explosives (non-military) (see also 8**36)
- .3975 Paints and varnishes, Stains, Enamels
- .3976 Soap, Cleaning compounds, Polishes
- .398 Chemical specialties, Plastics, Celluloids, Cellulose, Cellophane, Resins
- .399 Notions and novelties, Flags, Pennants, Emblems, Badges, Pins
- Morticians' supplies and equipment
- 8**40 Social matters, Conditions (general)
- .401 Population, Statistics, Census
- .41 People
- .411 Race problems, Disturbances, Massacres, Pogroms, Displaced persons, Refugees. For political refugees, see 7**00
- .412 Language, Literature
- .413 Religion, Church. For protection of religious missions, see 2**##
- .414 Manners and customs, Dress, Mode of life
- .4141 Marriage, Divorce
- .4142 Welfare of mother and child. For child labor, see 8**063
- .42 History
- .421 Historical relics, Manuscripts
- .422 Monuments, statues, memorials
- .423 Public records
- .424 Commemorative celebrations
- .425 Holidays
- .43 Education
- .43A Advisers
- .431 Elementary education, Primary schools, High schools
- .432 Advanced education, Universities, Colleges, etc.
- .433 Technical, Commercial, Agricultural
- .434 Education of the blind, physically handicapped
- .435 Vocational
- .436## Reciprocal recognition of diplomas
- .437 Libraries (see also 5**##1)
- .44 Fine arts
- .441 Painting, Drawing
- .442 Sculpture
- .443 Architecture
- .444 Engraving
- .445 Photography
- .446 Music

- 8**.3314 Scrap metal
- .332 Building and paving materials (all types, metal, wood, glass, etc.)
- .333 Transportation equipment (all types)
- .3331 Automobiles, Trucks, Buses, Motorcycles
- .3332 Railroad, Locomotives, Cars, Signalling devices
- .3333 Aircraft. For military aircraft construction, see 7**.5622
- .3334 Shipbuilding (all types, sizes, except naval). For construction of naval vessels, see 7**.5621
- .334 Construction equipment (all types)
- .335 Communications equipment (all types)
- .34 Household, office and school furnishings and supplies. For silverware, see 8**.38; for glass and chinaware, see 8**.3931
- .341 Furniture. For antiques, see 8**.38
- .342 Floor coverings, rugs, carpets, linoleum, etc.
- .343 Appliances (all types), Electrical and gas appliances
- .344 Draperies, Curtains, Shades, Blinds, Venetian Blinds, Awnings
- .345 Household linens, Beddings, Mattresses, Pillows, Cushions
- .346 Other household, office and school furnishings and supplies
- .3461 Kitchenware, Pots and pans
- .347 Office machines, Adding machines, Calculators, Typewriters
- .35 Clothing, Textile industry
- .351 Wearing apparel (men's, women's, children's and infants')
- .3511 Shoes, all kinds
- .3512 Hats
- .3513 Accessories
- .352 Cotton manufactures, Thread, Piece goods
- .353 Linen manufactures, Thread, Piece goods
- .354 Wool manufactures, Thread, Piece goods
- .355 Silk manufactures, Thread, Piece goods
- .356 Hair manufactures. For beauticians' supplies, see 8**.395
- .357 Jute, hemp, flax, coir yarn, reed and straw products, rope, burlap, baskets
- .358 Synthetic fibers, Nylon, Rayon
- .36 Sporting and athletic equipment, Recreational equipment, Toys and games, Musical supplies and equipment, Smokers' supplies, Theatrical supplies and equipment
- .37 Photographic apparatus and supplies, Artists' supplies, Paintings, Pictures, Cameras, Printers' supplies
- .38 Jewelry, Gold and silverware, Precious stones, Clocks and watches, Antiques. For mining of gold, silver, precious stones, etc., see 8**.253
- .39 Other manufactures, Miscellaneous. For building and paving materials, see 8**.332
- .391 Lumber, Wood products not otherwise classifiable
- .392 Paper, Paper products not otherwise classifiable
- .393 Newsprint, Wood pulp
- .393 Manufactured non-metallic minerals not otherwise classifiable
- .3931 Marble, Lime and limestone, Asbestos, Slate. For mining, see 8**.25
- .3932 Glass and clay products, Ceramics
- .3932 Fuels and petroleum products, Refinery products. For oil, wells, oil-drilling, etc., see 8**.253
- .394 Metal manufactures not otherwise classifiable, Aluminum, Copper, Brass, Bronze, Lead, Tin, Zinc. For manufacture of iron and steel, see 8**.331

8**256	Other mining products
.2561	Salt
.2562	Sulphur
.2563	Potash
.2564	Sodium nitrate, Saltpeter
.2565	Asphalt
.2566	Lime and cement
.2567	Phosphates
.2568	Asbestos
.2569	Bauxite
.257	Quarries, Quarrying
.26	Engineering, Architecture. For housing, see 8**02
.261	Public works, Public construction. For harbors, docks, and ports, see 9**734
.2611	Buildings, Markets, Market places
.2612	Roads, Highways, Bridges. For railroads, see 9**712
.2613	Parks, Playgrounds
.2614	Public utilities, Electricity, Water, Gas, Power dams
.2615	Sewerage, Disposal plants
8**30	Manufactures, Manufacturing
.31	Foods
.311	Meat and slaughterhouse products, Meat packing
.312	Dairy, fish, fowl and game products, Ice cream. For milk, cream, and eggs, see 8**2423 and 8**2424 respectively
.313	Grain products and preparations, Flour, Cereals
.314	Nut products and preparations
.315	Vegetable and fruit products and preparations
.316	Beverages and beverage materials, alcoholic and non-alcoholic
	Breweries, distilleries. For liquor traffic, see 8**531
.317	Spices, Condiments, Flavorings, Leavening products, Extracts
.318	Sugar and related products, Candy. For honey, see 8**2424
.319	Animal, fish and vegetable oils and fats, <i>edible</i>
.32	Animal and vegetable products, <i>inedible</i>
.321	Hides, Skins, Furs, Feathers. For trapping industry, see 8**2431; for manufacture of wearing apparel, see 8**351
.322	Leather and leather goods. For shoes, see 8**3511
.323	Tobacco manufactures
.324	Rubber manufactures, including synthetic. For wearing apparel, see 8**351
.325	Animal, fish and vegetable oils, fats and greases, <i>inedible</i> . For medicinal oils, see 8**3971
.3251	Tung oil, Palm oil
.326	Miscellaneous animal products, <i>inedible</i>
.327	Miscellaneous vegetable products, <i>inedible</i>
.328	Cork and cork products
.33	Iron and steel and related industries, Building and paving materials and equipment
.331	Iron and steel, Steel mill products
.3311	Heavy machinery. For transportation and construction equipment, see 8**333 and 8**334
.3312	Light machinery, including agricultural and dairy. For household and office appliances, see 8**343
.3313	Foundry and machine shop products not otherwise classifiable

8**239	Trees. For manufactures of wood products, see 8**3 and 8**391
2391	Forestry, Fires, Fire prevention, Reforestation
2392	Lumbering, Timber cutting
2393	Barks, Cork, Cinchona
2394	Saps, Resins, Gums, Turpentine, Naval stores
2395	Rubber (includes all natural rubber). For manufactures of rubber products and synthetic rubber, see 8**324
24	Animal husbandry
241	Practice of veterinary medicine, Outbreak or incidence of animal diseases where no question of exportation is involved
242	Domestic animals
2421	Beasts of burden
2422	Stock raising
24221	Cattle
24222	Sheep
24223	Swine
24224	Poultry, Eggs
24225	Ostriches, Ostrich farming
2423	Dairying, Milk, Cream
2424	Bee culture, Honey
2425	Silk culture, Sericulture
243	Wild animals, Game laws
2431	Hunting and trapping industry
2432	Birds
244	Fur seals. For treaties, see 6**##7
245	Fisheries (including sponge fisheries). For treaties, see 6**##6
2451	Other products of the sea, Pearls, Pearl fishing
246	Whaling. For treaties, see 6**##8
25	Mines, Mining
251	Laws, Regulations
252	Accidents, Prevention
253	Precious metals and precious stones
2531	Gold
2532	Silver
2533	Platinum
2534	Radium
2535	Diamonds
2536	Other precious metals and stones
254	Base metals
2541	Iron
2542	Copper
2543	Lead
2544	Tin
2545	Zinc
2546	Uranium, Other atomic minerals
2547	Other base metals (chromium)
255	Carbon, Graphite. For fuel conditions, see 8**04
2551	Peat, Lignite
2552	Coal
2553	Petroleum, Oil
2554	Natural gas
2555	Helium

8**22

Pests affecting plant life, Diseases, Blights, Insects, Methods of combating. For regulations governing importation of plants, etc., see Class 4

- .23 Field crops
- .231 Grains
- .2311 Wheat
- .2312 Buckwheat
- .2313 Oats
- .2314 Rye
- .2315 Corn
- .2316 Barley
- .2317 Rice
- .2318 Hops
- .2319 Other field crops
- .232 Fibers
- .2321 Cotton
- .2322 Hemp, Sunn
- .2323 Flax
- .2324 Jute
- .2325 Ramie
- .2326 Sisal, Cabuya
- .2327 Abaca
- .2328 Kapok
- .233 Alkaloidal plants
- .2331 Tobacco
- .2332 Tea
- .2333 Coffee
- .2334 Cocoa, Cacao
- .2335 Vanilla
- .2336 Medicinal herbs, Ipecac
- .234 Forage crops
- .2341 Grasses
- .2342 Alfalfa
- .2343 Clovers
- .2344 Cowpeas
- .2345 Soya beans
- .2346 Vetches
- .235 Sugar-yielding plants
- .2351 Cane { For processing or manufacturing
- .2352 Sugar beet { of food, etc., see 8**31
- .236 Garden crops (vegetables, such as Lettuce, Tomatoes, Potatoes, Pepper, Nutmeg,
Spices, Pulses, Dandelion, etc.)
- .237 Fruits
- .2371 Citrus fruits
- .2372 Berries, Currants
- .2373 Grapes, Raisins
- .2374 Figs
- .2375 Olives
- .2376 Bananas, Plantains
- .2377 Nuts, Coconuts (Copra), Palm kernels
- .2378 Other fruits, Apples, Apricots, Cherries, Dates, Nectarines, Peaches, Pears,
Persimmons, Pineapples, Plums, Quinces
- .238 Flowers, Bulbs

- 8** .11 Taxation
 - .111 Land, Realty
 - .112 Income. For double taxation treaties, see 6** .##921
 - .113 Personal property
 - .114 Inheritance
- .12 Lotteries
- .13 Monetary system, Coinage, Currency, Bullion, Mint
 - .131 Foreign exchange, Exchange rates
 - .132 Currency of revolutionary governments
 - .133 Counterfeit, Counterfeiting (** country whose currency is counterfeited)
- .14 Banks, Banking. For war-time measures, see 6** .##231
 - .14## Branch banks of country ** in country ##
 - .141 Interest, Discount
- .15 Exchanges, Commodity exchanges. For currency exchange, see 8** .131
 - .151 Stock
 - .152 Cotton
 - .153 Wool
 - .154 Livestock
 - .155 Grain
 - .156 Produce
 - .157 Coffee
 - .158 Sugar
 - .159 Other exchanges
- .16 Lands
 - .16## Rights of nationals of country ## to hold or acquire real property in country **
 - .161## Colonization in country **
- .17 Intellectual and industrial property (see also 6** .##233) (** indicate country in which protection is sought). For treaties, see 6** .##95
 - .171 Patents
 - .172 Trade-marks, Trade names
 - .173 Copyrights
- .18 Immigration, Emigration. For immigration to the United States, see 150
 - .18## Immigration to country ** from country ##
 - .181 Residence, trade and travel of aliens in **, Foreign visas, Tourism, Foreign exit permits
- .19 Industrial matters, Nationalization. Classify subjectively when possible. For monopolies, concessions, franchises, contracts, etc., see 8** .054
 - .1901 Atomic energy peaceful purposes. Classify subjectively when possible
 - .191 Expositions, Exhibitions, Fairs (see also 4** .##174 and 5** .##2)
- 8** .20 Agriculture
 - .20A Agricultural adviser
 - .201 Agricultural clubs (4-H, etc.)
- .21 Soil, Properties, Tillage
 - .211 Soil conservation; Drainage, reclamation, irrigation; Irrigation dams; "Dry farming," Fertilization

CLASS 8

INTERNAL ECONOMIC, INDUSTRIAL, AND SOCIAL AFFAIRS

- 8**.00 Economic matters, Conditions (general)
 - .00A Economic adviser
 - .001 Statistics (general)
 - .002 Conservation of natural resources. Classify subjectively when possible
- .01 Cost of living, Retail prices, Black markets (general). Classify subjectively when possible
- .02 Housing, Rents, Building construction (includes commercial and industrial housing)
 - .021 City and country planning, Elimination of congested and slum areas, "Blighted" areas
- .03 Food, Food conditions, Refrigeration, Food shortage, Rationing, Black markets, Hoarding
- .04 Fuel, Fuel conditions, Fuel shortage (includes coal, wood, peat, oil, coke), Black markets
- .05 Capital
 - .051## Investment of, or field for investment of, capital of country ** in country ##
 - .052 Cooperative systems, Rural credits
 - .053 Corporations, "Big" business (formulation, regulation, bond issues, stock certificates)
 - .054 Combinations in restraint of trade, Monopolies, Cartels, Trusts, Contracts. Classify subjectively when possible with XR to 8**.054
 - .055 Domestic trade conditions, Retail trade
- .06 Labor, Labor conditions (general)
 - .061 Hours, Wages (for pensions, see 8**.07), Unemployment insurance and compensation
 - .062 Organizations, Unions, Relations with employers, Strikes, Lockouts, Slowdowns
 - .063 Female labor, Child labor
 - .064 Compulsory labor, Slave labor
 - .065 Hazardous employment, Accidents, Prevention of accidents
 - .0651 Employer's liability. For pensions, see 8**.07
- .07 Pensions. For military pensions, see 7**.5512
 - .071 Industrial
 - .072 Old-age (social insurance)
- .08 Insurance. For "social" insurance, see 8**.072
 - .081 Life
 - .082 Fire
 - .083 Accident (includes all types of accidents)
 - .084 Automobile
 - .085 Health
 - .086 Marine (includes war risk insurance)
 - .087 Aviation
- 8**.10 Financial matters (general), Budget, Debt, Bond issues, Loans, Public securities, Balance of payments. For war-time regulations, see 6**.*231
 - .10A Financial adviser

7**5512 Pay, Subsistence, Retirement, Pensions
 .552 Marine Corps
 .553 Schools and academies
 .553## Admission of nationals of country ## for visit or study (includes admission for observation to war industries, airplane plants, etc.)
 .554 Auxiliary services, WACS, WAVES, WRENS, etc.

 .56 Equipment and supplies
 .561 Armaments, ordnance, arsenals, armories, tanks, trench mortars, flame throwers.
 For governmental control of arms traffic, see 4**.#8
 .5611 Atomic bombs, Hydrogen bombs
 .5612 Guided missiles, supersonic weapons, rockets
 .5613 Poison gases, bacteriologicals, chemicals. For illegal or inhuman warfare, see 6**.#26
 .5614 Small arms, bombs, grenades, rifles
 .5615 Helium
 .562 Ships, vessels and aircraft (including construction, etc.)
 .5621 Battleships, cruisers, destroyers, other naval vessels (all types) (includes construction, purchase and sale, accidents etc.) For international negotiations, treaties, etc., in limitation of armaments, see 6**.#12
 .5622 Aircraft, bombers, fighters, gliders, jet-propelled aircraft, all types of military or naval aircraft (includes construction, purchase, sale, accidents, etc.)
 .563 Bases and posts
 .563## Country in which located ## (includes air, land, and sea bases, landing fields, fueling stations of any type, navy yards, drydocks, etc.)
 .564 Uniforms, Clothing, Insignia
 .564## Exchange of uniforms with country ##, smaller country number
 .5641 Unauthorized wearing of uniforms of country **

 .57 Hospitals, Rest centers, Recreation centers, Commissaries, Post exchanges

 .58 Missions (** country in which located)
 .58## Visits, etc., of military, naval, or air force personnel and/or equipment of country ** to country ##. For admission of foreigners to study in or visit military, naval and air force schools and academies, see 7**553##
 .581 Entrance of naval vessels into the Great Lakes (** nationality of visiting naval forces)

 .59 Civil defenses, Civilian (non-military) defense organizations, measures (Air-raid wardens, fire wardens, blackout measures, air-raid shelters; Protection against atomic bomb attacks)

 7**60 Stockpiling
 .61 Rubber (natural and synthetic)
 .62 Petroleum
 .63 Minerals
 .64 Drugs (all types of pharmaceuticals, etc.)
 .65 Fibers
 .69 Other commodities not listed above

- 7**20 Legislative branch of government
 - .21 Proceedings, Debates, Messages to legislative body
- 7**30 Judicial branch of government
 - .31 National courts, Personnel, Rules
 - .311 Attorneys, Practice of law
 - .32 Proceedings, Judgments
 - .33 Jurisdiction
 - .331 Process issued for service abroad
 - .332 Rights of aliens to sue in national courts
 - .333 Absconding defendants and witnesses
 - .34 Laws, Statutes, Ordinances, Decrees, Acts, Codes
 - .341 Criminal
 - .342 Civil. For marriage and divorce, see 8**4141
 - .343 Commercial
 - .344 Probate
 - .345 Bankruptcy
 - .346 Admiralty jurisdiction
 - .35 Procurement of evidence
 - .35## Procurement of evidence from country ## for use in country **
 - .36 Effect of judgments and decrees
 - .36## Effect of judgments and decrees of courts of country ## in country **
 - .37 Other judicial matters
 - .371 Authority to administer oaths
 - .372 Requirement of country regarding authentication of documents for use therein
- 7**40 Mixed (international) courts
- 7**50 National defense affairs, Army, Navy and Air (general)
 - .51 Fortifications, Defenses
 - .52 Intelligence activities, Subversive activities
 - .521 Biographical data (** nationality of individual)
 - .52## Intelligence activities, espionage, of country ** in country ##. For Communist activities, see 7**001. Classify under individual cases where possible
 - .53 Military and naval courts, Law
 - .54 Maneuvers, Target practice, Troop movements (use 7**54 if within territorial limits of country **)
 - .54## Movements of, and attacks upon, naval vessels and military and naval aircraft of country ## within territorial jurisdiction of country **, Overflights
 - .55 Organization
 - .551 Personnel (effectives), Commissioned and enlisted
 - .5511 Enlistment, Conscription, Draft, Discharge, Desertion

NUMERICAL-SUBJECT LISTING OF DOCUMENTS
IN CLASSES 7, 8, AND 9

CLASS 7

INTERNAL POLITICAL AND NATIONAL DEFENSE AFFAIRS

- | | | |
|------|--------|--|
| 7**. | 00 | Political affairs and conditions, Elections, Political parties and groups, Political refugees, Defectors, Amnesty, Revolutions, riots, disturbances, Civil war |
| | .001 | Communism, Bolshevism |
| | .002 | Fascism, Nazism |
| | .003 | Socialism |
| | | { For espionage, and
subversive activities,
see 7**. |
| | .01 | Agents (other than diplomatic or consular) |
| | .01## | In country ## |
| | .011## | Immunities, privileges, exemption from taxation, etc. (in country##) |
| | .02 | Government, Recognition |
| | .02A | Advisors |
| | .021 | Mandates, Trustships |
| | .022 | Territory (including territorial waters, continental shelf), Geographical names, Maps, Aerial photography |
| | .0221 | Territory occupied by foreign military forces |
| | .03 | Constitution |
| | .04 | Flag |
| | .041## | Misuse of flag, insults and indignities to flag of country ** by nationals of country ## |
| | .05 | Seal, Coat of arms |
| | .06 | National anthem |
| | .07 | Political rights, Suffrage, Freedom of speech, Human rights |
| | .08 | Citizenship. For U.S. citizenship, see 130 |
| | .081 | Passports, Certificates of identity. For U.S. passports, see 130 |
| 7**. | 10 | Executive branch of government. For U.S., see Class 1 |
| | .11 | Chief executive, President, King, Regent, Governor-General (including family) |
| | .111 | Governors of states and districts |
| | .12 | Vice president |
| | .13 | Cabinet, Ministry (including Foreign Office, and all other government agencies) |
| | .14 | Civil service, Salaries, Retirement |

Sheet1

INTERNAL AFFAIRS BRAZIL, 1960-1963	
Roll No.	Roll Contents
Roll 1	732.00/1-160-732.00/9-1960
Roll 2	732.00/9-2060-732.00/7-2861
Roll 3	732.00/8-161-732.00/5-1262
Roll 4	732.00/5-1462-732.00/9-1962
Roll 5	732.00/9-2062-732.001/5-561
Roll 6	732.001/5-1261-732.13/5-3162
Roll 7	732.13/6-262-732.563/8-362
Roll 8	732.563/8-1662-832.00/10-1060
Roll 9	832.00/10-1160-832.00/10-661
Roll 10	832.00/10-1361-832.00/10-962
Roll 11	832.00/10-1162-832.05111/12-560
Roll 12	832.05111/2-1061-832.062/8-3160 (and: 832.05156/2-2260-832.10/4-2960)
Roll 13	832.062/9-160-832.10/2-2161
Roll 14	832.10/2-2361-832.10/7-1162
Roll 15	832.10/7-1262-832.131/1-1961
Roll 16	832.131/1-2661-832.16/3-2262
Roll 17	832.16/4-662-832.245/1-2263
Roll 18	832.25/1-1460-832.2614/7-1862
Roll 19	832.2614/7-2662-832.424/9-1062
Roll 20	832.424/9-2662-932.30/2-2862
Roll 21	932.30/3-162-932.84/4-1962

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Purport cards for Decimal File material after 1949 remain under classification and are therefore unavailable. The researcher is referred instead to the *Guide to the SR Microfilm Edition of the Records of the U.S. Department of State Relating to Internal Affairs of Brazil, 1960-1963*, immediately following.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

This publication is produced with the cooperation of the National Archives and Records Administration.

**Records of the U.S. Department of State
Relating to Internal Affairs of Brazil, 1960-1963**

Department of State Decimal Files 732, 832, and 932

**Records of the
U.S. Department of State
Relating to
Internal Affairs of
Brazil,
1960-1963**

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